

Volume 1 of 1 Project Manual

Repair and Renovation at the Eric Sloane Museum 31 Kent Cornwall Road Kent, CT

Project No.: BI-RR-27

Prepared By: Christopher Williams Architects LLC 85 Willow Street New Haven, CT 06511

Josh Geballe - Commissioner

State of Connecticut
Department of Administrative Services
Construction Services
Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement
450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 1302
Hartford, CT 06103

Project Manual Date: January 10, 2019

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FOR YOUR INFORMATION

IMPORTANT NOTICE

From The State of Connecticut

Department of Administrative Services - Construction Services

Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

THIS PROJECT MANUAL CONTAINS NEW REPORTING AND CONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS:

NEW REPORTING REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR PAYMENTS:

- For compliance with the Connecticut General Statutes Sections 4b-95 and 49-41, the Department of Administrative Services-Construction Services (DAS/CS) requires every Contractor (and its Subcontractors) who has been awarded a DAS/CS construction contract to log on to the State of Connecticut web-based platform, BizNet, each month and enter payments they have received from the state, from the Contractor, or from a higher tier Subcontractor (as applicable).
- The process is described as follows: The state will pay the Contractor on a monthly basis for work performed (and purchases made) by it and its Subcontractors. The Contractor will input the payment date and amount they receive from the state on a monthly basis. The Contractor's first-level Subcontractor (Tier 1 Subcontractor) will input the payment they receive from the Contractor. The second-level Subcontractor (Tier 2 Subcontractor) will input the payment they receive from the Tier 1 Subcontractor. And so on.
- Detailed instructions can be found in the DAS/CS publication, "6002 Instructions to Contractors/Subcontractors for Entering Payments in BizNet", available for download by going to the DAS Homepage (www.ct.gov/DAS) and selecting Doing Business With The State > State Building Construction > Publications and Forms > DAS Construction Services Library > 6000 Series.

NEW CONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS FOR CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR PAYMENTS:

Contractors awarded a DAS/CS construction contract shall contain a provision in their subcontract
agreements requiring their Subcontractors to enter payment receipt from the Contractor in the State of
Connecticut web-based platform, BizNet, for work performed or purchases made in relation to state
projects.

THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS HAVE BEEN REVISED TO REFLECT THE NEW REQUIREMENTS:

- Section 00 11 16 Invitation to Bid;
- Section 00 21 13 Instructions to Bidders (Subsection 3.13);
- Section 00 41 10 Bid Package Submittal Requirements; and
- Section 01 11 00 Summary of Work.

END

Project Title:

Repair and Renovation at the Eric Sloane Museum

Project Location:

31 Kent Cornwall Road, Kent, Connecticut

Project Number:

BI-RR-27

Architect/Engineer:

Christopher Williams Architects LLC, 85 Willow Street, New Haven, CT 06511

SEALS, SIGNATURES, AND DATES OF DESIGN PROFESSIONALS OF RECORD



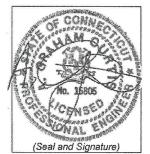
Architect Professional Certification:

I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me and that I am a duly registered Architect.

CHRISTOPHER WILLIAMS (Print Consultant Name) 6425

> License No. 07/31/2019

Expiration Date



Civil Engineer

Professional Certification: I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me and that am a duly registered Professional Engineer.

GRAHAM CURTIS (Print Consultant Name) 15805

> License No. 01/31/2019

Expiration Date



Structural Engineer Professional Certification:

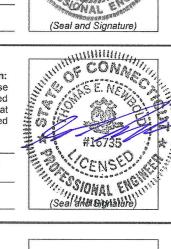
documents were prepared or approved by me and that am a duly registered Professional Engineer.

I hereby certify that these

CHARLES C. BROWN

(Print Consultant Name) 14390

> License No. 01/31/19 **Expiration Date**



Electrical Engineer Professional Certification:

I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me and that am a duly registered Professional Engineer.

THOMAS NEWBOLD

(Print Consultant Name) 16735

License No.

01/31/2019

Expiration Date



Mechanical Engineer Professional Certification:

I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me and that am a duly registered Professional Engineer.

THOMAS NEWBOLD

(Print Consultant Name)

16735 License No.

01/31/2019 **Expiration Date**



Fire-Protection Engineer **Professional Certification:** I hereby certify that these documents were prepared or approved by me and that am a duly registered Professional Engineer.

NOT APPLICABLE

(Print Consultant Name)

License No.

Expiration Date

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Advertisement No.: 19-11 Advertisement Date: April 19, 2019

INVITATION TO BID Connecticut Department of Administrative Services (DAS) Construction Services (CS) Office of Legal Affairs, Policy and Procurement 450 Columbus Blvd, Suite 1302, Hartford, CT 06103-1835 Go to the **DAS website** www.ct.gov/das Find Invitations to Bid on the State Click on "State Contracting Portal"; **Contracting Portal:** Select "Administrative Services, Construction Services"; Select the appropriate Invitation to Bid. Instructions for Follow the instructions in 6001 Construction On-line Bidding Instructions. **On-Line Bidding:** (http://portal.ct.gov/-/media/DAS/Construction-Services/DAS-CS-Library/6000-Series/6001-Construction-On-Line-Bidding-Instructions.pdf) For questions, call 860-713-5794. Date and Time of MAY 22 Time: **PM** 2019 1:00 **Bid Opening:** (Month) (Day) (ET) (Year) This Invitation to Bid is for the following Project: **Construction Costs:** Greater Than \$500,000 **Bidding Limited To:** Contractors Prequalified by DAS for General Building Construction (Group B) Threshold Limits: This Project DOES NOT exceed Threshold Limits. (C.G.S. §29-276b) **Project Title:** Repair and Renovation at the Eric Sloane Museum **Project Location:** 31 Kent Cornwall Road Kent, CT BI-RR-27 **Project Number: Project Description:** Renovation of existing building of approximately 4,750 gross square feet. Site improvements, (perimeter drainage, regrading, parking resurfacing), siding and window replacement, structural reinforcement of the building, fire alarm system, new code compliant electrical work, new HVAC controls and equipment, code compliant restroom renovation, code compliant doors and hardware, selective demolition Work Includes But Is Not Site construction, landscaping, site drainage, miscellaneous metals, rough carpentry, **Limited To The Following:** architectural woodwork, waterproofing, insulation, sheet metal and joint sealants, doors and frames, wood windows, hardware, drywall and painting, toilet compartments and toilet accessories, plumbing, HVAC and controls, electrical, selective demolition. **Date DAS Began Planning** 7-31-2018 Project: N/A **Special Requirements:** \$ 468,170. То 517,461. **Cost Estimate Range:** Date Plans & Specs Ready: April 24, 2019 Plans and Specs Download: Plans and Specs are available for electronic download on the DAS State Contracting Portal.



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Advertisement No.: 19-11 Advertisement Date: April 19, 2019

Invitation to Bid (continued)						
Contract Time Allowed:	Calendar Days:		112			
Liquidated Damages:	\$ 1,714.00		Per Calendar Day Beyond Substantial Completion.			
	\$ 1,659.00		Per Calendar Day Beyond 90 days After Substantial Completion			
Pre-Bid Meeting Date:	5/6/2019					
	☐ Bidders are strongly encouraged to attend the Pre-Bid Meeting.					
	\boxtimes	Bidders are <i>required</i> to attend a MANDATORY Pre-Bid Meeting.				
Pre-Bid Meeting Time:	10:30	⊠ AM		РМ		
Pre-Bid Meeting Location:	31 Kent C	ornwall	Road, Ker	nt, CT		
Pre-Bid Meeting Contact:	DAS/CS	Project	Manager:	: Halina Harabasz		
		PI	none No.:	: 860.713.5732		
Pre-Bid Meeting Registration:	At the Pre-Bid Meeting, all prospective bidders shall <i>sign</i> his or her name on the official roster and <i>list</i> the name and address of the company he or she represents. For MANDATORY Pre-Bid Meetings, this shall be done no later than the designated start time of the Pre-Bid Meeting. No attendee will be allowed to register <i>after</i> the advertised start time. Bids submitted by contractors who have <i>not properly</i> registered and attended the MANDATORY Pre-Bid Meeting <i>shall be rejected</i> as non-responsive . See Section 00 25 13 Pre-Bid Meeting Agenda for additional details.					
Subcontractor and/or Supplier Small Business Enterprise (SBE) & Minority Business Enterprise (MBE) Set-Aside Requirements:	See 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form					
Bid Proposal Submission and Other Bid Submittal Requirements:	See Sections 00 21 13 Instructions to Bidders, 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form, and 00 41 10 Bid Package Submittal Requirements for Bid Proposal submission requirements, including requirements for Affidavits, Certifications, Addenda, Pre-Bid Equals and Substitution Requests, and other bidding documents.					
Bid Upload and Bid Opening:	Bids can be uploaded and edited electronically in BizNet UNTIL 1:00 p.m. on the Bid Opening Date and thereafter shall be locked down and publicly opened in the State Contracting Portal.					
Bid Results:	Within approximately two (2) days after the Bid Opening Date, the Bid Results will be posted on the State Contracting Portal.					
Guide to the Code of Ethics For Current or Potential State Contractors (for contracts greater than \$500,000):	Anyone seeking a contract with a value of more than \$500,000 shall electronically download the "Guide to the Code of Ethics For Current or Potential State Contractors" from the of Office of State Ethics (OSE) website www.ct.gov/ethics , then click on the "Publications" link:					
Prevailing Wage Rates:	Prevailing wages are required on this project, in accordance with the schedule provided in the bid documents, pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) Section 31-53 (a) through (h), as amended. Each contractor who is awarded a contract on or after October 1, 2002 shall be subject to provisions of C.G.S. § 31-55a concerning annual adjustments to prevailing wages.					
	Wage Rates will be posted each July 1st on the Department of Labor website www.ctdol.state.ct.us . Such prevailing wage adjustment shall not be considered a matter for any contract amendment.					
To access Executive Orders:	Go to www.ct.gov > Governor Ned Lamont > Executive Orders.					



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Invitation to Bid (continued)

Important Notices:

UPDATED DOCUMENTS:

Many **Division 00** and **Division 01** documents have been updated. Read all of the contents of the Project Manual carefully!

All Contractors are cautioned that any modifications or alterations made to either the Project Manual or any of the forms and documents contained herein may be just cause to *reject the bid!*

NEW PROCESS FOR CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER GENERAL PERMIT:

See Section 01 50 00 Temporary Facilities and Controls.

For all DAS/CS construction projects disturbing **one or more total acres of land area** on a site regardless of project phasing, the **Architect/Engineer** shall be responsible for filing a Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP) *General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities (DEEP-WPED-GP-015)* registration and Stormwater Pollution Control Plan (SPCP) through the online DEEP ezFile Portal **prior** to bidding.

Once the **Contractor** is under contract with DAS/CS, and **prior** to the commencement of any construction activities, the Contractor (and all other contractors and subcontractors listed on the SPCP) shall assume responsibility for storm water pollution control and conform to the general permit obligations and requirements by **signing** the SPCP "Contractor Certification Statement" and License Transfer Form as directed by the Architect/Engineer.

At completion of the project, the Contractor shall file a Notice of Termination (DEP-PED-NOT-015) with the DEEP in order to terminate the Construction Stormwater General Permit. A project shall *only* be considered complete after all **post-construction** measures are installed, cleaned, and functioning and the site has been stabilized for at least **three (3) months** following the cessation of construction activities.

NEW PROCESS FOR CONTRACTOR AND SUBCONTRACTOR PAYMENTS REPORTING:

See Section 00 21 13 Instructions to Bidders (Subsection 3.13) and Section 01 11 00 Summary of Work (Subsection 1.11).

For compliance with **C.G.S. § 4b-95 and 49-41**, DAS/CS requires every Contractor (and its Subcontractors) who has been awarded a DAS/CS construction contract to log on to the State of Connecticut web-based platform, BizNet, **each month** and **enter payments** they have received from the state, from the Contractor, or from a higher tier Subcontractor (as applicable).

The process is described as follows: The state will pay the Contractor on a monthly basis for work performed (and purchases made) by it and its Subcontractors. The Contractor will input the payment date and amount they receive from the state on a monthly basis. The Contractor's first-level Subcontractor (Tier 1 Subcontractor) will input the payment they receive from the Contractor. The second-level Subcontractor (Tier 2 Subcontractor) will input the payment they receive from the Tier 1 Subcontractor. And so on.

Contractors awarded a DAS/CS construction contract shall contain a **provision in their subcontract agreements** requiring their Subcontractors to enter payment receipt from the Contractor in the State of Connecticut web-based platform, BizNet, for work performed or purchases made in relation to state projects.

Detailed instructions can be found in the DAS/CS publication, "6002 Instructions to Contractors/Subcontractors for Entering Payments in BizNet", available for download by going to the DAS Homepage (www.ct.gov/DAS) and selecting Doing Business With The State > State Building Construction > Publications and Forms > DAS Construction Services Library > 6000 Series.

IMPORTANT NOTE: The Commissioner of the CT Department of Administrative Services reserves the right to do any of the following without liability, including but not limited to: (a) waive technical defects in the bid proposal as he or she deems best for the interest of the State; (b) negotiate with a contractor in accordance with Connecticut General Statutes Section 4b-91; (c) reject any or all bids; (d) cancel the award or execution of any contract prior to the issuance of the "Notice To Proceed"; and (e) advertise for new bids.



DAS/CS Associate Fiscal

Administrative Officer:

Mellanee Walton

Advertisement No.: 19-11 Advertisement Date: April 19, 2019

Invitation to Bid (continued) All Project Questions, Bid Questions, and Pre-Bid Equals and Substitution Requests must be submitted fourteen (14) Calendar Days prior to the Bid Due Date. All Project Questions and Pre-Bid Equals and Substitution Requests must be emailed (not phoned) to the Architect/Engineer with a copy to the Construction Administrator and the DAS/CS Project Manager listed below. Architect/Engineer: Christopher Williams Architect, LLC Email: cwilliams@cwarchitectsllc.com **Construction Administrator:** DH Bolton, LLC Email: dwight@dh-bolton.com **DAS/CS Project Manager:** Halina Harabasz Email: Halina.Harabasz@ct.gov All Bid Questions must be emailed to the DAS/CS Associate Fiscal Administrative Officer listed below.

Email:

Mellanee.Walton@ct.gov

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Instructions to Bidders

DAS ■ Construction Services ■ Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

1.0 General Bid Proposal Information

1.1 On-Line Bidding:

- 1.1.1 The Department of Administrative Services (DAS) Construction Services (CS) has streamlined the Bid process by allowing contractors to submit their Bid Package Documents on line through the State Contracting Portal and BizNet. Rather than submitting paper Bid Package Documents, contractors simply respond to an Invitation to Bid on the State Contracting Portal by retrieving and uploading their documents electronically through their BizNet account. Once completed, the Bid Proposal must be electronically signed prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening. See Page 1 of the Invitation to Bid for the Date and Time of the Bid Opening.
- 1.1.2 All Bidders shall electronically upload their Bid Package Documents to BizNet following the instructions in the DAS/CS publication, 6001 Construction On-line Bidding Instructions, available for download here: Go to the DAS Homepage (www.ct.gov/DAS), Doing Business With The State > State Building Construction > Publications and Forms > DAS Construction Services Library > 6000 Series > 6001 Construction On Line Bidding Instructions. For questions, call 860-713-5794.

1.2 Bid Opening:

All Bids shall be publicly opened in BizNet by the awarding authority as stated in Section 00 11 16 Invitation to Bid.

1.3 Withdrawal of Bid:

Any **Bid** once uploaded into BizNet cannot be deleted. A Bid may only be **withdrawn** by uploading a written **Letter of Withdrawal** to BizNet using the "**Other Solicitation Document**" link **prior** to the date and time of the Bid Opening.

1.4 Disqualification from Bidding:

Any contractor who violates any provision of **Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) § 4b-95**, as revised, shall be **disqualified** from bidding on other contracts for a period not to exceed **twenty-four (24) months**, commencing from the date on which the violation is discovered, for each violation.

1.5 Waive Minor Irregularities:

- **1.5.1** The awarding authority **shall** be authorized to **waive minor irregularities** which he or she considers in the best interest of the State, provided the reasons for any such waiver are stated in writing by the awarding authority and made a part of the contract file.
- **1.5.2** No such bid shall be rejected because of the failure to submit prices for, or information relating to, any item or items for which no specific space is provided in the bid form furnished by the awarding authority, but this sentence shall not be applicable to any failure to furnish prices or information required by **C.G.S. § 4b-95**, as revised, to be furnished in the bid form provided by the awarding authority.

1.6 Minimum Percentage of Work:

The awarding authority *may* require in the **Bid Proposal Form** that the contractor agree to perform a stated, minimum percentage of work with its **own forces**. in accordance with **C.G.S. § 4b-95(b)**.

1.7 Set-Aside Contracts:

The awarding authority *may* also require the contractor to set aside a portion of the contract for subcontractors who are eligible for set-aside contracts

1.8 Connecticut Sales And Use Taxes:

- 1.8.1 All Bidders shall familiarize themselves with the current statutes and regulations of the Connecticut Department of Revenue Services (DRS), including the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies (R.C.S.A.) §12-426-18 and all relevant state statutes. The tax on materials or supplies exempted by such statutes and regulations shall not be included as part of a bid. See the Sales and Use Tax Exemption for Purchases by Qualifying Governmental Agencies (CERT-134), available for download from the DRS website (www.ct.gov/drs) under "Exemption Certificates".
- 1.8.2 The State of Connecticut construction contract has the following tax exemptions: (1) Purchasing of materials which will be physically incorporated and become a permanent part of the project; and (2) Services that are resold by the contractor. For example, if a Contractor hires a plumber, carpenter or electrician, a resale certificate may be issued to the subcontractor because these services are considered to be integral and inseparable component parts of the building contract.
- **1.8.3** The following items are <u>not</u> exempt from taxes when used to fulfill a State of Connecticut construction contract: Tools, supplies and equipment used in fulfilling the construction contract.

1.9 Union Labor:

Attention is called to the fact that there may or could be construction work carried on at the site by union labor. This fact must be kept in mind by all Bidders.

1.10 Rejection of Bids:

The awarding authority shall reject every such Bid Proposal, including but not limited to, the following reasons:

- **1.10.1** A **Bid Proposal Form** that does **not** contain the signature of the bidder or its authorized representative.
- 1.10.2 A Bid Proposal Form that is *not* accompanied by the following documents in BizNet:
 - .1 Section 00 43 16 Standard Bid Bond, completed for either the Bid Bond option or Certified Check option;
 - .2 A Certified Check (if applicable) delivered to the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening;
 - .3 Section 00 45 14 General Contractor Bidder's Qualification Statement
 - .4 A DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificate for the Bidder for Projects greater than \$500,000;
 - .5 A DAS Update (Bid) Statement for the Bidder for Projects greater than \$500,000;
 - .6 A Gift and Campaign Contribution Certification Office of Policy and Management (OPM) Ethics Form 1;
 - .7 A Consulting Agreement Affidavit OPM Ethics Form 5. NOTE: If the Bidder fails to submit or upload the Consulting Agreement Affidavit required under C.G.S. § 4a-81, such bidder shall be disqualified and the award shall be made to the next lowest responsible qualified bidder or new bids or proposals shall be sought;
 - .8 An Ethics Affidavit (Regarding State Ethics) OPM Ethics Form 6;
 - .9 An Iran Certification OPM Ethics Form 7.
- 1.10.3 A Bid Proposal Form that:
 - .1 Fails to acknowledge all Addenda in the space provided in the Bid Proposal Form;
 - .2 Fails to correctly list the Named Subcontractors on the Bid Proposal Form;
 - .3 Fails to correctly state a Named Subcontractor's price on the Bid Proposal Form; and
 - .4 Fails to list Named Subcontractors who are DAS Prequalified at the time of the bid.
- 1.10.4 A Bid Proposal Form that is not submitted on the forms furnished for the specific project. NOTE: In no event will bids or changes in bids be made by telephone, telegraph, facsimile or other communication technology except through BizNet. All pages of the Bid Proposal Form must be uploaded to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening.
- **1.10.5** A **Bid Proposal Form** that has omitted items, omitted pages, added items not called for, altered the form, contains conditional bids, contains alternative bids, or contains obscure bids.
- **1.10.6** A paper **Bid Package** sent to the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement. Such bids will be returned to the bidder unopened.
- **1.10.7** Any Bidder that does *not* make all required pre-award submittals within the designated time period. DAS/CS may reject such bids as non-responsive.

1.11 Pre-Bid Meeting:

- 1.11.1 See Section 00 11 16 Invitation to Bid and Section 00 25 13 Pre-Bid Meeting Agenda for details.
- **1.11.2** When a **Pre-Bid Meeting** is "**strongly encouraged**", all attendees shall sign his or her name to the official roster and list the name and address of the company he or she represents.
- 1.11.3 When a Pre-Bid Meeting is MANDATORY, all attendees will be required to register. Proper registration means that the attendee has signed his or her name to the official roster and listed the name and address of the company he or she represents on the official roster no later than the designated start time of the MANDATORY Pre-Bid Meeting. Bidders are advised to register early as no attendee will be allowed to register after the advertised start time of the MANDATORY Pre-Bid Meeting.

All bids submitted by all contractors who have *not* properly registered and attended the MANDATORY Pre-Bid Meeting shall be rejected as non-responsive.

1.11.4 All Bidders Attending a Pre-Bid Meeting at a Connecticut Department of Corrections (DOC) Facility: Prior to the Pre-Bid Meeting, download the "Security Background Questionnaire" from the CT DOC website (www.ct.gov/doc under "Forms"), complete and submit the form as directed, and obtain approval, otherwise admission to the Pre-Bid Meeting will be denied. It is recommended that the approved form be brought as evidence of approval to attend the Pre-Bid Meeting.

1.12 Pre-Bid Equals and Substitution Requests Procedures:

- 1.12.1 All submissions requesting "Equals and/or Substitutions" shall be made by the Bidder in accordance with Section 01 25 00 Substitution Procedures of the Division 01 General Requirements and Article 15, Materials: Standards of Section 00 72 13 General Conditions. Every submission shall contain all the information necessary for DAS/CS to evaluate the submission and the request. Failure to submit sufficient information to make a proper evaluation, including submittal of data for the first manufacturer listed as well as the data for the "Equals and/or Substitutions" proposed, shall result in a rejection of the submission and request. Upon receipt of the submission and request, DAS/CS shall notify the Bidder that the request has been received and as soon as possible shall render a decision on such submission and request.
- 1.12.2 Pre-Bid-Opening Substitution of Materials and Equipment: The Owner will consider requests for equals or substitutions if received fourteen (14) Calendar Days prior to the Bid Opening Due Date, as stated in the Invitation To Bid. The Equal or Substitute Product Request (Form 7001) must be used to submit requests. Download Form 7001 from the DAS Homepage (www.ct.gov/DAS) > Doing Business With The State > State Building Construction > Publications and Forms > DAS Construction Services Library > 7000 Series.
- 1.12.3 Equals and/or Substitutions Requests Submittal: Requests for Equals or Substitutions shall be submitted to the DAS/CS Project Manager, Architect / Engineer, and Construction Administrator.
- **1.12.4 Substitution Request Deadline:** Any substitution request not complying with requirements will be denied. Substitution requests sent <u>after</u> the **Deadline** will be denied.
- **1.12.5** Addendum: An Addendum shall be issued to inform all prospective bidder of any accepted substitution in accordance with our addenda procedures.
- **1.12.6 Time Extensions:** No extensions of time will be allowed for the time period required for consideration of any Substitution or Equal.
- 1.12.7 Post Contract Award Substitution of Materials and Equipment: All requests for "Equals and Substitutions" after the Award of the Contract shall be made only by the Prime Contractor for materials or systems specified that are no longer available. The requests will not be considered if the product was not purchased in a reasonable time after award, in accordance with Article 15, Materials: Standards of Section 00 72 13 General Conditions.

1.13 Joint Ventures:

- 1.13.1 Each entity in a Joint Venture shall submit with the Venture's bid a letter on their respective company letterheads stating:
 - Their agreement to bid as a Joint Venture with the other named Joint Venture, and set forth the name and address
 of the other Joint Venture(s).
 - · The respective percentage of the project work that would be the responsibility of each of the Joint Ventures.
- 1.13.2 Prequalification: Each entity in a Joint Venture shall submit its Prequalification Certificate and Update (Bid) Statement. Each entity in a Joint Venture shall be prequalified at the time of the bid and during the entire project construction. Each entity in a Joint Venture shall have the prequalification single project limit, and remaining aggregate capacity balance to meet the value of its respective percentage of the joint proposed bid.
- 1.13.3 Each entity in a Joint Venture shall submit Section 00 45 14 General Contractor Bidder's Qualification Statement.
- 1.13.4 Bonding: The Joint Venture shall obtain the required bonding from a surety for the total amount of the contract price.
- **1.13.5** Insurance: Each entity in a Joint Venture shall have the required insurance coverages and limits to meet the insurance requirements of the contract. The Joint Venture shall provide Builder's Risk insurance.
- 1.13.6 Bid Submission and Contract Signing: If a Joint Venture submits a bid proposal, it shall be considered to be a proposal by each of the Joint Ventures, jointly and severally, for the performance of the entire contract as a Joint Venture in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract. Each entity in a Joint Venture is required to sign the contract acknowledging that each Joint Venture shall be jointly and severally liable for the performance of the entire contract.
- **1.13.7 Certificate of Legal Existence: Each entity** in a Joint Venture shall obtain a **Certificate of Legal Existence** and submit it with the contract documents.

1.14 Procedure for Alleged Violation(s) of Part II Chapter 60 of C.G.S. Bidding and Contracts:

- 1.14.1 The Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies establishes a procedure for promptly hearing and ruling on claims alleging a violation or violations of the contract bidding provisions of Part II of Chapter 60 of the Connecticut General Statutes (hereinafter "Chapter 60"). In view of the fact that time is normally of the essence in awarding construction contracts under Chapter 60, the grievance procedures are intended to be quick, informal and conclusive so as to avoid delays which can increase costs and jeopardize the very ability of the State to proceed with needed public works projects.
- 1.14.2 Download "6510 Procedure for Alleged Violation(s)" and "6505 Petition for Alleged Violation(s)" from the DAS Homepage (www.ct.gov/DAS) > Doing Business With The State > State Building Construction > Publications and Forms > DAS Construction Services Library > 6000 Series > Scroll down to locate documents.

1.15 Labor Market Area:

- **1.15.1** All Bidders *shall* have read C.G.S. §§ 31-52 and 31-52a, as revised. These sections relate to the **preference of State citizens** and the **preference of residents of the labor market area** in which the work under the contract is to be done and the **penalties for violations** thereof.
- 1.15.2 In order to avoid violations by the contractor and to cooperate with and assist the State in the implementation of the statutory mandates, any bidder awarded a contract with the State shall be required to provide the State with the following information:
 - .1 The names and addresses of employees utilized by the contractor and by its subcontractors and how long each such employee has resided in Connecticut.
 - .2 How long each employee has resided in the labor market area, as established by the State Labor Commissioner, in which the work under the contract is to be done. Labor market areas are indicated on the end of this section.
 - .3 Within thirty (30) days after the start of work, the contractor shall submit a signed statement setting forth the procedures the contractor and its subcontractors have taken to assure that they have sought out qualified residents of the labor market area. Also, the statement shall include information as to how many persons were considered for employment and how many were actually hired. Such procedures will include, but not be limited to, obtaining names of available persons from area Employment Security Offices.
 - .4 In the same manner as **Subsection 1.15.2.3** above, the statement **shall** indicate the steps taken to assure that the contractor and its subcontractors have sought out qualified residents of this State.
- **1.15.3** The contractor **shall** cooperate with and provide information to the DAS/CS Project Manager or their designee assigned to collect and verify the information required. The State may request that all such information be updated during the term of the contract at reasonable times.
- **1.15.4** All such information gathered and compiled by the State **shall** be forwarded to the Labor Commissioner.

1.15.5 Pursuant to C.G.S. § 31-52b, as revised:

"The provisions of C.G.S. § 31-52 and 31-52a **shall not** apply where the State or any subdivision thereof may suffer the loss of revenue granted or to be granted from any agency or department of the federal government as a result of said sections or regulative procedures pursuant thereto."

However, no exception shall be determined to be applicable unless stated in writing by the Commissioner of the Department of Administrative Services.

1.15.6 Website Link: For guidance on the CT DOL Labor Market Areas (LMA) go to the CT DOL website http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/, under "Program Services", click on "Labor Market information".

1.16 Executive Orders:

- 1.16.1 All Executive Orders of which are incorporated into and are made a part of the Contract as if they had been fully set forth in it. The Contract is subject to the provisions of the following:
 - **.1 Executive Order No. 3:** Governor Thomas J. Meskill, promulgated 06/16/71, concerning labor employment practices;
 - **.2 Executive Order No. 17:** Governor Thomas J. Meskill promulgated 02/15/73, concerning the listing of employment openings;
 - .3 Executive Order No. 16: Governor John G. Rowland promulgated 08/04/99, concerning violence in the workplace;
 - .4 Executive Order No. 14: Governor M. Jodi Rell, promulgated 04/17/06, concerning procurement of cleaning products and services; and
 - .5 Executive Order No. 49: Governor Dannel P. Malloy, promulgated 05/22/15, concerning the requirement for certain state contractors to disclosure campaign contributions to candidates for statewide public office or The General Assembly and to ensure convenient public access to information related to gifts and campaign contribution disclosure affidavits by state contractors.
- **1.16.2** All Executive Orders are available for download from the State of Connecticut website. Go to www.ct.gov, click on "Governor Ned Lamont" and scroll down to "Executive Orders".

1.17 Retaliation For Disclosure of Information:

- 1.17.1 Each contract between a state or quasi-public agency and a large state contractor shall provide that, if an officer, employee, or appointing authority of a large state contractor takes or threatens to take any personnel action against any employee of the contractor in **retaliation** for such employee's **disclosure** of information to the Auditors of Public Accounts or the Attorney General under the provisions of **C.G.S. § 4-61dd (a)**, the contractor shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than five thousand dollars for each offense, up to a maximum of twenty per cent of the value of the contract. Each violation shall be a separate and distinct offense and in the case of a continuing violation each calendar day's continuance of the violation shall be deemed to be a separate and distinct offense. The executive head of the state or quasi-public agency may request the Attorney General to bring a civil action in the Superior Court for the judicial district of Hartford to seek imposition and recovery of such civil penalty.
- **1.17.2** Each large state contractor shall post a **notice** of the provisions of **C.G.S. § 4-61dd** relating to large state contractors in a conspicuous place that is readily available for viewing by the employees of the contractor.

1.18 Laws of the State of Connecticut:

Forum and Choice of Law. The Bidder agrees that in the event it is awarded a Contract, the Bidder and the State deem the Contract to have been made in the City of Hartford, State of Connecticut. Both parties agree that it is fair and reasonable for the validity and construction of the Contract to be, and it shall be, governed by the laws and court decisions of the State of Connecticut, without giving effect to its principles of conflicts of laws. To the extent that any immunities provided by Federal law or the laws of the State of Connecticut do not bar an action against the State, and to the extent that these courts are courts of competent jurisdiction, for the purpose of venue, the complaint shall be made returnable to the Judicial District of Hartford only or shall be brought in the United States District Court for the District of Connecticut only, and shall not be transferred to any other court, provided, however, that nothing here constitutes a waiver or compromise of the sovereign immunity of the State of Connecticut. The Bidder waives any objection which it may now have or will have to the laying of venue of any claims in any forum and further irrevocably submits to such jurisdiction in any suit, action or proceeding.

1.19 State's Sovereign Immunity:

Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as a waiver or limitation upon the **State's sovereign immunity**. To the extent this Section is found to be inconsistent with any other part of this Agreement, this Section shall control. This Section of the Agreement shall survive the completion and/or termination of this Agreement.

2.0 Bid Proposal Form Instructions:

2.1 Bid Proposal Form:

2.1.1 All Bidders shall upload **ALL** pages of **Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form** to BizNet, prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening.

2.2 Threshold Projects:

- 2.2.1 See page 1 of the Bid Proposal Form to determine if this Project exceeds the Threshold Limits.
- 2.2.2 If this Project exceeds Threshold Limits, *all* Bidders shall list their Firm's Major Contractor Registration License Number in the Bid Proposal Form.
- 2.2.3 The Apparent Low Bidder shall also provide the Subcontractor(s) Major Contractor Registration License number(s) to the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement within ten (10) business days after receipt of the Letter of Intent from DAS/CS.
- 2.2.4 Summary of Registration Requirements for Major Contractors: Any person engaged in the business of construction, structural repair, structural alteration, dismantling or demolition of a structure or addition that exceeds the threshold limits provided in C.G.S §29-276b, or any person who, under the direction of a general contractor, performs or offers to perform any work that impacts upon the structural integrity of a structure or addition, including repair, alteration, dismantling or demolition of a structure or addition that exceeds the threshold limits shall engage in or offer to perform the work of a Major Contractor unless such person has first obtained a license or certificate of registration from the Connecticut Department of Consumer Protection (DCP). Individuals must be licensed under the requirements of C.G.S §20-341gg "Registration of Major Contractors". DCP shall issue a certificate of registration to any person who is prequalified pursuant to section 4a-100 who applies for registration in accordance with this section.
- 2.2.5 The Bidder and all Subcontractors that engage in work that impacts upon the structural integrity of a structure or addition must register as a Major Contractor with DCP and obtain a Major Contractor License issued by DCP PRIOR to the date and time of the Bid Opening for this Project.
- 2.2.6 For further information go to the DCP Website: www.ct.gov/dcp.

2.3 Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid, Allowances, and Contingent Work:

- 2.3.1 The proposed Lump Sum Base Bid shall be set forth in the space provided on Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form.
- 2.3.2 The Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid shall include all Allowances, all work indicated on the drawings and/or described in the specifications except for Contingent Work. See the Bid Proposal Form, Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations, and Section 01 23 13 Supplemental Bids of Division 01 General Requirements for details regarding Contingent Work.
- 2.3.3 "Contingent Work" includes Unit Prices (for Earth and Rock Excavation, Environmental Remediation, and/or Hazardous Building Materials Abatement) and Supplemental Bids. See Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations and Section 01 23 13 Supplemental Bids, respectively, for applicability.
- 2.3.4 The Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid shall be shown in *both* numerical figures and "printed" words dollar amount. In the event of any discrepancy the "printed" words dollar amount shall govern.

2.4 Addenda and Interpretations:

- **2.4.1** The **Number of Addenda** issued by the State of Connecticut shall be set forth in the space provided on the **Bid Proposal Form**. It shall be the Bidder's responsibility to make inquiry as to, and to obtain, the Addenda issued, if any.
- **2.4.2** Addenda, if issued, will be posted on the State Contracting Portal.
- 2.4.3 Failure to acknowledge all Addenda in the space provided in the Bid Proposal Form shall be cause for rejection of the bid.
- 2.4.4 Attaching Addenda to the Bid Proposal Form does not constitute an acknowledgement of all Addenda and does not relieve the Bidder from the requirement for the Bidder to acknowledge all Addenda in the space provided on the Bid Proposal Form.
- 2.4.5 No interpretations of the meaning of the plans, specifications or other contract documents will be made orally at any time. Every request for such interpretation shall be in writing to the awarding authority and to be given consideration shall be received at least fourteen (14) Calendar Days prior to the date fixed for the opening of bids. Any and all such interpretations and any supplemental instructions will be in the form of written Addenda to the specifications which, if issued, will be posted on the State Contracting Portal.
- **2.4.6** Contractors who have subscribed through BizNet to receive daily e-mail alert notices when new Bids/RFPs are issued will be notified via a daily CT DAS "**Connecticut Procurement Portal Daily Notice**".

2.5 Bidder's Qualification Statement and Objective Criteria for Evaluating Bidders:

- 2.5.1 All Bidders shall download, complete, and upload Section 00 45 14 General Contractor Bidder's Qualification Statement to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening. See BizNet for a template. This information shall be considered as part of the Bid Proposal Form. Failure of a Bidder to answer any question or provide required information may be grounds for the awarding authority to disqualify and reject the bid.
- 2.5.2 All Bidders shall comply with Section 00 45 15 Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders. The Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders are to assure that the State of Connecticut will secure the "lowest responsible and qualified bidder" who has the ability and capacity to successfully complete the Bid Proposal Form and the Work. Failure to comply with any portion of this requirement may cause rejection of the bid. Note: Individual Specification Sections may contain General Contractor and/or Subcontractor Qualification requirements that exceed those in Section 00 45 15 Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders.

2.6 Bidder's Prequalification Requirements for Projects exceeding \$500,000:

- 2.6.1 All Bidders for Projects with estimated Construction Costs <u>greater</u> than \$500,000 shall upload a current copy of their "DAS Prequalification Certificate" and "DAS Update (Bid) Statement" for the applicable Class of Work on page 1 of Section 00 11 16 Invitation to Bid to Biznet *prior* to the date and time of the Bid Opening.
- 2.6.2 Pursuant to C.G.S § 4b-91(a)(2) and C.G.S. §4a-100, as revised, every contract for the construction, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, repair or demolition of any public building or any other public work by the state that is estimated to exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) shall be awarded only to the lowest responsible and qualified Bidder who is "prequalified" by DAS in the Class of Work for this Project, as specified in Section 00 11 16 Invitation to Bid. No person who's Contract or Subcontract exceeds \$500,000 in value may perform work as a Contractor or Subcontractor, unless the person is prequalified, at the time of bid submission, in accordance with C.G.S. § 4a-100, as amended, C.G.S. § 4b-91(a)(2), and C.G.S. §4b-91 (j). "Prequalified" includes the contractor's or substantial subcontractor's prequalification classifications, aggregate work capacity ratings and single project limits.
- 2.6.3 The State may waive minor irregularities that otherwise may cause rejection of a Bid only when waiving such minor irregularities is in the best interests of the State and the minor irregularities have been corrected by the Bidder within seven (7) Calendar Days after the Bid Due Date. Failure to properly complete, sign and upload either the "DAS Prequalification Certificate" or "DAS Update (Bid) Statement" to Biznet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening shall cause rejection of the bid and shall not be considered a minor irregularity under C.G.S. § 4b-95.
- 2.6.4 See Section 00 40 15 CT DAS Prequalification Forms for instructions on preparing and/or downloading your Firm's "DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificate" and "DAS Update (Bid) Statement".
- 2.6.5 Bidder's Certification: Within ten (10) business days after receipt of the Letter of Intent from DAS/CS, the Apparent Low Bidder shall submit a Bidder's Certification certifying that the information in the bid is true, that there has been no substantial change in the Bidder's financial position or corporate structure since its most recent DAS Prequalification Certificate and DAS Update (Bid) Statement and that the bid was made without fraud or collusion with any person. See Section 00 92 10 Additional Forms of this Project Manual for a sample form.

2.7 Named Subcontractor Requirements:

- 2.7.1 All Bid Proposals shall be for the complete work as specified and shall include the names of any Subcontractors for the four (4) Classes of Work specified in C.G.S. § 4b-93(a), as revised, and for each other class of work for which the awarding authority has required a separate section pursuant to said subsection, together with the dollar amounts of their subcontracts. The contractor shall be selected on the basis of such bids.
- 2.7.2 The Named Subcontractor Bid Price shall be the price set forth in the space provided on the Bid Proposal Form.
- 2.7.3 No bid shall be rejected because of an error in setting forth the Name of a Subcontractor as long as the Subcontractor or Subcontractors designated are clearly identifiable.
- **2.7.4** No bid shall be rejected because the **Named Subcontractor's** plans and specifications do not accompany the bid or are not submitted with the bid.
- **2.7.5** Failure to correctly state a **Named Subcontractor's price** on the Bid Proposal Form **shall** be cause for **rejection** of the Bid.
- 2.7.6 Named Subcontractor Replacement: The awarding authority may require the Bidder to replace a Named Subcontractor whenever the awarding authority determines in their sole discretion that such replacement is in the best interest of the State.

2.7.7 Named Subcontractor Substitution:

- .1 The awarding authority **shall not** permit **substitution** of a subcontractor for one **Named** in accordance with the provisions of **C.G.S.** § **4b-95**, as revised, **except** for "**Good Cause**".
- .2 The awarding authority shall not permit substitution of a subcontractor for any designated sub-trade work bid to be performed by the Bidder's own forces in accordance with the provisions of C.G.S. § 4b-95 except for "Good Cause".
- .3 "Good Cause": The term "good cause" includes but is not limited to, a subcontractor's or, where appropriate, a Bidder's: (1) death or physical disability, if the listed subcontractor is an individual; (2) dissolution, if a corporation or partnership; (3) bankruptcy; (4) inability to furnish any performance and payment bond shown on the bid form; (5) inability to obtain, or loss of, a license necessary for the performance of the particular category of work; (6) failure or inability to comply with a requirement of law applicable to contractors, subcontractors, or construction, alteration, or repair projects; and (7) failure to perform its agreement to execute a subcontract under C.G.S. § 4b-96, as revised.

2.7.8 Named Subcontractor DAS Prequalification Requirement for Subcontracts exceeding \$500,000:

- .1 The Three (3) Apparent Lowest Bidders shall receive VIA EMAIL a "Set-Aside Contractor Schedule Request" ("Request") from the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement. For Subcontracts greater than \$500,000, the Three (3) Apparent Lowest Bidders shall submit within ten (10) Calendar Days after receipt of the Request current DAS Prequalification Certificate(s) and Update (Bid) Statement(s) for each Named Subcontractor in Table 2.7 of the Bid Proposal Form, to the extent the Class of Work for the Named Subcontractor is a Prequalification Classification. This information shall be considered as part of the Bid Proposal Form and failure to comply with any portion of this requirement may cause rejection of the bid.
- .2 Instructions for downloading "DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificates" and "DAS Update (Bid) Statement" can be found in Section 00 40 15 CT DAS Prequalification Forms.
- .3 In accordance C.G.S. §4b-91 (j), no person whose subcontract exceeds five hundred thousand dollars in value may perform work as a subcontractor on a project, which project is estimated to cost more than five hundred thousand dollars and is paid for, in whole or in part, with state funds, unless, at the time of bid submission, the person is prequalified in accordance with C.G.S. §4a-100, as amended. "Prequalified" includes the contractor's or substantial subcontractor's prequalification classifications, aggregate work capacity ratings and single project limits. For Subcontracts estimated to exceed \$500,000, the Named Subcontractor must be "prequalified" by DAS in the Class of Work specified in Table 2.7 of Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form at the time of bid submission, pursuant to C.G.S. §4b-91(j) and C.G.S. § 4a-100, as amended. This requirement also applies to the Bidder, if the Bidder is a Named Subcontractor.

2.7.9 Named Subcontractor Bidder's Qualification Statements (Section 00 45 17)

- .1 The Three (3) Apparent Lowest Bidders shall receive VIA EMAIL a "Set-Aside Contractor Schedule Request" ("Request") from the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement. For Projects with estimated Construction Costs greater than \$500,000, the Three (3) Apparent Lowest Bidders shall submit within ten (10) Calendar Days after receipt of the Request completed Section 00 45 17 Named Subcontractor Bidder's Qualification Statement(s) of this Project Manual for each Named Subcontractor in Table 2.7 of the Bid Proposal Form. This information shall be considered as part of the Bid Proposal Form and failure to comply with any portion of this requirement may cause rejection of the bid.
- .2 Important Note: Individual Technical Specification Sections <u>may</u> contain qualification requirements that **exceed** those from Section 00 45 17 Named Subcontractor Bidder's Qualification Statement.

2.7 Named Subcontractor Requirements (continued):

2.7.10 Bidder Performing Work as Named Subcontractor:

- .1 In accordance with C.G.S. § 4b-95(c), it shall be presumed that the Bidder intends to perform, with its own employees, all work in such four (4) Classes of Work and such other classes, for which no Subcontractor is named in Table 2.7 of the Bid Proposal Form. In accordance with C.G.S. § 4b-92, as revised, the Bidder's qualifications for performing such work shall be subject to review.
- .2 If the Bidder has listed itself as a Named Subcontractor(s) for a Class(es) of Work in Table 2.7 of the Bid Proposal Form and the proposed dollar value of the Subcontract(s) is greater than \$500,000, then to the extent the Class(es) of Work is a Prequalification Classification, the Bidder shall provide a current DAS Prequalification Certificate and Update (Bid) Statement for each of the applicable Class(es) of Work within ten (10) Calendar Days after receipt of the "Set-Aside Contractor Schedule Request" from DAS/CS.

2.8 Set-Aside Requirements:

- 2.8.1 Bidder's DAS Set-Aside Certificate For Projects With Construction Costs Estimated To Be Less Than \$500,000: All Small Business Enterprise (SBE) / Minority Business Enterprise (MBE) Bidders shall upload a copy of their Firm's current "DAS Set-Aside Certificate" to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening.
- 2.8.2 Bidder Contract Compliance Monitoring Report For Projects With Construction Costs Estimated To Be Less Than \$500,000: All Firm's shall upload a completed copy of the CHRO Employment Information Form, "Bidder Contract Compliance Monitoring Report" with their Bid Proposal Form prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening. The report is posted on the CHRO Webpage:
 - (http://www.ct.gov/chro/cwp/view.asp?a=2525&Q=315900&chroPNavCtr=|#45679).
- 2.8.3 All Bidders shall be required to award not less than the percentage(s) stated on page 1 of Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form to Subcontractors who are currently certified and eligible to participate under the State of Connecticut Set-Aside Program for SBE and/or MBE contractors, in accordance with C.G.S.§ 4a-60g. Failure to meet these requirements shall cause rejection of the bid. The MBE participation does count as part of the SBE participation.
- 2.8.4 Set-Aside Contractor Schedule Request: The SBE/MBE participation requirement *must be met* even if the Bidder is certified and eligible to participate in the Small Business Set-Aside Program. To facilitate compliance with this requirement for set-aside subcontractors, the Three (3) Apparent Lowest Bidders shall receive VIA EMAIL a "Set-Aside Contractor Schedule Request" ("Request") from the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement. As directed in the Request, the Three (3) Apparent Lowest Bidders shall submit within ten (10) Calendar Days after receipt of the Request, a list of certified set-aside contractors to be used on this project along with the dollar amounts to be paid to each. (See Section 00 73 27 Set-Aside Contractor Schedule for a sample Request.)
 - A copy of the current DAS Set-Aside Certificate for each Subcontracted SBE and/or MBE firm(s) listed in the "Set-Aside Contractor Schedule" must be attached to the Request.
 - This information will be considered as part of your Bid Proposal Form and **failure** to comply with any portion of this requirement within the ten (10) days, including but not limited to **failure** to list or meet the necessary dollar amount or percentage of the bid price, will be cause to **reject** your bid.
- 2.8.5 Percentage of Work Performed by SBE/MBE Contractors and Subcontractors: The percentage of the work performed by the SBE/MBE Contractors and Subcontractors on this project shall not be less than the percentage noted in Subsection 5.1 Amount of Work Required to Be Done by "Set-Aside" Contractors of Section 00 73 38 Commission on Human Rights (CHRO) Contract Compliance Regulations.
- 2.8.6 To view and/or download a Set-Aside Certificate: Go to the DAS Homepage (www.ct.gov/DAS) > Small and Minority Businesses > Apply for Small Business Enterprise or Minority Business Enterprise Certification (SBE or MBE) > View/Search SBE/MBE Directory.

2.9 Insurance Coverages:

- 2.9.1 The Insurance coverages required for this project shall be those listed in Article 35 Contractors Insurance of Section 00 73 13 General Conditions of this Project Manual. See Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form and Section 00 62 16 Certificate of Insurance of this Project Manual for additional details.
- 2.9.2 The Apparent Low Bidder shall submit the Firm's Certificate of Liability Insurance Acord® form within ten (10) business days after receipt of the Letter of Intent from DAS/CS.

3.0 All Other Required Bid Documents, Affidavits, and Certifications:

3.1 Affidavits and Certifications:

Important Note: The State may waive minor irregularities that otherwise may cause rejection of a Bid only when waiving such minor irregularities is in the best interests of the State and the minor irregularities have been corrected by the Bidder within seven (7) Calendar Days after the Bid Due Date. Failure to properly complete, sign and upload all of the following Affidavits and Certifications to Biznet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening shall cause rejection of the bid and shall not be considered a minor irregularity under C.G.S. § 4b-95.

3.1.1 Gift and Campaign Contribution Certification – OPM Ethics Form 1: All Bidders

- .1 All Bidders: In accordance with Executive Order No. 49, and pursuant to C.G.S. §§ 4-250, 4-252(c) and 9-612(f)(2), as revised, any principal or key personnel of the person, firm or corporation submitting a bid or proposal for a contract that has a value of \$50,000 or more, shall be required to upload to BizNet a Gift and Campaign Contribution Certification prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening.
- .2 Any bidder or proposer that does not upload the Gift and Campaign Contribution Certification to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening as required under this section shall be disqualified and DAS shall award the contract to the next highest ranked proposer or the next lowest responsible qualified bidder or seek new bids or proposals. Failure to upload this form to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening shall not be considered a minor irregularity under CGS 4b-95.
- .3 Once uploaded, an updated Gift and Campaign Contribution Certification shall be uploaded within 30 days of any changes to the submitted information.
- .4 Annually, on or within two (2) weeks of the anniversary date of the execution of this contract, the Contractor shall upload a completed Annual Certification with authorizing resolution. For the purposes of this paragraph, the execution date of the contract will be the date the DAS Commissioner signs the contract.

3.1.2 Consulting Agreement Affidavit - OPM Ethics Form 5: All Bidders

- .1 All Bidders: Pursuant to C.G.S. §§ 4a -81a and 4a -81b, as revised, a Consulting Agreement Affidavit must be completed and uploaded to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening for contracts with a value of \$50,000 or more.
- .2 In the event that a Bidder or vendor fails or refuses to upload the **Consulting Agreement Affidavit** to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening, as required under C.G.S. § 4a-81, such bidder shall be *disqualified* and the award shall be made to the next lowest responsible qualified bidder or new bids or proposals shall be sought. Failure to upload this form to BizNet **prior** to the date and time of the Bid Opening shall not be considered a minor irregularity under CGS 4b-95.
- .3 Once uploaded, an updated Consulting Agreement Affidavit shall be amended and uploaded not later than (1) thirty (30) days after the effective date of any such change or (2) upon the submittal of any new bid or proposal, whichever is earlier. For the purposes of this paragraph, the execution date of the contract will be the date the DAS Commissioner signs the contract.
- .4 Other Contributions by Individuals. Principals of Investment Services Firms, State Contractors, Principals Of State Contractors, Prospective State Contractors Or Principals Of Prospective State Contractors. Lists. Subcontracts Study. State Officials or Employees: All acquisitions, agreements and contracts are subject to the provisions of the C.G.S. § 9-612 regarding Campaign Contribution or Contributions.

3.1 Affidavits and Certifications Forms (continued):

3.1.3 Ethics Affidavit - OPM Ethics Form 6: All Bidders and Apparent Low Bidder

- All Bidders: Pursuant to C.G.S. §§ 1-101mm and 1-101qq, as revised, when DAS/CS is seeking a contract for a large state construction or procurement contract having a cost of more than \$500,000, DAS shall inform all potential consultant and contractor firms of the summary of state ethics laws developed by the Office of State Ethics (OSE) pursuant to C.G.S. § 1-81b. "Large State Contract" means an agreement or a combination or series of agreements between a state agency and a person, firm or corporation, having a total value of more than \$500,000 in a calendar or fiscal year a project for the construction, alteration or repair of any public building or public work. For a Guide to the Code of Ethics For Current or Potential State Contractors go to the Office of State Ethics (OSE) website (www.ct.gov/ethics), then click on the "Publications" link.
- .2 All Bidders: Pursuant to C.G.S. § 1-101qq, as revised, DAS is also required to notify all potential consultant and contractor firms or a large state construction or procurement contract that they must upload an Affirmation of Receipt of State Ethics Laws Summary to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening affirming that their key employees have read and understand the summary and agree to comply with the provisions of state ethics law.
- **.3** Failure to upload this affidavit to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening **shall** result in **rejection** of the bid and-shall not be considered a minor irregularity under CGS 4b-95.
- .4 Apparent Low Bidder: Furthermore, the Apparent Low Bidder shall provide the Summary of the State Ethics Laws to each Named Subcontractor and any other Subcontractor or Subconsultant with a contract valued over \$500,000 and obtain a Subcontractor and Subconsultant State Ethics Affidavit stating that the key personnel of the subcontractor have read, understand, and agree to comply with provisions of the state ethics laws. The Apparent Low Bidder shall submit such subcontractor(s) affidavits to the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement within ten (10) business days after receipt of the Letter of Intent from DAS/CS.

3.1.4 Iran Certification - OPM Ethics Form 7: All Bidders

- .1 All Bidders: Pursuant to C.G.S. § 4-252a, when DAS/CS is seeking a contract for a large state construction or procurement contract having a cost of more than \$500,000, an Iran Certification must be completed and uploaded to BizNet *prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening.*
- Pursuant to C.G.S. § 4-252a, "This form must always be submitted with the bid or proposal, or if there was no bid process, with the resulting contract, regardless of where the principal place of business is located. Entities whose principal place of business is located outside of the United States are required to complete the entire form, including the certification portion of the form. United States subsidiaries of foreign corporations are exempt from having to complete the certification portion of the form. Those entities whose principal place of business is located inside of the United States must also fill out the form, but do not have to complete the certification portion of the form."

3.1.5 Nondiscrimination Certification - Form A, B, C, D, or E: All Bidders

- .1 All Bidders: Pursuant to C.G.S. §§ 4a-60 and 4a-60a, as amended, a contractor must provide an awarding State agency with written representation or documentation that certifies the contractor complies with the State's nondiscrimination agreements and warranties prior to the award of any contract with the State. A Nondiscrimination Certification is required for all State contracts, regardless of type, term, cost or value. The appropriate form must be uploaded to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening.
- .2 Once uploaded, an updated Nondiscrimination Certification shall be uploaded within 30 days of any changes to the submitted information.
- .3 <u>Annually</u>, on *or* within **two (2)** weeks of the **anniversary** date of the execution of this contract, the Contractor shall upload a completed **Annual Certification** with authorizing resolution. For the purposes of this paragraph, the execution date of the contract will be the date the DAS Commissioner signs the contract.
- **3.1.6** For instructions on how to electronically download *and* upload **Affidavits and Non-Discrimination Forms**, go to the DAS Homepage (www.ct.gov/DAS) > Doing Business with the State > Create a BizNet Account for Doing Business with the State > Documents/Forms > Vendor Guide to Uploading Affidavits and Nondiscrimination Forms Online.

3.2 Security For Faithful Performance:

- 3.2.1 Certified Check or Bid Bond: All Bidders
 - .1 All Bidders for bids in excess of \$50,000 shall submit either a Certified Check or a Bid Bond, in the form required by the awarding authority. See Section 00 43 16 Standard Bid Bond in BizNet for a template and important instructions regarding submitting the Bid Bond or Certified Check. Complete and upload Section 00 43 16 Standard Bid Bond to Biznet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening for either the Bid Bond option or the Certified Check option.
 - .2 Certified Check Option: The Certified Check shall be drawn to the order of "Treasurer, State of Connecticut", in which it is understood shall be cashed and the proceeds thereof used so far as may be necessary to reimburse the State of Connecticut for losses and damages arising by virtue of the Bidder's failure to file the required Bonds and execute the required contract if this proposal is accepted by the Awarding Authority.
 - .3 Bid Bond Option: The Bid Bond shall be in the form required by the awarding authority, having as surety thereto such surety company or companies acceptable to the DAS Commissioner and as are authorized to do business in this State, for an amount not less than 10 percent of the bid.
 - .4 Return of Certified Check: All checks submitted by unsuccessful Bidders shall be returned to them after the contract has been awarded.
 - .5 Failure to submit the Bid Bond **or** Certified Check **prior** to the date and time of the Bid Opening **shall** cause **rejection** of the bid and shall not be considered a minor irregularity under CGS 4b-95.
 - **.6 Forfeiture of Certified Check or Bid Bond: Failure** of the successful bidder to execute a contract awarded as specified and bid shall result in the **forfeiture** of the certified check or bid bond.
- 3.2.2 Performance Bond: Apparent Low Bidder: Within ten (10) business days after receipt of the Letter of Intent from DAS/CS, the Apparent Low Bidder shall substitute for the certified check or bid bond accompanying its bid an executed performance bond, in the amount not less than 100 percent of the contract price, conditioned upon the faithful performance of the contract, and having as surety thereto such surety company or companies satisfactory to the Commissioner and as are authorized to transact business in this State. This bond is to be furnished pursuant to C.G.S. § 49-41, as revised. See Section 00 92 10 Additional Forms of this Project Manual for a template.
- 3.2.3 Labor and Material Bond: Apparent Low Bidder: Within ten (10) business days after receipt of the Letter of Intent from DAS/CS, the Apparent Low Bidder shall submit a labor and material bond in the amount not less than 100 percent of the contract price which shall be binding upon the award of the contract to such bidder, with surety or sureties satisfactory to the Commissioner and as are authorized to transact business in this State, for the protection of persons supplying labor or materials in the prosecution of the work provided for in the contract for the use of each such person. Any such bond furnished shall have as principal the name of the successful Bidder. This bond is to be furnished pursuant to C.G.S. § 49-41, as revised. See Section 00 92 10 Additional Forms of this Project Manual for a template.
- 3.2.4 The following section of the General Statutes of Connecticut, as revised, is inserted as information concerning this bond and will be incorporated into the Contract for the Work:
 - C.G.S. § 49-41a. Enforcement of payment by general contractor to subcontractor and by subcontractor to his subcontractors. (a) When any public work is awarded by a contract for which a payment bond is required by section 49-41, the contract for the public work shall contain the following provisions: (1) A requirement that the general contractor, within thirty days after payment to the contractor by the State or a municipality, pay any amounts due any subcontractor. whether for labor performed or materials furnished, when the labor or materials have been included in a requisition submitted by the contractor and paid by the State or a municipality; (2) a requirement that the general contractor shall include in each of its subcontracts a provision requiring each subcontractor to pay any amounts due any of its subcontractors, whether for labor performed or materials furnished, within thirty days after such subcontractor receives a payment from the general contractor which encompasses labor or materials furnished by such subcontractor. (b) If payment is not made by the general contractor or any of its subcontractors in accordance with such requirements, the subcontractor shall set forth his claim against the general contractor and the subcontractor of a subcontractor shall set forth its claim against the subcontractor through notice by registered or certified mail. Ten days after the receipt of that notice, the general contractor shall be liable to its subcontractor, and the subcontractor shall be liable to its subcontractor, for interest on the amount due and owing at the rate of one percent per month. In addition, the general contractor, upon written demand of its subcontractor, or the subcontractor, upon written demand of its subcontractor, shall be required to place funds in the amount of the claim, plus interest of one per cent, in an interest-bearing escrow account in a bank in this State, provided the general contractor or subcontractor may refuse to place the funds in escrow on the grounds that the subcontractor has not substantially performed the work according to the terms of his or its employment. In the event that such general contractor or subcontractor refuses to place such funds in escrow, and the party making a claim against it under this section is found to have substantially performed its work in accordance with the terms of its employment in any arbitration or litigation to determine the validity of such claim, then such general contractor or subcontractor shall pay the attorney's fees of such party. (c) No payment may be withheld from a subcontractor for work performed because of a dispute between the general contractor and another contractor or subcontractor. (d) This section shall not be construed to prohibit progress payments prior to final payment of the contract and is applicable to all subcontractors for material or labor whether they have contracted directly with the general contractor or with some other subcontractor on the work.
- 3.2.5 Surety Sheet: Apparent Low Bidder: Within ten (10) business days *after* receipt of the Letter of Intent from DAS/CS, the Apparent Low Bidder shall submit a Surety Sheet that provides information regarding the Surety Company and Agent. See Section 00 92 10 Additional Forms of this Project Manual for a template.

3.3 Certificate (of Authority):

- 3.3.1 All Bidders for bids in excess of \$50,000 shall upload a signed and scanned Section 00 40 14 Certificate (of Authority) to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening. See BizNet for a template.
- 3.3.2 The Apparent Low Bidder shall submit a second Certificate (of Authority) within ten (10) business days after receipt of the Letter of Intent from DAS/CS.

3.4 Security Requirements for CT Department of Correction (CT DOC) Facilities:

- 3.4.1 All Bidders for Projects at a CT DOC Facility shall read and comply with Section 00 73 63 CT DOC Security Requirements for Contract Forces on CT DOC Facilities.
- 3.4.2 NEW: All Bidders for Projects at a CT DOC Facility: Prior to the Pre-Bid Meeting, all Bidders shall download the "Security Background Questionnaire" from the CT DOC website (www.ct.gov/doc, under "Forms"), complete and submit the form as directed, and obtain approval, otherwise admission to the Pre-Bid Meeting will be denied. It is recommended that the approved form be brought as evidence of approval to attend the Pre-Bid Meeting.

3.5 Affirmative Action Plan & Employment Information Form (DAS-45): Apparent Low Bidder

- 3.5.1 For Projects greater than \$500,000 and/or Firms with 50 or more employees, the Apparent Low Bidder shall submit the Firm's Affirmative Action Plan and Employment Information Form (DAS-45) to CHRO within fifteen (15) calendar days after receipt of the "Request for the Affirmative Action Plan and Employment Information Form Letter" from DAS/CS. See Section 00 73 38 Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities/ Contract Compliance Regulations.
- 3.5.2 The Apparent Low Bidder **shall** submit a copy of the Transmittal Letter to the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement within **fifteen (15) calendar days after** receipt of the "Request for the *Affirmative Action Plan* and *Employment Information Form* Letter" from DAS/CS.

3.6 Prevailing Wage: Apparent Low Bidder

- 3.6.1 The Apparent Low Bidder shall submit the "Contractor's Wage Certification Form" to CT Department of Labor (CT DOL) within fifteen (15) calendar days *after* receipt of the "Request for the *Affirmative Action Plan* and *Employment Information Form* Letter" from DAS/CS. See Section 00 73 44 Prevailing Wage Rates/Contractor's Wage Certification/Payroll Certification of this Project Manual.
- 3.6.2 Each contractor who is awarded a contract on or after October 1, 2002 shall be subject to provisions of C.G.S. § 31-53, as revised. See Section 00 73 44 Prevailing Wage Rates/Contractor's Wage Certification/Payroll Certification of this Project Manual.
- 3.6.3 Annual Adjustment Of Prevailing Wage Rates: In determining bid price, consideration should be given to C.G.S. § 31-53 and 31-55a, as revised, regarding annual adjustment of prevailing wage rates. Annual adjustments of prevailing wage rates will not be considered a matter for a contract amendment.

3.7 **NEW PROCESS:** General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater & Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities: Apparent Low Bidder

- 3.7.1 All DAS/CS construction projects disturbing one or more total acres of land area on a site regardless of project phasing must file a Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP) General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities (DEEP-WPED-GP-015) ("Construction Stormwater General Permit") registration and Stormwater Pollution Control Plan (SPCP) with the DEEP. The DAS/CS Architect/Engineer (A/E) shall be responsible for registering the Construction Stormwater General Permit and SPCP through the online DEEP ezFile Portal prior to bidding.
- 3.7.2 Once the Apparent Low Bidder is under contract with DAS/CS, and prior to the commencement of any construction activities, the Apparent Low Bidder ("Contractor") shall be required to provide the necessary information from all applicable contractors and/or subcontractors working on the Project to the DAS/CS A/E in order to finalize the SPCP and transfer the Construction Stormwater General Permit obligations to the Contractor.
- **3.7.3** All Contractors and Subcontractors listed on the SPCP shall be required to sign the SPCP "Contractor Certification Statement" and License Transfer Form *prior* to commencement of any construction activity.

3.8 Section 00 52 73 Subcontract Agreement Forms: Apparent Low Bidder

- 3.8.1 The Apparent Low Bidder shall submit a completed Section 00 52 73 Subcontract Agreement Form of this Project Manual for *each* Named Subcontractor within ten (10) Business Days after receipt of the "Letter of Intent" from DAS/CS. This information *shall* be considered as part of the Bid Proposal Form and failure to comply with any portion of this requirement may cause rejection of the bid.
- 3.8.2 Each Named Subcontractor shall be the matter of a Subcontract as required by C.G.S. § 4b-96.

3.9 Non-Resident Contractors and Taxation: Apparent Low Bidder

- 3.9.1 Nonresident contractors must comply with the provisions C.G.S. § 12-430 (7), Procedures for Nonresident Contractors, and the regulations established pursuant to that section. See Section 00 92 30 Procedures Regarding Taxation for Nonresident General/Prime Contractor and Subcontractors of this Project Manual for additional details.
- 3.9.2 Apparent Low Bidder who is a Nonresident Contractor: Within ten (10) business days after receipt of the "Letter of Intent" from DAS/CS, a certificate(s) from DRS must be provided which evidences that C.G.S. §12-430 for non-resident contractors has been met. As described in Section 00 92 30 "Procedures Regarding Taxation for Nonresident General/Prime Contractor and Subcontractors", Verified Nonresident General/Prime Contractors must submit a copy of their "Notice of Verified Status" (Verification Letter) from DRS. Unverified Nonresident General/Prime Contractors must submit a copy of Form AU-965 "Acceptance of Surety Bond" from DRS.

3.10 Certificate of Legal Existence: Apparent Low Bidder

3.10.1 A corporation that is awarded the contract must comply with the laws of this State regarding the procurement of a certificate of authority to transact business in this State from the Secretary of the State. A "Certificate of Legal Existence" which is not older than ninety (90) calendar days from the date of the contract signing must be filed with the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement within ten (10) business days after receipt of the "Letter of Intent" from DAS/CS.

3.11 State Election Enforcement Commission (SEEC) Form 10: Apparent Low Bidder

- 3.11.1 The Apparent Low Bidder shall submit a State Election Enforcement Commission's (SEEC) Form 10 "Notice to Executive Branch State Contractors and Prospective State Contractors of Campaign Contribution and Solicitation Limitations" within ten (10) business days after receipt of the "Letter of Intent" from DAS/CS for contracts with a value of \$50,000 or more.
- 3.11.2 Pursuant to C.G.S. § 9-612, as revised, a State Contract means an agreement or contract with the state or any state agency or any quasi-public agency having a value in a calendar year of \$50,000 or more, or a combination or series of such agreements or contracts having a value of \$100,000 or more, the authorized signatory to this submission in response to the State's solicitation expressly acknowledges receipt of, and must submit in writing, the SEEC Form 10 notice advising prospective state contractors of the state campaign contribution and solicitation prohibitions, and will inform its principals of the contents of the notice.
- **3.11.3** For instructions on how to download "SEEC Form 10", go to the SEEC Homepage (www.ct.gov/seec); click on "Forms" at the top of the page; click on "Contractor Reporting Forms"; click on "SEEC Form 10" and follow the directions.

3.12 OSHA Training Course: Successful Bidder

3.12.1 Pursuant to C.G.S. §. 31-53b (a), as revised, each contract entered into for the construction, remodeling, refinishing, refurbishing, rehabilitation, alteration or repair of any public building project by the state or any of its agents, or by any political subdivision of the state or any of its agents, where the total cost of all work to be performed by all contractors and subcontractors in connection with the contract is at least one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), shall contain a provision requiring that, not later than thirty (30) days after the date such contract is awarded, each contractor furnish proof to the Labor Commissioner that all employees performing manual labor on or in such public building, pursuant to such contract, have completed a course of at least ten (10) hours in duration in construction safety and health approved by the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration or, in the case of telecommunications employees, have completed at least ten (10) hours of training in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.268.

3.13 NEW PROCESS: Contractor and Subcontractor Payments Reporting: Successful Bidder

3.13.1 For compliance with **C.G.S. §. 4b-95 and 49-41**, DAS/CS requires every Contractor (and its Subcontractors) who has been awarded a DAS/CS construction contract to log on to the State of Connecticut web-based platform, BizNet, **each month** and **enter payments** they have received from the state, from the Contractor, or from a higher tier Subcontractor (as applicable).

The process is described as follows: The state will pay the Contractor on a monthly basis for work performed (and purchases made) by it and its Subcontractors. The Contractor will input the payment date and amount they receive from the state on a monthly basis. The Contractor's first-level Subcontractor (Tier 1 Subcontractor) will input the payment they receive from the Contractor. The second-level Subcontractor (Tier 2 Subcontractor) will input the payment they receive from the Tier 1 Subcontractor. And so on.

Contractors awarded a DAS/CS construction contract shall contain a **provision in their subcontract agreements** requiring their Subcontractors to enter payment receipt from the Contractor in the State of Connecticut web-based platform, BizNet, for work performed or purchases made in relation to state projects.

Detailed instructions can be found in the DAS/CS publication, "6002 Instructions to Contractors/Subcontractors for Entering Payments in BizNet", available for download by going to the DAS Homepage (www.ct.gov/DAS) and selecting Doing Business With The State > State Building Construction > Publications and Forms > DAS Construction Services Library > 6000 Series.

4.0 Nondiscrimination and Affirmative Action

This contract is subject to Federal and state laws, including Title VII of the 1964 Civil Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e-2(a)(1), and the Connecticut Fair Employment Practices Act, C.G.S. §46a-60 et seq., prohibit various forms of discrimination and illegal harassment in employment.

4.1 Nondiscrimination and Affirmative Action Provisions:

- 4.1.1 This section is inserted in connection with C.G.S. § 4a-60, as revised.
- **4.1.2** References in this section to "contract" **shall** mean this Contract and references to "contractor" **shall** mean the Contractor/Bidder.
- 4.1.3 C.G.S. § 4a-60, as revised:
- (a) Every contract to which the state or any political subdivision of the state other than a municipality is a party shall contain the following provisions:
- (1) The contractor agrees and warrants that in the performance of the contract such contractor will not discriminate or permit discrimination against any person or group of persons on the grounds of race, color, religious creed, age, marital status, national origin, ancestry, sex, gender identity or expression, intellectual disability, mental disability or physical disability, including, but not limited to, blindness, unless it is shown by such contractor that such disability prevents performance of the work involved, in any manner prohibited by the laws of the United States or of the state of Connecticut; and the contractor further agrees to take affirmative action to insure that applicants with job-related qualifications are employed and that employees are treated when employed without regard to their race, color, religious creed, age, marital status, national origin, ancestry, sex, gender identity or expression, intellectual disability, mental disability or physical disability, including, but not limited to, blindness, unless it is shown by such contractor that such disability prevents performance of the work involved;
- (2) The contractor agrees, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, to state that it is an "affirmative action-equal opportunity employer" in accordance with regulations adopted by the commission;
- (3) The contractor agrees to provide each labor union or representative of workers with which such contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding and each vendor with which such contractor has a contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the commission advising the labor union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this section, and to post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment;
- (4) The contractor agrees to comply with each provision of this section and sections 46a-68e and 46a-68f and with each regulation or relevant order issued by said commission pursuant to sections 46a-56, 46a-68e and 46a-68f; and
- (5) The contractor agrees to provide the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities with such information requested by the commission, and permit access to pertinent books, records and accounts, concerning the employment practices and procedures of the contractor as relate to the provisions of this section and section 46a-56.
- (b) If the contract is a public works contract, the contractor agrees and warrants that he will make good faith efforts to employ minority business enterprises as subcontractors and suppliers of materials on such public works project.

- (c) (1) Any contractor who has one or more contracts with the state or a political subdivision of the state that is valued at less than fifty thousand dollars for each year of the contract shall provide the state or such political subdivision of the state with a written or electronic representation that complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section, provided if there is any change in such representation, the contractor shall provide the updated representation to the state or such political subdivision not later than thirty days after such change.
- (2) Any contractor who has one or more contracts with the state or a political subdivision of the state that is valued at fifty thousand dollars or more for any year of the contract shall provide the state or such political subdivision of the state with any one of the following:
- (A) Documentation in the form of a company or corporate policy adopted by resolution of the board of directors, shareholders, managers, members or other governing body of such contractor that complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section;
- (B) Documentation in the form of a company or corporate policy adopted by a prior resolution of the board of directors, shareholders, managers, members or other governing body of such contractor if (i) the prior resolution is certified by a duly authorized corporate officer of such contractor to be in effect on the date the documentation is submitted, and (ii) the head of the agency of the state or such political subdivision, or a designee, certifies that the prior resolution complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section; or
- (C) Documentation in the form of an affidavit signed under penalty of false statement by a chief executive officer, president, chairperson or other corporate officer duly authorized to adopt company or corporate policy that certifies that the company or corporate policy of the contractor complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section and is in effect on the date the affidavit is signed.
- (3) Neither the state nor any political subdivision shall award a contract to a contractor who has not provided the representation or documentation required under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, as applicable. After the initial submission of such representation or documentation, the contractor shall not be required to resubmit such representation or documentation unless there is a change in the information contained in such representation or documentation. If there is any change in the information contained in the most recently filed representation or updated documentation, the contractor shall submit an updated representation or documentation, as applicable, either (A) not later than thirty days after the effective date of such change, or (B) upon the execution of a new contract with the state or a political subdivision of the state, whichever is earlier. Such contractor shall also certify, in accordance with subparagraph (B) or (C) of subdivision (2) of this subsection, to the state or political subdivision, not later than fourteen days after the twelve-month anniversary of the most recently filed representation, documentation or updated representation or documentation, that the representation on file with the state or political subdivision is current and accurate.
- (d) For the purposes of this section, "contract" includes any extension or modification of the contract, "contractor" includes any successors or assigns of the contractor, "marital status" means being single, married as recognized by the state of Connecticut, widowed, separated or divorced, and "mental disability" means one or more mental disorders, as defined in the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's "Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders", or a record of or regarding a person as having one or more such disorders. For the purposes of this section, "contract" does not include a contract where each contractor is (1) a political subdivision of the state, including, but not limited to, a municipality, (2) a quasi-public agency, as defined in section 1-120, (3) any other state, as defined in section 1-267, (4) the federal government, (5) a foreign government, or (6) an agency of a subdivision, agency, state or government described in subparagraph (1), (2), (3), (4) or (5) of this subsection.
- (e) For the purposes of this section, "minority business enterprise" means any small contractor or supplier of materials fifty-one per cent or more of the capital stock, if any, or assets of which is owned by a person or persons: (1) Who are active in the daily affairs of the enterprise, (2) who have the power to direct the management and policies of the enterprise, and (3) who are members of a minority, as such term is defined in subsection (a) of section 32-9n; and "good faith" means that degree of diligence which a reasonable person would exercise in the performance of legal duties and obligations. "Good faith efforts" shall include, but not be limited to, those reasonable initial efforts necessary to comply with statutory or regulatory requirements and additional or substituted efforts when it is determined that such initial efforts will not be sufficient to comply with such requirements.
- (f) Determination of the contractor's good faith efforts shall include but shall not be limited to the following factors: The contractor's employment and subcontracting policies, patterns and practices; affirmative advertising, recruitment and training; technical assistance activities and such other reasonable activities or efforts as the commission may prescribe that are designed to ensure the participation of minority business enterprises in public works projects.
- (g) The contractor shall develop and maintain adequate documentation, in a manner prescribed by the commission, of its good faith efforts.
- (h) The contractor shall include the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section in every subcontract or purchase order entered into in order to fulfill any obligation of a contract with the state and such provisions shall be binding on a subcontractor, vendor or manufacturer unless exempted by regulations or orders of the commission. The contractor shall take such action with respect to any such subcontract or purchase order as the commission may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance in accordance with section 46a-56; provided, if such contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the commission, the contractor may request the state of Connecticut to enter into any such litigation or negotiation prior thereto to protect the interests of the state and the state may so enter.

4.2 Nondiscrimination Provisions Regarding Sexual Orientation:

- 4.2.1 This section is inserted in connection with C.G.S. § 4a-60a, as revised.
- **4.2.2** References in this section to "contract" **shall** mean this Contract and references to "contractor" **shall** mean the Contractor/Bidder.
- 4.2.3 C.G.S. § 4a-60a, as revised:
- (a) Every contract to which the state or any political subdivision of the state other than a municipality is a party shall contain the following provisions:
- (1) The contractor agrees and warrants that in the performance of the contract such contractor will not discriminate or permit discrimination against any person or group of persons on the grounds of sexual orientation, in any manner prohibited by the laws of the United States or of the state of Connecticut, and that employees are treated when employed without regard to their sexual orientation:
- (2) The contractor agrees to provide each labor union or representative of workers with which such contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding and each vendor with which such contractor has a contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities advising the labor union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this section, and to post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment;
- (3) The contractor agrees to comply with each provision of this section and with each regulation or relevant order issued by said commission pursuant to section 46a-56; and
- (4) The contractor agrees to provide the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities with such information requested by the commission, and permit access to pertinent books, records and accounts, concerning the employment practices and procedures of the contractor which relate to the provisions of this section and section 46a-56.
- (b) (1) Any contractor who has one or more contracts with the state or a political subdivision of the state that is valued at less than fifty thousand dollars for each year of the contract shall provide the state or such political subdivision of the state with a written representation that complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section.
- (2) Any contractor who has one or more contracts with the state or a political subdivision of the state that is valued at fifty thousand dollars or more for any year of the contract shall provide the state or such political subdivision of the state with any of the following:
- (A) Documentation in the form of a company or corporate policy adopted by resolution of the board of directors, shareholders, managers, members or other governing body of such contractor that complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section;
- (B) Documentation in the form of a company or corporate policy adopted by a prior resolution of the board of directors, shareholders, managers, members or other governing body of such contractor if (i) the prior resolution is certified by a duly authorized corporate officer of such contractor to be in effect on the date the documentation is submitted, and (ii) the head of the agency of the state or such political subdivision, or a designee, certifies that the prior resolution complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section; or
- (C) Documentation in the form of an affidavit signed under penalty of false statement by a chief executive officer, president, chairperson or other corporate officer duly authorized to adopt company or corporate policy that certifies that the company or corporate policy of the contractor complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section and is in effect on the date the affidavit is signed.
- (3) Neither the state nor any political subdivision shall award a contract to a contractor who has not provided the representation or documentation required under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, as applicable. After the initial submission of such representation or documentation, the contractor shall not be required to resubmit such representation or documentation unless there is a change in the information contained in such representation or documentation. If there is any change in the information contained in the most recently filed representation or updated documentation, the contractor shall submit an updated representation or documentation, as applicable, either (A) not later than thirty days after the effective date of such change, or (B) upon the execution of a new contract with the state or a political subdivision of the state, whichever is earlier. Such contractor shall also certify, in accordance with subparagraph (B) or (C) of subdivision (2) of this subsection, to the state or political subdivision, not later than fourteen days after the twelve-month anniversary of the most recently filed representation, documentation or updated representation or documentation, that the representation on file with the state or political subdivision is current and accurate.
- 4) For the purposes of this section, "contract" includes any extension or modification of the contract, and "contractor" includes any successors or assigns of the contractor. For the purposes of this section, "contract" does not include a contract where each contractor is (A) a political subdivision of the state, including, but not limited to, a municipality, (B) a quasi-public agency, as defined in section 1-120, (C) any other state, as defined in section 1-267, (D) the federal government, (E) a foreign government, or (F) an agency of a subdivision, agency, state or government described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), (D) or (E) of this subdivision.

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(c) The contractor shall include the provisions of subsection (a) of this section in every subcontract or purchase order entered into in order to fulfill any obligation of a contract with the state and such provisions shall be binding on a subcontractor, vendor or manufacturer unless exempted by regulations or orders of the commission. The contractor shall take such action with respect to any such subcontract or purchase order as the commission may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance in accordance with section 46a-56; provided, if such contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the commission, the contractor may request the state of Connecticut to enter into any such litigation or negotiation prior thereto to protect the interests of the state and the state may so enter.

End of Section 00 21 13 Instructions to Bidders

Pre-Bid Meeting Agenda:

DAS ● Construction Services ● Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

1.0 Pre-Bid Meeting:

The Architect will conduct a Pre-Bid Meeting.

For the Pre-Bid Meeting Date, Time, and Location see Section 00 11 16 Invitation To Bid for this Specific Bid.

1.2 Attendance:

1.1

- 1.2.1 **General Contractor:** Attendance at the Pre-Bid Meeting is MANDATORY. At the Pre-Bid Meeting, all prospective bidders shall sign his or her name on the official roster and list the name and address of the company he or she represents. For MANDATORY Pre-Bid Meetings, this shall be done no later than the designated start time of the Pre-Bid Meeting. Prospective bidders are advised to register early as no attendee will be allowed to register after the advertised start time. Bids submitted by contractors who have not properly registered and attended the MANDATORY Pre-Bid Meeting shall be rejected as non-responsive. **Subcontractors:** 1.2.2 Attendance at the Pre-Bid Meeting is recommended. 1.2.3 **Pre-Bid Meeting** It is MANDATORY that all attendees sign the Pre-Bid Meeting Sign-in Sheet. Sign-in Sheet:
- 1.3 Site/Facility Visit or Walkthrough: Please do not make any Site/Facility Visits without notifying the DAS/CS Project Manager prior to your visit.
 - 1.3.1 A Site/Facility Visit or Walkthrough is scheduled for the Pre-Bid Meeting
 - 1.3.2 A Site/Facility Visit or Walkthrough is NOT scheduled for the Pre-Bid Meeting

1.4 Bidder Questions:

1.4.1 Submit <u>written</u> questions to be discussed at the **Pre-Bid Meeting** a <u>minimum of two (2) Calendar Days</u> <u>prior</u> to **Pre-Bid Meeting date**. See the **Invitation to Bid** for instructions on submitting questions.

<u>IMPORTANT NOTE:</u> In accordance with DAS Regulations, **no** participants in any Selection, Proposal, or Bidding process, including User Agency representative(s), shall communicate with any potential Offeror prior to, during, or upon conclusion of the entire Selection, Proposal, or Bidding procedure, with the exception of information necessary to complete the administrative steps of the Selection process.

2.0 Pre-Bid Meeting Agenda:

The Pre-Bid Meeting Agenda will include a review of topics, <u>as applicable to the Project</u>, which may affect proper preparation and submittal of bids, including, but not limited to, the following:

2.1 Introduction of Participants:

- 2.1.1 Architect/Engineer: Christopher Williams
- 2.1.2 CA: Dwight H. Bolton
- 2.1.3 DAS Represenative: Halina Harabasz
- 2.1.4 Agency Representative: Elizabeth Shapiro

2.0 Pre-Bid Meeting Agenda (continued):

2.2	Proje	ect Summary:		
	2.2.1	Summary of Work: See General Requirements Section 01 11 00		
	2.2.2	Temporary Facilities and Controls: See General Requirements Section 01 50 00		
	2.2.3	Work Sequence: See General Requirements Section 01 11 00		
	2.2.4	Contractor Use of Premises: See General Requirements Section 01 11 00		
	2.2.5	Project Schedule		
	2.2.6	Contract Time		
	2.2.7	Liquidated Damages: See General Conditions Section 00 73 13, Articles 1 and 8, and 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form.		

2.3	Procu	rement and Contracting Requirements:
	2.3.1	Section 00 11 16 – Invitation to Bid
	2.3.2	Section 00 21 13 – Instructions to Bidders
	2.3.3	Section 00 41 00 – Bid Proposal Form
	2.3.4	Section 00 41 10 – Bid Package Submittal Requirements
	2.3.5	Section 00 30 00 – General Statements for Available information
	2.3.6	Division 50 – Project-Specific Available Information
	2.3.7	Bonding
	2.3.8	Insurance
	2.3.9	Bid Security
	2.3.10	Notice of Award

2.4	Communication During Bidding Period:			
	2.4.1	Obtaining Bid Documents		
	2.4.2	Access to DAS Website, BizNet, and State Contracting Portal		
	2.4.3	Bidder's Requests for Information: See General Requirements Sections 01 26 00		
	2.4.4	Substitution Procedures (Prior to Bid): See General Requirements Section 01 25 00 & General Conditions Section 00 73 13, Article 15.		
		The Owner will consider Pre-Bid Equals or Substitutions Requests, if made fourteen (14) Calendar Days prior to the Bid Due Date . The information on all materials shall be consistent with the information herein.		
	2.4.5	Substitutions following Contract Award: See General Requirements Section 01 25 00 & General Conditions Section 00 73 13, Article 15.		
		Subject to the Architect or Engineer's determination, if the material or equipment is Equal to the one specified or pre-qualified and the DAS/CS Project Manager's approval of such determination, Substitution of Material or Equipment may be allowed after the Letter of Award is issued, as specified in the Conditions Section 00 73 13, Article 15.		
	2.4.6	Addenda Procedures: See Item No. 2.7 of this form		

2.0 Pre-Bid Meeting Agenda (continued): 2.5 **Contract Considerations:** 2.5.1 Allowances: See General Requirements Section 01 20 00 2.5.2 Unit Prices: See General Requirements Section 01 20 00 2.5.3 Supplemental Bid: See General Requirements Section 01 23 13 and 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form. 2.6 **Separate Contracts:** Work by Owner: AL HAZMAT ABATEMENT by DAS approved HAZMAT Contractor. 2.6.1 2.6.2 **Work of Other Contracts: Not Applicable** 2.7 **Post Pre-Bid Meeting Addendum:** No Interpretations of the meaning of the plans, specifications or other contract documents will be made 2.7.1 orally at any time. Every bidder request for such interpretation shall be in writing to the awarding authority and to be given consideration shall be received at least fourteen (14) Calendar Days prior to the Bid Due Date. Any and all such interpretations and any supplemental instructions will be in the form of written addenda to the specifications which, if issued, will be posted on the State Contracting Portal. 2.7.2 **Other Bidder Questions** 2.8 Other Agenda Topics and Notes:

3.0 Pre-Bid Meeting Minutes:

3.1 Recording and Distribution of Pre-Bid Meeting Minutes:

3.1.1 The Architect is responsible for conducting the Pre-Bid Meeting and will record and distribute meeting minutes to attendees and others known by the issuing office to have received a complete set of Procurement and Contracting Documents.

3.2 Pre-Bid Meeting Minutes as "Available Information"

3.2.1 Minutes of the Pre-Bid Meeting are issued as "Available Information" and <u>do not</u> constitute a modification to the Procurement and Contracting Documents. <u>Modifications to the Procurement and Contracting Documents are issued by written Addendum only.</u>

3.3 Pre-Bid Meeting Sign-in Sheet:

3.3.1 Minutes will include the list of meeting attendees.

3.4 List of Planholders:

2.8.1

3.4.1 Minutes will include the list of planholders.

00 25 13 Pre-Bid Meeting Agenda

00 30 00 GENERAL STATEMENTS FO	R AVAILABLE INFORMATION	NOT USED [
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- A. Summary: This Section is <u>not</u> a Bidding Document, but directs Bidders to <u>Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information</u> that provides project-specific information available for review by Bidders.
- B. Bidder Responsibility: The Bidder is responsible for information, including but not limited to, any interpretations and opinions of information contained in any plans, reports, evaluations, and logs, or shown on any drawings, or indicated on any drawings. Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information is provided to Bidders for their use in the preparation of a Bid.
- **C. Measurement: Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information shall** be utilized for determination of payment for the Work during construction of the project.
- D. Payment: No separate payment will be made for any Work under Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information.
- E. Related Sections: Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section. See Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information for information that is available for this Project.
- F. Please read the following **General Statement(s)** that describe the type of project-specific information that is available in **Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information:**

00 30 00	General Statements For Available Information Table Of Contents	Not Used
00 30 10	General Statement for Existing Conditions Survey	\boxtimes
00 30 20	General Statement for Environmental Assessment Information	
00 30 30	General Statement for Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory	
00 30 40	General Statement for Subsurface Geotechnical Report	\boxtimes
00 30 50	General Statement for Elevator Agreement	\boxtimes
00 30 60	General Statement for FM Global Checklist for Roofing Systems	\boxtimes
00 30 70	General Statement for "Statement of Special Inspections"	\boxtimes
00 30 80	General Statement for Additional Information	

00 30 10 GENERAL STATEMENT FOR EXISTING CONDITIONS SURVEY

Not Used ⊠

- A. The "Existing Conditions Survey" for this project is located in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 10 00 Existing Conditions Survey at the end of the Technical Specification Sections.
 - The information is made available for the convenience of all Bidders and is not a part of the Contract.
 - 2. All Bidders must interpret this information n according to their own judgment and acknowledge that they are not relying upon the information shown as accurately describing the conditions which may be found to exist.
 - **3.** Other components of the information, including but not limited to recommendations, may not be relied upon by the Bidders. The Owner shall not be responsible for any interpretation.
 - **4.** All Bidders further acknowledge that they assume all risk contingents upon the nature of the existing conditions which shall be actually be encountered by them.
 - 5. All Bidders should visit the site and become acquainted with all existing conditions in relationship to this information and may make their own investigations to satisfy themselves as to the existing conditions. Such investigations shall be conducted only under time schedules and arrangements approved in advance by the Owner.

00 30 20 GENERAL STATEMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT INFORMATION Not Used

A. Related Documents:

Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations

Section 01 35 16 Alteration Project Procedures

Section 01 50 00 Temporary Facilities and Controls

Section 02 41 13 Selective Demolition

Section 02 50 00 Demolition and Alterations

Section 31 20 00 Site Earth Moving

Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Additional Information

B. Definitions:

- 1. Clean Fill: Either (1) natural soil or (2) rock, brick, ceramics, concrete, and asphalt paving fragments which are virtually inert and pose neither a pollution threat to ground or surface waters nor a fire hazard.
- Contaminated Soil: Treated or untreated soil and/or sediment affected by a known or suspected release and determined, or reasonably expected to contain substances exceeding Residential Direct Exposure Criteria or GA Pollutant Mobility Criteria, as these terms are defined in the Remediation Standard Regulations (RCSA Section 22a-133k-1).
- Hazardous Soil: Soil that is classified as a hazardous waste. Soil is classified as hazardous waste if it exhibits a hazardous waste characteristic or if it contains RCRA-listed hazardous constituents above Connecticut's RCRA "Contained-In" Policy dated May 2002.
- 4. Natural Soil: Soil in which all substances naturally occurring therein are present in concentrations not exceeding the concentrations of such substance occurring naturally in the environment and in which soil no other substance is analytically detectable.
- 5. Polluted Soil: Soil affected by a release of a substance at a concentration above the analytical detection limit for such substance in accordance with RCSA 22a-133k-1(a)(45) or for naturally occurring substance at a concentration that exceeds concentrations that naturally occur in the environment.
- 6. Regulated Soil: Includes Polluted Soil, Contaminated Soil, and Hazardous Soil.
- 7. Groundwater Remediation Wastewater: Wastewater generated in connection with investigating pollution or remediating polluted groundwater or soil. Groundwater remediation wastewater includes without limitation groundwater withdrawn from a groundwater recovery well; groundwater which collects in an excavation or foundation drain or other subsurface facility or

structure; groundwater contaminated runoff and stormwater impacted by on-site pollutants from any construction activity; condensate resulting from construction or maintenance of a soil vapor extraction system; and wastewater generated by developing, testing, sampling, or purging a well.

C. Description of Work:

1. Soil Contamination Report:

- 1.1 If a Soil Contamination Report has been prepared for this Project it is located in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 20 00 Environmental Assessment Information at the end of the Technical Specification Sections.
- 1.2 If the Contractor should encounter any material suspected or known to contain Regulated Soils that was not previously identified, characterized, and assigned as the Contractor's responsibility, he should immediately notify the Construction Administrator in writing of same. It is the State's responsibility to have the material tested and abated (if necessary). The Owner will respond within four (4) Calendar Days after receiving the Contractor's written request to the Construction Administrator for testing the suspect material. If necessary, the Contractor will remediate and dispose of all additional Regulated Soils within a reasonable time period after the Owner's issuance of a Change Order for the additional remediation work.] [The Owner will remediate and dispose of all Regulated Soils (if necessary) within a reasonable time period, i.e. within ten (10) calendar days.]
 - 1.2.1 When the Owner requests the Contractor undertake the responsibilities for the remediation and disposal of all Regulated Soils, then the compensation to the Contractor by Owner for the Work shall be determined by the "Unit Prices" stated in Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations.

2. Groundwater Contamination Report:

- 2.1 If a Groundwater Contamination Report has been prepared for this Project it is located in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 20 00 Environmental Assessment Information at the end of the Technical Specification Sections.
- 2.2 If the Contractor should encounter any Groundwater Remediation Wastewater that was not previously identified, characterized, permitted, and assigned as the Contractor's responsibility, he should immediately notify the Construction Administrator in writing of same. It is the State's responsibility to have the groundwater tested and abated (if necessary). The Owner will respond within four (4) Calendar Days after receiving the Contractor's written request to the Construction Administrator for testing the suspect groundwater. The Owner shall arrange for the permitting and disposal of the Groundwater Remediation Wastewater if necessary) within a reasonable time period, i.e. within ten (10) calendar days.

00 30 30 GENERAL STATEMENT FOR HAZARDOUS BUILDING MATERIALS INSPECTION Not Used AND INVENTORY

A. Related Documents

- Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations
- Section 01 35 16 Alteration Project Procedures
- Section 02 41 13 Selective Demolition
- Section 02 81 00 Transport and Disposal of Hazardous Materials
- Section 02 82 13 Asbestos Abatement
- Section 02 84 33 Removal and Disposal of PCBs

B. Description of Work:

1. Work Involving Asbestos Containing Material (ACM):

- 1.1 Testing for asbestos has been conducted at the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair. Results of the asbestos testing are summarized in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections.
- 1.2 Under no circumstance shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for determining the extent of asbestos. The Contractor shall be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the Work.

2. Work Involving Lead-Based Paint (LBP):

- 2.1 If this facility was constructed **prior to 1978** it is likely to have painted surfaces containing lead-based paint (LBP).
- 2.2 Testing for lead-based paint has been conducted at the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair. Results of the LBP testing are summarized in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections. Under no circumstance shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for determining the extent of LBP.
- 2.3 The Contractor shall be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the Work.

3. Work Involving Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) in Building Materials:

- 3.1 If this facility was constructed between 1950 and 1978 it is likely to have caulk and/or glazing containing PCBs.
- 3.2 Testing for PCBs has been conducted at the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair. Results of the PCB testing are summarized in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections.
- 3.3 The Contractor shall be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the Work.

4. Work Involving Mold:

- 4.1 Testing for Mold has been conducted at the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair. Results of the Mold testing are summarized in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections.
- **4.2** The Contractor shall be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the Work.

5. Work Involving Hazardous Materials, Wastes, and Items and Universal Wastes (Including Products Containing Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic Chemicals (PBT's)):

- A Hazardous Materials, Wastes, and Items and Universal Wastes Inventory for products containing Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic Chemicals (PBTs) such as Polychlorinated Biphenols (PCBs), Di-2-ethylhexyl Phthalate (DEHP), and Mercury, has been conducted at the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair. Results of the inventory are summarized in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections.
- 5.2 The Contractor shall be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the Work.

- 5.3 Examples of Hazardous Materials, Wastes, and Items and Universal Wastes include, but are not limited to, fluorescent light fixtures and exit signs, ballasts, high-intensity discharge (HID) lamps, certain types of construction products containing vinyl, mercury containing electrical switches, gauges, and thermostats; PCB Capacitors, refrigerants, pressurized cylinders, smoke/carbon dioxide detectors, used electronics, batteries, transformer/hydraulic fluids/oils, and miscellaneous household hazardous waste.
- 5.4 For the purposes of this subsection, PCB's in building material such as caulk and glazing or any other type of material not listed above is not applicable to this subsection.

00 30 40	GENERAL STATEMENT FOR SUBSURFACE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT	Not Used ⊠
00 30 50	GENERAL STATEMENT FOR ELEVATOR AGREEMENT	Not Used ⊠
00 30 60	GENERAL STATEMENT FOR FM GLOBAL CHECKLIST FOR ROOFING SYSTEMS	Not Used ⊠
\ <u></u>		
00 30 70	GENERAL STATEMENT FOR "STATEMENT OF SPECIAL INSPECTIONS"	Not Used ⊠
00 30 80	GENERAL STATEMENT FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	Not Used ⊠

End of Section
00 30 00 General Statements for Available Information

Certificate (of Authority)			
DAS Construction Services Project No.:			
I (Signer's Name) ¹ (Signer's Title)			
of, an entity lawfully organized and existing under the laws (Name of Entity)			
of, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct (Name of State or Commonwealth)			
copy of a resolution adopted on the Day) ² day of Month) ² , 20 yet by the governing body of			
, in accordance with all of its documents of governance and (Name Of Entity)			
management and the laws of and further certify that such resolution has not (Name of State or Commonwealth)			
been modified, rescinded or revoked, and is at present in full force and effect.			
RESOLVED: that (Name of Signer of Contract Documents) (Title Of Signer Of Contract Do			
of is empowered and authorized, on behalf of the entity, (Name of Entity)			
to execute and deliver contracts and amendments thereto, and all documents required by the Governor, the Connecticut			
Department of Administrative Services, the Connecticut State Properties Review Board and the Office of the Attorney			
General associated with such contracts and amendments.			
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has executed this certificate this			
(Signature)			
(Print Name) (Title)			

Reference Notes:

- The signer of this certificate must be someone *other than* the signer of the contract documents *except for* a sole managing member of an LLC or the sole officer or sole principal of a corporation. *If* the signer is a sole managing member of an LLC, *then* along with this certificate the signer must provide a letter on company letterhead that indicates the signer is a sole member and managing member. If the signer is the sole officer or sole principal of a corporation, then the signer must provide with the certificate a letter on company letterhead setting forth this fact.
- 2 This date must be on or before the date of signing of the Bid Proposal (or Contract).
- 3 This person shall sign the Contract and other required documents.
- 4 This date must be on or after the date of signing of the Bid Proposal (or Contract).

For Your Information:

Certificate (of Authority)

All Bidders:

Complete page 1, print, sign, and scan to PDF. Upload the PDF form to BizNet.

What the **Certificate** is saying is that the organization authorized the signatory to sign the pertinent **documents other than** the Certificate (of Authority) and that, as of the date of **execution** of the CERTIFICATE (i.e., the date set forth in the "In Witness Whereof" blanks) there has been no change in that authorization.

Instructions For Completing The Certificate (of Authority)

The <u>Certificate (of Authority)</u> to <u>Accompany</u> the <u>Bid Proposal Form</u>:

- 1. 1st Paragraph:
 - 1.1 First, enter the name and title of the individual signing the Certificate (of Authority).
 - **1.2** Second, enter the legal name of the entity (exactly as it is shown on the Secretary of State registry).
 - **1.3** Third, enter the name of the state or commonwealth the entity is registered in.
 - **1.4** Fourth, enter the date the resolution was adopted by the governing body. This date is on or before the date the <u>Bid Proposal</u> is signed.
 - **1.5** Fifth, enter the name of the state or commonwealth the entity is registered in.
- 2. 2nd Paragraph:
 - **2.1** First, enter the name and title of the individual signing bid documents for the entity.
 - 2.2 Second, enter the legal name of the entity (exactly as it is shown on the Secretary of State registry).
- 3. Last Paragraph:
 - 3.1 Enter the Witness Date¹. This date will likely be the date of execution of the Bid Proposal form.

¹ This Witness Date Should Not Be Before The Date Of Execution Of The Bid Proposal.

The Certificate (of Authority) to Accompany the Contract:

- 1. 1st Paragraph:
 - 1.1 First, enter the name and title of the individual signing the Certificate (of Authority).
 - **1.2** Second, enter the legal name of the entity (exactly as it is shown on the Secretary of State registry).
 - 1.3 Third, enter the name of the state or commonwealth the entity is registered in.
 - 1.4 Fourth, enter the date the resolution was adopted by the governing body. This date is on or before the date the Contract is signed.
 - **1.5** Fifth, enter the name of the state or commonwealth the entity is registered in.
- 2. 2nd Paragraph:
 - **2.1** First, enter the name and title of the individual signing contract documents for the entity.
 - 2.2 Second, enter the legal name of the entity (exactly as it is shown on the Secretary of State registry).
- 3. Last Paragraph:
 - 3.1 Enter the Witness Date 1. This date will likely be the date of execution of the Contract.

¹ This Witness Date Should Not Be Before The Date Of Execution Of The Contract.

End of Section 00 40 14 Certificate (of Authority)

State of Connecticut Department of Administrative Services (DAS) Contractor Prequalification Forms

IMPORTANT INFORMATION – PLEASE READ

For Projects with estimated Construction Costs greater than \$500,000

WHEN YOU SUBMIT A BID YOU MUST INCLUDE WITH YOUR OTHER DOCUMENTS THE FOLLOWING:

1. A copy of your "DAS Contractor Pregualification Certificate".

This document may be found at the DAS Contractor Pregualification Search:

Go to the DAS Homepage (<u>www.ct.gov/DAS</u>), click on "Doing Business with the State", click on "Apply for DAS Construction Contractor Prequalification", click on "How To", and then click on "Search Prequalified Companies".

To search for your company, just type in your company name and click on "Go" to pull up your company. When your company information appears you will notice that your company name is shown as a blue link. Just click on this link and it will take you to your Prequalification Certificate.

2. A "DAS Update (Bid) Statement".

This document may be found and completed on-line at the Bid Statement Online Application.

Go to the DAS Homepage (www.ct.gov/DAS), click on "Doing Business with the State", click on "Apply for DAS Construction Contractor Prequalification", click on "Documents/Forms", click on "Update Bid Statement", and then click on "Bid Statements".

Follow instructions in the "Instructions for Prequalification".

Go to the DAS Homepage (www.ct.gov/DAS), click on "Doing Business with the State", click on "Apply for DAS Construction Contractor Prequalification", click on "How To", and then click on "View Instructions for Prequalification".

Should you have any questions or concerns, please call (860) 713-5280.



» DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificate

Contractor Prequalification Company Information

Company: Sample Corporation

Address: 165 Capitol Avenue Hartford, CT06106

Contact: John T. Reed Prequalification

> Telephone: (860) 111-2222 Fax: (860) 111-3333

Email: Jreed@samplecom.com

Web Addr: www.samplecom.com

Contractor Prequalification History

Active Date	Expiration Date	Single Project	AWC
Oct 8, 2004	Oct 7, 2005	\$20,000,000,00	\$50,000,000.00

Prequalification Classification(s)

Classification

CONSTRUCTION (GROUP C)

GENERAL BUILDING The undertaking of general contracts for the construction of buildings (i.e. new construction, renovation, rehabilitation, alteration, addition, etc.). The contract must include a variety of construction practices and supervision of a minimum of three sub-trades. Includes buildings that are truly custom, requiring extensive detailing, or that have large amounts of integrated scientific or complex mechanical/electrical equipment in order for them to function. Examples include hospitals, chemistry buildings, special collections buildings, historic preservation to a landmark structure, and/or any other structure that is truly one of a kind within the State's inventory.

Note: If you are prequalified for General Building Construction under Group C, you are automatically prequalified for Group A and Group B.

Prequalification Licenses

License #	Trade	Active	Expire
000009	Asbestos Contractor	Sep 8, 2004	Aug 31, 2005
900235	Major Contractor	Jul 1, 2004	Jun 30, 2005
667 Class A	Demolition Contractor	Apr 1, 2004	Mar 31, 2005

This certificate prequalifies the named company to bid solely. It is not a statement of the company's capacity to perform a specific project. That responsibility lies with the

It is the Department of Administrative Services' (DAS) recommendation that all awarding authorities verify the above information by visiting the DAS website: http://www.das.state.ct.us - click on contractor prequalification (under the business section).

For information regarding the DAS Contractor Prequalification Program visit the above mentioned website or call (860) 713-5280.

	effrourement (Durineze Fleet Service 2 John I Human Resource 2 (Resource Directors Neur					
	CT Gos Home Blood DIS Conflact DIS Press Room DIS Home Quick Links ERQ Site Mag					
D/S HOME	The Department of Administrative Services. <u>Review our Privacy Policy.</u> All State disclaimers and permissions apply. Need to contact us? Send e-mail to <u>das webmaster@po.state.ot.us</u>					
	Copyright #2001, 2002, 2003, 2004 - Last Updated: Saburday, October 09, 2004					
Get Kombat /	The software to view and print Adobe Acrobat documents (PDF Riles) is available free from the Adobe website. To get a free copy of the software, click the "Get Acrobat" image.					

State of Connecticut Department of Administrative Services (DAS) Contractor Prequalification **Update Bid Statement**

(Statement to be included with the bid)

Public Act No. 04-141 - AN ACT REVISING PREQUALIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR STATE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS.

On and after October 1, 2004, each bid submitted for a contract shall include a copy of a prequalification certificate issued by the Commissioner of Administrative Services. The bid shall also be accompanied by an update statement in such form as the Commissioner of Administrative Services prescribes. The form for such update statement shall provide space for information regarding all projects completed by the bidder since the date the bidder's prequalification certificate was issued or renewed, all projects the bidder currently has under contract, including the percentage of work on such projects not completed, the names and qualifications of the personnel who will have supervisory responsibility for the performance of the contract, any significant changes in the bidder's financial position or corporate structure since the date the certificate was issued or renewed, any change in the contractor's qualification status and such other relevant information as the Commissioner of Administrative Services prescribes. Any bid submitted without a copy of the prequalification certificate and an update statement shall be invalid.

Project Number:						
Name of Company:						
FEIN:						
Company Address:						
Prequalification Contact and Telephone Number						
Date of Prequalification with the DAS:	Single Limit:		Aggrega	ate Work Capa	city (AWC):	
* This amount equals your company's AWC min	us the Total \$ Amount of Wo	rk Remaining.	* Remai	ning Aggregate	e Work Capad	city:
Please list all of your company's (100%) (Please add additional page(s) if required		ce date of Pre	equalifica	tion:		
Name of Project		Owner of P	roject	Date Proje Complete		Fotal Contract Amount
(Please add additional page(s) if required	I. Please total the Work	Remaining c	olumn)		•	
Name of Project		Owner of P	roject	Total Contract Amount	% Complete	Work Remaining (\$)
		Total \$ Amo	unt of W	ork Remaining		•

Name of Project that company

PAGE 4 OF 4

Please list the names and titles of the personnel who will have supervisory responsibility for the performance of the contract being bid on:

Individual Name	ndividual
Have there been a	
ousiness organization, which might affect your comp	pany's ability to
successfully complete this contract?	
es or No	
f yes, please explain:	
, certify under penalty of law that all of the information con Statement is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge	
Signature	Date
t is the responsibility of the Awarding Authority to determin	ne if any of the information provided above will impact the
contractor's performance on this project.	•

The DAS' Contractor Prequalification Program can be reached at (860) 713-5280

Rev.12.22.2004

Bid Proposal Form

DAS I Construction Services I Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement 450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 1302 I Hartford, CT 06103

Date and Time of Bid Opening:	See page 1 of Section 00 11 16 Invitation To Bid.
Instructions for On-Line Bidding:	Follow the instructions in <u>6001 Construction On-line Bidding Instructions</u> , available for download from the DAS/CS Library (<u>http://portal.ct.gov/DASCSLibrary</u>) > 6000 Series – Bid Phase Forms. For questions, call 860-713-5794 or 860-713-5783.

Instructions for Completing This Bid Proposal Form:

- **Download** and **save** the Bid Proposal Form to your computer. Close the form. Open your *saved* Bid Proposal Form and type required information in blue boxes. (Remember to keep saving to your computer.)
- · On your Word Toolbar, click "View" then "Edit Document" or "Print Layout" in order to edit the form.
- When your Bid Proposal Form is complete, perform a final "save" to your computer! **Print ALL** pages **and sign** your Bid Proposal Form. **Scan ALL** pages of your Bid Proposal Form to **PDF**. Upload the **PDF** Bid Proposal Form to BizNet.
- **Duly Authorized Signature:** A duly authorized representative of the Bidder or Bidder's partnership, firm, corporation or business organization must sign the Bid Proposal Form.
- · No Facsimile Signature is permitted. All information below is to be filled in by the Bidder.
- If an Addendum is issued that **changes** the **Bid Proposal Form** then the **Revised Bid Proposal Form** (issued with the Addendum) **must** be uploaded instead.
- Upload to BizNet only the additional Bid Package Documents as described in Table 1 of Section 00 41 10 Bid Package Submittal Requirements.
- A signed and scanned *Certificate (of Authority)*, Section 00 40 14, *must* be uploaded to Biznet *prior* to the date and time of the Bid Opening.
- Any Bid Proposal Form that has omitted or added items, altered the form, contains conditional, alternative, or obscure bids, or is submitted without the signature of the bidder or its authorized representative, will be rejected.
 See Section 00 21 13 Instructions to Bidders for additional information.

	1.0 General Bid Proposal Information:				
Construction Costs:	Greater Than \$500,000				
Bidding Limited To :	Contractors Prequalified by DAS for General Building Construction (Group B)				
Threshold Limits: (C.G.S. §29-276b)	This Project DOES NOT exceed Threshold Limits.				
Set Aside Requirements:	SBE Subcontractors &/or Suppliers: 25%; MBE Subcontractors &/or Suppliers: 6.25%				
Project Title: Repair and Renovation at the Eric Sloane Museum					
Project Location:	31 Kent Cornwall Road				
	Kent, CT				
Project Number:	BI-RR-27				
Pre-Bid Meeting:	See Section 00 11 16 Invitation to Bid and Section 00 25 13 Pre-Bid Meeting.				
Plans and Specifications prepared by A/E:	Christopher Williams Architects LLC, 85 Willow Street, New Haven, CT 06511				

PAGE 2 OF 9

1.1 Commencement and Acceptance: (See Section 00 73 13 General Conditions, Article 4 - Commencement and Progress of Work and Article 1 - Definitions)

The Selected Bidder shall commence Work within fourteen (14) Calendar Days <u>after</u> receiving a

"Construction Start Date and Notice to Proceed" by the Commissioner or authorized representative and continue for 112 Calendar Days for "Substantial Completion" of the project; Calendar Days for "Acceptance" of the Work.

1.2 Liquidated Damages: (See Section 00 73 13 General Conditions, Article 8 – Damages & Article 1 - Definitions)

1.2.1 Liquidated Damages – Substantial Completion:

The Selected Bidder shall be assessed \$ 1,714.00 per Calendar Day <u>beyond</u> the date established for Substantial

Completion of the Contract according to the **Contract Time** as defined in **Article 1.28** of **Section 00 73 13 General Conditions**, and not otherwise excused or waived pursuant to the Contract Documents, as defined in **Article 1.23** of **Section 00 73 13 General Conditions**.

1.2.2 Liquidated Damages - Acceptance:

The Selected Bidder shall be assessed \$

1,659.00

per Calendar Day beyond ninety (90) days after the date of

said Substantial Completion that the Selected Bidder fails to achieve **Acceptance**, as defined in **Article 1.1** of **Section 00 73 13 General Conditions** and not otherwise excused or waived as described above.

- **1.3 Bid Proposal Statements and Conditions:** This **Bid Proposal Form** shall be submitted according to, and in compliance with, the foregoing and following statements, conditions, and/or information:
- 1.3.1 This Bid Proposal Form is submitted in accordance with Chapter 60 Construction And Alterations Of State Buildings, Part II Bidding And Contracts of the Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.), as amended, particularly C.G.S. § 4b-91(a)(5)(A) (C), and pursuant to, and in compliance with, the **Invitation to Bid** (Section 00 11 16), the **Instructions to Bidders** (Section 00 21 13), the **Bid Package Submittal Requirements** (Section 00 41 10), and the **Contract** (Section 00 52 03).
- 1.3.2 The Bidder proposes to furnish the labor and/or materials, installed as required for the Project named and numbered on this Bid Proposal Form, submitted herein, furnishing all necessary equipment, machinery, tools, labor and other means of construction, and all materials specified in the manner and at the time prescribed strictly in accordance with the provisions of the Contract including, but not limited to, the specifications and/or drawings together with all Addenda issued by the Awarding Authority and received by the Bidder, prior to the scheduled Date and Time of the Bid Opening as stated on page 1 of the Invitation To Bid, and in conformity with requirements of the Awarding Authority and any laws or Departmental regulations of the State of Connecticut or of the United States which may affect the same, for and in consideration of the price(s) stated on this Bid Proposal Form, hereof.
- 1.3.3 The Bidder acknowledges that the Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid submitted on this Bid Proposal Form includes all work indicated on the drawings and/or described in the specifications, except for the Contingent Work described in Subsection 2.4.
- 1.3.4 The Bidder acknowledges and agrees to furnish all labor and materials required for this Project, in accordance with the accompanying Plans and Specifications prepared by the Architect/Engineer listed on page 1 of this Bid Proposal Form, for the Contract Sum specified in the Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid in Subsection 2.1 of this Bid Proposal Form, subject to additions and deductions according to the terms of the specifications, and including the number of Addenda stated in Subsection 2.2 of this Bid Proposal Form.

1.4 Award:

- **1.4.1** All Bid Proposals shall be subject to the provisions of **Section 00 21 13 Instructions to Bidders** and for purpose of award, consideration shall be given only to Bid Proposals submitted by qualified and responsible Bidders.
- 1.4.2 The award shall be made on the **lowest Lump Sum Bid** and any or all **Supplemental Bid(s)** as stated in **Subsection 2.4.2** of this **Bid Proposal Form**, taken sequentially, as applicable, provided funds are available.
- **1.4.4** In the event of any **discrepancy** between the amount written in words and the amount written in numerical figures, the amount written in words shall be controlling.

2.0 Bid Proposal Requirements:					
		Bidder Information:			
	Bid Uploaded On:	(Month) (Day) (Year)			
	Proposal Of:	(Complete Bidder's Legal Company Name As Registered With the CT Secretary of State)			
	Firm Address:	(Avenue / Street) , (Town / City) , (State) (Zip Code)			
	Contact Person:	(Name) (Title)			
Co	ntact Information:	(Phone Number) (Fax Number) (Email Address)			
1	Threshold Project:	Major Contractor Registration License No.:			
		All Bidders for Projects that exceed Threshold Limits (see page 1 of this Bid Proposal Form): Insert your Firm's Major Contractor Registration License Number in the space provided above. NOTE: If this Project does NOT exceed Threshold Limits, insert "Not Applicable" in the blue box above. Delete this note by pressing the spacebar.			
2.1	Proposed Lump S	Sum Base Bid:			
2.1.1	and "printed words"	Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid in the spaces provided below, including both numerical figure dollar amount. The Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid shall include all Allowances, all worngs and/or described in the specifications except for Contingent Work.			
2.1.2		Sum Base Bid shall be shown in <u>both</u> numerical figures and "printed words" dollar amoun crepancy the "printed" words dollar amount shall govern.	t.		
2.1.3	The Proposed Lump	Sum Base Bid is:			
	\$				
		(Place Numerical Figures in the Box Above)			
		Dollars			
		(Insert "Printed Words" Dollar Amount in the Box Above)			
2.2	Number of Adden	nda:			
2.2.1	All Bidders: Insert the	Number of Addenda issued by the State of Connecticut in the space provided below.			
2.2.2	2.2.2 Failure to acknowledge the <u>correct number</u> of all Addenda in <u>the box below</u> in this Bid Proposal Form <u>shall</u> cause rejection of the bid.				
2.2.3		ges that their Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid Proposal <u>includes:</u> mber of Addenda. If none, enter "0".			
2.3	2.3 Allowances:				
See S	ection 01 20 00 Contract	t Considerations in Division 01 General Requirements for Allowances for applicability.			

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2.4 Contingent Work:

2.4.1 Base Bid Quantities and Defined Unit Prices: See Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations in Division 01 General Requirements for applicability regarding Base Bid Quantities and Defined Unit Prices for Earth and Rock Excavation, Miscellaneous Items, Alterations Items, Environmental Remediation, and/or Hazardous Building Materials Abatement.

2.4.2 Supplemental Bids:

- .1 See Section 01 23 13 Supplemental Bids in Division 01 General Requirements for applicability.
- .2 All Bidders: If Supplemental Bids are applicable to this Project, insert the Supplemental Bids in the spaces provided below. Any Supplemental Bids listed below, *if* accepted by the Owner, will be taken cumulatively and in numerical order as scheduled. No Supplemental Bid will be skipped or taken out of numerical order as scheduled.

Supple	Supplemental Bid No. 1: Enter information in blue boxes below:					
ADD:	\$			Dollars		
	•	(Insert Numerical Figures)	(Insert "Printed Words" Dollar Amount)			
Supple	eme	ental Bid No. 2: NOT APPL	ICABLE			
ADD:	\$			Dollars		
	-	(Insert Numerical Figures)	(Insert "Printed Words" Dollar Amount)			
Supple	eme	ental Bid No. 3: NOT APPL	ICABLE			
ADD:	\$			Dollars		
	•	(Insert Numerical Figures)	(Insert "Printed Words" Dollar Amount)	_		
Supple	eme	ental Bid No. 4: NOT APPL	ICABLE			
ADD:	\$			Dollars		
	•	(Insert Numerical Figures)	(Insert "Printed Words" Dollar Amount)	_		

2.5 Bidder's Qualification Statement and Objective Criteria for Evaluating Bidders:

- 2.5.1 All Bidders: Download Section 00 45 14 General Contractor Bidder's Qualification Statement from BizNet for a template and instructions. Complete and upload Section 00 45 14 General Contractor Bidder's Qualification Statement to Biznet *prior* to the date and time of the Bid Opening. Information with regards to the General Contractor's Bidder's Qualification Statement is submitted and is made part of this Bid Proposal Form. Failure of a Bidder to answer any question or provide required information *shall* be grounds for the awarding authority to disqualify and reject the bid, pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes §4b-92.
- 2.5.2 All Bidders shall comply with Section 00 45 15 Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders. Note: Individual Specification Sections may contain General Contractor and/or Subcontractor Qualification requirements that exceed those in Section 00 45 15 Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders.

2.6 Bidder's Pregualification Requirements for Projects Exceeding \$500,000:

All Bidders for Projects with estimated Construction Costs <u>greater</u> than \$500,000: Upload to BizNet a current copy of your Firm's "DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificate" and "Update (Bid) Statement" for the applicable Class of Work on page 1 of this Bid Proposal Form *prior* to the date and time of the Bid Opening. Failure to comply with this requirement shall cause rejection of the bid and shall not be considered a minor irregularity under C.G.S. § 4b-95. See Section 00 40 15 CT DAS Prequalification Forms for instructions on preparing and/or downloading your Firm's "DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificate" and "DAS Update (Bid) Statement".

2.7	Named Subcontractors and Classes of	of Work:		
2.7.1	2.7.1 All Bidders for Projects with one or more Classes of Work checked in Table 2.7 below: Complete Table 2.7 according to the instructions below. Failure to properly provide all of the required information in Table 2.7 may cause rejection of the bid.			
	Table 2.7: Named Sub	ocontractors and Classes of Work:		
	Electrical Work: NOT APPLICABLE			
	Complete Subcontractor Name:			
	Proposed Dollar Value of Subcontract: \$			
	HVAC Work: NOT APPLICABLE			
	Complete Subcontractor Name:			
_	Proposed Dollar Value of Subcontract: \$			
	Masonry Work: NOT APPLICABLE			
	Complete Subcontractor Name: Proposed Dollar Value of Subcontract: \$			
	Proposed Dollar Value of Subcontract: \$ Plumbing Work: NOT APPLICABLE			
ш	Complete Subcontractor Name:			
	Proposed Dollar Value of Subcontract: \$			
П	Environmental Remediation: NOT APPLICABLE			
	Complete Subcontractor Name:			
	Proposed Dollar Value of Subcontract: \$			
	Hazardous Materials Abatement: NOT APPLICAB	3LE		
	Complete Subcontractor Name:			
	Proposed Dollar Value of Subcontract: \$			
2.7.2	2 Instructions For Table 2.7:			
.1	1 Each Class of Work set forth in a separate sec	tion of the specifications pursuant to this Section shall be a subtrade		
	designated in Table 2.7 of this Bid Proposal For	m and shall be the matter of a subcontract.		
.2		shall insert the name of the Subcontractor with the largest proposed Subcontractor ". The Bidder shall provide <u>all</u> of the information for each		
.3		to perform any portion of the Named Classes of Work, including		
	circumstances where the Subcontractor is a Small Business Enterprise (SBE) or a Minority Business Enterprise (MBE), then it must list the Subcontractor or SBE/MBE Subcontractor as the case may be, for such Class of Work. A Bidder may not substitute itself for any of the Named Classes of Work. The Bidder should not list itself as the Named Subcontractor if it intends to use a Subcontractor to perform any portion of the Classes of Work listed in Table 2.7 . The Bidder should name the Subcontractor.			
.4	For each Class of Work specified in Table 2.7, th Value of Subcontract for each Class of Work a Subcontract. If the Bidder intends to use more th the Subcontractor Name and Subcontract Value for			
.5	the time of the Bid Opening Date if the work is great with its price in the space provided in Table 2.7. shall cause rejection of the bid.	ied Classes of Work and is Prequalified by DAS for the Class of Work <i>at</i> ater than \$500,000, the Bidder may list itself as a Subcontractor together Failure to properly provide <u>all</u> of the required information in Table 2.7		
.6	.6 If the Bidder does not name itself or a Subcontractor for a specified Class of Work, it shall be presumed that the Bidder intends to perform with its own employees all work in such specified classes. The Bidder shall be required to perform with its own employees all of the work of the specified class. Subcontracting any portion of such specified class of work subsequently, will be considered a violation of C.G.S. § 4b-95 and subject the Bidder to disqualification under C.G.S. § 4b-95(e).			
.7	such sub-bid by a Bidder shall be considered un	umed to perform with its own employees all work in a specified class, no cless the Bidder can show to the satisfaction of the awarding authority, urpose, that it customarily performs such subtrade work and is qualified able section of the specifications.		

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2.8 Set Aside Requirements: (see Section 00 73 38 "CHRO Contract Compliance Regulations") 2.8.1 For Projects Less Than \$500,000: Submit a current copy of your Firm's "DAS Set-Aside Certificate" with your Bid Proposal Form prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening. For Projects Less Than \$500,000: Upload a completed copy of the CHRO Employment Information Form, "Bidder 2.8.2 Contract Compliance Monitoring Report" with your Bid Proposal Form prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening. The report is on the CHRO Webpage (http://www.ct.gov/chro/cwp/view.asp?a=2525&Q=315900&chroPNavCtr=I#45679). All Bidders shall be required to award not less than the percentage(s) stated on page 1 of this Bid Proposal Form to Subcontractors who are currently certified and eligible to participate under the State of Connecticut Set-Aside Program for SBE and/or MBE contractors, in accordance with C.G.S.§ 4a-60g. Failure to meet these requirements shall cause rejection of the bid. 2.9 Insurance Coverages: The limits of liability for the Insurance required for this project shall be those listed in Article 35 Contractors Insurance of Section 00 73 13 General Conditions. Also see Section 00 62 16 Certificate of Insurance. **Special Hazards Insurance:** 2.9.1 M None is Required. "X-C-U" Coverage (explosion, collapse, and underground damage) shall be required in accordance with Article 35 Contractors Insurance of Section 00 73 13 General Conditions. Asbestos Abatement Insurance is required. 2.9.2 **Builders Risk Insurance:** None is Required. The Bidder shall be required to maintain Builder's Risk Insurance providing coverage for the entire Work at the project \boxtimes

2.9.3 Commercial General Liability Insurance:

<u>NOTE:</u> There is a new requirement regarding **commercial general liability (CGL) insurance:** All selected firms are required to provide an endorsement to the CGL insurance stating that the State of Connecticut is an additional insured. Please be advised that a blanket endorsement **may not** be acceptable.

site, portions of the Work located away from the site but intended for use at the site, and portions of the Work in transit. Coverage shall be written on an All-Risk, Replacement Cost, and completed Value Form basis in an amount at least equal to the projected completed value of the Work and the policy shall state that the State of Connecticut shall be named as a

2.9.4 Owners and Contractors Protective Liability Insurance:

loss payee not as an additional insured for these coverages.

The Bidder shall maintain **Owner's and Contractor's Protective Liability** insurance providing a total limit of \$1,000,000 for all damages arising out of bodily injury or death of persons in any one accident or occurrence and for all damages arising out of injury or destruction of property in any one accident or occurrence and subject to a total (aggregate) limit of \$2,000,000 for all damages arising out of bodily injury to or death of persons in all accidents or occurrences and out of injury to or destruction of property during the policy period. This coverage shall be for and in the name of the State of Connecticut.

2.9.5 Umbrella Liability Insurance:

This project requires **Umbrella Liability Insurance**. The Bidder shall provide an endorsement to the Umbrella Liability Insurance stating that the State of Connecticut is an additional insured. Select the correct **Umbrella Limit** for this **Project's Contract Value** using the "Umbrella Liability Insurance Table" below.

	Umbrella Liability Insurance Table:			
Co	ontract Valu	ie	Umbrella Limit	
\$1.00	to	\$500,000.00	\$1,000,000.00	
\$500,000.01	to	\$1,000,000.00	\$2,000,000.00	
\$1,000,000.01	to	\$10,000,000	\$5,000,000.00	
\$10,000,000.01	to	\$30,000,000	\$10,000,000.00	
\$30,000,000.01	to	\$80,000,000	\$15,000,000.00	
\$80,000,000.01	to	\$150,000,000	\$20,000,000.00	
\$150,000,000.01	to	\$300,000,000	\$25,000,000.00	

3.0 Bid Proposal Acknowledgements:

The Bidder acknowledges and agrees to the following:

- 3.1 To Upload to BizNet Submit the Bid Proposal Form (all pages), All Other Bid Documents, Affidavits, and Certifications:
- 3.1.1 The Bidder acknowledges and agrees to electronically upload to DAS BizNet <u>all pages</u> of the **Bid Proposal Form**, and all other **Bid Documents**, **Affidavits**, and **Certifications** as directed in **Section 00 11 16 Invitation to Bid, Section 00 21 13 Instructions to Bidders**, and **Section 00 41 10 Bid Package Submittal Requirements**.
- 3.1.2 The State may waive minor irregularities which it considers in the best interest of the State and, when applicable, are corrected by the Bidder within seven (7) Calendar Days after the Bid Due Date. Failure to properly complete, sign and upload any of the items marked with an asterisk (*) in Table 1 of Section 00 41 10 Bid Package Submittal Requirements shall cause rejection of the bid and shall not be considered a minor irregularity under C.G.S. § 4b-95.
- 3.1.3 If there are any delays in the receipt of other documents then the Bid shall remain valid for the same additional number of days. For example, if the documents are submitted four (4) Calendar Days later; then the bid shall remain valid for ninety-four (94) Calendar Days.
- **3.1.4** Failure to submit the documents before the stated deadline **may** result in rejection of the bid at the sole discretion of the Commissioner of Administrative Services.

3.2 To Hold Bid Price:

The Bidder acknowledges and agrees to hold the **Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid** in **Subsection 2.1** of this Bid Proposal Form for **ninety (90) Calendar Days** and any extensions caused by the Bidder's delays in required submissions. The Bidder and the State may mutually agree to extend this period. The agreement to extend the **ninety (90) Calendar Day** period may occur after the expiration of the original **ninety (90) Calendar Day** period.

3.3 To Use and Accept Allowances:

When applicable to this Project, the Bidder acknowledges and agrees to accept and use the Allowances as shown in Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations of Division 01 General Requirements as part of the Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid listed in Subsection 2.1 of this Bid Proposal Form.

3.4 To Use and Accept the Following Contingent Work:

- **3.4.1 Unit Prices:** When applicable to this Project, the Bidder **acknowledges and agrees** to accept and use the **Units, Add Unit Prices, and Deduct Unit Prices** as shown in **Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations** of Division 01 General Requirements in evaluating either additions to or deductions from the Work.
- 3.4.2 Supplemental Bid: When applicable to this Project and if accepted by the Owner, the Bidder acknowledges and agrees to provide all labor, material and equipment to complete the Work in accordance with the Supplemental Bid described in Section 01 23 13 Supplemental Bids of Division 01 General Requirements and provided by the Bidder in Subsection 2.4.2 of this Bid Proposal Form.

3.5 To Use the Named Subcontractors Listed in Table 2.7:

The Bidder <u>agrees</u> that each of the **Named Subcontractors** stated in **Table 2.7** of this Bid Proposal Form will be used for the **Class of Work** indicated, for **the Proposed Total Subcontract Value dollar amount stated**, <u>unless</u> a **substitution** is permitted by the awarding authority as provided for in and in accordance with C.G.S. § 4b-96, as amended.

3.6 To Make Good Faith Efforts to Employ MBEs:

The Bidder acknowledges and agrees to make **good faith efforts** to employ **Minority Business Enterprises (MBEs)** as **Subcontractors** and **Suppliers** of materials under such Contract.

3.7 To Submit a Certified Check or Bid Bond (if required):

The Bidder acknowledges and agrees to submit a **Certified Check** or **Standard Bid Bond** *prior* to the due date and time of the Bid Opening (if required). Download **Section 00 43 16 Standard Bid Bond** from BizNet for a template and instructions.

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3.0 Bid Proposal Acknowledgements (continued):

3.8 To Accept the Current Prevailing Wage Rate Schedule:

The U. S. Secretary of Labor's latest decision and the State of Connecticut Department of Labor (DOL) Prevailing Wage Rate Schedule are all incorporated in the documents. The higher rate (Federal or State) for any given occupation shall prevail. At the time of bidding, the Bidder agrees to accept the current Prevailing Wage Rate Schedule, as well as the annual adjustment to the prevailing wage rate that is in effect each July 1st, as provided by DOL. See **Section 00 73 44 Prevailing Wage Rates/Contractor's Wage Certification/Payroll Certification.** Annual adjustments of prevailing wage rates will *not* be considered a matter for a contract amendment with DAS/CS.

3.9 To Comply With CHRO Requirements:

If applicable, the Apparent Low Bidder acknowledges and agrees to provide the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities with such information as is requested by the Commission concerning their **employment practices and procedures** as they relate to the current provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes governing Contract requirements within **fifteen (15) calendar days after** receipt of the "Request for the Affirmative Action Plan and Employment Information Form Letter" from the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement.

3.10 To Ensure Executive Order No. 11246 for Equal Employment Opportunity & Non-Segregated Facilities Has Been Met:

The Apparent Low Bidder acknowledges and agrees to ensure that Executive Order No. 11246 for Equal Employment Opportunity & Non-Segregated Facilities has been met for their firm and their Subcontractors. The Apparent Low Bidder also agrees to certify (if required) to the compliance of non-segregated facilities.

3.11 To Obtain and Maintain Required Insurance Coverages:

The Bidder acknowledges and agrees to obtain and maintain the required Insurance Coverages and submit the Firm's "Certificate of Liability Insurance Acord® form" within ten (10) business days *after* receipt of the "Letter of Intent" from the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement, as discussed in Section 00 62 16 Certificate of Insurance and Article 35, "Contractors Insurance" in Section 00 73 13 General Conditions.

3.12 To Comply With Security Requirements for CT Department of Correction Facilities:

When applicable to this Project, the Bidder acknowledges and agrees to comply with **Section 00 73 63 CT Department of Correction (CT DOC) Security Requirements** for Contract Forces on CT DOC Facilities.

3.13 To Ensure C.G.S. § 12-430 for Non-Resident Contractors Has Been Met:

If applicable, the Apparent Low Bidder acknowledges and agrees to provide either a copy of the "Notice of Verified Status" (Verification Letter) from the Connecticut Department of Revenue Services (DRS) (for Verified Nonresident General/Prime Contractors) or a copy of Form AU-965 "Acceptance of Surety Bond" from DRS (for Unverified Nonresident General/Prime Contractors) within ten (10) business days *after* receipt of the "Letter of Intent" from the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement which evidences that C.G.S. § 12-430 for non-resident contractors has been met, as described in Section 00 92 30 Procedures Regarding Taxation for Nonresident General/Prime Contractor and Subcontractors.

3.14 To Execute Contract:

If selected as the Prime Contractor, the Bidder acknowledges and agrees to **execute a Contract** in accordance with the terms of this **Bid Proposal Form** and the **Contract** within **ten (10) Calendar Days** (legal State holidays excluded) **after** notification thereof by the awarding authority. See **Section 00 52 03 Contract** for a sample.

4.0 Confidentiality of Documents:

- **4.1** The **undersigned** agrees that if not selected as the Prime Contractor for this project, all plans and specifications in their possession for the project shall be destroyed.
- **4.2** The **undersigned** agrees that if selected as the Prime Contractor for this project:
- **4.2.1** The plans and specifications shall not be disseminated to anyone except for construction of this project.
- **4.2.2** The **following provision** shall be included in all of its contracts with subcontractors and sub-consultants:

"Any and all drawings, specifications, maps, reports, records or other documents associated with the contract shall only be utilized to the extent necessary for the performance of the work and duties under this contract. Said drawings, specifications, maps, reports, records and other documents may not be released to any other entity or person except for the sole purpose of the work described in this contract. No other disclosure shall be permitted without the prior written consent of DAS Construction Services. When any such drawings, specifications, maps, reports, records or other documents are no longer needed, they shall be destroyed."

4.2.3 Upon completion of the construction and the issuance of a certificate of occupancy, the plans and specifications shall be returned to DAS Construction Services, or destroyed, or retained in a secure location and not released to anyone without first obtaining the permission of DAS Construction Services.

5.0 Bid Proposal Declarations:

I (we), the undersigned, hereby declare that I am (we are) the only person(s) interested in the Bid Proposal and that it is made without any connection with any other person making any Bid Proposal for the same work. No person acting for, or employed by, the State of Connecticut is directly or indirectly interested in this Bid Proposal, or in any Contract which may be made under it, or in expected profits to arise therefrom. This Bid Proposal is made without directly or indirectly influencing or attempting to influence any other person or corporation to bid or refrain from bidding or to influence the amount of the Bid Proposal of any other person or corporation. This Bid Proposal is made in good faith without collusion or connection with any other person bidding for the same work and this proposal is made with distinct reference and relation to the plans and specifications prepared for this Contract. I (we) further declare that in regard to the conditions affecting the Work to be done and the labor and materials needed, this Bid Proposal is based solely on my (our) own investigation and research and not in reliance upon any representations of any employee, officer or agent of the State.

6.0 Duly Authorized Signature:				
Type of Business: ((Check Applicable Box)			
☐ Limited Liabilit	y Corporation (LLC)	☐ Cor	orporation (If Checked, Provide Corporate Seal Below	v)
☐ Partnership				
☐ Sole Proprieto	or			
☐ Doing Busines	ss As (d/b/a)			
(If d/b/a box is che	cked provide complete name below)	(Provide	de <u>exact</u> corporate name from corporate seal below)	
(Do	ing Business As Name)		(Name On Corporate Seal)	_
Signed:				
(Month) (Day) (Year)			(Year)	1
Bidder's Signature:				
	(Duly Authorized)		(Title)	
	(Print Named)		(Date)	•

Bid Package Submittal Requirements:

DAS ■ Construction Services ■ Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement 450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 1302 ■ Hartford, CT 06103

1.1.1 On-Line Bidding: All Bidders shall electronically upload their Bid Package Documents to BizNet following the instructions in the DAS/CS publication, 6001 Construction On-line Bidding Instructions, available for download here: Go to the DAS Homepage (www.ct.gov/DAS) > Doing Business With The State > State Building Construction > Publications and Forms > DAS Construction Services Library > 6000 Series > 6001 Construction On Line Bidding Instructions. 1.1.2 For questions, call 860-713-5794.

1.2 Bid Package Submittal Requirements:

All Bidders are required to **electronically upload Bid Package Documents** to BizNet *prior* to the date and time of the Bid Opening. Additional documents must be either **electronically uploaded** to BizNet **or** submitted as **paper copies** to the **appropriate Agency**. See Tables 1, 2, and 3 for specific submittal requirements.

- 1.2.1 All Bidders: See Table 1. All Documents in Table 1 must be electronically uploaded to BizNet.
- **1.2.2** Three (3) Apparent Lowest Bidders: See Table 2.
- **1.2.3** Apparent Low Bidder: See Table 3.

1.3 Deadlines for Receipt of Bid Package Documents:

- Table 1: Bid Package Documents must be uploaded to BizNet *prior* to the date and time of the Bid Opening. The State may waive minor irregularities that otherwise may cause rejection of a Bid only when waiving such minor irregularities is in the best interests of the State and the minor irregularities have been corrected by the Bidder within seven (7) Calendar Days after the Bid Due Date. Failure to properly <u>complete</u>, <u>sign</u> and <u>upload</u> to BizNet any of the items **marked with an asterisk (*)** in **Table 1** <u>prior</u> to the date and time of the Bid Opening shall cause rejection of the bid and shall **not** be considered a minor irregularity under **Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.)** § 4b-95.
- **1.3.2 Tables 2 and 3:** See the tables for additional deadlines. Failure to submit the documents before the stated deadlines **may** result in rejection of the bid at the sole discretion of the Commissioner of Administrative Services.

1.4 Delays in Receipt of Supportive Documents from the Three Apparent Lowest Bidders:

- **1.4.1** If there are any delays in the receipt of the supportive documents specified in Tables 2 and 3, then the Bids shall remain valid for the same additional number of days.
 - .1 For example, since the Three (3) Apparent Lowest Bidders are required to Hold The Bid Price for ninety (90) calendar days, if supportive documents are submitted four (4) calendar days later, then the bid shall remain valid for ninety-four (94) calendar days.
- **1.4.2** Failure to submit the documents before the stated deadline **may** result in rejection of the bid at the sole discretion of the Commissioner of Administrative Services.

	TABLE 1 ALL BIDDERS				
Construc	Construction Costs: The Bid Proposal Form, Other Bid Package Documents, Affidavits, and				
Less Than \$500,000	Greater Than \$500,000	Certifications <u>shall</u> be electronically uploaded to BizNet by <u>all</u> Bidders prior to the Date and Time of the Bid Opening.	Form Location		
	В	id Proposal Form and Other Bid Package Documents			
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	* Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form	BizNet		
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	* Section 00 43 16 Standard Bid Bond or Certified Check	BizNet		
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	* Section 00 45 14 General Contractor Bidder's Qualification Statement	BizNet		
	\boxtimes	* DAS Prequalification Certificate	BizNet		
	\boxtimes	* DAS Update (Bid) Statement	BizNet		
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	Section 00 40 14 Certificate (of authority)	BizNet		
\boxtimes		DAS Set-Aside Certificate	BizNet		
		Bidder Contract Compliance Monitoring Report	CHRO Website		
		Affidavits and Certifications			
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	* Gift and Campaign Contribution Certification – OPM Ethics Form 1	BizNet		
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	* Consulting Agreement Affidavit – OPM Ethics Form 5	BizNet		
\boxtimes	×	Ethics Affidavit (Regarding State Ethics) – OPM Ethics Form 6	BizNet		
	\boxtimes	Nondiscrimination Certification – Form A, B, C, D, or E	BizNet		

^{*} NOTE: The State may waive minor irregularities that otherwise may cause rejection of a Bid only when waiving such minor irregularities is in the best interests of the State and the minor irregularities have been corrected by the Bidder within seven (7) Calendar Days after the Bid Due Date. Failure to properly complete, sign and upload to BizNet any of the items marked with an asterisk (*) in Table 1 prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening shall cause rejection of the bid and shall not be considered a minor irregularity under C.G.S. § 4b-95.

TABLE 2 THREE (3) APPARENT LOWEST BIDDERS						
Construction Costs:		WHEN APPLICABLE:				
Less Than \$500,000	Greater Than \$500,000	Submit within ten (10) Calendar Days after receipt of the "Set-Aside Contractor Schedule Request" from the DAS/CS Procurement Unit:	Form Location			
		Set-Aside Contractor Schedule for each subcontracted SBE and/or MBE firm(s) (See Section 00 73 27 Set-Aside Contractor Schedule for a sample Request.)	Email From DAS/CS Procurement Unit			
	\boxtimes	DAS Set-Aside Certificate(s) for each subcontracted SBE and/or MBE firm(s) listed in the Set-Aside Contractor Schedule.	Download from BizNet			
	\boxtimes	Section 00 45 17 Named Subcontractor Bidder's Qualification Statements for each Named Subcontractor listed in the Bid Proposal Form.	Copy from Project Manual			
	\boxtimes	DAS Prequalification Certificate(s) and Update (Bid) Statement(s) for each Named Subcontractor listed in the Bid Proposal Form with Subcontracts greater than \$500,000.	Download from BizNet			

	Subcontracts greater than \$500,000.						
	TABLE 3						
	APPARENT LOW BIDDER						
Construction Costs:							
Less Than \$500,000	Greater Than \$500,000	When Applicable, submit the following documents as noted: Form Loca					
Submit with	Submit within fifteen (15) calendar days after receipt of the "Request for the Affirmative Action Plan and Employment Information Form Letter" from the DAS/CS Procurement Unit:						
	\boxtimes	If Contractor has 50 or more employees and/or the Project is equal to or greater than \$500,000, submit to CHRO: Affirmative Action Plan and Employment Information Form (DAS-45).	CHRO Website & BizNet				
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	Submit to DAS/CS Procurement Unit: Copy of Transmittal Letter to confirm the Affirmative Action Plan was filed with CHRO.	(copy of transmittal letter)				
	\boxtimes	Submit to CT Department of Labor: Contractors Wage Certification Form. See Section 00 73 44 Prevailing Wage Rates/Contractor's Wage Certification/Payroll Certification.	Copy from Project Manual				

TABLE 3 APPARENT LOW BIDDER (continued)					
Construc	tion Costs:				
Less Than \$500,000	Greater Than \$500,000	Submit within ten (10) Intent" fro	Form Location		
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	Section 00 40 14 Certi	ificate (of authority)	Email From DAS/CS Procurement Unit	
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	Section 00 52 03 Cont	tract	Email From DAS/CS Procurement Unit	
	\boxtimes	Section 00 52 73 Subo	contract Agreement Form (Named & Listed)	Email From DAS/CS Procurement Unit	
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	_	Insurance Acord® form Insurance Certificate Form for details)	Email From DAS/CS Procurement Unit	
	\boxtimes		PS Abatement Liability Insurance (for asbestos ection 00 62 16.1 Asbestos Abatement Liability	Email From DAS/CS Procurement Unit	
\boxtimes	\boxtimes		Performance Bond		
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	Section 00 92 10:	Labor & Material Bond	Email From DAS/CS	
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	Additional Forms	Surety Sheet	Procurement Unit	
\boxtimes	\boxtimes		Bidder's Certification: Financial Position & Corporate Structure		
\square	\boxtimes	Power of Attorney fro	m the Surety Company	Surety Company	
		Nonresident (Out of S Verified Nonresident G their "Notice of Verif Department of Revenue Unverified Nonresident of Form AU-965 "Acce (See Section 00 92 30 General/Prime Contract	CT Department of Revenue Services		
		NEW: General Perr Dewatering Wastewat For projects disturbing copy of the signed Sto Certification Statement the DAS/CS Architect construction activities.	DAS/CS Architect/Engineer		
	\boxtimes	Ethics Affidavit (Rega each Named Subcontra	arding State Ethics) OPM Ethics Form 6 for actor	BizNet	
	\boxtimes	Threshold Projects O License Number(s) fo	CT Department of Consumer Protection		
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	SEEC Form 10	SEEC Website		
\boxtimes	\boxtimes	Certificate of Legal Ex	Secretary of the State		
\boxtimes		NEW: Contractor and Every Contractor (and month and enter pay) the Contractor, or from	BizNet		

End of Section 00 41 10 Bid Package Submittal Requirements

PAGE 1 OF 1

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CERTIFIED CHECK OR BID BOND (select one):					
All Bidders:					
Edit this page, print, sign, and scan to PDF. Upload the PDF form to BizNet.					
CERTIFIED CHECK OPTION: Prior to the Date and Time of the Bid Opening:					
(1) Check the box for "Certified Check Option";					
(2) Print, scan to PDF, and upload the PDF form to Biznet; and					
(3) Deliver the Certified Check, made payable to "Treasurer, State of Connecticut", to the following address:					
State of Connecticut					
Department of Administrative Services, Construction Services					
Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement 450 Columbus Boulevard, North Tower, Suite 1302					
Hartford, CT 06103-1835					
BID BOND OPTION (see template below): Prior to the Date and Time of the Bid Opening:					
(1) Check the box for "Bid Bond Option";					
(2) Complete the Standard Bid Bond (below), print, sign, scan to PDF, and upload the PDF Bid Bond to Biznet.					

Standard Bid Bond

DAS ■ Construction Services ■ Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we,									
				, he	reinaf	iter cal	led th	ne Princip	al,
of				, as	Princ	ipal,			
and								,hereina	ıfter
called the Surety, a corporation organized and existi	ng ur	der the la	aws of	the					
State of				, and	duly	author	rized	to transa	ct a
surety business in the State of Connecticut, as Sure	ty, are	held and	d firml	y bou	nd un	to the	State	of	
Connecticut, as Obligee, in the penal sum of ten (10)	perc	ent of the	amou	int of	the bi	d set f	orth i	n a	
proposal hereinafter mentioned,									
									<u> </u>
lawful money of the United States of America, for the the Principal and the Surety bind themselves, their									
jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.	iens,	executors	s, aui		ators	, succ	C3301	s and as	sigiis,
	THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, That, whereas the Principal has submitted								
or is about to submit a proposal to the Obligee relate				-					
	NOW, THEREFORE, if the said contract be awarded to the Principal and the Principal shall, within such time as may be specified, enter into the said contract in writing with the State of Connecticut and give the required								
bonds, with surety acceptable to the Obligee, or if	the	Principal :	shall	fail to	do s	so, pay	/ to t	he Oblige	e the
damages which the Obligee may suffer by reason of this obligation shall be void, otherwise to remain in				ceedin	g the	penal	ty of	this bond	, then
SIGNED, SEALED AND DELIVERED this		day of				. 20			\neg
GIGHED, GEALED AND DELIVERED UNG		aay or				, 20			=
(Principal's Signature)	l				Su	rety			
, , , , , , , ,	by					,			
(Print Name)	, ,	<u> </u>	Its a	ttorne	y in f	act Sig	ınatu	re	
Company Name				(1	Print N	lame)			

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General Contractor Bidder's Qualification Statement

DAS ■ Construction Services ■ Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

Instructions:

- All Bidders are required to upload this form to BizNet, properly completed, prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening.
- Failure of a Bidder to answer any question or provide required information shall be grounds for the awarding authority to disqualify and reject the bid, pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes §4b-92.
- If a question or request for information does not pertain to your organization in any way, use the symbol "NA" (Not Applicable).
- Attach additional information on 8 1/2" x 11" sheets with your letterhead as necessary and reference specific section and subsection numbers.
- NOTE: The Department reserves the right to request any additional or supplemental information

	nece	essary to complete its evaluation of a Bidder's qua	lifica	tion.				
1.0	Proj	roject Information:						
	1.1	DAS/CS Project Number:						
	1.2	Project Name:						
	1.3	Project Location:						
2.0	Proj	ects with Construction Costs Estimated To	о Ве	Greater than \$5	500,000:			
	. 8	select the applicable Class of Work as stated	l in tl	ne 00 11 16 Invit	ation to Bid.			
		Select YES if your Firm has the applicable the DAS Prequalification Certificate and Jpdate (Bid) Statement or NO if it does not.						
		f YES, upload the applicable DAS Prequalification Certificate and Update (Bid) Statement to BizNet <i>prior</i> to the date and time of the Bid Opening.						
		Not Applicable - Construction Costs Less than \$500,000						
		Class of Work:		DAS Prequalifica	have the applicable ation Certificate and d) Statement?			
	2.1	General Building Construction (Group A):		YES	NO 🗆			
	2.2	General Building Construction (Group B):		YES 🗆	NO 🗆			
	2.3	General Building Construction (Group C):		YES 🗆	NO 🗆			
	2.4	General Trades (Interior Work Only):		YES 🗆	NO 🗆			
	2.5	☐ CPS Projects ONLY: Insert Class of Work		YES	NO 🗆			

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3.0	of State registry. The appropriate title must be used throughout the documents, for example: General Partner, Member, Manager, Sole Member, etc.)				
	Name:				
4.0	How m	any years has your Firm been in business under its Present Legal Name ?			
5.0	How m	any years has your Firm been in business as a General Contractor?			
6.0		e <u>all</u> other names by which your Firm has been known and the length of time by each name:			
	6.1	Years Months			
	6.2	Years Months			
	6.3	Years Months			
7.0	This Fi	rm's Certification with the CT Secretary of State:			
	Check Box	Type of Business Entity: Certification Year			
		Corporation			
		Partnership			
		Sole Proprietorship			
		Limited Liability Company (LLC)			
		Other:			
8.0	and Su a bidde numbe	resumes of all supervisory personnel , such as Principals , Project Managers , uperintendents , who will be directly involved with the project on which you are now er. Indicate their construction related training, certifications and licenses and the r of years of actual construction experience. Indicate the number of years of this construction experience which were in a Supervisory capacity.			

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9.0	Nam	ned Subcontractor – Bidder Intends to Self-Perform:							
	inter	ck YES or NO for each "Named Subcontractor" Class of Work which your firm hads to perform with its own employees for this Contract; see Section 2.7 of Section 1 00 Bid Proposal Form.							
	com for e cale	E : For Projects with Construction Costs estimated to be greater than \$500,000, plete Section 00 45 17 Named Subcontractor Bidder's Qualification Statement each Named Subcontractor Class of Work checked YES and submit within ten (10) and days <i>after</i> receipt of the "Set-Aside Contractor Schedule Request" from DAS/CS are of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement.							
		Not Applicable – No Named Subcontractors &/or Not Self-Performing							
		Named Subcontractor Class of Work			Does your Firm intend to self-perform this Named Subcontractor Class of Work?				
	9.1	Electrical:		YES		NO 🗆			
	9.2	HVAC:		YES		NO 🗆			
	9.3	Masonry:		YES		NO 🗆			
	9.4	9.4 Plumbing:		YES		NO 🗆			
	9.5	Environmental Remediation:		YES		NO 🗆			
	9.6	Hazardous Materials Abatement:		YES		NO 🗆			
10.0	. s	ned Subcontractor - Class of Work Greater	Clas	ss of Wo		_			
	. s	to perform with its own employees for this Contract. Select YES if your Firm has the applicable the DAS Prequalification Certificate and Update (Bid) Statement or NO if it does not.							
	S	If YES, submit the applicable DAS Prequalification Certificate and Update (Bid) Statement within ten (10) calendar days <i>after</i> receipt of the "Set-Aside Contractor Schedule Request" from DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement.							
		Not Applicable – No Class of Work Greate	er \$	500,000	&/or Not	Self-Performing			
		Named Subcontractor Class of Work Greater Than \$500,000		Does your Firm have the applicate DAS Prequalification Certificate a Update (Bid) Statement?					
	10.1	☐ Electrical:		YES		NO 🗆			
	10.2	HVAC:		YES		NO 🗆			
	10.3	☐ Masonry:]	YES		NO 🗆			
	10.4 Plumbing:			YES		NO 🗆			

PAGE 4 OF 7

11.0	<u>all</u> d	List <u>all</u> construction projects your Firm has completed in the <u>past five (5) years.</u> Provide <u>all</u> of the information listed below. DAS/CS <i>may</i> reject a bid as non-responsive if the bidder does not make <u>all</u> required pre-award submittals within the designated time period. Attach additional sheets as necessary <u>using the following format</u> :				
	yea agg con Sec	IMPORTANT NOTE: <u>Two (2)</u> of the construction projects completed in the past five (5) years shall be (1) single project contracts that have reached substantial completion, not aggregate projects; (2) of commercial and/or institutional construction work (this includes compliance with general requirements); (3) within the Cost Estimate Range stated in Section 00 11 16 Invitation to Bid for this project; and (4) of the size and complexity of this Project. Failure to identify to <i>two</i> such projects <i>shall</i> result in rejection of the bid.				
	11.1	Project Title:				
	11.2	Project Location:				
	11.3	Construction Start Date:				
	11.4	Construction Finish Date:				
	11.5	Describe the Scope of Work your Firm performed:				
	11.6	Original Contract Amount:				
	11.7	Final Contract Amount:				
	11.8	Original Contract Duration (Calendar Days):				
	11.9	Final Contract Duration (Calendar Days):				
	11.10	Owner:				
	11.11	Owner's Representative:	(Name) (Phone Number)			
	11.12	Design Firm:				
	11.13	Design Firm's Representative:	(Name) (Phone Number)			
40.0	D. ((rame) (rmone number)			
12.0	Furnish references from architects , engineers or owners indicating that your Firm has satisfactorily completed in a timely manner contract work for projects within the cost estimate range, size and complexity of this project. Provide explanations where delays have occurred. This information should cover work done over the past five years.					
13.0	For Projects greater than \$5 Million: Submit the name, resume and references of the Construction Scheduler in accordance with the requirements called for in Section 01 32 16.13 Critical Path Method Schedules of the General Requirements. Not Applicable – Project Less Than \$5 Million					

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14.0	List and explain if your Firm has ever failed to complete a contract or if any officer or partner of your Firm has ever been an officer or partner of another organization that failed to complete a contract. Indicate below the circumstances leading to the project failure and the name of the company which provided the bonding for the failed contract(s): Not Applicable
15.0	List and explain if your Firm has ever had a contract terminated, indicating the
	circumstances leading to the project termination of contract(s): Not Applicable
16.0	List and explain all legal or administrative proceedings against your Firm or any officers, principals, partners, members, or employees of the organization currently pending or concluded adversely within the last five years, and any judicial or administrative sanctions that are still in effect against such organization, and any of its officers, principals, partners, members, or employees. (Exclude Occupational Safety and Health Act [OSHA] violations which are called for elsewhere in this statement). Add attachments as necessary.
17.0	List and explain any disbarments or suspensions that have been imposed on your Firm in the past five years or that were still in effect during the five year period or that are still in effect. Such list must include disbarments and suspensions of officers, principals, partners, members, and employees of your Firm: Not Applicable
18.0	List and explain any other reason(s) that precludes your Firm or any officer, principal, partner, member, or employees thereof from bidding on a contract in Connecticut or any other jurisdiction: Not Applicable
19.0	List and explain all willful or serious violations your Firm has had of any OSHA or of any standard, order or regulation promulgated pursuant to such act, during the three year period preceding the bid, provided such violations were cited in accordance with the provisions of any State Occupational Safety and Health Act or Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970. Indicate whether these were abated within the time fixed by the citation or whether the citation was appealed. If appealed what is the status or disposition. Add attachments as necessary. Not Applicable

P	Δ	G	F	6	0	F	7

20.0	List and explain any criminal convictions your Firm has had related to the injury or death of any employee in the three-year period preceding the bid: Add attachments as necessary.
	Not Applicable
21.0	List and explain any changes in your Firm's financial condition or business organization, which might affect your Firm's ability to successfully complete this contract: Not Applicable
	Not Applicable
22.0	NEW: List and explain if your Firm has ever failed to submit an Affirmative Action Plan to the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities (CHRO). Indicate below the circumstances leading to the failure to submit the Affirmative Action Plan to CHRO: Not Applicable
23.0	 NEW: List and explain if your Firm's Affirmative Action Plan has ever been disapproved by CHRO or determined to be noncompliant. Indicate below the circumstances leading to the disapproval or finding of noncompliance of your Affirmative Action Plan by CHRO: Not Applicable

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24. Signature				
Dated at				
Signed this	day of , 20			
Name of Firm:				
Firm Address:				
Signature:				
Print or Type Name:				
Title:				
	25. Notary Statement			
Mr./Mrs./Ms.	being duly sworn			
deposes and says tha	t he/she is the Of (Position or Title)			
, and that the answers to the foregoing				
(Firm Name) questions and all statements therein contained are true and correct.				
Subscribed and sworn before me this day of , 20 , 20				
Notary Public				
My Commission Expires , 20				

End of Section
00 45 14 General Contractor Bidder's Qualification Statement

PAGE 1 OF 3

Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders:

CT DAS ■ Construction Services ■ Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

The following items are established pursuant to Sections 4b-92, 4b-94 and 4b-95a of the Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) as amended.

The Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders (Section 00 45 15) are to assure that the State of Connecticut will secure the "lowest responsible and qualified bidder" who has the ability and capacity to successfully complete the Bid Proposal Form and the Work. Failure to comply with any portion of this requirement may cause rejection of the bid. Note: Individual Specification Sections may contain General Contractor and/or Subcontractor Qualification requirements that exceed those in Section 00 45 15 Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders.

THE BIDDER MUST HAVE OR HAVE COMPLETED THE FOLLOWING:

1.1 DAS Prequalification Requirements:

For Projects with Construction Costs greater than \$500,000, all Bidders shall upload to BizNet a valid Department of Administrative Services (DAS) Prequalification Certificate and Update (Bid) Statement *prior* to the date and time of the Bid Opening.

1.2	Evalu	Evaluation:				
	1.2.1	1.2.1 All Bidders shall upload to BizNet Section 00 45 14 General Contractor's Bidder Qualifications Statement <i>prior</i> to the date and time of the Bid Opening.				
	1.2.2 If applicable, the Three (3) Lowest Bidders shall submit Section 00 45 17 Named Subcontract Bidder Qualification Statement(s) to DAS Construction Services (DAS/CS) Office of Legal A Policy, and Procurement within ten (10) calendar days after receipt of the "Set-Aside Cont Schedule Request" from DAS/CS.					
	1.2.3 The Bidder must demonstrate that the Bidder and, if applicable, its Named Subcontractors, meet to objective criteria for this specific project.					
that have reached substantial completion, not aggregate projects – of commercial and construction work (this includes compliance with general requirements) during the pas within the Cost Estimate Range stated in Section 00 11 16 Invitation to Bid for this pro		The responses to the Statement(s) must identify two (2) projects completed – single project contracts that have reached substantial completion, not aggregate projects – of commercial and/or institutional construction work (this includes compliance with general requirements) during the past five (5) years within the Cost Estimate Range stated in Section 00 11 16 Invitation to Bid for this project, and of the size and complexity of this project. The failure to identify to such projects shall result in rejection of the bid.				
	1.2.5	If the Bidder identifies two projects that meet the above criteria, the State's evaluation shall be based on the performance record of the prospective Bidder as a general, prime contractor and its named subcontractors during the course of the two (2) comparable projects, and not just the end result. The state will conduct the evaluation based on its interpretation of its objective criteria. Evaluation criteria shall include: Faithful and efficient performance; fulfilment of contract obligations; financial, managerial and technical abilities; and integrity and the absence of any conflicts of interest. Any one or all of the factors noted in this paragraph as well as in the other criteria set forth in this Section 00 45 15 may be grounds for the determination by the State, in its sole discretion, of the Bidder's responsibility and qualifications necessary for the faithful performance of the work required of this project.				

1.3 References:

Furnished **references from architects**, **engineers or owners** indicating that it has satisfactorily completed in a timely manner contract work for projects and provide explanations where delays have occurred. This information should cover work done over the **past five years**. Review of DAS/CS projects shall be included in the evaluation of the bidder's qualifications and anticipated future performance.

PAGE 2 OF 3

1.4 Qualified Personnel:

- 1.4.1 Shown that it customarily employs or has on its payroll **supervisory personnel**, **qualified** to perform the work required for this project and to coordinate the work called for in the Bid Specifications.
- 1.4.2 If the project is for \$5 Million or more, submit the name, resume and references of the Construction Scheduler in accordance with the requirements called for in Section 01 32 16.13 Critical Path Method Schedules of the General Requirements.

1.5 Past Performance:

Demonstrated a good track record of **past performance** on State or other projects relative to quantity, quality, timeliness, cost, cooperation and harmonious working relationships with subcontractors, suppliers and client agencies. DAS/CS will review the Bidders past performance ratings prepared by DAS/CS or prepared as part of the DAS Contractor Prequalification Program. This review may focus on the comments relative to: Quality of Supervision, Adherence to Contract Documents, On Time Project Completion, Subcontractor performance, and the handling of Change Orders. Unacceptable ratings for several criteria shall be sufficient cause to deem a bidder not responsible.

1.6 Financial Responsibility:

Shown that it is **financially responsible** to perform the work as bid. If requested, additional financial information shall be provided. Prompt and proper payments to its subcontractors and material suppliers is a critical factor to be considered by DAS/CS.

1.7 [Left Blank]

1.8 Equipment Requirements:

Shown that it owns or possesses, rented, or leased **equipment** of the type customarily required by contractors in the performance of contract work and that such equipment, if needed, is available for this project.

1.9 Materials and Suppliers:

Purchased **materials** over the past three years from suppliers who customarily sell such materials in quantity to contractors.

1.10 Physical Facilities:

Control of adequate physical facilities from which the work can be performed.

1.11 Compliance with Subcontractor Requirements:

Demonstrated that on **previous state projects** the bidder complied in good faith with the requirements of listing subcontractors as outlined in C.G.S. Sections 4b-93 and 4b-95.

1.12 Threshold Building and Major Contractor Requirements:

Demonstrated that **all major subcontractors** are in compliance with the provisions of C.G.S. Section 20-341gg, as revised, concerning licensure requirements to perform work on any structure that exceeds the threshold limits contained in C.G.S. Section 29-276b, as revised.

1.13 OSHA Requirements:

Proven that the Bidder has not been found to be in violation of three or more willful or serious violations of Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations in the past three years.

PAGE 3 OF 3

1.14 Criminal Convictions and Injuries or Death of Employees:

Not received a **criminal conviction** related to the injury or death of any employee in the three-year period preceding the bid.

1.15 Legal or Administrative Proceedings:

Listed all **legal** (court and/or arbitration) or **administrative proceedings** currently pending as well as any legal (court and/or arbitration) or administrative proceeding related to procurement or performance of any public or private construction contracts which has concluded adversely within the last three years.

1.16 Contract Performance and Surety:

Identified any situations where: (1) the bidder failed to complete a construction contract; or (2) bonds were called during the past three years. If applicable, attach a sheet providing explanation including date(s) and location(s).

1.17 State Tax Requirements:

Not been found to be in violation of any **state tax** requirements of the Connecticut Department of Revenue Services in the five (5)-year period preceding the bid.

1.18 State and Federal Labor Requirements:

Not been found to be in violation of any State or Federal **labor laws** as required through the Department of Labor including violations of prevailing wage laws in the five (5)-year period preceding the bid.

1.19 Change Order Pricing and State Ethics:

Been found to be in compliance with all statutory and regulatory requirements. This Item shall include, but not be limited to, any DAS/CS determinations related to improper Change Order pricing relative to C.G.S. Section 1-101nn of The State Ethics Statutes.

1.20 Internal Revenue Services (IRS) Requirements:

Not been found in violation of any of the **Internal Revenue Service Tax Requirements** regarding classification of employees and independent contractors in the five (5)-year period preceding the bid.

1.21 Workers Compensation and Insurance Requirements:

Not been found to be in any violation of C.G.S. Section 31-288 relating to employee classification for purposes of Workers' Compensation insurance premiums in the five (5)-year period preceding the bid.

NOTE: The foregoing Item Numbers 1.13 and 1.14 are meant to comport with C.G.S. Section 31-57b.

End of Section 00 45 15 Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders

Contract

DAS ■ Construction Services ■ Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

Contract For:					
Dated as of	by and between the State of Connecticut (herein called the				
_	(Month, Day, Year)				
"State") acting he	"State") acting herein by its Commissioner, Department of Administrative Services under the				
provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) Sections 4-8, 4a-1, 4a-1a, 4a-2, 4b-1, and 4b-3,					
as revised, and	(herein called the "Contractor").				
	(Print Name of Contractor)				

WITNESSETH, that the State and the Contractor in consideration of the hereinafter contained mutual promises and covenants, do hereby agree as follows:

1. CONTRACT AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS:

The Invitation for Bids, the enumerated Plans, the Specifications and Amendments thereto, the Addenda, the Bid Proposal as accepted by the Commissioner, Department of Administrative Services, Order of Award, which Order is made a part of this Contract, the General Conditions, the General Requirements, the Contract and the Bonds shall form part of this Contract and the provisions thereof shall be as binding upon the parties as if they were fully set forth herein. The tables of contents, titles, headings, running headlines and marginal notes contained herein and in said Documents, are solely to facilitate to various provisions of the Contract Documents and in no way affect, limit, or cast light upon the interpretations of the provisions to which they refer. Whenever the term "Contract Documents" is used, it shall mean and include this Contract, the Invitation for Bids, the enumerated Plans, Specifications and Amendments thereto, the Addenda, the Bid Proposal as accepted by the Commissioner, Department of Administrative Services, the General Conditions, the General Requirements, the Bonds, the Notice to Bidders, the Wage Scales, the Supplementary Conditions, and the Insurance Certificates.

2. SCOPE OF THE WORK:

The Contractor shall furnish all plant, labor, materials, supplies, equipment, and other facilities and things necessary or proper for or incidental to the work contemplated by this Contract as required by and in strict accordance with applicable Plans, Specifications and Amendments thereto, and Addenda (hereinafter enumerated), and as required by and in strict accordance with such changes as are ordered and approved pursuant to this Contract, and will perform all other obligations imposed on him by this Contract.

3. ENUMERATION OF PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND ADDENDA:

The following is an enumeration of the Plans, Specifications, and Addenda:

Prepared By:	
	(Print Name of Architect/Engineer Firm)
Plans and Specifications:	
Addenda:	
COMPENSATION TO	BE PAID THE CONTRACTOR
The State will pay and	d the Contractor will accept in full consideration for the performance
of the Contractor's ob	oligation hereunder the sum of:
	Dollars and 00/100 (\$

5. PROVISIONS REQUIRED BY LAW DEEMED INSERTED

Each and every provision of law and clause required by law to be inserted in this Contract shall be deemed to be inserted herein and the Contract shall be read and enforced as though it were included herein, and if through mistake or otherwise any such provision is not inserted, or is not correctly inserted, then upon the application of either party, the Contract shall forthwith be physically amended to make such insertion.

For all State contracts as defined in the **C.G.S.** §9-612(f)(1)(C), having a value in a calendar year of \$50,000 or more or a combination or series of such agreements or contracts having a value of \$100,000 or more, the authorized signatory to this Agreement expressly acknowledges receipt of the State Elections Enforcement Commission's notice advising state contractors of campaign contribution and solicitation prohibitions, and will inform its principals of the contents of the notice. See **SEEC Form 10**.

Contractor hereby irrevocably assigns to the State of Connecticut all rights, title and interest in and to all Claims* associated with this Contract that Contractor now has or may or will have and that arise under the antitrust laws of the United States, 15 USC Section 1, et seq. and the antitrust laws of the State of Connecticut, C.G.S. §35-24, et seq., including but not limited to any and all Claims for overcharges. This assignment shall become valid and effective immediately upon the accrual of a Claim without any further action or acknowledgment by the parties.

*Definition of Claims associated with this Contract: "All actions, suits, claims, demands, investigations and proceedings of any kind, open, pending or threatened, whether mature, unmatured, contingent, known or unknown, at law or in equity, in any forum."

4.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Commissioner, Department of Administrative Services for and on behalf of the State of Connecticut, and the Contractor have executed this contract on the day and year first written.

Attested By:			State Of Connecticut
WITNESS:		Ву:	
	(Signature)		(Signature)
Print Name:		Print Name:	Josh Geballe
		Its:	Commissioner
WITNESS:			Department of Administrative Services
	(Signature)	1	
Print Name:		Date Signed:	
			SEAL
		Contractor:	
WITNESS:		Ву:	
	(Signature)	1	(Signature)
Print Name:		Its:	, Duly Authorized
\## T \!E00		Print Name:	
WITNESS:	(Signature)	Date Signed:	
Print Name:	(Ognature)		

End of Section 00 52 03 Contract

ACORD CERTIFIC	ATE OF LIA	BIL	ITY IN	SURA	NCE	DATE (MM.DD/YYYYY)
THIS CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED AS A MATTER OF INFORMATION ONLY AND CONFERS NO RIGHTS UPON THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER. THIS CERTIFICATE DOES NOT AFFIRMATIVELY OR NEGATIVELY AMEND, EXTEND OR ALTER THE COVERAGE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES BELOW. THIS CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A CONTRACT BETWEEN THE ISSUING INSURER(S), AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OR PRODUCER, AND THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER. IMPORTANT: If the certificate holder is an ADDITIONAL INSURED, the policy(ies) must be endorsed. If SUBROGATION IS WAIVED, subject to							
the terms and conditions of the policy, certain pertificate holder in lieu of such endorsement(s	policies may require an e						
PRODUCER		CONTA NAME:	ст				
		PHONE (A/C, No E-MAIL	o, Extic		FAX (A.C., Not:		
		E-MAIL ADDRE	SS:				
			INS	URER(S) AFFOR	IDING COVERAGE		NAJC#
nicuses.		INSURE					
Contractor's Legal Name and	Address	INSURE					
		INSURE					
		INSURE					
		INSURE					
COVERAGES CERTIFICAT	E NUMBER:				REVISION NUMBER:		
THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE POLICIES OF INSU INDICATED. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY REQUIRENT CERTIFICATE MAY BE ISSUED OR MAY PERTAIN, EXCLUSIONS AND CONDITIONS OF SUCH POLICIES	ENT, TERM OR CONDITION THE INSURANCE AFFORD	OF AN	Y CONTRACT THE POLICIE	OR OTHER I	DOCUMENT WITH RESPE	CT TO	WHICH THIS
INSR TYPE OF INSURANCE INSR W/O			POLICY EFF (MM/DD/YYYY)	(MM/DD/YYYY)	LIMIT	s	
GENERAL LIABILITY	Policy Number m	wet	Policy	Policy	EACH OCCURRENCE	\$	1,000,000
✓ COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY	be provided	lust	Effective	Expiration	DAMAGE TO RENTED PREVISES (Ea occurrence)	8	100,000
CLAMS-MADE ✓ OCCUR	be provided		Date	Date must be	MED EXP (Any one person)	8	5,000
			must be	provided	PERSONAL & ACVINJURY	\$	2,000,000
GENL AGGREGATE LIMT APPLIES PER:			provided		PRODUCTS - COMPYOP AGG	\$	2,000,000
POUCY Z PA Loc					PRODUCTS* COMPTOF PAGE	8	
AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY ANY AUTO	Policy Number m	nust	Policy Effective	Policy Expiration	COMBINED SINGLE LIMIT (Ela accident) BODILY INJURY (Per person)	s s	1,000,000
ALL OWNED SCHEDULED	be provided		Date must	Date must	BODILY INJURY (Per accident)	\$	
AUTOS AUTOS NON-OWNED AUTOS			be provded	be	PROPERTY DAMAGE (Per accident)	\$	
				provided		\$	
CXCCSS LIAD OCCUR					EACH OCCURRENCE	\$	
					AGGREGATE	\$	
WORKERS COMPENSATION			Dalian	Dutan	✓ WC STATU- OTH- TORY LIMITS ER	\$	
AND EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY ANY PROPRIETOR PARTNER EXECUTIVE	Policy Number m	nust	Policy Effective	Policy Expiration	EL BACH ACCIDENT	8	100,000
OFFICERMEMBER EXCLUDED? (Mandatory in NH)	be provided		Date must	Date must	E.L. DISEASE - EA EMPLOYEE	\$	100,000
If yes, describe under DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS below			be provided	be provided	E.L. DISEASE - POLICY LIMIT	8	500,000
Owner's and Contractor's Protective Liability					Bodilylinjury or Death (per occ.) Total		\$ 1,000,000
					Property Damages Total (aggregate)		\$ 2,000,000 Correlated Value
Builder's Risk (include here when applicable) Completed Value							
DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS / LOCATIONS / VEHICLES (Attach ACORD 101, Additional Remarks Schedule, if more space is required) Indicate Project Number and Title here							
The State of Connecticut is an Additional Insured with respect to General Liability and Umbrella/Excess Liability Insurance coverage.							
If Builder's Bisk and or Island Marine/Trans	it Incumped to required	l th on t	ha Ctata is	andarcad a	o a Lace Bauca		
If Builder's Risk and or Inland Marine/Trans	it illisurance is required	uieii	ile State is	endorsed a	is a Luss Payee.		
AFRICATE HOLDER		0001	OF LATION				
CERTIFICATE HOLDER		CAN	CELLATION				
State of Connecticut	W. C.						
Department of Administrative Services, Construction Services Office of Legal Affairs, Policy and Procurement THE EXPIRATION DATE THEREOF, NOTICE WILL BE DELIVERED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE POLICY PROVISIONS.							
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ACORD 25 (2010/05)

General Conditions of the Contract for Construction For Design-Bid-Build Department of Construction Services State of Connecticut TABLE OF CONTENTS

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ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

WHENEVER THE FOLLOWING TERMS, OR PRONOUNS IN PLACE OF THEM, ARE USED THE INTENT AND MEANING SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS:

- **1.1 ACCEPTANCE:** The Owner's acknowledgement of the Work from the Contractor upon certification by the Construction Administrator and Architect or Engineer that all Work has been completed.
- **1.2 ADDITIONAL OR DELETED WORK:** Work required by the Department that, in the judgment of the Com-missioner, involves any addition to, deduction from, or modification of the Work required by the Contract Documents.
- **1.3 AGENCY:** The (User) Agency of the State of Connecticut having administrative authority of the facility in which the Work is being performed.
- 1.4 APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT, PARTIAL PAYMENT OR REQUISITION: Contractor's certified request for payment for completed portions of the Work and, if the Contract so provides, for materials or equipment suitably stored pending their incorporation into the Work.
- **1.5 ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER:** A sole proprietor, partnership, firm, corporation or other business organization under Contract with the Owner, commissioned to prepare Contract Drawings and Specifications, to advise the Owner and in certain cases, to perform regular inspections during construction and when authorized to perform the duties of the Construction Administrator.
- **1.6 AS-BUILT DRAWINGS:** Construction Drawings revised by the Contractor to show all significant Modifications made during the construction process.
- **1.7 BASE BID:** Monetary value stated in the Bid Proposal Form as the sum for which the Bidder offers to perform the Work described in the Bidding Documents, exclusive of adjustments for Supplemental Bids.
- **1.8 BID BOND:** Form of Bid Security executed by the Bidder as Principal and by a Surety to guarantee that the Bidder will enter into a Contract within a specified time and furnish any required bond as mandated by Connecticut General Statute Section 4b-92.
- **1.9 BIDDER:** A sole proprietor, partnership, firm, corporation or other business organization submitting a Bid on the Bid Proposal Form for the Work contemplated.
- **1.10 BIDDING DOCUMENTS:** Collectively, the Bidding Requirements and the proposed Contract Documents, including any addenda issued prior to receipt of Bids.
- **1.11 BID OR BID PROPOSAL FORM:** A complete and duly signed proposal to perform Work (or a designated portion thereof) for a stipulated sum submitted in accordance with the Bidding Documents.

- **1.12 BID SECURITY:** Certified check or Bid Bond submitted with Bid Proposal Form, which provides that the Bidder, if awarded the Contract, will execute such Contract in accordance with the requirements of the Bidding Documents.
- **1.13 BUILDER'S RISK INSURANCE:** A specialized form of property insurance which provides coverage for loss or damage to the Work pursuant to the Contract Documents.
- **1.14 CASH ALLOWANCE:** An amount established in the Contract Documents for inclusion in the Contract Sum to cover the cost of prescribed items not specified in detail, and as shown in the Allowance Schedule.
- **1.15 CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE:** A document issued by the Owner to the Contractor stating that all Work specified in the Certificate of Acceptance has been completed and accepted by the Owner.
- **1.16 CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE:** A document stating that for the portion of the Project completed, either the design portion or the construction portion, has been performed in substantial compliance with all applicable building codes.
- **1.17 CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY:** Document is-sued by the authority having jurisdiction certifying that all or a designated portion of a building is approved for its designated use.
- **1.18 CERTIFICATE OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLE-TION:** A document prepared by the Architect or Engineer and approved by the Owner on the basis of an inspection stating:
 - **1.18.1** that the Work, or a designated portion thereof, is determined to be Substantially Complete;
 - 1.18.2 the date of Substantial Completion;
 - **1.18.3** the responsibilities of the Owner and the Contractor for security maintenance, heat, utilities, damage to the Work and insurance; and
 - **1.18.4** the time within which the Contractor shall complete the remaining Work.
- **1.19 CHANGE ORDER:** Written authorization signed by the Owner, authorizing a modification in the Work, an adjustment in the Contract Sum, or an adjustment in the Con-tract Time.
- **1.20 COMMISSIONER:** The State of Connecticut, Department of Construction Services (CT DCS) Commissioner acting directly or through specifically authorized CT DCS personnel or agent(s) having authority to perform duties defined in Article 25.
- **1.21 COMMISSIONING AGENT (CxA):** An independent entity under contract directly with the Owner or Owner's Representative responsible for performing the specified commissioning procedures.
- **1.22 CONSTRUCTION ADMINISTRATOR:** A sole proprietor, partnership, firm, corporation or other business organization, under Contract or employed by the Owner commissioned and/or authorized to oversee the fulfillment of all requirements

- of the Contract Documents. The authorized Construction Administrator may be a Department of Construction Services Assistant Project Manager, Department of Construction Services Project Manager, a Clerk of the Works, an Architect, a Consulting Architect, a Consulting Construction Administrator, a Consulting Engineer etc. or any other designee as authorized and identified by the Owner.
- **1.23 CONSTRUCTION CHANGE DIRECTIVE:** A written authorization signed by the Owner, directing a modification in the Work and stating a proposed basis for adjustment, if any, in the Contract Sum, Contract Time or both. Any Construction Change Directive effecting an adjustment to the Contract Sum or Contract Time shall result in a Change Order.
- **1.24 CONTRACT DOCUMENTS OR CONTRACT:** The Agreement between Owner and Contractor, Conditions of the Contract (General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, General Requirements and other Conditions), Drawings, Specifications, and Addenda issued prior to execution of the Contract, other documents listed in the Agreement and Modifications issued after execution of the Contract, all of which shall constitute the Contract.
- **1.25 CONTRACTOR OR GENERAL CONTRACTOR:** A sole proprietor, partnership, firm or Corporation, under direct Contract with the Department of Construction Services, responsible for performing the Work under the Contract Documents. Whenever the words "Contractor" or "General Contractor" are used it shall be understood to mean Contractor.
- **1.26 CONTRACTOR'S LIABILITY INSURANCE:** Insurance purchased and maintained by the Contractor that insures the Contractor for claims for property damage, bodily injury or death.
- **1.27 CONTRACT START DATE OR DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF THE WORK:** The date, specified by the Owner in the Notice to Proceed, on which the Contractor is required to start the Work.
- **1.28 CONTRACT SUM:** The sum stated in the Contract, which is the total amount payable by the Owner to the Contractor for performance of the Work under the Contract Documents.
- **1.29 CONTRACT TIME:** The period of time allotted in the Contract Documents for Substantial Completion of the Work, including authorized adjustments thereto. The Contract Time is the sum of all Working Days and Non-Working Days as further defined herein and specified in the Contract Documents.
- **1.30 DAY:** Whenever the word Day is used it shall be understood to mean calendar day stated on the Bidding Documents, unless stated otherwise.
- 1.31 DEPARTMENT OF CONSTRUCTION SERVICES (CT DCS) PROJECT MANAGER: The individual employed by the Owner, designated and authorized by the Commissioner, to be

- responsible for the overall management and oversight of the Project, and to represent the (User) Agency.
- **1.32 DIESEL VEHICLE EMMISSIONS CONTROL:** The reduction of air pollution emissions from diesel powered vehicles through the use of diesel engine emission control technologies.
- 1.33 EQUAL(S): Any deviation from the Specification which is defined as follows: A replacement for the specified material, device, procedure, equipment, etc., which is recognized and accepted as substantially equal to the first listed manufacturer or first listed procedure specified after review by the Architect/Engineer, and may be rejected or approved at the sole discretion of the Owner. All equals must be substantially equivalent to the first manufacturer or first procedure listed in the Specifications with reference to all of the following areas: the substance and function considering quality, workmanship, economy of operation, durability, and suitability for purposes intended; size, rating, and cost. The equal does not constitute a modification in the scope of Work, the Schedule, or Architect/Engineer's design intent of the specified material, device, procedure, equipment, etc.
- **1.34 FINAL INSPECTION:** Review of the Work by the Architect or Engineer and Owner to determine whether Acceptance has been achieved.
- **1.35 FINAL PAYMENT:** The last payment made by the Owner to the Contractor, made after notice of the Acceptance. Payment shall include the entire unpaid balance of the Contract Sum as adjusted by modifications.
- **1.36 GENERAL CONDITIONS:** The General Conditions of the Contract for Construction, part of Division 00 of the Specifications.
- **1.37 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS:** That part of the Contract Documents entitled General Requirements, which is Division 01 of the Specifications.
- **1.38 GUARANTEE:** See Warranty.
- **1.39 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:** A sum established in a Contract, usually as a fixed sum per Day, as the predetermined measure of damages to be paid to the Owner due to the Contractor's failure to complete the Work within the Contract Time.
- **1.40 LUMP SUM:** An item or category priced as a whole rather than broken down into its elements.
- **1.41 MOBILE SOURCE:** A source designed or constructed to move from one location to another during normal operation except portable equipment and includes, but is not limited to, automobiles, buses, trucks, tractors, earth moving equipment, hoists, cranes, aircraft, locomotives operating on rails, vessels for transportation on water, lawnmowers, and other small home appliances.
- **1.42 NON-WORKING DAYS:** All Saturdays, Sundays, Legal State Holidays (12), and any other Days identified in the

Contract Documents that the Contractor is not permitted to execute the Work. The restriction of Non-Working Days may be suspended upon the approval or direction of the Commissioner.

- **1.43 NOTICE TO BIDDER:** A notice contained in the Bidding Document informing prospective Bidders of the opportunity to submit Bids on a Project.
- **1.44 NOTICE TO PROCEED:** Written notice, issued by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's authorized representative, to the Contractor authorizing the Contractor to proceed with the Work and establishing the date for commencement of the Contract Time.
- **1.45 OWNER OR DEPARTMENT:** The State of Connecticut, Department of Construction Services acting through its Commissioner or specifically authorized Department personnel or agent.
- **1.46 OVERHEAD:** Indirect costs including: supervision (any position over the foreman), field and home office expense, insurance, and small tools and consumables.
- **1.47 PAYMENT, BOND, LABOR BOND OR MATERIAL BOND:** A bond in which the Contractor and the Contractor's surety guarantee to the Owner that the Contractor will pay for labor and materials furnished for use in the performance of the Contract, as required by Connecticut General Statutes Section 49-41.
- **1.48 PERFORMANCE BOND OR SURETY BOND:** A bond in which the Contractor and the Contractor's surety guarantee to the Owner that the Work will be performed in accordance with the Contract Documents, as required by Connecticut General Statutes Section 49-41.
- **1.49 PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION:** A description of the desired results or performance of a product, material, assembly, procedure, or a piece of equipment with criteria for identifying the standard.
- **1.50 PLANS OR DRAWINGS:** All Drawings or reproductions of Drawings pertaining to the construction of the Work contemplated and its appurtenances.
- **1.51 PROJECT:** The total construction of which the Work performed under the Contract Documents may be the whole or a part.
- **1.52 PROJECT MANUAL:** The set of documents assembled for the Work which includes, but is not limited to, Contract Documents, Bidding Requirements, Sample Forms, General Conditions of the Contract for Construction, General Requirements, and the Specifications.
- **1.53 PROPRIETARY SPECIFICATION:** A specification that describes a product, procedure, function, material, assembly, or piece of equipment by trade name and/or by naming the manufacturer(s) or manufacturer's procedure, exact model number, item, etc., of those products acceptable to the Owner.

- **1.54 RETAINAGE:** A percentage of each Application for Payment and a percentage of the total Contract Sum retained by the Owner.
- **1.55 SCHEDULE:** A Critical Path Method (CPM) or Construction Schedule as required by the Contract Documents which shall be a diagram, graph or other pictorial or written Schedule showing all events expected to occur and operations to be performed and indicating the Contract Time, start dates, durations and finish dates as well as Substantial Completion and Acceptance of the Work, rendered in a form permitting determination of the optimum sequence and duration of each operation.
- **1.56 SCHEDULE OF VALUES:** A document furnished by the Contractor to the Architect or Engineer and Owner stating the portions of the Contract Sum allocated to the various portions of the Work, which is to be used for reviewing the Contractor's Applications for Payment.
- **1.57 SECONDARY SUBCONTRACTOR:** A sole proprietor, partnership, firm or Corporation under direct Contract with the Subcontractor to the General Contractor.
- **1.58 SENSITIVE RECEPTOR SITES:** Areas where concentrations of diesel emissions may be harmful to sensitive populations, including, but not limited to, hospitals, school and university buildings being occupied during a student semester, residential structures, daycare facilities, elderly housing, and convalescent facilities.
- **1.59 SHOP DRAWINGS:** Drawings provided to Architect or Engineer and Owner by a Contractor that illustrate construction, materials, dimensions, installation, and other pertinent information for the incorporation of an element or item into the construction as detailed Contract Documents.
- **1.60 SPECIFICATIONS:** The description, provisions and other requirements pertaining to the method and manner of performing the Work and/or to the quantities and quality of materials to be furnished under the Contract.
- **1.61 SUBCONTRACTOR:** A sole proprietor, partnership, corporation or other business organization under direct Contract with the Contractor supplying labor and/or materials for the Work at the site of the Project.
- **1.62 SUBMITTALS:** Documents including, but not limited to, samples, manufacturer's data, Shop Drawing, or other such items submitted to the Owner and Architect or Engineer by the Contractor for the purpose of approval or other action, as required by the Contract Documents.
- **1.63 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION:** The stage in the progress of the Work when the Work or designated portion thereof is sufficiently complete in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- **1.64 SUBSTITUTION:** Any deviation from the specified requirements, which is defined as follows: A replacement for

the specified material, device, procedure, equipment, etc., which is not recognized or accepted as equal to the first manufacturer or procedure listed in the Specification after review by the Architect/Engineer, and may be rejected or approved by the Owner. The Substitution is not equal to the specified requirement in comparison to the first manufacturer or first procedure listed in the Specifications in one or more of the following areas: the substance and function considering quality, workmanship, economy of operation, durability, and suitability for purposes intended; size, cost, and rating. The Substitution constitutes a modification in the scope of Work, the Schedule, or the Architect/Engineer's design intent of the specified material, device, procedure, equipment, etc.

- **1.65 SUPERINTENDENT:** The Contractor's representative at the site who is responsible for continuous field supervision, coordination, in, completion of the Work, and, unless another person is designated in writing by the Contractor to the Owner and the Construction Administrator, for the prevention of accidents.
- **1.66 SUPPLEMENTAL BID:** The monetary value stated in the Bid to be added to the amount of the Base Bid if the corresponding Work, as described in the Bidding Documents, is accepted.
- **1.67 SUPPLEMENTARY CONDITIONS:** An extension in the Bid to be added to the amount of the Base Bid if the corresponding Work, as described in the Bidding Documents, is accepted.
- **1.68 THRESHOLD LIMIT BUILDING:** Any proposed (new) structures or additions as defined by the Connecticut General Statutes Section 29-276b.
- **1.69 UNIT PRICE:** The monetary value stated by the Owner or the Contractor, as a price per unit of measurement for materials or services as described in the Contract Documents and/or Bidding Documents.
- **1.70 WARRANTY:** A written, legally enforceable assurance of specified quality or performance of a product or Work or of the duration of satisfactory performance.
- **1.71 WORK:** The construction and services required by the Contract Documents, and including all labor, materials, equipment and services provided or to be provided by the Contractor to fulfill the Contractor's obligations. The Work may constitute the whole or a part of the Project.

ARTICLE 2 CONDITIONS OF WORK

2.1 The Contractor shall carefully examine and study the conditions under which the Work is to be performed and the site of the Work, and compare the Contract Documents with each other and to information furnished by the Owner including but not limited to the Plans and Specifications, the form of the Contract, General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, General Requirements, Bonds and all other Contract Documents associated with the Work.

- 2.2 The Contractor shall report to the Construction Administrator all errors, inconsistencies or omissions discovered. The Contractor shall not be liable to the Owner for damage resulting from errors, inconsistencies or omissions in the Contract Documents unless the Contractor recognized such errors, inconsistencies or omission and failed to report it to the Construction Administrator. If the Contractor performs any actions or construction activity knowing it involves an error, inconsistency or omission in the Contract Documents without notice to the Construction Administrator, the Contractor shall assume responsibility for such performance and related costs for the correction and shall not be allowed to submit any claim related to error, inconsistencies or omission.
- 2.3 The Contractor shall take field measurements and verify field conditions and shall carefully compare such field measurements and conditions and other information known to the Contractor with the Contract Documents before commencing activities. Errors, inconsistencies or omissions discovered shall be reported to the Construction Administrator at once; and it will be assumed that the Contractor has been satisfied as to all requirements of the Contract Documents. Any deterrent conditions at the site of the Work which are obvious and apparent upon examination of the site but are not indicated on the Plans shall be corrected by the Contractor without additional compensation.
- 2.4 In performing the Work, the Contractor must employ such methods or means as will not cause any interruption of or interference with the Work of any other Contractor, nor any inordinate disruption with the normal routine of the Owner, institution or Agency operating at the site.
- **2.5** No claims for additional compensation will be considered when additional costs result from conditions made known to, discovered by, or which should have been discovered by, the Contractor prior to Contract signing.
- **2.6** All Communications from the Contractor concerning proposed changes to the Contract Sum, Contract Time, or Work shall be in writing.
- **2.7** The Contractor shall perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents and approved Submittals pursuant to Article 5.

ARTICLE 3 CORRELATION OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- **3.1** The Contract Documents are complementary, and what is called for by any one shall be as binding as if called for by all. Where discrepancies or conflict occur in the Contract Documents the following order of precedence shall be utilized:
 - **3.1.1** Amendments and addenda shall take precedence over previously issued Contract Documents.
 - **3.1.2** The Supplementary Conditions take precedence over the General Conditions.
 - **3.1.3** The General Conditions take precedence over the General Requirements.

- **3.1.4** The Specifications shall take precedence over the Plans.
- **3.1.5** Stated dimensions shall take precedence over scaled dimensions.
- **3.1.6** Large-scale detail Drawings shall take precedence over small-scale Drawings.
- **3.1.7** The Schedules contained in the Contract Documents shall take precedence over other data on the Plans.
- 3.2 Neither party to the Contract shall take advantage of any obvious error or apparent discrepancy in the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall give immediate written notification of any error or discrepancy discovered to the Construction Administrator, who shall take the necessary actions to obtain such corrections and interpretations as may be deemed necessary for the completion of the Work in a satisfactory and acceptable manner. The Contractor shall then promptly proceed under the direction of the Owner and the provisions of Article 13. The Contractor's failure to provide immediate notice shall mean the Contractor will not be entitled to any additional compensation, either monetary or Contract Time adjustment, with respect to any discrepancy.
- **3.3** Execution of the Contract by the Contractor is a representation that the Contractor has visited the site, become familiar with local conditions under which the Work is to be performed, and correlated personal observations with requirements of the Contract Documents.
- **3.4** Organization of the Specifications into divisions, sections and articles, and arrangement of Drawings, shall not control the Contractor in dividing the Work among Subcontractors or in establishing the extent of Work to be performed by any trade.
- **3.5** Unless otherwise stated in the Contract Documents, words which have well-known technical or construction industry meanings are used in the Contract Documents in accordance with such recognized meanings.

ARTICLE 4 COMMENCEMENT AND PROGRESS OF WORK

- 4.1 The Work shall start upon the date given in the Notice to Proceed. The Contractor shall complete all the Work necessary for Final Payment, including but not limited to Substantial Completion, Contract close-out, testing and demonstration of all systems as required for Acceptance, punchlist Work, training and submission of Record Documents, manuals, Guarantees and Warranties as stated in the Contract Document.
- **4.2** Time is of the essence with respect to the Contract Time. By executing the Contract, the Contractor confirms and agrees that the Contract Time is a reasonable period to perform the Work. The Contractor shall proceed expeditiously with adequate forces and shall achieve Substantial Completion within the Contract Time. The Contractor may, at his discretion, plan to complete the Work and achieve Substantial Completion in less time than the Contract Time.
- 4.3 The Contractor's early completion Schedule

notwithstanding, the Owner reserves the right to order Modifications to the Work in accordance with Article 13 at any time during the Contract Time.

- 4.4 The Contractor shall not be entitled to costs for delay due to Owner ordered Modifications or any other circumstances for the period of time between the Contractor's elected early completion and the end of the Contract Time. Such costs include, but are not limited to, extended home office costs, field office costs, or supervisory and management costs incurred in performance of the Work. Early completion of the Work shall not merit additional compensation.
- **4.5** If the Contractor is delayed at any time in the progress of Work by acts of God, such as fire or flood or any action, injunction or stop order issued by any court, judge or officer of the court or any other court action beyond the Owner's control, then the Contract Time may be extended by Change Order for such reasonable time as demonstrated by the Contractor's Schedule and as the Owner may determine that such event has delayed the Work. In any event, the granting of an extension of time shall be solely within the discretion of the Owner.
- **4.6** Except as otherwise may be provided herein, extensions of time shall be the Contractor's sole remedy for such delay. No payment or compensation of any kind shall be made to the Contractor for damages because of hindrance in the orderly progress of Work caused by the aforesaid causes.
- **4.7** The Contractor acknowledges that the Contract amount includes and anticipates any and all delays, whether avoidable or unavoidable, from said orders, which may issue from any court, judge, court officer, or act of God, and that such delays shall not, under any circumstances, be construed as compensable delays.
- **4.8** Any extension of the Contract Time shall be by Change Order pursuant to Article 13.
- **4.9** The Contractor shall employ a competent project manager who shall represent the Contractor. Communications given to the project manager shall be binding as if given to the Contractor. The project manager will be employed full time on the Project and be located and assigned to the Project site during and for the duration of the Work.
- **4.10** The Contractor shall employ a competent Superintendent and necessary assistants who will be in attendance at the project site during the performance of the Work.
- **4.11** Upon execution of the Contract, materials may be purchased. No material escalation costs will be valid or compensable unless the Owner directs, in writing, a delay in the procurement.

ARTICLE 5 SUBMITTALS, PRODUCT DATA, SHOP DRAWINGS AND SAMPLES

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- **5.1** Contractor shall review, approve, and submit to the Construction Administrator all Submittals including but not limited to, product data, Shop Drawings, and samples, with such promptness as to cause no delay in the Work.
- **5.2** Correction or approval of such Submittals, Shop Drawings, product data and samples will be made with reasonable promptness by the Architect or Engineer. Approval will be general only and shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for errors in dimensions, for construction and field coordination of the Work or for any departure from the Contract Documents, unless such departure has received the Owner's written approval.
- **5.3** No Work governed by such Shop Drawings, Schedules or samples shall be fabricated, delivered or installed until approved by the Architect or Engineer.
- **5.4** No damages for delays or time extensions will be granted, even if approvals deviate from the approved Schedule.

ARTICLE 6 SEPARATE CONTRACTS

- **6.1** The Owner reserves the right to perform Work in connection with the Contract with the Owner's own forces, or to let separate contracts relating to the Contract (Project) site or in connection with Work on adjoining sites. In such cases, the Contractor shall afford such parties reasonable opportunity for storage of materials and equipment and coordinate and connect the Work with the work on adjoining sites or other Projects, and shall fully cooperate with such parties in the matter required under Article 7 herein.
- **6.2** Contractors working in the same vicinity shall cooperate with one another and, in case of dispute, decision of the Owner shall be final and binding to all Contractors involved, including Contractors under separate Contracts.
- **6.3** The Contractor shall assume all liability, financial or otherwise, in connection with this Contract and shall protect and hold harmless the Owner from any and all damages or claims that may arise because of inconvenience or delay which the Contractor may cause other Contractors. If the Contractor experiences a loss because of the presence and operations of other Contractors working adjacent to or within the limits of the same Project, then as between the Owner and the Contractor, the Contractor shall bear such loss.
- **6.4** Insofar as possible, the Contractor shall arrange the Work and shall place and dispose of the materials being used so as not to interfere with the operations of other Contractors adjacent to or within the limits of the same Project. The Contractor shall join its Work with that of others in an acceptable manner, and perform the Work in proper accordance with that of the others.
- **6.5** In no event shall the Owner be responsible for any claim or damages that are the result of the Contractor's failure

to coordinate the Work with any other Contractor or Subcontractor.

ARTICLE 7 COOPERATION OF TRADES

- 7.1 he Contractor shall be responsible for and shall control all activities of their Subcontractors. The Subcontractors shall consult and cooperate with one another. Each Subcontractor shall furnish all necessary information to other Subcontractors and shall lay out and install their own Work so as to avoid any delays or interference with the Work of others
- **7.2** Any cost or changes, cutting and/or repairing, made necessary by the failure to observe the above requirements shall be borne by the party or parties responsible for such failure or neglect or their faulty Work installed.

ARTICLE 8 DAMAGES

8.1 The Liquidated Damages, provided in the Bidding Documents, will be assessed at two distinct times, as follows:

8.1.1 Liquidated Damages – Substantial Completion:

If the Contractor fails to achieve Substantial Completion of the Work by the Substantial Completion Date, and such delay is not otherwise excused under this Contract, then the Contractor agrees to pay to the Owner Liquidated Damages for the dollar amount specified in the Bid Proposal Form for this Project, for each Day beyond Substantial Completion that the Contractor fails to achieve Substantial Completion. The parties to this Contract acknowledge and agree that the actual damages that are to be anticipated as a result of the neglect, failure, or refusal of the Contractor to substantially complete the Project by the established Substantial Completion Date are uncertain in amount or extremely difficult to determine. Accordingly, the parties to this Contract do intend and in fact now agree to liquidate damages in advance and stipulate that the amount set forth in this subparagraph is reasonable and an appropriate remedy and is intended to constitute compensatory damages and does not constitute a penalty of any kind. The parties understand and agree that, by including a provision for Liquidated Damages in this Contract, or in pursuing any relief pursuant to such provision:

- .1 the parties do not intend to set a price for the privilege not to perform;
- .2 the availability of Liquidated Damages may not be relied upon as a basis for argument that the Owner has an adequate remedy at law; and
- **3** the remedies available to the Owner under this Agreement are cumulative and not exclusive.

8.1.2 Liquidated Damages – Acceptance:

If the Contractor fails to complete all of the Work required for Acceptance of the Work within ninety (90) Days of Substantial Completion then the Contractor agrees to pay to the Owner Liquidated Damages for the dollar amount specified in the Bid Proposal Form for each Day in excess of ninety (90) Days beyond the Substantial Completion Date that the Contractor fails achieve Acceptance. The parties to this Contract acknowledge and agree that the actual damages that are to be anticipated as a result of the failure of the Contractor to complete all of the Work required for Acceptance within ninety (90) Days of the established Substantial Completion Date are uncertain in amount or extremely difficult to determine. Accordingly, the parties to this Contract do intend and in fact now agree to liquidate damages in advance and stipulate that the amount set forth in this subparagraph is reasonable and an appropriate remedy and is intended to constitute compensatory damages and does not constitute a penalty of any kind. The parties understand and agree that, by including a provision for Liquidated Damages in this Contract, or in pursuing any relief pursuant to such provision:

- .1 the parties do not intend to set a price for the privilege not to perform;
- .2 the availability of Liquidated Damages may not be relied upon as a basis for argument that the Owner has an adequate remedy at law; and
- .3 the remedies available to the Owner under this Agreement are cumulative and not exclusive.
- **8.2** The Liquidated Damages or any portion thereof may be waived at the sole discretion of the Commissioner.
- **8.3** No payment by the Owner, either partial or final, shall be construed to waive the Owner's right to seek Liquidated Damages.
- 8.4 In the event a court determines that the Contract herein is null and void for any reason, Contractor agrees that Contractor will not seek or pursue any lawsuit or claim for damages, including, but not limited to, claims for loss of Overhead or anticipated profits, against the Owner and the Owner shall not be liable for any damages which Contractor may incur as a result of such decision. In addition, if the court enjoins the Owner from entering into or proceeding with the Contract herein, the Owner shall not be liable for any damages arising out of or relating to the award of such Contract which Contractor may have incurred as a result of the injunction.

ARTICLE 9 MINIMUM WAGE RATES

9.1 In accordance with the provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes Section 31-53, the following applies:

"The wages paid on an hourly basis to any person performing the work of any mechanic, laborer, or worker on the work herein contracted to be done and the amount of payment or contribution paid or payable on behalf of each such person to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (h) of this section, shall be at a rate equal to the rate customary or prevailing for the same work in the same trade or occupation in the town in which such public works project is being constructed. Any contractor who is not obligated by agreement

to make payment or contribution on behalf of such persons to any such employee welfare fund shall pay to each mechanic, laborer or worker as part of such person's wages the amount of payment or contribution for such person's classification on each payday."

9.2 Each Contractor who is awarded a Contract on or after October 1, 2002 shall be subject to provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes, Section 31-53 as amended by Public Act 02-69, "An Act Concerning Annual Adjustments to Prevailing Wages."

No wage adjustment will be made to the Contract for any wage increase under this Article.

ARTICLE 10 POSTING MINIMUM WAGE RATES

- **10.1** The Contractor shall post at conspicuous points on the site of the Contract a Schedule showing all determined wage rates for all trades and all authorized deductions, if any, from wages to be paid.
- **10.2** The Contractor shall provide weekly certified payrolls to the Owner for all persons working on the site.

ARTICLE 11 CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULES

- **11.1** Unless otherwise specified in the Contract Documents, within twenty-one (21) Days from the Contract Start Date, the Contractor shall submit the following to the Owner for approval:
 - 11.1.1 A comprehensive Schedule of Submittals required by the Specifications. Said Schedule shall include Submittal dates, required approval dates and date material must be on site.
 - 11.1.2 The Contractor shall allow a minimum of 14 Days for the Owner and its agents' review of Submittals. No extension of the Contract Time shall be granted for revisions and resubmission. Further, the Contractor shall allow a minimum of eight weeks for testing and Acceptance of the Work by the Owner.
 - 11.1.3 When the Contract Documents specify a "CPM Schedule" a detailed Critical Path Method Schedule is required using software approved by the Owner and/or Construction Administrator with as many activities as necessary to make the Schedule an effective tool for planning and monitoring the progress of the Work. The Contractor shall show all pertinent activities requiring coordination between trades.
 - 11.1.4 When the Contract Documents specify a "Construction Schedule" a detailed Construction Schedule is required using software approved by the Owner as a horizontal bar chart with a separate bar for each major portion of the Work or operation to make the Schedule an effective

tool for planning and monitoring the progress of the Work.

- 11.2 Unless otherwise specified under the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall provide a monthly update of the CPM Schedule or Construction Schedule in the format required by the Owner as well as a disk of the updated Schedule and program. If, in the opinion of the Owner, the Work is falling behind Schedule, the Contractor shall submit a revised Schedule demonstrating a recovery plan to ensure Substantial Completion of the Work within the Contract Time.
- **11.3** Overtime, increased manpower, and additional shifts: If ordered by the Owner in writing, the Contractor shall work overtime, and/or add additional manpower and/or shifts:
 - **11.3.1** If the Contractor is not behind Schedule, the Owner will pay the Contractor the actual additional premium portion of the wages for overtime or additional shift work not included in the Contract price, but the Contractor shall not be entitled to Overhead and Profit.
 - **11.3.2** If the Contractor, through its sole or partial fault or neglect is behind Schedule, the Owner may order the Contractor, at the Contractor's expense, to increase its manpower or to work any overtime or additional shifts or take other action necessary to expedite the Work to meet the Project Schedule.
 - 11.3.3 If the Schedule is shown to be more than 21 Days behind in any critical activity, overtime, increase manpower and/or additional shifts shall be implemented immediately regardless of who is at fault. A disagreement over the cause of the impact will not relieve the Contractor from the obligation of complying with this Article. Once liability for the impact is determined, compensation will be determined in accordance with 11.3.1 or 11.3.2.
 - **11.3.4** The Owner reserves the right to suspend activity under Paragraph 11.3. Suspension shall be in writing and at the sole discretion of the Commissioner.
- **11.4** Requisitions for partial payment will not be processed until the Contractor has complied with this requirement.

ARTICLE 12 PREFERENCE IN EMPLOYMENT

- 12.1 Should this Contract be for the construction or repair of any building, then in the employment of labor to perform the Work specified herein, preference shall be given to citizens of the United States, who are, and continuously for at least three (3) months prior to the date hereof, have been residents of the labor market area, as established by the State of Connecticut Labor Commissioner, in which such Work is to be done, and if no such qualified person is available, then to citizens who have continuously resided in the county in which the Work is to be performed for at least three (3) months prior to the date hereof, and then to citizens of the state who have continuously resided in the State at least three months prior to the date hereof.
- 12. Should this Contract be for a Construction Services

- Project other than for the construction, remodeling or repairing of public buildings covered by Connecticut General Statutes 31-52, then in the employment of mechanics, laborers or workmen to perform the Work specified herein, preference will be given to residents of the state who are, and continuously for at least six (6) months prior to the date hereof have been residents of this State, and if no such person is available then to residents of other states.
- **12.3** The provisions of this Article shall not apply where the state or any subdivision thereof may suffer the loss of revenue granted or to be granted from any Agency or Department of the federal government as a result of this Article or regulations related thereto.

ARTICLE 13 COMPENSATION FOR CHANGES IN THE WORK

- **13.1** At any time, without invalidating the Contract and by a written order and without notice to the sureties, the Owner, through the Construction Administrator, may order modifications in the Work consisting of additions, deletions or other revisions. Upon request, the Contractor shall supply the Construction Administrator promptly with a detailed proposal for the same, showing quantities of and Unit Prices for the Work and that of any Subcontractor involved.
- **13.2** Modifications to the Work will be authorized by a written Change Order, or if necessary to expedite the Work, a written Construction Change Directive, issued by the Owner as provided for in Article 25. Change Orders and Construction Change Directives shall be processed in accordance with the terms of the Contract Documents. Upon receipt of the written Change Order, the Contractor shall proceed with the Work when and as directed.
- **13.3** If a Change Order makes the Work less expensive for the Contractor, the proper deductions shall be made from the Contract Sum, said deductions to be computed in accordance with the provisions listed in this Article 13.
- **13.4** The Contractor shall not be entitled to an extension of time if in the opinion of the Owner the Additional Work in conjunction with the Work can be performed without impact on the Contract Time.
- 13.5 The Contractor may request, and the Owner may grant additional Contract Time when, in the opinion of the Owner, the Contractor has demonstrated that the Additional Work cannot be performed in conjunction with the Work without impact on the original Substantial Completion and/or Acceptance (if applicable) date.
- **13.6** The amount of compensation to be paid to the Contractor for any Additional or Deleted Work that results in a Change Order shall be determined in one of the following manners:
 - 13.6.1 AMOUNT OF COMPENSATION FOR CHANGE ORDER COSTS: LABOR, EQUIPMENT, BENEFITS AND MATERIAL:

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13.6.1.1 Unit Price: As stated in the Contract Documents.

13.6.1.2 Unit Price: As subsequently agreed upon by the Contractor and Owner

13.6.1.3 Lump Sum: Agreed upon sum by the Owner and the Contractor. The Owner may rely on costs, prices, and documentation provided by the Contractor or Subcontractor in agreeing to a Lump Sum. If the Owner believes that additional information is necessary to substantiate the accuracy of the cost, the Owner reserves the right to request and receive additional information from the Contractor. The Lump Sum must be based upon the following itemized costs:

13.6.1.3.1 Labor: (Contractor's or Subcontractor's own forces) No Change Order Proposal shall be negotiated if the request is solely for the increased labor rate over those originally carried by the Contractor in its original bid. Additional foreman hours shall not be included unless additional crews are added and/or a compensable time extension is granted. Project Executive time shall not be included as a direct cost as it is part of the overhead mark-up allowed. Project manager hours shall not be included unless a compensable time extension is granted.

13.6.1.3.2 Material: (Actual cost to the Contractor or Subcontractor) Cost shall not be based upon list pricing unless it reflects the actual prices being paid and no discounts or other offsets are being received by the Contractor or Subcontractor. No Change Order Proposal shall be negotiated if the request is solely for the escalation of material prices over those originally carried by the Contractor in its original bid.

13.6.1.3.3 Benefits: (The established rates of the following benefit costs inherent to the particular labor involved):

13.6.1.3.3.1 Workers Compensation.

13.6.1.3.3.2 Federal Social Security.

13.6.1.3.3.3 Connecticut Unemployment Compensation.

13.6.1.3.3.4 Fringe Benefits.

13.6.1.4 Rented Equipment: (Used directly on the Work and by the Contractor's or Subcontractor's own forces).

13.6.1.5 Owned Equipment: (Used directly on the Work and by the Contractor's or Subcontractor's own forces). Daily rate is not to exceed 3% of the monthly rental rate as identified by a nationally recognized construction cost estimating guide or service.

13.6.1.6 Small Tools:

Include items such as shovels, picks, rakes, ladders, and power tools which are expected to be utilized on a project. Trade related equipment, hand tools, and power tools normally supplied with the labor or are normally expected to be owned in the performance of the typical work for a trade are not compensable. These costs shall not be approved as part of the Direct Cost of a Change Order as they are included in the Contractor's overhead mark-up percentage.

13.6.2 OVERHEAD AND PROFIT PERCENTAGES: (Maximum allowable percentages applied to labor, equipment, and material)

13.6.2.1 Contractor's mark-up for Work performed by its own forces:

Change Order Amount	Overhead and Profit
\$0 to \$ 5,000	20%
\$5,001 to \$15,000	17%
\$15,001 to \$25,000	15%
\$25,000 and greater	12%

13.6.3 OVERHEAD AND PROFIT PERCENTAGES: (Maximum allowable percentages applied to labor, equipment, benefits and material)

13.6.3.1 Contractor's mark-up for Work performed by its Subcontractor's forces and not allowable for any subsidiary in which the Contractor has a majority ownership:

Change Order Amount	Overhead and Profit
\$0 and greater	6%

13.6.4 OVERHEAD AND PROFIT PERCENTAGES: (Maximum allowable percentages applied to labor, equipment, benefits and material) Subcontractor's mark-up for Work performed by its own forces:

Change Order Amount	Overhead and Profit
\$0 to \$ 5,000	20%
\$5,001 to \$15,000	17%
\$15,001 to \$25,000	15%
\$25,000 and greater	12%

13.6.5 OVERHEAD AND PROFIT PERCENTAGES: (Maximum allowable percentages applied to labor, equipment, benefits and material)

13.6.5.1 Subcontractor's mark-up for Work performed by its Secondary Subcontractor's forces. Limited to one level (tier) below the Subcontractor and not allowable for any subsidiary in which the Subcontractor has a majority ownership.

Change Order Amount	Overhead and Profit
\$0 and greater	6%

13.7 BOND COSTS

13.7.1 Actual additional bonding costs associated with the value of the Change Order will be compensable only when supported by written documentation by the bonding company that the Change Order requires an increase to the original Performance, Payment, Labor or Material Bond.

13.7.2 The Contractor shall notify the bonding company at each \$500,000 increase to the contract value as the cumulative result of change orders. A copy of the Consent of Surety must be provided to the Owner prior to the execution of any change order which exceeds each cumulative \$500,000.

13.8 Trade discounts, rebates, and amounts received from the sales by the Contractor of surplus materials and equipment shall accrue to the Owner.

- **13.9** If the parties cannot agree upon a Lump Sum, then the Commissioner, through the Project Manager, may at the option of the Commissioner take the following action(s):
 - **13.9.1** Issue a Construction Change Directive for the Additional or Deleted Work. The amount of compensation shall be computed by the actual net costs to the Contractor determined by time and material or Unit Prices based upon the same information required in Subparagraphs 13.6.1.3.3.1 through 13.6.1.5:
 - **13.9.1.1 Labor:** (Contractor's or Subcontractor's own forces).
 - **13.9.1.2 Material:** (Used by Contractor's or Subcontractor's own forces).
 - **13.9.1.3 Benefits:** (The established rates of the following benefit costs inherent to the particular labor involved):
 - 13.9.1.3.1 Workers Compensation.
 - 13.9.1.3.2 Federal Social Security.
 - 13.9.1.3.3 Connecticut Unemployment Compensation.
 - 13.9.1.3.4 Fringe Benefits.
 - **13.9.1.4 Rented Equipment:** (Used directly on the Work and by the Contractor's or Subcontractor's own forces).
 - **13.9.1.5 Owned Equipment**: (Used directly on the Work and by the Contractor's or Subcontractor's own forces). Daily rate is not to exceed 3% of the monthly rental rate that can be identified by a nationally recognized construction cost estimating guide or service.
 - **13.9.2** Issue a Change Order adjusting the Contract Sum in the amount as determined by the Commissioner.
- **13.10** For any Change Order or Construction Change Directive the Contractor shall, when requested, promptly furnish in a form satisfactory to the Construction Administrator and the Owner a complete detailed accounting of all costs relating to the Additional Work, including but not limited to certified payrolls and copies of accounts, bills and vouchers to substantiate actual costs. Further, the Owner reserves the right to access and make copies of the Contractor's records at any time upon written request from the Commissioner.
- 13.11 Failure of the Contractor to negotiate in good faith issues of time and costs or failure to provide requested documentation within fourteen (14) Days, or a time period accepted by the Commissioner, shall constitute a waiver by the Contractor of any claim. In such cases the Owner may elect to issue a unilateral Change Order in an amount deemed to be fair and equitable by the Commissioner. The provisions hereof shall not affect the power of the Contractor to act in case of emergency, threatened injury to persons, or damage to Work on any adjoining property. In this case the Commissioner, through the Project Manager, shall issue a Change Order for such amount as the Commissioner finds to be reasonable cost of such Work.

ARTICLE 14 DELETED WORK

- **14.1** Without invalidating any of the terms of the Contract, the Commissioner may order deleted from the Contract any items or portions of the Work deemed necessary by the Commissioner.
- **14.2** The compensation to be deducted from the Contract Sum for such deletions shall be determined in the manner provided for under the provisions of Article 13 or in the event none of the provisions of Article 13 are applicable then by the value as estimated by the Owner.

ARTICLE 15 MATERIALS: STANDARDS

- **15.1** Unless otherwise specifically provided for in the Specifications, all equipment, materials and articles incorporated in the Work are to be new and of the best grade of their respective kinds for the purposes. Wherever in the Contract Documents a particular brand, make of material, device, or equipment is shown or specified, the first manufacturer listed in the specification section is to be regarded as the standard. When the specification is proprietary and only one manufacturer is listed, the Contractor shall use the named manufacturer and no Substitutions or Equals will be allowed.
- **15.2** Any other brand, make of material, device, equipment, procedure, etc. which is a deviation from the specified requirement is prohibited from use, but may be considered by the Owner for approval as an Equal or Substitution. The Contractor is to adhere to the specific requirements of the Contract Documents. Substitutions are discouraged and are only approved by the Commissioner as an exception.

15.3 Submittals – Equals and Substitution Requests:

- **15.3.1** Substitution of Materials and Equipment before Bid Opening. The Owner will consider requests for Equals or Substitutions, if made prior to the receipt of the Bid. The information on all materials shall be consistent with the information herein.
 - **15.3.1.1** Statement of Variances a statement of variances must list all features of the proposed Substitution which differ from the Drawings, Specifications and/or product(s) specified and must further certify that the Substitution has no other variant features. A request will be denied if submitted without sufficient evidence.
 - **15.3.1.2** Substitution Denial any Substitution request not complying with the above requirements will be denied. Substitution request sent after the deadline established in the Notice to Bidder will be denied.
 - **15.3.1.3** An addendum shall be issued to inform all prospective Bidders of any accepted Substitution in accordance with Owner's addenda procedures.
- 15.3.2 Substitution of Materials and Equipment After Bid Opening: Subject to the Architect or Engineer's determination, if the material or equipment is Equal to the

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one specified or pre-qualified and the CT DCS Project Manager's approval of such determination, Substitution of Material or Equipment may be allowed after the Letter of Award is issued only:

- **15.3.2.1** If the specified or pre-qualified item is delayed by unforeseeable contingencies beyond the control of the Contractor which would cause a delay in the Project completion;
- **15.3.2.2** If any specified or pre-qualified item is found to be unusable or unavailable due to a change by the manufacturer or other circumstances; or
- **15.3.2.3** If the Contractor desires to provide a more recently developed material, equipment, or manufactured model from the same named manufacturer than the one specified or pre-qualified; or **15.3.2.4** If the specified material and/or equipment inadvertently lists only a single manufacturer.
- **15.4** Contractor shall submit each request for Equal or Substitution to the Architect or Engineer who shall review each request and make the following recommendations to the Owner:
 - **15.4.1** Acceptance or non-acceptance of the adequacy of the submission and required back-up,
 - **15.4.2** Determination of the category of the request for Substitution or Equal, and
 - **15.4.3** Overall recommendation for approval or rejection of the Substitution or Equal. The determination of the category as a Substitution may be grounds for an immediate rejection by the Owner.
- **15.5** Approval of the Owner for each Equal or Substitution shall be obtained before the Contractor proceeds with the Work. The decision of the Commissioner, in this regard, shall be final and binding on the Contractor.
- **15.6** No extension of time will be allowed for the time period required for consideration of any Substitution or Equal. No extension of time will be allowed and no responsibility will be assumed by the Owner when a Contractor submits a request for Substitution or Equal, whether such request be approved or denied, and the Contractor shall not be entitled to any claim for damages for delay.
- **15.7** If the Contractor submits any request for an Equal or a Substitution, he shall bear the burden of proof that such requested Equal or Substitution meets the requirements of the Plans and Specifications.
- **15.8** The Contractor shall purchase no materials or supplies for the Work which is subject to any chattel mortgage or which are under a conditional sale or other agreement by which an interest is retained by the seller. The Contractor warrants that the Contractor has good title to all materials and supplies used by him in the Work.
- **15.9** All products and systems supplied to the State as a result of a purchase by a Contractor shall be certified that, to the best of the supplier's knowledge, there are no materials that are classified as hazardous materials being used within the assembly. Hazardous materials include, but are not limited

to, products such as asbestos, lead, and other materials that have proven to cause a health risk by their presence.

ARTICLE 16 INSPECTION AND TESTS

- 16.1 The purpose of the inspections will be to assure that the Work is performed in accordance with the Contract Documents. These inspections shall include, but not be limited to, all inspections and testing as required by the Owner, and any authorities have jurisdiction.
- All material and workmanship, if not otherwise designated by the Specifications, shall be subject to inspection, examination and test by the Commissioner at any and all times during manufacture and/or construction and at any and all places where such manufacture and/or construction is carried on. The Contract Documents additionally identify the parties responsible for performing and paying for the required testing and inspections. All required tests performed in a laboratory will be obtained and paid for by the Owner, except when the tests show the Work to be defective. The Contractor shall pay for all the costs associated with re-tests and re-inspections for all tests and inspections which fail. The Owner will issue a deduct Change Order to recover said retesting costs from the Contractor. All other tests, unless otherwise specified, shall be made at the Contractor's expense. Notice of the time of all tests to be made at the site shall be given to all interested parties, including the Owner.
- **16.3** Without additional cost to the Owner, the Contractor shall promptly furnish facilities, labor and materials necessary to coordinate and perform operational tests and checkout of the Work. The Contractor shall furnish promptly all reasonable facilities, labor, and materials necessary to make all such testing safe and convenient.
- If, at any time before final payment and Acceptance of the Work, the Commissioner considers it necessary or advisable to examine of any portion of the Work already completed by removing or tearing out the same, the Contractor shall, upon request, furnish promptly all necessary facilities, labor, and materials. If such Work is found to be defective in any material respect, as determined by the Owner, because of a fault of the Contractor or any of the Contractor's Subcontractors, or if any Work shall have been covered without the approval or consent of the Commissioner (whether or not it is found to be defective), the Contractor shall be liable for testing costs and all costs of correction, including removal and/or demolition of the defective Work, including labor, material, and testing, including labor, material, re-testing or reinspecting, services of required consultants, additional supervision, the Commissioner's and the Construction Administrator's administrative costs, and other costs for services of other consultants.
- 16.5 Cost of Systems Commissioning Retesting: The cost to retest a pre-functional or functional test, if the Contractor is responsible for the deficiency, shall be the Contractor's. If the Contractor is not responsible, any cost

recovery for retesting costs shall be negotiated with the Contractor.

- **16.5.1** For a deficiency identified, not related to any pre-functional checklist or start-up fault, the following shall apply: The Commissioning Agent (CxA) and Construction Administrator will direct the retesting of the equipment once at no "charge" to the Contractor for their time. However, the Commissioning Agent's and Construction Administrator's time for additional testing will be charged to the Contractor.
- **16.5.2** The time for the Systems Commissioning Agent and Construction Administrator to direct any retesting required because a specific pre-functional checklist or start-up test item, reported to have been successfully completed, but determined during functional testing to be faulty, will be back charged to the Contractor.
- **16.5.3** Any required retesting by any Subcontractor shall not be considered a justified reason for a claim of delay or for a time extension by the Contractor.

ARTICLE 17 ROYALTIES AND PATENTS

- 17.1 If the Contractor desires to use any design, device, material or process covered by a patent or copyright, the Contractor shall provide for such use by suitable legal agreement with the holder of said patent or copyright. The Contractor shall furnish a copy of this legal agreement to the Owner.
- 17.2 The Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless the Owner and Construction Administrator for any costs, expenses and damage which it may be obliged to pay by reason of any infringement of a patent or a copyright, at any time during the prosecution or after the Final payment of the Work.

ARTICLE 18 SURVEYS, PERMITS AND REGULATIONS

- **18.1** Unless otherwise provided for, the Contractor shall furnish surveys necessary for the execution of the Work. The Owner will furnish the Contractor with two base lines and a benchmark.
- **18.2** The Contractor shall obtain and pay for permits and licenses necessary for the execution of the Work and the occupancy and use of the completed Work.
- **18.3** The Contractor shall give all notices and comply with all laws, ordinances, rules and regulations including building and fire safety codes relating to the performance of the Work.
- 18.4 If underground utilities may be involved in part of the Work the Contractor is required to request "Call-Before-You-Dig" to verify the location of underground utilities at least (3) Working Days, as further defined under Paragraph 1.71 herein, prior to the start of any excavation. The Contractor shall also notify the Owner and Agency at least (3) Working Days prior to the start of any excavation. If "Call-Before-You-Dig" fails or refuses to respond to the Contractor's request, then the Contractor shall obtain the services of a qualified

underground utility locating firm, at no additional cost to the Owner, to verify locations of underground utilities prior to the start of any excavation. The Contractor shall be held responsible for providing safety, protecting the Work and protecting workmen as necessary to perform the Work. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining and protecting all original utility mark-out at no additional cost to the Owner.

ARTICLE 19 PROTECTION OF THE WORK, PERSONS AND PROPERTY

- 19.1 The Contractor shall continuously and adequately protect the Work against damage from any cause, and shall protect materials and supplies furnished by the Contractor or Subcontractors, whether or not incorporated in the Work, and shall make good any damage unless it be due directly to errors in the Contract Documents or is caused by agents or employees of the Owner.
- **19.2** To the extent required by law, by public authority, or made necessary in order to safeguard the health and welfare of the personnel or occupants of any of the state institutions, the Contractor shall adequately protect adjacent property and persons, and provide and maintain all facilities, including but not limited, to passageways, guard fences, lights, and barricades necessary for such protection.
- 19.3 The Contractor shall take all necessary precautions for the safety of employees on the Work and shall comply with applicable provisions of federal and state safety laws and building codes to prevent accidents or injury to persons on, about, or adjacent to the premises where the Work is being performed. The Contractor shall also comply with the applicable provisions of the Associated General Contractors' "Manual of Accident Prevention in Construction", the standards of the Connecticut Labor Department and Occupational Safety and Hazard Association (OSHA).
- 19.4 The Contractor shall erect and properly maintain at all times, as required by the conditions and progress of the Work, all necessary safeguards for the protection of employees of the State and the public, and shall post danger signs warning against any dangerous condition or hazard created by such things as protruding nails, well holes, elevator hatchways, scaffolding, window openings, excavations, tripping hazards or slipping, stairways and falling materials.
- **19.5** The Contractor shall designate a qualified and responsible on-site staff person, whose duty shall be the prevention of accidents. The name and position of the designated person shall be reported to the Owner by the Contractor at the commencement of the Contract.
- **19.6** The Contractor shall at all times protect excavations, trenches, buildings, and all items of Work from damage by rain, water from melted snow or ice, surface water run off and subsurface water usual for the vicinity at the time of operations; and provide all pumps and equipment and enclosures to insure such protection.

- **19.7** The Contractor shall construct and maintain all necessary temporary drainage and provide all pumping necessary to keep excavation, basements, footings and foundations free of water.
- **19.8** The Contractor shall remove all snow and ice as may be required for access to the site and proper protection and prosecution of the Work.
- **19.9** The Contractor shall install bracing, shoring, sheathing, sheet piling, caissons and any other underground facilities as required for safety and proper execution of the Work, and shall remove this portion of the Work when no longer necessary.
- **19.10** During cold weather the Contractor shall protect all Work from damage. If low temperature makes it impossible to continue operations safely in spite of cold weather precautions, the Contractor may cease Work upon the written approval of the Commissioner.

ARTICLE 20 TEMPORARY UTILITIES

20.1 Unless expressly provided for otherwise in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall include in the proposed contract bid price as stated on the Bid Proposal Form, the costs of all temporary utilities required for Project completion and protection of the Work. Said temporary utilities include, but are not limited to, lighting, heating, cooling, electrical power, water, telephone, sanitary facilities, and potable water.

ARTICLE 21 CORRECTION OF WORK

- 21.1 The Contractor shall promptly and without expense to the Owner remove from the premises all materials rejected by or unacceptable to the Commissioner as failing to conform to the Contract Documents, whether incorporated in the Work or not.
- 21.2 The Contractor shall promptly and without expense to the Owner replace any such materials, which do not conform to the Contract Documents, and shall bear the expense of making good all Work of other Contractors or Subcontractors destroyed or damaged by such removal or replacement.
- **21.3** If the Contractor, after receipt of notice from the Owner, shall fail to remove such rejected or unacceptable materials within a reasonable time as fixed in said notice, the Owner may remove and store such materials at the expense of the Contractor.
- 21.4 Such action shall not affect the obligation of the Contractor to replace and complete assembly and installation of the Work and to bear the expenses referred to above. Prior to the correction of rejected or unacceptable Work or if the Commissioner deems it inexpedient or undesirable to correct any portion of the Work which was rejected, deemed unacceptable, or not done in accordance with the Contract

Documents, the Contract Sum shall be reduced by such amount as, in the judgment of the Commissioner, shall be equitable.

- 21.5 No extension of time will be given to the Contractor for correction of rejected or unacceptable Work. All significant punchlist Work shall be completed before Substantial Completion is determined. The remaining minor punchlist Work, as determined by the Commissioner, shall be completed within ninety (90) Days of established Substantial Completion date.
- **21.6** Final Payment shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for the defects in material or workmanship.
- 21.7 Unless expressly provided for otherwise in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall remedy any rejected or unacceptable Work, and any Work found to be not conforming to the Contract Documents which is discovered within 18 Months after the date of Substantial Completion. The Contractor shall pay for any damage to other Work caused by such nonconforming Work or any damage created in correcting the nonconforming Work.

ARTICLE 22 GUARANTEES and WARRANTIES

- **22.1** Unless expressly provided for otherwise in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall provide a Warranty on the Work for an 18-Month period from the date of Substantial Completion. The Contractor shall warrant that the equipment, materials and workmanship are of good quality and new, unless permitted elsewhere by the Contract Documents, and that the Work shall be free from defects not inherent in the quality required or permitted and that the Work conforms to the Contract Documents.
- **22.2** Disclaimers and limitations from manufactures, Subcontractors, suppliers or installers to the Contractor shall not relieve the Contractor of the Warranty on the Work. The Contract Documents detail the related damages, reinstatement of Warranty, replacement cost and Owner's recourse.

ARTICLE 23 CUTTING, FITTING, PATCHING, AND DIGGING

- 23.1 The Contractor will perform or will cause the Subcontractors to perform all cutting, fitting, or patching of the portion(s) of the Work that may be required to make the several parts thereof joined and coordinated in a manner satisfactory to the Commissioner and in accordance with the Plans and Specifications.
- 23.2 The responsibility for defective or ill-timed Work shall be with the Contractor, but such responsibility shall not in any way relieve the Subcontractor who performed such Work. Except with the consent of the Commissioner, neither the Contractor nor any of its Subcontractors shall cut or alter the Work of any other Contractor or Subcontractor.

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ARTICLE 24 CLEANING UP

- **24.1** The Contractor shall, on a daily basis, keep the premises free from accumulations of waste material or rubbish.
- 24.2 Prior to Acceptance of the Work, the Contractor shall remove from and about the site of the Work, all rubbish, all temporary structures, tools, scaffolding, and surplus materials, supplies, and equipment which may have been used in the performance of the Work. If the Commissioner in his sole discretion determines that the Contractor has failed to clean the work site, the Owner may remove the rubbish and charge the cost of such removal to the Contractor. A deduct Change Order will be issued by the Owner to recover such cost.

ARTICLE 25 ALL WORK SUBJECT TO CONTROL OF THE COMMISSIONER

- 25.1 The Commissioner hereby declares that the CT DCS Project Manager is the Commissioner's only authorized representative to act in matters involving the Owner's, and/or Architect's or Engineer's, ability to revoke, alter, enlarge or relax any requirement of the Contract Documents; to settle disputes between the Contractor and the Construction Administrator; and act on behalf of the Commissioner. In all such matters, the provisions of Articles 13 and 14 herein shall guide the CT DCS Project Manager.
- 25.2 In no event may the Contractor act on any instruction of the Agency without written consent of the Owner. In the event the Contractor acts without such consent, he does so at his own risk and at his own expense, not only for the Work performed, but for the removal of such Work as determined necessary by the Commissioner.
- **25.3** In the performance of the Work, The Contractor shall abide by all orders, directions, and requirements of the Commissioner at such time and places and by such methods and in such manner and sequence as the Commissioner may require.
- **25.4** The Commissioner shall determine the amount, quality, acceptability and fitness of all parts of the Work, shall interpret the plans, Specifications, Contract Documents and extra work orders and shall decide all other questions in connection with the Work.
- 25.5 The Contractor shall employ no plant, equipment, materials, methods, or persons to which the Commissioner objects and shall remove no plant materials, equipment, or other facilities from the site of the Work without the permission of the Commissioner. Upon request, the Commissioner shall confirm in writing any oral order, direction, requirement or determination.
- **25.6** In accordance with Section 4b-24 of the Connecticut General Statutes, the public auditors of the State of Connecticut and the auditors or accountants of the

Commissioner of Construction Services shall have the right to audit and make copies of the books of any Contractor employed by the Commissioner.

ARTICLE 26 AUTHORITY OF THE CONSTRUCTION ADMINISTRATOR

- **26.1** The Construction Administrator employed by the Commissioner is authorized to inspect all Work for conformance to the Contract Documents. The Construction Administrator is authorized to reject all Work found to be defective, unacceptable and nonconforming to the Contract Documents. Such inspections and rejections may extend to all or any part of the Work, and to the preparation or manufacture of the material to be used.
- 26.2 The Construction Administrator is not empowered to revoke, alter, enlarge, or relax any requirements of the Contract Documents, or to issue instructions contrary to the Contract Documents. The Construction Administrator shall in no case act as foreman or perform other duties for the Contractor, nor shall the Construction Administrator interfere with the management of the Work by the Contractor. Any advice, which the Construction Administrator may give the Contractor, shall in no way be construed as binding the Commissioner or Owner in any way, nor releasing the Contractor from the fulfillment of the terms of the Contract.
- **26.3** In any dispute arising between the Contractor and the Construction Administrator with reference to inspection and rejection of the Work, the Construction Administrator may suspend Work on the non-compliant portion of the Work until the dispute can be referred to and decided by the Commissioner

ARTICLE 27 SCHEDULE OF VALUES, APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT

- 27.1 Immediately after the signing of the Contract, the Contractor shall furnish for the use of the Commissioner, as a basis for estimating partial payments, a certified Schedule of Values, totaling the Contract Sum and broken down into quantities and unit costs, as outlined in the Contract Documents and as directed by the Owner. The Schedule of Values must reflect true costs and be in sufficient detail to be an effective tool for monitoring the progress of the Work Upon request of the Commissioner; the Contractor shall supply copies of signed Contracts, vendor quotations, etc. as back up to the Schedule of Values.
- **27.2** Approval of the Schedule of Values by the Commissioner is required prior to any payment by the Owner.
- **27.3** The Schedule of Values shall include a breakdown of the Contractor's general condition costs.
 - **27.3.1** Non-recurring costs, (i.e. Mobilization costs, utility hook-ups, temporary heat) will be paid at the time of occurrence.

- **27.3.2** Reoccurring costs will be paid in proportion to the percent of completion of the Project.
- **27.3.3** Further detail can be found in the General Requirements 01.29.76; paragraphs 1.3.B.4 for this project.
- **27.4** The Schedule of Values shall include a breakdown of Contract closeout costs including systems certification testing and acceptance, training, Warranties, Guarantees, As-Built Drawings and attic stock.
- **27.5** The Contractor shall make periodic applications for payment, which shall be subdivided into categories corresponding with the approved Schedule of Values and shall be in such numbers of copies as may be designated by the Commissioner.

ARTICLE 28 PARTIAL PAYMENTS

- **28.1** Commissioner will examine the Contractor's Applications For Payments to determine, in the opinion of the Commissioner, the amounts that properly represent the value of the Work completed and the materials suitably stored on the site.
- **28.2** In making such Application For Payment for the Work, there shall be deducted <u>seven</u> and <u>one-half</u> percent (7.5%) of the amount of each Application for Payment to be retained by the Owner as Retainage until Final Completion.
 - The Commissioner has the sole discretion in 28.2.1 the determination of reduction in Retainage. At fifty percent (50%) completion of the Work the Owner shall issue a "Contractor's Performance Evaluation". If the Contractor receives a performance evaluation score of "Good" or better, then the Retainage withheld may be reduced to five percent (5%). All subsequent Applications for Payment shall be subject to five percent (5%) Retainage. Upon Substantial Completion, the Retainage may be reduced at the request of the Contractor and recommendation of the CT DCS Project Manager. In the event of a reduction in Retainage to below five percent (5%), the minimum Retainage withheld shall not be less than the CT DCS Project Manager's estimate of the remaining Work or two and one-half percent (2.5%), which ever is greater. All requests for Retainage Reduction shall be done on CT DCS Form 7048 General Contractor Retainage Reduction Request, which can be found at the end of the General Conditions.
 - **28.2.2** Subsequent to Substantial Completion, in limited circumstances, at the sole discretion of the Commissioner, a reduction of Retainage below Two and one-half percent (2.5%) may be considered.
 - **28.2.3** A "Good" Contractor's Performance Evaluation score shall be defined as a minimum total score of sixty percent (60%).
- **28.3** The decision of the Commissioner to reduce the Retainage rate will be based upon the Contractor's Performance Evaluation score for completed portions of the

- Work as set out above and other factors that the Commissioner may find appropriate as follows:
 - 28.3.1 The Contractor's timely submission of an appropriate and complete CPM Schedule or Construction Schedule and Schedule of Values, in compliance with the Contract requirements and the prompt resolution of the Owner's and/or Architect's or Engineer's comments on the submitted material resulting in an appropriate basis for progress of the Work.
 - **28.3.2** The Contractor's timely and proper submission of all Contract Document required submissions: including, but not limited to, Shop Drawings, material certificates and material samples and the prompt resolution of the Owners and/or Architect's or Engineer's comments on the submitted material, resulting in an appropriate progress of the Work.
 - **28.3.3** The Contractor's provision of proper and adequate supervision and home office support of the Project.
 - **28.3.4** The Work completed to date has been installed or finished in a manner acceptable to the Owner.
 - **28.3.5** The progress of the Work is consistent with the approved CPM Schedule or Construction Schedule.
 - **28.3.6** All approved credit change orders have been invoiced.
 - **28.3.7** All Change Order requests for pricing are current.
 - **28.3.8** The Contractor has and is maintaining a clean worksite in accordance with the Contract Documents.
 - **28.3.9** All Subcontractor payments are current at the time of reduction request.
 - **28.3.10** Contractor is compliant with set-aside provisions of the contract.
 - 28.3.2.11 Pursuant to C.G.S. Sec. 4a-101, the General Contractor shall compile evaluation information during the performance of the contract on each of its subcontractors who are performing work with a value in excess of five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000.00). The General Contractor shall complete and submit to the State of Connecticut Department of Construction Services (CT DCS) evaluations of each such subcontractor upon fifty percent (50%) completion of the project and upon Substantial Completion of the project. The General Contractor acknowledges that its failure to complete and submit these evaluations in a timely manner may, by statute; result in a delay in project funding and, consequently, payment to the General Contractor.
- **28.4** No payments will be made for improperly stored or protected materials or unacceptable Work.
- **28.5** At his or her sole discretion, the Commissioner may allow to be included in the monthly requisitions payment requests for materials and equipment stored off the site.
 - **28.5.1** In the event the Commissioner allows the Contractor to include in its requisitions payment requests for materials and equipment stored off the site, the Contractor shall also submit any additional bonds and/or insurance certificates relating to off-site stored materials

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and equipment, and follow such other procedures as may be required by the State to obtain the Commissioner's approval of such requests.

28.5.2 The Architect or Engineer, or Construction Administrator shall have inspected said materials and equipment and recommended payment therefore. The Contractor shall pay for the cost of the Architect's or Engineer's, or Construction Administrator's time and expense in performing these inspection services.

ARTICLE 29 DELIVERY OF STATEMENT SHOWING AMOUNTS DUE FOR WAGES, MATERIALS, AND SUPPLIES

- 29.1 For each Application for Payment under this Contract, the Owner reserves the right to require the Contractor and every Subcontractor to submit a written verified statement, in a form satisfactory to the Owner, showing in detail all amounts then due and unpaid by such Contractor or Subcontractor for daily or weekly wages to all laborers employed by it for the performance of the Work or to other persons for materials, equipment or supplies delivered at the site.
- **29.2** The term "laborers" as used herein shall include workmen, workwomen, and mechanics.
- **29.3** Failure to comply with this requirement may result in the Owner withholding the Application for Payment pursuant to Article 28.

ARTICLE 30 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION AND ACCEPTANCE

30.1 Substantial Completion:

- **30.1.1** When the Contractor considers that the Work or a portion thereof is Substantially Complete, the Contractor shall request an inspection of said Work in writing to the Construction Administrator. The request shall certify that the Contractor has completed its own inspection prior to the request and that the Contractor is compliant with all requirements of Section 01 77 00 of the General Requirements. The request must also include a statement that a principal or senior executive of the Contractor is ready, willing and able to attend a walk through inspection with the Architect or Engineer.
- **30.1.2** Upon receipt of the request, the Architect or Engineer, Construction Administrator and Owner, will make an inspection to determine if the Work or designated portion thereof is Substantially Complete. A principal or senior executive of the Contractor shall accompany the Architect or Engineer during each inspection/re-inspection. If the inspection discloses any item, whether or not included on the inspection list, which is not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall, before issuance of the Certificate of Substantial Completion, complete or correct such item.
- **30.1.3** The Contractor shall then submit a request for another inspection. The determination of Substantial Completion is solely within the discretion of the Owner. Any

costs for re-inspection beyond one, shall be at the expense of the Contractor and such costs will be recovered by issuance of a credit Change Order. When the Work or designated portion thereof is determined to be Substantially Complete, the Contractor will be provided a Certificate of Substantial Completion from the Owner. The Certificate of Substantial Completion shall establish the date when the responsibilities of the Contractor for security, maintenance, heat, utilities, damage to the Work, and insurance, are transferred to the Owner and shall fix the time within which the Contractor shall finish all items on the inspection list accompanying the Certificate. If the punch list is not complete in 90 Days, the Owner reserves the right to complete the outstanding punch list items with their own forces or by awarding separate contracts and to deduct the cost thereof from the amounts remaining due to the Contractor.

30.1.4 The Certificate of Substantial Completion shall be signed by the Construction Administrator, Owner, and Architect or Engineer. Upon Substantial Completion of the Work or designated portion thereof and upon application by the Contractor and certification by the Construction Administrator and Architect or Engineer, the Owner shall make payment reflecting adjustment in Retainage, if any, for such Work or portion thereof as provided in the Contract Documents.

30.2 Acceptance:

- **30.2.1** Upon completion of the Work, the Contractor shall forward to the Construction Administrator a written notice that the Work is ready for inspection and Acceptance.
- **30.2.2** When the Work has been completed in accordance with terms and conditions of the Contract Document as determined by the Owner a Certificate of Acceptance shall be issued by the Owner.

ARTICLE 31 FINAL PAYMENT

- **31.1** The Owner reserves the right to retain for a period of thirty (30) Days after filing of the Certificate of Acceptance the amount therein stated less all prior payments and advances whatsoever to or for the account of the Contractor.
- **31.2** All prior estimates and payments, including those relating to extra or additional Work, shall be subject to correction by the Final Payment.
- **31.3** No Application for Payment, Final or Partial, shall act as a release to the Contractor or the Contractor's sureties from any obligations under this Contract.
- **31.4** The Architect or Engineer and Construction Administrator will promptly issue the Certificate for Payment, stating that to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, and on the basis of their observations and inspections, the Work has been completed in accordance with terms and conditions of the Contract Documents and that the entire balance found to be due the Contractor and noted in said Final Payment is due and payable.

- **31.5** Final Payment shall not be released until a Certificate of Acceptance and a Certificate of Compliance have been issued.
- **31.6** Neither Final Payment nor any Retainage shall become due until the Contractor submits to the Owner the following:
 - **31.6.1** An affidavit that payrolls, bills for materials and equipment, and other indebtedness connected with the Work for which the Owner or the Owner's property might be responsible or encumbered (less amounts withheld by Owner) have been paid or otherwise satisfied.
 - **31.6.2** A certificate evidencing that insurance required by the Contract Documents to remain in force after Final Payment is currently in effect and will not be canceled or allowed to expire without at least 30 Days prior written notice to the Owner.
 - **31.6.3** A written statement that the Contractor knows of no substantial reason that the insurance will not be renewable to cover the period required by the Contract Documents.
 - **31.6.4** Written consent of surety, if any, to Final Payment.
 - 31.6.5 If required by the Owner, other data establishing payment or satisfaction of obligations, such as receipts, releases and waivers of liens, claims, security interests or encumbrances arising out of the Contract, to the extent and in such form as may be designated by the Owner. If a Subcontractor refuses to furnish a release or waiver required by the Owner, the Contractor may furnish a bond satisfactory to the Owner to indemnify the Owner against such lien. If such lien remains unsatisfied after payments are made, the Contractor shall refund to the Owner all money that the Owner may be compelled to pay in discharging such lien, including all costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

ARTICLE 32 OWNER'S RIGHT TO WITHHOLD PAYMENTS

- **32.1** The Commissioner may withhold a portion of any Payment due the Contractor that may, in the judgment of the Commissioner, be necessary:
 - **32.1.1** To assure the payment of just claims then due and unpaid to any persons supplying labor or materials for the Work.
 - **32.1.2** To protect Owner from loss due to defective, unacceptable or non-conforming Work not remedied by the Contractor.
 - **32.1** To protect the Owner from loss due to injury to persons or damage to the Work or property of other Contractors, Subcontractors, or others caused by the act or neglect of the Contractor or any of its Subcontractors.
- **32.2** The Owner shall have the right to apply any amount withheld under this Article as the Owner may deem proper to satisfy protection from claims. The amount withheld shall be considered a payment to the Contractor.
- **32.3** The Owner has the right to withhold payment if the Contractor fails to provide accurate submissions of Submittals,

- up date the status including but not limited to the following: As-Built Drawings, request for information (RFI) log, Schedule, submittal log, Change Order log, certified payrolls and daily reports and all other requirement of the Contract Documents.
- **32.4** If a Subcontractor refuses to furnish a release or waiver required by the Owner, the Contractor may furnish a bond satisfactory to the Owner to indemnify the Owner against such lien. If such lien remains unsatisfied after payments are made, the Contractor shall refund to the Owner all money that the Owner may be compelled to pay in discharging such lien, including all costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

ARTICLE 33 OWNER'S RIGHT TO STOP WORK OR TERMINATE CONTRACT

- **33.1** The Commissioner shall have the authority to suspend the Work wholly or in part, for such period or periods as the Commissioner considers being in the best interests of the State, or in the interests of public necessity, convenience or safety. During such periods the Contractor shall store all materials and equipment, in such a manner to prevent the materials and equipment from being damaged in any way, and the Contractor shall take precautions to protect the Work from damage.
 - **33.1.1** If the Commissioner, in writing, orders the performance of all or any portion of the Work to be suspended or delayed for an unreasonable period of time (i.e. not originally anticipated, customary, or inherent in the construction industry) and the Contractor believes that additional compensation and/or Contract Time is due as a result of such suspension or delay, the Contractor shall submit to the Commissioner in writing a request for a Contract adjustment within 7 Days of receipt of the notice to resume Work. The request shall set forth the specific reasons and support for said adjustment.
 - **33.1.2** The Commissioner shall evaluate any such requests received. If the Commissioner agrees that the cost and/or time required for the performance of the Contract has increased as a result of such suspension and that the suspension was caused by conditions beyond the control of and not the fault of the Contractor, its suppliers, or Subcontractors, and was not caused by weather, then the Commissioner will make a reasonable adjustment, excluding profit, of the Contract terms. The Commissioner will notify the Contractor of the determination as to what adjustments of the Contract, if any, that the Commissioner deems warranted.
 - **33.1.3** No Contract adjustment will be made unless the Contractor has submitted the request for adjustment within the time prescribed.
 - **33.1.4** No Contract adjustment will be made under this Article to the extent that performance would have been suspended or delayed by any other cause within the Contractor's control or by any factor for which the Contractor is responsible under the Contract; or that such an adjustment is provided for or excluded under other term or condition of this Contract.
- 33.2 Notwithstanding any provision or language in the

Contract to the contrary, the State may terminate the Contract whenever the Commissioner determines at his sole discretion that such termination is in the best interests of the State. Any such termination shall be effected by delivery to the Contractor of a written Notice of Termination specifying the extent to which performance of Work under the Contract is terminated, and the date upon which such termination shall be effective.

- **33.2.1** In the event of such termination, the Contractor shall be entitled to reasonable compensation as determined by the Commissioner, however, no claim for lost Overhead or profits shall be allowed.
- **33.2.2** All Work and materials obtained by the Contractor for the Work, that have been incorporated into the Work, inspected, tested as required, accepted by the Commissioner, and paid for by the State, shall become the property of the State.
- **33.2.3** Materials obtained by the Contractor for the Work that have been inspected, tested as required, and accepted by the Commissioner, and that are not incorporated into the Work, shall, at the option of the Commissioner, be purchased from the Contractor at actual cost as shown by receipted bills. To this cost shall be added all actual costs for delivery at such points of delivery as may be designated by the Commissioner, as shown by actual cost records.
- **33.2.4** Termination of the Contract shall not relieve the Contractor or its Surety of their responsibilities for the completed Work, nor shall it relieve the Contractor's Surety of its obligations to ensure completion of the Work and to pay legitimate claims arising out of Work.

ARTICLE 34 SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING OF CONTRACT

- **34.1** The Contract or any portion thereof, or the Work provided for therein, or the right, title, or interest of the Contractor therein may not be sublet, sold, transferred, assigned, or otherwise disposed of to any person, firm, or corporation without the written consent of the Commissioner.
- **34.2** No person, firm, or corporation other than the Contractor to whom the Contract was awarded shall be permitted to commence Work at the site of the Contract until such consent has been granted.

ARTICLE 35 CONTRACTOR'S INSURANCE

35.1 The Contractor shall not start Work under the Contract until they have obtained insurance as stated in SECTIONS 00 62 16 CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE and 00 40 13 BID PROPOSAL FORM, subsections 4.4.2 and 4.4.3, of the Project Manual and until the insurance has been approved by the Owner. The Contractor shall not allow any Subcontractor to start Work until the same insurance has been obtained by the Subcontractor and approved by the Owner or the Contractor's insurance provides coverage on behalf of the Subcontractor. The Contractor shall send Certificates of Liability Insurance to the Bidding and Contracts Unit, Department of Construction Services, 165 Capitol Avenue, Room G-35, Hartford, CT 06106 unless otherwise directed in

writing. Presented below is a narrative summary of the insurance required.

- **35.1.1 Commercial General Liability** Insurance including contractual liability, products/completed operations, broad form property damage and independent Contractors. The limits shall be no less than \$1,000,000 each occurrence and \$2,000,000 annual aggregate. Coverage for hazards of explosion, collapse and underground (X-C-U) and for asbestos abatement when applicable to this Contract, must also be included when applicable to the Work to be performed. The State of Connecticut, the Department of Construction Services, and their respective officers, agents, and employees shall be named as an Additional Insured. This coverage shall be provided on a primary basis.
- **35.1.2** Owner's and Contractor's Protective Liability insurance providing a total limit of \$1,000,000 for all damages arising out of bodily injury or death of persons in any one accident or occurrence and for all damages arising out of injury or destruction of property in any one accident or occurrence and subject to a total (aggregate) limit of \$2,000,000 for all damages arising out of bodily injury to or death of persons in all accidents or occurrences and out of injury to or destruction of property during the policy period. This coverage shall be for and in the name of the State of Connecticut.
- **35.1.3 Automobile Liability** The operation of all motor vehicles including those owned, non-owned and hired or used in connection with the Contract shall be covered by Automobile Liability insurance providing for a total limit of \$1,000,000 for all damages arising out of bodily injuries to or death of all persons in any one accident or occurrence and for all damages arising out of injury to or destruction of property in any one accident or occurrence. In cases where an insurance policy shows an aggregate limit as part of the automobile liability coverage, the aggregate limit must be at least \$2,000,000. This coverage shall be provided on a primary basis. Should the Contractor not own any automobiles, the automobile & liability requirement shall be amended to allow the Contractor to maintain only hired and non-owned liability coverage.
- **35.1.4** Excess Liability (Other than Umbrella Form) insurance in the amount of \$5,000,000 for bids of \$1,000,000 \$10,000,000 and in the amount of \$10,000,000 for bids of \$10,000,001 \$20,000,000. Refer to Section 00 92 00 Amendments of the Project Manual for Excess Liability insurance requirements for bids exceeding \$20,000,000.
- **35.1.5** Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability as required by Connecticut Law and Employers' Liability with a limit of not less than \$100,000 per occurrence, \$500,000 disease policy limit and \$100,000 disease each employee. When Work is on or contiguous to navigable bodies of waterways and ways adjoining, the Contractor shall include the Federal Act endorsement for the U.S. Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers Act.

- **35.1.6 Special Hazards Insurance**, if required, will be stated in SECTION 00 40 13 BID PROPOSAL FORM, subsection 4.4.2 of this Project Manual. This includes coverage for explosion, collapse or underground damage and for asbestos abatement when applicable to this Contract and shall be no less than \$1,000,000 each occurrence.
- **35.1.7 Builder's Risk Insurance**, if required, will be stated in Section 00 40 13 Bid Proposal Form, subsection 4.4.3 of this Project Manual.
- **35.1.8 Inland Marine/Transit Insurance**: With respect to property with values in excess of \$100,000 which is rigged, hauled or situated at the site pending installation, the Contractor shall maintain inland marine/transit insurance provided the coverage is not afforded by a Builder's Risk policy.
- **35.1.9** When required to be maintained, the Builder's Risk and/or Inland Marine/Transit Insurance policy shall endorse the State of Connecticut as a Loss Payee and the policy shall state it is for the benefit of and payable to the State of Connecticut.
- 35.2 Satisfying Limits Under an Umbrella Policy: If necessary, the Contractor may satisfy the minimum limits required above for either Commercial General Liability, Automobile Liability, and Employer's Liability coverage under an Umbrella or Excess Liability policy. The underlying limits may be set at the minimum amounts required by the Umbrella or Excess Liability policy provided the combined limits meet at least the minimum limit for each required policy. The Umbrella or Excess Liability policy shall have an Annual Aggregate at a limit not less than two (2) times the highest per occurrence minimum limit required above for any of the required coverages. The State of Connecticut shall be specifically endorsed as an Additional Insured on the Umbrella or Excess Liability policy, unless the Umbrella or Excess Liability policy provides continuous coverage to the underlying policies on a complete "Follow-Form" basis.
- **35.3** The Contractor shall, at its sole expense, maintain in full force and effect at all times during the life of the Contract or the performance of Work hereunder, insurance coverage as described herein. Certificates shall include a minimum thirty (30)-day endeavor to notify requirement to the Owner prior to any cancellation or non-renewal.
- **35.4** The Contractor shall be fully and solely responsible for any costs or expenses as a result of a coverage deductible, coinsurance penalty, or self-insured retention, including any loss not covered because of the operation of such deductible, coinsurance penalty, or self-insured retention.
- **35.5** The requirement contained herein as to types and limits of insurance coverage to be maintained by the Contractor are not intended to and shall not in any manner limit or qualify the liabilities and obligations assumed by the Contractor.

Hold Harmless Provisions: The Contractor shall at all times indemnify and save harmless the State of Connecticut, the Department of Construction Services, and their respective officers, agents, and employees, on account of any and all claims, damages, losses, litigation, expenses, counsel fees and compensation arising out of injuries (including death) sustained by or alleged to have been sustained by the officers, agents, and employees of said State or Department, or of the Contractor, his Subcontractor, or materialmen and from injuries (including death) sustained by or alleged to have been sustained by the public, any or all persons on or near the Work, or by any other person or property, real or personal (including property of said State or Department) caused in whole or in part by the acts, omissions, or neglect or the Contractor including, but not limited to, any neglect in safeguarding the Work or through the use of unacceptable materials in constructing the Work of the Contractor, any Subcontractor, materialman, or anyone directly employed by them or any of them while engaged in the performance of the Contract, including the entire elapsed time from the date of the Notice to Proceed or the actual Commencement Of The Work whichever occurs first until its completion as certified by the Department of Construction Services.

ARTICLE 36 FOREIGN MATERIALS

- **36.1** Preference shall be given to articles or materials manufactured or produced in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, (the members of the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA)); and the products shall meet all of the referenced standards and Specifications for conditions of performance, quality, and price with duty being equal.
- **36.2** Only articles or materials manufactured or produced in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, (the members of the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA)), will be allowed. The foregoing provisions shall not apply to foreign articles or materials required by the Contract Documents.

ARTICLE 37 HOURS OF WORK

- 37.1 No person shall be employed to work or be permitted to work more than eight (8) hours in any Day or more than forty (40) hours in any week for any Work provided in the Contract, in accordance with Connecticut General Statute Section 31-57.
- **37.2** The operation of such limitation of hours of work may be suspended during an emergency, upon the approval of the Commissioner, in accordance with Connecticut General Statute Section 31-57.

ARTICLE 38 CLAIMS

38.1 General: When filing a formal claim under Section 4-61 (referred to as "Section 4-61" below) of the Connecticut

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General Statutes (as revised), either as a lawsuit in the Superior Court or as a demand for arbitration, the Contractor must follow the procedures and comply with the requirements set forth in this Article. This Section does not, unless so specified, govern informal claims for additional compensation which the Contractor may bring before the Department. The Contractor should understand, however, that the Department may need, before the Department can resolve such a claim, the same kinds of documentation and other substantiation that it requires under this Article. It is the intent of the Department to compensate the Contractor for actual increased costs caused by or arising from acts or omissions on the part of the Department that violate legal or contractual duties owed to the Contractor by the Department.

38.2 Notice of Claim: Whenever the Contractor intends to file a formal claim against the Department under Section 4-61, seeking compensation for additional costs, the Contractor shall notify the Commissioner in writing (in strict compliance with Section 4-61) of the details of said claim. Such written notice shall contain all pertinent information described in Paragraph 38.5 below.

Once formal notice of a claim under Section 4-61(b) (as revised) has been given to the Commissioner, the claimant may not change the claim in any way, in either concept or monetary amount, (1) without filing a new notice of claim and demand for arbitration to reflect any such change, and (2) without the minimum period of six months after filing of the new demand commencing again and running before any hearing on the merits of the claim may be held. The only exception to this limitation will be for damages that continue to accrue after submission of the notice, in ways described and anticipated in the notice.

- **38.3 Record Keeping:** The Contractor shall keep daily records of all costs incurred in connection with its Work on behalf of the Department. The daily records shall identify each aspect of the Project affected by matters related to any claim for additional compensation that the Contractor has filed, intends to file, or has reason to believe that it may file against the Department; the specific Project locations where Project work has been so affected; the number of people working on the affected aspects of the Project at the pertinent time(s); and the types and number of pieces of equipment on the Project site at the pertinent time(s). Any potential or anticipated effect on the Project's progress or Schedule which may result in a claim by the Contractor shall be noted contemporaneously with the cause of the effect, or as soon thereafter as possible.
- **38.4** Claim Compensation: The payment of any claim, or any portion thereof, that is deemed valid by the Department shall be made in accordance with the following provisions of this Article:
- **38.4.1** Compensable Items: The liability of the Department for claims will be limited to the following specifically identified items of cost, insofar as they have not otherwise been paid for by the Department, and insofar as they were caused solely by the actions or omissions of the Department or its agents (except that with regard to payment for extra work, the Department will pay to the Contractor the Overhead and profit percentages provided for in Article 13.):

- 38.4.1.1 Additional Project-site labor expenses.
- 38.4.1.2 Additional costs for materials.
- **38.4.1.3** Additional, unabsorbed Project-site Overhead (e.g., for mobilization and demobilization).
- 38.4.1.4 Additional costs for active equipment.
- **38.4.1.5** For each Day of Project delay or suspension caused solely by actions or omissions of the Department either:
 - **38.4.1.5.1** an additional ten percent (10%) of the total amount of the costs identified in Subparagraphs 38.4.1.1 through 38.4.1.4 above; except that if the delay or suspension period prevented the Contractor from incurring enough Project costs under Subparagraphs 38.4.1.1 through 38.4.1.4 during that period to require a payment by the Department that would be greater than the payment described in Subparagraph 38.4.1.5.2 below, then the payment for affected home office Overhead and profit shall instead be made in the following *per diem* amount:
 - **38.4.1.5.2** six percent (6%) of the original total Contract amount divided by the original number of Days of Contract Time. Payment under either 38.4.1.5.1 or 38.4.1.5.2 hereof shall be deemed to be complete and mutually satisfactory compensation for any unabsorbed home office overhead and any profit related to the period of delay or suspension.
- **38.4.1.6** Additional equipment costs. Only actual equipment costs shall be used in the calculation of any compensation to be made in response to claims additional Project compensation. equipment costs shall be based upon records kept in the normal course of business and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Under no circumstances shall Blue Book or other guide or rental rates be used for this purpose (unless the Contractor had to rent the equipment from an unrelated party, in which case the actual rental charges paid by the Contractor, so long as they are reasonable, shall be used). Idle equipment, for instance, shall be paid for based only on its actual cost to the Contractor.
- **38.4.1.7** Subcontractor costs limited to, and determined in accordance with, Subparagraphs 38.4.1.1 through 38.4.1.5 above and applicable statutory and case law. Such Subcontractor costs may be paid for by the Department only: (a) in the context of an informal claims settlement; or (b) if the Contractor has itself paid or legally assumed, present unconditional liability for those Subcontractor costs.
- **38.4.2** Excusable But Not Compensable Items: The Contractor may be allowed Days but the Department will have no liability for the following non-compensable items:
 - 38.4.2.1 Abnormal or unusually severe weather
 - 38.4.2.2 Acts of God
 - 38.4.2.3 Force Majeure
 - 38.4.2.4 Concurrent Delay

38.4.3 Non-Compensable Items: The Department will have no liability for the following specifically-identified noncompensable items:

38.4.3.1	Profit, in excess of that provided for
herein.	

- 38.4.3.2 Loss of anticipated profit.
 38.4.3.3 Loss of bidding opportunities.
 38.4.3.4 Reduction of bidding capacity.
- **38.4.3.5** Home office overhead in excess of that provided for in Subparagraph 38.4.1.5 hereof.
- **38.4.3.6** Attorneys fees, claims preparation expenses, or other costs of claims proceedings or resolution.
- **38.4.3.7** Subcontractor failure to perform **38.4.3.8** Any other consequential or indirect expenses or costs, such as tort damages, or any other form of expense or damages not provided for in these specifications or elsewhere in the Contract.
- **38.5** Required Claim Documentation: All claims shall be submitted in writing to the Commissioner, and shall be sufficient in detail to enable the Department to ascertain the basis and the amount of each claim, and to investigate and evaluate each claim in detail. As a minimum, the Contractor must provide the following information for each and every claim and sub-claim asserted:
 - **38.5.1** detailed factual statement of the claim, with all dates, locations and items of Work pertinent to the claim.
 - **38.5.2** A statement of whether each requested additional amount of compensation or extension of time is based on provisions of the Contract or on an alleged breach of the Contract. Each supporting or breached Contract provision and a statement of the reasons why each such provision supports the claim must be specifically identified or explained.
 - **38.5.3** Excerpts from manuals or other texts which are standard in the industry, if available, that support the Contractor's claim.
 - **38-5.4** The details of the circumstances that gave rise to the claim.
 - **38.5.5** The date(s) on which any and all events resulting in the claim occurred, and the date(s) on which conditions resulting in the claim first became evident to the Contractor.
 - **38.5.6** Specific identification of any pertinent document, and detailed description of the substance of any material oral communication, relating to the substance of such claim.
 - **38.5.7** If an extension of time is sought, the specific dates and number of Days for which it is sought, and the basis or bases for the extension sought. A critical path method, bar chart, or other type of graphical schedule that supports the extension must be submitted.
 - **38.5.8** When submitting any claim over \$50,000, the Contractor shall certify in writing, under oath and in accordance with the formalities required by the contract, as to the following:
 - **38.5.8.1** That supporting data is accurate and complete to the Contractor's best knowledge and belief;

- **38.5.8.2** That the amount of the dispute and the dispute itself accurately reflects what the Contractor in good faith believes to be the Department's liability;
- **38.5.8.3** The certification shall be executed by:
 - **38.5.8.3.1** If the Contractor is an individual, the certification shall be executed by that individual.
 - **38.5.8.3.2** If the Contractor is not an individual, the certification shall be executed by a senior company official in charge at the Contractor's plant or location involved or an officer or general partner of the Con-tractor having overall responsibility for the conduct of the Contractor's affairs.
- Auditing of Claims: All claims filed against the Department shall be subject to audit by the Department or its agents at any time following the filing of such claim. The Contractor and its Subcontractors and suppliers shall cooperate fully with the Department's auditors. Failure of the Contractor, its Subcontractors, or its suppliers to maintain and retain sufficient records to allow the Department or its agents to fully evaluate the claim shall constitute a waiver of any portion of such claim that cannot be verified by specific, adequate, contemporaneous records, and shall bar recovery on any claim or any portion of a claim for which such verification is not produced. Without limiting the foregoing requirements, and as a minimum, the Contractor shall make available to the Department and its agents the following documents in connection with any claim that the Contractor submits:
 - **38.6.1** Daily time sheets and foreman's daily reports.
 - **38.6.2** Union agreements, if any.
 - **38.6.3** Insurance, welfare, and benefits records.
 - 38.6.4 Payroll register.
 - 38.6.5 Earnings records.
 - 38.6.6 Payroll tax returns.
 - **38.6.7** Records of property tax payments.
 - **38.6.8** Material invoices, purchase orders, and all material and supply acquisition contracts.
 - **38.6.9** Materials cost distribution worksheets.
 - **38.6.10** Equipment records (list of company equipment, rates, etc.).
 - **38.6.11** Vendor rental agreements.
 - **38.6.12** Subcontractor invoices to the Contractor, and the Contractor's certificates of payments to Subcontractors.
 - **38.6.13** Subcontractor payment certificates.
 - 38.6.14 Canceled checks (payroll and vendors).
 - 38.6.15 Job cost reports.
 - 38.6.16 Job payroll ledger.
 - **38.6.17** General ledger, general journal (if used), and all subsidiary ledgers and journals, together with all supporting documentation pertinent to entries made in these ledgers and journals.
 - **38.6.18** Cash disbursements journals.

- **38.6.19** Financial statements for all years reflecting the operations on the Project.
- **38.6.20** Income tax returns for all years reflecting the operations on the Project.
- **38.6.21** Depreciation records on all company equipment, whether such records are maintained by the company involved, its accountant, or others.
- **38.6.22** If a source other than depreciation records is used to develop costs for the Contractor's internal purposes in establishing the actual cost of owning and operating equipment, all such other source documents
- **38.6.23** All documents which reflect the Contractor's actual profit and overhead during the years that the Project was being performed, and for each of the five years prior to the commencement of the Project.
- **38.6.24** All documents related to the preparation of the Contractor's bid, including the final calculations on which the total proposed Contract bid price as stated in the Bid Proposal Form was based.
- **38.6.25** All documents which relate to the claim or to any sub-claim, together with all documents that support the amount of damages as to each claim or sub-claim.
- **38.6.26** Worksheets used to prepare the claim, which indicate the cost components of each item of the claim, including but not limited to the pertinent costs of labor, benefits and insurance, materials, equipment, and Subcontractors' damages, as well as all documents which establish the relevant time periods, individuals involved, and the Project hours and the rates for the individuals.
- **38.6.27** The name, function, and pertinent activity of each Contractor's or Subcontractor's official, or employee, in volved in or knowledgeable about events that give rise to, or facts that relate to, the claim.
- **38.6.28** The amount(s) of additional compensation sought and a break-down of the amount(s) into the categories specified as payable under Paragraph 38.4 above.
- **38.6.29** The name, function, and pertinent activity of each Department official, employee, or agent involved in or knowledgeable about events that give rise to, or facts that relate to, the claim.

ARTICLE 39 DIESEL VEHICLE EMISSIONS CONTROL

- **39.1** The Contractor shall be responsible for compliance with the following provisions:
 - 39.1.1 All Contractor and Subcontractor diesel powered non-road construction equipment with engine horsepower (HP) ratings of 60 HP and above, that are on the Project or are assigned to the Contract for a period in excess of 30 consecutive Days, shall be retrofitted with emission control devices in order to reduce diesel emissions. In addition, all motor vehicles and/or construction equipment (both on-highway and non-road) shall comply with all pertinent State and Federal regulations relative to exhaust emission controls and safety.

- **39.1.2** Retrofit emission control devices shall consist of oxidation catalysts, or similar retrofit equipment control technology that is:
 - **39.1.2.1** Included on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) "Verified Technology List," as may be amended from time to time http://www.epa.gov/otaq/retrofit/retroverifiedlist.htm and
 - **39.1.2.** Verified by EPA to provide a minimum emissions reduction of 20% particulate matter (PM_{10}), 40% carbon monoxide (CO), and 50% hydrocarbons (HC).
- **39.1.3** Construction shall not proceed until all diesel powered non-road construction equipment meeting the criteria in provision 39.1.1 have been retrofitted, unless the Commissioner grants a waiver under provision 39.2.
- **39.1.4** The Contractor shall at least monthly, assess which diesel powered non-road construction equipment are subject to these provisions. The Contractor shall notify the CT DCS Project Manager of any violations of these provisions.
- **39.1.5** Idling of delivery and/or dump trucks, or other diesel powered equipment shall be limited to three (3) minutes during non-active use in accordance with the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies Section 22a-74-18(b)(3)(C), which states, in part:

"[N]o person shall cause or allow a Mobile Source to operate for more than three (3) consecutive minutes when such Mobile Source is not in motion, except as follows:

- When a Mobile Source is forced to remain motionless because of traffic conditions or mechanical difficulties over which the operator has no control,
- When it is necessary to operate defrosting, heating or cooling equipment to ensure the safety or health of the driver or passengers,
- When it is necessary to operate auxiliary equipment that is located in or on the Mobile Source to accomplish the intended use of the Mobile Source, (To bring the Mobile Source to the manufacturer's recommended)
- When a Mobile Source is in queue to be inspected by U.S. military personnel prior to gaining access to a U.S. military installation."
- **39.1.6** All Work shall be conducted to ensure that no harmful effects are caused to adjacent Sensitive Receptor Sites. Diesel powered engines shall be located away from fresh air intakes, air conditioners, and windows.
- **39.1.7** If any diesel powered non-road construction equipment is found to be in non-compliance with these provisions by the CT DCS Project Manager, the Contractor will be issued a Non-Conformance Notice and given a 24 hour period in which to bring the equipment into compliance or remove it from the Project. The Contractor's failure to comply with these provisions shall be reason to withhold payment as described in Article 33.
- **39.1.8** Any costs associated with these provisions shall be included in the general cost of the contract. In addition, there shall be no time granted to the Contractor for compliance with these provisions. The Contractor's compliance with these provisions and any associated regulations shall not be grounds for a Change Order.

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39.2 The Commissioner reserves the right to waive all or portions of these provisions at his/her discretion. The Contractor may request a waiver to all or portions of these provisions with written justification to the Commissioner as to why the Contractor cannot comply with these provisions. A waiver, to be effective, must be granted in writing by the Commissioner.

END

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Appendix 1



7048 **General Contractor**

Retainage Reduction Request To: Allen V. Herring, P.E., CT DCS Chief Engineer Room 265, 165 Capitol Avenue, Hartford, CT 06106 From: (Insert GC's Name), General Contractor Subject: Project No. () Reduction of Retainage at ()% project completion In accordance with the General Conditions, Article 28 Progress Payments, (insert GC's name) hereby requests a reduction of retainage to an amount of insert written percent Percent (insert numerical percent%). The following list of items required under the General Conditions is in compliance with the terms of the contract and has been verified by the General Contractor. DAS Contractor Performance Evaluation Score is a minimum of Sixty (60%) Percent. Timely submission of an appropriate and complete CPM Schedule and Schedule of Values, in compliance with the Contract requirements and the prompt resolution of the Owner's and/or A/E's comments on the submitted material resulting in an appropriate basis for progress of the Work. Timely and proper submission of all Contract Document required submissions: including but not limited to Shop Drawings, material certificates and material samples and the prompt resolution of the Owner's and/or Architect's or Engineer's comments on the submitted material resulting in an appropriate progress of the Work. Proper and adequate supervision and home office support of the Project. П The Work completed to date has been installed or finished in a manner acceptable to the Owner. The progress of the Work is consistent with the approved CPM Schedule. П All approved credit Change Orders have been invoiced. All Change Order requests for pricing are current. The General Contractor has and is maintaining a clean worksite in accordance with the Contract Documents. All Subcontractor payments are current at the time of reduction request. П General Contractor is compliant with set-aside provisions of the contract. **General Contractor Certification:** (Written Name) (Signature) (Date) **Project Manager Recommendation:** (Written Name) (Signature) (Date) Approved: Allen V. Herring, P.E. **CT DCS Chief Engineer** (Signature) (Date)

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Supplementary Conditions of the Contract for Construction For Design - Bid - Build Department of Administrative Services ● Construction Services State of Connecticut

1.0 Supplementary Conditions:

- 1.1 These Supplementary Conditions modify the State of Connecticut, Department of Construction Services, Section 00 72 13 General Conditions of the Contract for Construction for Design Bid- Build (Rev. 03.26.12), and other provisions of the Contract Documents as indicated below. All provisions which are not so modified remain in full force and effect.
- 1.2 The terms used in these Supplementary Conditions which are defined in the Section 00 72 13 General Conditions of the Contract for Construction for Design Bid- Build (Rev. 03.26.12), have the meanings assigned to them in the General Conditions.
- 2.0 Section 00 72 13 General Conditions Of The Contract For Construction For Design Bid Build:
 - 2.1 ADD: Subsection 3.6 to ARTICLE 3, CORRELATION OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, as follows:
 - In accordance with Public Act No. 13-247 (Effective June 19, 2013), wherever the term "Commissioner of Construction Services" is used in the "Bidding Documents" or "Project Manual" the term "Commissioner of Administrative Services" shall be substituted in lieu thereof; and wherever the term "Department of Construction Services" is used in "Bidding Documents" or "Project Manual", the term "Department of Administrative Services" shall be substituted in lieu thereof.
 - 2.2 DELETE: Subsection 28.2 in its entirety from ARTICLE 28, PARTIAL PAYMENTS.

ADD: Subsection 28.2 to ARTICLE 28, PARTIAL PAYMENTS, as follows:

- 28.2 In making such Application For Payment for the Work, there shall not be more than <u>seven</u> and <u>one-half percent (7.5%)</u> deducted from the amount of each Application for Payment to be retained by the Owner as Retainage until Final Completion.
 - 28.2.1 At fifty percent (50%) completion of the Work the Retainage shall be reduced to five percent (5%). All subsequent Applications for Payment shall be subject to five percent (5%) Retainage. Upon Substantial Completion, and in the Commissioner's sole discretion and based upon the factors set forth in Section 28.3, the Retainage may be reduced upon the request of the Contractor and recommendation of the CT DAS Project Manager. In the event of a reduction in Retainage to below five percent (5%), the minimum Retainage withheld shall not be less than the CT DAS Project Manager's estimate of the remaining Work or two and one-half percent (2.5%), whichever is greater. All requests for Retainage Reduction shall be done on CT DAS Form 7048 General Contractor Retainage Reduction Request, which can be found at the end of the General Conditions.
 - **28.2.2** Subsequent to Substantial Completion, in limited circumstances, at the sole discretion of the Commissioner and based upon factors set forth in **subsection 28.3**, a reduction of Retainage below two **and one-half percent (2.5%)** may be considered.
 - **28.2.3** A "Good" Contractor's Performance Evaluation score shall be defined as a minimum total score of sixty percent (60%).
- 2.3 ADD Subsections Definitions to ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS, as follows:
 - 2.3.1 DELETE: 1.71 in its entirety from ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS.

ADD: Subsection 1.71 to ARTICLE 1 PARTIAL DEFINITIONS, as follows:

1.71 WORK: The construction and services required by the Contract Documents, and including all labor, materials, equipment and services provided or to be provided by the Contractor to fulfill the Contractor's obligations. The Work may constitute the whole or a part of the Project and "Work Phase".

ADD: Subsection 1.72 to ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS, as follows:

1.72 WORK PHASE: Construction of the Project by sequence or time intervals, which may include but not be limited to separate Construction Start Dates, Substantial Completion Dates, Application for Payments, Change Orders, Liquidated Damages, Retainage, and Subcontractors for each Work Phase.



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2.4 DELETE: Appendix 1 from Section 00 72 13.1 in its entirety.ADD: New Appendix 1 to Section 00 72 13.1 as follows:

			General Contractor (GC) Retainage Reduction Request
ADMINIST P			(Sample) Page 2 of 1
To:	Department of Administrative S Office of Legal Affairs, Policy a 450 Columbus Blvd, Suite 1302 Hartford, CT 06103		,
Subject:	DAS Project Number:	DAS Project Number	
	Reduction of Retainage at:	Written Percent	Percent (##.# %)
Date:	Click or tap to enter a date.		
In accordance with the General Conditions, Article 28 Progress Payments, GC's Name hereby requests a reduction of retainage to an amount of Written Percent Percent ##.# %) The following list of items required under the General Conditions is in compliance with the terms of the contract and has been verified by the General Contractor (GC).			
DAS Construction Services Contractor Performance Evaluation Score is a minimum of Sixty (60%) Percent. Timely submission of an appropriate and complete CPM Schedule and Schedule of Values, in compliance with the Contract requirements and the prompt resolution of the Owner's and/or A/E's comments on the submitted material resulting in an appropriate basis for progress of the Work Timely and proper submission of all required Contract Document submissions including but not limited to Shop Drawings, material certificates, material samples and the prompt resolution of the Owner's and/or A/E's comments on the submitted material resulting in an appropriate progress of the Work. Proper and adequate supervision and home office support of the Project. The Work completed to date has been installed or finished in a manner acceptable to the Owner. The progress of the Work is consistent with the approved CPM Schedule. All approved credit Change Orders have been invoiced. All Change Order requests for pricing are current. The GC has and is maintaining a clean worksite in accordance with the Contract Documents. All Subcontractor payments are current at the time of reduction request. GC is compliant with set-aside provisions of the contract.			
	entractor Certification:	(Written Name)	(Signature) (Date)
Project Ma	nager Recommendation:	(Written Name)	(Signature) (Date)
DAS Chief	Engineer or Authorized Represe	ntative: (Written Name)	(Signature) (Date)
		END	
CT DAS - 7	7048 (Rev. 05.22.17)		7000 – Construction Phase Forms

END OF SECTION

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Set-Aside Contractor Schedule [SAMPLE ONLY]

VIA EMAIL

Contractor Name Contractor Address City, State, Zip Code

BID OPENING DATE

Re: DAS Project Description

DAS Project Number

Date:

Dear Contractor:

Section 00 45 17 Named Subcontractor Bidders Qualification Statement(s) is / (are) required for this project, only for your Named Subcontractors listed in Table 2.7 of your Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form.

No person whose subcontract exceeds five hundred thousand dollars in value may perform work as a subcontractor on a project, which project is estimated to cost more than five hundred thousand dollars and is paid for, in whole or in part, with state funds, unless, at the time of bid submission, the person is prequalified in accordance with the Connecticut General Statutes Section 4a-100, as amended. This includes the contractor's or substantial subcontractor's prequalification classifications, aggregate work capacity ratings and single project limits.

In accordance with **Subsection 2.9** "**Set-Aside Requirements**" of **Section 00 21 13 Instructions to Bidders**, you are required to *list* below the names of each *currently certified* **set-aside contractor** to be used for this project, along with the dollar *amount* to be paid each set-aside contractor.

The responsibility for listing a qualified and certified set-aside contractor rests solely with the bidder and not the State. Listing a set-aside contractor who does not qualify may be considered the same as not listing one at all and the bid may be considered non-responsive and subject to rejection.

Name	Address	* Amount	Indicate Whether: Subcontractor, Or Supplier, Or Both	** Class of Work
SAMPLE	SAMPLE	SAMPLE	SAMPLE	SAMPLE

^{*}Amount: The total dollar amount to be paid to the set aside contractors must not be less than the percentage(s) stated in the Bid Proposal Form.

ATTACHMENTS:

For Each of the Named Subcontractors:

Attach their Section 00 45 17 Named Subcontractor Bidders Qualification Statement(s)

For Each of the Named Set-Aside SBE/MBE Contractors:

Attach their DAS Set-Aside Certificate of Eligibility (SBE and/or MBE)

For Each of the Named Subcontractors With Subcontracts Greater Than \$500,000:

Attach their DAS Prequalification Certificate and Update (Bid) Statement for the Class of Work

Contractor Authorized Signature & Title	Date
This Form Must Be Received No Later Than	At:
State of Connecticut Department of Administrative Services, Construction Services Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement 450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 1302 Hartford, CT 06103	

Attn:

^{**}Class of Work: Means the name of the trade work to be provided by the Subcontractor or Supplier.

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State Of Connecticut Department of Administrative Services Construction Services

February 1, 2019

To: All Department of Administrative Services, Construction Services Contractors

Subject: Set-Aside Contract Laws

Dear Sir/Madam:

The administration of Governor Ned Lamont is committed to supporting the subject programs by encouraging all contractors on State projects to improve their efforts in these areas.

State law requires contractors doing business with the State to demonstrate non-discrimination by making "good faith efforts" in both hiring and in sub-contracting practices (Connecticut General Statutes Section [C.G.S. §] 4a-60).

What does "good faith efforts" mean? It means that you, as contractors, must act affirmatively. It is not good enough to say you can't find minorities and women. You must seek them out. That is the law, and the Department of Administrative Services (DAS) / Construction Services (CS) is committed to enforcing the law. At the same time, we are ready to assist you in making "good faith efforts."

DAS is required by C.G.S. § 4a-60g (b) and (c) to set aside projects (amounting to **twenty-five percent (25%)** of its annual contract awards) for small business and **twenty-five percent (25%)** of that amount for minority business enterprises. DAS may require any general contractor to set aside a portion of the contract for subcontractors who are small businesses or minority business enterprises in lieu of setting aside a project or in addition to setting aside a project.

Therefore, unless otherwise specified in the **Bid Proposal Form**, DAS will require contractors to subcontract **twenty-five percent (25%)** of the total contract value to small businesses certified by DAS and further will require contractors to subcontract 25% of that 25% to minority and women small contractors certified as minority business enterprises by DAS. These statutory goals represent the minimum values expected to be achieved by this program.

Together, we can meet the challenge of providing equal opportunity for minority and women-owned businesses and workers in our State. We expect superior results in the areas of affirmative action, equal employment opportunity, and set-aside contracts. The DAS standard in these areas is not just minimal effort. Our goal is to uphold the letter and the spirit of the law.

For more information on Non-Discrimination and Affirmative Action Provisions for State Contracts please visit the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities (CHRO) Website at www.ct.gov/chro.

Sincerely yours,

Josh Geballe Commissioner

PB:pb

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Non-Discrimination and Affirmative Action Provisions for State Contracts

Section 1 CHRO – Contract Compliance Regulations Notification to Bidders:

- **1.1** The contract to be awarded is subject to contract compliance requirements mandated by:
 - 1.1.1 The Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) § 4a-60 and 4a-60a;
 - 1.1.2 C.G.S. § 46a-71(d) and 46a-81i (d) when the awarding agency is the State; and
 - 1.1.3 The Contract Compliance Regulations codified in the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies (RSCA) §46a-68j-21 through 43, which establish a procedure for awarding all contracts covered by C.G.S. §4a-60 and 46a-71(d).
- 1.2 According to the **Contract Compliance Regulations §46a-68j-30(9)**, every agency awarding a contract subject to the contract compliance requirements has an obligation to "aggressively solicit the participation of legitimate minority business enterprises as bidders, contractors, subcontractors and suppliers of materials."
 - "Minority business enterprise" is defined in C.G.S §4a-60-as a small contractor or supplier of materials fifty-one (51%) percent or more of the capital stock or assets of which is owned by a person or persons:
 - **1.2.1** who are active in the daily affairs of the enterprise;
 - 1.2.2 who have the power to direct the management and policies of the enterprise; and
 - 1.2.3 who are members of a minority, as such term is defined in subsection (a) of C.G.S. §32-9n."
- 1.3 "Minority" groups are defined in C.G.S. §32-9n as:
 - **1.3.1** Black Americans, including all persons having origins in any of the Black African racial groups not of Hispanic origin;
 - **1.3.2** Hispanic Americans, including all persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race;
 - **1.3.3** Persons who have origins in the Iberian Peninsula, including Portugal, regardless of race;
 - 1.3.4 Women;
 - **1.3.5** Asian Pacific Americans and Pacific Islanders; or
 - **1.3.6** American Indians and persons having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and maintaining identifiable tribal affiliations through membership and participation or community identification.
 - 1.3.7 "Individuals with a disability" is also a minority business enterprise as provided by C.G.S. § 4a-60g (4).
- **1.4** The above "**Minority business enterprise**" definitions apply to the contract compliance requirements by virtue of **Contract Compliance** Regulations §46a-68j-21(11).

The awarding agency will consider the following factors when reviewing the bidder's qualifications under the contract compliance requirements:

- **1.4.1** the bidder's success in implementing an affirmative action plan;
- 1.4.2 the bidder's success in developing an apprenticeship program complying with RSCA §46a-68-1 to 46a-68-17, inclusive;
- **1.4.3** the bidder's promise to develop and implement a successful affirmative action plan;
- **1.4.4** the bidder's submission of employment statistics contained in the "Employment Information Form", indicating that the composition of its workforce is at or near parity when compared to the racial and sexual composition of the workforce in the relevant labor market area; and
- 1.4.5 the bidder's promise to set aside a portion of the contract for legitimate minority business enterprises. See Contract Compliance Regulations § 46a-68j-30(10) (E).

Note: The Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities **(CHRO)** "Employment Information Form" shall be submitted to the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement on behalf of the awarding agency, the Department of Administrative Services (DAS).

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Section 2 Non-Discrimination and other Contract Compliance Requirements:

Pursuant to C.G.S. §4a-60 and §4a-60a and RSCA §46a-68j-21 to §46a-68j-43, a contractor agrees to the following:

- 2.1 Not to discriminate or permit discrimination against any person or group of persons on the grounds of race, color, religious creed, age, marital status, national origin, ancestry, sex, sexual orientation, mental retardation, or physical disability including, but not limited to, blindness (unless it is shown that such disability prevents performance of the work involved) in the performance of a contract, in any manner prohibited by the federal and Connecticut anti-discrimination and contract compliance laws;
- 2.2 To undertake affirmative action which will insure that applicants with job-related qualifications are employed and that employees are treated, when employed, without regard to whether they belong to any of the groups identified in Paragraph # 1) above;
- 2.3 To include a statement that the contractor is an "affirmative action-equal opportunity employer", in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor;
- To provide each labor union or representative of workers with which such contractor has a collective bargaining agreement and each vendor with which such contractor has a contract, a notice advising them of the contractor's commitments under C.G.S. §4a-60 and §4a-60a. The notice is available by contacting CHRO:
- 2.5 To post copies of the notice referred to in item 4) in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants;
- To provide **CHRO** with such information requested by said agency, permit access to pertinent books, records, and accounts, concerning the employment practices and procedures of the contractor as relate to the provisions of **C.G.S. §4a-60**, **§4a-60a** and **§46a-56** and, cooperate fully with **CHRO**; and,
- 2.7 To include the language of C.G.S. §4a-60 (a) and §4a-60a (a) in every subcontract or purchase order executed to fulfill any obligation of the contract with DAS.

Section 3 Affirmative Action Requirements for Certain Public Works Contracts for Construction:

Pursuant to C.G.S. §46a-68c and §46a-68d and RSCA §46a-68j-21 to§46a-68j-29, the following must file an affirmative action plan with the Commission:

- 3.1 A successful bidder on a ¹ "public works contract" with a value of \$500,000 or more. The plan must be filed within thirty (30) days after a bid has been accepted by an awarding agency but before a contract is awarded. A plan may be filed in advance of, or at the same time as, a bid is submitted.
- 3.2 A contractor with **fifty (50)** or more employees who has been awarded a **"public works contract"** in excess of **\$50,000** in any fiscal year. A plan must be filed within **thirty (30) day**s of the date a contract is awarded.

CHRO must review a plan within **sixty (60) days** of receipt and must either approve or reject a plan. Should **CHRO** approve an affirmative action plan, **CHRO** will issue a certificate of compliance. This certificate of compliance shall be proof of a successful bidder's or a contractor's eligibility to bid or be awarded contracts for a period of **two (2)** years from the date of the certificate. This certificate does not excuse a successful bidder or contractor from being monitored by the **CHRO** for implementation of its affirmative action plan or, from its reporting requirements under C.G.S. 46a-68e and § 46a-68f. (Refer to Section 6) Also, **CHRO** may revoke the certificate if a successful bidder or contractor does not implement its affirmative action plan.

Should **CHRO** opt to disapprove an affirmative action plan, **CHRO** must notify the successful bidder or contractor in writing within **ten (10) days** of the disapproval. The notice will state the reason for disapproval and may provide necessary proposals to bring the plan into compliance. The successful bidder or contractor must then submit a new or amended plan, within **thirty (30) days** of the date the notice of disapproval is mailed by **CHRO**.

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Section 3 (Continued):

In addition, **CHRO** may conditionally approve an affirmative action plan for a successful bidder on a public works contract valued at \$500,000 or more. **CHRO** must notify the successful bidder in writing within **ten (10) days** of the conditional disapproval and state the reason for conditional approval and, may provide necessary proposals to bring the plan into compliance. The successful bidder must then submit a new or amended plan or, provide written assurances that it will amend its plan to conform to affirmative action requirements, within **thirty (30) days** of the date the notice is mailed by **CHRO**.

Note: The awarding agency (DAS) will provide a successful bidder or contractor with a copy of **CHRO**'s Affirmative Action Plan format. All sections of this Affirmative Action Plan format must be completed by the successful bidder or contractor and forwarded to **CHRO**. Also, the awarding agency (DAS) shall withhold **2%** of the total contract price per month from any payment made to a contractor until such time as the contractor has developed an affirmative action plan, which has been approved by **CHRO**.

1 "public works contract" means any agreement between any individual, firm or corporation and the state or any political subdivision of the state other than a municipality for construction, rehabilitation, conversion, extension, demolition or repair of a public building, highway or other changes or improvements in real property, or which is financed in whole or in part by the state, including, but not limited to, matching expenditures, grants, loans, insurance or guarantees.-C.G.S. §46a-68b.

Section 4 "Good Faith Efforts" to Include Minority Business Enterprises as Subcontractors":

In addition to, or in the absence of, any other subcontractor requirements included in this project, contractors are required to make ² "**good faith efforts**" to include minority business enterprises in the work of this project as subcontractors (for services and/or material suppliers). For the purpose of identifying minority business enterprises, a minority business enterprise shall be a subcontractor which has a valid certification as such from DAS and/or a subcontractor for which an affidavit has been submitted by the contractor attesting that the subcontractor named as a minority business enterprise meets the minority business enterprise criteria set out in <u>.</u> **C.G.S. §4a-60(b)**.

² "Good faith efforts" means "that degree of diligence which a reasonable person would exercise in the performance of legal duties and obligations" and includes, but is not limited to, the following factors: the contractor's employment and subcontracting policies and practices; affirmative advertising, recruitment, training, technical assistance activities and such other reasonable activities or efforts as CHRO may recommend to ensure the participation of minority business enterprises in state projects.

Section 5 Set-Aside Program:

This contract may be subject to the provisions the **Set-Aside Program for Small Contractors** found at **C.G.S. § 4a-60g** and may be awarded only to a contractor certified as a small and/or minority business enterprise by DAS. The notification as to this special provision will be found in the **Bid Proposal Form** for this contract. The listing of eligible "Set-Aside" contractors is found on the <u>DAS Website for SBE or MBE Certification</u>. In the event that the **Set-Aside Program for Small Contractors** applies to this contract, the following special provisions will also apply:

5.1 Amount of Work Required to Be Done by "Set-Aside" Contractors

A contractor awarded a contract on a project pursuant to the provisions of **C.G.S. §4a-60g**, as amended, shall be required to perform not less than **thirty (30)** per cent of the work with his/her own forces and shall ensure that not less than **fifty (50)** per cent of the work be performed by contractors or subcontractors who are certified as small contractors or minority business enterprises pursuant to **C.G.S. §4a-60g**.

The primary product/service performed by contractors working on a contract awarded under **C.G.S. §4a-60g** must be the same as the primary product/service described for the contractors on their "Certificate of Eligibility" which is provided to them by DAS.

5.2 Alternate Bonding Available to "Set Aside" Contractors

In lieu of a performance, bid, labor and materials or other required bond, a contractor or subcontractor awarded a contract under **C.G.S. §4a-60g** may provide to the awarding authority (DAS) and the awarding authority shall accept a "Letter of Credit". Any such "Letter of Credit" shall be in an amount equal to **ten per cent (10%)** of the contract for any contract that is less than **one hundred thousand (\$100,000) dollars**, and in the amount of **twenty-five per cent (25%)** for any contract that is **one hundred thousand (\$100,000) dollars** or more.

5.3 Procedures to Follow Regarding Substitution of Named Project "Set-Aside" Subcontractors.

The awarding authority (DAS) may also require the contractor to set aside a portion of the contract for subcontractors who are eligible for set aside contracts. The awarding authority shall not permit substitution of a subcontractor for one named in accordance with the provisions of **C.G.S. § 4b-95** or substitution of a subcontractor for any designated sub-trade work bid to be performed by the contractor's own forces, except for good cause.

Pursuant to **C.G.S. § 4b-95**, the term "**good cause**" includes but is not limited to a subcontractor's or, where appropriate, a general contractor's:

- **5.3.1** Death or physical disability, if the listed subcontractor is an individual;
- **5.3.2** Dissolution, if a corporation or partnership;
- **5.3.3** Bankruptcy;
- **5.3.4** Inability to furnish any performance and payment bond shown on the bid form;
- **5.3.5** Inability to obtain, or loss of, a license necessary for the performance of the particular category of work;
- **5.3.6** Failure or inability to comply with a requirement of law applicable to contractors and subcontractors, or to subcontracts for construction, alteration, or repair projects;
- 5.3.7 Failure to perform his/her agreement to execute a subcontract under C.G.S. § 4b-96.

Any general contractor who violates any provision of C.G.S. § 4b-95 shall be disqualified from bidding on other contracts that are subject to the provisions of Chapter 60 - Construction and Alterations of State Buildings of the C.G.S, for a period not to exceed twenty-four (24) months, commencing from the date on which the violation is discovered, for each violation.

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Section 6 Contract Monitoring and Reporting:

- **CHRO** has the authority to monitor state contractors pursuant to **C.G.S.** § **46a-68e** and **46a-68f** and **RSCA**-§**46a-68j-23(3)**. In addition, under the **RSCA** §46a-68j-25(e) and 46a-68j-26 (g), **CHRO** has the authority to monitor the implementation of an affirmative action plan regarding:
 - **6.1.1** a successful bidder who has been awarded a public works contract valued at **\$500,000** or more and:
 - **6.1.2** a contractor with **fifty (50)** or more employees who has been awarded a public works contract **in excess of \$50,000 in any fiscal year**.
- In order to monitor the implementation of these plans **CHRO** requires that the following contract monitoring reports be compiled and submitted:
 - **6.2.1 Monthly Employment Utilization Report** (**Form CHRO: 257**): A contractor, on behalf of itself and all subcontractors who perform work on the project during a given month, is required to report on the work hour participation of minority male and female workers in each trade category on the project. The report must be submitted to the contract awarding agency (**DAS**) and to the Commission by the 15th day following the end of each calendar month during the term of the onsite construction work of the project.

Website page: http://www.ct.gov/chro, then click on Forms, then click on Contract Compliance Forms and Reports.

6.2.2 Quarterly Small Contractor and Minority Business Enterprise Payment Status Report (Form CHRO: 258). A contractor is required to report on the participation of small contractors or minority business enterprises identified to participate on the project. The report must be submitted to the contract awarding agency (DAS) and to the Commission by the 15th day following the end of each calendar quarter during the term of the on-site construction work of the project.

Website page: http://www.ct.gov/chro, then click on Forms, then click on Contract Compliance Forms and Reports.

- 6.2.3 In addition, the Commission expects that a contractor will designate an Equal Opportunity/Contract Compliance Officer for its public works project who will compile the above monthly and quarterly reports, as well as, undertake the following responsibilities for implementation of its project Affirmative Action Plan (AAP):
 - .1 Maintain a project Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) file to include all records, correspondence and other documentation relate to the project AAP.
 - .2 Communicate to and inform all project subcontractors, regardless of tier, and labor referral organizations (if applicable) about project equal employment and AAP commitments and performance requirements.
 - **.3** Participate in project job meetings to inform project subcontractors about project equal employment and AAP performance requirements.
 - Track the use of employment recruitment sources identified in the project AAP regarding all employment opportunities with all subcontractors on the project. Also, maintain documentation of all contacts with these recruitment sources and their responses.

The Commission will forward a copy of the monthly and quarterly report to each contractor on a public works project.

NOTES:

Bidders and state contractors may review the full text of the before referenced Connecticut General Statutes by accessing either the State Law Library's web site (http://www.cslib.org/psaindex.htm) or the State Legislatures' web site (http://www.cga.ct.gov).

The full text of the RSCA 46a-68j-21 through 46a-68j-43 may be reviewed by accessing the Commission's web site:

(http://www.ct.gov/chro/cwp/view.asp?a=2525&Q=315900&chroPNavCtr=|#45679)

In the alternative, bidders or state contractors may request a copy of these state statutes and regulations by contacting the Commission at (860) 541-3400 (in Hartford) or 1 (800) 477-5737.

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Section 7 CHRO Contract Compliance Forms:

The following CHRO Contract Compliance Forms are available on the CHRO Website:

- 7.1 Monthly Employment Utilization Report (Form CHRO-257 and CHRO-257a):
 - http://www.ct.gov/chro/lib/chro/257s.pdf
- 7.2 Cumulative Utilization Report (Form CHRO–257b:
 - http://www.ct.gov/chro/lib/chro/257b.pdf
- 7.3 Monthly Small Contractor & MBE Payment Status Report (Form CHRO-258a) <u>and</u> Quarterly Small Contractor & MBE Payment Status Report (Form CHRO-258):
 - http://www.ct.gov/chro/lib/chro/258s.pdf

End of Section 00 73 38 CHRO / Contract Compliance Regulations

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Minimum Rates and Classifications for Building Construction

Connecticut Department of Labor Wage and Workplace Standards Division

By virtue of the authority vested in the Labor Commissioner under provisions of Section 31-53 of the General Statutes of Connecticut, as amended, the following pages are declared to be the prevailing rates and welfare payments and will apply only where the contract is advertised for bid within 20 days of the date on which the rates are established. Any contractor or sub-contractor not obligated by agreement to pay to the welfare and pension fund shall pay this amount to each employee as part of his hourly wage.

Project	Number:	BI-RR-27	Project Town:	Kent, CT
Project: Repair and Renovation at the Eric Sloane Museum				
31 Kent Cornwall Road				
	Kent, CT			

The following pages contain:

Contractors Wage Certification Form	1 page
Notice to all Mason Contractors reference Section 31-53 of C.GS. (Prevailing Wages)	1 page
Prevailing Wage Rates - English	15 pages
Informational Bulletin - Occupational Classifications	6 pages
Informational Bulletin – The 10-Hour OSHA Construction Safety and Health Course	2 pages
Footnotes	2 pages
Special Notice re: Wage Rate Adjustments	1 pages
Weekly Payroll Certification Form (WWS-CP1)	1 page
Fringe Benefits Explanation (P)	1 page
Weekly Payroll Certification Form (WWS-CP2)	1 page

As of: April 1, 2019





THIS IS A PUBLIC WORKS PROJECT

Covered by the

PREVAILING WAGE LAW

CT General Statutes Section 31-53

If you have QUESTIONS regarding your wages CALL (860) 263-6790

Section 31-55 of the CT State Statutes requires every contractor or subcontractor performing work for the state to post in a prominent place the prevailing wages as determined by the Labor Commissioner.

CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR WAGE AND WORKPLACE STANDARDS DIVISION

CONTRACTORS WAGE CERTIFICATION FORM

Construction Manager at Risk/General Contractor/Prime Contractor

I,	of
Officer, Owner, Authorized Rep.	Company Name
do hereby certify that the	
	Company Name
	Street
	City
and all of its subcontractors will pay all world	kers on the
Project Name and	nd Number
Street and Cit	y
the wages as listed in the schedule of prevail attached hereto).	ling rates required for such project (a copy of which is
	Signed
Subscribed and sworn to before me this	day of
Poturn to:	Notary Public
Return to: Connecticut Department of I Wage & Workplace Standar 200 Folly Brook Blvd. Wethersfield, CT 06109	
Rate Schedule Issued (Date):	

Notice

To All Mason Contractors and Interested Parties Regarding Construction Pursuant to Section 31-53 of the Connecticut General Statutes (Prevailing Wage)

The Connecticut Labor Department Wage and Workplace Standards Division is empowered to enforce the prevailing wage rates on projects covered by the above referenced statute.

Over the past few years the Division has withheld enforcement of the rate in effect for workers who operate a forklift on a prevailing wage rate project due to a potential jurisdictional dispute.

The rate listed in the schedules and in our Occupational Bulletin (see enclosed) has been as follows:

Forklift Operator:

- Laborers (Group 4) Mason Tenders operates forklift solely to assist a mason to a maximum height of nine feet only.
- Power Equipment Operator (Group 9) operates forklift to assist any trade and to assist a mason to a height over nine feet.

The U.S. Labor Department conducted a survey of rates in Connecticut but it has not been published and the rate in effect remains as outlined in the above Occupational Bulletin.

Since this is a classification matter and not one of jurisdiction, effective January 1, 2007 the Connecticut Labor Department will enforce the rate on each schedule in accordance with our statutory authority.

Your cooperation in filing appropriate and accurate certified payrolls is appreciated.

Sec. 31-53b. Construction safety and health course. New miner training program. Proof of completion required for mechanics, laborers and workers on public works projects. Enforcement. Regulations. Exceptions. (a) Each contract for a public works project entered into on or after July 1, 2009, by the state or any of its agents, or by any political subdivision of the state or any of its agents, described in subsection (g) of section 31-53, shall contain a provision requiring that each contractor furnish proof with the weekly certified payroll form for the first week each employee begins work on such project that any person performing the work of a mechanic, laborer or worker pursuant to the classifications of labor under section 31-53 on such public works project, pursuant to such contract, has completed a course of at least ten hours in duration in construction safety and health approved by the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration or, has completed a new miner training program approved by the Federal Mine Safety and Health Administration in accordance with 30 CFR 48 or, in the case of telecommunications employees, has completed at least ten hours of training in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.268.

- (b) Any person required to complete a course or program under subsection (a) of this section who has not completed the course or program shall be subject to removal from the worksite if the person does not provide documentation of having completed such course or program by the fifteenth day after the date the person is found to be in noncompliance. The Labor Commissioner or said commissioner's designee shall enforce this section.
- (c) Not later than January 1, 2009, the Labor Commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to implement the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section. Such regulations shall require that the ten-hour construction safety and health courses required under subsection (a) of this section be conducted in accordance with federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration Training Institute standards, or in accordance with Federal Mine Safety and Health Administration Standards or in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.268, as appropriate. The Labor Commissioner shall accept as sufficient proof of compliance with the provisions of subsection (a) or (b) of this section a student course completion card issued by the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration Training Institute, or such other proof of compliance said commissioner deems appropriate, dated no earlier than five years before the commencement date of such public works project.
- (d) This section shall not apply to employees of public service companies, as defined in section 16-1, or drivers of commercial motor vehicles driving the vehicle on the public works project and delivering or picking up cargo from public works projects provided they perform no labor relating to the project other than the loading and unloading of their cargo.

History: P.A. 08-83 amended Subsec. (a) by making provisions applicable to public works project contracts entered into on or after July 1, 2009, replacing provision re total cost of work with reference to Sec. 31-53(g), requiring proof in certified payroll form that new mechanic, laborer or worker has completed a 10-hour or more construction safety course and adding provision re new miner training program, amended Subsec. (b) by substituting "person" for "employee" and adding "or program", amended Subsec. (c) by adding "or in accordance with Federal Mine

Safety and Health Administration Standards" and setting new deadline of January 1, 2009, deleted former Subsec. (d) re "public building", added new Subsec. (d) re exemptions for public service company employees and delivery drivers who perform no labor other than delivery and made conforming and technical changes, effective January 1, 2009.

Minimum Rates and Classifications for Building Construction

ID#: B 25941

Connecticut Department of Labor Wage and Workplace Standards Division

By virtue of the authority vested in the Labor Commissioner under provisions of Section 31-53 of the General Statutes of Connecticut, as amended, the following are declared to be the prevailing rates and welfare payments and will apply only where the contract is advertised for bid within 20 days of the date on which the rates are established. Any contractor or subcontractor not obligated by agreement to pay to the welfare and pension fund shall pay this amount to each employee as part of his/her hourly wages.

Project Number: Project Town: Kent

State#: BI-RR-27 FAP#:

CLASSIFICATION	Hourly Rate	Benefits
la) Asbestos Worker/Insulator (Includes application of insulating materials, protective coverings, coatings, & finishes to all types of mechanical systems; application of firestopping material for wall openings & penetrations in walls, floors, ceilings	38.25	27.96
(aborers: Asbestos/Toxic Waste Removal Laborers: Asbestos removal and encapsulation (except its removal from mechanical systems which are not to be scrapped), toxic waste removers, blasters.**See Laborers Group 7**		
1c) Asbestos Worker/Heat and Frost Insulator	40.21	29.30

Project:	Repair	And	Renovation	At The	Eric	Sloane I	Museum
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2) Boilermaker	38.34	26.01
3a) Bricklayer, Cement Mason, Concrete Finisher (including caulking), Stone Masons	34.72	32.55 + a
3b) Tile Setter	34.90	25.87
3c) Terrazzo Mechanics and Marble Setters	31.69	22.35
3d) Tile, Marble & Terrazzo Finishers	26.70	21.75
3e) Plasterer	33.48	32.06

Project: Repair And Renovation At The Eric Sloane Museum		
4) Group 1: Laborers (common or general), acetylene burners, concrete specialists, wrecking laborers, fire watchers.	30.05	20.10
4a) Group 2: Mortar mixers, plaster tender, power buggy operators, powdermen, fireproofer/mixer/nozzleman (Person running mixer and spraying fireproof only).	30.30	20.10
4b) Group 3: Jackhammer operators/pavement breaker, mason tender (brick), mason tender (cement/concrete), forklift operators and forklift operators (masonry).	30.55	20.10
4c) **Group 4: Pipelayers (Installation of water, storm drainage or sewage lines outside of the building line with P6, P7 license) (the pipelayer rate shall apply only to one or two employees of the total crew who primary task is to actually perform the mating of pipe sections) P6 and P7 rate is \$26.80.	30.55	20.10
4d) Group 5: Air track operator, sand blaster and hydraulic drills.	30.55	20.10
4e) Group 6: Blasters, nuclear and toxic waste removal.	31.80	20.10

Project: Repair And Renovation At The Eric Sloane Museum		
4f) Group 7: Asbestos/lead removal and encapsulation (except it's removal from mechanical systems which are not to be scrapped).	31.05	20.10
4g) Group 8: Bottom men on open air caisson, cylindrical work and boring crew.	28.38	20.10
4h) Group 9: Top men on open air caisson, cylindrical work and boring	27.86	20.10
crew.		
4i) Group 10: Traffic Control Signalman	16.00	20.10
5) Carpenter, Acoustical Ceiling Installation, Soft Floor/Carpet Laying,	32.60	25.34
Metal Stud Installation, Form Work and Scaffold Building, Drywall Hanging, Modular-Furniture Systems Installers, Lathers, Piledrivers, Resilient Floor Layers.		
5a) Millwrights	33.14	25.74

6) Electrical Worker (including low voltage wiring) (Trade License required: E1,2 L-5,6 C-5,6 T-1,2 L-1,2 V-1,2,7,8,9)	38.82	26.25+3% of gross wage
7a) Elevator Mechanic (Trade License required: R-1,2,5,6)	53.37	33.705+a+b
LINE CONSTRUCTION		
Groundman	26.50	6.5% + 9.00
Linemen/Cable Splicer	48.19	6.5% + 22.00
8) Glazier (Trade License required: FG-1,2)	37.18	21.05 + a

9) Ironworker, Ornamental, Reinforcing, Structural, and Precast Concrete Erection	35.47	35.14 + a
OPERATORS		
Group 1: Crane handling or erecting structural steel or stone, hoisting engineer 2 drums or over, front end loader (7 cubic yards or over), work boat 26 ft. and over and Tunnel Boring Machines. (Trade License Required)	39.55	24.30 + a
Group 2: Cranes (100 ton rate capacity and over); Excavator over 2 cubic yards; Piledriver (\$3.00 premium when operator controls hammer); Bauer Drill/Caisson. (Trade License Required)	39.23	24.30 + a
Group 3: Excavator; Backhoe/Excavator under 2 cubic yards; Cranes (under 100 ton rated capacity), Grader/Blade; Master Mechanic; Hoisting Engineer (all types of equipment where a drum and cable are used to hoist or drag material regardless of motive power of operation), Rubber Tire Excavator (Drott-1085 or similar); Grader Operator; Bulldozer Fine Grade. (slopes, shaping, laser or GPS, etc.). (Trade License Required)	38.49	24.30 + a
Group 4: Trenching Machines; Lighter Derrick; Concrete Finishing Machine; CMI Machine or Similar; Koehring Loader (Skooper).	38.10	24.30 + a

Group 5: Specialty Railroad Equipment; Asphalt Paver; Asphalt Reclaiming Machine; Line Grinder; Concrete Pumps; Drills with Self Contained Power Units; Boring Machine; Post Hole Digger; Auger; Pounder; Well Digger; Milling Machine (over 24" Mandrell)	37.51	24.30 + a
Group 5 continued: Side Boom; Combination Hoe and Loader; Directional Driller; Pile Testing Machine.	37.51	24.30 + a
Group 6: Front End Loader (3 up to 7 cubic yards); Bulldozer (rough grade dozer).	37.20	24.30 + a
Group 7: Asphalt roller, concrete saws and cutters (ride on types), vermeer concrete cutter, Stump Grinder; Scraper; Snooper; Skidder; Milling Machine (24" and under Mandrell).	36.86	24.30 + a
Group 8: Mechanic, grease truck operator, hydroblaster; barrier mover; power stone spreader; welding; work boat under 26 ft.; transfer machine.	36.46	24.30 + a
Group 9: Front end loader (under 3 cubic yards), skid steer loader regardless of attachments, (Bobcat or Similar): forklift, power chipper; landscape equipment (including Hydroseeder).	36.03	24.30 + a

Project: Repair And Renovation At The Eric Sloane Museum		
Group 10: Vibratory hammer; ice machine; diesel and air, hammer, etc.	33.99	24.30 + a
Group 11: Conveyor, earth roller, power pavement breaker (whiphammer), robot demolition equipment.	33.99	24.30 + a
Group 12: Wellpoint operator.	33.93	24.30 + a
Group 13: Compressor battery operator.	33.35	24.30 + a
Group 14: Elevator operator; tow motor operator (solid tire no rough terrain).	32.21	24.30 + a
Group 15: Generator Operator; Compressor Operator; Pump Operator; Welding Machine Operator; Heater Operator.	31.80	24.30 + a

Group 16: Maintenance Engineer/Oiler.	31.15	24.30 + a
Group 17: Portable asphalt plant operator; portable crusher plant operator; portable concrete plant operator.	35.46	24.30 + a
Group 18: Power safety boat; vacuum truck; zim mixer; sweeper; (Minimum for any job requiring a CDL license).	33.04	24.30 + a
10a) Brush and Roller	33.62	21.05
10b) Taping Only/Drywall Finishing	34.37	21.05
10c) Paperhanger and Red Label	34.12	21.05

Project: Repair And Renovation At The Eric Sloane Museum		
10e) Blast and Spray	36.62	21.05
11) Plumber (excluding HVAC pipe installation) (Trade License required: P-1,2,6,7,8,9 J-1,2,3,4 SP-1,2)	42.62	31.21
12) Well Digger, Pile Testing Machine	37.26	24.05 + a
Roofer: Cole Tar Pitch	41.50	17.00 + a
Roofer: Slate, Tile, Composition, Shingles, Singly Ply and Damp/Waterproofing	40.00	17.00 + a
15) Sheetmetal Worker (Trade License required for HVAC and Ductwork: SM-1,SM-2,SM-3,SM-4,SM-5,SM-6)	43.70	42.40

Project:	Repair An	d Renovation	At The	Eric Sloa	ne Museum
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16) Pipefitter (Including HVAC work) (Trade License required: S-1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8 B-1,2,3,4 D-1,2,3,4, G-1, G-2, G-8 & G-9)	42.62	31.21
17a) 2 Axle	29.13	23.33 + a
17b) 3 Axle, 2 Axle Ready Mix	29.23	23.33 + a
17c) 3 Axle Ready Mix	29.28	23.33 + a
17d) 4 Axle, Heavy Duty Trailer up to 40 tons	29.33	23.33 + a
17e) 4 Axle Ready Mix	29.38	23.33 + a

17f) Heavy Duty Trailer (40 Tons and Over)	29.58	23.33 + a
17g) Specialized Earth Moving Equipment (Other Than Conventional Type on-the-Road Trucks and Semi-Trailers, Including Euclids)	29.38	23.33 + a
18) Sprinkler Fitter (Trade License required: F-1,2,3,4)	43.92	15.84 + a
19) Theatrical Stage Journeyman	25.76	7.34

Welders: Rate for craft to which welding is incidental.

*Note: Hazardous waste removal work receives additional \$1.25 per hour for truck drivers.

**Note: Hazardous waste premium \$3.00 per hour over classified rate

ALL Cranes: When crane operator is operating equipment that requires a fully licensed crane operator to operate he receives an extra \$4.00 premium in addition to the hourly wage rate and benefit contributions:

- 1) Crane handling or erecting structural steel or stone; hoisting engineer (2 drums or over)
- 2) Cranes (100 ton rate capacity and over) Bauer Drill/Caisson
- 3) Cranes (under 100 ton rated capacity)

Crane with 150 ft. boom (including jib) - \$1.50 extra

Crane with 200 ft. boom (including jib) - \$2.50 extra

Crane with 250 ft. boom (including jib) - \$5.00 extra

Crane with 300 ft. boom (including jib) - \$7.00 extra

Crane with 400 ft. boom (including jib) - \$10.00 extra

All classifications that indicate a percentage of the fringe benefits must be calculated at the percentage rate times the "base hourly rate".

Apprentices duly registered under the Commissioner of Labor's regulations on "Work Training Standards for Apprenticeship and Training Programs" Section 31-51-d-1 to 12, are allowed to be paid the appropriate percentage of the prevailing journeymen hourly base and the full fringe benefit rate, providing the work site ratio shall not be less than one full-time journeyperson instructing and supervising the work of each apprentice in a specific trade.

The Prevailing wage rates applicable to this project are subject to annual adjustments each July 1st for the duration of the project.

Each contractor shall pay the annual adjusted prevailing wage rate that is in effect each July 1st, as posted by the Department of Labor.

It is the contractor's responsibility to obtain the annual adjusted prevailing wage rate increases directly from the Department of Labor's website.

The annual adjustments will be posted on the Department of Labor's Web page: www.ct.gov/dol. For those without internet access, please contact the division listed below.

The Department of Labor will continue to issue the initial prevailing wage rate schedule to the Contracting Agency for the project.

All subsequent annual adjustments will be posted on our Web Site for contractor access.

Contracting Agencies are under no obligation pursuant to State labor law to pay any increase due to the annual adjustment provision.

Effective October 1, 2005 - Public Act 05-50: any person performing the work of any mechanic, laborer, or worker shall be paid prevailing wage

All Person who perform work ON SITE must be paid prevailing wage for the appropriate mechanic, laborer, or worker classification.

All certified payrolls must list the hours worked and wages paid to All Persons who perform work ON SITE regardless of their ownership i.e.: (Owners, Corporate Officers, LLC Members, Independent Contractors, et. al)

Reporting and payment of wages is required regardless of any contractual relationship alleged to exist between the contractor and such person.

~~Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clause (29 CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

Please direct any questions which you may have pertaining to classification of work and payment of prevailing wages to the Wage and Workplace Standards Division, telephone (860)263-6790.

Information Bulletin Occupational Classifications

The Connecticut Department of Labor has the responsibility to properly determine "job classification" on prevailing wage projects covered under C.G.S. Section 31-53(d).

Note: This information is intended to provide a sample of some occupational classifications for guidance purposes only. It is not an all-inclusive list of each occupation's duties. This list is being provided only to highlight some areas where a contractor may be unclear regarding the proper classification. If unsure, the employer should seek guidelines for CTDOL.

Below are additional clarifications of specific job duties performed for certain classifications:

• ASBESTOS WORKERS

Applies all insulating materials, protective coverings, coatings and finishes to all types of mechanical systems.

ASBESTOS INSULATOR

Handle, install apply, fabricate, distribute, prepare, alter, repair, dismantle, heat and frost insulation, including penetration and fire stopping work on all penetration fire stop systems.

• BOILERMAKERS

Erects hydro plants, incomplete vessels, steel stacks, storage tanks for water, fuel, etc. Builds incomplete boilers, repairs heat exchanges and steam generators.

 BRICKLAYERS, CEMENT MASONS, CEMENT FINISHERS, MARBLE MASONS, PLASTERERS, STONE MASONS, PLASTERERS. STONE MASONS, TERRAZZO WORKERS, TILE SETTERS

Lays building materials such as brick, structural tile and concrete cinder, glass, gypsum, terra cotta block. Cuts, tools and sets marble, sets stone, finishes concrete, applies decorative steel, aluminum and plastic tile, applies cements, sand, pigment and marble chips to floors, stairways, etc.

• <u>CARPENTERS, MILLWRIGHTS. PILEDRIVERMEN. LATHERS. RESILEINT FLOOR</u> LAYERS, DOCK BUILDERS, DIKERS, DIVER TENDERS

Constructs, erects, installs and repairs structures and fixtures of wood, plywood and wallboard. Installs, assembles, dismantles, moves industrial machinery. Drives piling into ground to provide foundations for structures such as buildings and bridges, retaining walls for earth embankments, such as cofferdams. Fastens wooden, metal or rockboard lath to walls, ceilings and partitions of buildings, acoustical tile layer, concrete form builder. Applies firestopping materials on fire resistive joint systems only. Installation of curtain/window walls only where attached to wood or metal studs. Installation of insulated material of all types whether blown, nailed or attached in other ways to walls, ceilings and floors of buildings. Assembly and installation of modular furniture/furniture systems. Free-standing furniture is not covered. This includes free standing: student chairs, study top desks, book box desks, computer furniture, dictionary stand, atlas stand, wood shelving, two-position information access station, file cabinets, storage cabinets, tables, etc.

LABORER, CLEANING

• The clean up of any construction debris and the general (heavy/light) cleaning, including sweeping, wash down, mopping, wiping of the construction facility and its furniture, washing, polishing, and dusting.

• DELIVERY PERSONNEL

- If delivery of supplies/building materials is to one common point and stockpiled there, prevailing wages <u>are not required</u>. If the delivery personnel are involved in the distribution of the material to multiple locations within the construction site then they would have to be paid prevailing wages for the type of work performed: laborer, equipment operator, electrician, ironworker, plumber, etc.
- An example of this would be where delivery of drywall is made to a building and the delivery personnel distribute the drywall from one "stockpile" location to further sub-locations on each floor. Distribution of material around a construction site is the job of a laborer or tradesman, and not a delivery personnel.

• **ELECTRICIANS**

Install, erect, maintenance, alteration or repair of any wire, cable, conduit, etc., which generates, transforms, transmits or uses electrical energy for light, heat, power or other purposes, including the Installation or maintenance of telecommunication, LAN wiring or computer equipment, and low voltage wiring. *License required per Connecticut General Statutes: E-1,2 L-5,6 C-5,6 T-1,2 L-1,2 V-1,2,7,8,9.

• ELEVATOR CONSTRUCTORS

Install, erect, maintenance and repair of all types of elevators, escalators, dumb waiters and moving walks. *License required by Connecticut General Statutes: R-1,2,5,6.

• FORK LIFT OPERATOR

Laborers Group 4) Mason Tenders - operates forklift solely to assist a mason to a maximum height of nine (9) feet only.

Power Equipment Operator Group 9 - operates forklift to assist any trade, and to assist a mason to a height over nine (9) feet.

GLAZIERS

Glazing wood and metal sash, doors, partitions, and 2 story aluminum storefronts. Installs glass windows, skylights, store fronts and display cases or surfaces such as building fronts, interior walls, ceilings and table tops and metal store fronts. Installation of aluminum window walls and curtain walls is the "joint" work of glaziers and ironworkers, which require equal composite workforce.

• <u>IRONWORKERS</u>

Erection, installation and placement of structural steel, precast concrete, miscellaneous iron, ornamental iron, metal curtain wall, rigging and reinforcing steel. Handling, sorting, and installation of reinforcing steel (rebar). Metal bridge rail (traffic), metal bridge handrail, and decorative security fence installation. Installation of aluminum window walls and curtain walls is the "joint" work of glaziers and ironworkers which require equal composite workforce.

INSULATOR

• Installing fire stopping systems/materials for "Penetration Firestop Systems": transit to cables, electrical conduits, insulated pipes, sprinkler pipe penetrations, ductwork behind radiation, electrical cable trays, fire rated pipe penetrations, natural polypropylene, HVAC ducts, plumbing bare metal, telephone and communication wires, and boiler room ceilings.

LABORERS

Acetylene burners, asphalt rakers, chain saw operators, concrete and power buggy operator, concrete saw operator, fence and guard rail erector (except metal bridge rail (traffic), decorative security fence (non-metal).

installation.), hand operated concrete vibrator operator, mason tenders, pipelayers (installation of storm drainage or sewage lines on the street only), pneumatic drill operator, pneumatic gas and electric drill operator, powermen and wagon drill operator, air track operator, block paver, curb setters, blasters, concrete spreaders.

PAINTERS

Maintenance, preparation, cleaning, blasting (water and sand, etc.), painting or application of any protective coatings of every description on all bridges and appurtenances of highways, roadways, and railroads. Painting, decorating, hardwood finishing, paper hanging, sign writing, scenic art work and drywall hhg for any and all types of building and residential work.

• LEAD PAINT REMOVAL

- Painter's Rate
 - 1. Removal of lead paint from bridges.
 - 2. Removal of lead paint as preparation of any surface to be repainted.
 - 3. Where removal is on a Demolition project prior to reconstruction.
- Laborer's Rate
 - 1. Removal of lead paint from any surface NOT to be repainted.
 - 2. Where removal is on a TOTAL Demolition project only.

• PLUMBERS AND PIPEFITTERS

Installation, repair, replacement, alteration or maintenance of all plumbing, heating, cooling and piping. *License required per Connecticut General Statutes: P-1,2,6,7,8,9 J-1,2,3,4 SP-1,2 S-1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8 B-1,2,3,4 D-1,2,3,4.

• POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS

Operates several types of power construction equipment such as compressors, pumps, hoists, derricks, cranes, shovels, tractors, scrapers or motor graders, etc. Repairs and maintains equipment. *License required, crane operators only, per Connecticut General Statutes.

ROOFERS

Covers roofs with composition shingles or sheets, wood shingles, slate or asphalt and gravel to waterproof roofs, including preparation of surface. (demolition or removal of any type of roofing and or clean-up of any and all areas where a roof is to be relaid.)

• SHEETMETAL WORKERS

Fabricate, assembles, installs and repairs sheetmetal products and equipment in such areas as ventilation, air-conditioning, warm air heating, restaurant equipment, architectural sheet metal work, sheetmetal roofing, and aluminum gutters. Fabrication, handling, assembling, erecting, altering, repairing, etc. of coated metal material panels and composite metal material panels when used on building exteriors and interiors as soffits, facia, louvers, partitions, canopies, cornice, column covers, awnings, beam covers, cladding, sun shades, lighting troughs, spires, ornamental roofing, metal ceilings, mansards, copings, ornamental and ventilation hoods, vertical and horizontal siding panels, trim, etc. The sheet metal classification also applies to the vast variety of coated metal material panels and composite metal material panels that have evolved over the years as an alternative to conventional ferrous and non-ferrous metals like steel, iron, tin, copper, brass, bronze, aluminum, etc. Fabrication, handling, assembling, erecting, altering, repairing, etc. of architectural metal roof, standing seam roof, composite metal roof, metal and composite bathroom/toilet partitions, aluminum gutters, metal and composite lockers and shelving, kitchen equipment, and walk-in coolers. To include testing and air -balancing ancillary to installation and construction.

• SPRINKLER FITTERS

Installation, alteration, maintenance and repair of fire protection sprinkler systems. *License required per Connecticut General Statutes: F-1,2,3,4.

• TILE MARBLE AND TERRAZZO FINISHERS

Assists and tends the tile setter, marble mason and terrazzo worker in the performance of their duties.

• TRUCK DRIVERS

~How to pay truck drivers delivering asphalt is under <u>REVISION~</u>

Truck Drivers are requires to be paid prevailing wage for time spent "working" directly on the site. These drivers remain covered by the prevailing wage for any time spent transporting between the actual construction location and facilities (such as fabrication, plants, mobile factories, batch plant, borrow pits, job headquarters, tool yards, etc.) dedicated exclusively, or nearly so, to performance of the contract or project, which are so located in proximity to the actual construction location that it is reasonable to include them. *License required, drivers only, per Connecticut General Statutes.

For example:

- Material men and deliverymen are not covered under prevailing wage as long as they are not directly involved in the construction process. If, they unload the material, they would then be covered by prevailing wage for the classification they are performing work in: laborer, equipment operator, etc.
- Hauling material off site is not covered provided they are not dumping it at a location outlined above.
- Driving a truck on site and moving equipment or materials on site would be considered covered work, as this is part of the construction process.

Any questions regarding the proper classification should be directed to:
Public Contract Compliance Unit
Wage and Workplace Standards Division
Connecticut Department of Labor
200 Folly Brook Blvd, Wethersfield, CT 06109
(860) 263-6543.

Informational Bulletin

THE 10-HOUR OSHA CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND HEALTH COURSE

(applicable to public building contracts entered into *on or after July 1, 2007*, where the total cost of all work to be performed is at least \$100,000)

- (1) This requirement was created by Public Act No. 06-175, which is codified in Section 31-53b of the Connecticut General Statutes (pertaining to the prevailing wage statutes);
- (2) The course is required for public building construction contracts (projects funded in whole or in part by the state or any political subdivision of the state) entered into on or after July 1, 2007;
- (3) It is required of private employees (not state or municipal employees) and apprentices who perform manual labor for a general contractor or subcontractor on a public building project where the total cost of all work to be performed is at least \$100,000;
- (4) The ten-hour construction course pertains to the ten-hour Outreach Course conducted in accordance with federal OSHA Training Institute standards, and, for telecommunications workers, a ten-hour training course conducted in accordance with federal OSHA standard, 29 CFR 1910.268;
- (5) The internet website for the federal OSHA Training Institute is http://www.osha.gov/fso/ote/training/edcenters/fact_sheet.html;
- (6) The statutory language leaves it to the contractor and its employees to determine who pays for the cost of the ten-hour Outreach Course;
- (7) Within 30 days of receiving a contract award, a general contractor must furnish proof to the Labor Commissioner that all employees and apprentices performing manual labor on the project will have completed such a course;
- (8) Proof of completion may be demonstrated through either: (a) the presentation of a *bona fide* student course completion card issued by the federal OSHA Training Institute; *or* (2) the presentation of documentation provided to an employee by a trainer certified by the Institute pending the actual issuance of the completion card;
- (9) Any card with an issuance date more than 5 years prior to the commencement date of the construction project shall not constitute proof of compliance;

- (10) Each employer shall affix a copy of the construction safety course completion card to the certified payroll submitted to the contracting agency in accordance with Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-53(f) on which such employee's name first appears;
- (11) Any employee found to be in non-compliance shall be subject to removal from the worksite if such employee does not provide satisfactory proof of course completion to the Labor Commissioner by the fifteenth day after the date the employee is determined to be in noncompliance;
- (12) Any such employee who is determined to be in noncompliance may continue to work on a public building construction project for a maximum of fourteen consecutive calendar days while bringing his or her status into compliance;
- (13) The Labor Commissioner may make complaint to the prosecuting authorities regarding any employer or agent of the employer, or officer or agent of the corporation who files a false certified payroll with respect to the status of an employee who is performing manual labor on a public building construction project;
- (14) The statute provides the minimum standards required for the completion of a safety course by manual laborers on public construction contracts; any contractor can exceed these minimum requirements; and
- (15) Regulations clarifying the statute are currently in the regulatory process, and shall be posted on the CTDOL website as soon as they are adopted in final form.
- Any questions regarding this statute may be directed to the Wage and Workplace Standards Division of the Connecticut Labor Department via the internet website of http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/wgwkstnd/wgemenu.htm; or by telephone at (860)263-6790.

THE ABOVE INFORMATION IS PROVIDED EXCLUSIVELY AS AN EDUCATIONAL RESOURCE, AND IS NOT INTENDED AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR LEGAL INTERPRETATIONS WHICH MAY ULTMATELY ARISE CONCERNIG THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE STATUTE OR THE REGULATIONS.

Connecticut Department of Labor Wage and Workplace Standards Division FOOTNOTES

Please Note: If the "Benefits" listed on the schedule for the following occupations includes a letter(s) (+ a or + a+b for instance), refer to the information below.

Benefits to be paid at the appropriate prevailing wage rate for the listed occupation.

If the "Benefits" section for the occupation lists only a dollar amount, disregard the information below.

Bricklayers, Cement Masons, Cement Finishers, Concrete Finishers, Stone Masons (Building Construction) and

(Residential- Hartford, Middlesex, New Haven, New London and Tolland Counties)

a. Paid Holiday: Employees shall receive 4 hours for Christmas Eve holiday provided the employee works the regularly scheduled day before and after the holiday. Employers may schedule work on Christmas Eve and employees shall receive pay for actual hours worked in addition to holiday pay.

Elevator Constructors: Mechanics

- a. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veterans' Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, plus the Friday after Thanksgiving.
- b. Vacation: Employer contributes 8% of basic hourly rate for 5 years or more of service or 6% of basic hourly rate for 6 months to 5 years of service as vacation pay credit.

Glaziers

a. Paid Holidays: Labor Day and Christmas Day.

Power Equipment Operators

(Heavy and Highway Construction & Building Construction)

a. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Good Friday, Memorial day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day, provided the employee works 3 days during the week in which the holiday falls, if scheduled, and if scheduled, the working day before and the working day after the holiday. Holidays falling on Saturday may be observed on Saturday, or if the employer so elects, on the preceding Friday.

Ironworkers

a. Paid Holiday: Labor Day provided employee has been on the payroll for the 5 consecutive work days prior to Labor Day.

Laborers (Tunnel Construction)

a. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. No employee shall be eligible for holiday pay when he fails, without cause, to work the regular work day preceding the holiday or the regular work day following the holiday.

Roofers

a. Paid Holidays: July 4th, Labor Day, and Christmas Day provided the employee is employed 15 days prior to the holiday.

Sprinkler Fitters

a. Paid Holidays: Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day, provided the employee has been in the employment of a contractor 20 working days prior to any such paid holiday.

Truck Drivers

(Heavy and Highway Construction & Building Construction)

a. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas day, and Good Friday, provided the employee has at least 31 calendar days of service and works the last scheduled day before and the first scheduled day after the holiday, unless excused.

- SPECIAL NOTICE -

To: All State and Political Subdivisions, Their Agents, and Contractors

Connecticut General Statute 31-55a - Annual adjustments to wage rates by contractors doing state work.

Each contractor that is awarded a contract on or after October 1, 2002, for (1) the construction of a state highway or bridge that falls under the provisions of section 31-54 of the general statutes, or (2) the construction, remodeling, refinishing, refurbishing, rehabilitation, alteration or repair of any public works project that falls under the provisions of section 31-53 of the general statutes shall contact the Labor Commissioner on or before July first of each year, for the duration of such contract, to ascertain the prevailing rate of wages on an hourly basis and the amount of payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each mechanic, laborer or worker employed upon the work contracted to be done, and shall make any necessary adjustments to such prevailing rate of wages and such payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each such employee, effective each July first.

- The prevailing wage rates applicable to any contract or subcontract awarded on or after October 1, 2002 are subject to annual adjustments each July 1st for the duration of any project which was originally advertised for bids on or after October 1, 2002.
- Each contractor affected by the above requirement shall pay the annual adjusted prevailing wage rate that is in effect each July 1st, as posted by the Department of Labor.
- It is the *contractor's* responsibility to obtain the annual adjusted prevailing
 wage rate increases directly from the Department of Labor's Web Site. The
 annual adjustments will be posted on the Department of Labor Web page:
 www.ctdol.state.ct.us. For those without internet access, please contact the
 division listed below.
- The Department of Labor will continue to issue the initial prevailing wage rate schedule to the Contracting Agency for the project. All subsequent annual adjustments will be posted on our Web Site for contractor access.

Any questions should be directed to the Contract Compliance Unit, Wage and Workplace Standards Division, Connecticut Department of Labor, 200 Folly Brook Blvd., Wethersfield, CT 06109 at (860)263-6790.

[New] In accordance with Section 31-53b(a) of the C.G.S. each contractor shall provide a copy of the OSHA 10 Hour Construction Safety and Health Card for each employee, to be attached to the first certified payroll on the project.

In accordance with Connecticut General Statutes, 31-53 Certified Payrolls with a statement of compliance shall be submitted monthly to the contracting agency.							PAYROLL CERTIFICATION FOR PUBLIC WORKS PROJECTS WEEKLY PAYROLL								PROJECTS Connecticut Department of Labor Wage and Workplace Standards Division 200 Folly Brook Blvd. Wethersfield, CT 06109				ion	
CONTRACTOR NAME A	AND A	DDRESS:										SUBCONTRAC	ΓOR NAME &	ADDRESS		WORKER'S POLICY #			SURANCE CARRIER	2
PAYROLL NUMBER	Week-l Da	_	PROJECT NAME & A	ADDRESS												EFFECTIVE EXPIRATION				
PERSON/WORKER,	APPR	MALE/	WORK			DA	Y AND DA	ATE			Total ST	BASE HOURLY	TYPE OF	GROSS PAY	TO	OTAL DEDUC	CTIONS		GROSS PAY FOR	
	RATE %	FEMALE AND RACE*	CLASSIFICATION Trade License Type & Number - OSHA 10 Certification Number	S		T HOURS W	W	TH	F	S	Hours Total O/T Hours	RATE TOTAL FRINGE BENEFIT PLAN CASH	FRINGE BENEFITS Per Hour 1 through 6 (see back)	FOR ALL WORK PERFORMED	FICA	FEDERAL WITH- HOLDING	STATE WITH-	LIST OTHER	THIS PREVAILING RATE JOB	CHECK # AND NET PAY
												\$ Base Rate \$ Cash Fringe \$ Base Rate \$ Cash Fringe	1. \$ 2. \$ 3. \$ 4. \$ 5. \$ 6. \$ 1. \$ 2. \$ 3. \$ 4. \$ 5. \$ 6. \$ 1. \$ 2. \$ 3. \$ 4. \$ 5. \$ 6. \$ 1. \$ 5. \$ 6. \$ 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8							
												\$ Cash Fringe \$ Base Rate \$ Cash Fringe	3. \$ 4. \$ 5. \$ 6. \$ 1. \$ 2. \$ 3. \$ 4. \$ 5. \$ 6. \$							
12/9/2013 WWS-CP1		*IF REQU	JIRED									*SEE REVERSE	SIDE					P	AGE NUMBER	OF

*FRINGE BENEFITS EXPLANATION (P):

Bona fide benefits paid to approved plans, funds or programs, except those required by Federal or State Law (unemployment tax, worker's compensation, income taxes, etc.).

Please specify the type of benefits provided:	
1) Medical or hospital care	
2) Pension or retirement	5) Vacation, holiday
3) Life Insurance	6) Other (please specify)
CERTIFIED STA	ATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE
For the week ending date of	
I,of	, (hereafter known as
Employer) in my capacity as	(title) do hereby certify and state:
Section A:	
1 1 1	re been paid the full weekly wages earned by them during neral Statutes, section 31-53, as amended. Further, I
a) The records submitted are true and	d accurate;
contributions paid or payable on behadefined in Connecticut General Status of wages and the amount of payment person to any employee welfare fund	echanic, laborer or workman and the amount of payment or alf of each such person to any employee welfare fund, as tes, section 31-53 (h), are not less than the prevailing rate or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each such , as determined by the Labor Commissioner pursuant to ites, section 31-53 (d), and said wages and benefits are not quired by contract;
, , ,	all of the provisions in Connecticut General Statutes, pplicable for state highway construction);
, .	worker's compensation insurance policy for the duration of rage has been provided to the contracting agency;
gift, gratuity, thing of value, or compound indirectly, to any prime contractor, premployee for the purpose of improper	ekbacks, which means any money, fee, commission, credit, ensation of any kind which is provided directly or rime contractor employee, subcontractor, or subcontractor rely obtaining or rewarding favorable treatment in n connection with a prime contractor in connection with a tractor; and
	a certified payroll which he knows to be false is a class D te fined up to five thousand dollars, imprisoned for up to
- ·	ppy of the construction safety course, program or fied payroll required to be submitted to the contracting sons name first appears.
(Signature)	(Title) Submitted on (Date)

Weekly Payroll Certification For Public Works Projects (Continued)

PAYROLL CERTIFICATION FOR PUBLIC WORKS PROJECTS

Week-Ending Date:

Contractor or Subcontractor Business Name:

WEEKLY PAYROLL

PERSON/WORKER, APPR MALE/ WORK DAY AND DATE Total ST BASE HOURLY TYPE OF GROSS PAY TOTAL DEDUCTIONS GROSS PAY	AY FOR
ADDRESS and SECTION RATE FEMALE CLASSIFICATION S M T W TH F S Hours RATE FRINGE FOR ALL WORK FEDERAL STATE THIS PRE	VAILING CHECK # AND
% AND BENEFITS PERFORMED RATE	E JOB NET PAY
RACE* Trade License Type TOTAL FRINGE Per Hour THIS WEEK	
& Number - OSHA Total BENEFIT PLAN 1 through 6 FICA WITH- WITH- OTHER	
10 Certification Number HOURS WORKED EACH DAY O/T Hours CASH (see back) HOLDING HOLDING	
2. \$	
Base Rate 3. \$	
4. \$	
5. \$	
Cash Fringe 6. \$	
1.\$	
Base Rate 3. \$	
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Cash Fringe 6. \$	
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Base Rate 3. \$	
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Cash Fringe 6. \$	
\$ <u>2. \$</u>	
Base Rate 3. \$	
4. \$	
5. \$	
Cash Fringe 6. \$	

*IF REQUIRED

12/9/2013 WWS-CP2

NOTICE: THIS PAGE MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A COVER PAGE (FORM # WWS-CP1)

PAGE NUMBER ____OF

PAGE 1 OF 7

Additional Forms to Be Submitted After Bond Commission Funding Approval

DAS ■ Construction Services ■ Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

Table of Contents	No. of Pages
Performance Bond	2
Labor And Material Bond	2
Surety Sheet	1
Bidder's Certification: Financial Position and Corporate Structure	1

PAGE 2 OF 7

		Kr	PERFO	ORMANC	_			
THAT								of the
Town of				, County				and
State of				, as Princip	al (hereinaf	ter called the Princ	cipal),	
and				,				
-	-				nnecticut) a	Insert place of Bus as Surety(ies) (her	einafter called t	he Surety)
are held and	firmly bound	unto the State	of Connecticu	t (hereinafter	called the (Obligee) in the full	penal sum of	
(\$) Dollars, la	wful money	of the Unit	ed States, to be	paid to said S	tate of
	·	•	•			Principal binds hin		
		is (or itself, its su By firmly by thes		assigns), and	the said S	urety (ies) binds its	self, its success	ors and
Signed, s	sealed and del	ivered this	·		day of		20	٦.
	7	HE CONDI	TION OF 1	THIS OBL	IGATION	I IS SUCH TH	IAT	
WHERE	AS said Princ	ipal will enter in	to a certain w	ritten contrac	t with said 0	Obligee, to be date	d-the	
	day of	2	0	, which writ	ten , as ame	ended, contract sh	all provide for th	ne following:
Project 1	Γitle:							
Project I	ocation:			_				
Contract	Number:]				
Project I	Number:]				

which contract, including any hereafter made extension, modification or alteration thereof, together with all plans and specifications now made or which may hereafter be made in extension, modification or alteration thereof, is hereby referred to, incorporated in, and made a part of this bond as though herein fully set forth.

NOW, THEREFORE, if the said Principal shall well and truly keep, perform and execute all the undertaking, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of said contract, as it may be extended, modified or altered, and during the *period* of any guaranty required under the contract, according to its provisions on his or its part to be kept and performed or shall indemnify and reimburse the Obligee for any loss that it may suffer through the failure of the Principal to faithfully observe and perform each and every obligation and duty imposed upon the Principal by the said contract, as it may be extended, modified or altered, at the time and in the manner therein specified, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise it shall remain and be in full force and effect.

Any alterations which may be made in the terms of the contract, or in the work done or to be done under it, or the giving by the Obligee of any extension of time for the performance of the contract or any other forbearance on the part of either the Obligee or the Principal, one to the other, shall not in any way release the Principal, and/or the Surety(ies) or either of them, their representatives, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns from liability hereunder, and notice to the Surety(ies) of any such alteration, modification, extension or forbearance is hereby specifically and absolutely waived.

In the event that the Surety(ies) assumes the contract or obtains a bid or bids for completion of the contract, the Surety(ies) shall ensure that the contractor chosen to complete the contract is prequalified pursuant to section 4a-100 of the Connecticut General Statutes, in the requisite classification and has the aggregate work capacity rating and single project limit necessary to complete the contract.

PAGE 3 OF 7

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said Principal has caused this instrument to be signed by its/their attorney in written.	s hereunto set his / its hand and seal, and the said Surety(ies) has/have fact and its corporate seal to be hereunto affixed, the day and year first
Witness as to Principle (Print Name) (Print Name)	SEAL Duly Authorized
Witness as to Surety	SEAL
(Print Name)	lts attorney in fact
(Print Name)	

Note: If more than one surety, add additional lines for additional surety name and address, person signing and title, and two witnesses. Obtain Power of Attorney for each surety.

End Performance Bond

PAGE 4 OF 7

_	AND MATERI I Men by Thes	_	
THAT	 		of the
Town of	, County		and
State of	, as Principal (l	nereinafter called the Prin	cipal),
and	,		
		(Insert place of B	
(a surety company authorized to transact business			
are held and firmly bound unto the State of Conne	ecticut (hereinafter call	led the Obligee) in the full	penal sum of
(\$ Dollar	s, lawful money of t	he United States, to be	paid to said State of
Connecticut, to the which payment well and truly to	be made and done, tl	he said Principal binds hi	mself, his heirs, executors,
administrators and assigns (or itself, its successors	and assigns), and the	e said Surety (ies) binds i	tself, its successors and
assigns jointly and severally firmly by these presen	ts.		
Circular and delivered this			20
Signed, sealed and delivered this	da	y of	20
THE CONDITION C	F THIS OBLIGA	ATION IS SUCH TH	IAT
WHEREAS said Principal will enter into a certa	ain written contract wit	th said Obligee, to be date	ed the
day of 20	, which written,	as amended, contract sh	all provide for the following:
Project Title:			
Project Location:			
Contract Number:			
Project Number:			

which contract, including any hereafter made extension, modification or alteration thereof, together with all plans and specifications now made or which may hereafter be made in extension, modification or alteration thereof, is hereby referred to, incorporated in, and made a part of this bond as though herein fully set forth.

NOW, THEREFORE, if the said Principal shall promptly pay for all materials furnished and labor supplied or performed in the prosecution of the work included in and under the aforesaid contract, as it may be extended, modified or altered, and/or required by the General Statutes of Connecticut, as amended, whether or not the material or labor enters into and becomes a component part of the real asset, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise it shall remain and be in full force and effect. This bond is provided pursuant to Section 49-41 et seq. of the General Statutes of Connecticut and shall be governed thereby.

Any party, whether a subcontractor or otherwise, who furnishes materials or supplies or performs labor or services in the prosecution of the work under said contract, as it may be extended, modified or altered, and who is not paid therefor, may bring a suit on this bond in the name of the person suing and prosecute the same to final execution and judgment for such sum or sums as may be justly due.

Any alterations which may be made in the terms of the contract, or in the work done or to be done under it, or the giving by the Obligee of any extension of time for the performance of the contract or any other forbearance on the part of either the Obligee or the Principal, one to the other, shall not in any way release the Principal, and/or the Surety(ies) or either of them, their representatives, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns from liability hereunder, and notice to the Surety(ies) of any such alteration, modification, extension or forbearance is hereby specifically and absolutely waived.

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shall ensure that the contractor chosen to complete the	ct or obtains a bid or bids for completion of the contract, the Surety(ies) contract is prequalified pursuant to section 4a-100 of the Connecticut ne aggregate work capacity rating and single project limit necessary to
IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF , the said Principal has caused this instrument to be signed by its/their attorney in written.	s hereunto set his / its hand and seal, and the said Surety(ies) has/have fact and its corporate seal to be hereunto affixed, the day and year first
Witness as to Principle	SEAL
(Print Name)	, Its Duly Authorized
(Print Name)	
Witness as to Surety	SEAL
	by
(Print Name)	Its attorney in fact
(Print Name)	

Note: If more than one surety, add additional lines for additional surety name and address, person signing and title, and two witnesses. Obtain Power of Attorney for each surety.

End Labor and Material Bond

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Surety Sheet State Of Connecticut

State Of Connecticut
Department of Administrative Services, Construction Services
Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement
450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 1302
Hartford, CT 06103

1.	Surety Company	
	Name of Surety Co.:	
	Address of Home Office:	
	Telephone Number:	
2.	Agent	
	Name of Surety Co.:	
	Address of Agency:	
	Telephone Number:	
	Attorney-In-Fact:	
	Telephone Number:	
	DAS Project Number:	
	Contractor's Name:	

End Surety Sheet

PAGE 7 OF 7

Bidder's Certification: Financial Position and Corporate Structure		
(Your Name)	(Name Of Company)	
Pursuant to C.G.S. § 4b-91(e), as amended, the bid under penalty of false statement that the information change in the bidder's financial position or corpora certificate was issued or renewed, other than those the bid was made without fraud or collusion with an	in the bid is true, that there has been no substantial ate structure since its most recent prequalification e changes noted in the update statement, and that	
(Signature)		
(Print Name)		
(Date)		
(DAS Project Number)		

End Bidder's Certification: Financial Position and Corporate Structure

End of Section 00 92 10 Additional Forms To Be Submitted After Bond Commission Funding Approval

PAGE 1 OF 2

Procedures Regarding Taxation For Nonresident General / Prime Contractor and Subcontractors

DAS ■ Construction Services ■ Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

According to Connecticut General Statutes § 12-430(7), there are two types of Nonresident Contractors and Subcontractors (*Verified* or *Unverified*) who are required to furnish security for Connecticut taxes arising from jobs performed in Connecticut.

Detailed information can be found by visiting the Connecticut Department of Revenue Services (DRS) website at www.ct.gov/drs:

- Under the "For Businesses" title, click on "Withholding Tax"";
- Click on "Registering";
- · Click on "5. What tax types do I need to register for with DRS";
- · Read the information for "Out-of-State" contractors.
- · Click on "SN 2012(2)" for the "Procedure Governing Nonresident Contractors".

Forms can be downloaded from the DRS website (www.ct.gov/drs) as follows:

- · Click on "Forms" at the top of the page;
- Under "Current Year Forms":
 - Click on "Miscellaneous Tax Forms";
 - o Click on "Bond Forms"
- Download the appropriate form.

For questions regarding the nonresident contractor bond law, call DRS at 860-541-7538.

1.0 Verified Nonresident Contractors and Subcontractors

Verified Nonresident Contractors are treated just like Resident Contractors. A Verified Nonresident General or Prime Contractor is not required to file a surety bond with DRS. A Verified Nonresident Subcontractor is not required for the General or Prime Contractor to hold back a portion of the amount owed the Subcontractor under the contract.

1.1	Verification Procedure for General/Prime Contractors and Subcontractors:		
	1.1.1	Register with DRS via REG-1 for all appropriate taxes.	
	1.1.2	Submit Form AU-960 "Nonresident Contractor Request for Verified Contractor Status" to DRS. If you have a 3 year filing history with DRS and no delinquencies, then just complete Part I & Part I, otherwise go to Part III.	
	1.1.3	Submit Form AU-961 "Verification Bond" to DRS.	
	1.1.4	If Verified by DRS, submit " Notice of Verified Status " (Verification Letter issued by DRS) to the Connecticut Department of Administrative Services / Construction Services (DAS/CS) Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement as specified in Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form.	

2.0 Unverified Nonresident Contractors and Subcontractors (for Contracts Greater Than \$250,000):

The requirements for Unverified Nonresident Contractors and Unverified Nonresident Subcontractors (for Contracts greater than \$250,000) are different for General/Prime Contractors and their Subcontractors:

2.1	Unverified Nonresident General or Prime Contractors:			
	2.1.1	Submit Form AU-964 "Surety Bond and Release" to DRS. The Unverified Nonresident General/Prime Contractor is required to file a good and valid surety bond with DRS using Form AU-964 "Surety Bond and Release" for 5% of the contract price to secure payment of required taxes by both the General/Prime Contractor and its Subcontractors.		
	2.1.2	The General/Prime Contractor must provide proof to DAS/CS that they have posted a good and valid surety bond with DRS by providing a copy of Form AU-965 " Acceptance of Surety Bond " that verifies acceptance of the bond by DRS*.		

2.2	Unver	Unverified Nonresident Subcontractors:		
	2.2.1 The Resident or Verified or Unverified Nonresident General/Prime Contractor is required to hold back 5% of its payments to the Unverified Nonresident Subcontractor. The General/Prime Contractor must keep the hold-backs in a special fund in trust for the state.			
	 2.2.2 The Unverified Nonresident Subcontractor can request that the money be released from the General/Prime Contractor by submitting Form AU-967 "Request for Certificate of Compliance" to DRS. It must be signed by the General/Prime Contractor and the Nonresider Subcontractor and submitted to DRS within 90 days of the completion date. 2.2.3 If Form AU-968 "Certificate of Compliance" is issued by DRS, DRS will instruct the General/Prime Contractor holding back the 5% to release the withheld amount to the Nonresident Subcontractor. If the "Certificate of Compliance" is denied or not requested within 90 days of the completion date of the contract, the General/Prime Contractor holding back the 5% will remit the withheld amount on their own Sales & Use tax returns. 2.2.4 The 5% holdback does not take the place of any tax returns due from the Unverified Nonresident Contractor. 			
	2.2.5	The General/Prime Contractor must give the Unverified Nonresident Subcontractor written notice of the hold-back requirements by the time the Subcontractor begins work under the contract.		

^{*}Document(s) must be submitted to the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement as specified in Section 00 41 00 "Bid Proposal Form".

End of Section

00 92 30 Procedures Regarding Taxation For Nonresident General/Prime Contractor & Subcontractors

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DEFINITIONS

A. Contractor:

Whenever the term "Contractor" is used in these Division 01 General Requirements and the Contract Documents, it may be understood to mean either the **Design-Bid-Build (D-B-B) "General Contractor"** or the **Construction Manager at Risk ("CMR")** as applicable to the specific Project.

B. Contract:

Whenever the term **"Contract"** is used in these Division 01 General Requirements and the Contract Documents, it may be understood to mean either the **D-B-B General Contractor's Contract Sum** as stated in their Contract or the **CMR's Contract Sum** as stated in their CMR Agreement, as applicable to the specific Project.

1.2 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. The Contract Documents are defined in the D-B-B and CMR Division 00 General Conditions, as applicable to the specific Project.
- **B.** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.3 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- A. Project Delivery Method:
 - X Design-Bid-Build (DBB);
 - 2.

 Construction Manager at Risk (CMR)
- B. Project Number: BI-RR-27
- **C**. **Project Title**: Repair and Renovation at the Eric Sloane Museum.
- D. Project Location: The Museum, located in Kent Connecticut.
- E. The Project Description:
 - 1. Renovation of existing building of approximately 4,750 gross square feet.
 - 2. The work included, but is not limited to the following:
 - a. Site Improvements (perimeter drainage, regrading, parking resurfacing)
 - **b.** Siding and Window Replacement
 - c. Structural Reinforcement of the building
 - d. Fire Alarm System
 - e. New code compliant Electrical work
 - f. New HVAC controls and equipment
 - **a.** Code compliant Restroom Renovation
 - h. Code compliant Doors and Hardware
 - i. Selective Demolition
 - 3. The Authorities Having Jurisdiction for Threshold Projects, Non-Threshold Projects, and/or Connecticut State University System (CSUS) 2020 Projects, as defined by the Connecticut General Statutes, are the Connecticut Department of Administrative Services (DAS) / Construction Services (CS) Office of State Building Inspector (OSBI) and Office of State Fire Marshal (OSFM).

F. Owner:

- 1. Owner's Name: The Owner is the State of Connecticut, Department of Administrative Services.
- 2. Authorized Representative for the Owner: DAS/CS Project Manager Name: Halina Harabasz
 - a. DAS/CS Project Manager's Location: The DAS/CS Project Manager is located at 450 Columbus Blvd, Suite 1201, Hartford, CT, 06103.
 - b. Phone: 860 713 5732
 - c. Email(s): halina.harabasz@ct.gov

- Authority: The DAS/CS Project Manager is the only authorized representative for the Department of Administrative Services Commissioner to act in matters involving revoking, altering, enlarging or relaxing any requirement of the Contract Documents.
 - a. Related Section: Article 25, All Work Subject To Control of the Commissioner, Division 00 General Conditions of the Contract for Construction.

G. Agency:

- Agency Name: The Connecticut State (User) Agency is CT Department of Economic & Community Development
- Agency Representative Name and Title: Elizabeth Shapiro The Agency Representative's Title Director of Operations, Preservation and Museums
 - Agency Representative Location: The Agency Representative is located at 450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 5, Hartford, CT 06103-1843
 - b. Phone: 860 500 2360
 - c. Email(s): Elizabeth.shapiro@ct.gov
- 3. Authority: The Agency Representative has the administrative authority for the facility and or site where the work is being performed but does not have the authority to change the Contract Documents or direct the Contractor.

H. Architect and Engineer (A/E):

- 1. Architect's Name: The Architect representing the firm for this project is Christopher Williams
 - a. Architect's Location: The Architect is located at Christopher Williams Architects, 85 Willow Street, New Haven, CT 06511

b. Phone: 203 776 0184c. Fax: 203 773 3373

- d. Email(s): cwilliams@cwarchitectsllc.com
- 2. The Architect and Engineer (A/E) or their accredited representative is referred to in the Contract Documents as "Architect" or "Architects" or "Engineer" or "Engineers" or by pronouns which imply them. As information for the Contractor, the Architect's or Engineer's status is defined as follows:
 - **a.** The Architect and Engineer will not make interpretations or decisions directly to the Contractor. All interpretations or decisions will be conveyed through the Construction Administrator to the DAS/CS Project Manager.
 - b. As the authorized representative of the Department of Administrative Services Commissioner, the Architect and Engineer is responsible for review of shop drawings, materials, and equipment intended for the work, in accordance with the Division 00 "General Conditions" and "Supplementary Conditions".
- 3. Wherever the Architect or Engineer is mentioned in the documents in connection with an administrative function, it shall include the Construction Administrator in that function except for shop drawings.
- I. Construction Administrator (CA): DH Bolton, LLC

330 Main St, 2nd Floor Hartford, CT 06106

P: 860.200.8551 F. 860.200.8552

www.dh-bolton.com

- J. Construction Manager (CMR): (not applicable)
- **K.** Work: The Work Includes but is not limited to the following:
 - 1 Site Construction, Landscaping, Site Drainage
 - 2 Cast-in-Place Concrete,
 - 3 Miscellaneous Metals;
 - 4 Rough Carpentry, Architectural Woodwork
 - 5 Waterproofing, Insulation, Sheet metal, and Joint Sealants;
 - 6 Doors and Frames, Wood Windows, Hardware;

- 7 Drywall, and Painting;
- 8 Toilet Compartments and Toilet Accessories;
- 9 Plumbing; HVAC, and Controls; Electrical;
- 10 Selective Demolition.
- L. The Contractor will include in their bid, all items required in order to carry out the intent of the Work as described, shown and implied in the Contract Documents.
- **M.** It shall be the Contractor's responsibility upon discovery to immediately notify the Construction Administrator, in writing, of errors, omissions, discrepancies, and instances of noncompliance with applicable codes and regulations within the documents, and of any work which will not fit or properly function if installed as indicated on the Contract Documents. Any additional costs arising from the Contractor's failure to provide such notification shall be borne by the Contractor.
- N. The Work will be constructed under the Contractor's Contract as applicable to this Project.
- O. The Work will be performed in accordance with the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection's (DEEP) "General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewater from Construction Activities" (DEEP-WPED-GP-015) and Stormwater Pollution Control Plan (SPCP), including, but not limited to, implementing, maintaining, and updating the SPCP, performing regular inspections, conducting and reporting stormwater monitoring activities, retaining records for the required period of time, and performing all post-construction measures and inspections. See Section 01 50 00 "Temporary Facilities and Controls" for additional information.

1.4 WORK UNDER OTHER CONTRACTS

- **A. B. Separate Contract:** The Owner has awarded a separate contract for performance of certain construction operations at the site. These operations will be conducted simultaneously to the work under this Contract. The separate contract includes the following:
 - Contract: A separate contract has been awarded to AAIS to perform the following Work Haz-Mat Abatement.
- C. Cooperate fully with separate contractors so that work under those contracts may be carried out smoothly, without interfering with or delaying work under this contract.

1.5 FUTURE WORK (not applicable)

1.6 WORK SEQUENCE (PHASES)

- **A. Related Documents:** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- **B.** The entire Project shall be constructed in <u>One</u> Phase. Work of this Phase shall be substantially complete, ready for occupancy within **112** Calendar Days of commencement of the Work (the "**Contract Time**").

1.7 CONTRACTOR'S USE OF PREMISES

- **A. General:** During the construction period the Contractor shall have full use of the premises, for construction operations, including use of the site. The Contractor's use of the premises is limited only by the Owner's right to perform work or to retain other contractors on portions of the Project.
- **B.** Use of the Site: Limit use of the premises to work in areas indicated. Confine operations to areas within contract limits indicated. Do not disturb portions of the site beyond the areas in which the Work is indicated.
 - 1. Owner Occupancy: Museum will be closed to the public and owner will not occupy the building.
 - Contractor shall confine his operations including storage of materials, supplies, equipment, and apparatus to the areas bounded by the contract limits indicated and as directed in the Contract Documents.
 - 3. Existing roads, drives, walks, and parking areas which are not within the contract limit line are to be kept free and clear at all times. The Contractor shall inform the Construction Administrator at least seventy-two (72) hours in advance of these deliveries so they can be coordinated with the Agency so appropriate traffic control, etc. can be provided. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials. Schedule deliveries to minimize space and time requirements for storage of materials and equipment on-site.
 - 4. The Contractor shall be responsible for keeping the premises clean and shall pick up rubbish and debris and promptly remove from site.

- Parking for the Contractor's employees will be limited to an area designated by the Construction Administrator, and the Contractor may be required to provide identification stickers for all employees' cars.
- 6. Special precautions shall be taken to protect all wetland areas designated to remain. Prevent any and all sediment, debris, or other materials from getting into these areas. Should any sediment, debris, or other materials get into these areas or if any damage occurs to the vegetation therein, the Contractor shall immediately contact the Construction Administrator for direction.
- 7. The Contractor shall comply with local working hour restrictions, unless specifically approved otherwise in writing by the Owner.
- 8. No signs, other than those approved by the Construction Administrator, will be visible on the premises.
- C. Use of the Existing Building: Maintain the existing building in a weather-tight condition throughout the construction period. Repair damage caused by construction operations. Take all precautions necessary to protect the building and its occupants during the construction period. Note: Check with Agency special types of conditions.

1.8 OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS

- A. No Occupancy: Agency will not occupy the building or any completed portions thereof prior to Substantial Completion of the Work.
- 1.9 PRODUCTS ORDERED IN ADVANCE (not applicable)
- 1.10 OWNER-FURNISHED PRODUCTS (not applicable)

1.11 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

A. Examination of Site:

- It is not the intent of the Documents to show all existing conditions. All Contractors and Subcontractors
 are advised to attend the Pre-Bid Meeting prior to submitting their Bid Proposals. This is the only official
 opportunity to visit and examine the site with the Owner, Agency, Architect, Engineer and Construction
 Administrator.
- 2. The Contractor should investigate and satisfy himself as to the conditions affecting the work, including but not restricted to those bearing upon transportation, disposal, handling and storage of materials, availability of labor, water, electric power, uncertainties of weather, roads or similar physical conditions of the ground, the character of equipment, and facilities needed preliminary to and during the prosecution of the Work. The Contractor should further satisfy himself as to the character, quality, and quantity of surface and subsurface materials or obstacles to be encountered insofar as this information is reasonably ascertainable from an inspection of the site, as well as from information presented by the Contract Documents. Any failure by the Contractor to acquaint himself with the available information shall not relieve him from the responsibility for estimating properly the difficulty and cost of successfully performing the Work.
- 3. If tests have been done for Asbestos Containing Material (ACM), Lead-Based Paint (LBP) Containing Material, Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) in Building Materials and/or Mold, then the results are referenced in Section 00 30 00 Available Information and provided in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information. See Section 01 35 16 "Alteration Project Procedures" for removal responsibility and additional information.
- 4. If tests have been done for Contaminated Soils and/or Contaminated Groundwater, then the results are referenced in Section 00 30 00 Available Information and provided in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information. See Section 01 35 16 "Alteration Project Procedures" for removal responsibility and additional information.
- 5. If tests have been done for Work Involving Hazardous Materials, Wastes, and Items and Universal Wastes (Including Products Containing Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic Chemicals" [PBTs] such as PCBs, Di-2-ethylhexyl Phthalate [DEHP], and Mercury), the results are referenced in Section 00 30 00 Available Information and provided in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information. See Section 01 35 16 "Alteration Project Procedures" for exposure limits and removal responsibility.
- 6. Subsurface Geotechnical Investigations:
 - a. If Boring logs have been prepared for the site of this work they are in the Contract Documents.

- b. If Geotechnical Reports(s) have been prepared for this project they are referenced in Section 00 30 00 Available Information and provided in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information.
 - The Contractor must interpret the Geotechnical Report (s) according to his own judgement and acknowledges that he is not relying upon the data as accurately describing the subsurface conditions which may be found to exist.
 - 2) The Contractor further acknowledges that he assumes all risk contingents upon the nature of the subsurface conditions, which shall be actually encountered by him in performing the Work of this Contract.
 - 3) The Contractor should visit the site and become acquainted with all existing conditions and may make their own subsurface investigations to satisfy themselves as to the subsurface conditions. Such investigations shall be conducted only under time schedules and arrangements approved in advance by the Owner.
- 7. No attempt has been made to locate hazardous material associated with existing site utilities, though it is presumed that at least some asbestos may be discovered associated with underground piping during the course of site and site utilities work. If and when such materials appear, the Contractor shall notify the Owner, who shall direct additional work outside of this Contract to assist in cutting up and disposing of same. The Contractor shall assist the hazardous materials contractor(s) with excavating, heavy lifting, and the like at no additional cost to the Owner.

B. Pre-Bid Meeting:

1. A Pre-Bid Meeting and tour of the site will be conducted as scheduled in Division 00 Section 00 11 16 "Invitation to Bid". This scheduled meeting is the only official opportunity for the bidders to tour the site with the Owner, Architect, Engineer, Construction Administrator, and Agency.

C. Project Documents:

- 1. The Specifications and Drawings are intended to describe and illustrate the materials and labor necessary for the work of this Project.
- 2. Throughout the Technical Specifications, the Connecticut Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Roads, Bridges, and Incidental Construction Form 816, current edition including any interim and supplemental specifications are referenced. Where so referenced the requirements set forth therein are applicable and made a part hereof. Copies of Form 816 are available from the Connecticut Department of Transportation at a nominal charge.
- D. Site Logistics Plan(s): The Site Logistics for the project are shown on Contract Drawing C200.
 - **1. Site Logistics** include, but are not limited to the following information:
 - a. locations of proposed staging/lay-down and storage areas,;
 - b. dumpster locations
 - c. location of perimeter construction fencing and gates;
 - d. other protection measures around and in the building;
 - e. proposed protection measures for trees, shrubs and plantings, interior access-ways;

E. Scope Review:

- 1. Prior to signing a Contract with the State, DAS/CS will conduct a full scope review with the apparent Low Bidder to ensure that all of the requirements have been included within the bid. This scope review will highlight all of the specific requirements of the project, a review of the DAS/CS procedures and all of the Technical sections of the contract documents.
- This process will ensure that all of the scope of work included in the contract documents has indeed been included.

F. Specifications, Drawings, and Electronic Data Storage Devices Furnished:

- 1. The Contractor shall receive <u>ten (10)</u> sets of the Contract Documents on or about the time of execution of the Contract, free of charge. If additional copies are wanted, they will be available at the direct additional cost of their reproduction, to the Contractor.
- 2. The Contractor shall receive <u>one (1)</u> set of AutoCAD compatible (latest version) Floor Plans on Electronic Data Storage Devices at no cost on or about the time of execution of the Contract from the Architect. Additional sets of AutoCAD compatible (latest version) Floor Plans on Electronic Data Storage Devices from the Architect shall be available at the cost of their reproduction, to the Contractor.

G. Construction Responsibility:

- 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for his construction means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures employed in the performance of his work and shall have full responsibility for his failure to carry out any part of his work in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- H. The Contractor shall request approval from the Owner to work overtime. Said request shall be made forty eight (48) hours in advance. All costs for overtime are included in the Contract Sum as stated in Division 00 Section 00 41 00 "Bid Proposal Form."

I. PMWeb Project Management:

- 1. DAS/CS is using PMWeb as the project management collaborative software tool for this project.
- The Contractor is required to utilize PMWeb for the duration of this project and shall provide all project information via this program management software. This includes, but is not limited to contracts, applications for payment, change orders, change order proposals, requests for information, etc.
- 3. The DAS/CS Project Manager or the Construction Administrator (CA) shall arrange for training. This training is for the Contractor's Staff, the DAS/CS Project Manager, the Construction Administrator, the A/E, and their representatives.
- **4.** DAS/CS will be establishing a project specific email "file" address for this project. The Contractor shall send an electronic "file" copy of all project documents to this email address, to include but not limited to all project correspondence, project emails, forms, etc.
- 5. The Contractor is required to scan all documents that contain wet (ink) signatures and send a copy of those documents electronically to the DAS/CS Project Manager and the project specific email "file" address. The hard copy of the wet signature documents shall be transmitted as directed by the DAS/CS Project Manager. This includes, but is not limited to all contracts, change orders, applications for payment, closeout documentation, etc.
- J. Pursuant to C.G.S. Sec. 4a-101, the Contractor shall compile evaluation information during the performance of the contract on each of its subcontractors who are performing work with a value in excess of five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000.00). The Contractor shall complete and submit to DAS/CS evaluations of each such subcontractor upon fifty percent (50%) completion of the project and upon Substantial Completion of the project. The Contractor acknowledges that its failure to complete and submit these evaluations in a timely manner may, by statute, result in a delay in project funding and, consequently, payment to the Contractor. The Contractor agrees to indemnify and hold the State harmless from any loss, damage, or expense that results from or is caused by the Contractor's failure to complete and submit the evaluations to DAS/CS in accordance with this provision.

K. Reporting and Contracting Requirements for Contractor and Subcontractor Payments:

- 1. For compliance with **C.G.S. Sec. 4b-95 and 49-41**, DAS/CS requires every Contractor (and its Subcontractors) who has been awarded a DAS/CS construction contract to log on to the State of Connecticut web-based platform, BizNet, **each month** and **enter payments** they have received from the state, from the Contractor, or from a higher tier Subcontractor (as applicable).
- 2. The process is described as follows: The state will pay the Contractor on a monthly basis for work performed (and purchases made) by it and its Subcontractors. The Contractor will input the payment date and amount they receive from the state on a monthly basis. The Contractor's first-level Subcontractor (Tier 1 Subcontractor) will input the payment they receive from the Contractor. The second-level Subcontractor (Tier 2 Subcontractor) will input the payment they receive from the Tier 1 Subcontractor. And so on.
- Contractors awarded a DAS/CS construction contract shall contain a provision in their subcontract
 agreements requiring their Subcontractors to enter payment receipt from the Contractor in the State of
 Connecticut web-based platform, BizNet, for work performed or purchases made in relation to state
 projects.
- 4. Detailed instructions can be found in the DAS/CS publication, "6002 Instructions to Contractors/Subcontractors for Entering Payments in BizNet", available for download by going to the DAS Homepage (www.ct.gov/DAS) and selecting Doing Business With The State > State Building Construction > Publications and Forms > DAS Construction Services Library > 6000 Series.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 01 11 00

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Contract Documents and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, other Division 01 Specification Sections, and Section 00 41 00 "Bid Proposal Form" apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Allowances.
 - 2. Unit Prices.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:

Section 01 23 13 Supplemental Bids

Section 01 26 00 Contract Modification Procedures

Section 01 29 76 Progress Payment Procedures

Section 01 35 16 Alteration Project Procedures

Section 02 41 19 Selective Demolition

Section 31 20 00 Earth Moving

1.3 ALLOWANCES (not used)

1.4 DEFINED UNIT PRICES - GENERAL

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for unit prices.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - 1. Division 01 Section 01 26 00 "Contract Modification Procedures" for procedures for submitting and handling Change Orders.
 - 2. Division 01 Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures" for procedures for submitting Application for Payments.
- **C. Definition Unit Price:** Amount the Contractor acknowledges in the Bid Proposal Form as a price per unit of measurement for materials or services as described in the Contract Documents.

D. Procedures:

- 1. Unit Prices included in the Contract Documents are to be used for determining compensation to the Contractor or Owner for changes to the scope of the work indicated in the Contract Documents, and included in the Lump Sum Contract Price. Special Unit Prices are for items complete, in place, and shall be inclusive of furnishing and installing of all material, labor, trucking, overhead, profit, equipment, hoisting, excavation, stockpiling, loading, engineering, scaffolding, power hookups, protection, shop drawings, taxes, permits, appliances, delivery, disposal, insurance, supervision, cost of bond, etc. and shall remain in effect until completion of the Contract.
- 2. Unit Price: Is identified by the Owner as a price per unit of measurement for materials or services added to or deducted from the Contract Sum by appropriate modification, if the estimated quantities of Work required by the Contract Documents are increased or decreased.
- 3. Increases or Decreases: Should the amount of the Work required be increased or decreased because of changes in the work ordered in writing by the DAS/CS Project Manager, the Contractor agrees that the following supplemental UNIT PRICES will be decreased 10% for a reduction of work. Each Unit Price shall include all equipment, tools, labor, permits, fees, etc., incidental to the completion of the work involved. All items marked with an asterisk (*) in the unit price schedules shall include the completion of the excavation, formation and compaction of sub-grade and the disposal of surplus or unsuitable materials in accordance with the Plans and Specifications or as directed by the Construction Administrator.

- **4.** The Owner reserves the right to reject the Contractor's measurement of work-in-place that involves use of established unit prices, and to have this work measured, at the Owner's expense, by an independent surveyor acceptable to the Contractor.
- 5. **Defect Assessment:** Replace the Work, or portions of the Work, not conforming to the specified requirements. If, in the opinion of the Architect/Engineer, it is not practical to remove and replace the work the Architect/Engineer will direct an appropriate remedy or adjust the payment.
- **6. Unit Price Schedules:** "Unit Price Schedules" are included in this Section. Specification Sections referenced in the Schedule sections contain requirements for materials described under each unit price.

1.5 UNIT PRICE SCHEDULES

A. Unit Price Schedule - Miscellaneous Items:

- 1. Related Documents: Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section
- 2. Unit Price Schedule Miscellaneous Items:

Unit Prices Schedule – Miscellaneous Items							
Section Number &/or Drawing Number	Item Description	Base Bid Quantity	Unit of Measurement		\$ Add Unit Price		\$ Deduct Unit Price
32 94 00	Topsoil	35	CU YD	\$	110.66	\$	
32 92 00	Seeding and Turf Restoration	1845	SQ YD	\$	5.08	\$	

- 3. The Add/Deduct Unit Prices shown in the table above are a price per unit measurement for materials, services, or work added to or deducted from the Contract Sum by appropriate modification if the <u>Base Bid Quantities</u> of the Work listed in the above Schedule and described in the corresponding Section and/or Drawing are increased or decreased.
- 4. The <u>Base Bid Quantities</u> for each type of Work listed in the above Schedule and described in the corresponding Section shall be included in the **Lump Sum Bid**.
- **5.** Unit Prices shall be negotiated if there is a change in scope of work.

B. Unit Price Schedule - Alterations:

- **1. Related Documents:** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- 2. Unit Price Schedule Alterations:

Unit Prices Schedule - Alterations

PAGE 3 OF 3

Section Number &/or Drawing Number	Item Description	Base Bid Quantity	Unit of Measurement	\$ Add Unit Price	\$ Deduct Unit Price
06 16 00	Exterior Wall sheathing	810	SF	\$ 15.61	\$

- 2. The Add/Deduct Unit Prices shown in the table above are a price per unit measurement for materials, services, or work added to or deducted from the Contract Sum by appropriate modification if the <u>Base Bid Quantities</u> of the Work listed in the above Schedule and described in the corresponding Section and/or Drawing are increased or decreased.
- 3. The <u>Base Bid Quantities</u> for each type of Work listed in the above Schedule and described in the corresponding Section shall be included in the **Lump Sum Bid**.
- **4.** Unit Prices shall be negotiated if there is a change in scope of work.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 01 20 00

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements governing Supplemental Bids.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - 1. Division 00 Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form
 - 2. Division 01 Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations
 - 3. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures
 - 4. Division 01 Section 01 60 00 Product Requirements

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Definition: "The monetary value stated in the Bid to be added to the amount of the Base Bid if the corresponding Work, as described in the Bidding Documents, is accepted." A Supplemental Bid is an amount proposed by bidders and stated on the Bid Proposal Form for certain work defined in the Bidding Documents that may be added to the Base Bid amount if the Owner decides to accept a corresponding change in either the amount of construction to be completed, or in the products, materials, equipment, systems, or installation methods described in the Contract Documents.
 - 1. The cost for each supplemental bid is the net addition to the Contract Sum to incorporate the Supplemental Bid into the Work. Supplemental Bids are only accepted in the numerical order that they are listed on the Bid Proposal Form and never accepted out of numerical sequence. No other adjustments are made to the Contract Sum.

1.4 PROCEDURES

- **A.** Coordination: Modify or adjust affected adjacent Work as necessary to completely and fully integrate that Work into the Project.
 - 1. Include as part of each Supplemental Bid, miscellaneous devices, accessory objects, and similar items incidental to or required for a complete installation whether or not mentioned as part of the Supplemental Bid.
 - 2. Consider all work that must be accomplished for complete incorporation of the Supplemental Bids including modifications to Base Bid items.
 - 3. Include in lump sum prices for Supplemental Bids all costs of labor, materials, equipment, permits, fees, insurance, bonds, overhead, and profit.
 - **4.** Immediately after award of Contract, advise all necessary subcontractors, vendors, and suppliers as to which Supplemental Bids have been selected by Owner. Use all means necessary to alert those subcontractors, vendors, and suppliers involved as to all changes in the work caused by Owner's selection or rejection of Supplemental Bids.
 - 5. Coordinate related work and modify surrounding work to integrate work of each Supplemental Bid.
- B. Execute accepted Supplemental Bids under the same conditions as other Work of this Contract.
- **C. Schedule:** A "Schedule of Supplemental Bids" is included at the end of this Section. It contains all of Specification Sections, and applicable portions of Drawings and Details that govern the scope, quality, and execution of work that is referenced in the Schedule and contain all of the requirements necessary to achieve the Work described under each Supplemental Bid.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SCHEDULE OF SUPPLEMENTAL BIDS

A. Supplemental Bid No. 1: HVAC for Gallery

Please refer to Specification Section 08 14 33 and Divisions 23 and 26 as well as Drawing Numbers A101S, M100S, and E102S for more information.

END OF SECTION 01 23 13

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for handling requests for equals and substitutions made after award of the Contract.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - 1. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" specifies requirements for submitting the Contractor's Construction Schedule and the Submittal Schedule.
 - Division 01 Section 01 42 20 "Reference Standards and Definitions" specifies the applicability of industry standards to products specified.
 - 3. Division 01 Section 01 60 00 "Product Requirements" specifies requirements governing the Contractor's selection of products and product options.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Definitions in this Article do not change or modify the meaning of other terms used in the Contract Documents
- **B. Equals or Substitutions General:** Changes in products, materials, equipment, and methods of construction required by the Contract Documents proposed by the Contractor after award of the Contract.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Equals and Substitution Request Submittals: The Owner will consider requests for equals or substitutions if made prior to the Receipt of the Competitive Bid. The information on all materials shall be consistent with the information herein. After the contract award, substitutions will be considered for materials or systems specified that are no longer available. It will not be considered if the product was not purchased in a reasonable time after award. The Contractor shall submit all equal and substitutions requests on the "Equal or Substitute Product Request (Form 7001)", an example of which is shown at the end of this Section. The Form is available from the Construction Administrator (CA). See Article 15 in the General Conditions for further refinement and information.
- **B.** The Contractor is required to prepare and submit three (3) copies of the required data for the first manufacturer listed or procedure listed in the specifications section with reference to all of the following areas: the substance and function considering quality, workmanship, economy of operation, durability and suitability for purposes intended including the size, rating performance, LEED® compliance, and cost. All submissions must include all the required data for the first listed manufacturer or procedure as specified, as well as the required data for the proposed Equal or Substitution. This will enable the Owner and Architect to determine that the proposed Equal or Substitution is or is not substantially equal to the first listed manufacturer or procedure.
 - 1. Identify the product or the fabrication or installation method to be replaced in each request. Include related Specification Section and Drawing numbers.
 - 2. Provide complete documentation showing compliance with the requirements for equals or substitutions, and the following information, as appropriate:
 - **a.** Coordination information, including a list of changes or modifications needed to other parts of the Work and to construction performed by the Owner and separate contractors that will be necessary to accommodate the proposed Equal or Substitution.
 - **b.** A detailed comparison chart of significant qualities of the proposed substitution with those of the Work specified. Significant qualities may include elements, such as performance, weight, size, durability, and visual effect.
 - **c.** Product Data, including Shop Drawings and descriptions of products and fabrication and installation procedures.
 - d. Samples, where applicable or requested.

- e. A statement indicating the effect on the Contractor's Construction Schedule or CPM Schedule compared to the schedule without approval of the Equal or Substitution. Indicate the effect on overall Contract Time.
- f. Cost information, broken down, including a proposal of the net change, if any in the Contract Sum.
- g. The Contractor's certification that the proposed Equal or Substitution conforms to requirements in the Contract Documents in every respect and is appropriate for the applications indicated.
- h. The Contractor's waiver of rights to additional payment or time that may subsequently become necessary because of the failure of the Equal or Substitution to perform adequately.
- 3. Architect's Action: If necessary, the Architect will request additional information or documentation for evaluation within seven (7) days of receipt of the original request for equal or substitution request. The Architect will notify the Construction Administrator who will notify the Owner of recommended acceptance or rejection of the proposed equal or substitution, within fourteen (14) days of receipt of the request, or seven (7) days of receipt of additional information or documentation, whichever is later. The Construction Administrator will give final acceptance or rejection by the Owner not less than seven (7) days after notification.
 - a. Any request deemed an "Equal" and accepted by the Construction Administrator, Architect, Owner, and Agency will result in written notification to the Contractor and will <u>not</u> be in the form of a change order for an "Equal".
 - b. Any request deemed a "Substitution" and rejected or approved by Construction Administrator, Architect, and Owner may result in written notification to the Contractor and may be in the form of a change order if the "Substitution" is approved.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 EQUAL OR SUBSTITUTIONS

- A. Conditions: The Architect will consider the Contractor's request for Equal or Substitution of a product or method of construction when one or more of the following conditions are satisfied, as determined by the Architect. If the following conditions are not satisfied, the Architect will return the requests to the Construction Administrator without action except to record noncompliance with these requirements.
 - 1. The proposed request does not require extensive revisions to the Contract Documents.
 - 2. The proposed request is in accordance with the general intent of the Contract Documents.
 - 3. The proposed request is timely, fully documented, and/or properly submitted.
 - 4. The proposed request can be provided within the Contract Time. However, the Architect will not consider the proposed request if it is a result of the Contractor's failure to pursue the Work promptly or coordinate activities properly.
 - 5. The proposed request will offer the Owner a substantial advantage, in cost, time, energy conservation, or other considerations, after deducting additional responsibilities the Owner must assume. However, if the proposed request requires the Owner to incur additional responsibilities, including but not limited to, additional compensation to the Architect for redesign and evaluation services, increased cost of other construction by the Owner or similar considerations, then the Owner will have just cause to reject the request for Equal or Substitution.
 - **6.** The proposed request can receive the necessary approvals, in a timely manner, required by governing authorities having jurisdiction.
 - The proposed request can be provided in a manner that is compatible with the Work as certified by the Contractor.
 - 8. The proposed request can be coordinated with the Work as certified by the Contractor.
 - **9.** The proposed request can uphold the warranties required by the Contract Documents as certified by the Contractor.
- B. The Contractor's submission and the Architect's review of Submittals, including but not limited to, Samples, Manufacturer's Data, Shop Drawings, or other such items, which are not clearly identified as a request for an Equal or Substitution, will not be considered or accepted as a valid request for an Equal or Substitution, nor does it constitute an approval.

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 01 25 00

	7001 Equal or Substitute Product Request
	Page 2 of 2
Will proposed substitution of the Work?	impact other parts No Yes If Yes Attach An Explanation.
Will proposed substitution Time?	increase Contract No
Actual Dollar Savings to th	ne State of Connecticut if substitution is accepted:
	The Undersigned Certifies: d Request For An Equal Or Substitute Product Conforms To All Of The sion 01 General Requirements, Section 01 25 00 Substitution Procedures.
Request Submitted By Ger	neral Contractor / CMR: (Firm's Typed Name)
_	(Film's Typed Name)
By: (Typed Name)	(Title) (Signature) (Date)
Contractor / CMR Send co	pies to : DAS PM: CA:
Consultant's Review – Thi Approved: Approved as Noted: Rejected: Rejected:	(Submittal(s) in accordance with Div. 01 General Requirements, Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.) (Submittal sin accordance with Div. 01 General Requirements, Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures.) Use Specified Materials. Request Not Received Within Specified Time Period - Use Specified Materials.
Reviewed Issued By: Name:	
Title	(Typed Name)
Title:	
Signature:	(Signature) (Date)
CONSULTANT Send copie	s to: DAS PM
If Approved: As noted by 0 DAS Chie	Consultant, ef Architect: (Signature) (Date)
Copies: Project File	Red R2
	END

CT DAS - 7001 (Rev: 12.22.16) 7000 - Construction Phase Forms

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section specifies administrative and procedural requirements for handling and processing contract modifications.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - 1. Division 01 Section 01 20 00 "Contract Considerations" for administrative requirements governing use of Unit Prices.
 - 2. Division 01 Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures" for administrative procedures for handling requests for substitutions made after award of the Contract.
 - 3. Division 01 Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures" for administrative procedures governing Applications for Payment.
 - 4. Division 01 Section 01 32 16 "Construction Progress Schedules" for requirements for construction scheduling and reporting progress of work.
 - 5. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" for requirements for submittal of the Construction Progress Schedule or CPM Schedule.
 - 6. General Conditions "Article 13 Compensation for Changes in the Work".
- C. All Forms referenced in this Section are available for download from the DAS website (www.ct.gov/DAS)> Doing Business With The State > State Building Construction > Publications and Forms > DAS Construction Services Library > 7000 Series Construction Phase Forms.

1.3 REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

- A. In the event that the Contractor or subcontractor, at any tier, determines that some portion of the drawings, specifications, or other contract documents requires clarification or interpretation by the Architect, the Contractor shall submit a "Request for Information" in writing to the Architect via the Construction Administrator. "Requests for Information" may only be submitted by the Contractor and shall only be submitted on the "Request for Information" forms as required by the Owner.
 - 1. In the "Request for Information", the Contractor shall clearly and concisely set forth the issue for which clarification or interpretation is sought and why a response is needed from the Architect.
 - In the "Request for Information", the Contractor shall set forth an interpretation or understanding of the requirement along with reasons why such an understanding was reached.
 - The Owner acknowledges that this is a complex project. Based upon the owner's past experience with projects of similar complexity, the Owner anticipates that there will probably be some "Requests for Information" on this project.
 - 4. The Architect will review all "Requests for Information" to determine whether they are valid "Requests for Information". If it is determined that the document is not a valid "Request for Information", it will be returned to the Contractor, unreviewed as to content, for resubmittal on the proper form and in the proper manner.
 - 5. A "Request for Information Response" shall be issued within seven (7) days of receipt of the request from the Contractor unless the Owner determines that a longer time is necessary to provide an adequate response. If a longer time is determined necessary by the Owner, the Owner will, within seven (7) days of receipt of the request, notify the Contractor of the anticipated response time. If the Contractor submits a "Request for Information" on an activity with seven (7) days or less of float on the current project schedule, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any time extension due to the time it takes the Architect to respond to the request provided that the Architect responds within the seven (7) days set forth above.
 - A "Request for Information Response" from Architect will not change any requirement of the Contract Documents. In the event the Contractor believes that the "Request for Information Response" will

cause a change to the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall within five (5) days give written notice to the Construction Administrator stating that the Contractor believes the "Request for Information Response" will result in a "Change Order" and the Contractor intends to submit a "Change Order Proposal" request. Failure to give such written notice within five (5) days shall waive the Contractor's right to seek additional time or cost under the requirement these Requirements.

1.4 MINOR CHANGES IN THE WORK

A. The Architect, through the Construction Administrator, will issue supplemental instructions authorizing minor changes in the Work, not involving adjustment to the Contract Sum or Contract Time, on the "Supplemental Instructions" form as required by the Owner.

1.5 PROPOSAL REQUEST

- A. Architect/Owner-Initiated Requests For Proposals: The Architect or Owner will issue a detailed description of proposed changes in the Work via the Construction Administrator that will require adjustment to the Contract Sum or Contract Time. If necessary, the description will include supplemental or revised Drawings and Specifications. Such requests shall be on a "Proposal Request" form as required by the Owner.
 - 1. "Proposal Request" is issued for information only. Do not consider them as an instruction either to stop work in progress or to execute the proposed change.
 - 2. Within **(14) days** of receipt of a "Proposal Request", submit a "Change Order Proposal" with the required information necessary to execute the change to the Construction Administrator for the Architect's/Owner's review.
 - a. Include a list of quantities of products required and unit costs, with the total amount of purchases to be made. Where requested, furnish survey data to substantiate quantities.
 - b. Indicate applicable delivery charges, equipment rental, and amounts of trade discounts.
 - c. Include a statement indicating the effect the proposed change in the Work will have on the Contract Time.
 - d. The Agency is tax exempt. All Contractor and Subcontractor services provided under your Contract with the State of Connecticut may not be exempt from taxes. The Department of Revenue Services can guide you as to which services are exempt and which are not. Please contact the State of Connecticut, Department of Revenue Services at 1-800-382-9463 or 860-541-3280.
 - e. Dollar values shown on the Schedule of Values shall not be the governing (or deciding) final amounts for change orders involving either additional charges or deletions.

1.6 CHANGE ORDER PROPOSAL

- A. When either a "Request for Information" from the Contractor or a "Proposal Request" from the Architect or Owner results in conditions that may require modifications to the Contract, the Contractor may propose changes by submitting a request for a "Change Order Proposal" to the Architect via the Construction Administrator on forms as required by the Owner. These forms shall also include "Change Order Proposal Workbook(s)" as required by the Owner.
 - Include statements outlining the reasons for the change and the effect of the change on the Work.
 Provide a complete description of the proposed change. Indicate the effect of the proposed change on
 the Contract Sum and Contract Time.
 - Include a list of quantities of products required and unit costs, with the total amount of purchases to be made. Where requested, furnish survey data to substantiate quantities as directed by Article 13 of the General Conditions of the Contract for Construction.
 - Indicate applicable delivery charges, equipment rental, and amounts of trade discounts.
 - 4. Comply with requirements in Division 01 Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures" if the proposed change requires an equal or substitution of one product or system for a product or system specified.
 - 5. The State of Connecticut construction contract has the following tax exemptions:
 - Purchasing of materials which will be physically incorporated and become a permanent part of the project.
 - b. Tools, supplies and equipment used in fulfilling the construction contract are not exempt.
 - c. Services that are resold by the Contractor are exempt, i.e. if a Contractor hires a plumber, carpenter or electrician, a resale certificate may be issued to the subcontractor because these services are considered to be integral and inseparable component parts of the building contract

- C. "Change Order Request" Forms: Use "Change Order Proposal" and "Change Order Proposal Worksheets" forms as required by Owner.
- D. A "Change Order Proposal" cannot be submitted without either prior submission of a "Request for Information" from the Contractor or as a response to a "Proposal Request" submitted by the Architect or Owner.
- E. Any "Change Order Request" submitted without a prior submittal of a "Request for Information" or as a response to a "Proposal Request" will be immediately rejected and returned to the Contractor.

1.7 CONSTRUCTION CHANGE DIRECTIVE

A. "Construction Change Directive":

When the Owner and the Contractor disagree on the terms of a "Change Order Proposal" resulting from either a "Request for Information" or "Proposal Request", then the Architect through the Construction Administrator may issue a "Construction Change Directive" on a "Construction Change Directive" form as authorized by the Owner. The "Construction Change Directive" instructs the Contractor to proceed with a change in the Work, for subsequent inclusion in a "Change Order".

- 1. The "Construction Change Directive" contains a complete description of the change in the Work. It also designates the method to be followed to determine change in the Contract Sum or Contract Time.
- 2. Contractor must proceed with the Work once a "Construction Change Directive" is issued.
- 3. The change in the Contract Sum and Contract Time resulting from the issuance of a "Construction Change Directive" will be based on "Time & Material" or "Unit Prices".
- 4. Issuance of "Construction Change Directive" does not guarantee payment for the Work described in the "Construction Change Directive".
- B. Documentation: The Contractor shall maintain detailed records on a time and material basis of work required by the "Construction Change Directive".
 - 1. After completion of the change, submit an itemized account and supporting data necessary to substantiate cost and time adjustments to the Contract.
 - 2. The final value shall be negotiated based on the supporting data to determine the value of the work.

1.8 CHANGE ORDER PROCEDURES

A. Upon the Owner's approval of a Contractor's "Change Order Proposal", the Construction Administrator will issue a "Change Order" for signatures of the Architect, Owner and the Contractor on a "Change Order" form as required by the Owner.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 01 26 00

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section specifies procedures for preparation and submittal of the Contractor's Applications for Payment.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section.
 - Notice to Bidders: Article 10
 - 2. General Conditions: Articles: 27 "Schedule of Values, Application for Payment"; 28 "Partial Payments"; 31 "Final Payment"; and 32 "Owner's Right to Withhold Payments".
 - Division 01 Section 01 32 16 "Construction Progress Schedules" for requirements for construction scheduling and reporting progress of work.
 - 4. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures".
 - 5. Division 01 Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures" for requirements for Final Payment.

1.3 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- A. Coordination: Coordinate preparation of the "Schedule of Values" with preparation of the CPM Schedule or Construction Schedule. Use "Schedule of Values" form as required by the Owner
 - 1. Submit the "Schedule of Values" to the Construction Administrator at the earliest possible date but no later than **twenty-one (21)** days after Contract Start Date.
 - Sub-schedules: Where Work is separated into phases requiring separately phased payments, provide sub-schedules showing values correlated with each phase of payment.
- **B.** Format and Content: Use the Project Manual Table of Contents as a guide to establish the format for the "Schedule of Values". Provide at least one line item for each Specification Section on electronic media printout.
 - Identification: Project identification on the Schedule of Values shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - a. Owner
 - b. Project Number
 - c. Project Name
 - d. Project Location
 - e. Contractor's name and address.
 - 2. Arrange the "Schedule of Values" in tabular format as required by the Owner, containing separate columns including, but not limited to, the following Items:
 - a. Item Number.
 - b. Description of Work with Related Specification Section or Division Number.
 - c. Scheduled Values broken down by description number, type material, units of each material.
 - Include break down of General Condition requirements, i.e. bonds, insurance premiums, taxes, job mobilization, temporary facilities, field supervision and layout, operation and maintenance manuals, punch list activities, project record documents, demonstration and training, overhead, and profit as separate line items.
 - d. Name of subcontractor.
 - e. Name of manufacturer or fabricator.
 - f. Name of supplier.
 - g. Retainage.

h. Contract sum in sufficient detail.

- 3. Percentage of Contract Sum to nearest one-hundredth percent, adjusted to total 100 percent.
- 4. Provide a breakdown of the Contract Sum in sufficient detail to facilitate continued evaluation of Applications for Payment and progress reports. Coordinate with the Project Manual Table of Contents. Break principal subcontract amounts down into several line items. In addition, the following items listed below must be included
 - a. Photographic Documentation (01 32 33): a monthly cost of \$1,000 per month to be paid each month upon receipt of the photographs or forfeit of that month's payment.
 - b. Submittal Schedule (01 33 00): a lump sum payment calculated at 1/20th of 1% of the base bid total project cost upon receipt of the schedule
 - **c. Waste Collection & Cleaning (01 50 00):** a monthly cost. A minimum payment of \$1,000 to \$3,000 (based on size & complexity of the project) with forfeit of that monthly payment if not done.
 - d. Start-up and Adjusting (01 75 00): a lump sum cost upon completion. (to be determined by the DAS/CS Project Manager (PM) with Architect/Engineer and Construction Administrator (CA) advice)
 - **e. Schedule (01 32 16):** For the Base Schedule a lump sum payment or 40% of the total schedule budget, with the remainder paid on an even payment over the duration of the project.
 - Any forfeited amounts being withheld by the CA for non-performance will be adjusted at the final payment by a credit change order to the owner.
- 5. Round amounts to nearest whole dollar; the total shall equal the Contract Sum.
- 6. Unit-Cost Allowances: Not Used per Section 01 21 00.
- 7. General Conditions: Show line items for indirect costs and margins on actual costs only when such items are listed individually in Applications for Payment. Each item in the Schedule of Values and Applications for Payment shall be complete. Include the total cost and proportionate share of general overhead and profit margin for each item.
 - a. Temporary facilities and other major cost items that are not direct cost of actual work-in-place may be shown either as separate line items in the Schedule of Values or distributed as general overhead expense, at the Contractor's option.

1.4 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

- A. Each Application for Payment shall be consistent with previous applications and payments as certified by the Architect and Construction Administrator and paid for by the Owner.
 - 1. The initial "Application for Payment", the "Application for Payment" at time of "Substantial Completion", and the final "Application for Payment", involve additional requirements.
- B. **Payment-Application Terms:** The Owner will process monthly progress payments. The Contractor may submit applications for payment on a monthly basis.
- C. **Payment-Application Forms:** Use the "Application for Payment" form as required by the Owner. Present the required information on electronic media printout or Owner approved form; multiple pages should be used if required.
 - 1. For each item, provide a column including but not limited to the following items:
 - a. Item Number.
 - **b.** Description of Work and Related Specification Section or Division.
 - c. Scheduled Value, break down by units of material and units of labor.
 - **d.** Work Completed from previous application.
 - e. Work Completed this period.
 - f. Materials presently stored.
 - g. Total Completed and stored to date of application.
 - h. Percentage of Completion.
 - i. Balance to Finish.
 - Retainage.

- **D. Application Preparation:** Complete every entry on the Application form. At the time of Final Payment only, include an executed Application form by a person authorized to sign legal documents on behalf of the Contractor. The Construction Administrator will return incomplete Applications without action.
 - 1. Entries shall match data on the "Schedule of Values".
 - Include amounts of Change Orders issued prior to the last day of the construction period covered by the application.
- E. Transmittal: Except for final payment, submit to the Construction Administrator by a method ensuring receipt within *forty-eight (48)* hours. *One (1)* complete, signed and notarized original of each Application for Payment, including lien waivers and similar attachments when required, along with *one (1)* copies. For Final Payment, *one (1)* complete, signed and notarized final payment package shall be submitted along with *one (1)* electronic copy.
 - Transmit each copy with a transmittal form listing attachments and recording appropriate information related to the application, in a manner acceptable to the Architect.
- **F.** Applications for Payment: Administrative actions and submittals, that must precede or coincide with submittal of the first Application for Payment and all subsequent Application for Payments including, but not limited to, the following items:
 - 1. List of subcontractors and suppliers' name, FEIN/Social Security numbers, and Connecticut Tax Registration Numbers.
 - 2. List of principal suppliers and fabricators.
 - 3. Schedule of Values.
 - 4. Contractor's Construction Schedule (preliminary if not final).
 - 5. Schedule of principal products.
 - 6. Submittal Schedule (preliminary if not final).
 - 7. List of Contractor's staff assignments.
 - 8. List of Contractor's principal consultants.
 - 9. Copies of all applicable permits.
 - **10.** Copies of authorizations and licenses from governing authorities for performance of the Work.
 - 11. Proof that subcontractors have been paid amounts included on the Contractor's Application for Payment within thirty (30) days after the Owner has paid the Contractor for the particular Application for Payment in accordance with Connecticut General Statute § 49-41a (a)(1).
 - **12.** Releases of Lien from subcontractors with amounts included on the Contractor's Application for Payment when Contractor has been paid by the Owner for the particular Application for Payment but the subcontractors have not been paid.
 - 13. Proof that as-built documents are updated as required by Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures.
 - 14. Initial as-built survey and damage report, if required.
 - **15.** Update the "Contractor's Master Subcontract Agreement List" and submit copies all recently executed Subcontract Agreements in accordance with CGS § 4b-96.
 - **15.1.** The "Contractor's Master Subcontract Agreement List" shall list all Subcontract Agreements in order of Contract Sum magnitude (from high to low) in the following format:

Contractor's Master Subcontract Agreement List					
Subcontractor Name	Minority Or Small Business Designation	Trade	Address	Contract Sum	

16. In accordance with CGS § 42-158j (b):

Each payment requisition submitted shall include a statement showing the status of all pending construction change orders, other pending change directives and approved changes to the original contract or subcontract. Such statement shall identify the pending construction change orders and other pending change directives, and shall include the date such change orders and directives were initiated, the costs associated with their performance and a description of any work completed. As used in this

section, "pending construction change order" or "other pending change directive" <a href="mailto:means an authorized directive for extra work that has been issued to a contractor or a subcontractor and identified by an official Change Order Number or Construction Change Directive Number assigned by the State of Connecticut.

- G. Application for Payment at Substantial Completion: Following issuance of the Certificate of Substantial Completion submit an Application for Payment form; use the form as required by the Owner. Present the required information on electronic media printout as applicable that include, but are not limited, to the following:
 - 1. This application shall reflect Certificates of Partial Substantial Completion issued previously for Owner occupancy of designated portions of the Work.
 - 2. Administrative actions and submittals that shall precede or coincide with this application include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - **2.1** Occupancy permits and similar approvals.
 - **2.2** Warranties (guarantees) and maintenance agreements.
 - 2.3 Test/adjust/balance records.
 - 2.4 Maintenance instructions.
 - **2.5** Meter readings.
 - **2.6** Startup performance reports.
 - **2.7** Changeover information related to Owner's occupancy, use, operation, and maintenance.
 - 2.8 Final cleaning.
 - **2.9** Application for reduction of retainage and consent of surety.
 - **2.10** Advice on shifting insurance coverage.
 - **2.11** Final progress photographs.
 - 2.12 List of incomplete Work, recognized as exceptions to Architect's Certificate of Substantial Completion.
- **H. Final Payment Application:** Administrative actions and submittals that must precede or coincide with submittal of the final Application for Payment include, but are not limited, to the following:
 - 1. Completion of Project Closeout requirements.
 - 2. Completion of list of items remaining to be completed as indicated on the attachment to the Certificate of Substantial Completion.
 - 3. Ensure that unsettled claims will be settled.
 - **4.** Ensure that incomplete Work is not accepted and will be completed in accordance with a schedule prepared by the Contractor which is acceptable to the Owner.
 - 5. Transmittal of required Project construction records to the Owner (including as-built documents specified in Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures").
 - 6. Certified property survey.
 - 7. Proof that taxes, fees, and similar obligations were paid.
 - 8. Removal of temporary facilities and services.
 - **9.** Removal of surplus materials, rubbish, and similar elements (Reference Section 01 74 19 "Construction Waste Management & Disposal").
 - 10. Change of door locks to Owner's access.
 - **11.** The requirements of the General Conditions and Supplementary Conditions for Final Acceptance, Final Completion, Final Inspection, and Final Payment.
 - 12. Asbestos, lead or other hazardous material manifests.
 - **13.** Completion of "Building Contractor Reporting Form" as supplied by Department of Construction Services, for all Contractors, Subcontractors, Vendors, Suppliers, etc. who work on the Contract. The form includes the following information:
 - a. Contractor/Subcontractor name.
 - b. FEIN/Social Security Numbers
 - c. Connecticut Tax Registration Numbers

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- **d.** Type of work
- e. Name of business and address
- f. Remittance address.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 01 29 76

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PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section specifies administrative and procedural requirements for project meetings, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Start Date meeting (establishes start date)
 - 2. Pre-construction conferences.
 - 3. Progress meetings.
 - 4. Safety
 - 5. Coordination
 - 6. As-built drawings review
 - 7. And as required
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - 2. Division 01 Section 01 32 16 "Construction Progress Schedules" for requirements for construction scheduling and reporting progress of work.
 - 3. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" for submitting the Construction Schedule or CPM Schedule.
 - **4.** Division 01 Section 01 35 26 "Government Safety Requirements specifies the requirements for safety plans, reports, and investigation submittals.

1.3 PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE

- A. The Contractor will attend a pre-construction conference before starting construction, as scheduled by the Construction Administrator convenient to the Owner, the Construction Administrator, Architect, and Contractor. This meeting will take place at least **fourteen (14)** days prior to official Start Date. Hold the conference at the Project Site or another convenient location as directed by the Construction Administrator. The Construction Administrator shall conduct the Pre-construction Conference to review the Contractor and Subcontractor responsibilities and personnel assignments.
- **B.** Attendees: Authorized representatives of the Construction Administrator, Owner, Architect, and their consultants; the Contractor and its superintendent; major subcontractors; agency; and other concerned parties shall attend the conference. All participants at the conference shall be familiar with the Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
- C. Agenda: Discuss items of significance that could affect progress, including the following:
 - 1. Tentative construction schedule.
 - 2. Critical work sequencing.
 - 3. Progress meeting schedule.
 - 4. Designation of responsible personnel.
 - 5. Procedures for processing field decisions and Change Orders.
 - 6. Procedures for processing Applications for Payment.
 - 7. Distribution of Contract Documents.
 - 8. Submittal of Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples.
 - 9. Preparation of record documents.
 - 10. Use of the premises.
 - 11. Parking availability.

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- 12. Office, work, and storage areas.
- 13. Equipment deliveries and priorities.
- 14. Safety procedures.
- 15. First aid.
- 16. Security.
- 17. Housekeeping.
- 18. Working hours.

1.4 PRE-INSTALLATION/CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCES (NOT USED)

1.5 PROGRESS MEETINGS

- **A.** The Construction Administrator will conduct progress meetings, bi-weekly, at the Project Site or at regular intervals as agreed upon at the Pre-construction Conference. The Construction Administrator will notify the Owner, the Architect, and the Contractor of the scheduled Progress Meeting dates. Coordinate dates of Progress Meetings with preparation of Application for Payment requests.
- **B.** Attendees: In addition to representatives of the Contractor, Construction Administrator, Owner and the Architect, subcontractor, supplier, or other entity concerned with current progress or involved in planning, coordination, or performance of future activities may be requested to attend these meetings on an as needed basis. All participants at the meeting shall be familiar with the Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work. The Contractor shall include the site superintendent as a minimum.
- **C. Agenda:** Progress Meetings shall review and correct or approve minutes of the previous Progress Meeting. Review other items of significance that could affect progress. Include topics for discussion as appropriate to the status of the Project.
 - 1. Construction Schedule Review progress since the last Progress Meeting. Determine where each activity is in relation to the required Contractor's "Construction Schedule" or "CPM Schedule" and whether each activity is on time or ahead or behind Schedule. Determine how Work that is behind Schedule will be expedited; secure commitments from parties involved to do so. Discuss whether Schedule revisions are required to insure that current and subsequent activities will be completed within the Contract Time.
 - 2. Review the present and future needs of each entity present, including the following:
 - a. Time.
 - b. Status of submittals.
 - c. Site utilization.
 - d. Temporary facilities and services.
 - e. Hours of work.
 - f. Hazards and risks.
 - g. Housekeeping.
 - h. Quality and work standards.
 - i. Change Orders.
 - j. Documentation of information for payment requests.
- **D. Reporting:** The Construction Administrator will distribute minutes of the meeting to each party present, promptly and before the next scheduled meeting, and to parties who should have been present.

1.6 SUBCONTRACTOR/COORDINATION/SAFETY MEETINGS

- A. The Contractor shall conduct Subcontractor/coordination meetings.
- **B.** The Contractor shall conduct a separate safety meeting after the safety plan is submitted. The Contractor shall take meeting minutes. These minutes shall be made available upon request. The Contractor shall notify the Construction Administrator of the times and dates of these meetings, who may elect to attend these meetings as an observer when necessary. A minimum of one safety meeting will be held per month.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 01 31 19

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the preparation, submittal, and updating of the Contractor's construction schedules and reporting progress of the Work.
 - 1. Refer to the General Conditions and the Agreement for definitions and specific dates of Contract Time.
- **B.** This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Format.
 - 2. Content.
 - 3. Revisions to schedules.
 - 4. Submittals.
 - Distribution.
- C. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - 1. Division 01 Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures" specifies requirements for submitting Schedule of Values and Application for Payments.
 - 2. Division 01 Section 01 31 19 "Project Meetings" specifies requirements for submitting and distributing meeting and conference minutes.
 - 3. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" specifies requirements for submitting the Submittal Schedule.
 - Division 01 Section 01 45 00 "Quality Control" specifies requirements for submitting inspection and test reports.
 - Division 01 Section 01 60 00 "Product Requirements" specifies requirements for submitting the list of products.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

A. **Construction Schedule:** A method of planning and scheduling a construction project utilizing a horizontal bar chart with a separate bar for each major portion of the Work or operation to make the schedule an effective tool for planning and monitoring the progress of the work.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. The Contractor's Consultant: Retain a consultant to provide planning, evaluating, and reporting by CPM scheduling.
 - In-House Option: The Owner may waive the requirement to retain a consultant if the Contractor can demonstrate that:
 - a. The Contractor has the computer equipment required to produce construction schedules.
 - **b.** The Contractor employs skilled personnel with experience in construction scheduling and reporting techniques.
 - 2. Program: Use Microsoft Project latest version.
 - 3. Standards: Comply with procedures contained in AGC's "Construction Planning & Scheduling."

1.5 PRELIMINARY SCHEDULE

A. Preliminary Gantt schedule is to be prepared by the Contractor and submitted to the Construction Administrator within **seven (7)** days of award of contract. This schedule is to cover all items of Work from the start of the project up to the completion of the project. This schedule must be revised when the actual schedule of significant items varies more than one week from the proposed schedule.

1.6 CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULE FORMAT

- 1. Format: Utilize a horizontal bar chart (Gantt) with a separate bar for each major portion of the Work or operation, identifying first work day of each week.
- 2. Program: Use Microsoft Project, latest version.
- Sequence of Listings: Utilize the Table of Contents of this Project Manual and the chronological order of the start of each item of work.
- **4. Scale and Spacing:** Provide space for notations and revisions.
- **5. Sheet Size:** To be coordinated with Construction Administrator.
- **6. Weather Days Allowance:** The Contractor shall include as a separate identifiable activity on the Critical Path of the Construction Schedule, and activity labeled "Weather Days Allowance." Insert this activity immediately prior to the substantial completion milestone.
 - 6.1 The Contractor shall be fully responsible for determining the number of weather delay days to be included in the Construction Schedule. This determination shall be based on the normal anticipated weather for the project location and the nature of the project work. The Construction Schedule shall be based on the contractor's determined weather delay allowance. The weather delay activity shall be included in the construction schedule immediately prior to the Substantial Completion milestone.
 - The <u>minimal</u> allowed duration of the Weather Days Allowance shall be calculated as follows (decimals rounded to nearest whole number):

Contract Time (Calendar Days) multiplied by 7 equals Weather Days Allowance (Calendar Days) 365

- 6.3 The Contractor shall insert an activity in the Critical Path of the Construction Schedule to reflect weather day occurrences when weather days are experienced and accepted by the Owner. Identify this activity as a weather delay.
- 6.4 The Contractor shall reduce duration of Weather Days Allowance activity as weather delays are experienced and inserted into the schedule. Remaining weather days in Weather Day Allowance at completion of project is considered float. Weather delay, when justified, are considered allowable, non compensable.

1.7 CONTENT

- A. Show complete sequence of construction by activity, with dates beginning and completion of each element of construction.
- **B.** Identify each item by specification section numbers.
- C. Identify work of separate phases and other logically grouped activities.
- **D.** Show accumulated percentages of completion of each item, and total percentage of Work completed, as of the **first** day of each month.
- E. Provide separate schedule of submittal dates for shop drawings, product data, and samples, Owner/Agency furnished products and any products identified as under Allowances, and dates reviewed submittals will be required from Architect/Engineer. Indicate decision dates for selection of finishes.
- F. Indicate delivery dates for Owner/Agency furnished products and any products identified as under Allowances.
- **G.** Indicate critical path with original baseline indicated.
- H. Coordinate content with Schedule of Values specified in Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures."

1.8 SUBMITTALS AND REVISIONS TO SCHEDULES

- **A.** An initial bar graph schedule is to be prepared by the Contractor and submitted to the Construction Administrator. Refer to Article 1.5.
- B. Indicate progress of each activity to date of submittal, and projected completion date of each activity.
- C. Identify activities modified since previous submittal, major changes in scope, and other identifiable changes.
- **D.** Provide narrative report to define problem areas, anticipated delays, and impact on Schedule. Report corrective action taken, or proposed, and its effect.

- **E.** Schedules must be revised bi-weekly and when the actual schedule of significant items varies more than **seven (7) days** from the proposed schedule.
- F. Submit revised Construction Schedules for each Application for Payment.
- **G.** Submit **four (4)** copies of the Construction Schedule to the Construction Administrator.

1.9 DISTRIBUTION

- **A.** Distribute copies of the Construction Schedules to Construction Administrator, Architect, Owner, Subcontractors, suppliers, and other concerned parties.
- **B.** Instruct recipients to promptly report, in writing, problem anticipated by projections indicated in schedules.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 01 32 16

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for construction photographs.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Photographs: Provide a digital camera to take twenty-four (24) or more photos each time. Deliver two (2) sets of photo files on one (1) CD-ROM and one (1) set of prints (8x10) to the Construction Administrator for the Department.
- **B.** Extra Sets: When requested by the Owner, the photographer shall prepare extra sets of prints or CD-ROM. The photographer shall distribute these directly to the designated parties who will pay the costs for the extra sets directly to the photographer.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Engage a qualified commercial photographer to take photographs during construction.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PHOTOGRAPHIC COPIES

- A. On the date the work is begun and every **thirty (30) days** thereafter (until the work is at least 95 percent complete), the Contractor shall have digital photographs of the construction taken by a professional photographer.
- **B. Identification:** Label each CD-ROM with project name and date the photographs were taken. With each submittal provide an applied label, rubber-stamped or index sheet with the following information:
 - 1. Name of the Project.
 - 2. Name and address of the photographer.
 - 3. Name of the Architect.
 - 4. Name of the Contractor.
 - 5. Date the photographs were taken.
 - Vantage Point: Description of vantage point, in terms of location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PRECONSTRUCTION PHOTOGRAPHS

- **A.** Before starting construction, take digital photos of the site and surrounding properties from different points of view, as selected by the Construction Administrator.
 - 1. Take digital photos in sufficient number to show existing site conditions before starting Work.
 - 2. Take digital photos of adjacent existing buildings either on or adjoining the property in sufficient detail to record accurately the physical conditions at the start of construction.

3.2 PHOTOGRAPHIC REQUIREMENTS

A. Take twenty-four (24) or more digital photographs monthly, coinciding with the cutoff date associated with each Application for Payment. The Construction Administrator shall select the vantage points for each shot to best show the status of construction and progress since the last photos were taken.

- B. As the digital photographs are a record of the work progress, they shall be taken each month, whether or not they show work done during the preceding month. Deliver the CD-ROMs and prints within **ten (10) days** of their taking.
- C. Provide and coordinate the use of photographic software to assure that the photos are viewable by all interested parties.
- D. PART 2 PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)
- E. PART 3 EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 01 32 33

PROJECT NO.: BI-RR-27

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for submittals required for performance of the Work, including but not limited to the following:
 - 1. Submittal schedule.
 - 2. Shop Drawings.
 - 3. Product Data.
 - 4. Samples.
 - 5. Quality assurance submittals.
 - 6. Proposed "Substitutions/Equals".
 - 7. Warrantee samples.
 - 8. Coordination Drawings.
 - 9. O & M Manuals
- **B.** Administrative Submittals: Refer to other Division 01 Sections and other Contract Documents for requirements for administrative submittals. Such submittals include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Permits.
 - 2. Applications for Payment.
 - 3. Performance and payment bonds.
 - 4. Contractor's construction schedule.
 - 5. Daily construction reports.
 - 6. Construction Photographs.
 - 7. Insurance certificates.
 - 8. List of subcontractors.
 - 9. Subcontractors/Suppliers FEIN number's and Connecticut tax registration number.
- C. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - 1. Division 01 Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures" specifies requirements for submittal of requests for equals and substitutions.
 - 2. Division 01 Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures" specifies requirements for submittal of the Schedule of Values.
 - 3. Division 01 Section 01 31 19 "Project Meetings" specifies requirements for submittal and distribution of meeting and conference minutes.
 - **4.** Division 01 Section 01 32 16 "Construction Progress Schedules" for requirements for construction scheduling and reporting progress of work.
 - 5. Division 01 Section 01 32 33 "Photographic Documentation" specifies requirements for submittal of periodic construction photographs.
 - **6.** Division 01 Section 01 35 26 "Government Safety Requirements specifies the requirements for safety plans, reports, and investigation submittals.
 - 7. Division 01 Section 01 45 00 "Quality Control" specifies requirements for submittal of inspection and test reports and mockups.
 - **8.** Division 01 Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures" specifies requirements for submittal of Project Record Documents and warranties at project closeout.

9. Division 01 Section 01 78 30 "Warranties and Bonds".

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- **A.** Coordination Drawings show the relationship and integration of different construction elements that require careful coordination during fabrication or installation to fit in the space provided or to function as intended and as identified in the Specification Divisions 02 through 49.
 - 1. Preparation of Coordination Drawings is specified in Division 01 Section 01 31 00 "Project Management and Coordination" and may include components previously shown in detail on Shop Drawings or Product Data.
- **B.** Field samples are full-size physical examples erected on-site to illustrate finishes, coatings, or finish materials. Field samples are used to establish the standard by which the Work will be judged.
- **C.** Mockups are full-size assemblies for review of construction, coordination, testing, or operation; they are not Samples.

1.4 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- A. Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities. Transmit each submittal sufficiently in advance of performance of related construction activities to avoid delay.
 - 1. Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchasing, testing, delivery, other submittals, and related activities that require sequential activity.
 - Coordinate transmittal of different types of submittals for related elements of the Work so processing will not be delayed by the need to review submittals concurrently for coordination.
 - **a.** The Architect reserves the right to withhold action on a submittal requiring coordination with other submittals until all related submittals are received.
 - **b.** The Architect reserves the right to reject incomplete submitted packages.
 - Processing: To avoid the need to delay installation as a result of the time required to process submittals, allow sufficient time for submittal review, including time for re-submittals.
 - a. Allow fourteen (14) days for initial review. Allow additional time if the Architect must delay processing to permit coordination with subsequent submittals.
 - **b.** If an intermediate submittal is necessary, process the same as the initial submittal.
 - c. Allow fourteen (14) days for reprocessing each submittal.
 - **d.** No extension of Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals to the Architect sufficiently in advance of the Work to permit processing.
- **B.** Submittal Preparation: Place a permanent label, title block or 8-1/2 inches x 11 inches cover page approved by the Architect, on each submittal for identification. Indicate the name of the entity that prepared each submittal on the label or title block.
 - 1. Provide a space approximately 4 inches by 5 inches on the label, beside the title block or on the cover page on Shop Drawings to record the Contractor's review and approval markings and the action taken.
 - . Include the following information on the label for processing and recording action taken.
 - a. Project Name and State of Connecticut Project Number.
 - h Date
 - c. Name and address of the Architect, Construction Administrator, and Owner Representative.
 - d. Name and address of the Contractor.
 - e. Name and address of the subcontractor.
 - f. Name and address of the supplier.
 - g. Name of the manufacturer.
 - h. Number and title of appropriate Specification Section.
 - i. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
 - j. Indicate either initial or resubmittal.
 - k. Indicate deviations from Contract Documents.

- I. Indicate if "equal" or "substitution".
- C. Submittal Transmittal: Package each submittal appropriately for transmittal and handling. Transmit each submittal from the Contractor to the Architect using a transmittal form. Copy the Construction Administrator on the transmittal. The Architect will return all submittals to the Contractor after action is taken with a complete copy of the submittal package and one complete copy of the submittal package. The Architect will not accept submittals received from sources other than the Contractor.
 - 1. On the transmittal, record relevant information and requests for data. On the form, or separate sheet, record deviations from Contract Document requirements, including variations and limitations. Include Contractor's certification that information complies with Contract Document requirements.

1.6 SUBMITTAL SCHEDULE

- **A.** After development and review by the Owner and Architect acceptance of the Contractor's Construction or CPM schedule prepare a complete schedule of submittals. Submit the schedule to the Construction Administrator within **twenty-one (21)** days of Contract Award.
 - 1. Coordinate Submittal Schedule with the list of subcontracts, Schedule of Values, and the list of products as well as the Contractor's Construction or CPM Schedule.
 - 2. Prepare the schedule in chronological order. Provide the following information:
 - a. Schedule date for the initial submittal.
 - b. Related section number.
 - c. Submittal category (Shop Drawings, Product Data, or Samples).
 - d. Name of Subcontractor.
 - e. Description of the part of Work covered.
 - f. Scheduled date for resubmittal.
 - g. Scheduled date for the Architect's final release of approval.
- **B. Submittal Schedule:** Submit a schedule of submittals, arranged in chronological order by dates required by construction schedule. Include time required for review, ordering, manufacturing, fabrication, and delivery when establishing dates. Include additional time required for making corrections or modifications to submittals noted by the Architect and additional time for handling and reviewing submittals required by those corrections.
 - Coordinate submittal schedule with list of subcontracts, the schedule of values, and Contractor's Contractor's Construction or CPM Schedule.
 - 2. Initial Submittal: Submit concurrently with start-up construction schedule. Include submittals required during the first 60 days of construction. List those submittals required to maintain orderly progress of the Work and those required early because of long lead time for manufacture or fabrication.
 - 3. Final Submittal: Submit concurrently with the first complete submittal of Contractor's construction schedule.
 - a. Submit revised submittal schedule to reflect changes in current status and timing for submittals.
- **C.** Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities.
 - 1. Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchasing, testing, delivery, other submittals, and related activities that require sequential activity.
 - 2. Submit all submittal items required for each specification section concurrently unless partial submittals for portions of the Work are indicated on approved submittal schedule.
 - 3. Submit action submittals and informational submittals required by the same specification section as separate packages under separate transmittals.
 - **4.** Coordinate transmittal of different types of submittals for related parts of the Work so processing will not be delayed because of need to review submittals concurrently for coordination.
 - Architect reserves the right to withhold action on a submittal requiring coordination with other submittals until related submittals are received.
- D. Processing Time: Allow time for submittal review, including time for resubmittals, as follows. Time for review shall commence on Architect's receipt of submittal. No extension of the Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals enough in advance of the Work to permit processing, including resubmittals.

- 1. Initial Review: Allow fifteen 15 days for initial review of each submittal. Allow additional time if coordination with subsequent submittals is required. Architect will advise Contractor when a submittal being processed must be delayed for coordination with related submittals not yet received. Additional time will be required if processing must be delayed to permit review of related subsequent submittals.
- 2 Intermediate Review: If intermediate submittal is necessary, process it in same manner as initial submittal.
- 3. Resubmittal Review: Allow fifteen 15 days for review of each resubmittal.
- 4. Mass Submittals: Six (6) or more submittals in one (1) day or twenty (20) or more submittals in one (1) week. If "Mass Submittals" are received, Architect's review time stated above may be extended as necessary to perform proper review. Architect will review "Mass Submittals based upon priority determined by Architect after consultation with Owner and Contractor.
- **E. Distribution:** Following response to the initial submittal, print and distribute copies to the Construction Administrator, Architect, Owner, subcontractors, and other parties required to comply with submittal dates indicated. Post copies in the Project meeting room and field office.
 - When revisions are made, distribute to the same parties and post in the same locations. Delete parties
 from distribution when they have completed their assigned portion of the Work and are no longer
 involved in construction activities.
- **A. Schedule Updating:** Revise the schedule after each meeting or activity where revisions have been recognized or made. Issue the updated schedule concurrently with the report of each meeting.

1.7 DAILY CONSTRUCTION REPORTS

- **A.** Prepare a daily construction report recording the following information concerning events at the site, and submit duplicate copies to the Construction Administrator at weekly intervals:
 - 1. List of subcontractors at the site.
 - 2. Approximate count of personnel at the site.
 - 3. High and low temperatures, general weather conditions.
 - 4. Accidents and unusual events.
 - 5. Meetings and significant decisions.
 - 6. Stoppages, delays, shortages, and losses.
 - 7. Meter readings and similar recordings.
 - 8. List of equipment on site and identify if idle or in use.
 - 9. Orders and requests of governing authorities.
 - 10. Change Orders received, start and end dates.
 - 11. Services connected, disconnected.
 - 12. Equipment or system tests and startups.
 - 13. Substantial Completion's authorized.
 - 14. Equals or Substitutions approved or rejected.

1.8 SHOP DRAWINGS

- **A.** Submit newly prepared information drawn accurately to scale. Highlight, encircle, or otherwise indicate deviations from the Contract Documents. Do not reproduce Contract Documents or copy standard information as the basis of Shop Drawings. Standard information prepared without specific reference to the Project is not a Shop Drawing.
- **B.** Shop Drawings include fabrication and installation Drawings, setting diagrams, schedules, patterns, templates and similar Drawings. Include the following information:
 - 1. Dimensions
 - 2. Identification of products and materials included by sheet and detail number.
 - 3. Compliance with specified standards.
 - **4.** Notation of coordination requirements.
 - **5.** Notation of dimensions established by field measurement.
 - Sheet Size: Except for templates, patterns and similar full-size Drawings, submit Shop Drawings on sheets at least 8-1/2 by 11 inches but no larger than 36 by 48 inches.

- 7. Submit documents in .PDF format per requirements of PMWeb as directed by the Construction Administrator. The Contractor's submittal shall identify the specification section and/or drawing number applicable to the submittal.
- 8. Details shall be large scale and/or full size.
- **C.** The Contractor shall review the Shop Drawings, stamp with this approval, and submit them with reasonable promptness and in orderly sequence so as to cause no delay in his Work or in the Work of any subcontractor. Shop Drawings shall be properly identified as specified for item, material, workmanship, and project number. At the submission, the Contractor shall inform the Architect, in writing of any deviation in the shop drawings from the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- D. The Architect will review and comment on shop drawings with reasonable promptness so as to cause no delay, but only for conformance with the design concept of the project and with the information given in the Contract Documents. Refer to Article 5 of the General Conditions. Shop Drawings received by the Architect that indicate insufficient study of drawings and specifications, illegible portions or gross errors, will be rejected outright. Such rejections shall not constitute an acceptable reason for granting the Contractor additional time to perform the work.
- **E.** The Contractor shall make any corrections required by the Architect and shall resubmit the required number of corrected copies of Shop Drawings until fully reviewed.
- **F.** Upon final review submit in .PDF format per requirements of PMWeb same as submitted, for use by the Construction Administrator.
- **G.** The Architect's review and comments on Shop Drawings shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for any deviation from the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- **H.** Only final reviewed Shop Drawings are to be used on the Project site.
- I. The Work installed shall be reviewed in accordance with the Shop Drawings and the drawings and specifications. Final Review of the Shop Drawings by the Architect shall constitute acceptance by the State and the Architect of a variation or departure that is clearly identified. If the contractor believes notations made by the A/E increases the value or scope of the CD's, the contractor must provide written notice to the CA within seven (7) days of this issue. Final reviewed Shop Drawings shall not replace or be used as a vehicle to issue or incorporate change orders or substitutions. Substitutions shall be submitted in accordance with Division 01 Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures".

1.9 SHOP DRAWINGS FOR FIRE PROTECTION SYSTEMS: (not applicable)

1.10 SHOP DRAWINGS FOR ROOFING SYSTEMS: (not applicable)

1.11 PRODUCT DATA

- A. Collect Product Data into a single submittal for each element of construction or system. Product Data includes printed information, schedules, such as manufacturer's installation instructions, catalog cuts, standard color charts, roughing-in diagrams and templates, standard wiring diagrams, and performance curves.
 - Mark each copy to show applicable choices and options. Where printed Product Data includes information on several products that are not required, mark copies to indicate the applicable information. Include the following information:
 - a. Manufacturer's printed recommendations.
 - b. Compliance with trade association standards.
 - c. Compliance with recognized testing agency standards.
 - d. Application of testing agency labels and seals.
 - e. Notation of dimensions verified by field measurement.
 - f. Notation of coordination requirements.
 - Do not submit Product Data until compliance with requirements of the Contract Documents has been confirmed.
 - Preliminary Submittal: Submit a preliminary single copy of Product Data where selection of options is required.
 - 4. Submittals: Submit in .PDF format per requirements of PMWeb.

- **a.** Unless noncompliance with Contract Document provisions is observed, the submittal may serve as the final submittal.
- Distribution: Furnish copies of final submittal to installers, subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers, fabricators, and others required for performance of construction activities. Show distribution on transmittal forms.
 - a. Do not proceed with installation until a copy of Product Data is in the Installer's possession.
 - **b.** Do not permit use of unmarked copies of Product Data in connection with construction.

1.12 SAMPLES

- **A.** Submit full-size, fully fabricated Samples cured and finished as specified and physically identical with the material or product proposed. Samples include partial sections of manufactured or fabricated components, cuts or containers of materials, color range sets, and swatches showing color, texture, and pattern.
 - 1. Store, mount or display Samples on site in the manner to facilitate review of qualities indicated. Prepare Samples to match the Architect's sample. Include the following:
 - a. Specification Section number and reference.
 - b. Generic description of the Sample.
 - c. Sample source.
 - d. Product name or name of the manufacturer.
 - e. Compliance with recognized standards.
 - f. Availability and delivery time.
 - Submit Samples for review of size, kind, color, pattern, and texture. Submit Samples for a final check of these characteristics with other elements and a comparison of these characteristics between the final submittal and the actual component as delivered and installed.
 - a. Where variation in color, pattern, texture, or other characteristic is inherent in the material or product represented, submit at least three (3) multiple units that show approximate limits of the variations.
 - **b.** Refer to other Specification Sections for requirements for Samples that illustrate workmanship, fabrication techniques, details of assembly, connections, operation, and similar construction characteristics.
 - **c.** Refer to other Sections for Samples to be returned to the Contractor for incorporation in the Work. Such Samples must be undamaged at time of use. On the transmittal, indicate special requests regarding disposition of Sample submittals.
 - **d.** Samples not incorporated into the Work, or otherwise designated as the Owner's property, are the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the site prior to Substantial Completion.
 - **3. Preliminary Submittals:** Submit a full set of choices where Samples are submitted for selection of color, pattern, texture, or similar characteristics from a range of standard choices, unless otherwise noted in specification section.
 - **a.** The Architect will review and return preliminary submittals with the Architects notation, indicating selection and other action.
 - 4. Submittals: Except for Samples illustrating assembly details, workmanship, fabrication techniques, connections, operation, and similar characteristics, submit three (3) sets. The Architect will return one (1) set marked with the action taken.
 - 5. Maintain sets of Samples, as returned, at the Project Site, for quality comparisons throughout the course of construction.
 - Unless noncompliance with Contract Document provisions is observed, the submittal may serve as the final submittal.
 - Sample sets may be used to obtain final acceptance of the construction associated with each set.
- **B. Distribution of Samples:** Prepare and distribute additional sets to subcontractors, manufacturers, fabricators, suppliers, installers, and others as required for performance of the Work. Show distribution on transmittal forms.
 - 1. Field samples are full-size examples erected on-site to illustrate finishes, coatings, or finish materials and to establish the Project standard.

a. Comply with submittal requirements to the fullest extent possible. Process transmittal forms to provide a record of activity.

1.13 QUALITY ASSURANCE SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit quality-control submittals, including design data, certifications, manufacturer's instructions, manufacturer's field reports, and other quality-control submittals as required under other Sections of the Specifications.
- **B.** Certifications: Where other Sections of the Specifications require certification that a product, material, or installation complies with specified requirements, submit a notarized certification from the manufacturer certifying compliance with specified requirements.
 - 1. **Signature:** Certification shall be signed by an officer of the manufacturer or other individual authorized to sign documents on behalf of the company.
- **C. Inspection and Test Reports:** Requirements for submittal of inspection and test reports from independent testing agencies are specified in Division 01 Section 01 45 00 "Quality Control."

1.14 ARCHITECT'S ACTION

- **A.** Except for submittals for the record or information, where action and return is required, the Architect will review each submittal, mark to indicate action taken, and return promptly.
 - 1. Compliance with specified characteristics is the Contractor's responsibility.
- **B.** Action Stamp: The Architect will stamp each submittal with a uniform, action stamp. The Architect will mark the stamp appropriately to indicate the action taken, as follows:
 - 1. **Final Unrestricted Release:** When the Architect marks a submittal "Approved for fabrication," the Work covered by the submittal may proceed provided it complies with requirements of the Contract Documents. Final payment depends on that compliance.
 - 2. Final-But-Restricted Release: When the Architect marks a submittal "Incorporate Notations," the Work covered by the submittal may proceed provided it complies with notations or corrections on the submittal and requirements of the Contract Documents. Submit corrected copies for record. Final payment depends on that compliance.
 - 3. Returned for Resubmittal: When the Architect marks a submittal "Rejected, or Revise and Resubmit," do not proceed with Work covered by the submittal, including purchasing, fabrication, delivery, or other activity. Revise or prepare a new submittal according to the notations; resubmit without delay. Repeat if necessary to obtain different action mark.
 - **a.** Do not use, or allow others to use, submittals marked "Rejected, or Revise and Resubmit" at the Project Site or elsewhere Work is in progress.
 - 4. Other Action: Where a submittal is for information or record purposes or special processing or other activity, the Architect will return the submittal marked "Action Not Required."
- C. Unsolicited Submittals: The Architect will discard unsolicited submittals without action.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 01 33 00

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Division 00 General Conditions of the Contract for Construction for Design-Bid-Build and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for performing alteration and renovation Work.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - Division 00 Section 00 30 00 "General Statements for Available Information" for information that is available in addition to the Bidding Documents for review by bidders. Such information may include an existing conditions survey, contaminated soil reports, contaminated groundwater reports, hazardous building material reports, etc.
 - 2. Division 01 Section 01 73 29 "Cutting and Patching" for procedures for cutting and patching.
 - 3. Division 01 Section 01 74 19 "Construction Waste Management & Disposal" for the requirements for waste management goals, waste management plan and waste management plan implementation.
 - **4.** Division 02 Section 02 41 19 "Selective Structure Demolition" for demolition of selected portions of the building for alterations.
 - 5. Division 50 00 00 "Project-Specific Available Information" for information that is referenced in Section 00 30 00 "General Statements for Available Information".
 - Refer to other Sections for specific requirements and limitations applicable to performing alteration Work with individual parts of the Work.
 - Requirements of this Section apply to mechanical and electrical installations. Refer to Division 21, 22, 23 and 26 Sections for other requirements and limitations applicable to renovation Work by mechanical and electrical installations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PRODUCTS FOR PATCHING AND EXTENDING WORK

- A. New materials: As specified in product sections; match existing Products and Work for patching and extending Work.
- B. Type and Quality of Existing Products: Determine by inspecting and testing Products where necessary, referring to existing Work as a standard.

2.2 SALVAGEABLE MATERIALS

The **Owner** shall be responsible for storing museum artifacts on display on site.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION

A. General:

1. Observe all existing conditions prior to submitting a bid. Include in the bid, existing conditions and their impact, particularly to cost and health and safety of workers and occupants, and proper function and operation of the facility. Be aware of other work being performed. Failure to visit the site shall in no way provide relief from the necessity of furnishing materials or performing any work that may be required to complete the work in accordance with the Contract Documents without additional cost to the Owner. All site visits shall be scheduled with the Owner.

- 2. The quantities, locations and the extent of work indicated are best estimates, which are limited by the physical constraints imposed by occupancy of the facility. Consider all aspects of the substrates within the identified plan area. Material information and quantities were obtained from site surveys. Accordingly, variations (plus or minus 10 percent) in quantities within the limits of the work area are considered as having no impact on contract sum and contract performance period. Where additional abatement work is required beyond the above variations, the contract sum and contract performance period shall be adjusted under provisions of Division 01 of the Specifications.
- 3. Verify that demolition is complete and areas are ready for installation of new Work.
- 4. Beginning of restoration Work means acceptance of existing conditions.

B. Project Procedures for Work Involving Asbestos Containing Materials (ACM):

- The Owner is responsible for abating all Asbestos Containing Materials (ACM) that is visible and accessible.
- 2. If the Contractor should encounter any material suspected or known to contain asbestos not previously identified, then the Contractor should immediately notify the Construction Administrator in writing of same. It is the Owner's responsibility to have the materials tested and ACM abated (if necessary). The Owner will respond within twenty-four (24) hours after receiving the Contractor's written request to the Construction Administrator for testing the suspect material. The Owner will abate the ACM within a reasonable time period [seven (7) calendar days] after testing has been completed and ACM has been identified.
- 3. No attempt has been made to locate hazardous material associated with existing site utilities, though it is presumed that at least some asbestos may be discovered associated with underground piping during the course of site and site utilities work. If and when such materials appear, the Contractor shall notify the Owner, who shall be responsible for cutting up and disposing of same.

C. Project Procedures for Work Involving Lead-Based Paint (LBP):

- 1. If this facility was constructed **prior to 1978** it is likely to have painted surfaces containing lead-based paint.
- The Owner is responsible for abating all Lead-Based Paint (LBP) prior to the start of any Work involving renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair (if necessary), unless noted differently below or specified differently elsewhere.
- The Contractor shall conduct all demolition and removal Work, specified in the Technical Specifications Sections of this Project Manual, in conformance with the regulations as specified in this Section 01 35 16 Alteration Project Procedures
- 4. If testing for LBP has been conducted at the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair, then the results of the LBP testing are summarized in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections.
- 5. If the Contractor should encounter any material suspected or known to contain LBP that was not previously identified, then the Contractor should immediately notify the Construction Administrator in writing of same. It is the State's responsibility to have the material tested and abated (if necessary). The Owner will respond within four (4) Calendar Days after receiving the Contractor's written request to the Construction Administrator for testing the suspect material. If necessary the Owner will abate Lead-Based Paint (LBP) within a reasonable time period [ten (10) calendar days] after testing has been completed and extent of LBP identified.
- 6. Exposure levels for lead in the construction industry are regulated by 29 CFR 1926.62. Construction activities disturbing surfaces containing lead-based paint (LBP) which are likely to be employed, such as sanding, grinding, welding, cutting and burning, have been known to expose workers to levels of lead in excess of the Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL). Conduct demolition and removal Work specified in the technical sections of this specification in conformance with these regulations. In addition, construction debris/waste may be classified as hazardous waste. Disposal of hazardous waste material shall be by the Owner in accordance with 40 CFR Parts 260 through 271 and Connecticut Hazardous Waste Management Regulations Section 22a-209-1; 22a-209-8(c); 22a-449(c)-11; and 22a-449(c)-100 through 110.
- The Work shall be based on a child under the age of six (6) years in residence shall be in accordance with Connecticut Regulations Section 19a-111-1 through 11.

8. In accordance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Lead-Based Paint Renovation, Repair, and Painting Program (RRP) issued by the EPA on April 22, 2008, as amended, and regulated by 40 CFR 745, contractors performing renovation, repair and painting projects that disturb lead-based paint in homes, child care facilities, and schools built before 1978 must be certified and must follow specific work practices to prevent lead contamination. EPA requires that firms performing renovation, repair, and painting projects that disturb lead-based paint in pre-1978 homes, child care facilities and schools be certified by EPA and that they use certified renovators who are trained by EPA-approved training providers to follow lead-safe work practices. The abatement Contractor must be a Renovation Firm that has completed an EPA Lead-Safe Certification Program and be certified to conduct lead-based paint activities and renovations under the RRP rule. At least one "Certified Renovator" shall be assigned to jobs where LBP is disturbed.

D. Project Procedures for Work Involving Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) in Building Materials:

- If this facility was constructed between 1950 and 1978, it is likely to have caulk and/or glazing containing PCBs.
- 2. The Owner is responsible for abating all Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) in Building Materials prior to the start of any Work involving construction, renovation or demolition (if necessary), unless noted differently below or specified differently elsewhere.
- The Contractor shall conduct all demolition and removal Work, specified in the Technical Specifications Sections of this Project Manual, in conformance with the regulations as specified in Section 01 35 16 Alteration Project Procedures and as specified in
- 4. If the Owner has tested the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction alteration, remodeling or repair for PCBs in Building Materials such as caulk and glazing or other types of material, then the results are located in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections; otherwise the Owner assumes such materials do not warrant testing. It is the Owner's responsibility to have the material tested, not the Contractor, subcontractors or anyone working on behalf of the Contractor.
- 5. In the case where the Owner has a survey of locations with results and the Contractor encounters new areas of the subject material already identified by the survey, then the Contractor should immediately notify the Construction Administrator in writing of same. It is the State's responsibility to have the material tested and abated (if necessary). The Owner will respond within four (4) Calendar Days after receiving the Contractor's written request to the Construction Administrator for testing the suspect material. The Owner will abate PCBs in Building Materials (if necessary) within a reasonable time period (ten (10) calendar days) after completion of testing and identification of PCBs.
- 6. The work shall be performed by persons who are knowledgeable, qualified, and trained in the removal, treatment, handling, and disposal of PCB contaminated wastes and the subsequent cleaning of the affected environment. These Specifications govern all work activities that disturb PCB-containing caulk and glazing and associated building material. All activities shall be performed in accordance with, but not limited to, OSHA Regulation 29 CFR 1926, the United States Environmental Protection Agency's PCB Regulation 40 CFR Part 761, Connecticut General Statutes 22a-463 through -469 inclusive, and the PCB Site Remedial Plan where applicable.

E. Project Procedures for Work Involving Mold:

- 1. The **Owner** is responsible for abating all Mold (any form of fungi, including mold or mildew, and myotoxins, spores, scents or by-products produced or released by fungi) prior to the start of any Work involving renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair (if necessary), unless noted differently below or specified differently elsewhere.
- The Contractor shall conduct all demolition and removal Work, specified in the Technical Specifications Sections of this Project Manual, in conformance with the regulations as specified in Section 01 35 16 Alteration Project Procedures
- 3. If the Owner has tested the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction alteration, remodeling or repair for Mold, then the results are located in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections. Under no circumstance shall this information be the sole means used by for determining the extent of Mold.

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- 4. If the Contractor should encounter any material suspected or known to contain Mold that was not previously identified he should immediately notify the Construction Administrator in writing of same. It is the State's responsibility to have the material tested and abated (if necessary). The Owner will respond within four (4) Calendar Days after receiving the Contractor's written request to the Construction Administrator for testing the suspect material. If necessary the Owner will abate Mold within a reasonable time period (10 calendar days) after completion of testing and identification of mold.
- Disposal of all hazardous materials shall be by the Owner in accordance with but not limited to applicable provisions of 40 CFR Parts 761 Subpart K, 761, and 761.65 and the Connecticut General Hazardous Waste Statute Sec. 22a-454.
- F. Project Procedures for Work Involving Hazardous Materials, Wastes, and Items and Universal Wastes (Including Products Containing Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic Chemicals" (PBTs) such as Polychlorinated Biphenols (PCBs), Di-2-ethylhexyl Phthalate (DEHP), and Mercury):
 - 1. The Owner is responsible for abating all Hazardous Materials, Wastes, and Items and Universal Wastes including products containing Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic Chemicals" (PBTs) such as Polychlorinated Biphenols (PCBs), Di-2-ethylhexyl Phthalate (DEHP), and Mercury prior to the start of any Work involving renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair (if necessary), unless noted differently below or specified differently elsewhere.
 - 2. If a Hazardous Materials, Wastes, and Items and Universal Wastes Inventory has been conducted at the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair, then the results of the inventory are summarized in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections. Under no circumstance shall this information be the sole means used for determining the extent of Hazardous Materials, Wastes, and Items and Universal Wastes.
 - 3. If the Contractor should encounter any Hazardous Materials, Wastes, and Items and Universal Wastes that were not previously identified and assigned as the Contractor's responsibility, then the Contractor should immediately notify the Construction Administrator in writing of same. It is the State's responsibility to have the material tested and abated (if necessary). The Owner will respond within four (4) Calendar Days after receiving the Contractor's written request to the Construction Administrator for testing the suspect material. If necessary the Owner will abate Hazardous Materials, Wastes, and Items and Universal Wastes within a reasonable time period (10 calendar days) after completion of testing and identification of hazardous materials.
 - 4. Exposure Levels for PBTs such as PCBs, DEHP, and mercury in the construction industry are regulated by 29 CFR 1910.1200 and 29 CFR 1926.28 et. al. Demolition and removal work may expose workers in excess of the respective Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL). Conduct demolition and removal work specified in the technical sections of these specifications in conformance with these regulations.
 - 5. Examples of Hazardous Materials, Wastes, and Items and Universal Wastes include, but are not limited to, fluorescent light fixtures and exit signs, ballasts, high-intensity discharge (HID) lamps, certain types of construction products containing vinyl, mercury containing electrical switches, gauges, and thermostats; PCB Capacitors, refrigerants, pressurized cylinders, smoke/carbon dioxide detectors, used electronics, batteries, transformer/hydraulic fluids/oils, and miscellaneous household hazardous waste.
 - 6. For the purposes of this paragraph, PCB's in building material such as caulk and glazing or any other type of material not listed above is not applicable to this paragraph.
 - 7. Construction debris/waste may be classified as hazardous waste. Disposal of all hazardous materials shall be by the Owner in accordance with but not limited to applicable provisions of 40 CFR Parts 761 Subpart K, 761, and 761.65 and the Connecticut General Hazardous Waste Statute Sec. 22a-454.
- G. See also General Conditions Article 23 "Cutting, Fitting, Patching and Digging".

3.2 PREPARATION

- **A.** Cut, move, or remove items as are necessary for access to alteration and renovation Work. Replace and restore at completion.
- **B.** Remove unsuitable material not marked for salvage, such as rotted wood, corroded metals, and deteriorated masonry and concrete. Replace materials as specified for finished Work.
- **C.** Remove debris and abandoned items from area and from concealed spaces.
- D. Prepare surface and remove surface finishes to provide for proper installation of new Work and finishes.

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E. Close openings in exterior surfaces to protect existing Work from weather and extremes of temperature and humidity. Insulate ductwork and piping to prevent condensation in exposed areas.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Coordinate alteration and renovation Work to expedite completion, and if required sequence Work to accommodate Owner occupancy.
- B. Remove, cut and patch Work in a manner to minimize damage and to provide restoring products and finishes to original and or specified condition in accordance with Section 01 73 29 "Cutting and Patching".
- C. Refinish visible existing surfaces to remain in renovated rooms and spaces, to specified condition for each material, with neat transition to adjacent finishes in accordance with Section 01 73 29 "Cutting and Patching".
- D. In addition to specified replacement of equipment and fixtures, restore existing plumbing, heating, ventilation, and electrical systems to full operational condition.
- E. Recover and refinish Work that exposes mechanical and electrical Work exposed accidentally during the Work.
- **F.** Install products as specified in individual specification sections.

3.4 TRANSITIONS

- **A.** Where new Work abuts or aligns with existing, perform a smooth and even transition. Patch work to match existing adjacent Work in texture and appearance.
- **B.** When finished surfaces are cut so that a smooth transition with new Work is not possible, terminate existing surface along a straight line at a natural line of division and make recommendation to Architect/Engineer.

3.5 ADJUSTMENTS

- **A.** Where removal of partitions or walls result in adjacent spaces becoming one, rework floors, walls, and ceilings to a smooth plane without breaks, steps, or bulkheads.
- **B.** Where a change of plane of <u>1/4-inch</u> in <u>(12) inches</u> or more occurs, request recommendation from Architect/Engineer for providing a smooth transition.
- C. Trim existing doors as necessary to clear new floor finish. Refinish trim as required.
- D. Fit Work at penetrations of surfaces as specified in Section 01 73 29 "Cutting and Patching".

3.6 REPAIR OF DAMAGED SURFACES

- A. Patch or replace portions of existing surfaces that are damaged, lifted, discolored, or showing imperfections.
- B. Repair substrate prior to patching finishes.

3.7 FINISHES

- **A.** Finish surfaces as specified in individual product specification sections.
- **B.** Finish patches to produce uniform finish and texture over entire area. When finish cannot be matched, refinish entire surface to nearest intersections.

3.8 CLEANING

A. In addition to cleaning specified in Section 01 50 00 "Temporary Facilities and Controls", clean Agency occupied areas of Work.

END OF SECTION 01 35 16

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PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Construction Documents and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section

1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This guide specification covers construction safety requirements and requirements for the protection of people, property, and resources. It is intended for use in construction, renovation, and demolition projects for the State of Connecticut Department of Administrative Services (DAS) / Construction Services (CS).
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - 1. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures specifies the requirements for submittal requirements;
 - 2. Division 01 Section 01 31 19 "Project Meetings" specifies requirements for submittal and distribution of meeting and conference minutes.

1.2 REFERENCES

A. The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to in the text by the basic designation only.

A COE/CAEE A 40 00	tions/	
ASSE/SAFE A10.32	(2004) Fall Protection	
ASSE/SAFE A10.34	(2001; R 2005) Protection of the Public on or Adjacent to Construction Sites	
ASSE/SAFE Z359.1	(2007) Safety Requirements for Personal Fall Arrest Systems,	
	Subsystems and Components	
	TECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA)	
www.nfpa.org/		
NFPA 10	(2007) Portable Fire Extinguishers	
NFPA 51B	(2009) Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work	
NFPA 241	(2004) Safeguarding Construction, Alteration, and Demolition Operations	
NFPA 70	(2008) National Electrical Code	
NFPA 70E	Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace	
CODE OF FEDERAL R	EGULATIONS (CFR)	
www.archives.gov/fed	<u>leral-register/cfr/</u>	
29 CFR 1910	Occupational Safety and Health Standards	
29 CFR 1910.28	Safety Requirements For Scaffolding.	
29 CFR 1910.146	Permit-required Confined Spaces	
29 CFR 1910.147	Control Of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout)	
29 CFR 1915	Confined and Enclosed Spaces and Other	
29 CFR 1926	Safety and Health Regulations for Construction	
29 CFR 1926.500	Fall Protection	
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1.3 SUBMITTALS

- **A.** An "O" followed by "A" indicates that the Owner acceptance; submittals not having an "O" designation are for Contractor Quality Control approval.
- B. Submittal Procedures:

- 1. Preconstruction Submittals:
 - a. Accident Prevention Plan (APP): "O, A";
 - **b.** Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA); "O, A";
- Test Reports: Submit reports as their incidence occurs, in accordance with the requirements of the paragraph entitled, "Reports."
 - a. Accident Reports;
 - **b.** Regulatory Citations and Violations;
- . Certificates:
 - a. Confined Space Entry Permit;
 - **b.** Hot work permit:
 - License Certificates.

1.4 DEFINITIONS

- **A. Competent Person.** A competent person is one who is capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards in the surroundings or working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to employees, and who has authorization to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them.
- **B.** Competent Person for Fall Protection. A person who is capable of identifying hazardous or dangerous conditions in the personal fall arrest system or any component thereof, as well as their application and use with related equipment, and has the authority to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate the hazards of falling.
- Confined Space: A space which by design has limited openings for entry and exit, unfavorable natural ventilation which could contain or produce dangerous air contaminants, and which is not intended for continuous employee occupancy. Confined spaces include, but are not limited to storage tanks, process vessels, pits, silos, vats, degreasers, reaction vessels, boilers, ventilation and exhaust ducts, sewers, tunnels, underground utility vaults, and pipelines.
- D. High Visibility Accident: Any mishap which may generate publicity and/or high visibility.
- **E. Medical Treatment**; Medical treatment includes treatment administered by a physician or by registered professional personnel under the standing orders of a physician. Medical treatment does not include first aid treatment even through provided by a physician or registered personnel.
- **F. G. Qualified Person for Fall Protection:** A person with a recognized degree or professional certificate and with extensive knowledge, training and experience in the field of fall protection; who is capable of performing design, analysis, and evaluation of fall protection systems and equipment.
- H. Recordable Injuries or Illnesses: Any work-related injury or illness that results in:
 - 1. Death, regardless of the time between the injury and death, or the length of the illness;
 - 2. Days away from work (any time lost after day of injury/illness onset);
 - 3. Restricted work;
 - 4. Transfer to another job;
 - **5.** Medical treatment beyond first aid:
 - **6.** Loss of consciousness; or
 - 7. A significant injury or illness diagnosed by a physician or other licensed health care professional, even if it did not result in (1) through (6) above.

I. REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

A. In addition to the detailed requirements included in the provisions of this Section see, Division 01, Section 01 42 20 "Reference Standards and Definitions" for other state laws, criteria, rules and regulations. Submit matters of interpretation of standards to the appropriate administrative agency for resolution before starting work. Where the requirements of this specification, applicable laws, criteria, regulations, and referenced documents vary, the most stringent requirements govern.

1.6 SITE QUALIFICATIONS, DUTIES, AND MEETINGS

- A. Site Safety and Health Officer (SSHO):
 - 1. Provide a Site Safety and Health Officer (SSHO) at the work site at all times to perform safety and occupational health management, surveillance, inspections, and safety enforcement for the Contractor. The Contractor Quality Control (QC) person can be the SSHO on this project. Meet the following requirements within the SSHO:

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Level 3: A minimum of **five** (5) **years** safety work on similar projects. 30-hour OSHA construction safety class or equivalent within the last **five** (5) **years**. An average of at least 24 hours of formal safety training each year for the past 5 years. Competent person training as needed.]

B. Personnel Duties:

1. Site Safety and Health Officer (SSHO):

- **a.** Conduct daily safety and health inspections and maintain a written log which includes area/operation inspected, date of inspection, identified hazards, recommended corrective actions, estimated and actual dates of corrections. Attach safety inspection logs to the Contractors' daily **production** report.
- b. Conduct mishap investigations and complete required reports. Maintain the OSHA Form 300 and Daily Production reports for prime and sub-contractors. For more information visit the OSHA website at www.osha.gov > Employers > Recordkeeping Requirements and Forms.
- c. Maintain applicable safety reference material on the job site.
- **d.** Attend the pre-construction conference, pre-work meetings including preparatory inspection meeting, and periodic in-progress meetings.
- e. Implement and enforce accepted APPS and AHAs.
- f. Maintain a safety and health deficiency tracking system that monitors outstanding deficiencies until resolution. Post a list of unresolved safety and health deficiencies on the safety bulletin board.
- g. Ensure sub-contractor compliance with safety and health requirements.

Failure to perform the above duties will result in dismissal of the superintendent and/or SSHO, and a project work stoppage. The project work stoppage will remain in effect pending approval of a suitable replacement.

C. Meetings:

1. Preconstruction Conference:

- a. Contractor representatives who have a responsibility or significant role in accident prevention on the project shall attend the preconstruction conference. This includes the project superintendent, site safety and health officer, quality control supervisor, or any other assigned safety and health professionals who participated in the development of the Accident Prevention Plan (APP); (including the Activity Hazard Analyses (AHAs), and special plans, program and procedures associated with it).
- b. Discuss the details of the submitted APP to include incorporated plans, programs, procedures and a listing of anticipated AHAs that will be developed and implemented during the performance of the contract. This list of proposed AHAs will be reviewed at the conference and an agreement will be reached between the Contractor and the Owner's Representative(s) as to which phases will require an analysis. In addition, establish a schedule for the preparation, submittal, review, and acceptance of AHAs to preclude project delays.
- c. Deficiencies in the submitted APP will be brought to the attention of the Contractor at the preconstruction conference, and the Contractor shall revise the plan to correct deficiencies and re-submit it for acceptance. Do not begin work until there is an accepted APP.

2. Safety Meetings:

Safety meetings shall be conducted to review past activities, plan for new or changed operations, review pertinent aspects of appropriate AHA (by trade), establish safe working procedures for anticipated hazards, and provide pertinent safety and health training and motivation.

- **a.** Meetings shall be conducted at least once a month for all supervisors on the project location and at least once a week for all workers by supervisors or foremen.
- **b.** Meetings shall be documented, including the date, persons in attendance, subjects discussed, and names of individual(s) who conducted the meeting. Documentation shall be maintained and copies furnished to the Construction Administrator (CA) on request.
- The Construction Administrator (CA) shall be informed of all scheduled meetings in advance and be invited to attend.

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1.7 ACCIDENT PREVENTION PLAN (APP):

- **A.** Use a qualified person to prepare the written site-specific APP.
 - Prepare the APP in accordance with the format and requirements of US Army Core of Engineers (USACE), Safety, and Health Requirements Manual, EM 385-1-1, or as approved by the CA and as supplemented herein. Cover all paragraphs and subparagraph elements in USACE EM 385-1-1, Appendix A. "Minimum Basic Outline for Accident Prevention Plan" or as approved

- by the CA. The USACE Safety, and Health Requirements Manual, EM 385-1-1 is available at the USACE Website www.iwr.usace.army.mil.
- Specific requirements for some of the APP elements are described in "B" below. The APP shall
 be job-specific and address any unusual or unique aspects of the project or activity for which it is
 written.
- B. The APP shall interface with the Contractor's overall safety and health program. Include any portions of the Contractor's overall safety and health program referenced in the APP in the applicable APP element and made site-specific. The Owner considers the Prime General Contractor to be the "controlling authority" for all work site safety and health of the subcontractors. Contractors are responsible for informing their subcontractors of the safety provisions under the terms of the contract and the penalties for noncompliance, coordinating the work to prevent one craft from interfering with or creating hazardous working conditions for other crafts, and inspecting subcontractor operations to ensure that accident prevention responsibilities are being carried out. The APP shall be signed by the person and firm (senior person) preparing the APP, the Contractor, the on-site superintendent, the designated site safety and health officer and any designated Certified Safety Professional (CSP) and/or Certified Industrial Hygienist (CIH).
- C. Submit the APP to the DAS/CS Project Manager and Construction Administrator Fourteen (14) Calendar Days prior to the date of the preconstruction conference for acceptance. Work cannot proceed without an accepted APP. Once accepted by the DAS/CS Project Manager and Construction Administrator, the APP and attachments will be enforced as part of the contract. Disregarding the provisions of this contract or the accepted APP will be cause for stopping of work, at the discretion of the DAS/CS Project Manager and Construction Administrator, until the matter has been rectified. Once work begins, changes to the accepted APP shall be made with the knowledge and concurrence of the DAS/CS Project Manager and Construction Administrator, project superintendent, Site Safety and Health Officer (SSHO) and quality control manager. Should any hazard become evident, stop work in the area, secure the area, and develop a plan to remove the hazard. Notify the DAS/CS Project Manager and Construction Administrator within Twenty (24) hours of discovery. Eliminate/remove the hazard. In the interim, take all necessary action to restore and maintain safe working conditions in order to safeguard onsite personnel, visitors, the public (as defined by American Society of Safety Engineers, ASSE/SAFE A10.34 - Protection of the Public on or Adjacent to Construction Sites, see www.asse.org) and the environment.

Copies of the accepted plan will be maintained at the Construction Administrator's office at the job site. Continuously reviewed and amended the APP, as necessary, throughout the life of the contract. Incorporate unusual or high-hazard activities not identified in the original APP as they are discovered.

D. APP Contents:

The contents of the Accident Prevention Plan (APP) shall be in accordance with **Appendix A** of the US Army Corps of Engineers, **EM 385-1-1 Safety and Health Requirements Manual**, Appendix A, Minimum Basic Outline for Accident Prevention Plans or as approved by the CA. For more information visit the USACE Website at **www.usace.army.mil/Library**.

- 1.8 ACTIVITY HAZARD ANALYSIS (AHA): Activity Hazard Analyses (AHAs) define the activities being performed and identify the sequences of work, the specific hazards anticipated, site conditions, equipment, materials, and the control measures to be implemented to eliminate or reduce each hazard to an acceptable level of risk. The Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) format shall be in accordance with US Army Corps of Engineers, EM 385-1-1 Safety and Health Requirements Manual or as approved by the CA.
 - A. Submittals
 - Submit initial AHA to CA for review at least 15. Calendar Days prior to the start of each phase.
 Format subsequent AHAs as amendments to the APP. The analysis should be used during daily
 inspections to ensure the implementation and effectiveness of the activity's safety and health
 controls.
 - 2. The AHA list will be reviewed monthly at the Contractor supervisory safety meeting and updated as necessary when procedures, scheduling, or hazards change. Develop the activity hazard analyses using the project schedule as the basis for the activities performed. Any activities listed on the project schedule will require an AHA. The AHAs will be developed by the contractor, supplier or subcontractor and provided to the prime contractor for submittal to the CA.

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1.9 DISPLAY OF SAFETY INFORMATION

Within 1. Calendar Days after commencement of work, erect a safety bulletin board at the job site. Include and maintain information on safety bulletin board as required by US Army Corps of Engineers, EM 385-1-1 Safety and Health Requirements Manual, Section 01.A.06 or as approved by the CA. Additional items required to be posted include:

- A. Confined space entry permit.
- B. Hot work permit.

1.10 SITE SAFETY REFERENCE MATERIALS

Maintain safety-related references applicable to the project, including those listed in the article "References." Maintain applicable equipment manufacturer's manuals.

1.11 EMERGENCY MEDICAL TREATMENT

Contractors will arrange for their own emergency medical treatment. The Owner has no responsibility to provide emergency medical treatment.

1.12 REPORTS

A. Accident Reports

 Conduct an accident investigation for recordable injuries and illnesses, and property damage accidents resulting in at least <u>Two Thousand</u> <u>Dollars</u> (\$2,000)in damages, to establish the root cause(s) of the accident, complete "Accident Report Form" approved by the CA. Provide the report to the CA within <u>5 Calendar Days</u> of the accident.

B. Accident Notification

Notify the CA as soon as practical, but not later than **four hours**, after any accident meeting the definition of Recordable Injuries or Illnesses or High Visibility Accidents, property damage equal to or greater than \$2,000, or any weight handling equipment accident.

- 1. Within notification include the following:
 - a. contractor name;
 - b. contract title;
 - c. type of contract;
 - d. name of activity,
 - e. installation or location where accident occurred;
 - f. date and time of accident;
 - g. names of personnel injured;
 - h. extent of property damage, if any; extent of injury, if known, and brief description of accident to include type of construction equipment used, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) used, etc.. Preserve the conditions and evidence on the accident site until the U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USDOL-OSHA) investigation team arrives on-site and USDOL-OSHA investigation is conducted.

C. Monthly Exposure Reports

Monthly exposure reporting to the CA is required to be attached to the monthly Application for Payment request. This report is a compilation of employee-hours worked each month for all site workers, both prime and subcontractor. Provide on a form approved by the CA.

D. HOT WORK

Hot Work shall only be performed in accordance with the requirements of NFPA 51B "Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work Standard.

1 Definitions

- a. Hot Work: Work involving burning, welding, or a similar operation that is capable of initiating fires or explosions. Examples listed by NFPA include arc welding, oxygen- fuel gas welding, open-flame soldering, brazing, thermal spraying, oxygen cutting, and arc cutting.
- b. Permit Authorizing Individual (PAI). Means the individual designated by the General Contractor to authorize hot work. The PAI is permitted to be, among others, the General Contractor's project executive, supervisor, foreperson, or designated safety administrator. The PAI CANNOT be the hot work operator, except as permitted in NFPA 51B. The PAI is aware of the fire hazards involved and is familiar with the provisions of this standard.

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2. Permit: Submit and obtain a written permit from the PAI prior to performing "Hot Work" (welding, cutting, etc.) or operating other flame-producing/spark producing devices, from the PAI.

CONTRACTORS ARE REQUIRED TO MEET ALL CRITERIA BEFORE A PERMIT IS ISSUED. The General Contractor will provide at least **two (2)** twenty (20) pound 4A:20 BC rated extinguishers for normal "Hot Work". All extinguishers shall be current inspection tagged, approved safety pin and tamper resistant seal.

3. Fire Watch: It is also mandatory to have a designated FIRE WATCH for any "Hot Work" done at this activity. The Fire Watch shall be trained in accordance with NFPA 51B Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work and remain on-site for a minimum of 30 minutes after completion of the task or as specified on the hot work permit. When starting work in the facility, require personnel to familiarize themselves with the location of the nearest fire alarm boxes and place in memory the local fire department emergency phone number(s). ANY FIRE, NO MATTER HOW SMALL, SHAL BE REPORTED TO THE LOCAL FIRE DEPARTMENT, GENERAL CONTRACTOR'S AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE, AND OWNER'S CA IMMEDIATELY.

1.13 FACILITY OCCUPANCY CLOSURE

Streets, walks, and other facilities occupied and used by the state User Agency shall not be closed or obstructed without written permission from the CA.

1.18 SEVERE STORM PLAN

In the event of a severe storm warning, the Contractor must:

- A. Secure outside equipment and materials and place materials that could be damaged in protected areas.
- **B.** Check surrounding area, including roof, for loose material, equipment, debris, and other objects that could be blown away or against existing facilities.
- **C.** Ensure that temporary erosion controls are adequate.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

NOT USED.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 CONSTRUCTION AND/OR OTHER WORK

Comply with the Connecticut State Building and Fire Safety Codes, OSHA regulations, and other references regulations. The most stringent standard prevails.

3.1.2 HAZARDOUS MATERIAL EXCLUSIONS

Notwithstanding any other hazardous material used in this contract, radioactive materials or instruments capable of producing ionizing/non-ionizing radiation (with the exception of radioactive material and devices used in accordance with **USACE EM 385-1-1** such as nuclear density meters for compaction testing and laboratory equipment with radioactive sources) as well as materials which contain asbestos, mercury or polychlorinated biphenyls, di-isocynates, lead-based paint are prohibited. The CA, upon written request by the Contractor, may consider exceptions to the use of any of the above excluded materials.

3.1.3 UNFORESEEN HAZARDOUS MATERIAL

A. Related Section: Division 01, Section 01 35 16, Alteration Project Procedures.

3.2 PRE-OUTAGE COORDINATION MEETING

Contractors are required to apply for utility outages at least **15 Calendar Days** in advance. As a minimum, the request should include the location of the outage, utilities being affected, duration of outage and any necessary sketches. Special requirements for electrical outage requests are contained elsewhere in this specification section. Once approved, and prior to beginning work on the utility system requiring shut down, attend a preoutage coordination meeting with the CA, User Agency Representative, and Public Utilities representative to review the scope of work and the lock-out/tag-out procedures for worker protection. No work will be performed on energized electrical circuits unless proof is provided that no other means exist.

3.3 SAFETY LOCKOUT/TAGOUT PROCEDURES

- A. The General Contractor shall ensure that each employee is familiar with and complies with these procedures and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.147 Control Of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout).
 - 1. The General Contractor's "Authorized Employee" shall apply lockout/tagout tags and take other actions that, because of experience and knowledge, are known to be necessary to make the particular equipment safe to work on.

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- 2. No person, regardless of position or authority, shall operate any switch, valve, or equipment that has an official lockout/tagout tag attached to it, nor shall such tag be removed except as provided in this section.
- 3. No person shall work on any equipment that requires a lockout/tagout tag unless he, his immediate supervisor, project leader, or a subordinate has in his possession the stubs of the required lockout/tagout tags. Only qualified personnel shall perform work on electrical circuits.
- 4. A supervisor who is required to enter an area protected by a lockout/tagout tag will be considered a member of the protected group provided he notifies the holder of the tag stub each time he enters and departs from the protected area.
- Identification markings on building light and power distribution circuits shall not be relied on for established safe work conditions.
- 6. Before clearance will be given on any equipment other than electrical (generally referred to as mechanical apparatus), the apparatus, valves, or systems shall be secured in a passive condition with the appropriate vents, pins, and locks. Pressurized or vacuum systems shall be vented to relieve differential pressure completely. Vent valves shall be tagged open during the course of the work. Where dangerous gas or fluid systems are involved, or in areas where the environment may be oxygen deficient, system or areas shall be purged, ventilated, or otherwise made safe prior to entry.

B. Tag Placement

Lockout/tagout tags shall be completed in accordance with the regulations printed on the back thereof and attached to any device which, if operated, could cause an unsafe condition to exist. If more than one group is to work on any circuit or equipment, the employee in charge of each group shall have a separate set of lockout/tagout tags completed and properly attached. When it is required that certain equipment be tagged, the State of Connecticut Authority Having Jurisdiction will review the characteristics of the various systems involved that affect the safety of the operations and the work to be done; take the necessary actions, including voltage and pressure checks, grounding, and venting, to make the system and equipment safe to work on; and apply such lockout/tagout tags to those switches, valves, vents, or other mechanical devices needed to preserve the safety provided. This operation is referred to as "Providing Safety Clearance."

C. Tag Removal

When any individual or group has completed its part of the work and is clear of the circuits or equipment, the supervisor, project leader, or individual for whom the equipment was tagged shall turn in his signed lockout/tagout tag stub to the Contractor. That group's or individual's lockout/tagout tags on equipment may then be removed on authorization by the Contractor.

3.4 FALL HAZARD PROTECTION AND PREVENTION PROGRAM

Establish a fall protection and prevention program, for the protection of all employees exposed to fall hazards. Within the program include company policy, identify responsibilities, education and training requirements, fall hazard identification, prevention and control measures, inspection, storage, care and maintenance of fall protection equipment and rescue and evacuation procedures.

A. Training

Institute a fall protection training program. As part of the Fall Hazard Protection and Prevention Program, provide training for each employee who might be exposed to fall hazards. Provide training by a competent person for fall protection in accordance with **USACE EM 385-1-1**, Section 21.A.16.

B. Fall Protection Equipment and Systems

Enforce use of the fall protection equipment and systems designated for each specific work activity in the Fall Protection and Prevention Plan and/or AHA at all times when an employee is exposed to a fall hazard. Personal fall arrest systems are required when operating other equipment such as scissor lifts if the work platform is capable of being positioned outside the wheelbase. The need for tying-off in such equipment is to prevent ejection of the employee from the equipment during raising, lowering, or travel. Fall protection must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.500, Fall Protection, Subpart M, and ASSE/SAFE A10.32, Fall Protection.

1. Personal Fall Arrest Equipment

Personal fall arrest equipment, systems, subsystems, and components shall meet ASSE/SAFE Z359.1, Safety Requirements for Personal Fall Arrest Systems, Subsystems and Components. Only a full-body harness with a shock-absorbing lanyard or self-retracting lanyard is an acceptable personal fall arrest body support device. Body belts may only be used as a positioning device system (for uses such as steel reinforcing assembly and in addition to an approved fall arrest system). Harnesses shall have a fall arrest attachment affixed to the body

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support (usually a Dorsal D-ring) and specifically designated for attachment to the rest of the system. Only locking snap

hooks and carabiners shall be used. Webbing, straps, and ropes shall be made of synthetic fiber. The maximum free fall distance when using fall arrest equipment shall not exceed 1.8 m 6 feet. The total fall distance and any swinging of the worker (pendulum-like motion) that can occur during a fall shall always be taken

3.5 SCAFFOLDING

- A. The Contractor shall provide all employees with a safe means of access to the work area on the scaffold in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.28 Safety Requirements For Scaffolding and as contained in this section.
 - 1. Climbing of any scaffold braces or supports not specifically designed for access is prohibited.
 - 2. Ensure that employees are qualified to perform scaffold erection and dismantling.
 - 3. Do not use scaffold without the capability of supporting at least four times the maximum intended load or without appropriate fall protection as delineated in the accepted fall protection and prevention plan.
 - Stationary scaffolds must be attached to structural building components to safeguard against tipping forward or backward.
 - **5.** Give special care to ensure scaffold systems are not overloaded. Side brackets used to extend scaffold platforms on self-supported scaffold systems for the storage of material are prohibited.
 - **6.** The first tie-in shall be at the height equal to 4 times the width of the smallest dimension of the scaffold base. Place work platforms on mud sills. Scaffold or work platform erectors shall have fall protection during the erection and dismantling of scaffolding or work platforms that are more than six feet. Delineate fall protection requirements when working above six feet or above dangerous operations in the Fall Protection and Prevention (FP&P) Plan and Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) for the phase of work.

C. USE OF EXPLOSIVES

Explosives shall not be used or brought to the project site without prior written approval from the CA. Such approval shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for injury to persons or for damage to property due to blasting operations. Storage of explosives, when permitted on State property, shall be only where directed and in approved storage facilities. These facilities shall be kept locked at all times except for inspection, delivery, and withdrawal of explosives. Explosive work shall be performed in accordance with the requirements of C.G.S. § 29-343 through 29-355 and as required by the Office of State Fire Marshal, CT Department of Construction Services.

3.7 EXCAVATIONS (not applicable)

3.8 UTILITIES WITHIN CONCRETE SLABS (not applicable)

3.9 ELECTRICAL

A. Conduct of Electrical Work

Underground electrical spaces must be certified safe for entry before entering to conduct work. Cables that will be cut must be positively identified and de-energized prior to performing each cut. Positive cable identification must be made prior to submitting any outage request for electrical systems. Arrangements are to be coordinated with the CA and utility company for identification. The CA will not accept an outage request until the Contractor satisfactorily documents that the circuits have been clearly identified. Perform all high voltage cable cutting remotely using hydraulic cutting tool. When racking in or live switching of circuit breakers, no additional person other than the switch operator will be allowed in the space during the actual operation. Plan so that work near energized parts is minimized to the fullest extent possible. Use of electrical outages clear of any energized electrical sources is the preferred method. When working in energized substations, only qualified electrical workers will be permitted to enter. When work requires Contractor to work near energized circuits as defined by the NFPA 70, high voltage personnel must use personal protective equipment that includes, as a minimum, electrical hard hat, safety shoes, insulating gloves with leather protective sleeves, fire retarding shirts, coveralls, face shields, and safety glasses. In addition, provide electrical arc flash protection for personnel as required by NFPA 70E. Insulating blankets, hearing protection, and switching suits may also be required, depending on the specific job and as delineated in the Contractor's AHA.

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B. Portable Extension Cords

Size portable extension cords in accordance with manufacturer ratings for the tool to be powered and protected from damage. Immediately remove from service all damaged extension cords. Portable extension cords shall meet the requirements of **NFPA 70**.

3.10 WORK IN CONFINED SPACES

- A. Comply with the requirements in OSHA 29 CFR 1910.146 and OSHA 29 CFR 1926.21(b) (6). Any potential for a hazard in the confined space requires a permit system to be used.
 - 1. Entry Procedures. Prohibit entry into a confined space by personnel for any purpose, including hot work, until the qualified person has conducted appropriate tests to ensure the confined or enclosed space is safe for the work intended and that all potential hazards are controlled or eliminated and documented. All hazards pertaining to the space shall be reviewed with each employee during review of the AHA.
 - 2. Forced air ventilation is required for all confined space entry operations and the minimum air exchange requirements must be maintained to ensure exposure to any hazardous atmosphere is kept below its' action level.
 - Sewer wet wells require continuous atmosphere monitoring with audible alarm for toxic gas detection.

END OF SECTION 01 35 26

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. General: Basic contract definitions are included in the General Conditions of the Contract for Construction.
- **B.** "Indicated": The term "indicated" refers to graphic representations, notes, or schedules on the Drawings, or other paragraphs or Schedules in the Specifications, and similar requirements in the Contract Documents. Terms such as "shown," "noted," "scheduled," and "specified" are used to help the reader locate the reference. Location is not limited to this term.
- C. "Directed": Terms such as "directed," "requested," "authorized," "selected," "approved," "required," and "permitted" mean directed by the Architect, requested by the Architect, and similar phrases.
- D. "Approved": The term "approved," when used in conjunction with the Architect's action on the Contractor's submittals, applications, and requests, is limited to the Architect's duties and responsibilities as stated in the Conditions of the Contract.
- **E.** "Regulations": The term "regulations" includes laws, ordinances, statutes, and lawful orders issued by authorities having jurisdiction, as well as rules, conventions, and agreements within the construction industry that control performance of the Work.
- **F.** "Furnish": The term "furnish" means supply and deliver to the Project Site, ready for unloading, unpacking, assembly, installation, and similar operations.
- **G.** "Install": The term "install" describes operations at the Project Site including the actual unloading, unpacking, assembly, erecting, placing, anchoring, applying, working to dimension, finishing, curing, protecting, cleaning, and similar operations.
- H. "Provide": The term "provide" means to furnish and install, complete and ready for the intended use.
- I. "Installer": An installer is the Contractor or another entity engaged by the Contractor, either as an employee, subcontractor, or contractor of lower tier, to perform a particular construction activity, including installation, erection, application, or similar operations. Installers are required to be experienced in the operations they are engaged to perform.
 - 1. The term "experienced," when used with the term "installer," means having a minimum of five (5) previous projects similar in size and scope to this Project, being familiar with the special requirements indicated, and having complied with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 2. Trades: Using terms such as "carpentry" does not imply that certain construction activities must be performed by accredited or unionized individuals of a corresponding generic name, such as "carpenter." It also does not imply that requirements specified apply exclusively to tradespersons of the corresponding generic name.
- J. "Project Site" is the space available to the Contractor for performing construction activities, either exclusively or in conjunction, with others performing other Work as part of the Project. The extent of the Project Site is shown on the Drawings and may or may not be identical with the description of the land on which the Project is to be built.

1.3 SPECIFICATION FORMAT AND CONTENT EXPLANATION

- A. Specification Format: These Specifications are organized into Divisions and Sections based on CSI's "MasterFormat" 49-Division format and numbering system.
- **B. Specification Content:** This Specification uses certain conventions regarding the style of language and the intended meaning of certain terms, words, and phrases when used in particular situations or circumstances. These conventions are explained as follows:
 - 1. Abbreviated Language: Language used in Specifications and other Contract Documents is abbreviated. Words and meanings shall be interpreted as appropriate. Words implied, but not stated, shall be interpolated, as the sense requires. Singular words will be interpreted as plural and plural words interpreted as singular where applicable as the context of the Contract Documents indicates.

- 2. Streamlined Language: The Specifications generally use the imperative mood and streamlined language. Requirements expressed in the imperative mood are to be performed by the Contractor. At certain locations in the Text, subjective language is used for clarity to describe responsibilities that must be fulfilled indirectly by the Contractor or by others when so noted.
 - a. The words "shall be" are implied where a colon (:) is used within a sentence or phrase.

1.4 INDUSTRY STANDARDS

- **A. Applicability of Standards:** Except where the Contract Documents include more stringent requirements, applicable construction industry standards have the same force and effect as if bound or copied directly into the Contract Documents to the extent referenced. Such standards are made a part of the Contract Documents by reference.
- **B. Publication Dates:** Comply with the standards in effect as of the date of the Contract Documents unless a specific date is indicated in the Contract Documents or the governing regulations cited herein.
- C. Conflicting Requirements: Where compliance with two (2) or more standards is specified and the standards establish different or conflicting requirements for minimum quantities or quality levels, comply with the most stringent and highest quality requirement. Request a decision from the Architect before proceeding on requirements that are different but apparently equal, and where it is uncertain which requirement is the most stringent.
 - 1. Minimum Quantity or Quality Levels: The quantity or quality level shown or specified shall be the minimum acceptable. The actual installation may comply exactly with the minimum quantity or quality specified, or it may exceed the minimum within reasonable limits. To comply with these requirements, indicated numeric values are minimum or maximum, as appropriate, for the context of the requirements. Request a clarification from the Architect regarding uncertainties before proceeding.
- D. Copies of Standards: Each entity engaged in construction on the Project is required to be familiar with industry standards applicable to its construction activity. Copies of applicable standards are not bound with the Contract Documents.
 - 1. Where copies of standards are needed to perform a required construction activity, the Contractor shall obtain copies directly from the publication source.
- **E. Abbreviations and Names:** Trade association names and titles of general standards are frequently abbreviated. Where such acronyms or abbreviations are used in the Specifications or other Contract Documents, they mean the recognized name of the trade association, standards-generating organization, authorities having jurisdiction, or other entity applicable to the context of the text provision. Refer to Thompson Gale's "Encyclopedia of Associations," available in most libraries.

1.5 GOVERNING REGULATIONS AND AUTHORITIES

- A. Copies of Regulations: Obtain copies of the "latest applicable State Codes" and the following regulations and retain at the Project Site to be available for reference by parties who have a reasonable need during submittals, planning, and progress of the Work, until Substantial Completion.
 - Connecticut State Building Code 2018
 - 1.1 CT Supplement 2018
 - 1.2 CT Amendments 2018
 - 1.3 International Building Code 2015
 - **1.4** International Existing Building Code 2015
 - 1.5 International Mechanical Code 2015
 - 1.6 International Plumbing Code 2015
 - 1.7 International Energy Conservation Code 2015
 - 1.8 National Electric Code (NFPA 70) 2017.
 - 1.9 ICC/ANSI A117.1-Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities 2009
 - Connecticut Fire Safety Code 2018
 - 2.1 CT Supplement 2018
 - 2.2 CT Amendments 2018
 - 2.3 International Fire Safety Code 2015
 - 2.4 NFPA 101 2015

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- 3. Connecticut Fire Prevention Code 2018
 - 3.1 NFPA 1 2015].
- **4.** Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)
 - 4.1 OSHA 29 CFR Part 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Regulations 2018
 - 4.2 OSHA 29 CFR Part 1926 Occupational Safety and Health Regulations for Construction 2018
- **B.** The "latest applicable State Codes" are available for download from the DAS website (www.ct.gov/das) > Doing Business With The State > State Building Construction > Publications and Forms > Office of State Building Inspector and Office of State Fire Marshal. Also visit the www.ctdol.state.ct.us Connecticut Department of Labor website.

1.6 SUBMITTALS

A. Permits, Licenses, and Certificates: For the Owner's records, submit copies of permits, licenses, certifications, inspection reports, releases, jurisdictional settlements, notices, receipts for fee payments, judgments, correspondence, records, and similar documents.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 01 42 20

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for quality-control services.
- B. Quality-Control services include fire alarm acceptance testing, inspections, tests, and related actions, including reports performed by Contractor, by independent agencies, and by governing authorities. They do not include contract enforcement activities performed by the Owner.
- C. Inspection and testing services are required to verify compliance with requirements specified or indicated. These services do not relieve Contractor of responsibility for compliance with Contract Document requirements.
- D. Requirements of this Section relate to customized fabrication and installation procedures, not production of standard products.
 - Specific quality-control requirements for individual construction activities are specified in the Sections
 that specify those activities. Requirements in those Sections may also cover production of standard
 products.
 - 2. Specified inspections, tests, and related actions do not limit Contractor's quality-control procedures that facilitate compliance with Contract Document requirements.
 - 3. Requirements for Contractor to provide quality-control services required by Architect, Owner, or authorities having jurisdiction are not limited by provisions of this Section.
- E. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - 1. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" specifies requirements for development of a schedule of required tests and inspections.
 - Division 01 Section 01 73 29 "Cutting and Patching" specifies requirements for repair and restoration of construction disturbed by inspection and testing activities.
 - 3. Division 01 Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures", specific requirements for contract closeout procedures.
 - 4. Division 28 Section 28 46 00 "Addressable Fire Alarm Systems" for specific requirements for field quality control for the fire alarm system.

1.3 RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Contractor Responsibilities: Unless otherwise indicated as the responsibility of another identified entity, the Owner, through the Construction Administrator, shall provide inspections, tests, and other quality-control services specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents and required by authorities having jurisdiction. All tests required by the individual specification sections are required to be scheduled and notification given to the Construction Administrator 48 hours in advance of the test/inspection as applicable. Costs for these services are not included in the Contract Sum.
 - Where individual Sections specifically indicate that certain inspections, tests, and other quality-control services are the Contractor's responsibility, the Contractor shall employ and pay a qualified independent testing agency to perform quality-control services. Costs for these services are included in the Contract Sum.
 - Where individual Sections specifically indicate that certain inspections, tests, and other quality-control services are the Owner's responsibility, the Owner will employ and pay a qualified independent testing agency to perform those services.
 - Such services include Special Inspections as required by the latest edition of the "Connecticut State Building Code".
 - Where the Owner has engaged a testing agency for testing and inspecting part of the Work, and the Contractor is also required to engage an entity for the same or related element, the Contractor shall not employ the entity engaged by the Owner. The Owner will engage the services of a

- qualified Special Inspector for this project. The Special Inspector, as a representative of the Owner, shall document and confirm compliance with the provisions of the Connecticut State Building Code for Special Inspections.
- c) Materials and assemblies for this project will be tested and construction operations inspected as the work progresses. Failure to detect any defective work or material shall not in any way prevent later rejection when such defect is discovered nor shall it obligate the State for final acceptance.
- d) The Owner's use of testing and inspection services shall in no way relieve the Contractor of the responsibility to furnish materials and finished construction in full compliance with the Contract Documents and the Connecticut State Building Code.
- B. Retesting: The Contractor is responsible for retesting where results of inspections, tests, or other quality-control services prove unsatisfactory and indicate noncompliance with Contract Document requirements, regardless of whether the original test was Contractor's responsibility.
 - The cost of retesting construction, revised or replaced by the Contractor, is the Contractor's responsibility where required tests performed on original construction indicated non-compliance with Contract Document requirements.
 - The Owner will issue a credit change order to cover all costs incurred related to all re-tests/reinspections due to non-compliance to the Contract Documents, including but not limited to the Owner's costs and the Consultant's costs.
- C. Associated Services: Cooperate with agencies performing required inspections, tests, and similar services, and provide reasonable auxiliary services as requested. Notify the Agency sufficiently in advance of operations to permit assignment of personnel. Auxiliary services required include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Provide access to the Work.
 - 2. Furnish incidental labor and facilities necessary to facilitate inspections and tests.
- D. Duties of the Testing Agency: The independent testing agency engaged to perform inspections, sampling, and testing of materials and construction specified in individual Sections shall cooperate with the Construction Administrator, Architect and the Contractor in performance of the testing agency's duties. The testing agency shall provide qualified personnel to perform required inspections and tests.
 - 1. The testing agency shall notify the Construction Administrator and the Contractor promptly of irregularities or deficiencies observed in the Work during performance of its services.
 - The testing agency is not authorized to release, revoke, alter, or enlarge requirements of the Contract Documents or approve or accept any portion of the Work.
 - 3. The testing agency shall not perform any duties of the Contractor.
- E. Owner will pay for the services of an independent testing agency laboratory to perform inspections, tests and other services required by the Specifications except as noted below, listed for which the Owner will issue a deduct change order to cover the cost associated with these tests:
 - 1. When the Contractor notifies the Construction Administrator and/or Testing Agency less than 24 hours before the expected time of testing.
 - 2. When the Contractor requires testing for his own convenience.
 - 3. When the Contractor schedules a test and is not ready for the required test.
- F. Submit reports of tests that are part of the submittal requirements which indicate compliance or non-compliance with the specified standard.
- G. See also General Conditions Article 16 "Inspections & Tests".

H. Fire Alarm/Acceptance Testing Procedures:

- For all buildings (exceeding the threshold limit and not exceeding the threshold limit), the fire alarm testing shall be as the authority having jurisdiction shall dictate. This will be as determined by the Office of the State Fire Marshal (OSFM), and shall include, but not be limited to, the requirements as set below:
 - a. Protective Signaling Systems: All protective signaling systems shall meet with acceptance testing requirements of the applicable standards listed in Section 28 46 00 "Addressable Fire Alarm Systems", NFPA 101 and NFPA 13.

- b. Prior Test Notification: At least **five (5)** working days prior to testing, the Fire Alarm Contractor shall notify (in writing) the following people of the proposed date the acceptance tests are to be performed (Also, see Part 2 of Certificate of Compliance).
 - Department of Administrative Services OSFM Representative
 - General Contractor
 - Engineer of Record
 - Equipment Supplier Representative

c. Certificates of Compliance:

- A Fire Alarm System Inspection and Testing Certification and Description form shall be prepared for each system according to the "Inspection, Testing and Maintenance" Chapter in NFPA 72.
- 2) Parts 1 and 3 through 9, shall be completed after the system is installed and the installation of the wiring has been checked. Every alarm device must also be pre-tested to ensure proper operation and correct annunciation at each remote annunciator and control panel. Part 1 of the form (Certification of System Installation) shall be signed by the fire alarm contractor. The signed and completed preliminary copies of the Certification form shall be forwarded to all parties along with the Prior Test Notification.
- 3) Part 2, of each applicable form, shall be completed after the operational tests have been completed.
- 4) After the completion of the operational acceptance tests and sign-off of test witness (with stipulations noted), final copies of the Certificates shall be forwarded to the Department of Construction Services Representatives.

d. Tests:

- 1) All tests shall be conducted in accordance with the Manufacturer's Testing Recommendations.
- All testing equipment, apparatus (i.e. sound level decibel meter, 2-way radio communication, test devices, ladders, tools, lighting, etc.) and personnel shall be supplied by the Fire Alarm Contractor.
- e. System Documentation: Every system shall include the following documentation, which shall be delivered to the Department of Construction Services Representatives upon final acceptance of the system. An owner's manual or manufacturer's installation instructions covering all system equipment, including the following:
 - A detailed narrative description of the system inputs, evacuation signaling, ancillary functions, annunciation, intended sequence of operations, expansion capability, application considerations, and limitations.
 - Operator's instructions for basic systems operations including alarm acknowledgment, system
 reset, interpreting system output (LED's CRT display, and printout), operation of manual
 evacuation signaling and ancillary function controls, changing printer paper, etc.
 - 3) A detailed description of routine maintenance and testing as required and recommended and as would be provided under a maintenance contract, including testing and maintenance instructions for each type of device installed. This information should include:
 - (a) A listing of individual system components that require periodic testing and maintenance.
 - (b) Step by step instructions detailing the requisite testing and maintenance procedures and the intervals at which those procedures should be performed.
 - (c) A schedule that correlates the testing and maintenance procedures required by paragraph (2) above and with the listing required by paragraph (1) above.
 - 4) Detailed troubleshooting instructions for each type of trouble condition recognized by the system, including opens, grounds, parity errors, "loop failures," etc. These instructions should include a list of all trouble signals, and step by step instructions describing how to isolate those problems and correct them (or call for service as appropriate).

 A service directory, including a list of names and telephone numbers for those who should be called to service the system.

f. As-Built Drawings:

The Contractor will produce two (2) sets of as-built drawings and specifications for the fire alarm system, indicating the location (and programmed address, if applicable) of all devices and appliances, the wiring sequences, wiring methods, connection of the components, and sequence of operation of the protective signaling system as installed, shall be given to the Department of Construction Services representatives. This shall be in Accordance with the "Completion Documents" Article in the "Documentation" Section of the NFPA 72 "Fundamentals" Chapter. Refer also to Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures".

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Unless the Contractor is responsible for this service, the independent testing agency shall submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each inspection, test, or similar service to the Construction Administrator. If the Contractor is responsible for the service, submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each inspection, test, or similar service through the Contractor.
 - Submit additional copies of each written report directly to the governing authority, when the authority so directs.
 - Report Data: Written reports of each inspection, test, or similar service include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Date of issue.
 - b. Project title and number.
 - c. Name, address, and telephone number of testing agency.
 - d. Dates and locations of samples and tests or inspections.
 - e. Names of individuals making the inspection or test.
 - f. Designation of the Work and test method.
 - g. Identification of product and Specification Section.
 - h. Complete inspection or test data.
 - i. Test results and an interpretation of test results.
 - i. Ambient conditions at the time of sample taking and testing.
 - Comments or professional opinion on whether inspected or tested Work complies with Contract Document requirements.
 - I. Name and signature of laboratory inspector.
 - m. Recommendations on re-testing.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Mockups: Provide full-size, physical assemblies that are constructed on-site. Mockups will be used to verify selections made under sample submittals, to demonstrate aesthetic effects and, where indicated, qualities of materials and execution, and to review construction, coordination, testing, or operation; they are not samples Approved mockups establish the standard by which the Work will be judged.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 MOCKUPS

- A. Build site-assembled mockups using installers who will perform same tasks for project.
- **B.** Before installing portions of the Work requiring mockups, build mockups for each form of construction and finish required to comply with the following requirements, using materials indicated for the completed Work:
 - 1. Build mockups in location and of size indicated or, if not indicated, as directed by Architect.

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- Notify Architect and Construction Administrator seven (7) days in advance of dates and times when mockups will be constructed.
- 3. Demonstrate the proposed range of aesthetic effects and workmanship.
- 4. Obtain Architect's **and Construction Administrator's** approval of mockups before starting work, fabrication, or construction.
- 5. Maintain mockups during construction in an undisturbed condition as a standard for judging the completed Work.
- 6. Demolish and remove mockups when directed, unless otherwise indicated.

3.2 REPAIR AND PROTECTION

- A. General: Upon completion of inspection, testing, sample taking and similar services, repair damaged construction and restore substrates and finishes. Comply with Contract Document requirements for Division 01 Section 01 73 29 "Cutting and Patching."
- B. Protect constructions exposed by or for quality-control service activities, and protect repaired construction.
- C. Repair and protection is Contractor's responsibility, regardless of the assignment of responsibility for inspection, testing, or similar services.

END OF SECTION 01 45 00

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Division 00 General Conditions of the Contract for Construction for Design-Bid-Build and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section includes requirements for identification badges, parking stickers, construction facilities and temporary controls, including temporary utilities, support facilities, and security and protection.
- **B.** Temporary utilities include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Temporary water service and distribution.
 - 2. Temporary electric power and lighting services.
 - 3. Temporary heating, cooling and ventilation
 - 4. Temporary telephone service and data.
 - 5. Temporary sanitary facilities,
- **C.** Support facilities include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Temporary enclosures.
 - 2. Temporary project identification signs.
 - 3. Collection and disposal of waste and cleaning.
 - 4. Temporary Environmental Controls.
- **D.** Security and protection facilities include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Temporary fire protection.
 - 2. Security for site and Agency.
 - 3. Barricades, warning signs, and lights.
 - 4. Enclosure fence.
 - 5. Security enclosure and lockup.
 - 6. Protection.
 - 7. Environmental protection.

1.3 RELATED SECTIONS

A. Division 01 Section 01 57 30 "Indoor Environmental Control" for additional provisions governing temporary heating, ventilating and air conditioning.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- **A. Temporary Utilities:** Submit reports of tests, inspections, meter readings, and similar procedures performed on temporary utilities.
- **B.** Implementation and Termination Schedule: Within twenty-one (21) days of the date established for commencement of the Work, submit a schedule indicating implementation and termination of each temporary utility.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- **A. Regulations:** Comply with industry standards and applicable laws and regulations of authorities having jurisdiction including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Building and fire code requirements.
 - 2. Health and safety regulations.

- 3. Utility company regulations.
- 4. Police, fire department, and rescue squad rules.
- 5. Environmental protection regulations.
- B. Standards: OSHA. Comply with NFPA 241 "Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alteration, and Demolition Operations," ANSI A10 Series standards for "Safety Requirements for Construction and Demolition," and NECA 200 "Recommended Practice for Installing and Maintaining Temporary Electric Power at Construction Sites."
 - Electrical Service: Comply with NEMA, NECA, and UL standards and regulations for temporary electric service. Install service in compliance with NFPA 70 "National Electric Code."
- **C. Inspections:** Arrange for authorities having jurisdiction to inspect and test each temporary utility before use. Obtain required certifications and permits.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Temporary Utilities: The Contractor may use existing facility water and electric power. .
- B. Conditions of Use: Keep temporary services and facilities clean and neat in appearance. Operate in a safe and efficient manner. Relocate temporary services and facilities as the Work progresses. Do not overload facilities or permit them to interfere with progress. Take necessary fire-prevention measures. Do not allow hazardous, dangerous, or unsanitary conditions, or public nuisances to develop or persist on-site.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- **A. General:** Provide new materials. If acceptable to the Architect, the Contractor may use undamaged, previously used materials in serviceable condition. Provide materials suitable for use intended.
- B. Lumber and Plywood: Comply with requirements in Division 06 Section 06 10 00 "Rough Carpentry."
 - 1. For signs and directory boards, provide 3/4-inch exterior grade, Grade A-B Fir plywood. Mount sign on preservative treated Fir posts.
 - **a.** Project sign shall be 4' x 8' painted and supported on 4-inch x 4-inch posts, of a design to be provided by the Owner via the Construction Administrator.
- C. Paint: Comply with requirements of Division 09 Section 09 91 00 "Painting."
 - 1. For sign and directory boards applying graphics, provide exterior-grade alkyd gloss enamel over exterior primer unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Tarpaulins: Provide waterproof, fire-resistant, UL-labeled tarpaulins with flame-spread rating of 15 or less. For temporary enclosures, provide translucent, nylon-reinforced, laminated polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride, fire-retardant tarpaulins.
- **E. Water:** Provide potable water approved by local health authorities.
- **F. Enclosure Fencing:** Provide 0.120-inch thick, galvanized 2-inch chain link fabric fencing six (6) feet high galvanized steel pipe posts, 1-1/2 inches knuckle both bottom and top I.D. for line posts and 2-1/2 inches I.D. for corner posts.

2.2 EQUIPMENT

- **A. General:** Provide new equipment. If acceptable to the Architect, the Contractor may use undamaged, previously used equipment in serviceable condition. Provide equipment suitable for use intended.
 - 1. The Contractor shall furnish tools, apparatus and appliances, hoists and/or cranes and power for same, scaffolding, runways, ladders, temporary supports and bracing and similar work or material necessary to insure convenience and safety in the execution of the Contract except where this is otherwise specified in any Specification Section. All such items shall meet the approval of the Owner but responsibility for design, strength and safety shall remain with the Contractor. All such items shall comply with Federal OSHA regulations and applicable codes, statutes, rules and regulations, including compliance with the requirements of the current

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- edition of the "Manual of Accident Prevention in Construction" published by the Associated Contractors (AGC) and the standards of the State Labor Department.
- 2. Staging, exterior and interior, required for the execution of this Contract, shall be furnished, erected, relocated if necessary and removed by the Contractor. Staging shall be maintained in a safe condition without charge to and for the use of all trades as needed.
- **B.** Water Hoses: Provide 3/4-inch, heavy-duty, abrasion-resistant, flexible rubber hoses with pressure rating greater than the maximum pressure of the water distribution system. Provide adjustable shutoff nozzles at hose discharge and backflow preventers.
- **C. Electrical Outlets:** Provide properly configured, NEMA-polarized outlets to prevent insertion of 110- to 120-Volt plugs into higher voltage outlets. Provide receptacle outlets equipped with ground-fault circuit interrupters, reset button, and pilot light for connection of power tools and equipment.
- D. Electrical Power Cords: Provide grounded extension cords. Use hard-service cords where exposed to abrasion and traffic. Provide waterproof connectors to connect separate lengths of electric cords if single lengths will not reach areas where construction activities are in progress. Do not exceed safe length-voltage ratio.
- **E.** Lamps and Light Fixtures: Provide general service incandescent lamps of wattage required for adequate illumination. Provide guard cages or tempered-glass enclosures where exposed to breakage. Provide exterior fixtures where exposed to moisture.
- F. Temporary Toilet Units: Provide self-contained, single-occupant toilet units of the chemical, aerated recirculation, or combustion type. Provide units properly vented and fully enclosed with a glass-fiber-reinforced polyester shell or similar nonabsorbent material.
- G. Fire Extinguishers: Provide hand-carried, portable, UL-rated, Class A fire extinguishers for temporary offices and similar spaces. In other locations, provide hand-carried, portable, UL-rated, Class ABC, drychemical extinguishers or a combination of extinguishers of NFPA-recommended classes for the exposures.
 - 1. Comply with NFPA 10 and NFPA 241 for classification, extinguishing agent, and size required by location and class of fire exposure.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Use qualified personnel for installation of temporary facilities. Locate facilities where they will serve the Project adequately and result in minimum interference with performance of the Work. Relocate and modify facilities as required.
- **B.** Provide each facility ready for use when needed to avoid delay. Maintain and modify as required. Do not remove until facilities are no longer needed or are replaced by authorized use of completed permanent facilities.

C. Storm Water Pollution Control:

- 1. Once under contract, and prior to construction activities, the Contractor shall assume responsibility for storm water pollution control and conform to the General Permit obligations and requirements. The Contractor shall sign, and cause to be signed by each appropriate Subcontractor, the "Contractor Certification Statement" section of the SPCP and the DEEP "License Transfer Form" (DEEP-APP-006), as directed by the Architect/Engineer. The signed Certification Statement and License Transfer Form shall be attached to the "on-site" SPCP and submitted to the DEEP by the Architect/Engineer.
- The Owner shall be responsible for the General Permit registration fee and License Transfer notification fee.
- 3. The Contractor shall retain an updated copy of the SPCP at the construction site from the date construction is initiated at the site until the date construction at the site is completed.
- The Contractor shall conform to the SPCP or use another plan, prepared at the Contractor's expense, which has been approved by the Owner and the DEEP *prior to construction activities*. The Contractor shall be responsible for implementing, maintaining, and updating the SPCP, including, but not limited to, performing regular inspections, conducting and reporting all

- stormwater monitoring activities, retaining records for the required period of time, and performing **all** post-construction measures and inspections.
- 5. The Contractor shall ensure all post-construction measures are installed, cleaned, and functioning and the site has been stabilized for at least **three (3) months** following the cessation of construction activities in order for the project to be considered complete. A site is considered stabilized when there is no active erosion or sedimentation present and no disturbed areas remain exposed for **all phases**. Once the site has been stabilized for at least three (3) months, the Contractor shall have the site inspected by a Qualified Inspector to confirm final stabilization. If stabilized, the Contractor shall submit a Notice of Termination (DEP-PED-NOT-015) to the DEEP in order to terminate the Construction Stormwater General Permit.
- **6.** The Contractor shall submit a final copy of the SPCP, the Notice of Termination, and all inspection records to the Architect/Engineer and DAS/CS Project Manager at completion of all post-construction measures.
- 7. The Contractor shall retain copies of the SPCP and all reports required by the General Permit, and records of all data used to complete the registration for the General Permit, for a period of at least five (5) years from the date that the project is complete. Inspection records must be retained as part of the SPCP for a period of five (5) years after the date of inspection.
- **8.** For sites involving total soil disturbance of less than one (1) acre, the Contractor shall be responsible for sediment and erosion control and utilize best management practices as identified in the "2002 Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control" (DEEP Bulletin 34), as amended, and any sediment and erosion control plans prepared for the project.

3.2 TEMPORARY UTILITY INSTALLATION

- A. General: Connect to existing service. .
 - Use Charges: If cost or use charges for temporary facilities are specified by this section to be borne by the Owner the cost or use charges for temporary facilities will be borne not longer than thirty (30) days after final acceptance of the project.

B. Temporary Water Service and Distribution:

1. Water for construction purposes may be taken from the existing service. The Contractor shall provide connections, approved backflow prevention device, meter and pipe to the water main or nearest hydrant, subject to the approval of the Owner. Upon completion of work, the Contractor shall remove the temporary connections and backfill if necessary. If new water service is installed before construction is complete, the new system may be used provided it is returned to the Owner in as-new condition. The Contractor shall pay for the water used, as metered.

D. Temporary Heating, Cooling and Ventilating:

- 1. Provide temporary heat required by construction activities for curing or drying of completed installations or for protection of installed construction from adverse effects of low temperatures or high humidity. Select safe equipment that will not have a harmful effect on completed installations or elements being installed. Coordinate ventilation requirements to produce the ambient condition required and minimize consumption of energy.
 - **a. Heating Facilities:** Except where the Owner authorizes use of the permanent system, provide vented, self-contained, LP-gas or fuel oil heaters with individual space thermostatic control.
 - **b.** Use of gasoline-burning space heaters, open flame, or salamander heating units is prohibited.
- Provide temporary heat during construction for interior areas included in the Contract to counteract low temperatures or excessive dampness. Maintain during said period or periods until final completion of the Contract, unless otherwise approved by the Owner in writing. Windows, doors, ventilators and similar openings shall be temporarily closed. Provide heat and ventilation to maintain specified conditions for construction operations and to protect materials and finishes from damage by temperature or humidity. The permanent heating system is not to be used for temporary heating unless approved, in writing, by the Owner. If approved, use of the permanent heating system by the Contractor does not constitute beneficial use by the Owner. The warrantee for said system will not commence until Substantial Completion is granted. Costs shall be paid by the Contractor. See individual

Sections for temperature/humidity limits. Temporary heating methods shall comply with OSHA regulations and other applicable codes, statutes, rules and regulations and shall be approved by the Architect/Engineer and Owner.

- 3. Permanent air handling equipment, when used for temporary heating, shall be equipped with disposable "construction" filters. The construction filters shall have an average efficiency at least equal to the filters specified under Division 23, but not less than 30 percent when tested in accordance with ASHRAE 52.2 "Method of Testing General Ventilation Air-Cleaning Devices for Removal Efficiency by Particle Size." The filters shall have an average arrestance of not less than 90 percent efficiency on one (1) micron size particles. Before turning over the system for final acceptance, the contractor shall remove and dispose of the construction filters; clean the ductwork; spray clean the heating and cooling coils, and drain pans to "like new" condition; and install the filters specified in Division 23 Section 23 40 00 "HVAC Air Cleaning Devices."
- 4. The Contractor may use the existing heating system with temporary extensions, radiators or unit heaters, but such use is subject to the Owner's approval. Coordinate use of existing facilities with Owner. Provide additional, temporary extensions and units to satisfy the criteria given in the preceding paragraph. Owner will pay cost of energy used. Take measures to conserve energy. At the termination of construction, return the facilities to their original condition. Before operation of permanent facilities, verify that installation is approved for operation and that filters are in place.
- Refer to Section 01 57 30 "Indoor Environmental Control" for additional requirements regarding means and methods of providing temporary heating, cooling and ventilating. Meet manufacturer's standards for minimum and maximum temperatures and humidity governing installation of materials and systems.
- E. Temporary Telephone Service and Data: Provide temporary telephone service throughout the construction period for all personnel engaged in construction activities. Install telephone on a separate line for each temporary office and first aid station. Contractor shall provide telephone service in his office and separate telephone service in the DAS/CS Office and Construction Administrator's Office, if provided. It is preferred that the Contractor use a cellular phone. Basic service and local calls will be paid for by the Contractor. Toll calls will be paid for by the respective users.
 - **1.** At each telephone, post a list of important telephone numbers.
- **F. Temporary Sanitary Facilities, Including Drinking Water:** Temporary sanitary facilities include temporary toilets, wash facilities, and drinking-water fixtures. Comply with regulations and health codes for the type, number, location, operation, and maintenance of fixtures and facilities. Install where facilities will best serve the Project's needs.
 - 1. Provide toilet tissue, wash basins with water, soap and paper towels, paper cups, and similar disposable materials for each facility. Provide covered waste containers for used material. The Contractor shall maintain the facilities in a sanitary condition.
 - 2. Toilets: The Contractor shall install self-contained chemical toilet units. Shield toilets to ensure privacy. Use of pit-type privies will not be permitted. Provide separate facilities for male and female personnel.
 - **3. Water Coolers:** Where power is accessible, provide electric hot/cold water coolers to maintain dispensed cold water temperature at 45 to 55 degrees F. Provide bottled water service and cup supplies and maintain in a clean sanitary condition.
- **G. Storm Water Pollution Control:** Provide earthen embankments and similar barriers in and around excavations and sub-grade construction, sufficient to prevent flooding by runoff of storm water from heavy rains.

3.3 SUPPORT FACILITIES INSTALLATION

- A. General: Locate storage sheds, and other temporary construction and support facilities in designated area as shown on the Contract Documents. The location of the trailers on the Drawings is diagrammatic in nature. Final placement of the trailers is to be approved by the Construction Administrator.
 - **1.** Maintain support facilities until Final Completion. Remove prior to Final Completion with permission from the Owner.

- **B. Storage and Fabrication Sheds:** Install storage and fabrication sheds sized, furnished, and equipped to accommodate materials and equipment involved, including temporary utility service. Sheds may be open shelters or fully enclosed spaces within the building or elsewhere on-site.
 - 1. Storage sheds for tools, materials and equipment shall be weathertight with heat, lighting and ventilation for products requiring controlled conditions.
 - 2. Remove temporary materials, equipment services and construction before Substantial Completion.
 - 3. Clean and repair damage caused by installation or use of temporary facilities. Restore existing facilities used during construction to specified or original condition.
- **C. Temporary Enclosures**: Provide temporary enclosures for protection of construction, in progress and completed, from exposure, foul weather, other construction operations, and similar activities.
 - Where heat is needed and the permanent building enclosure is not complete, provide temporary enclosures where there is no other provision for containment of heat. Coordinate enclosure with ventilating and material drying or curing requirements to avoid dangerous conditions and effects.
 - 2. Install tarpaulins securely, with incombustible wood framing and other materials. Close openings of 25-sq ft or less with plywood or similar materials.
 - Close openings through floor or roof decks and horizontal surfaces with load-bearing, woodframed construction.
 - **4.** Where temporary enclosure exceeds 100-sq ft in area, use UL-labeled, fire-retardant-treated material for framing and main sheathing.
- **D. Temporary Project Identification Signs:** Prepare project identification and other signs of size indicated. Install signs where indicated to inform the public and persons seeking entrance to the Project. Support on posts or framing of preservative-treated wood or steel. Do not permit installation of unauthorized signs.
 - **1. Project Sign:** Engage an experienced sign painter to apply graphics. Comply with details to be furnished by the Construction Administrator.
 - a. Project Sign: The Contractor shall contact the Construction Administrator for the proper wording for the project sign. Fabricate sign of 3/4" Exterior Grade A-B Fir plywood. Mount sign on preservative treated Fir posts. The Owner shall provide design, color selection and illustration of the Project Sign. Paint both sides and all edges of sign and the posts with two (2) coats of exterior, white, alkyd primer. Paint the border and letters with "bulletin" (sign) paint. Letter sizes, colors and related information are given on the illustration below. A self-adhesive decal of the State seal will be furnished at the Contract signing. Erect the sign within two (2) weeks after execution of the Contract and remove the sign within one (1) week after completion of the project.
 - b. Project Sign Detail: Sign letter sizes, fonts, colors and related information are shown in the illustration available for download from the DAS website (www.ct.gov/das) > Doing Business With The State > State Building Construction > Publications and Forms > DAS Construction Services Library > 3000 Series Design Phase Forms.
- E. Collection and Disposal of Waste and Cleaning:
 - 1. Collect waste within the contract limit line from construction areas daily. Provide separate containers for proper waste recycling. Comply with requirements of NFPA 241 for removal of combustible waste material and debris. Enforce requirements strictly. Do not hold materials more than seven (7) days during normal weather or three (3) days when the temperature is expected to rise above 80 degrees F. Handle hazardous, dangerous, or unsanitary waste materials separately from other waste by containerizing properly. Dispose of material lawfully.
 - 2. Maintain areas under Contractor's control free of waste materials, debris and rubbish. Maintain in a clean and orderly condition.
 - **3.** Remove debris and rubbish from pipe chases, plenums, attics, crawl spaces and other closed or remote spaces before closing the space.
 - **4.** Periodically clean interior areas before start of surface finishing and continue cleaning on an as-needed basis.

- Control cleaning operations so that dust and other particulates will not adhere to wet or newly coated surfaces.
- F. Temporary Environmental Controls: Contractor is to provide the following controls.
 - 1. Rodent and Pest Control: Before deep foundation work has been completed, retain a local exterminator or pest control company to recommend practices to minimize attraction and harboring of rodents, roaches, and other pests. Employ this service to perform extermination and control procedures at regular intervals so the Project will be free of pests and their residues at materials.
 - **2.** Dust Control (construction and demolition).
 - 3. Erosion and Sediment Control.

3.4 SECURITY AND PROTECTION FACILITIES INSTALLATION (listed in Paragraph 1.2 D)

- A. Temporary Fire Protection: Install and maintain temporary fire-protection facilities of the types needed to protect against reasonably predictable and controllable fire losses. Comply with NFPA 10 "Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers" and NFPA 241 "Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alterations, and Demolition Operations."
 - 1. Provide and locate fire extinguishers where convenient and effective for their intended purpose, but not less than one extinguisher on each floor at or near each usable stairwell.
 - 2. Store combustible materials in containers in fire-safe locations.
 - **3.** Maintain unobstructed access to fire extinguishers, fire hydrants, temporary fire-protection facilities, stairways, and other access routes for fighting fires. Prohibit smoking in hazardous fire-exposure areas.
 - **4.** Provide supervision of welding operations, combustion-type temporary heating units, and similar sources of fire ignition.
 - 5. The Contractor, during construction, shall be responsible for loss or damage by fire to the work of the Contract until completion. Any fire used within the structure for working purposes shall be extinguished when not in use. Bitumen or tar shall be melted on the ground only. No flammable material shall be stored in the structure in excess of amounts allowed by the authorities. No gasoline shall be stored in or close to the building at any time. The Contractor shall assign a responsible employee to be in charge of fire protection measures.

B. Security for Site and Agency:

- 1. Provide security program and facilities to protect work, existing facilities and the Owner and Agency's operations from unauthorized entry, vandalism and theft. Coordinate with the Owner's and Agency's security program.
- The Contractor shall be solely responsible for damage, loss or liability due to theft or vandalism.
- **1. Warning Signs:** Comply with standards and code requirements for_warning signs to inform personnel and the public of the hazard being protected against.
- 2. Provide temporary, insulated, weathertight closures at openings to the exterior to provide acceptable working conditions and protection for materials, to allow for temporary heating and to prevent entry of unauthorized persons.
- 3. Barriers and enclosures shall be in conformance with code requirements.
- **4.** See also General Conditions Article 19, "Protection of the Work, Persons and Property".
- **C. Enclosure Fences:** Before construction begins, install an enclosure fence with lockable entrance gates. Locate where indicated on the Construction Documents, or enclose the entire site or the portion determined sufficient to accommodate construction operations. Install in a manner that will prevent people, dogs, and other animals from easily entering the site, except by the entrance gates.
 - 1. Provide chain link construction fencing with posts set in a compacted mixture of gravel and earth. Use existing fence to the extent possible.
- D. Security Enclosure and Lockup: Install substantial temporary enclosure of partially completed areas of construction. Provide locking entrances to prevent unauthorized entrance, vandalism, theft, and similar violations of security. Provide keys to the Construction Administrator.

1. Storage: Where materials and equipment must be stored, and are of value or attractive for theft, provide a secure lockup. Enforce discipline in connection with the installation and release of material to minimize the opportunity for theft and vandalism.

E. Protection:

- 1. Protect buildings, equipment, furnishings, grounds and plantings from damage. Any damage shall be repaired or otherwise made good at no expense to the Owner.
- Provide protective coverings and barricades to prevent damage. The Contractor shall be held responsible for, and must make good at his own expense, any water or other type of damage due to improper coverings. Protect the public and building personnel from injury.
- **3.** Provide temporary protection for installed products. Control traffic in immediate area to minimize damage.
- 4. Provide protective coverings for walls, projections, jambs, sills and soffits of openings. Protect finished floors and stairs from traffic, movement of heavy objects and storage. Prohibit traffic and storage on waterproofed and roofed surfaces and on lawn and landscaped areas.
- Provide temporary partitions and ceilings to separate work areas from Agency-occupied areas to prevent penetration of dust and moisture into Agency-occupied areas and equipment. Erect framing and sheet materials with closed joints and sealed edges at intersections with existing surfaces.
- **6.** See also General Conditions Article 19, "Protection of the Work, Persons and Property".
- **F. Environmental Protection:** Provide protection, operate temporary facilities, and conduct construction in ways and by methods that comply with environmental regulations, and minimize the possibility that air, waterways, and subsoil might be contaminated or polluted or that other undesirable effects might result.

G. Traffic Ways:

- Public roads and existing paved roads, drives and parking areas on Owner's property shall be kept free from scrap or debris due to construction operations and any damage to their surface caused by the Contractor shall be repaired by him at his own expense.
- 2. If the work of the Contract affects public use of any street, road, highway or thoroughfare, the Contractor shall confer with the police authority having jurisdiction to determine if and how many police are needed for public safety in addition to any barriers and signals that may be needed. The Contractor will be responsible for payment of any needed police services.

3.5 OPERATION, TERMINATION, AND REMOVAL

- A. Supervision: Enforce strict discipline in use of temporary facilities. Limit availability of temporary facilities to essential and intended uses to minimize waste and abuse.
- **B. Maintenance:** Maintain facilities in good operating condition until removal. Protect from damage by freezing temperatures and similar elements.
 - Maintain operation of temporary enclosures, heating, cooling, humidity control, ventilation, and similar facilities on a 24-hour basis where required to achieve indicated results and to avoid possibility of damage.
 - **2.** Protection: Prevent water-filled piping from freezing. Maintain markers for underground lines. Protect from damage during excavation operations.
- C. Termination and Removal: Unless the Architect/CA requests that it be maintained longer, remove each temporary facility when the need has ended, when replaced by authorized use of a permanent facility, or no later than Substantial Completion. Complete or, if necessary, restore permanent construction that may have been delayed because of interference with the temporary facility. Repair damaged Work, clean exposed surfaces, and replace construction that cannot be satisfactorily repaired.
 - 1. Materials and facilities that constitute temporary facilities are the Contractor's property. The Owner reserves the right to take possession of project identification signs.
 - 2. Remove temporary paving not intended for or acceptable for integration into permanent paving. Where the area is intended for landscape development, remove soil and aggregate fill that do not comply with requirements for fill or subsoil in the area. Remove materials contaminated with road oil, asphalt and other petrochemical compounds, and other substances

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that might impair growth of plant materials or lawns. Repair or replace street paving, curbs, and sidewalks at the temporary entrances, as required by the governing authority.

- **3.** At Substantial Completion, clean and renovate permanent facilities used during the construction period including, but not limited to, the following:
 - **a.** Replace air filters and clean inside of ductwork and housings.
 - **b.** Replace significantly worn parts and parts subject to unusual operating conditions.
 - **c.** Replace lamps burned out or noticeably dimmed by hours of use.

END OF SECTION 01 50 00

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. References to the Standard Specifications for this section shall mean the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Roads, Bridges and Incidental Construction Form 817 supplemented and amended through the date of this project bid.
- C. 2002 Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control, DEP Bulletin 34 or as amended through the date of this project bid.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes general protection and pruning of existing trees and plants that are affected by execution of the Work, whether temporary or permanent construction.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 311000 "Site Clearing" for removing existing trees and shrubs.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Caliper: Diameter of a trunk measured by a diameter tape at a height 6 inches above the ground for trees up to and including 4-inch size at this height and as measured at a height of 12 inches above the ground for trees larger than 4 inch size.
- B. Plant-Protection Zone: Area surrounding individual trees, groups of trees, shrubs, or other vegetation to be protected during construction and indicated on Drawings.
- C. Tree-Protection Zone: Area surrounding individual trees or groups of trees to be protected during construction and indicated on Drawings.
- D. Vegetation: Trees, shrubs, groundcovers, grass, and other plants.

1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
 - 1. Review methods and procedures related to temporary tree and plant protection including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Tree-service firm's personnel, and equipment needed to make progress and avoid delays.
 - b. Arborist's responsibilities.
 - c. Quality-control program.
 - d. Coordination of Work and equipment movement with the locations of protection zones.
 - e. Trenching by hand or with air spade within protection zones.
 - f. Field quality control.

1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings:
 - 1. Include plans, elevations and locations of protection-zone fencing and signage, showing relation of equipment-movement routes and material storage locations with protection zones.
 - 2. Detail fabrication and assembly of protection-zone fencing and signage.
 - 3. Indicate extent of trenching by hand or with air spade within protection zones.
- C. Samples: For each type of the following:
 - Protection-Zone Fencing: Assembled Samples of manufacturer's standard size made from full-size components.
 - 2. Protection-Zone Signage: Full-size Samples of each size and text, ready for installation.
- D. Tree Pruning Schedule: Written schedule detailing scope and extent of pruning of trees to remain that interfere with or are affected by construction.
 - 1. Species and size of tree.
 - 2. Location on site plan. Include unique identifier for each.
 - 3. Reason for pruning.
 - 4. Description of pruning to be performed.
 - 5. Description of maintenance following pruning.

1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For arborist and tree service firm.
- B. Certification: From arborist, certifying that trees indicated to remain have been protected during construction according to recognized standards and that trees were promptly and properly treated and repaired when damaged.
- C. Maintenance Recommendations: From arborist, for care and protection of trees affected by construction during and after completing the Work.
- D. Existing Conditions: Documentation of existing trees and plantings indicated to remain, which establishes preconstruction conditions that might be misconstrued as damage caused by construction activities.
 - 1. Use sufficiently detailed photographs or video recordings.
 - Include plans and notations to indicate specific wounds and damage conditions of each tree or other plants designated to remain.
- E. Quality-control program.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Arborist Qualifications: Registered Consulting Arborist as designated by ASCA.
- B. Tree Service Firm Qualifications: An experienced tree service firm that has successfully completed temporary tree and plant protection work similar to that required for this Project and that will assign an experienced, qualified arborist to Project site during execution of the Work.
- C. Quality-Control Program: Prepare a written program to systematically demonstrate the ability of personnel to properly follow procedures and handle materials and equipment during the Work without damaging

trees and plantings. Include dimensioned diagrams for placement of protection zone fencing and signage, the arborist's and tree-service firm's responsibilities, instructions given to workers on the use and care of protection zones, and enforcement of requirements for protection zones.

1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. The following practices are prohibited within protection zones:
 - 1. Storage of construction materials, debris, or excavated material.
 - 2. Moving or parking vehicles or equipment.
 - Foot traffic.
 - 4. Erection of sheds or structures.
 - 5. Impoundment of water.
 - 6. Excavation or other digging unless otherwise indicated.
 - 7. Attachment of signs to or wrapping materials around trees or plants unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Do not direct vehicle or equipment exhaust toward protection zones.
- Prohibit heat sources, flames, ignition sources, and smoking within or near protection zones and organic mulch.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Protection-Zone Fencing: Fencing fixed in position and meeting one of the following requirements:
 - Wood Protection-Zone Fencing: Constructed of two 1-by-4-inch horizontal rails, with 2-by-4-inch wood posts spaced not more than 96 inches apart, and lower rail set halfway between top rail and ground.
 - a. Height: 48 inches.
 - 2. Plastic Protection-Zone Fencing: Plastic construction fencing constructed of high-density extruded and stretched polyethylene fabric with 2-inch (50-mm) maximum opening in pattern and weighing a minimum of 0.4 lb/ft. (0.6 kg/m); remaining flexible from minus 60 to plus 200 deg F (minus 16 to plus 93 deg C); inert to most chemicals and acids; minimum tensile yield strength of 2000 psi (13.8 MPa) and ultimate tensile strength of 2680 psi (18.5 MPa); secured with plastic bands or galvanized-steel or stainless-steel wire ties; and supported by tubular or T-shape galvanized-steel posts spaced not more than 96 inches (2400 mm) apart.
 - a. Height: 48 inches.
 - b. Color: High-visibility orange, nonfading.
- B. Protection-Zone Signage: Shop-fabricated, rigid plastic or metal sheet with attachment holes prepunched and reinforced; legibly printed with nonfading lettering and as follows:
 - 1. Text: "Tree Protection Zone".
 - 2. Lettering: 3-inch high minimum, black characters on white background.
 - 3. Attach signs securely to fencing.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Erosion and Sedimentation Control: Examine the site to verify that temporary erosion- and sedimentation-control measures are in place. Verify that flows of water redirected from construction areas or generated by construction activity do not enter or cross protection zones.
- B. Prepare written report, endorsed by arborist, listing conditions detrimental to tree and plant protection.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Locate and clearly identify trees, shrubs, and other vegetation to remain. Tie a 1 inch blue vinyl tape around each tree trunk at 54 inches above the ground.
- B. Protect tree root systems from damage caused by runoff or spillage of noxious materials while mixing, placing, or storing construction materials. Protect root systems from ponding, eroding, or excessive wetting caused by dewatering operations.

3.3 PROTECTION ZONES

- A. Protection-Zone Fencing: Install protection-zone fencing along edges of protection zones before materials or equipment are brought on the site and construction operations begin in a manner that will prevent people and vehicles from easily entering protected areas. Construct fencing so as not to obstruct safe passage or visibility at vehicle intersections where fencing is located adjacent to pedestrian walkways or in close proximity to street intersections, drives, or other vehicular circulation.
 - Posts: Set or drive posts into ground one-third the total height of the fence without concrete footings. Where a post is located on existing paving or concrete to remain, provide appropriate means of post support acceptable to Landscape Architect.
- B. Protection-Zone Signage: Install protection-zone signage in visibly prominent locations in a manner approved by Architect. Install one sign spaced approximately every 100 feet on protection-zone fencing.
- C. Maintain protection zones free of weeds and trash.
- D. Maintain protection-zone fencing and signage in good condition as acceptable to Landscape Architect and remove when construction operations are complete and equipment has been removed from the site.
 - 1. Do not remove protection-zone fencing, even temporarily, to allow deliveries or equipment access through the protection zone.
 - 2. Temporary access is permitted subject to preapproval in writing by arborist if a root buffer effective against soil compaction is constructed as directed by arborist. Maintain root buffer so long as access is permitted.

3.4 EXCAVATION

- A. General: Excavate at edge of protection zones and for trenches indicated within protection zones according to requirements in Section 312000 "Earth Moving" unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Trenching within Protection Zones: Where utility trenches are required within protection zones, excavate under or around tree roots by hand or with air spade, or tunnel under the roots by drilling, auger boring, or pipe jacking. Do not cut main lateral tree roots or taproots; cut only smaller roots that interfere with

installation of utilities. Cut roots as required for root pruning. If excavating by hand, use narrow-tine spading forks to comb soil and expose roots.

- C. Redirect roots in backfill areas where possible. If encountering large, main lateral roots, expose roots beyond excavation limits as required to bend and redirect them without breaking. If encountered immediately adjacent to location of new construction and redirection is not practical, cut roots approximately 3 inches back from new construction and as required for root pruning.
- D. Do not allow exposed roots to dry out before placing permanent backfill. Provide temporary earth cover or pack with peat moss and wrap with burlap. Water and maintain in a moist condition. Temporarily support and protect roots from damage until they are permanently relocated and covered with soil.

3.5 ROOT PRUNING

- A. Prune tree roots that are affected by temporary and permanent construction. Prune roots as follows:
 - Cut roots manually by digging a trench and cutting exposed roots with sharp pruning instruments; do not break, tear, chop, or slant the cuts. Do not use a backhoe or other equipment that rips, tears, or pulls roots.
 - 2. Cut Ends: Coat cut ends of roots more than 1-1/2 inches in diameter with an emulsified asphalt or other coating formulated for use on damaged plant tissues and that is acceptable to arborist.
 - 3. Temporarily support and protect roots from damage until they are permanently redirected and covered with soil.
 - 4. Cover exposed roots with burlap and water regularly.
 - 5. Backfill as soon as possible according to requirements in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."
- B. Root Pruning at Edge of Protection Zone: Prune tree roots flush with the edge of the protection zone by cleanly cutting all roots to the depth of the required excavation.
- C. Root Pruning within Protection Zone: Clear and excavate by hand or with air spade to the depth of the required excavation to minimize damage to tree root systems. If excavating by hand, use narrow-tine spading forks to comb soil to expose roots. Cleanly cut roots as close to excavation as possible.

3.6 CROWN PRUNING

- A. Prune branches that are affected by temporary and permanent construction. Prune branches as directed by arborist.
 - 1. Prune to remove only injured, broken, dying, or dead branches unless otherwise indicated. Do not prune for shape unless otherwise indicated.
 - Do not remove or reduce living branches to compensate for root loss caused by damaging or cutting root system.
 - 3. Pruning Standards: Prune trees according to ANSI A300 (Part 1).
- B. Unless otherwise directed by arborist and acceptable to Landscape Architect, do not cut tree leaders.
- C. Cut branches with sharp pruning instruments; do not break or chop.
- D. Do not paint or apply sealants to wounds.
- E. Provide subsequent maintenance pruning during Contract period as recommended by arborist.
- F. Chip removed branches and dispose of off-site.

3.7 REGRADING

- A. Lowering Grade: Where new finish grade is indicated below existing grade around trees, slope grade beyond the protection zone. Maintain existing grades within the protection zone.
- B. Lowering Grade within Protection Zone: Where new finish grade is indicated below existing grade around trees, slope grade away from trees as recommended by arborist unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Root Pruning: Prune tree roots exposed by lowering the grade. Do not cut main lateral roots or taproots; cut only smaller roots. Cut roots as required for root pruning.
- C. Raising Grade: Where new finish grade is indicated above existing grade around trees, slope grade beyond the protection zone. Maintain existing grades within the protection zone.
- D. Minor Fill within Protection Zone: Where existing grade is 6 inches or less below elevation of finish grade, fill with topsoil. Place backfill soil in a single uncompacted layer and hand grade to required finish elevations.

3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Inspections: Engage a qualified arborist to direct plant-protection measures in the vicinity of trees, shrubs, and other vegetation indicated to remain and to prepare inspection reports.

3.9 REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

- A. General: Repair or replace trees, shrubs, and other vegetation indicated to remain or to be relocated that are damaged by construction operations, in a manner approved by Landscape Architect.
 - 1. Submit details of proposed pruning and repairs.
 - Perform repairs of damaged trunks, branches, and roots within 24 hours according to arborist's written instructions.
 - Replace trees and other plants that cannot be repaired and restored to full-growth status, as determined by Landscape Architect.
- B. Trees: Remove and replace trees indicated to remain that are more than 25 percent dead or in an unhealthy condition or are damaged during construction operations that Landscape Architect determines are incapable of restoring to normal growth pattern.
 - 1. Small Trees: Provide new trees of same size and species as those being replaced for each tree that measures 3 inches or smaller in caliper size.
 - 2. Large Trees: Provide two new trees of 3-inch caliper size for each tree being replaced that measures more than 6 inches in caliper size.
 - a. Species: As selected by Landscape Architect.
- C. Soil Aeration: Where directed by Landscape Architect, aerate surface soil compacted during construction. Aerate 10 feet beyond drip line and no closer than 36 inches to tree trunk. Drill 2-inch diameter holes a minimum of 12 inch deep at 24 inches o.c. Backfill holes with an equal mix of augered soil and sand.

3.10 DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AND WASTE MATERIALS

A. Disposal: Remove excess excavated material, displaced trees, trash, and debris and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION 01 56 39

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Construction Documents and general provisions of the Contract, including General Conditions of the Contract for Construction and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Microbial and fungal contamination control.
 - 2. Indoor air quality and pollution control.
 - 3. Heating, ventilating, and air conditioning.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - Division 01 Section 01 57 40 "Construction IAQ Management Plan" for a description of the IAQ management plan.

1.3 REFERENCES

1. ASTM International (ASTM):

 ASTM D5116-2006, Standard Guide for Small-Scale Environmental Chamber Determination of Organic Emissions From Indoor Materials/Products

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 MICROBIAL AND FUNGAL CONTAMINATION CONTROL

- A. Perform, schedule, and sequence Work as required to limit conditions supporting formations of microbes, molds, and fungi.
 - 1. Control water penetration, dampness, and humidity to prevent products not treated for exterior use from becoming soaked or damp.
 - 2. Enclose building prior to installing interior materials and finishes.
 - 3. Do not install interior products subject to moisture absorption until building is enclosed and wet work generating moisture and humidity is complete.
- **B.** When visible formations are observed and when formations cannot be completely removed by non-abrasive surface cleaning:
 - 1. Remove and replace materials identified as food sources for microbes, molds, and fungi.
 - 2. Correct conditions supporting microbial, mold, and fungal growth.
- **C.** Remove interior products and finishes, identified as food sources that have absorbed sufficient moisture to become damp whether or not microbial, mold, or fungal growth is observed. Include:
 - 1. Gypsum board cores.
 - 2. Organic materials composed of cellulose fiber or paper.
 - 3. Materials containing sucrose or other binders identified as supporting microbial growth.
- **D.** Remove fibrous insulation materials subject to retaining moisture such as duct liner, insulation, and other materials that are made wet or damp and cannot immediately be made dry.
- **E.** Repair or replace ductwork, pans, and other conditions subject to moisture condensation, water penetration, or other water source not drained and made dry.
 - 1. Remove conditions that have become an environment for microbes, molds, or fungi.

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- 2. Do not permit conditions leading to standing water.
- **F.** Install wet work and allow time needed to dry and cure prior to installing materials such as carpet, acoustical material, textiles, and other material of type that may attract and retain moisture.

3.2 INDOOR AIR QUALITY AND POLLUTION CONTROL

- A. Product Emission Rate Standards: Test to ASTM D5116 for maximum indoor air concentration levels.
 - 1. Formaldehyde:
 - **a.** 0.03 parts per million where no other requirements are specified.
 - b. 0.005 parts per million where products are specified as formaldehyde free.
 - 2. Total VOC Emissions for Carpet Tile, Adhesives, and Sealers: 0.05 mg/m² per hour.
 - 3. 4 Phenyl Cyclohexene (4-PC) Particulate Emissions for Carpet: One (1) part per billion.
 - 4. Total Particulate Emission Rate Levels: 50 ug/m³.
 - Primary and Secondary Regulated Pollutants: Conform to USEPA, Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Part 50 National Air Ambient Air Quality Standard. Refer to EPA Web Site http://www.epa.gov/epahome/rules.html#codified.
 - **6. Other Pollutants Not Listed:** Not greater than 1/10 of Threshold Limit Value Time Weighted Average (TLV-TWA) industrial workplace standard.
- **B.** Architectural Coatings Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Content Limits: Conform to US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Federal Register 48886/Vol. 63, No.176 Friday, September 11, 1998/ Rules and Regulations. Refer to EPA Web Site: http://www.epa.gov/ttn/atw/eparules.html.
- C. Do not use products in combination with or in contact with other products that can be identified as combining to form toxic fumes or sustained odors.
- **D.** Do not use solvents within interior areas that may penetrate and be retained in absorptive materials such as concrete, gypsum board, wood, cellulose products, fibrous material, and textiles.
- **E.** Protect construction materials from contamination and pollution from contact with construction dust, debris, fumes, solvents, and other environmentally polluting materials.
- **F.** Allow furnishings and materials such as carpet, floor tile, acoustical tile, textiles, office furniture, and casework, to air out in clean environment prior to installation.

3.3 HEATING, VENTILATING, AND AIR CONDITIONING (HVAC)

- **A.** Do not run permanent HVAC system during course of construction. Seal ductwork intake and exhaust vents.
- **B.** Heat, dehumidify, and ventilate building during course of Work as necessary to maintain environmental conditions suitable for drying and curing materials and for prevention of conditions suitable for mold and mildew growth.
 - 1. Ventilate building to remove moisture, dust, fumes, and odors.
 - 2. Temper and dehumidify air as needed to remove excess moisture.
 - **3.** Do not use propane heaters and other moisture generating heating systems.
- C. Flush out building prior to commissioning. Refer to Section 01 45 23.13 "Testing for IAQ, Baseline IAQ, & Materials" for procedure.
- **D.** Inspect ductwork for refuse, contaminants, moisture and other foreign contamination prior to commissioning. Notify Commissioning Agent (CxA) of satisfactory inspection prior to beginning of Commissioning.
- E. Clean underfloor plenum at access flooring acting as supply air duct, prior to occupancy.

3.4 REMEDIAL ACTION

- **A.** Promptly take action as necessary to inspect and remediate conditions suspected of supporting microbial, fungal or mold conditions and where contaminated by indoor air pollution.
- **B.** Notify and consult with Architect prior to beginning remedial action where contamination by hazardous chemicals, microbes, and fungi is suspected.

END OF SECTION 01 57 30

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 specification sections, apply to this section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes:
 - 1. Description of a Construction Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) Management Plan.
 - 2. IAQ construction requirements.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - Divisions 01 through 49 sections for green building rating system requirements specific to the Work of each of those sections. These requirements may or may not include reference to LEED or Green Globes.
 - 2. Division 01 Section 01 57 30 "Indoor Environmental Control."
 - 3. Division 01 Section 23 05 93 "Testing, Adjusting and Balancing for HVAC" for additional requirements for baseline testing for IAQ.
 - 4. Division 01 Section 23 05 93 "Testing, Adjusting and Balancing for HVAC" for cleaning of HVAC system including ductwork, air intakes and returns, and changing of filters.

1.3 REFERENCES

- A. American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc. (ASHRAE):
 - ASHRAE Standard 52.1-1992, Gravimetric and Dust Spot Procedures for Testing Air Cleaning Devices in General Ventilation for Removing Particulate Matter.
- B. ASTM International, Inc. (ASTM):
 - ASTM D5116-2006, Standard Guide for Small-Scale Environmental Chamber Determinations of Organic Emissions From Indoor Materials/Products.
- C. Sheet Metal and Air Conditioning National Contractors' National Association (SMACNA):
 - 1. IAQ Guidelines for Occupied Buildings under Construction, 1995.

1.4 INDOOR AIR QUALITY

- A. Goals: The Owner has set the following indoor air quality goals for jobsite operations on the project, within the limits of the construction schedule, Contract Sum, and available materials, equipment, products and services. Goals include:
 - 1. Protect workers on the site from undue health risks during construction.
 - 2. Prevent residual problems with indoor air quality in the completed building.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Indoor Air Quality Plan: Within **fourteen** days after receipt of **Notice of Award** and prior to any waste removal from the project, develop and submit for review a healthy indoor air quality plan. The plan shall include:
 - 1. List of IAQ protective measures to be instituted on the site.
 - 2. Schedule for inspection and maintenance of IAQ measures.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Perform material tests and report results in accordance with ASTM D5116.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SUBSTITUTIONS

A. Should the Contractor desire to use procedures, materials, equipment, or products that are not specified but meet the intent of the specifications to protect indoor air quality on the site, the Contractor shall propose these substitutions in accordance with Section 01 60 00 "Product Requirements."

2.2 MATERIALS

A. Low emitting products have been specified in appropriate sections.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONSTRUCTION IAQ MANAGEMENT PLAN

- A. Meet or exceed the minimum requirements of the SMACNA "IAQ Guidelines for Occupied Buildings Under Construction."
 - 1. Protect the ventilation system components from contamination, OR provide cleaning of the ventilation components exposed to contamination during construction prior to occupancy.
 - After construction ends, prior to occupancy and with all interior finishes installed, perform a building flush-out by supplying a total air volume of 14000 cu ft of outdoor air per sq ft of floor area while maintaining an internal temperature of at least 60 degrees F and relative humidity no higher than 60 percent.
 - 3. If building occupancy is to occur before completion of the flush-out, deliver a minimum of 3500 cu ft of outdoor air per sq ft of floor area to the space. Once the space is occupied, ventilate it at a minimum rate of 0.30 cfm/sq ft of outside air or the design minimum outside air rate determined in accordance with Sections 4 through 7 of ASHRAE 62.1 or applicable local code, whichever is more stringent. During each day of the flush-out period, begin ventilation a minimum of three (3) hours prior to occupancy and continue during occupancy. Maintain these conditions until a total of 14000 cu ft/sq ft of outside air has been delivered to the space.
- B. During installation of carpet, paints, furnishings, and other VOC-emitting products, provide supplemental (spot) ventilation for at least 72 hours after work is completed. Preferred HVAC system operation uses supply air fans and ducts only; exhaust provided through windows. Use exhaust fans to pull exhaust air from deep interior locations. Stair towers and other paths to exterior can be useful during this process.
- C. Conduct regular inspection and maintenance of indoor air quality measures including ventilation system protection, and ventilation rate.
- D. Require VOC-safe masks for workers installing VOC-emitting products (interior and exterior) defined as products that emit 150 gpl or more UNLESS local jurisdiction's requirements are stricter, in which case the strictest requirements shall be followed for use of VOC-safe masks.
- E. Use low-toxic cleaning supplies for surfaces, equipment, and worker's personal use. Options include several soybean-based solvents and cleaning options (SoySolv) and citrus-based cleaners.
- F. Use wet sanding for gypsum board assemblies. Exception: Dry sanding allowed subject to Architect's approval of the following measures:
 - 1. Full isolation of space undergoing finishing.
 - 2. Plastic protection sheeting is installed to provide air sealing during sanding.
 - 3. Closure of all air system devices and ductwork.
 - 4. Sequencing of construction precludes the possibility of contamination of other spaces with gypsum dust.
 - 5. Worker protection is provided.
- G. Use safety meetings, signage, and Contractor agreements to communicate the goals of the construction indoor air quality plan.

END OF SECTION 01 57 40

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements governing the Contractor's selection of products for use in the Project.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - Division 01 Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures" specifies administrative procedures for handling requests for substitutions made after award of the Contract.
 - Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" specifies requirements for submittal of the Contractor's Construction Schedule and the Submittal Schedule.
 - 3. Division 01 Section 01 42 20 "Reference Standards and Definitions" specifies the applicability of industry standards to products specified.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- **A.** Definitions used in this Article are not intended to change the meaning of other terms used in the Contract Documents, such as "specialties," "systems," "structure," "finishes," "accessories," and similar terms. Such terms are self-explanatory and have well-recognized meanings in the construction industry.
 - 1. "Products" are items purchased for incorporation in the Work, whether purchased for the Project or taken from previously purchased stock. The term "product" includes the terms "material," "equipment," "system," and terms of similar intent.
 - a. "Named Products" are items identified by the manufacturer's product name, including make or model number or other designation, shown or listed in the manufacturer's published product literature, which is current as of the date of the Contract Documents.
 - "Materials" are products substantially shaped, cut, worked, mixed, finished, refined or otherwise fabricated, processed, or installed to form a part of the Work.
 - 3. "Equipment" is a product with operational parts, whether motorized or manually operated, that requires service connections, such as wiring or piping.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Source Limitations: To the fullest extent possible, provide products of the same kind from a single source.
- **B.** Compatibility of Options: When the Contractor is given the option of selecting between two (2) or more products for use on the Project, the product selected shall be compatible with products previously selected, even if previously selected products were also options.
- C. Nameplates: Except for required labels and operating data, do not attach or imprint manufacturer's or producer's nameplates or trademarks on exposed surfaces of products that will be exposed to view in occupied spaces or on the exterior.
 - 1. Labels: Locate required product labels and stamps on concealed surfaces or, where required for observation after installation, on accessible surfaces that are not conspicuous.
 - 2. Equipment Nameplates: Provide a permanent nameplate on each item of service-connected or power-operated equipment. Locate on an easily accessible surface that is inconspicuous in occupied spaces. The nameplate shall contain the following information and other essential operating data:
 - a. Name of product and manufacturer.
 - b. Model and serial number.
 - c. Capacity.
 - d. Speed.
 - e. Ratings.

1.5 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- **A.** Deliver, store, and handle products according to the manufacturer's recommendations, using means and methods that will prevent damage, deterioration, and loss, including theft.
 - Schedule delivery to minimize long-term storage at the site and to prevent overcrowding of construction spaces.
 - Coordinate delivery with installation time to assure minimum holding time for items that are flammable, hazardous, easily damaged, or sensitive to deterioration, theft, and other losses.
 - 3. Deliver products to the site in an undamaged condition in the manufacturer's original sealed container or other packaging system, complete with labels and instructions for handling, storing, unpacking, protecting, and installing. Store products in accordance with manufacturers' instructions and maintain within temperature and humidity range required by manufacturer.
 - 4. Inspect products upon delivery to ensure compliance with the Contract Documents and to ensure that products are undamaged and properly protected.
 - Store products at the site in a manner that will facilitate inspection and measurement of quantity or counting of units.
 - 6. Store heavy materials away from the Project structure in a manner that will not endanger the supporting construction.
 - 7. Store products subject to damage by the elements above ground, under cover in a weathertight enclosure, with ventilation adequate to prevent condensation.
 - 8. For exterior storage of fabricated products, place on sloped supports above ground. Cover products subject to deterioration with impervious sheet covering; provide ventilation to avoid condensation.
 - 9. Store loose granular material on solid surfaces in a well-drained area; prevent mixing with foreign matter.
 - Arrange storage to provide access for inspection. Periodically inspect to insure products are undamaged and are maintained under required conditions. Keep log showing date, time and problems, if any.
 - 11. Stone, masonry units and similar materials shall be stored on platforms or dry skids and shall be adequately covered and protected against damage.
 - 12. Materials and equipment shall be delivered, stored and handled to prevent intrusion of foreign matter and damage by weather or breakage. Packaged materials shall be delivered and stored in original, unbroken packages.
 - 13. Promptly inspect shipments to assure that products comply with requirements, that quantities are correct and products are undamaged.
 - Packages, materials and equipment showing evidence of damage will be rejected and replaced at no additional cost to the Owner.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PRODUCT SELECTION

- **A. General Product Requirements:** Provide products that comply with the Contract Documents, that are undamaged and, unless otherwise indicated, new at the time of installation.
 - Provide products complete with accessories, trim, finish, safety guards, and other devices and details needed for a complete installation and the intended use and effect.
 - Standard Products: Where available, provide standard products of types that have been produced and used successfully in similar situations on other projects.
- **B. Product Selection Procedures:** The Contract Documents and governing regulations govern product selection. Procedures governing product selection include the following:
 - Semi-proprietary Specification Requirements: Where Specifications name two (2) or more products or manufacturers, provide one (1) of the products indicated. Comply with the requirements of Division 01 Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures."
 - Descriptive Specification Requirements: Where Specifications describe a product or assembly, listing exact characteristics required, with or without use of a brand or trade name, provide a product or assembly that provides the characteristics and otherwise complies with Contract requirements.

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- 3. Compliance with Standards, Codes, and Regulations: Where Specifications only require compliance with an imposed code, standard, or regulation, select a product that complies with the standards, codes, or regulations specified.
- 4. Visual Selection: Where specified product requirements include the phrase "...as selected from manufacturer's standard colors, patterns, textures..." or a similar phrase, select a product and manufacturer that complies with other specified requirements. The Architect will select the color, pattern, and texture from the product line selected.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF PRODUCTS

- **A.** Comply with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations for installation of products in the applications indicated. Anchor each product securely in place, accurately located and aligned with other Work.
 - Clean exposed surfaces and protect as necessary to ensure freedom from damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 01 60 00

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for cutting and patching.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - 1. Division 01 Section 01 35 16 "Alteration Project Procedures" for procedures for coordinating cutting and patching with other construction activities.
 - Division 02 Section 02 41 19 "Selective Demolition for demolition of selected portions of the building for alterations.
 - Refer to other Sections for specific requirements and limitations applicable to cutting and patching individual parts of the Work.
 - a. Requirements of this Section apply to mechanical and electrical installations. Refer to Division 22, 23, and 26 Sections for other requirements and limitations applicable to cutting and patching mechanical and electrical installations.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Approval by the Construction Administrator to proceed with cutting and patching does not waive the Architect/Engineer of Record's rights to later require complete removal and replacement of unsatisfactory Workl:

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- **A.** Requirements for Structural Work: Do not cut and patch structural elements in a manner that would change their load-carrying capacity or load-deflection ratio.
 - 1. **Operational Limitations:** Do not cut and patch operating elements or related components in a manner that would result in reducing their capacity to perform as intended. Do not cut and patch operating elements or related components in a manner that would result in increased maintenance or decreased operational life or safety.
 - 2. Visual Requirements: Do not cut and patch construction exposed on the exterior or in occupied spaces in a manner that would, in the Architect's opinion, reduce the building's aesthetic qualities. Do not cut and patch construction in a manner that would result in visual evidence of cutting and patching. Remove and replace construction cut and patched in a visually unsatisfactory manner.

1.5 WARRANTY

A. Existing Warranties: Replace, patch, and repair material and surfaces cut or damaged by methods and with materials in such a manner as not to void any warranties required or existing.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- **A.** Use materials identical to existing materials. For exposed surfaces, use materials that visually match existing adjacent surfaces to the fullest extent possible if identical materials are unavailable or cannot be used. Use materials whose installed performance will equal or surpass that of existing materials.
- B. The Contractor shall install sleeves, inserts and hangers furnished by the trades needing same.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION

- **A.** Examine surfaces to be cut and patched and conditions under which cutting and patching is to be performed before cutting. If unsafe or unsatisfactory conditions are encountered, notify the Construction Administrator and Architect, before proceeding with corrective action.
- **B.** Openings and chases may not be shown on the Drawings. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to examine the Architectural, Electrical, Heating, Cooling, Ventilating and Plumbing Drawings and to provide chases, channels or openings where needed.
 - 1. After installing Work into openings, channels and/or chases, the Contractor shall close same. If finishes are to be restored, the new Work shall match the original and shall be done by the trade customarily responsible for the particular kind of Work.
- **C.** The Contractor shall verify dimensions for built-in Work and/or Work adjoining that of other trades before ordering any material or doing any Work. Discrepancies shall be submitted to the Construction Administrator before proceeding with the Work.
- D. See also General Conditions Article 23 "Cutting, Fitting, Patching & Digging".

3.2 PREPARATION

- **A.** Temporary Support: Provide temporary support of Work to be cut.
- **B.** Protection: Protect existing construction during cutting and patching to prevent damage. Provide protection from adverse weather conditions for portions of the Work that might be exposed during cutting and patching operations.
- C. Avoid interference with use of adjoining areas or interruption of free passage to adjoining areas.
- D. Avoid cutting existing pipe, conduit, or ductwork serving the building but scheduled to be removed or relocated until provisions have been made to bypass them.

3.3 PERFORMANCE

- **A. General:** Employ skilled workmen to perform cutting and patching. Proceed with cutting and patching at the earliest feasible time and complete without delay.
 - 1. Cut existing construction to provide for installation of other components or performance of other construction activities and the subsequent fitting and patching required to restore surfaces to their original condition.
 - 2. DO perform cutting and patching to integrate elements of Work. Provide penetrations of existing surfaces. Provide samples for testing. Seal penetrations through floors, walls, ceilings and roofs, as applicable; restore or preserve fire-rated and smoke-barrier construction. Construction and finishes shall match original Work.
- **B. Cutting:** Cut existing construction using methods least likely to damage elements retained or adjoining construction. Where possible, review proposed procedures with the original Installer; comply with the original Installer's recommendations.
 - 1. In general, where cutting, use hand or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping. Cut holes and slots as small as possible, neatly to size required, and with minimum disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings when not in use.
 - To avoid marring existing finished surfaces, cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces.
 - Cut through concrete and masonry using a cutting machine, such as a Carborundum saw or a diamondcore drill.
 - **4.** Comply with requirements of applicable Division 32 Sections where cutting and patching requires excavating and backfilling.
 - 5. Where services are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, by-pass utility services, such as pipe or conduit, before cutting. Cut-off pipe or conduit in walls or partitions to be removed. Cap, valve, or plug and seal the remaining portion of pipe or conduit to prevent entrance of moisture or other foreign matter after by-passing and cutting.
- **C. Patching:** Patch with durable seams that are as invisible as possible. Comply with specified tolerances.
 - 1. Where feasible, inspect and test patched areas to demonstrate integrity of the installation.

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- 2. Restore exposed finishes of patched areas and extend finish restoration into retained adjoining construction in a manner that will eliminate evidence of patching and refinishing.
- 3. Where removing walls or partitions extends one finished area into another, patch and repair floor and wall surfaces in the new space. Provide an even surface of uniform color and appearance. Remove existing floor and wall coverings and replace with new materials, if necessary, to achieve uniform color and appearance.
 - **a.** Where patching occurs in a smooth painted surface, extend final paint coat over entire unbroken surface containing the patch after the area has received primer and second coat.

3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean areas and spaces where cutting and patching are performed. Completely remove paint, mortar, oils, putty, and similar items. Thoroughly clean piping, conduit, and similar features before applying paint or other finishing materials. Restore damaged pipe covering to its original condition.

END OF SECTION 01 73 29

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes requirements for waste management goals, waste management plan and waste management plan implementation.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - 1. Division 01 Section 01 11 00 "Summary of Work".
 - 2. Division 01 Section 01 20 00 "Price and Payment Procedures".
 - 3. Division 01 Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures".
 - 4. Division 01 Section 01 31 19 "Project Meetings".
 - 5. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures".
 - 6. Division 01 Section 01 45 00 "Quality Control".
 - 7. Division 01 Section 01 50 00 "Temporary Facilities and Controls".
 - 8. Division 01 Section 01 60 00 "Product Requirements".
 - 9. Division 01 Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures".

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- **A. Construction Waste:** Solid wastes such as building materials, packaging and rubble resulting from construction, paving and infrastructure.
- **B. Demolition Waste:** Solid wastes such as concrete, wood, brick, plaster, roofing materials, wallboard, metals, carpeting, insulation, and clean fill resulting from demolition or selective demolition of structures.
- C. Recyclable Materials: Products and materials that can be recovered and remanufactured into a new product. Recyclable materials include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Metals (ferrous and non-ferrous), including banding, metal studs, ductwork, and piping.
 - 2. Asphaltic concrete paving.
 - 3. Portland cement concrete.
 - Gypsum products.
 - **5.** Paper and cardboard.
 - **6.** Wood products, including structural, finish, crates, and pallets.
 - 7. Brick and masonry.
 - 8. Carpet and padding.
 - 9. Plastics.
 - 10. Copper wiring.
- **D.** Recycling Facility: A business that specializes in collecting, handling, processing, distributing, or remanufacturing waste materials generated by new construction projects, into products or materials that can be used for this project or by others.
- E. Salvage and Reuse: Existing usable product or material that can be saved and reused in some manner on the project site. Materials for reuse must be approved by the Architect. Materials that can be salvaged and reused must comply with applicable technical specifications and include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Dimensional lumber and other wood products.
 - 2. Structural steel.
 - Soil.
 - 4. Masonry products.

- Plants.
- **F. Salvage for Resale:** Existing usable product that can be saved and removed intact (as is) from the project site to another site for resale to others without remanufacturing.

1.4 WASTE MANAGEMENT GOALS

- **A.** The Owner has established that this Project shall generate the least amount of waste possible and that processes that ensure the generation of as little waste as possible due to error, poor planning, breakage, mishandling, contamination, or other factors shall be employed.
- **B.** The Contractor shall use all means available to divert the greatest extent practical and economically feasible, construction waste from landfills and incinerators.
- **C.** Of the inevitable waste that is generated, as many of the waste materials as economically feasible shall be reused, salvaged, or recycled. Waste disposal in landfills shall be minimized.
- D. Recycle and/or salvage a minimum of 50 percent of non-hazardous construction and demolition waste by weight of the total solid waste generated by the Project.
- E. With regard to these goals the Contractor shall develop, for the Architect's review, a Waste Management Plan for this Project.
- **F.** Take a pro-active, responsible role in management of construction waste and require all subcontractors, vendors, and suppliers to participate in the effort. Establish a construction waste management program that includes the following categories:
 - 1. Minimizing packaging waste.
 - 2. Salvage and reuse.
 - 3. Salvage for resale or donation.
 - 4. Recycling.
 - 5. Disposal.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- **A. Draft Waste Management Plan:** Within 30 days after receipt of Notice of Award of Bid, or prior to any waste removal, whichever occurs sooner, the Contractor shall submit **three (3)** copies of a Draft Waste Management Plan to the Construction Administrator.
- B. Final Waste Management Plan: Once the Owner has determined which of the recycling options addressed in the Draft Waste Management Plan are acceptable, the Contractor shall submit within 10 days three (3) copies of a Final Waste Management Plan.
- **C. Progress Reports:** Submit **three (3** copies of monthly progress reports, at the same time as the Application for Payment, documenting the following:
 - 1. Material category.
 - 2. Point of waste generation.
 - 3. Total quantity of waste in tons.
 - 4. Quantity of waste salvaged, in tons.
 - **5.** Quantity of waste recycled, in tons.
 - 6. Total quantity of waste recovered (salvaged plus recycled) in tons.
 - 7. Total quantity of waste recovered (salvaged plus recycled) as a percentage of total waste.
- D. Calculations: Submit three (3) copies of calculations indicating the end-of-project rates for salvage, recycling, and disposal as a percentage of total waste generated by the Project prior to Substantial Completion.

E. Record Submittals:

- Donations: Indicate which salvageable materials were donated, who they were donated to, and whether the recipient is tax exempt. Submit documentation indicating receipt of donations.
- Sales: Indicate which salvageable materials were sold, who they were sold to, and whether the recipient is tax exempt. Submit documentation indicating receipt of materials.
- 3. **Recycling:** Indicate which materials were recycled and the name of the facility licensed to accept them. Submit documentation such as manifests, weight tickets, receipts, and invoices.

4. Waste Disposal: Indicate which materials were accepted as waste by landfills and incinerator facilities licensed to accept them. Submit documentation indicating receipt of materials.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- **A. Regulatory Requirements:** Comply with regulations of State of Connecticut Department of Environment Protection, Waste Management Bureau Recycling Program.
- **B.** Waste Management Conference: Review and discuss the waste management plan, requirements for documenting quantities of each type of waste and its disposition, procedures for materials separation, procedures for periodic collection and transportation to recycling and disposal facilities. Review waste management requirements for each trade. Verify availability of containers and bins needed to avoid delays.

1.7 WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN

- A. Draft Waste Management Plan: Include the following in the Draft Plan:
 - 1. Analysis of the proposed jobsite waste to be generated
 - 2. Landfill Options: The name of the landfill(s) where trash will be disposed of, the applicable landfill tipping fee(s), and the projected cost of disposing of all Project waste in the landfill(s).
 - 3. Alternatives to Landfilling: A list of each material proposed to be salvaged, reused, or recycled during the course of the Project..
- B. Resources for Development of Waste Management Plan: The following sources may be useful in developing the Draft Waste Management Plan:
 - Recycling Haulers and Markets: Local haulers and markets for recyclable materials. For more information, contact the State of Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection, Waste Management Bureau Recycling Program, (860) 424-3365,
 - www.dep.state.ct.us/wst/recycle/ctrecycle.htm.
- C. Final Waste Management Plan: The Final Waste Management Plan shall contain the following:
 - 1. Analysis of the proposed jobsite waste to be generated, including types and quantities.
 - 2. Landfill Options: The name of the landfill(s) where trash will be disposed of, the applicable landfill tipping fee(s), and the projected cost of disposing of all Project waste in the landfill(s).
 - **3. Alternatives to Landfilling:** A list of the waste materials from the Project that will be separated for reuse, salvage, or recycling.
 - **4. Meetings:** A description of the regular meetings to be held to address waste management. Refer to Section 01 31 19 "Project Meetings".
 - **5. Materials Handling Procedures:** A description of the means by which any waste materials identified in item (3) above will be protected from contamination, and a description of the means to be employed in recycling the above materials consistent with requirements for acceptance by designated facilities.
 - **6. Transportation:** A description of the means of transportation of the recyclable materials (whether materials will be site-separated and self-hauled to designated centers, or whether mixed materials will be collected by a waste hauler and removed from the site) and destination of materials.

1.8 WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

- **A. Manager:** The Contractor shall designate an on-site party (or parties) responsible for instructing workers and overseeing and documenting results of the Waste Management Plan for the Project.
- **B. Distribution:** The Contractor shall distribute copies of the Waste Management Plan to the Job Site Foreman, each Subcontractor, the Owner, and the Architect.
- **C. Instruction:** The Contractor shall provide on-site instruction of appropriate separation, handling, and recycling, salvage, reuse, and return methods to be used by all parties at the appropriate stages of the Project.
- **D. Separation Facilities:** The Contractor shall lay out and label a specific area to facilitate separation of materials for potential recycling, salvage, reuse, and return. Recycling and waste bin areas are to be kept neat and clean and clearly marked in order to avoid contamination of materials.
- E. Hazardous Wastes: Hazardous wastes shall be separated, stored, and disposed of according to local regulations.
- **F. Application for Progress Payments:** The Contractor shall submit with each Application for Progress Payment a Summary of Waste Generated by the Project. Failure to submit this information shall render the

Application for Payment incomplete and shall delay Progress Payment. The Summary shall be submitted on a form acceptable to the Owner and shall contain the following information:

- The amount (in tons or cubic yards) of material landfilled from the Project, the identity of the landfill, the total amount of tipping fees paid at the landfill, and the total disposal cost. Include manifests, weight tickets, receipt, and invoices.
- 2. For each material recycled, reused, or salvaged from the Project: the amount (in tons or cubic yards), the date removed from the jobsite, the receiving party, the transportation cost, the amount of any money paid or received for the recycled or salvaged material, and the net total cost or savings of salvage or recycling of each material shall be indicated. Attach manifests, weight tickets, receipts, and invoices.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

(Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

- A. Implement the waste management plan as approved by Construction Administrator.
- **B.** Provide training of workers, contractors, subcontractors, and suppliers on proper waste management procedures.
 - Distribute waste management plan to all parties involved in the Project within three (3) days of submittal return.
 - 2. Distribute plan to parties when they first begin working on the Project site. Review plan procedures and locations established for salvage, recycling, and disposal.

3.2 SEPARATION OF RECYCLABLE WASTE MATERIALS

- **A.** Provide the necessary containers and bins, to facilitate the waste management program, that are clearly and appropriately marked. Prevent contamination of recyclable materials from incompatible products and materials. Separate construction waste at the project site by one of the following methods:
 - Source Separated Method: Waste products and materials, that are recyclable, are separated from trash and sorted into appropriately marked separate containers and then transported to the respective recycling facility for further processing. Trash is transported to a landfill or incinerator.
 - 2. **Co-Mingled Method:** All construction waste is placed into a single container and then transported to a recycling facility where the recyclable materials are sorted and processed and the remaining trash is transported to a landfill or incinerator.
 - **3.** Other methods proposed by the Contractor and approved by the **Construction Administrator**.

END OF SECTION 01 74 19

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for handling requests for building system start up and system demonstration and includes the following:
 - 1. Starting Systems.
 - Demonstration and instructions.
 - 3. Testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - 1. Division 01 Section 01 45 00 "Quality Control" specifies quality assurance and inspecting services.
 - 2. Division 01 Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures" specifies requirements for contract close out requirements for system operation and maintenance data and extra materials.

1.3 STARTING SYSTEMS

- A. Coordinate schedule for start-up of various equipment and systems.
- B. Provide written notification to the Construction Administrator 14 days prior to start-up of each item.
- **C.** Verify that each piece of equipment or system has been checked for proper lubrication, drive rotation, belt tension, and control sequence for other conditions that may cause damage.
- **D.** Verify that tests, meter readings, and specified electrical characteristics agree with those required by the equipment or system manufacturer.
- **E.** Verify that wiring and support components are complete and tested.
- **F.** Execute the start-up under supervision of manufacturer's representative, in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- **G.** When referenced in individual specification sections, require manufacturer to provide an authorized representative to be present at the site to inspect, check, and approve equipment or system installation prior to start-up, and to supervise placing equipment or system in operation.
- **H.** Submit a written report in accordance with Division 01 Section 01 45 00 "Quality Control" that the equipment or system has been properly installed and is functioning properly.

1.4 DEMONSTRATION AND INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Demonstrate operation and maintenance of Products to Owner and Agency Personnel **fourteen (14)** days prior to substantial completion.
- **B.** Demonstrate Project equipment and instruct in a classroom environment at location designated by the Construction Administrator and instructed by a qualified manufacturer's representative who is knowledgeable about the Project.
- C. For equipment or systems requiring seasonal operation perform demonstration for season within six (6) months.
- D. Utilize operation and maintenance manuals as basis for instruction. Review contents of manual with Owner and Agency Personnel in detail to explain all aspects of operation and maintenance.
- E. Demonstrate start-up, operation, control, adjustment, troubleshooting, servicing, and maintenance, and shutdown of each item at agreed upon scheduled time and at equipment or designated location.
- **F.** Prepare and insert additional data in operations and maintenance manuals when need for additional data becomes apparent during demonstration.
- **G.** Starting and adjusting equipment does not constitute acceptance by the owner since commissioning is a requirement of this contract. Additionally, the warrantee does not begin until substantial completion has been granted for that specific item.

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1.5 TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING

- **A.** The Contractor will employ and pay for the testing services of an independent consultant to verify the testing, adjusting, and balancing.
 - 1. Comply with the requirements of Division 01 Section 01 91 00 "Commissioning" as they relate to the Work of this Section.
- **B.** Reports will be submitted by the independent testing consultant to the Construction Administrator indicating observations and results of tests and indicating compliance or non-compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- **C.** The Owner may employ and pay for the services of an independent consultant to verify testing, adjusting, and balancing which was performed by the Contractor.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 01 75 00

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for contract closeout including, but not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Inspection procedures.
 - 2. Project record document submittal.
 - 3. Operation and maintenance manual submittal.
 - 4. Submittal of warranties.
 - 5. Final cleaning.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - 1. Division 01 Section 01 11 00 "Summary of Work".
 - 2. Division 01 Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures".
- C. Closeout requirements for specific construction activities may be included in the appropriate Sections in Divisions 02 through 49.

1.3 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

- A. General: Basic contract definitions are included in Article 1 of the General Conditions of the Contract for Construction.
- **B. Preliminary Procedures:** Before requesting inspection for Certification of Substantial Completion, complete the following. List exceptions in the request.
 - In the Application for Payment that coincides with, or first follows, the date Substantial Completion is claimed, show 100 percent completion for the portion of the Work claimed as substantially complete.
 - Include supporting documentation for completion as indicated in these Contract Documents and a statement showing an accounting of changes to the Contract Sum.
 - b. If 100 percent completion cannot be shown, include a list of incomplete items, the value of incomplete construction, and reasons the Work is not complete.
 - 2. Advise the Owner of pending insurance changeover requirements.
 - 3. Submit specific warranties, workmanship bonds, maintenance agreements, final certifications, and similar documents.
 - Obtain and submit releases enabling the Owner unrestricted use of the Work and access to services and utilities. Include occupancy permits, certificates of compliance, operating certificates, and similar releases.
 - 5. Submit record drawings, maintenance manuals, damage or settlement surveys, property surveys, and similar final record information.
 - 6. Deliver tools, spare parts, extra stock, and similar items.
 - 7. Make final changeover of permanent locks and transmit keys to the Owner. Advise the Owner's personnel of changeover in security provisions.
 - 8. Demonstrate, thru operation and testing, the functions of all systems and/or equipment to the satisfaction of the Owner for compliance to the Contract. Complete testing of systems and instruction of the Owner's operation and maintenance personnel. Discontinue and remove temporary facilities from the site, along with mockups, construction tools, and similar elements.
 - 9. Complete final cleanup requirements.
 - 10. Certify that required training of personnel is complete.

- C. Inspection Procedures: The Contractor shall be ready and prepared when they request a Substantial Completion inspection. If the inspection reveals that the work is not complete, that there are extensive punchlist items that will take more than **ninety (90)** days to complete and as the items listed in Article 1.3 above are not complete, the Construction Administrator, Architect, and Owner will determine the inspection has failed.
- **D.** The Contractor is responsible for all costs to re-inspect due to a failed inspection. The Owner will issue a deduct change order to cover all costs for re-inspection.
 - The Architect will repeat inspection when requested and assured that the Work is substantially complete.
 - 2. Results of the completed inspection will form the basis of requirements for final acceptance.

1.4 ACCEPTANCE

- **A. Preliminary Procedures:** Before requesting final inspection for "Certificate of Acceptance" and final payment, complete the following. List exceptions in the request.
 - 1. Submit the final payment request with releases and supporting documentation not previously submitted and accepted. Include insurance certificates for products and completed operations where required.
 - 2. Submit an updated final statement, accounting for final additional changes to the Contract Sum.
 - Submit a certified copy of the Architect's final inspection list of items to be completed or corrected, endorsed and dated by the Architect. The certified copy of the list shall state that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved for acceptance and shall be endorsed and dated by the Architect.
 - 4. Submit final meter readings for utilities, a measured record of stored fuel, and similar data as of the date of Substantial Completion or when the Owner took possession of and assumed responsibility for corresponding elements of the Work.
 - 5. Submit consent of surety to Final Payment.
 - 6. Submit evidence of final, continuing insurance coverage complying with insurance requirements.
 - 7. Touch up and otherwise repair and restore marred, exposed finishes, including touchup painting.
- **B.** Re-inspection Procedure: The Inspection Group will re-inspect the Work upon receipt of notice from the Construction Administrator that the Work, including inspection list items from earlier inspections, has been completed, except for items whose completion is delayed under circumstances acceptable to the Owner.
 - Upon completion of re-inspection, the Construction Administrator will prepare a Certificate of Acceptance. If the Work is incomplete, the Construction Administrator will advise the Contractor of Work that is incomplete or of obligations that have not been fulfilled but are required for final acceptance.

1.5 AS-BUILT DOCUMENT SUBMITTALS

- A. General: The Contractor shall not use As-built Drawings for construction purposes. Protect contractor As-built Drawings from deterioration and loss in a secure, fire-resistant location. Provide access to As-built Drawings for the Architect's reference during normal working hours. Keep documents current; do not permanently conceal any work until required information has been recorded. IMPORTANT NOTE: Failure to keep As-built Documents current is sufficient cause to withhold progress payments.
 - 1. The Contractor shall also hire the services of a Surveyor registered in the State of Connecticut to conduct a final survey to determine the location of exterior underground utility lines and to record the results, and update existing electronic media.
 - The record of exterior underground utilities shall be made at the time of installation on Mylar film drawing and AutoCAD (latest version) compatible disks. The drawing shall bear the seal of the Land Surveyor and a statement of accuracy.
- B. As-built Drawings: The Contractor shall maintain one (1) clean, complete undamaged set of blue or black line white-prints of Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings. Mark the set to show the actual installation where the installation varies substantially from the Work as originally shown. Mark which drawing is most capable of showing conditions fully and accurately. Where Shop Drawings are used, record a cross-reference at the corresponding location on the Contract Drawings. Give particular attention to concealed elements that would be difficult to measure and record at a later date. Update As-built Drawings on a monthly basis coincident with the submittal of the Application for Payment.
 - Mark record sets with erasable pencil to distinguish between variations in separate categories of the Work.

- 2. Mark all new information that is not shown on Contract Drawings.
- 3. Note related change-order numbers where applicable.
- 4. Organize record drawing sheets into manageable sets. Bind sets with durable-paper cover sheets; print suitable titles, dates, and other identification on the cover of each set.
- Upon completion of the work, the Contractor shall submit Record Drawings to the Construction Administrator for the Owner's Records who will pass them on to the Architect or Engineer for transferring the changes to the Record Drawing Mylar Tracings.
- Submit electronic format data of all Coordination Drawings as required by the Owner, at no additional cost.
- 7. Refer to Section 01 45 00 "Quality Control" Article 1.3 for required as-built drawings and specifications for fire alarm systems.
- 8. **As-built Updates**: Maintain monthly As-built Drawing updates in accordance with Paragraph B (and sub-paragraphs) above during the construction period. Failure you to do so shall result in forfeiture of payment per Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures", Paragraph 1.3, 4, d.
- **C. Record Specifications:** The Contractor shall maintain one (1) complete copy of the Project Manual, including Addenda. Include with the Project Manual one (1) copy of other written construction documents, such as Change Orders and modifications issued in printed form during construction.
 - Mark these documents to show substantial variations in actual Work performed in comparison with the text of the Specifications and modifications.
 - 2. Give particular attention to equals and substitutions and selection of options and information on concealed construction that cannot otherwise be readily discerned later by direct observation.
 - 3. Note related record drawing information and Product Data.
 - Upon completion of the Work, submit Record Specifications to the Construction Administrator for the Owner's records.
- D. Record Product Data: The Contractor shall maintain one (1) copy of each Product Data submittal. Note related Change Orders and markup of record drawings and Specifications.
 - 1. Mark these documents to show significant variations in actual Work performed in comparison with information submitted. Include variations in products delivered to the site and from the manufacturer's installation instructions and recommendations.
 - Give particular attention to concealed products and portions of the Work that cannot otherwise be readily discerned later by direct observation.
 - Upon completion of markup, submit complete set of Record Product Data to the Construction Administrator for the Owner's records.
- **E. Record Sample Submitted:** Immediately prior to Substantial Completion, the Contractor shall meet with the Construction Administrator, Architect and the Owner's personnel at the Project Site to determine which Samples are to be transmitted to the Owner for record purposes. Comply with the Owner's instructions regarding delivery to the Owner's Sample storage area.
- **F. Miscellaneous Record Submittals:** Refer to other Specification Sections for requirements of miscellaneous record keeping and submittals in connection with actual performance of the Work. Immediately prior to the date or dates of Substantial Completion, complete miscellaneous records and place in good order. Identify miscellaneous records properly and bind or file, ready for continued use and reference. Submit to the Construction Administrator for the Owner's records.
- **G. Maintenance Manuals:** Organize operation and maintenance data into suitable sets of manageable size. Bind properly indexed data in individual, heavy-duty, **2-inch**, 3-ring, vinyl-covered binders, with pocket folders for folded sheet information. Mark appropriate identification on front and spine of each binder according to Division 01 Section 01 78 23 "Operation & Maintenance Data". Included but not limited to the following types of information:
 - 1. Emergency instructions.
 - 2. Spare parts list.
 - 3. Copies of warranties.
 - 4. Wiring diagrams.
 - **5.** Recommended "turn-around" cycles.
 - 6. Inspection procedures.

- 7. Shop Drawings and Product Data.
- 8. Fixture lamping schedule.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

- A. Operation and Maintenance Instructions: Arrange for each Installer of equipment that requires regular maintenance to meet with the Owner's personnel to provide instruction in proper operation and maintenance. Provide instruction by manufacturer's representatives if installers are not experienced in operation and maintenance procedures. Include a detailed review of the following items:
 - 1. Maintenance manuals.
 - 2. Record documents.
 - 3. Spare parts and materials.
 - 4. Lubricants.
 - 5. Identification systems.
 - Control sequences.
 - 7. Hazards.
 - 8. Cleaning.
 - 9. Warranties and bonds.
 - 10. Maintenance agreements and similar continuing commitments.
- B. As part of instruction for operating equipment, demonstrate the following procedures:
 - 1. Startup.
 - 2. Shutdown.
 - 3. Emergency operations.
 - 4. Noise and vibration adjustments.
 - 5. Safety procedures.
 - 6. Economy and efficiency adjustments.
 - 7. Effective energy utilization.

3.2 FINAL CLEANING

- **A. General:** The General Conditions require general cleaning during construction. Regular site cleaning is included in Division 01 Section 01 50 00 "Temporary Facilities and Controls."
- B. Cleaning: Employ professional cleaners for final cleaning. Clean each surface or unit to the condition expected in a normal, commercial building cleaning and maintenance program. Comply with manufacturer's instructions.
 - Complete the following cleaning operations before requesting inspection for Certification of Substantial Completion and Certification of Occupancy.
 - 2. Interior:
 - a. Remove labels that are not permanent labels.
 - Clean transparent materials, including mirrors and glass in doors and windows. Remove glazing compounds and other substances that are noticeable vision-obscuring materials. Replace chipped or broken glass and other damaged transparent materials. Remove paint spots; wash and polish glass.

- c. Clean exposed interior hard-surfaced finishes to a dust-free condition, free of stains, films, and similar foreign substances. Restore reflective surfaces to their original condition. Leave concrete floors broom clean. Vacuum carpeted surfaces.
- d. Wash washable surfaces of mechanical, electrical equipment and fixtures and replace filters, clean strainers on mechanical equipment. Remove excess lubrication and other substances. Clean plumbing fixtures to a sanitary condition. Clean light fixtures and lamps.
- e. Clean and polish finish hardware.
- f. Clean and polish tile and other glazed surfaces.
- g. Clean floors; wax and buff resilient tile. Clean vinyl or rubber base.
- h. Vacuum and/or dust walls, ceilings, lighting fixtures, ceiling diffusers and other wall and ceiling items
- i. Remove defacements, streaks, fingerprints and erection marks.

3. Exterior:

- a. Clean the site, including landscape development areas, of rubbish, litter, and other foreign substances. Sweep paved areas broom clean; remove stains, spills, and other foreign deposits. Rake grounds that are neither paved nor planted, to a smooth, even-textured surface.
- b. Clean exposed exterior hard-surfaced finishes to a dust-free condition, free of stains, films, and similar foreign substances.
- Clean roofs, gutters and downspouts.
- d. Remove waste and surplus materials, rubbish and construction equipment and facilities from the site, and deposit it legally elsewhere.
- e. Clean transparent materials, including mirrors and glass in doors and windows. Remove glazing compounds and other substances that are noticeable vision-obscuring materials. Replace chipped or broken glass and other damaged transparent materials. Remove paint spots; wash and polish glass.
- **C. Pest Control:** Engage an experienced, licensed exterminator to make a final inspection and rid the work of rodents, insects, and other pests. Provide results of final inspection in writing.
- **D.** Removal of Protection: Remove temporary protection and facilities installed for protection of the Work during construction.
- **E. Compliance:** Comply with regulations of authorities having jurisdiction and safety standards for cleaning. Do not burn waste materials. Do not bury debris or excess materials on the Owner's property. Do not discharge volatile, harmful, or dangerous materials into drainage systems. Remove waste materials from the site and dispose of lawfully.
 - 1. Where extra materials of value remain after completion of associated Work, they become the Owner's property. Dispose of these materials as directed by the Construction Administrator.
 - Leave building clean and ready for occupancy. If the Contractor fails to clean up, the Owner may do so, with the cost charged to the Contractor. The Owner will issue a credit change order to cover the costs.

END OF SECTION 01 77 00

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Division 00 General Conditions and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for operation and maintenance manuals, including the following:
 - Preparing and submitting operation and maintenance manuals for building operating systems and equipment.
 - 2. Preparing and submitting instruction manuals covering the care, preservation, and maintenance of architectural products and finishes.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - 1. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" specifies preparation of Shop Drawings and Product Data.
 - 2. Division 01 Section 01 75 00 "Starting and Adjusting" specifies instruction of the Owner and Agency operating personnel in the operation and maintenance of building systems and equipment and the general requirements for starting-up equipment and systems.
 - 3. Division 01 Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures" specifies general closeout requirements.
 - **4.** Division 01 Section 01 78 30 "Warranties and Bonds" specifies requirements for submittal of warranties and bonds.
 - **5.** Appropriate Sections of Divisions 02 through 49 specify special operation and maintenance data requirements for specific pieces of equipment or building operating systems.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- **A. Maintenance Manual Preparation:** In preparation of maintenance manuals, use personnel thoroughly trained and experienced in operation and maintenance of equipment or system involved.
 - 1. Where maintenance manuals require written instructions, use personnel skilled in technical writing where necessary for communication of essential data.
 - Where maintenance manuals require drawings or diagrams, use draftsmen capable of preparing drawings clearly in an understandable format.
- **B. Instructions for the Owner and Agency Personnel:** The Construction Manager must use experienced instructors thoroughly trained and experienced in operation and maintenance of equipment or system involved, to instruct the Owner's operation and maintenance personnel.
- C. Commissioning (Cx) Coordination: The Commissioning process requires detailed O&M documentation. The Contractor must submit O&M manuals to the Construction Administrator for review and approval by Commissioning Agent (CxA).

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submittal Schedule: Comply with the following schedule for submitting operation and maintenance manuals:
 - Before Substantial Completion, when each installation that requires operation and maintenance manuals is nominally complete, submit >.PDF draft copies of each manual to the Owner's Representative, Commissioning Agent (CxA), Agency Representative, and Architect for review. Include a complete index or table of contents of each manual.
 - The Owner's Representative will return one (1) copy of the draft with comments within twenty one (21) calendar days of receipt.
 - b. Submit >.PDF copies of data in final form at least twenty-one (21) calendar days before final inspection. The Owner's Representative will return one (1) copy within twenty-one (21) calendar after final inspection, with comments.

- 2. After final inspection, make corrections or modifications to comply with the Commissioning Agent's (CxA), Architect's, and Agency Representative's comments. Submit final copies to the Owner's Representative within twenty-one (21) calendar days of receipt of the Commissioning Agent's (CxA), Architect's, and Agency Representative's comments.
- **B.** Form of Submittal: Prepare operation and maintenance manuals in the form of an instructional manual for use by the Owner's operating personnel. Organize into suitable sets of manageable size. Where possible, assemble instructions for similar equipment into a single binder.
 - 1. Binders: For each manual, provide heavy-duty, commercial-quality, 3-ring, vinyl-covered, loose-leaf binders, in thickness necessary to accommodate contents, sized to receive 8-1/2-by-11- inch paper. Provide a clear plastic sleeve on the spine to hold labels describing contents. Provide pockets in the covers to receive folded sheets.
 - a. Where two (2) or more binders are necessary to accommodate data, correlate data in each binder into related groupings according to the Project Manual table of contents. Cross-reference other binders where necessary to provide essential information for proper operation or maintenance of the piece of equipment or system.
 - b. Identify each binder on front and spine, with the printed title "OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL," Project title or name, and subject matter covered. Indicate volume number for multiple volume sets of manuals.
 - 2. **Dividers:** Provide heavy paper dividers with celluloid-covered tabs for each separate section. Mark each tab to indicate contents. Provide a typed description of the product and major parts of equipment included in the section on each divider.
 - 3. Protective Plastic Jackets: Provide protective, transparent, plastic jackets designed to enclose diagnostic software for computerized electronic equipment.
 - 4. Text Material: Where maintenance manuals require written material, use the manufacturer's standard printed material. If manufacturer's standard printed material is not available, provide specially prepared data, neatly typewritten, on 8-1/2-by-11-inch, 20-lb/sq ft white bond paper.
 - 5. **Drawings:** Where maintenance manuals require drawings or diagrams, provide reinforced, punched binder tabs on drawings and bind in with text.
 - **a.** Where oversize drawings are necessary, fold drawings to the same size as text pages and use as a foldout.
 - b. If drawings are too large to be used practically as a foldout, place the drawing, neatly folded, in front or rear pocket of binder. Insert a typewritten page indicating drawing title, description of contents, and drawing location at the appropriate location in the manual.

1.5 MANUAL CONTENT

- **A.** In each manual include information specified in the individual Specification Section and the following information for each major component of building equipment and its controls:
 - 1. General system or equipment description.
 - 2. Design factors and assumptions.
 - 3. Copies of applicable shop drawings and product data.
 - 4. System or equipment identification, including:
 - a. Name of manufacturer.
 - b. Model number.
 - c. Serial number of each component.
 - 5. Operating instructions.
 - 6. Emergency instructions.
 - 7. Wiring diagrams.
 - 8. Inspection and test procedures.
 - 9. Maintenance procedures and schedules.
 - 10. Precautions against improper use and maintenance.
 - 11. Copies of warranties.
 - 12. Repair instructions including spare parts listing.

- 13. Sources of required maintenance materials and related services.
- 14. Manual index.
- **B.** Organize each manual into separate sections for each piece of related equipment. As a minimum, each manual shall contain a title page; a table of contents; copies of product data, supplemented by drawings and written text; and copies of each warranty, bond, and service contract issued.
 - 1. **Title Page:** Provide a title page in a transparent, plastic envelope as the first sheet of each manual. Provide the following information:
 - a. Subject matter covered by the manual.
 - b. Name and address of the Project.
 - c. Date of submittal.
 - d. Name, address, and telephone number of the Construction Manager.
 - e. Name and address of the Architect and Owner's Representative.
 - f. Cross-reference to related systems in other operation and maintenance manuals.
 - 2. Table of Contents: After title page, include a typewritten table of contents for each volume, arranged systematically according to the Project Manual format. Include a list of each product included, identified by product name or other appropriate identifying symbol and indexed to the content of the volume.
 - a. Where a system requires more than one volume to accommodate data, provide a comprehensive table of contents for all volumes in each volume of the set.
 - 3. Provide a general information section immediately following table of contents, listing each product included in the manual, identified by product name. Under each product, list the name, address, and telephone number of the subcontractor or Installer and the maintenance subcontractor. Clearly delineate the extent of responsibility of each of these entities. Include a local source for replacement parts and equipment.
 - 4. Product Data: Where the manuals include manufacturer's standard printed data, include only sheets that are pertinent to the part or product installed. Mark each sheet to identify each part or product included in the installation. Where the Project includes more than one (1) item in a tabular format, identify each item, using appropriate references from the Contract Documents. Identify data that is applicable to the installation, and delete references to information that is not applicable.
 - 5. Written Text: Prepare written text to provide necessary information where manufacturer's standard printed data is not available, and the information is necessary for proper operation and maintenance of equipment or systems. Prepare written text where it is necessary to provide additional information or to supplement data included in the manual. Organize text in a consistent format under separate headings for different procedures. Where necessary, provide a logical sequence of instruction for each operation or maintenance procedure.
 - 6. Drawings: Provide specially prepared drawings where necessary to supplement manufacturer's printed data to illustrate the relationship of component parts of equipment or systems or to provide control or flow diagrams. Coordinate these drawings with information contained in project record drawings to assure correct illustration of the completed installation.
 - a. Do not use original Record Documents as part of operation and maintenance manuals.
 - 7. Warranties and/or Bonds: Provide a copy of each warranty and/or bond in the appropriate manual for the information of the Owner's operating personnel. Provide written data outlining procedures to follow in the event of product failure. List circumstances and conditions that would affect validity of warranty or bond.

1.6 MATERIAL AND FINISHES MAINTENANCE MANUAL

- A. Submit four (4) copies of each manual, in final form, on material and finishes to the Owner's Representative for distribution. Provide one (1) section for architectural products, including applied materials and finishes. Provide a second section for products designed for moisture protection and products exposed to the weather.
 - Refer to individual Specification Sections for additional requirements on care and maintenance of materials and finishes.
- **B.** Architectural Products: Provide manufacturer's data and instructions on care and maintenance of architectural products, including applied materials and finishes.

- Manufacturer's Data: Provide complete information on architectural products, including the following, as applicable:
 - a. Manufacturer's catalog number.
 - b. Size.
 - c. Material composition.
 - d. Color.
 - e. Texture.
 - f. Reordering information for specially manufactured products.
- 2. Care and Maintenance Instructions: Provide information on care and maintenance, including manufacturer's recommendations for types of cleaning agents to be used and methods of cleaning. Provide information on cleaning agents and methods that could prove detrimental to the product. Include manufacturer's recommended schedule for cleaning and maintenance.
- C. Moisture Protection and Products Exposed to the Weather: Provide complete manufacturer's data with instructions on inspection, maintenance, and repair of products exposed to the weather or designed for moisture-protection purposes.
 - 1. Manufacturer's Data: Provide manufacturer's data giving detailed information, including the following, as applicable:
 - a. Applicable standards.
 - b. Chemical composition.
 - c. Installation details.
 - d. Inspection procedures.
 - e. Maintenance information.
 - f. Repair procedures.

1.7 EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS MAINTENANCE MANUAL

- A. Submit four (4) copies of each manual, in final form, on equipment and systems to the Owner's Representative for distribution. Provide separate manuals for each unit of equipment, each operating system, and each electric and electronic system.
 - 1. Refer to individual Specification Sections for additional requirements on operation and maintenance of the various pieces of equipment and operating systems.
- **B.** Equipment and Systems: Provide the following information for each piece of equipment, each building operating system, and each electric or electronic system.
 - Description: Provide a complete description of each unit and related component parts, including the following:
 - a. Equipment or system function.
 - b. Operating characteristics.
 - c. Limiting conditions.
 - d. Performance curves.
 - e. Engineering data and tests.
 - f. Complete nomenclature and number of replacement parts.
 - Manufacturer's Information: For each manufacturer of a component part or piece of equipment, provide the following:
 - a. Printed operation and maintenance instructions.
 - Assembly drawings and diagrams required for maintenance.
 - c. List of items recommended to be stocked as spare parts.
 - **3. Maintenance Procedures:** Provide information detailing essential maintenance procedures, including the following:
 - 4. Operating Procedures: Provide information on equipment and system operating procedures, including the following:

- a. Startup procedures.
- b. Equipment or system break-in.
- c. Routine and normal operating instructions.
- d. Regulation and control procedures.
- e. Instructions on stopping.
- f. Shutdown and emergency instructions.
- g. Summer and winter operating instructions.
- h. Required sequences for electric or electronic systems.
- i. Special operating instructions.
- **5. Servicing Schedule:** Provide a schedule of routine servicing and lubrication requirements, including a list of required lubricants for equipment with moving parts.
- 6. Controls: Provide a description of the sequence of operation and as-installed control diagrams by the control manufacturer for systems requiring controls.
- 7. Identification Drawings: Provide each Subcontractor's Identification Drawings.
 - a. Provide as-installed, color-coded, piping diagrams, where required for identification.
- 8. Valve Tags: Provide charts of valve-tag numbers, with the location and function of each valve.
- **9. Circuit Directories:** For electric and electronic systems, provide complete circuit directories of panel boards, including the following:
 - a. Controls.
 - **b.** Communication.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 01 78 23

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for warranties required by the Contract Documents, including manufacturer's standard warranties on products and special warranties.
 - 1. Refer to the General Conditions for terms of the Contractor's period for correction of the Work.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
 - 1. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" specifies procedures for submitting warranties.
 - 2. Division 01 Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures" specifies contract closeout procedures.
 - Division 01 Section 01 78 23 "Operation and Maintenance Data" specifies required operation and maintenance data.
 - Divisions 02 through 49 Sections for specific requirements for warranties on products and installations specified to be warranted.
 - Certifications and other commitments and agreements for continuing services to Owner are specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
- **C. Disclaimers and Limitations:** Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve the Contractor of the warranty on the Work that incorporates the products. Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve suppliers, manufacturers, and subcontractors required to countersign special warranties with the Contractor.

1.3 WARRANTY REQUIREMENTS

- **A. Related Damages and Losses:** When correcting failed or damaged warranted construction, remove and replace construction that has been damaged as a result of such failure or must be removed and replaced to provide access for correction of warranted construction.
- **B.** Reinstatement of Warranty: When Work covered by a warranty has failed and been corrected by replacement or rebuilding, reinstate the warranty by written endorsement. The reinstated warranty shall be equal to the original warranty with an equitable adjustment for depreciation.
- C. Replacement Cost: Upon determination that Work covered by a warranty has failed, replace or rebuild the Work to an acceptable condition complying with requirements of the Contract Documents. The Contractor is responsible for the cost of replacing or rebuilding defective Work regardless of whether the Owner has benefited from use of the Work through a portion of its anticipated useful service life.
- D. Owner's Recourse: Expressed warranties made to the Owner are in addition to implied warranties and shall not limit the duties, obligations, rights, and remedies otherwise available under the law. Expressed warranty periods shall not be interpreted as limitations on the time in which the Owner can enforce such other duties, obligations, rights, or remedies.
 - 1. Rejection of Warranties: The Owner reserves the right to reject warranties and to limit selection to products with warranties not in conflict with requirements of the Contract Documents.
- **E.** Where the Contract Documents require a special warranty, or similar commitment on the Work or part of the Work, the Owner reserves the right to refuse to accept the Work, until the Contractor presents evidence that entities required to countersign such commitments are willing to do so.
- **F.** The Contractor shall guarantee all materials and workmanship for a period of **eighteen (18)** months from the date of Substantial Completion of the Work. In addition, the Contractor shall furnish the warranties listed below. Submit four (4) copies of each to the Construction Administrator in the supplier's standard form or in the form given below if there is no standard form available.

G. Specification/Warranty Table: The General Contractor shall provide for all warranties as shown in the Specification/Warranty table:

	Specification / Warranty Table				
Item No.	Saction No		Specification Product/Warranty		
1	07	25 00	Weather Barriers 5 years materials and workmanship.		
2	07	92 00	Exterior - Interior Caulking and Sealants: 5 years, materials and workmanship.		
3	07	62 00	Metal Flashing and Sheet Metal 3 years, materials and workmanship.		
4	08	14 16	Flush Wood Doors Lifetime of installation		
5	08	14 33	Stile and Rail Wood Doors 5 years, exterior doos 10 years, interior doors 10 years, tempered glass (Supplemental Bid)		
6	08	52 00	Wood Windows 10 years, windows 20 years, glazing units 20 years, aluminum-cladding finish		
7	08	71 00	Door Hardware 3 years, unless otherwise indicated 2 years, exit devices 10 years, manual closers		
8	10	28 00	Mirrors 15 years against silver spoilage		
13	23	NA	Compressors and Pumps 5 years, materials and installation		
14	26	24 16	Switchboards and Panels 5 years, materials and installation		
17	26	NA	Lighting Ballasts 5 years, materials and installation		
18	26	NA	Emergency Lighting Batteries 10 years, materials and installation		
19	32	92 00	Plant Material, Turf and Grasses 24 Month, materials, installation and growth		

- H. Submit Cerification that finish materials are fore rated as specified.
- I. Form of Warranty: Warranties shall be submitted in following format:

Warranty Commissioner: Melody A. Currey Department of Administrative Services DAS Commissioner's Office 450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 1501 Hartford, CT 06103 Project Number: BI-RR-27 Project Title: Repair and Renovation at the Eric Sloane Museum I (We) hereby warranty work on the referenced project for a period of , 20 ____ against failures of workmanship and materials in accordance with the requirements of Section , Page , Paragraph , of the Specifications. Subcontractor Vendor/Suppliers Manufacturer 🗌 Installer 🗌 Installer or Subcontractor or Vendor/Suppliers or Manufacturer Name: Installer or Subcontractor or Vendor/Suppliers or Manufacturer Signature: General Contractor's Name General Contractor's Signature: or General Contractor's Authorized Agent Signature:

- J. Bonds shall be by approved Surety Companies, made out to the Commissioner, Department of Administrative Services on companies' standard form.
- **K.** Warranties, Guarantees, or bonds supplied by the General Contractor's Subcontractors or Vendors/Suppliers or Manufacturers shall reference the project name, number, and location and be certified by the General Contractor to be for the product and installation on the project and must be countersigned by the General Contractor.
- L. Bonds shall be by approved Surety Companies, made out to the Commissioner, Department of Administrative Services, on company's standard form.
- **M.** Guarantees, warranties or bonds supplied by Subcontractors, Suppliers or Manufacturers shall reference the project name, number, and location and be certified by the Contractor to be for the product and installation on the project and must be countersigned by the Contractor.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Submit written warranties prior to the date certified for Substantial Completion. If the Architect's Certificate of Substantial Completion designates a commencement date for warranties other than the date of Substantial Completion for the Work, or a designated portion of the Work, submit written warranties upon request of the Architect.

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- **B.** Forms for special warranties are included in this Section. Prepare a written document utilizing the appropriate form, ready for execution by the Contractor, or by the Contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or manufacturer. Submit a draft to the Owner, through the Construction Administrator, for approval prior to final execution.
 - 1. Refer to Divisions 02 through 49 Sections for specific content requirements and particular requirements for submitting special warranties.
- **C.** Bind warranties and bonds in heavy-duty, commercial-quality, durable 3-ring, vinyl-covered loose-leaf binders, thickness as necessary to accommodate contents, and sized to receive **8-1/2-by-11-inch** paper.
 - Provide heavy paper dividers with celluloid covered tabs for each separate warranty. Mark the tab to identify the product or installation. Provide a typed description of the product or installation, including the name of the product, and the name, address, and telephone number of the Installer.
 - Identify each binder on the front and spine with the typed or printed title "WARRANTIES," Project title or name, and name of the Contractor.
 - 3. When warranted construction requires operation and maintenance manuals, provide additional copies of each required warranty, as necessary, for inclusion in each required manual.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not applicable)

END OF SECTION 01 78 30

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Demolition and removal of selected portions of building or structure.
 - 2. Demolition and removal of selected site elements.
 - 3. Salvage of existing items to be reused or recycled.

B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 01 10 00 "Summary" for restrictions on use of the premises, Owner-occupancy requirements, and phasing requirements.
- 2. Section 01 56 39 "Temporary Tree and Plant Protection" for temporary protection of existing trees and plants that are affected by selective demolition.
- 3. Section 01 73 29 for cutting and patching procedures.
- 4. Section 01 35 16 "Alteration Project Procedures" for general protection and work procedures for alteration projects.
- 5. Section 31 10 00 "Site Clearing" for site clearing and removal of above- and below-grade improvements not part of selective demolition.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Remove: Detach items from existing construction and dispose of them off-site unless indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.
- B. Remove and Salvage: Detach items from existing construction, in a manner to prevent damage, and deliver to Owner ready for reuse.
- C. Remove and Reinstall: Detach items from existing construction, in a manner to prevent damage, prepare for reuse, and reinstall where indicated.
- D. Existing to Remain: Leave existing items that are not to be removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.
- E. Dismantle: To remove by disassembling or detaching an item from a surface, using gentle methods and equipment to prevent damage to the item and surfaces; disposing of items unless indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.

1.4 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

A. Unless otherwise indicated, demolition waste becomes property of Contractor.

- B. Historic items, relics, antiques, and similar objects including, but not limited to, cornerstones and their contents, commemorative plaques and tablets, and other items of interest or value to Owner that may be uncovered during demolition remain the property of Owner.
 - 1. Carefully salvage in a manner to prevent damage and promptly return to Owner.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Predemolition Photographs or Video: Show existing conditions of adjoining construction, including finish surfaces, that might be misconstrued as damage caused by demolition operations. Comply with Section 013233 "Photographic Documentation." Submit before Work begins.
- B. Warranties: Documentation indicating that existing warranties are still in effect after completion of selective demolition.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Inventory: Submit a list of items that have been removed and salvaged.

1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
 - 1. Before selective demolition, Owner will remove the following items:
 - a. Lobby Display Case
- B. Notify Architect of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with selective demolition.
- C. Hazardous Materials: It is not expected that hazardous materials will be encountered in the Work.
 - 1. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner before start of the Work.
 - 2. If suspected hazardous materials are encountered, do not disturb; immediately notify Architect and Owner. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner under a separate contract.
- D. Utility Service: Maintain existing utilities indicated to remain in service and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.
 - 1. Maintain fire-protection facilities in service during selective demolition operations.

1.8 WARRANTY

- A. Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during selective demolition, by methods and with materials and using approved contractors so as not to void existing warranties. Notify warrantor before proceeding. Existing warranties include the following:
- B. Notify warrantor on completion of selective demolition, and obtain documentation verifying that existing system has been inspected and warranty remains in effect. Submit documentation at Project closeout.

1.9 COORDINATION

A. Arrange selective demolition schedule so as not to interfere with Owner's operations.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Standards: Comply with ASSE A10.6 and NFPA 241.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped before starting selective demolition operations.
- B. Review Project Record Documents of existing construction or other existing condition and hazardous material information provided by Owner. Owner does not guarantee that existing conditions are same as those indicated in Project Record Documents.
- C. Verify that hazardous materials have been remediated before proceeding with building demolition operations.
- D. Survey of Existing Conditions: Record existing conditions by use of preconstruction photographs or video.
 - 1. Comply with requirements specified in Section 01 32 33 "Photographic Documentation."
 - 2. Inventory and record the condition of items to be removed and salvaged. Provide photographs or video of conditions that might be misconstrued as damage caused by salvage operations.
 - 3. Before selective demolition or removal of existing building elements that will be reproduced or duplicated in final Work, make permanent record of measurements, materials, and construction details required to make exact reproduction.

3.2 UTILITY SERVICES AND MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- A. Existing Services/Systems to Remain: Maintain services/systems indicated to remain and protect them against damage.
- B. Existing Services/Systems to Be Removed, Relocated, or Abandoned: Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off utility services and mechanical/electrical systems serving areas to be selectively demolished.
 - 1. Owner will arrange to shut off indicated services/systems when requested by Contractor.
 - 2. Arrange to shut off utilities with utility companies.
 - 3. If services/systems are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, provide temporary services/systems that bypass area of selective demolition and that maintain continuity of services/systems to other parts of building.
 - 4. Disconnect, demolish, and remove fire-suppression systems, plumbing, and HVAC systems, equipment, and components indicated on Drawings to be removed.

- a. Piping to Be Removed: Remove portion of piping indicated to be removed and cap or plug remaining piping with same or compatible piping material.
- b. Piping to Be Abandoned in Place: Drain piping and cap or plug piping with same or compatible piping material and leave in place.
- Equipment to Be Removed: Disconnect and cap services and remove equipment.
- d. Equipment to Be Removed and Reinstalled: Disconnect and cap services and remove, clean, and store equipment; when appropriate, reinstall, reconnect, and make equipment operational.
- e. Equipment to Be Removed and Salvaged: Disconnect and cap services and remove equipment and deliver to Owner.
- f. Ducts to Be Removed: Remove portion of ducts indicated to be removed and plug remaining ducts with same or compatible ductwork material.
- g. Ducts to Be Abandoned in Place: Cap or plug ducts with same or compatible ductwork material and leave in place.

3.3 PROTECTION

- A. Temporary Protection: Provide temporary barricades and other protection required to prevent injury to people and damage to adjacent buildings and facilities to remain.
 - Provide temporary weather protection, during interval between selective demolition of existing construction on exterior surfaces and new construction, to prevent water leakage and damage to structure and interior areas.
 - 2. Protect walls, ceilings, floors, and other existing finish work that are to remain or that are exposed during selective demolition operations.
 - 3. Cover and protect furniture, furnishings, and equipment that have not been removed.
 - 4. Comply with requirements for temporary enclosures, dust control, heating, and cooling specified in Section 01 50 00 "Temporary Facilities and Controls."
- B. Temporary Shoring: Design, provide, and maintain shoring, bracing, and structural supports as required to preserve stability and prevent movement, settlement, or collapse of construction and finishes to remain, and to prevent unexpected or uncontrolled movement or collapse of construction being demolished.
 - 1. Strengthen or add new supports when required during progress of selective demolition.
- C. Remove temporary barricades and protections where hazards no longer exist.

3.4 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION, GENERAL

- A. General: Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:
 - Proceed with selective demolition systematically, from higher to lower level. Complete selective demolition operations above each floor or tier before disturbing supporting members on the next lower level.
 - Neatly cut openings and holes plumb, square, and true to dimensions required. Use cutting
 methods least likely to damage construction to remain or adjoining construction. Use hand tools or
 small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping. Temporarily cover
 openings to remain.
 - Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces to avoid marring existing finished surfaces.
 - 4. Do not use cutting torches until work area is cleared of flammable materials. At concealed spaces, such as duct and pipe interiors, verify condition and contents of hidden space before starting flame-cutting operations. Maintain portable fire-suppression devices during flame-cutting operations.
 - 5. Maintain fire watch during and for at least 2 hours after flame-cutting operations.
 - 6. Maintain adequate ventilation when using cutting torches.

- Remove decayed, vermin-infested, or otherwise dangerous or unsuitable materials and promptly dispose of off-site.
- 8. Remove structural framing members and lower to ground by method suitable to avoid free fall and to prevent ground impact or dust generation.
- Locate selective demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.
- Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly. Comply with requirements in Section 01 74 19 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."
- B. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct selective demolition and debris-removal operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
- C. Work in Historic Areas: Selective demolition may be performed only in areas of Project that are not designated as historic. In historic spaces, areas, and rooms, or on historic surfaces, the terms "demolish" or "remove" shall mean historic "removal" or "dismantling" as specified in Section 024296 "Historic Removal and Dismantling."
- D. Removed and Salvaged Items:
 - 1. Clean salvaged items.
 - 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning. Identify contents of containers.
 - 3. Store items in a secure area until delivery to Owner.
 - 4. Transport items to Owner's storage area off-site designated by Owner.
 - 5. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
- E. Removed and Reinstalled Items:
 - 1. Clean and repair items to functional condition adequate for intended reuse.
 - 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning and repairing. Identify contents of containers.
 - 3. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
 - Reinstall items in locations indicated. Comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials necessary to make item functional for use indicated.
- F. Existing Items to Remain: Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition. When permitted by Architect, items may be removed to a suitable, protected storage location during selective demolition and reinstalled in their original locations after selective demolition operations are complete.

3.5 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION PROCEDURES FOR SPECIFIC MATERIALS

A. Concrete Slabs-on-Grade: Saw-cut perimeter of area to be demolished, and then break up and remove.

3.6 DISPOSAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS

- A. Remove demolition waste materials from Project site [and dispose of them in an EPA-approved construction and demolition waste landfill acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. and recycle or dispose of them according to Section 01 74 19 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."
 - 1. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
 - 2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
 - 3. Remove debris from elevated portions of building by chute, hoist, or other device that will convey debris to grade level in a controlled descent.
 - 4. Comply with requirements specified in Section 01 74 19 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."

B. Burning: Do not burn demolished materials.

3.7 CLEANING

A. Clean adjacent structures and improvements of dust, dirt, and debris caused by selective demolition operations. Return adjacent areas to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.

END OF SECTION 02 41 19

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes historic treatment procedures in the form of special types of selective demolition work for designated historic spaces, areas, rooms, and surfaces and the following specific work:
 - 1. Removal and dismantling of indicated portions of building or structure and debris hauling.
 - 2. Salvage of existing items to be reused or recycled.
 - 3. Refer to the Historic Removal Schedule on the drawings for the items keyed into the plans that are included in this scope.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 024119 "Selective Demolition".

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Dismantle: To disassemble or detach a historic item from a surface, or a nonhistoric item from a historic surface, using gentle methods and equipment to prevent damage to historic items and surfaces; disposing of items unless indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.
- B. Existing to Remain: Existing items that are not to be removed or dismantled, except to the degree indicated for performing required Work.
- C. Remove: To take down or detach a nonhistoric item located within a historic space, area, or room, using methods and equipment to prevent damage to historic items and surfaces; disposing of items unless indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.
- D. Retain: To keep existing items that are not to be removed or dismantled.
- E. Salvage: To protect removed or dismantled items and deliver them to Owner ready for reuse.

1.4 PRECONSTRUCTION MEETINGS

- A. Preconstruction Conference(s): Conduct conference(s) at Project Site.
 - 1. Review minutes of Preliminary Historic Treatment Conference that pertain to removal and dismantling procedures and protection of historic areas and surfaces.
 - 2. Review list of items indicated to be salvaged.
 - 3. Verify qualifications of personnel assigned to perform removal and dismantling.
 - 4. Inspect and discuss condition of each construction type to be removed or dismantled.
 - 5. Review requirements of other work that depends on condition of substrates exposed by removal and dismantling work.

- 6. Review methods and procedures related to removal and dismantling work, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - Historic removal and dismantling specialist's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
 - b. Materials, material application, sequencing, tolerances, and required clearances.
 - c. Fire prevention.
 - d. Coordination with building occupants.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- Qualification Data: For historic removal and dismantling specialist and historic removal and dismantling specialist's field supervisors.
- B. Preconstruction Documentation: Show preexisting conditions of adjoining construction and site improvements, including finish surfaces, that might be misconstrued as damage caused by Contractor's removal and dismantling operations.
- C. Removal and Dismantling Historic Treatment Program: Submit 15 days before work begins.
- D. List of Items Indicated to Be Salvaged: Prepare a list of items indicated on Drawings to be salvaged for Owner's use or for reinstallation. Submit 15 days before preconstruction conference.
- E. Inventory of Salvaged Items: After removal or dismantling work is complete, submit a list of items that have been salvaged.
 - 1. Include item description, item condition, number of items if more than one of a type, and tag number, Include photo of item in original location.
 - As work proceeds, include on the inventory items that were indicated to be salvaged and items of historic importance discovered during the work. Document reasons, if any, why an item indicated to be salvaged was not salvaged.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Historic Removal and Dismantling Specialist Qualifications: A qualified historic treatment specialist. General selective demolition experience is insufficient experience for historic removal and dismantling work.
- B. Removal and Dismantling Historic Treatment Program: Prepare a written, detailed description of materials, methods, equipment, and sequence of operations to be used for each phase of removal and dismantling work, including protection of surrounding and substrate materials and Project site.
 - Dust and Noise Control: Include locations of proposed temporary dust- and noise-control partitions and means of egress from occupied areas coordinated with continuing on-site operations and other known work in progress.
 - 2. Debris Hauling: Include plans clearly marked to show debris hauling routes, turning radii, and locations and details of temporary protective barriers.
- C. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with notification regulations of authorities having jurisdiction before beginning removal and dismantling work. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
- B. Notify Architect of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with removal and dismantling work.
- C. Hazardous Materials: Hazardous materials are present in construction affected by removal and dismantling work. A report on the presence of hazardous materials is on file for review and use. Examine report to become aware of locations where hazardous materials are present.
 - 1. Hazardous material remediation is specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
 - 2. Do not disturb hazardous materials or items suspected of containing hazardous materials, except under procedures specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
 - 3. If unanticipated asbestos is suspected, stop work in the area of potential hazard, shut off fans and other air handlers ventilating the area, and rope off area until the questionable material is identified. Reassign workers to continue work in unaffected areas. Resume work in the area of concern after safe working conditions are verified.
- D. Storage or sale of removed or dismantled items on-site is not permitted unless otherwise indicated.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS - (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 HISTORIC REMOVAL AND DISMANTLING EQUIPMENT

- A. Removal Equipment: Use only hand-held tools. The Architect will review other methods on a case-by-case basis:
 - 1. Light jackhammers are allowed subject to Architect's approval.
 - 2. Large air hammers are not permitted.
- B. Dismantling Equipment: Use manual, hand-held tools, except as follows or otherwise approved by Architect on a case-by-case basis:
 - 1. Hand-held power tools are permitted only as submitted in the historic treatment program. They must be adjustable so as to penetrate or cut only the thickness of material being removed.

3.2 EXAMINATION

- A. Preparation for Removal and Dismantling: Examine construction to be removed or dismantled to determine best methods to safely and effectively perform removal and dismantling work. Examine adjacent work to determine what protective measures are necessary. Make explorations, probes, and inquiries as necessary to determine condition of construction to be removed or dismantled and location of utilities and services to remain that may be hidden by construction that is to be removed or dismantled.
 - 1. Verify that affected utilities are disconnected and capped.
 - 2. Inventory and record the condition of items to be removed and dismantled for reinstallation or salvage. Enter this information on the submittal of inventory of salvaged items.
 - 3. Before removal or dismantling of existing building elements that will be reproduced or duplicated in final Work, make permanent record of measurements, materials, and construction details required to make exact reproduction.

- 4. Engineering Survey: Engage a professional engineer to survey condition of building to determine whether removing any element might result in structural deficiency or unplanned collapse of any portion of structure or adjacent structures as a result of removal and dismantling work.
- B. Survey of Existing Conditions: Record existing conditions by use of precobnstruction photographs.
 - 1. Comply with requirements specified in Section 013233 "Photographic Documentation."
- Perform surveys as the Work progresses to detect hazards resulting from historic removal and dismantling procedures.

3.3 HISTORIC REMOVAL AND DISMANTLING

- A. General: Have removal and dismantling work performed by a qualified historic removal and dismantling specialist. Ensure that historic removal and dismantling specialist's field supervisors are present when removal and dismantling work begins and during its progress.
- B. Perform work according to the historic treatment program and approved mockups.
 - 1. Perform removal and dismantling to the limits indicated.
 - 2. Provide supports or reinforcement for existing construction that becomes temporarily weakened by removal and dismantling work, until the Project Work is completed unless otherwise indicated.
 - 3. Perform cutting by hand or with small power tools wherever possible. Cut holes and slots neatly to size required, with minimum disturbance of adjacent work.
 - 4. Do not operate air compressors inside building unless approved by Architect in each case.
 - 5. Dispose of removed and dismantled items off-site unless indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.
- C. Unacceptable Equipment: Keep equipment that is not permitted for historic removal or dismantling work away from the vicinity where such work is being performed.
- D. Removing and Dismantling Items on or Near Historic Surfaces:
 - Use only dismantling equipment and procedures within 12 inches of historic surface. Do not use pry bars. Protect historic surface from contact with or damage by tools.
 - 2. Unfasten items in the opposite order from which they were installed.
 - 3. Support each item as it becomes loosened to prevent stress and damage to the historic surface.
 - 4. Dismantle anchorages.

E. Anchorages:

- 1. Remove anchorages associated with removed items.
- 2. Dismantle anchorages associated with dismantled items.
- 3. In historic surfaces, patch or repair holes created by anchorage removal or dismantling according to Section that is specific to the historic surface being patched.

END OF SECTION 02 42 96

SECTION 03 30 00 - CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes cast-in-place concrete, including formwork, reinforcement, concrete materials, mixture design, placement procedures, and finishes.
 - Concrete slabs on grade.
 - 2. Vapor retarders.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Design Mixtures: For each concrete mixture.
- C. Steel Reinforcement Shop Drawings: Placing drawings that detail fabrication, bending, and placement.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Welding certificates.
- B. Material certificates.
- C. Material test reports.
- D. Floor surface flatness and levelness measurements.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing ready-mixed concrete products and that complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.
 - Manufacturer certified according to NRMCA's "Certification of Ready Mixed Concrete Production Facilities."
- B. ACI Publications: Comply with the following unless modified by requirements in the Contract Documents:
 - 1. ACI 117, "Specifications for Tolerances for Concrete Construction and Materials."
- C. Concrete Testing Service: The Owner shall engage a qualified independent testing agency to perform material evaluation tests and to design concrete mixtures.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 FORM-FACING MATERIALS

A. Smooth-Formed Finished Concrete: Form-facing panels that will provide continuous, true, and smooth concrete surfaces. Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints.

2.2 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. Recycled Content of Steel Products: Postconsumer recycled content plus one-half of pre-consumer recycled content not less than 60 percent.
- B. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60 (Grade 420), deformed.
- C. Plain-Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A 185/A 185M, plain, fabricated from as-drawn steel wire into flat sheets.
- D. Deformed-Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A 497/A 497M, flat sheet.
- E. Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars and welded wire reinforcement in place. Manufacture bar supports from steel wire, plastic, or precast concrete according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice.

2.3 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Cementitious Material: Use the following cementitious materials, of the same type, brand, and source, throughout Project:
 - 1. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I or Type II Supplement with the following:
 - a. Fly Ash: ASTM C 618, Class F
- B. Normal-Weight Aggregates: ASTM C 33, graded.
 - 1. Maximum Coarse-Aggregate Size: 3/4 inch (19 mm) nominal.
- C. Water: ASTM C 94/C 94M and potable.

2.4 ADMIXTURES

- A. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.
- B. Chemical Admixtures: Provide admixtures certified by manufacturer to be <u>compatible with other</u> <u>admixtures and floor finishes</u> that will not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding those permitted in hardened concrete. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride.
 - 1. Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type A.
 - 2. Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type B.
 - 3. Plasticizing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 1017/C 1017M, Type II.

2.5 VAPOR RETARDERS

- A. Vapor Retarder: Reinforced sheet, ASTM E 1745, Class A.
- B. Products: One of the following:
 - 1. Fortifiber Building Systems Group; Moistop Ultra 15.
 - 2. Grace Construction Products, W. R. Grace & Co.; Florprufe 120.
 - 3. Meadows, W. R., Inc.; Perminator 15 mil.
 - 4. Stego Industries, LLC; Stego Wrap 15 mil Class A.

2.6 CURING MATERIALS

- A. Evaporation Retarder: Waterborne, monomolecular film forming, manufactured for application to fresh concrete.
- B. Absorptive Cover: AASHTO M 182, Class 2, burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz./sq. yd. (305 g/sq. m) when dry.
- C. Moisture-Retaining Cover: ASTM C 171, polyethylene film or white burlap-polyethylene sheet.
- D. Water: Potable.

2.7 RELATED MATERIALS

A. Expansion- and Isolation-Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber.

2.8 CONCRETE MIXTURES

- A. Prepare design mixtures for each type and strength of concrete, proportioned on the basis of laboratory trial mixture or field test data, or both, according to ACI 301.
- B. Cementitious Materials: Use fly ash, pozzolan, ground granulated blast-furnace slag, and silica fume as needed to reduce the total amount of portland cement, which would otherwise be used, by not less than 40 percent.
- C. Admixtures: Use admixtures according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Use water-reducing high-range water-reducing or plasticizing admixture in concrete, as required, for placement and workability.
 - 2. Use water-reducing and retarding admixture when required by high temperatures, low humidity, or other adverse placement conditions.
 - Use water-reducing admixture in pumped concrete, concrete for heavy-use industrial slabs and parking structure slabs, concrete required to be watertight, and concrete with a water-cementitious materials ratio below 0.50.
- D. Proportion normal-weight concrete mixture as follows:
 - 1. Minimum Compressive Strength:
 - a. Foundation Walls and Footings: 3000 psi at 28 days.
 - b. Slabs: 4000 psi at 28 days.
 - 2. Maximum Water-Cementitious Materials Ratio: 0.50.
 - 3. Slump Limit: 4 inches (100 mm) plus or minus 1 inch (25 mm).
 - 4. Air Content: 6 percent, plus or minus 1.5 percent at point of delivery for 3/4-inch nominal maximum aggregate size.
 - 5. Air Content: Do not allow air content of trowel-finished floors to exceed 3 percent.

2.9 FABRICATING REINFORCEMENT

A. Fabricate steel reinforcement according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice."

2.10 CONCRETE MIXING

- A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, mix, and deliver concrete according to ASTM C 94/C 94M and ASTM C 1116/C 1116M, and furnish batch ticket information.
 - When air temperature is between 85 and 90 deg F (30 and 32 deg C), reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is above 90 deg F (32 deg C), reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 FORMWORK

- A. Design, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork, according to ACI 301, to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads, and construction loads that might be applied, until structure can support such loads.
- B. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position indicated, within tolerance limits of ACI 117.
- C. Chamfer exterior corners and edges of permanently exposed concrete.

3.2 EMBEDDED ITEMS

A. Place and secure anchorage devices and other embedded items required for adjoining work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.

3.3 VAPOR RETARDERS

- A. Sheet Vapor Retarders: Place, protect, and repair sheet vapor retarder according to ASTM E 1643 and manufacturer's written instructions.
 - Lap joints between adjoining sheets 6 inches (150 mm) and seal with manufacturer's recommended tape.
 - 2. At the intersection of vapor retarders with vertical surfaces and slab penetrations extend vapor retarder up face of surfaces and penetrating elements for the full thickness of the slab.
 - 3. At the intersection of vapor retarders with slab penetrations extend vapor retarder around penetrating elements for the full thickness of the slab and seal top with manufacturer's recommended tape.

3.4 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for placing reinforcement.
 - Do not cut or puncture vapor retarder. Repair damage and reseal vapor retarder before placing concrete.

3.5 JOINTS

- A. General: Construct joints true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete.
- B. Construction Joints: Install so strength and appearance of concrete are not impaired, at locations indicated or as approved by Architect.

- C. Contraction Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: Form weakened-plane contraction joints, sectioning concrete into areas as indicated. Construct contraction joints for a depth equal to at least one-fourth of concrete thickness as follows:
 - Sawed Joints: Form contraction joints with power saws equipped with shatterproof abrasive or diamond-rimmed blades. Cut 1/8-inch- (3.2-mm-) wide joints into concrete when cutting action will not tear, abrade, or otherwise damage surface and before concrete develops random contraction cracks. Cut joints within the time period to maximize their effectiveness, generally within 24 hours of initial placement
 - 2. Sawed Joints pattern: As indicated on the drawings.
- D. Isolation Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: After removing formwork, install joint-filler strips at slab junctions with vertical surfaces, such as column pedestals, foundation walls, grade beams, and other locations, as indicated.
- E. Water-stops: Install in construction joints and at other joints indicated according to manufacturer's written instructions.

3.6 CONCRETE PLACEMENT

- A. Before placing concrete, verify that installation of formwork, reinforcement, and embedded items is complete and that required inspections have been performed.
- B. Deposit concrete continuously in one layer or in horizontal layers of such thickness that no new concrete will be placed on concrete that has hardened enough to cause seams or planes of weakness. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints as indicated. Deposit concrete to avoid segregation.
 - 1. Consolidate placed concrete with mechanical vibrating equipment according to ACI 301.
- C. Cold-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 306.1.
- D. Hot-Weather Placement: Comply with ACI 301.

3.7 FINISHING FORMED SURFACES

- A. Rough-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material with tie holes and defects repaired and patched. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formedsurface irregularities.
 - 1. Apply to concrete surfaces not exposed to public view.
- B. Smooth-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material, arranged in an orderly and symmetrical manner with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch tie holes and defects. Remove fins and other projections that exceed specified limits on formed-surface irregularities.
- C. Related Unformed Surfaces: At tops of walls, horizontal offsets, and similar unformed surfaces adjacent to formed surfaces, strike off smooth and finish with a texture matching adjacent formed surfaces. Continue final surface treatment of formed surfaces uniformly across adjacent unformed surfaces unless otherwise indicated.

3.8 FINISHING FLOORS AND SLABS

 General: Comply with ACI 302.1R recommendations for screeding, restraightening, and finishing operations for concrete surfaces. Do not wet concrete surfaces.

- B. Scratch Finish: While still plastic, texture concrete surface that has been screeded and bull-floated or darbied. Use stiff brushes, brooms, or rakes to produce a profile amplitude of 1/4 inch (6 mm) in one direction.
- C. Float Finish: Consolidate surface with power-driven floats or by hand floating if area is small or inaccessible to power driven floats. Re-straighten, cut down high spots, and fill low spots. Repeat float passes and re-straightening until surface is left with a uniform, smooth, granular texture.
- D. Trowel Finish: After applying float finish, apply first troweling and consolidate concrete by hand or power-driven trowel. Continue troweling passes and restraighten until surface is free of trowel marks and uniform in texture and appearance. Grind smooth any surface defects that would telegraph through applied coatings or floor coverings.
 - 1. Apply a trowel finish to surfaces exposed to view
 - 2. Finish and measure surface so gap at any point between concrete surface and an unleveled, freestanding, 10-ft.- (3.05-m-) long straightedge resting on two high spots and placed anywhere on the surface does not exceed 1/8 inch (3.2 mm).

3.9 CONCRETE PROTECTING AND CURING

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection and ACI 301 for hot-weather protection during curing.
- B. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to unformed concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h (1 kg/sq. m x h) before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.
- C. Cure concrete according to ACI 308.1, by one or a combination of the following methods:
 - 1. Moisture Curing: Keep surfaces continuously moist for not less than seven days.
 - 2. Moisture-Retaining-Cover Curing: Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width, with sides and ends lapped at least 12 inches (300 mm), and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Cure for not less than seven days. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period using cover material and waterproof tape.

3.10 CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS

A. Defective Concrete: Repair and patch defective areas when approved by Architect. Remove and replace concrete that cannot be repaired and patched to Architect's approval.

3.11 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Testing and Inspecting: Owner will engage a qualified testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.

END OF SECTION 03 30 00

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Steel channels for reinforcing wood frame construction.
 - 2. Steel plates and angles for wood frame construction connections
- B. Products furnished, but not installed, under this Section include the following:
 - 1. Steel channels for reinforcing wood frame construction.
 - 2. Steel plates and angles for wood frame construction connections.
- C. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 6 Section "Rough Carpentry" metal framing hardware.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
 - Paint products.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for metal fabrications.
 - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and details of metal fabrications and their connections. Show anchorage and accessory items.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
 - 1. AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel."
 - 2. AWS D1.3, "Structural Welding Code--Sheet Steel."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 METALS, GENERAL

A. Metal Surfaces, General: Provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces, unless otherwise indicated. For metal fabrications exposed to view in the completed Work, provide materials without seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, or blemishes.

2.2 FERROUS METALS

A. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.

2.3 FASTENERS

- A. General: Unless otherwise indicated, provide hot dipped galvanized fasteners for exterior use and zinc-plated fasteners with coating complying with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5, for interior use.
- B. Steel Bolts and Nuts: Regular hexagon-head bolts, ASTM A 307, Grade A with hex nuts, ASTM A 563 and, where indicated, flat washers.
- C. Lag Bolts: ASME B18.2.1.
- D. Wood Screws: Flat head, ASME B18.6.1.
- E. Plain Washers: Round, ASME B18.22.1.
- F. Expansion Anchors: Anchor bolt and sleeve assembly with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to six times the load imposed when installed in unit masonry and four times the load imposed when installed in concrete, as determined by testing according to ASTM E 488, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.
 - Material for Anchors in Interior Locations: Carbon-steel components zinc-plated to comply with ASTM B 633, Class Fe/Zn 5.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: Select according to AWS specifications for metal alloy welded.
- B. Universal Shop Primer: Fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free, universal modified-alkyd primer complying with MPI#79.
 - Use primer with a VOC content of 420 g/L (3.5 lb/gal.) or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- C. Galvanizing Repair Paint: High-zinc-dust-content paint for regalvanizing welds in steel, complying with SSPC-Paint 20.

2.5 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. Shop Assembly: Preassemble items in the shop to greatest extent possible. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation.
- B. Cut, drill, and punch metals cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs and ease edges to a radius of approximately 1/32 inch unless otherwise indicated. Remove sharp or rough areas on exposed surfaces.
- C. Form bent-metal corners to smallest radius possible without causing grain separation or otherwise impairing work.
- D. Form exposed work true to line and level with accurate angles and surfaces and straight edges.
- E. Weld corners and seams continuously to comply with the following:

- Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
- 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
- 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
- 4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.
- F. Form exposed connections with hairline joints, flush and smooth, using concealed fasteners where possible. Where exposed fasteners are required, use Phillips flat-head (countersunk) screws or bolts, unless otherwise indicated. Locate joints where least conspicuous.
- G. Fabricate seams and other connections that will be exposed to weather in a manner to exclude water. Provide weep holes where water may accumulate.
- H. Cut, reinforce, drill, and tap metal fabrications as indicated to receive finish hardware, screws, and similar items.
- I. Provide for anchorage of type indicated; coordinate with supporting structure. Space anchoring devices to secure metal fabrications rigidly in place and to support indicated loads.

2.6 MISCELLANEOUS FRAMING AND WOOD CONNECTION HARDWARE

- A. General: Provide steel framing and miscellaneous plates and angles not specified in other Sections as needed to complete the Work.
- B. Fabricate units from steel shapes, plates, and bars of welded construction, unless otherwise indicated. Fabricate to sizes, shapes, and profiles indicated and as necessary to receive adjacent construction. Cut and drill units to receive connection hardware, hangers, and similar items.
- C. Fabricate steel channels for wood frame construction from continuous steel shapes of sizes indicated.
 - 1. Provide bearing plates welded to beams where indicated.
 - 2. Drill channels and plates for field-bolted connections where indicated. Holes shall be 1/16" larger than bolt diameter specified.
 - 3. Where wood nailers are attached to channels with bolts or lag screws, drill holes at 24 inches oc. unless noted otherwise.
- D. Galvanize all wood connection hardware or where indicated.
- E. Prime miscellaneous framing, plates and angles used for interior applications with a universal shop primer unless noted otherwise.

2.7 FINISHES, GENERAL

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Finish metal fabrications after assembly.

2.8 STEEL AND IRON FINISHES

- A. Galvanizing: Hot-dip galvanize items as indicated to comply with applicable standard listed below:
 - 1. ASTM A 123/A 123M, for galvanizing steel and iron products.
 - 2. ASTM A 153/A 153M, for galvanizing steel and iron hardware.

- B. Preparation for Shop Priming: Prepare uncoated ferrous-metal surfaces to comply with minimum requirements indicated below for SSPC surface preparation specifications and environmental exposure conditions of installed metal fabrications:
 - 1. Exteriors (SSPC Zone 1B): SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3. "Commercial Blast Cleaning."
 - 2. Interiors (SSPC Zone 1A): SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning."
- C. Shop Priming: Apply shop primer to uncoated surfaces of metal fabrications, except those with galvanized finishes and those to be embedded in concrete, sprayed-on fireproofing, or masonry, unless otherwise indicated. Comply with SSPC-PA 1, "Paint Application Specification No. 1: Shop, Field, and Maintenance Painting of Steel," for shop painting.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Cutting, Fitting, and Placement: Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing metal fabrications. Set metal fabrications accurately in location, alignment, and elevation; with edges and surfaces level, plumb, true, and free of rack; and measured from established lines and levels.
- B. Fit exposed connections accurately together to form hairline joints. Weld connections that are not to be left as exposed joints but cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations. Do not weld, cut, or abrade surfaces of exterior units that have been hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and are for bolted or screwed field connections.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with the following requirements:
 - Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
 - Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
 - 4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.
- D. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Provide anchorage devices and fasteners where metal fabrications are required to be fastened to in-place construction. Provide threaded fasteners for use with concrete and masonry inserts, toggle bolts, through bolts, lag bolts, wood screws, and other connectors.

END OF SECTION 05 50 00

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

- A. The work of this Section consists of all materials, labor and equipment and the like necessary and/or required for the complete execution of all rough carpentry for this Project as required by the schedules, keynotes, and drawings including but not limited to the following:
 - Provide lumber in sizes and grades as indicated on the drawings to reinforce or repair the existing structures complete with all fasteners, metal connection hardware, and adhesives. Quantities shall be determined based upon examination of existing conditions prior to bidding and shall not be determined based solely upon a graphical representation of members on drawings.
 - 2. Provide temporary bracing and shoring as required to maintain building stability prior to removing existing bracing or supports. Maintain temporary bracing and shoring until the permanent reinforcing work is complete.

1.3 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Framing with dimension lumber.
 - 2. Wood blocking and nailers.
 - 3. Sheathing.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 5 Section "Miscellaneous Metals"

1.4 DEFINITIONS

- A. Rough Carpentry: Carpentry work not specified in other Sections.
- B. Exposed Framing: Dimension lumber not concealed by other construction.
- C. Lumber grading agencies, and the abbreviations used to reference them, include the following:
 - 1. NELMA Northeastern Lumber Manufacturers Association.
 - 2. NLGA National Lumber Grades Authority.
 - 3. WCLIB West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau.
 - 4. WWPA Western Wood Products Association.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product. Indicate component materials and dimensions and include construction and application details.
- B. Research/Evaluation Reports: For the following, showing compliance with ICC "2015 International Building Code":
 - 1. Metal framing hardware.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Codes and Standards: Comply with the provisions of the following codes and standards, except as otherwise shown or specified:
 - 1. International Code Council, ICC "2015 International Building Code"
 - 2. American Forest and Paper Association, NDS "2015 National Design Specification for Wood Construction".

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect materials from exposure to weather and contact with Stack lumber, plywood, and other panels; place spacers between each bundle to provide air circulation. Provide for air circulation around stacks and under coverings.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Metal Framing Hardware:
 - a. Simpson Strong-Tie Company, Inc.
 - b. USP Structural Connectors
 - c. By Steel Fabricator.
 - 2. Epoxy Adhesive for Concrete:
 - a. Simpson Strong-Tie Company, Inc.
 - b. Hilti, Inc.
 - c. Alpine Products, Inc.

2.2 WOOD PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. Lumber: DOC PS 20-15 and applicable rules of lumber grading agencies certified by the American Lumber Standards Committee Board of Review.
 - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
 - Where nominal sizes are indicated, provide actual sizes required by DOC PS 20-15 for moisture content specified. Where actual sizes are indicated, they are minimum dressed sizes for dry lumber.
 - 3. Provide dressed lumber, S4S, unless otherwise indicated.
 - Provide dry lumber with 19 percent maximum moisture content at time of dressing for 2-inch nominal thickness or less, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Wood Structural Panels:
 - 1. Plywood: DOC PS 1-15.
 - 2. Thickness: As needed to comply with requirements specified but not less than thickness indicated.
 - 3. Factory mark panels according to indicated standard.

2.3 DIMENSION LUMBER

A. General: Provide dimension lumber of grades and species indicated on the drawings according to the American Lumber Standards Committee National Grading Rule provisions of the grading agency indicated.

2.4 STRUCTURAL WOOD PANELS

- A. Plywood Wall Sheathing: Exposure 1, C-D sheathing.
 - 1. Span Rating: Not less than 32/16.
 - 2. Nominal Thickness: Not less than 1/2 inch.
- B. Plywood Gussets: Exposure 1, C-D sheathing.
 - 1. Span Rating: Not less than 48/24
 - 2. Nominal Thickness: Not less than ¾ inch

2.5 FASTENERS

- A. General: Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this Article for material and manufacture.
 - 1. Where rough carpentry is exposed to weather, in ground contact, or in area of high relative humidity, provide fasteners with hot-dip zinc coating complying with ASTM A 153/A 153M.
- B. Nails, Brads, and Staples: ASTM F 1667.
- C. Power-Driven Fasteners: NER-272.
- D. Wood Screws: ASME B18.6.1.
- E. Lag Bolts: ASME B18.2.1..
- F. Bolts: Steel bolts complying with ASTM A 307, Grade A with ASTM A 563 hex nuts and flat washers.

G. Threaded Rod Material: ASTM A307 Grade C Carbon-steel zinc plated to comply with ASTM B 633, Type III Fe/Zn 5.

2.6 METAL CONNECTION HARDWARE

- A. General: Provide framing anchors manufactured by Simpson Strong-Tie as indicated on drawings or an equivalent substitution of structural capacity, type, and size indicated, and as follows:
 - Research/Evaluation Reports: Provide products acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and for which model code research/evaluation reports exist that show compliance of metal framing anchors, for application indicated, with building code in effect for Project.
 - 2. Allowable Design Loads: Provide products with allowable design loads, as published by manufacturer, which meet or exceed those indicated. Manufacturer's published values shall be determined from empirical data or by rational engineering analysis and demonstrated by comprehensive testing performed by a qualified independent testing agency.
- B. Galvanized Steel Sheet: Hot-dip, zinc-coated steel sheet complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 or G185 coating designation.
 - 1. Provide G185 coating for exterior locations and where indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION

A. Installer must examine areas and existing conditions, including existing wood framing and notify the Contractor in writing of conditions detrimental to proper and timely completion of work. Do not proceed with work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in a manner acceptable to the Installer.

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Set rough carpentry to required levels and lines, with members plumb, true to line, cut, and fitted. Fit rough carpentry to other construction; scribe and cope as needed for accurate fit. Do not notch members around existing mechanical or electrical services. Services are required to be removed prior to the installation of work. Locate furring, nailers, blocking, grounds, and similar supports to comply with requirements for attaching other construction.
- B. Do not use materials with defects that impair quality of rough carpentry or pieces that are too small to use with minimum number of joints or optimum joint arrangement.
- C. Securely attach rough carpentry work to substrate by anchoring and fastening as indicated, complying with the following:
 - 1. NER-272 for power-driven fasteners.
 - 2. Published requirements of metal framing hardware manufacturer.
 - 3. Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in the ICC 2003 International Building Code.
- D. Use common wire nails, unless otherwise indicated. Select fasteners of size that will not fully penetrate members where opposite side will be exposed to view or will receive finish materials. Make tight connections between members. Install fasteners without splitting wood; predrill as required.
- E. Holes bored for the installation of bolts shall be no less than 1/32" larger and no more than 1/16" greater than the bolt diameter per Section 11.1.2.2 of the 2015 NDS

3.3 WOOD BLOCKING, AND NAILER INSTALLATION

- A. Install where indicated and where required for attaching other work. Form to shapes indicated and cut as required for true line and level of attached work. Coordinate locations with other work involved.
- B. Attach items to substrates to support applied loading. Recess bolts and nuts flush with surfaces, unless otherwise indicated. .

3.4 WOOD FRAMING INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Framing Standard: Comply with AFPA's "Manual for Wood Frame Construction," unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Do not splice structural members between supports unless noted otherwise.

3.5 WOOD STRUCTURAL PANEL INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with applicable recommendations contained in APA Form No. E30K, "APA Design/Construction Guide: Residential & Commercial," for types of structural-use panels and applications indicated.
- B. Fastening Methods: Fasten panels as indicated below:
 - 1. Sheathing:
 - a. Nail to wood framing.
 - b. Space panels 1/8 inch apart at edges and ends.

END OF SECTION 06 10 00

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: Wall Sheathing
 - 1. Exterior Wall Sheathing
 - 2. Fasteners
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 06 10 00 "Rough Carpentry".
 - 2. Section 07 25 00 "Weather Barriers" for water-resistive barrier applied over wall sheathing.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product. Indicate component materials and dimensions and include construction and application details.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Stack panels flat with spacers beneath and between each bundle to provide air circulation. Protect sheathing from weather by covering with waterproof sheeting, securely anchored. Provide for air circulation around stacks and under coverings.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 WOOD PANEL PRODUCTS

- A. Emissions: Products shall meet the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- B. Thickness: As needed to comply with requirements specified, but not less than thickness indicated.
- C. Factory mark panels to indicate compliance with applicable standard.

2.2 PRESERVATIVE-TREATED PLYWOOD

A. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: AWPA U1; Category UC4a ground contact pressure treated plywood

- Preservative Chemicals: Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and containing no arsenic or chromium.
- B. Mark plywood with appropriate classification marking of an inspection agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Application: New and replacement exterior wall sheathing located from top of foundation wall/floor slab to (2) feet above top of foundation.

2.3 WALL SHEATHING

- A. Plywood Sheathing: Exposure 1, Structural I sheathing.
 - 1. Span Rating: Not less than 24".
 - 2. Nominal Thickness: Match adjacent existing

2.4 FASTENERS

- A. General: Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this article for material and manufacture.
 - 1. Ring shank Type 304 stainless steel nails long enough to penetrate ¾-inch beyond plywood or OSB sheathing.
- B. Screws for Fastening Sheathing to Wood Framing: ASTM C 1002.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Do not use materials with defects that impair quality of sheathing or pieces that are too small to use with minimum number of joints or optimum joint arrangement. Arrange joints so that pieces do not span between fewer than three support members.
- B. Cut panels at penetrations, edges, and other obstructions of work; fit tightly against abutting construction unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Securely attach to substrate by fastening as indicated, complying with the following:
 - 1. Table 2304.9.1, "Fastening Schedule," in the ICC's International Building Code.
- D. Select fasteners of size that will not fully penetrate members where opposite side will be exposed to view or will receive finish materials. Make tight connections. Install fasteners without splitting wood.
- E. Coordinate sheathing installation with installation of materials installed over sheathing so sheathing is not exposed to precipitation or left exposed at end of the workday when rain is forecast.

3.2 WOOD STRUCTURAL PANEL INSTALLATION

A. General: Comply with applicable recommendations in APA Form No. E30, "Engineered Wood Construction Guide," for types of structural-use panels and applications indicated.

- Fastening Methods: Fasten panels as indicated below: B.
 - 1. Wall Sheathing:
 - a.
 - Nail] to wood framing Space panels 1/8 inch apart at edges and ends. b.

END OF SECTION 06 16 00

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Exterior wood siding.
 - 2. Exterior wood trim.
- B. Related Sections:
 - Section 06 10 00 "Rough Carpentry" for furring, blocking, and other carpentry work not exposed to view.
 - 2. Section 07 25 00 "Weather Barriers" for rainscreen system.
 - 3. Section 09 93 00 "Staining and Transparent finishing" for staining of exterior wood siding.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product. Indicate component materials, dimensions, profiles, textures, and colors and include construction and application details.
 - 1. Include data for wood-preservative treatment from chemical-treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements. Indicate type of preservative used and net amount of preservative retained. Include chemical-treatment manufacturer's written instructions for finishing treated material.
 - 2. For products receiving a waterborne treatment, include statement that moisture content of treated materials was reduced before shipment to Project site to levels specified.
- B. Samples: For each exposed product
 - 1. Samples for Verification: For each species and cut of lumber and panel products, with half of exposed surface finished; 100 sq. in.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Stack lumber, plywood, and other panels flat with spacers between each bundle to provide air circulation.
 - 1. Protect materials from weather by covering with waterproof sheeting, securely anchored.
 - 2. Provide for air circulation around stacks and under coverings.

1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when existing and forecast weather conditions permit work to be performed and at least one coat of specified finish can be applied without exposure to rain, snow, or dampness.

- B. Do not install finish carpentry materials that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
 - 1. Indications that materials are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
 - Indications that materials are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of grading agencies indicated. If no grading agency is indicated, comply with applicable rules of any rules-writing agency certified by the American Lumber Standard Committee's (ALSC) Board of Review. Grade lumber by an agency certified by the ALSC's Board of Review to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.
 - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of inspection agency, indicating grade, species, moisture content at time of surfacing, and mill.
 - 2. For exposed lumber, mark grade stamp on end or back of each piece[, .

2.2 EXTERIOR TRIM

- A. Lumber Trim Unfinished Applications:
 - 1. Species and Grade: Western red cedar; NLGA204a, WCLIB 111e.
 - 2. Maximum Moisture Content: 19 percent.
 - 3. Finger Jointing: Not allowed
 - 4. Face Surface: Saw textured.

2.3 LUMBER SIDING

- A. Species and Grade: Western red cedar; S1S2E Boards, Grade NLGA 204a, WCLIB 111-e,
 - 1. Thickness: 13/16"
 - 2. Profile: lap siding to match profile and dimensions shown on drawings
 - 3. Surfacing:
 - a. Surface to be exposed: Sawn face
 - b. Other surfaces: dressed.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Fasteners for Exterior Finish Carpentry: Provide nails or screws, in sufficient length to penetrate not less than 1-1/2 inches into wood substrate.
 - 1. For face-fastening siding, provide stainless steel checker head siding nails.
 - 2. For applications not otherwise indicated, provide **stainless steel** fasteners.
- B. Wood Glue: Waterproof resorcinol glue recommended by manufacturer for exterior carpentry use.
- C. Flashing: Comply with requirements in Section 07 62 00 "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" for flashing materials installed in exterior finish carpentry.

2.5 FABRICATION

A. Back out or kerf backs of standing and running trim wider than 5 inches except members with ends exposed in finished work.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine finish carpentry materials before installation. Reject materials that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean substrates of projections and substances detrimental to application.
- B. Prime lumber and moldings to be painted, including both faces and edges, unless factory primed.
 - 1. Cut to required lengths and prime ends.
 - 2. Comply with requirements in Section 099113 "Exterior Painting."
- C. Back-prime all siding and exterior trim as detailed and to comply with the requirements of Section 099113, Exterior Painting.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Do not use materials that are unsound, warped, improperly treated or finished, inadequately seasoned, or too small to fabricate with proper jointing arrangements.
 - 1. Do not use manufactured units with defective surfaces, sizes, or patterns.
- B. Install exterior finish carpentry and siding level, plumb, true, and aligned with adjacent materials.
 - 1. Use concealed shims where necessary for alignment.
 - 2. Scribe and cut exterior finish carpentry to fit adjoining work.
 - 3. Refinish and seal cuts as recommended by manufacturer.
 - Install to tolerance of 1/8 inch in 96 inches for level and plumb. Install adjoining exterior finish carpentry with 1/32-inch maximum offset for flush installation and 1/16-inch maximum offset for reveal installation.
 - 5. Coordinate exterior finish carpentry with materials and systems in or adjacent to it.
 - Provide cutouts for mechanical and electrical items that penetrate exterior finish carpentry.

3.4 STANDING AND RUNNING TRIM INSTALLATION

- A. Install flat-grain lumber with bark side exposed to weather.
- B. Install trim with minimum number of joints as is practical, using full-length pieces from maximum lengths of lumber available. Do not use pieces less than 48 inches long, except where necessary.

- 1. Use scarf joints for end-to-end joints.
- 2. Stagger end joints in adjacent and related members.
- C. Fit exterior joints to exclude water.
 - 1. Cope at returns and miter at corners to produce tight-fitting joints, with full-surface contact throughout length of joint.
 - 2. Plane backs of casings to provide uniform thickness across joints, where necessary for alignment.
- D. Where face fastening is unavoidable, set heads of nails flush with surface of siding unless otherwise indicated.

3.5 SIDING INSTALLATION

- A. Install siding to comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 1. Siding shall be installed in full vertical pieces, no flush horizontal joints shall be permitted.
 - 2. Face nail with nails of sufficient length to:
 - a. Penetrate through wood sheathing by ¼" on inside face of sheathing within cavity of stud walls.
 - b. Penetrate through sheathing into exterior solid wood wall plank a minimum of 1-1/4".
 - c. Penetrate through sheathing of stud walls a minimum of 1-1/4" into exterior studs or intermediate wood blocking.
 - d. Locate nails as detailed and dimensioned from edges to avoid splitting.
 - e. Vertical spacing shall be 16" oc. Align nails across face of siding horizontally.
 - f. Set nails flush with face. HAMMER MARKS, TOOL MARKS OR INDENTATIONS SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED.

3.6 ADJUSTING

- A. Replace exterior finish carpentry that is damaged or does not comply with requirements.
 - Exterior finish carpentry may be repaired or refinished if work complies with requirements and shows no evidence of repair or refinishing.
- B. Adjust joinery for uniform appearance.

3.7 CLEANING

- A. Clean exterior finish carpentry on exposed and semi-exposed surfaces.
- B. Touch up factory-applied finishes to restore damaged or soiled areas.

3.8 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed products from damage from weather and other causes during construction.
- B. Remove and replace finish carpentry materials that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
 - 1. Indications that materials are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
 - 2. Indications that materials are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

END OF SECTION 06 20 13

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Interior Wood trim.
 - 2. Interior Wood paneling.
 - 3. Fasteners and adhesives.
- B. Related Requirements: Section 061000 "Rough Carpentry" for furring, blocking, and other carpentry work not exposed to view and for framing exposed to view.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color and texture specified.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of product involving selection of colors, profiles, or textures.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Stack lumber, plywood, and other panels flat with spacers between each bundle to provide air circulation.
 - 1. Protect materials from weather by covering with waterproof sheeting, securely anchored.
 - 2. Provide for air circulation around stacks and under coverings.
- B. Deliver interior finish carpentry materials only when environmental conditions comply with requirements specified for installation areas. If interior finish carpentry materials must be stored in other than installation areas, store only where environmental conditions comply with requirements specified for installation areas.

1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install interior finish carpentry materials until building is enclosed and weatherproof, wet-work in space is completed and nominally dry, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature and relative humidity at occupancy levels during the remainder of the construction period.
- B. Do not install finish carpentry materials that are wet, moisture damaged, or mold damaged.
 - 1. Indications that materials are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
 - Indications that materials are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of grading agencies indicated. If no grading agency is indicated, comply with applicable rules of any rules-writing agency certified by the American Lumber Standard Committee's (ALSC) Board of Review. Grade lumber by an agency certified by the ALSC's Board of Review to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.
 - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
 - 2. For exposed lumber, mark grade stamp on end or back of each piece, or omit grade stamp and provide certificates of grade compliance issued by grading agency.

2.2 INTERIOR TRIM

- A. Softwood Lumber Trim for Transparent Finish (Stain or Clear Finish):
 - 1. Species and Grade: Western red cedar; NLGA, WCLIB, or WWPA Grade A.
 - 2. Maximum Moisture Content: 15.
 - 3. Finger Jointing: Not allowed.
 - 4. Face Surface: Surfaced (smooth).
- B. Lumber Trim for Opaque Finish (Painted Finish):
 - 1. Species and Grade: Spruce-pine-fir; NeLMA, NLGA, WCLIB, or WWPA 1 Common.
 - 2. Species and Grade: Alder, aspen, basswood, cottonwood, gum, magnolia, soft maple, sycamore, tupelo, or yellow poplar; NHLA A Finish
 - 3. Maximum Moisture Content 13 percent.
 - 4. Finger Jointing: Not allowed.
 - 5. Face Surface: Surfaced (smooth).

2.3 PANELING

- A. Board Paneling:
 - 1. Species and Grade: Western red cedar; NLGA, WCLIB, or WWPA Grade A
 - 2. Maximum Moisture Content: 15 percent.
 - 3. Net Coverage Width: Not less than 11-1/16 inches-Match existing 1 x 12 boards
 - 4. Face Surface: Unsurfaced (rough) where indicated to match existing.
 - 5. Smooth Surface: Where indicated.
 - 6. Edge Profile: Square edge for but-joined pattern.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Fasteners for Interior Finish Carpentry: Nails, screws, and other anchoring devices of type, size, material, and finish required for application indicated to provide secure attachment, concealed where possible.
- B. Low-Emitting Materials: Adhesives shall comply with testing and product requirements of the California Department of Public Health's "Standard Method for the Testing and Evaluation of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Indoor Sources Using Environmental Chambers."
- C. Glue: Aliphatic-resin, polyurethane, or resorcinol wood glue recommended by manufacturer for general carpentry use.

2.5 FABRICATION

- A. Back out or kerf backs of the following members, except those with ends exposed in finished work:
 - 1. Interior standing and running trim, except shoe and crown molds.
 - 2. Wood-board paneling.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine finish carpentry materials before installation. Reject materials that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean substrates of projections and substances detrimental to application.
- B. Before installing interior finish carpentry, condition materials to average prevailing humidity in installation areas for a minimum of 24 hours unless longer conditioning is recommended by manufacturer.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Do not use materials that are unsound; warped; improperly treated or finished; inadequately seasoned; too small to fabricate with proper jointing arrangements; or with defective surfaces, sizes, or patterns.
- B. Install interior finish carpentry level, plumb, true, and aligned with adjacent materials.
 - 1. Use concealed shims where necessary for alignment.
 - 2. Scribe and cut interior finish carpentry to fit adjoining work. Refinish and seal cuts as recommended by manufacturer.
 - 3. Where face fastening is unavoidable, countersink fasteners, fill surface flush, and sand unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Install to tolerance of 1/8 inch in 96 inches for level and plumb. Install adjoining interior finish carpentry with 1/32-inch maximum offset for flush installation and 1/16-inch maximum offset for reveal installation.
 - 5. Coordinate interior finish carpentry with materials and systems in or adjacent to it. Provide cutouts for mechanical and electrical items that penetrate interior finish carpentry.

3.4 STANDING AND RUNNING TRIM INSTALLATION

- A. Install trim with minimum number of joints as is practical, using full-length pieces from maximum lengths of lumber available.
 - 1. Do not use pieces less than 24 inches long, except where necessary.
 - 2. Stagger joints in adjacent and related standing and running trim.
 - 3. Use scarf joints for end-to-end joints.

- 4. Plane backs of casings to provide uniform thickness across joints where necessary for alignment.
- 5. Match color and grain pattern of trim for transparent finish (stain or clear finish) across joints.
- 6. Install trim after gypsum-board joint finishing operations are completed.
- 7. Install without splitting; drill pilot holes before fastening where necessary to prevent splitting.
- 8. Fasten to prevent movement or warping.
- 9. Countersink fastener heads on exposed carpentry work and fill holes.

3.5 PANELING INSTALLATION

- A. Board Paneling: Install according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - Arrange in random-width pattern suggested by manufacturer unless boards or planks are of uniform width.
 - 2. Install in full lengths without end joints.
 - 3. Install with uniform end joints. Locate end joints only over furring or blocking.
 - 4. Install with uniform tight joints between boards.
 - 5. Fasten paneling by face nailing, setting nails, and filling over nail heads.

3.6 ADJUSTING

- A. Replace interior finish carpentry that is damaged or does not comply with requirements.
 - 1. Interior finish carpentry may be repaired or refinished if work complies with requirements and shows no evidence of repair or refinishing.
- B. Adjust joinery for uniform appearance.

3.7 CLEANING

- A. Clean interior finish carpentry on exposed and semiexposed surfaces.
- B. Restore damaged or soiled areas and touch up factory-applied finishes if any.

3.8 PROTECTION

- A. Protect installed products from damage from weather and other causes during construction.
- B. Remove and replace finish carpentry materials that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
 - 1. Indications that materials are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
 - 2. Indications that materials are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

END OF SECTION 06 20 23

PART 1---GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. This procedure includes guidance on stabilizing decayed wood members with epoxy consolidant and filler.
- B. Deterioration and decay in wood results from moisture infiltration, accompanying fungal growth and insect infestation. Paint, caulk and sealant failures are also a major cause of wood deterioration.
- C. Some sources of moisture may include the original moisture in green wood, rainwater, condensation, ground water, piped water, and water released by water- conducting fungus through the process of decay itself.
- D. Epoxy repair may be appropriate if:
 - The piece to be repaired is historically significant. Epoxy repair makes it possible to retain most of an original component by selectively repairing only the damaged area.
 - 2. If the piece is decorative and replacement would be too expensive or impossible.
- E. Epoxy repair may NOT be appropriate if:
 - 1. The piece is a structural member. Epoxy has adequate compression strength, but is not the best choice to repair a member in tension. In this case, replacement is usually a better option.
 - The wood to be repaired is to remain unpainted, as the epoxy is quite different in appearance than wood. In this case, the wood should be selectively replaced.
 - 3. If the area to be repaired is large, as epoxy repair can be expensive.
- F. See 01100-07-S for general project guidelines to be reviewed along with this procedure. These guidelines cover the following sections:
 - 1. Safety Precautions
 - 2. Historic Structures Precautions
 - 3. Submittals
 - 4. Quality Assurance
 - 5. Delivery, Storage and Handling
 - 6. Project/Site Conditions
 - 7. Sequencing and Scheduling
 - 8. General Protection (Surface and Surrounding)

These guidelines should be reviewed prior to performing this procedure and should be followed, when applicable, along with recommendations from the Regional Historic Preservation Officer (RHPO).

PART 2---PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Conserv Epoxy LLC 8 Lakeside Trail Kinnelon, NJ 07405 201/838-6412
- B. Abatron, Inc.5501 95th Ave.Kenosha, WI 53144800/445-1754 or 414/653-2000
- C. Roux Laboratories5344 Overmyer Dr.Jacksonville, FL 32205904/693-1200

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Epoxy consolidant and epoxy filler, both are multiple part compounds. Purchase by the gallon unless a large amount of epoxying needs to be done. Use one of the following, or approved equal:
 - "Con Serv (T) Flexible Consolidant 100" (Conservation Services): Cures slowly with a 5 to 7 hour application time to allow deep penetration. Complete hardness is achieved in 3 to 6 days.
 - "Con Serv (T) Flexible Patch 200" (Conservation Services): A four part putty-like filler; Is not easy to mix in small amounts; Consistency And hardness are easily controlled with this material.

NOTE: The products of Conservation Services are recommended for treatment of thicker wood such as window sills. Because of its slower curing time, it allows for deeper penetration into members.

- 3. "Liquidwood-1" Consolidant (Abatron): Solidifies in a short period of time.
- "Woodepox-2" Adhesive Paste (Abatron): A two-part paste mix; final hardness is determined by varying the ratio of the two parts. The LiquidWood can be used as a thinner, but this reduces the flexibility of the filler.

NOTE: These Abatron products are recommended for use on smaller members such as window sashes where deep penetration of consolidant is not required. The quick drying feature is an advantage for small, but repetitive, jobs. Abatron carries twenty different types of wood consolidants with varying degrees of penetration.

- B. Oil clay that can be purchased from a hobby store used to keep consolidant from leaking through cracks.
- C. Nitril Rubber Gloves (Abatron)
- D. Disposable vinyl gloves: Available from drug store or pharmaceutical supply distributor in 50 count or larger boxes.

2.3 EQUIPMENT

A. Plastic bottles, like those used for hair dye, to apply the consolidant; having many on hand is recommended. Cleaning of the bottles for reuse is possible.

- B. Applicator bottles: Available from drug store and sold for hair dye application usually in 8 fl. oz. size; Also available in bulk from Roux Laboratories. Roux Color Applicators lend themselves more easily to cleaning and reuse.
- C. Rags of different sizes to wipe up spills before epoxy has a chance to harden, small rags are recommended for quick one time uses such as wiping off spouts and caps.
- Thin wooden sticks, approximately 8" long for scooping out paste and mixing consolidant.
- E. Goggles and a respirator for protection from fumes.
- F. Putty knives for application of filler
- G. Channel lock pliers for opening stuck caps
- H. Allen wrench to clean out cap holes
- I. Needle nose pliers to pull out hardened epoxy
- J. 1/8"x8"x12" Masonite boards for mixing paste filler
- K. Carbon dioxide fire extinguisher: Curing epoxy creates heat that may cause fire
- L. Rotary saw
- M. Air compressor
- N. Drill
- O. Stiff bristle brushes

PART 3---EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Detect rot using the "Pick Test":
 - 1. Insert an ice pick into the wood at a slight angle.
 - Lift the pick out. If the wood splinters in long pieces, the wood is ok. If the wood snaps where the pick is being lifted, the wood is decayed.
- B. When rot is discovered:
 - 1. Determine the source of moisture infiltration and eliminate it.
 - a. If rot is only present on the surface, drying is all that is necessary to stop the spread of decay and kill off any growth.
 - 2. If source of moisture is unknown, treat the wood with a preservative.
 - a. Preservatives are caustic chemicals and should be handled with care.
 - A particularly dangerous wood preserving chemical is pentachlorophenol (a.k.a. penta).
 - CAUTION: THIS CHEMICAL IS CARCINOGENIC AND ITS USE IS BANNED IN MANY STATES.

Preservatives will eliminate fungal growth, but generally do not restored strength to The deteriorated wood material.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Preparation:
 - Dry affected wood member completely to arrest further decay. Dry in place if possible -or- remove the member and keep in a cool dry place until dry.

CAUTION: IF THIS PRECAUTION IS NOT TAKEN, THE EPOXY CAN ACTUALLY TRAP MOISTURE IN WOOD FIBERS AND ACCELERATE THE DECAY PROCESS.

- 2. Have all materials at hand before the mixing process begins.
- Label all caps and lids so that a cap or lid is not placed on the wrong container or it may remain there permanently.

3.3 ERECTION, INSTALLATION, APPLICATION

CAUTION: AS EPOXIES CURE, HEAT IS PRODUCED. FOR THIS REASON, EPOXIES SHOULD BE USED IN SMALL QUANTITIES TO DETER EXTENSIVE HEAT BUILD-UP. CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN WHEN USING EPOXY ON A HOT DAY.

- A. Repair decayed wood using epoxy wood consolidant:
 - 1. Drill 1/4" or 3/16" holes in affected wood to receive epoxy consolidant:
 - a. Drill holes at an angle and spaced approximately 2" on center in staggered rows. The top of one hole should line up with the bottom of the next hole.

CAUTION: BE SURE NOT TO DRILL THROUGH THE ENTIRE SURFACE FOR CONSOLIDANT WILL LEAK OUT FROM BEHIND.

- b. Dam any surface cracks with oil clay so that epoxy will not leak.
- Remove sawdust and dirt from drilled holes using compressed air or stiff bristle brushes.
- Following manufacturer's instructions, mix a small amount of the consolidant components (resin and hardener) together in an applicator bottle. Stir the mixture thoroughly by hand with a thin stick for 4 minutes or with a bent coat hanger chucked into a drill for 2 minutes.
- 4. Using a large plastic syringe or squeeze bottle and tube spout, carefully squirt the consolidant into the pre-drilled holes. Completely saturate the wood, moving from hole to hole refilling until the wood can hold no more. More than one application may be needed.
- Wipe off any excess consolidant or spills and cover the treated area to protect until cured as directed by epoxy manufacturer.
- 6. If severed pieces need to be re-attached, glue them in place with a mixture of consolidant and filler.
- B. When the consolidant has cured, fill the voids in the surface with epoxy filler (wood-epoxy putty):
 - 1. Mix the two part epoxy filler following the same procedures for mixing consolidant in

Section 3.03 A.3. above. Mix filler to achieve the consistency of a glazing compound that can be worked with a putty knife.

- 2. Apply the filler to the surface:
 - a. For large voids, apply filler in 1" thick layers. This reduces the possibility of problems associated with heat build-up.
 - b. Build up filler layers slightly above the wood surface to allow for planing and sanding smooth after it has cured.
- 3. When the filler has cured, sand or plane the surface smooth.
- 4. Apply a wood preservative to surrounding wood surfaces and prime and paint the entire surface.

END OF SECTION

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes: Cleaning existing wood shingle roof.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-prepared product.
 - 1. Include non-MSDS data for all cleaning solution ingredients.
 - 2. MSDS literature for each of the cleaning solution ingredients.
- B. Mockup: Provide a test mock-up on a 3'-0" x 3'-0" using the specified products and technique for review and approval by the Architect and Owner. This mockup shall determine if the specified products and technique will be sufficient. If it is determine to be insufficient, perform a second mockup adjacent to the first using a different product and/or technique for the Architect's and Owner's review and approval. Providing that the first mock-up is not approved, and therefore not applied, the second product and technique shall use, upon approval, and included in the Contract Sum, except for a difference in the cost of the product, if any.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Compliance Certificates: MSDS literature submitted for information only.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Deliver and store cleaning chemicals in original containers in conditions specified by the manufacturer.

1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with cleaning only when existing and forecast weather conditions permit work to be performed without exposure to rain, snow, freezing weather or excessive dampness.
- B. Sequence and Schedule: Perform the cleaning after the roof has been repaired and patched, after the chimney has been installed and flashed, but before Work that is completed that could be subject to damage by the cleaning process. This includes, but is not limited to painting of exterior siding, window repair/sash replacement and landscaping. It is up to the General Contractor to determine the sequence and scheduling of all Work, including the temporary projection, repair and replacement thereof.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

A. Cleaning Solutions: Provide a cleaning solution in the following proportions:

- 1. 3 ounces of trisodium phosphate
- 2. 1 ounce of detergent (for example, Tide or All).
- 3. 1 quart of 5% sodium hypochlorite (liquid bleach).
- 4. 3 quarts of warm water.
- B. Rinsing Solution: Clean potable water.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine entire roof surface, note any loose or irreparably damaged shingles.
- B. Replace irreparably damaged shingles in whole pieces, matching the existing size, exposure, striations, shape, thickness, species and grade of the existing shingle.
- C. Examine and verify nature of existing vegetative growth on roof surface. Test a sample at The Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station. http://www.ct.gov/caes/site/default.asp
- D. Proceed with cleaning only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Remove all debris and growth from the roof surface. Clean moss from roof without causing damage using stiff brooms, garden hose or, if necessary a pressure washer properly adjusted to not cause erosion of the shingle or shake surface. Clean accumulated dirt and debris from all keyways between shingles.
- B. Do not damage surface or shingle texture.
- C. Protect all surfaces below roof from stain causing run-off.

3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Mix the specified or substitute chemicals at the proportions determined necessary to be effective.
- B. Apply mixture evenly to the surface and keyways with a canister sprayer. Scrub with a soft brush or light broom. Do not apply more than what can be scrubbed before evaporating. Do not apply in direct sunlight.
- C. Rinse surface with clean potable water with a garden hose or pressure washer adjusted to the correct pressure to not cause damage to the wood texture.
- D. Repeat application to areas necessary to remove visible residue.
- E. Rinse residue from surrounding or below surfaces.

END OF SECTION 07 01 20.27

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Glass-fiber blanket.
 - 2. Glass-Fiber Loose-Fill insulation.
- B. Related Sections:
 - 1. Section 09 29 00 "Gypsum Board": Sound-attenuation blankets.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Test Reports: For each product, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency.
- B. Evaluation Reports: For foam-plastic insulation, from ICC-ES.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Protect insulation materials from physical damage and from deterioration due to moisture, soiling, and other sources. Store inside and in a dry location. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for handling, storing, and protecting during installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GLASS-FIBER BLANKET

- A. Glass-Fiber Blanket, Unfaced: ASTM C 665, Type I; with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 25 and 50, respectively, per ASTM E 84; passing ASTM E 136 for combustion characteristics.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Johns Manville; a Berkshire Hathaway company.
 - b. CertainTeed Corporation.
 - c. Owens Corning.

- B. Glass-Fiber Blanket, Polypropylene-Scrim-Kraft Faced: ASTM C 665, Type II (nonreflective faced), Class A (faced surface with a flame-spread index of 25 or less); Category 1 (membrane is a vapor barrier).
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Johns Manville; a Berkshire Hathaway company.
 - b. CertainTeed Corporation.
 - c. Owens Corning.

2.2 LOOSE-FILL INSULATION

- A. Glass-Fiber Loose-Fill Blow-In Insulation, ASTM C 764, with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 5, per ASTM E 84.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Johns Manville: a Berkshire Harthaway company
 - 1) Climate Pro B7600
 - b. CertainTeed Corportation
 - 1) Optima Blow-In Insulation
 - c. Knauf Insulation
 - Perfect Fill

2.3 ACCESSORIES

- A. Insulation for Miscellaneous Voids, included annular space around windows & exterior door frames.
 - Glass-Fiber Insulation: ASTM C 764, Type II, loose fill; with maximum flame-spread and smokedeveloped indexes of 5, per ASTM E 84.
 - 2. Spray Polyurethane Foam Insulation: ASTM C 1029, Type II, closed cell, with maximum flame-spread and smoke-developed indexes of 75 and 450, respectively, per ASTM E 84.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Clean substrates of substances that are harmful to insulation, including removing projections capable of puncturing insulation or vapor retarders, or that interfere with insulation attachment.

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Comply with insulation manufacturer's written instructions applicable to products and applications.
- B. Install insulation that is undamaged, dry, and unsoiled and that has not been left exposed to ice, rain, or snow at any time.
- C. Extend insulation to envelop entire area to be insulated. Fit tightly around obstructions and fill voids with insulation. Remove projections that interfere with placement.

D. Provide sizes to fit applications and selected from manufacturer's standard thicknesses, widths, and lengths. Apply single layer of insulation units unless multiple layers are otherwise shown or required to make up total thickness or to achieve R-value.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF INSULATION IN FRAMED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Blanket Insulation: Install in cavities formed by framing members according to the following requirements:
 - 1. Use insulation widths and lengths that fill the cavities formed by framing members. If more than one length is required to fill the cavities, provide lengths that will produce a snug fit between ends.
 - 2. Place insulation in cavities formed by framing members to produce a friction fit between edges of insulation and adjoining framing members.
 - 3. Maintain 3-inch clearance of insulation around recessed lighting fixtures not rated for or protected from contact with insulation.
 - 4. Attics: Install eave ventilation troughs between roof framing members in insulated attic spaces at vented eaves.
 - 5. For metal-framed wall cavities where cavity heights exceed 96 inches, support unfaced blankets mechanically and support faced blankets by taping flanges of insulation to flanges of metal studs.
 - 6. For wood-framed construction, install blankets according to ASTM C 1320 and as follows:
 - a. With faced blankets having stapling flanges, lap blanket flange over flange of adjacent blanket to maintain continuity of vapor retarder once finish material is installed over it.
 - 7. Vapor-Retarder-Faced Blankets: Tape joints and ruptures in vapor-retarder facings, and seal each continuous area of insulation to ensure airtight installation.
 - a. Exterior Walls: Set units with facing placed toward interior of construction.
- B. Miscellaneous Voids: Install insulation in miscellaneous voids and cavity spaces where required to prevent gaps in insulation using the following materials:
 - 1. Glass-Fiber Insulation: Compact to approximately 40 percent of normal maximum volume equaling a density of approximately 2.5 lb/cu. ft.
 - 2. Spray Polyurethane Insulation: Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Loose-Fill Insulation: Apply according to ASTM C 1015 and manufacturer's written instructions. Level horizontal applications to uniform thickness as indicated, lightly settle to uniform density, but do not compact excessively.
 - 1. For cellulosic-fiber loose-fill insulation, comply with CIMA's Bulletin #2, "Standard Practice for Installing Cellulose Insulation."

3.4 PROTECTION

A. Protect installed insulation from damage due to harmful weather exposures, physical abuse, and other causes. Provide temporary coverings or enclosures where insulation is subject to abuse and cannot be concealed and protected by permanent construction immediately after installation.

END OF SECTION 07 21 00

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Self-adhering air and water resistive barrier (WRB).
 - 2. Rainscreen ventilation system including, battens and vents behind exterior siding.
 - 3. Self-adhering flashing.
 - 4. Adhesives/primers.
 - 5. All accessories required for a complete installation.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - For building wrap, include data on air and water-vapor permeance based on testing according to referenced standards.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Self-adhering Air and Water Resistive Barrier (WRB) and auxiliary materials shall comply with the following system requirements:
 - 1. Obtain WRB and auxiliary materials as a single-source from the WRB Manufacturer to ensure total system compatibility and integrity
 - 2. Acceptance Criteria for Weather-Resistive Barriers: ICC ES AC38: Pass
 - 3. Air Permeance: ASTM E2178: Pass
 - 4. Water Vapor Permeance: ASTM E96: Pass
 - Water Penetration Resistance Around Nails:
 - a. AAMA 711-05: Pass
 - b. ASTM D1970: Pass
 - 6. WRB Barrier Manufacturers/Products:
 - a. Henry Company: Blueskin VP100
 - b. Grace Construction Products: VYCOR enV-s
 - c. Carlisle Coatings and Waterprrofing: CCW-705VP
 - 7. Self-adhering Flashing Manufacturers/Products
 - a. Henry Company: Bluseskin WB

- b. Grace Construction Products: VYCOR Plus
- c. Carlisle Coatings and Waterproofing: CCW-705

All flashings shall be fully compatible with WRB material. Verify compatibility with manufacturer of each product prior to installation.

- 8. Sealant Manufacturers/Products
 - a. Henry Company: Henry 212 All Purpose Crystal Clear Sealant
 - b. Grace Construction Products: Perm-A-Barrier S100 Sealant
 - c. Carlisle Coatings and Waterproofing: CCW-BarriBond

All sealants shall be fully compatible with air and WRB material and flashing. Verify compatibility with manufacturer of each product prior to installation.

- 9. Adhesive-Primer Manufacturers/Products:
 - a. Henry Company: Blueskin Adhesive
 - b. Grace Construction Products: Perm-A-Barrier Primer Plus
 - c. Carlisle Coatings and Waterproofing: CCW 702 Primer

Provide adhesive-primers where recommended by WRB Manufacturer. All adhesive-primers shall be fully compatible with air and WRB material and flashing. Verify compatibility with manufacturer of each product prior to installation.

- B. Rainscreen Ventilation System
 - 1. Battens: Corrosion free, extruded, corrugated, high-density polypropylene.
 - a. Dimensions: 3/8 thick by manufacturer's standard width and length.
 - b. Color: Black
 - c. Manufacturers/Products:
 - 1) Cor-A-Vent: SS-112 Sturdi Strips
 - 2) DuPont: RainVent Battens
 - 3) Quarrix Building Products: Furring Strips
 - 2. Vents: Corrosion-free, extruded, corrugated, high-density polypropylene, color black
 - a. Dimensions: 3/8 thick by manufacturer's standard width and length.
 - b. Color: Black
 - c. Manufacturers/Products:
 - 1) Cor-A-Vent: SV-3 Rainscreen Siding Vents
 - 2) DuPont: RainVent Battens.
 - 3) Quarrix Building Products: Furring Strips.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 MANUFACTURER'S INSTRUCTIONS

A. Install all products in strict compliance with manufacturers' instructions and recommendations.

3.2 EXAMINATION

A. Site Verification of Conditions

 Verify substrates to receive Work and surrounding adjacent surfaces are in accordance with Air Barrier Manufacturer's installation guide and as specified in this Section prior to installation of selfadhered air barrier assembly

2. Continuous substrate

- a. Existing substrate must be continuous and secured prior to application of air barrier.
- b. Securely fasten sheathing panels and install flush to ensure a continuous substrate in accordance with Air Barrier Manufacturer's installation guide and as specified in this Section.
- c. Fastener penetrations must be set flush with sheathing and fastened into solid backing.
- d. Refer to Air Barrier Manufacturer's details
- 3. Do not install air barrier over substrates that are wet to touch
- B. The installing contractor shall examine and determine that surfaces and conditions are ready to accept the Work of this Section in accordance with the Air Barrier Manufacturer's installation guide and as specified in this Section. Commencement of Work or any parts thereof shall mean installer's acceptance of the substrate
- C. Do not apply air barrier until substrate and environmental conditions are in accordance with Air Barrier Manufacturer's installation guide and as specified in this Section

3.3 AIR AND WATER-RESISTIVE BARRIER INSTALLATION

- A. Ensure substrate is ready to receive air barrier in accordance with Air and Water-Resistive Barrier Manufacturer's installation guide and as specified in this Section.
- B. Temperature limitation:
 - 1. Primary Barrier: Substrate temperature must be above 20 degrees F.
 - 2. Auxiliary products: Temperature limitations may vary. Refer to Air Barrier Manufacturer's product TDS for product specific temperature limitations.
- C. Where required, install adhesive/primer continuously and at rate recommended by Air Barrier Manufacturer to ensure complete substrate coverage of anticipated flashing installation area
- D. Peel protective film from primary air barrier and align top of verifying proper positioning prior to complete film removal and placement
- E. Press primary barrier firmly into place by applying hand pressure to the middle of the membrane and working the pressure to the edges; eliminating wrinkles and air bubbles
- F. Install primary air barrier in shingle fashion to eliminate reverse laps
- G. Roll primary air barrier and laps with countertop roller to obtain thorough adhesion
- H. Seal permanent reverse laps of primary air barrier with termination sealant
- I. Fastener Penetrations Through Primary Barrier

- 1. It is the responsibility of the installer penetrating the air barrier assembly to install fasteners/assembly components in accordance with the Air Barrier Manufacturer's installation guide and as specified in this Section.
- 2. Installation requirements:
 - Drill fasteners/assembly components with sufficient compression to maintain continuity in the air barrier assembly.
 - b. Refer to "Self-tapping fasteners" and/or "Pre-drilled fasteners".

3. Supplemental sealant:

a. Penetrations that do not meet installation requirements require the addition of termination sealant at point of insertion through the air barrier to maintain continuity in the air barrier assembly.

4. Self-tapping fasteners:

- a. Fastener head/assembly component must be larger in diameter than the fastener shank.
- b. Install fastener head/assembly component to provide a continuous compression firmly against the air barrier creating a gasketing seal without damaging the membrane.
- c. Do not install fastener head/assembly components through the air barrier over unsupported areas of the substrate such as sheathing joints.
- d. Remove overdriven fasteners, improperly installed fasteners, defective/broken fasteners, or fasteners not properly fastened into the building structure beyond the air barrier membrane and seal the vacated hole with termination sealant prior to the installation of the exterior cladding.

5. Pre-drilled fastening assemblies:

- a. Fastening head/assembly component must be larger in diameter than predrilled hole.
- b. Install fastening head/assembly component to provide a continuous compression firmly against the air barrier creating a gasketing seal without damaging the membrane.
- c. Do not install fastening head/assembly components through air barrier over unsupported areas of the substrate such as sheathing joints.
- 6. Seal improperly drilled and/or vacated holes with termination sealant prior to the installation of the exterior cladding

3.4 SELF-ADHERING FLASHING INSTALLATION

- A. Where required install adhesive/primer continuously at rate recommended by Air Barrier Manufacturer ensuring complete substrate coverage of anticipated flashing installation area.
- B. Measure and cut self-adhered flashing to ensure adequate length to achieve continuous coverage of desired installation
- C. Peel protective film from self-adhered flashing and align top of membrane verifying proper positioning prior to complete film removal and flashing placement
- D. Press self-adhered flashing firmly into place by applying hand pressure to the middle of the membrane and working the pressure to the edges; eliminating wrinkles and air bubbles
- E. Install self-adhered flashings in shingle fashion to eliminate reverse laps

- F. Where required, prime laps at rate recommended by Air Barrier Manufacturer to ensure complete coverage of anticipated lap installation
- G. Lap adjoining edges a per manufacturer's instructions
- H. Roll flashing and laps with countertop roller to obtain thorough adhesion
- I. Seal reverse laps at self-adhered flashing with sealant. Sealant recommendations may vary due to product or sequence of construction. Refer to Air Barrier Manufacturer details for recommended sealant

3.5 RAINSCREEN DRAINAGE AND VENTILATION SYSTEM INSTALLATION

- A. Full ventilation behind exterior siding is required. Coordinate installation with the self-adhered air and water-resistive barrier and flashing installations.
- B. Siding Vents: Install vent material horizontally in a continuous band along the bottom of wall at the level where the siding begins and at the top of the wall where the siding ends. Install above and below windows and above doors per details and as detailed.
- C. Batten/ Furring Strips: Nail continuous horizontal strips to the exterior wall at vertical stud locations. Install at 16 inches on center vertically for the full height of the exterior siding and as detailed.

END OF SECTION 07 25 00

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes: All Metal Flashing and Trim:
 - 1. Wall Bottom Flashing
 - 2. Roof to Wall Flashing
 - 3. Air baffles at the top of rainscreen vent system.
 - 4. Window Head flashing.
 - Misc. Roof Edge Flashing.
 - 6. Roof to Cupola Flashing
 - 7. Roof Penetration Flashing at HVAC vent penetration.

1.3 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate sheet metal flashing and trim layout and seams with sizes and locations of penetrations to be flashed, and joints and seams in adjacent materials.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Do not store sheet metal flashing and trim materials in contact with other materials that might cause staining, denting, or other surface damage. Store sheet metal flashing and trim materials away from uncured concrete and masonry.
- B. Protect strippable protective covering on sheet metal flashing and trim from exposure to sunlight and high humidity, except to extent necessary for period of sheet metal flashing and trim installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General: Sheet metal flashing and trim assemblies shall withstand wind loads, structural movement, thermally induced movement, and exposure to weather without failure due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction. Completed sheet metal flashing and trim shall not rattle, leak, or loosen, and shall remain watertight.

B. Sheet Metal Standard for Flashing and Trim: Comply with SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" requirements for dimensions and profiles shown unless more stringent requirements are indicated.

2.2 SHEET METALS

- A. General: Protect mechanical and other finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying strippable, temporary protective film before shipping.
- A. Zinc-coated copper sheet: Cold rolled ounce weight 16-ounce copper coated both sides with tin-zinc alloy. Base copper sheet or coil shall comply with ASTM B370.

2.3 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide materials and types of fasteners, solder, protective coatings, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required for complete sheet metal flashing and trim installation and as recommended by manufacturer of primary sheet metal unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Fasteners: Wood screws, annular threaded nails, self-tapping screws, self-locking rivets and bolts, and other suitable fasteners designed to withstand design loads and recommended by manufacturer of primary sheet metal
 - 1. General: Blind fasteners or self-drilling screws, gasketed, with hex-washer head.
 - Exposed Fasteners: Heads matching color of sheet metal using plastic caps or factoryapplied coating. Provide metal-backed EPDM or PVC sealing washers under heads of exposed fasteners bearing on weather side of metal.
 - Blind Fasteners: High-strength aluminum or stainless-steel rivets suitable for metal being fastened.
 - Spikes and Ferrules: Same material as gutter; with spike with ferrule matching internal gutter width.
 - 2. Fasteners for Copper, Zinc-Tin Alloy-Coated Copper Sheet: Copper, hardware bronze or passivated Series 300 stainless steel.
- C. Solder:]: ASTM B 32, 100 percent tin, with maximum lead content of 0.2 percent, as recommended by sheet metal manufacturer

2.4 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. General: Custom fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim to comply with details shown and recommendations in cited sheet metal standard that apply to design, dimensions, geometry, metal thickness, and other characteristics of item required. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim in shop to greatest extent possible.
 - 1. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim in thickness or weight needed to comply with performance requirements, but not less than that specified for each application and metal.
 - 2. Obtain field measurements for accurate fit before shop fabrication.
 - 3. Form sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates without excessive oil canning, buckling, and tool marks; true to line, levels, and slopes; and with exposed edges folded back to form hems.
 - 4. Conceal fasteners and expansion provisions where possible. Do not use exposed fasteners on faces exposed to view.
- B. Fabrication Tolerances: Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim that is capable of installation to tolerances specified in MCA's "Guide Specification for Residential Metal Roofing."

- C. Fabricate cleats and attachment devices from same material as accessory being anchored or from compatible, noncorrosive metal.
- D. Do not use graphite pencils to mark metal surfaces.

2.5 WALL SHEET METAL FABRICATIONS

A. Opening Flashings in Frame Construction: Fabricate head, sill, and similar flashings to extend **4 inches** beyond wall openings. Form head and sill flashing with 2-inch- high, end dams.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, substrate, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
 - 1. Verify compliance with requirements for installation tolerances of substrates.
 - 2. Verify that substrate is sound, dry, smooth, clean, sloped for drainage, and securely anchored.
 - 3. Verify that air- or water-resistant barriers have been installed over sheathing or backing substrate to prevent air infiltration or water penetration.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. General: Anchor sheet metal flashing and trim and other components of the Work securely in place, with provisions for thermal and structural movement. Use fasteners, solder, protective coatings, separators, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required to complete sheet metal flashing and trim system.
 - 1. Install sheet metal flashing and trim true to line, levels, and slopes. Provide uniform, neat seams with minimum exposure of solder, welds, and sealant.
 - 2. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates and to result in watertight performance. Verify shapes and dimensions of surfaces to be covered before fabricating sheet metal.
 - 3. Space cleats not more than 12 inches apart. Attach each cleat with at least two fasteners. Bend tabs over fasteners.
 - 4. Do not use graphite pencils to mark metal surfaces.
- B. Metal Protection: Where dissimilar metals contact each other, or where metal contacts pressure-treated wood or other corrosive substrates, protect against galvanic action or corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous coating or by other permanent separation as recommended by sheet metal manufacturer or cited sheet metal standard.
- C. Conceal fasteners where possible in exposed work and locate to minimize possibility of leakage. Cover and seal fasteners and anchors as required for a tight installation.
- D. Seal joints as required for watertight construction.
 - 1. Use sealant-filled joints unless otherwise indicated. Embed hooked flanges of joint members not less than 1 inch into sealant. Form joints to completely conceal sealant. When ambient temperature at time of installation is between 40 and 70 deg F set joint members for 50 percent movement each way. Adjust setting proportionately for installation at higher ambient temperatures. Do not install sealant-type joints at temperatures below 40 deg).
 - 2. Prepare joints and apply sealants to comply with requirements in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."

E. Soldered Joints: Clean surfaces to be soldered, removing oils and foreign matter..

3.3 WALL FLASHING INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install sheet metal wall flashing to intercept and exclude penetrating moisture according to cited sheet metal standard unless otherwise indicated. Coordinate installation of wall flashing with installation of wall-opening components such as windows, doors, and louvers.
- B. Opening Flashings in Frame Construction: Install continuous head, sill,[jamb,] and similar flashings to extend 4 inches beyond wall openings.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean exposed metal surfaces of substances that interfere with uniform oxidation and weathering.
- B. Clean and neutralize flux materials. Clean off excess solder.
- C. Clean off excess sealants.
- D. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films as sheet metal flashing and trim are installed unless otherwise indicated in manufacturer's written installation instructions. On completion of sheet metal flashing and trim installation, remove unused materials and clean finished surfaces as recommended by sheet metal flashing and trim manufacturer. Maintain sheet metal flashing and trim in clean condition during construction.
- E. Replace sheet metal flashing and trim that have been damaged or that have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.

END OF SECTION 07 62 00

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Pre-finished aluminum gutters & downspouts
 - 2. Gutter supports
 - 3. Screened leaf guards
 - 4. All miscellaneous accessories required for a complete installation

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Samples: For each type of roof specialty and for each color and texture specified.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Do not store roof specialties in contact with other materials that might cause staining, denting, or other surface damage. Store roof specialties away from uncured concrete and masonry.
- B. Protect strippable protective covering on roof specialties from exposure to sunlight and high humidity, except to extent necessary for the period of roof-specialty installation.

1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Field Measurements: Verify profiles and tolerances of roof-specialty substrates by field measurements before fabrication, and indicate measurements on Shop Drawings.
- B. Coordination: Coordinate roof specialties with flashing, trim, and construction of parapets, roof deck, roof and wall panels, and other adjoining work to provide a leakproof, secure, and noncorrosive installation.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty on Painted Finishes: Manufacturer agrees to repair finish or replace roof specialties that show evidence of deterioration of factory-applied finishes within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Fluoropolymer Finish: Deterioration includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- a. Color fading more than 5 Hunter units when tested according to ASTM D 2244.
- b. Chalking in excess of a No. 8 rating when tested according to ASTM D 4214.
- c. Cracking, checking, peeling, or failure of paint to adhere to bare metal.
- 2. Finish Warranty Period: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General Performance: Roof specialties shall withstand exposure to weather and resist thermally induced movement without failure, rattling, leaking, or fastener disengagement due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction.
- B. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes to prevent buckling, opening of joints, hole elongation, overstressing of components, failure of joint sealants, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Provide clips that resist rotation and avoid shear stress as a result of thermal movements. Base calculations on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
 - 1. Temperature Change (Range): 120 deg F, material surfaces.

2.2 ROOF-EDGE DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

- A. Gutters: Manufactured in uniform section lengths not exceeding 12 feet, with matching corner units, ends, outlet tubes, and other accessories. Elevate back edge at least 1 inch above front edge. Furnish flat-stock gutter straps, gutter brackets, expansion joints, and expansion-joint covers fabricated from same metal as gutters.
 - 1. Aluminum Sheet: 0.032 inch thick.
 - 2. Gutter Profile: Style K according to SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual."
 - 3. Corners: Factory mitered and mechanically clinched and sealed watertight.
 - 4. Gutter Supports: Aluminum gutter wedges for each specific fascia pitch. with finish matching the gutters.
 - 5. Gutter Accessories: Continuous screened leaf guard with sheet metal frame.
- B. Downspouts: Plain round complete with machine-crimped elbows, manufactured from the following exposed metal. Furnish with metal hangers, from same material as downspouts, and anchors.
 - 1. Formed Aluminum: 0.032 inch (thick.
- C. Aluminum Finish: Two-coat fluoropolymer.
 - 1. Color: Match existing to remain

2.3 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Fasteners: Manufacturer's recommended fasteners, suitable for application and designed to meet performance requirements. Furnish the following unless otherwise indicated:
 - Exposed Penetrating Fasteners: Gasketed screws with hex washer heads matching color of sheet metal.
 - 2. Fasteners for Aluminum: Aluminum or Series 300 stainless steel.

2.4 FINISHES

A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, to verify actual locations, dimensions, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine fasciasand roof edges for suitable conditions for roof specialties.

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. General: Install roof specialties according to manufacturer's written instructions. Anchor roof specialties securely in place, with provisions for thermal and structural movement. Use fasteners, solder, protective coatings, separators, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required to complete roof-specialty systems.
- B. Metal Protection: Protect metals against galvanic action by separating dissimilar metals from contact with each other or with corrosive substrates by painting contact surfaces with bituminous coating or by other permanent separation as recommended by manufacturer.
- C. Expansion Provisions: Allow for thermal expansion of exposed roof specialties.

3.3 ROOF-EDGE DRAINAGE-SYSTEM INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install components to produce a complete roof-edge drainage system according to manufacturer's written instructions. Coordinate installation of roof perimeter flashing with installation of roof-edge drainage system.
- B. Gutters: Join and seal gutter lengths. Allow for thermal expansion. Attach gutters to firmly anchored gutter supports. Attach ends with rivets and seal with sealant to make watertight. Slope to downspouts.
 - Install gutter with expansion joints at locations indicated but not exceeding 50 feet apart. Install
 expansion-joint caps.
 - 2. Install continuous leaf guards on gutters with noncorrosive fasteners,
- C. Downspouts: Join sections with manufacturer's standard telescoping joints. Provide hangers with fasteners designed to hold downspouts securely to walls and 1 inch away from walls; locate fasteners at top and bottom and at approximately **60 inches** o.c.
 - 1. Provide elbows at base of downspouts at grade to direct water away from building.
 - 2. Connect downspouts to underground drainage system indicated.

END OF SECTION 07 71 00

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Silicone joint sealants.
 - 2. Mildew resistant silicone joint sealants.
- B. Sealants used with weather barriers are specified in Section 07 2500
- C. Acoustical sealant used in gypsum board assemblies is specified in Section 09 29 00

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each joint-sealant product.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts consisting of strips of cured sealants showing the full range of colors available for each product exposed to view.
- C. Samples for Verification: For each kind and color of joint sealant required, provide Samples with joint sealants in 1/2-inch wide joints formed between two 6-inch long strips of material matching the appearance of exposed surfaces adjacent to joint sealants.

1.4 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants under the following conditions:
 - 1. When ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by joint-sealant manufacturer or are below 40 deg F.
 - 2. When joint substrates are wet.
 - 3. Where joint widths are less than those allowed by joint-sealant manufacturer for applications indicated
 - 4. Where contaminants capable of interfering with adhesion have not yet been removed from joint substrates.

1.5 WARRANTY

- A. Special Installer's Warranty: Installer agrees to repair or replace joint sealants that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 JOINT SEALANTS, GENERAL

- A. Compatibility: Provide joint sealants, backings, and other related materials that are compatible with one another and with joint substrates under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by joint-sealant manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
- B. Colors of Exposed Joint Sealants: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

2.2 SILICONE JOINT SEALANTS

- A. For sealing mechanically fixed joints.in aluminum or wood
- A. One part neutral curing silicone sealant complying with ASTM C920 Class 50.
- B. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - BASF Corporation
 - 2. GE
 - Pecora

2.3 MILDEW-RESISTANT JOINT SEALANTS

- A. For sealing perimeters of fixtures in restrooms.
- B. One part low odor neutral curing silicone sealant complying with ASTM C920 formulated for prolonged exposure to humidity with fungicide to prevent mold and mildew growth.
- C. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. BASF Corporation
 - 2. GE
 - 3. Pecora

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Primer: Material recommended by joint-sealant manufacturer where required for adhesion of sealant to joint substrates indicated, as determined from preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests and field tests.
- B. Cleaners for Nonporous Surfaces: Chemical cleaners acceptable to manufacturers of sealants and sealant backing materials, free of oily residues or other substances capable of staining or harming joint substrates and adjacent nonporous surfaces in any way, and formulated to promote optimum adhesion of sealants to joint substrates.
- C. Masking Tape: Nonstaining, nonabsorbent material compatible with joint sealants and surfaces adjacent to joints.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine joints indicated to receive joint sealants, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for joint configuration, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Cleaning of Joints: Clean out joints immediately before installing joint sealants to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions and the following requirements:
 - Remove all foreign material from joint substrates that could interfere with adhesion of joint sealant, including dust, paints (except for permanent, protective coatings tested and approved for sealant adhesion and compatibility by sealant manufacturer), old joint sealants, oil, grease, waterproofing, water repellents, water, surface dirt, and frost.
- B. Masking Tape: Use masking tape where required to prevent contact of sealant or primer with adjoining surfaces that otherwise would be permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning methods required to remove sealant smears. Remove tape immediately after tooling without disturbing joint seal.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF JOINT SEALANTS

- A. General: Comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written installation instructions for products and applications indicated, unless more stringent requirements apply.
- B. Sealant Installation Standard: Comply with recommendations in ASTM C 1193 for use of joint sealants as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated.
- C. Install sealants using proven techniques that comply with the following and at the same time backings are installed:
 - 1. Place sealants so they directly contact and fully wet joint substrates.
 - 2. Completely fill recesses in each joint configuration.
 - 3. Produce uniform, cross-sectional shapes and depths relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
- D. Tooling of Nonsag Sealants: Immediately after sealant application and before skinning or curing begins, tool sealants according to requirements specified in subparagraphs below to form smooth, uniform beads of configuration indicated; to eliminate air pockets; and to ensure contact and adhesion of sealant with sides of joint.
 - 1. Remove excess sealant from surfaces adjacent to joints.
 - 2. Use tooling agents that are approved in writing by sealant manufacturer and that do not discolor sealants or adjacent surfaces.
 - 3. Provide concave joint profile per Figure 8A in ASTM C 1193 unless otherwise indicated.
 - 4. Provide flush joint profile at according to Figure 8B in ASTM C 1193.
 - 5. Provide recessed joint configuration of recess depth and at according to Figure 8C in ASTM C 1193.
 - a. Use masking tape to protect surfaces adjacent to recessed tooled joints.

3.4 CLEANING

A. Clean off excess sealant or sealant smears adjacent to joints as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials approved in writing by manufacturers of joint sealants and of products in which joints occur.

3.5 PROTECTION

A. Protect joint sealants during and after curing period from contact with contaminating substances and from damage resulting from construction operations or other causes so sealants are without deterioration or damage at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, cut out, remove, and repair damaged or deteriorated joint sealants immediately so installations with repaired areas are indistinguishable from original work.

END OF SECTION 07 92 00

SECTION 08 14 16 - FLUSH WOOD DOORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Five-ply flush wood doors for field applied opaque finish.
 - 2. Shop priming flush wood doors.
 - 3. Factory machining for hardware.
 - 4. Factory fitting doors to frames.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 06 20 23 "Interior Finish Carpentry" for wood door frames
 - 2. Section 08 71 00 "Door Hardware"
 - 3. Section 09 91 00 "Painting" for wood doors.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of door.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate location, size, and hand of each door; elevation of each kind of door; construction details not covered in Product Data; and the following:
 - 1. Dimensions and locations of blocking.
 - 2. Dimensions and locations of mortises and holes for hardware.
 - 3. Dimensions and locations of cutouts.
 - 4. Undercuts.

C. Samples:

1. Corner sections of doors, approximately 8 by 10 inches (200 by 250 mm), with door faces and edges representing actual materials to be used.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Quality Standard Compliance Certificates: AWI Quality Certification Program certificates.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer that is a certified participant in AWI's Quality Certification Program.
- B. Vendor Qualifications: A vendor that is certified for chain of custody by an FSC-accredited certification body.

1.5 WARRANTY

A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace doors that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

- 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Warping (bow, cup, or twist) more than 1/4 inch in a 42-by-84-inch section.
 - b. Telegraphing of core construction in face veneers exceeding 0.01 inch in a 3-inch span.
- Warranty shall also include installation and finishing that may be required due to repair or replacement of defective doors.
- 3. Warranty Period for Solid-Core Interior Doors: Life of installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS/PRODUCTS

- A. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
 - 1. Graham-Maiman: GCD Series. GCD-PC
 - 2. Marshfield-Algoma: Impressions Series, Extra Heavy Duty Participle Board Core Paintable Series
 - 3. Eggers Industries: Custom Series

2.2 FLUSH WOOD DOORS, GENERAL

- A. Quality Standard: In addition to requirements specified, comply with AWI's, AWMAC's, and WI's "Architectural Woodwork Standards".
 - Provide AWI Quality Certification Labels indicating that doors comply with requirements of grades specified.
- B. Certified Wood: Flush wood doors shall be certified as "FSC Pure" or "FSC Mixed Credit" according to FSC STD-01-001, "FSC Principles and Criteria for Forest Stewardship," and to FSC STD-40-004, "FSC Standard for Chain of Custody Certification."
- C. Low-Emitting Materials: Fabricate doors with adhesives and composite wood products that do not contain urea formaldehyde.

2.3 FIVE-PLY FLUSH WOOD DOORS FOR OPAQUE FINISH

- A. Interior Non-Rated Solid-Core Doors:
 - 1. Performance Grade: WDMA I.S. Extra Heavy Duty.
 - 2. Architectural Woodwork Standards, WDMA I.S. 1A Grade: Custom.
 - 3. Faces: MDO or any closed-grain mill option hardwood.
 - 4. Finish: Factory prime painted.
 - 5. Face and Core Adhesive: WDMA Type 1
 - 6. Door Thickness: 1-3/4 inch
 - 7. Vertical Edges:
 - a. Material: Mill option closed-grain hardwood or structural composite lumber with laminated mill option hardwood face
 - b. Minimum Dimension: 1 inch
 - 8. Horizontal Edges:
 - a. Material: Structural composite lumber.
 - b. Minimum dimension before trim: 1 inch.

- 9. Core: ANSI A208.1, Grade LD-2 particleboard.
 - a. Blocking: Provide wood blocking in particleboard-core doors as needed to eliminate through-bolting hardware or as follows:
 - 5-inch top-rail blocking, in doors indicated to have closers.
 - 5-inch bottom-rail blocking, in exterior doors and doors indicated to have kick, mop, or armor plates.
- 10. Construction: Five plies, hot-pressed bonded (vertical and horizontal edging is bonded to core), with entire unit abrasive planed before veneering.

2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Factory fit doors to suit frame-opening sizes indicated. Comply with clearance requirements of referenced quality standard for fitting unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Factory machine doors for hardware that is not surface applied.

2.5 SHOP PRIMING

- A. Complete fabrication, including fitting doors for openings and machining for hardware that is not surface applied before finishing.
- B. Shop prime faces, all four edges, edges of cutouts, and cut-outs for hardware with one coat of wood primer specified in Section 099123" Interior Painting".

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Hardware: For installation, see Section 087100 "Door Hardware."
- B. Installation Instructions: Install doors to comply with manufacturer's written instructions and referenced quality standard, and as indicated.
- C. Factory-Fitted Doors: Field verify door opening dimensions, taking into account floor finishes and threshold heights, and size doors accordingly. Provide uniform clearance at each edge as follows:
 - Provide 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) at heads, jambs, and between pairs of doors. Provide 1/8 inch (3.2 mm) from bottom of door to top of decorative floor finish or covering unless otherwise indicated. Where threshold is shown or scheduled, provide 1/4 inch (6.4 mm) from bottom of door to top of threshold unless otherwise indicated.
- D. If job fitting is necessary required do not trim doors excess of limits set by manufacturer. Seal trimmed edges with primer to match factory primed finish.

END OF SECTION 081416

SECTION 08 14 33 - STILE AND RAIL WOOD DOORS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Stile and rail wood doors unfinished.
 - 2. Stile and rail wood doors with glazed vision lite unfinished. (Supplemental Bid #1)
 - Factory glazing.
 - Solid wood screen door.
- B. Related Sections:
 - 1. Section 06 40 23 Interior Finish Carpentry: Wood door frames.
 - 2. Section 08 71 00 Door Hardware.
 - 3. Section 09 91 00 Painting. For doors to be painted
 - 4. Section 09 93 00 Staining and Transparent Finishes. For doors to be stained.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product, including the following:
 - 1. Details of door construction.
 - 2. Glazing.
- B. Shop Drawings: Indicate location, size, and hand of each door; elevation of each type of door; construction details not covered in Product Data, including those for stiles, rails, panels, and moldings (sticking); and other pertinent data, including the following:
 - 1. Door schedule indicating door and frame location, type, size, fire protection rating, and swing.
 - 2. Door elevations, dimensions and location of hardware, lite locations, and glazing thickness.
 - 3. Details of frame for each frame type, including dimensions and profile.
 - 4. Dimensions and locations of mortises and holes for hardware.
 - 5. Clearances and undercuts.

C. Samples

- Corner sections of doors, approximately 8 by 10 inches, with door faces and edges representing door construction and actual materials to be used.
- D. Warranties: For interior and exterior doors executed in Owner's name.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturer Qualifications: Company specializing in manufacturing the specified products with a minimum 5 years of documented experience.

- B. Quality Certification: Comply with WDMA I.S.6A quality certification requirements for completed work.
 - 1. Provide labels or certificates indicating that the work complies with specified requirements.
 - 2. Provide labels on each product when required bty certification program.
 - 3. Upon completion of installation provide certificate stating that the installations and products meet specified requirements.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Comply with requirements of referenced standard and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Package doors individually in opaque plastic bags or cardboard cartons.
- C. Mark each door on top rail with opening number used on Shop Drawings.

1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Do not deliver or install doors until spaces are enclosed and weathertight, wet work in spaces is complete and dry, and HVAC system is operating and maintaining temperature and relative humidity levels designed for building occupants for the remainder of construction period.

1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace doors that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Delamination of veneer.
 - b. Warping (bow, cup, or twist) more than 1/4 inch in a 42-by-84-inch section.
 - c. Telegraphing of core construction in face veneers exceeding 0.01 inch in a 3-inch span.
 - Warranty shall also include installation and finishing that may be required due to repair or replacement of defective doors.
 - 3. Warranty shall be in effect during specified period of time from date of Substantial Completion.
 - 4. Warranty Period for Exterior Doors: Five years.
 - 5. Warranty Period for Interior Doors: Ten years.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of stile and rail wood door from single manufacturer.
- B. Basis-of-Design Products:
 - 1. Simpson Door Company Artist Collection Model Numbers
 - a. 4972: Stile and rail wood panel door. Interior and Exterior
 - b. 4926: Stile and rail wood with glass panel. Interior (Supplemental Bid #1)
 - 2. Comparable custom fabricated doors by one of the following:
 - a. Graham/Maiman
 - b. Korona by Jeld-Wen

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Use only materials that comply with referenced standards and other requirements specified.
- B. Assemble doors, including components, with wet-use adhesives complying with ASTM D 5572 for finger joints and with ASTM D 5751 for joints other than finger joints.
- C. Safety Glass:
 - 1. Provide products complying with testing requirements in 16 CFR 1201, for Category II materials, unless those of Category I are expressly indicated and permitted.

2.3 STILE AND RAIL WOOD DOORS

- A. Doors complying with WDMA I.S. 6A and other requirements specified.
 - 1. Performance Grade: WDMAI.S.6A Heavy Duty
 - 2. WDMA I.S.6A Grade: Premium
 - 3. Panel Designs: As indicated on Drawings
 - 4. Finish: Transparent and Painted
 - 5. Wood Species and Cut for Transparent Finish: Douglas fir, quarter sawed/sliced.
 - 6. Door Construction:
 - a. Stile and Rail Construction: Clear lumber; may be edge glued for width. Select lumber for similarity of grain and color, and arrange for optimum match between adjacent pieces.
 - b. Raised-Panel Construction: Clear lumber. Select lumber for similarity of grain and color, and arrange for optimum match between adjacent pieces.
 - 7. Stile and Rail Widths: Manufacturer's standard or as indicated on Drawings.
 - 8. Panel Thickness: 1-3/4 inches
 - 9. Panel Profile: Square groove.
 - 10. Glazed Doors: Factory glaze doors having vision lites with specified glass type and thickness.
 - 11. Glass Type: ASTM C1048 heat-strengthened and fully tempered.
 - a. Glass Thickness: 1/4 inch
 - b. Tint: Clear
 - 12. Mark, label, or otherwise identify stile and rail wood doors as complying with WDMA I.S. 6A and grade specified.

2.4 WOOD SCREEN DOOR

- 1. Design: As indicated on Drawings.
- 2. Solid Wood Construction: Clear lumber. 1 1/4" thick.
- 3. Species: Douglas Fir.
- 4. Finish: Water repellent/preservative treated unprimed. Transparent finish by Section 09 93 00.
- 5. Screening: Charcoal color aluminum wire 18 x 16 mesh.
- 6. Hardware: As indicated on Drawings (Door Schedule).

2.5 FABRICATION AND FINISHING

- A. Factory fit doors to suit frame-opening sizes and to comply with referenced quality standard.
 - 1. Provide 1/8-inch clearance at jambs and heads, and 1/2 inch at bottom. At thresholds, provide 3/8-inch (9.5-mm) clearance.

- B. Factory machine doors for hardware that is not surface applied.
 - 1. Coordinate with final hardware schedule, door frames, BHMA-156.115-W, and hardware templates.
- C. Glazed Openings: Factory install glazing in doors. Install glass using manufacturer's standard elastomeric glazing sealant complying with ASTM C 920. Secure glass in place with removable wood moldings. Miter wood moldings at corner joints.
- D. Exterior Doors: Factory treat exterior doors with water-repellent preservative after fabrication has been completed.
 - 1. Comply with WDMA I.S. 4.
 - 2. Flash top of outswinging doors with manufacturer's standard metal flashing.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify conditions before starting work.
- B. Verify that opening sizes are acceptable to door manufacturer.
- C. Do not install doors in frame openings that are not plumb or are out of tolerance for size or alignment.
- D. Reject doors with defects.
- E. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Align and fit doors in frames with uniform clearances and bevels indicated below. Machine doors for hardware. Seal cut surfaces after fitting and machining.
 - 1. Provide 1/8-inch clearance at jambs, heads, and meeting stiles and 1/4-inch inch at bottom with no threshold. At thresholds, provide 1/4-inch (6.4-mm) clearance from bottom of door.
- B. Align factory-fitted doors in frames for uniform clearances.
- C. Repair, refinish, or replace factory-finished doors damaged during installation as directed by Architect.

3.3 ADJUSTING

- A. Operation: Rehang or replace doors that do not swing or operate freely.
- B. Replace doors that are damaged or do not comply with requirements. Doors may be repaired or Work complies with specified requirements and shows no evidence of repair.

END OF SECTION 081433

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes aluminum-clad wood windows.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, glazing and fabrication methods, dimensions of individual components and profiles, hardware, and finishes for wood windows.
- B. Shop Drawings: For wood windows.
 - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, hardware, accessories, insect screens, operational clearances, and details of installation, including anchor, flashing, and sealant installation.
- C. Samples: For each exposed product and for each color specified, 2 by 4 inches in size.
- D. Samples for Initial Selection: For units with factory-applied finishes.
 - 1. Include Samples of hardware and accessories involving color selection.
- E. Product Schedule: For wood windows. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.

1.4 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace wood windows that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - Failure to meet performance requirements.
 - b. Structural failures including excessive deflection, water leakage, and air infiltration.
 - c. Faulty operation of movable sash and hardware.
 - d. Deterioration of materials and finishes beyond normal weathering.
 - e. Failure of insulating glass.
 - 2. Warranty Period:
 - a. Window: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.
 - b. Glazing Units: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion.
 - c. Aluminum-Cladding Finish: **20** years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain wood windows from single source from single manufacturer.

2.2 WOOD WINDOWS

- A. Aluminum-Clad Wood Windows:
 - 1. Basis of Design: Marvin Windows and Doors clad ultimate casement and clad direct glaze windows
 - 2. Other Acceptable Products:
 - a. Andersen Windows E-Series aluminum clad wood windows
 - b. Kolbe Windows and Doors Vistalux flush style casement and direct set windows
- B. Frame and sash:
 - 1. Interior: Non finger-jointed Douglas Fir
 - a. Kiln-dried to moisture content no greater than twelve (12) percent at the time of fabrication
 - b. Water repellant preservative treated in accordance with WDMA I.S.4
 - 2. Exterior aluminum clad with 0.050 inch thick extruded aluminum
- C. Glass: Manufacturer's standard clear glass. Provide fully tempered insulated glass where indicated.
- D. Glazing System: Manufacturer's standard factory-glazing system that produces weathertight seal.
- E. Hardware, General: Provide manufacturer's standard hardware oil rubbed or black finish.
- F. Projected Window Hardware:
 - Gear-Type Rotary Operators: Complying with AAMA 901 when tested according to ASTM E 405, Method A. Provide operators that function without requiring the removal of interior screens or using screen wickets.
- G. Weather Stripping: Provide full-perimeter weather stripping for each operable sash unless otherwise indicated.
- H. Fasteners: Noncorrosive and compatible with window members, trim, hardware, anchors, and other components.
 - 1. Exposed Fasteners: Do not use exposed fasteners to greatest extent possible. For application of hardware, use fasteners that match finish hardware being fastened.

2.3 INSECT SCREENS

A. General: Fabricate insect screens to integrate with window frame. Provide screen for each operable exterior sash. Screen wickets are not permitted.

- B. Aluminum Frames: Manufacturer's standard aluminum alloy complying with SMA 1004 or SMA 1201. Fabricate frames with mitered or coped joints or corner extrusions, concealed fasteners, and removable PVC spline/anchor concealing edge of frame.
 - 1. Tubular Framing Sections and Cross Braces: Roll formed from aluminum sheet.
 - 2. Finish for Interior Screens: Baked-on organic coating, color to be selected from manufacturer's full range.
- C. Aluminum Wire Fabric: 18-by-16 mesh of 0.011-inch- diameter, coated aluminum wire.
 - 1. Wire-Fabric Finish Charcoal gray.

2.4 FABRICATION

- Fabricate wood windows in sizes indicated. Include a complete system for installing and anchoring windows.
- B. Glaze wood windows in the factory.
- C. Weather strip each operable sash to provide weathertight installation.
- D. Complete fabrication, assembly, finishing, hardware application, and other work in the factory to greatest extent possible. Disassemble components only as necessary for shipment and installation. Allow for scribing, trimming, and fitting at Project site.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine openings, substrates, structural support, anchorage, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Verify rough opening dimensions, levelness of sill plate, and operational clearances.
- C. Examine wall flashings, vapor retarders, water and weather barriers, and other built-in components to ensure weathertight window installation.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing windows, hardware, accessories, and other components. For installation procedures and requirements not addressed in manufacturer's written instructions, comply with installation requirements in ASTM E 2112.
- B. Install windows level, plumb, square, true to line, without distortion, anchored securely in place to structural support, and in proper relation to wall flashing and other adjacent construction to produce weathertight construction.

3.3 ADJUSTING, CLEANING, AND PROTECTION

- A. Adjust operating sashes and hardware for a tight fit at contact points and weather stripping for smooth operation and weathertight closure.
- B. Clean exposed surfaces immediately after installing windows. Remove excess sealants, glazing materials, dirt, and other substances.
 - 1. Keep protective films and coverings in place until final cleaning.
- C. Remove and replace sashes if glass has been broken, chipped, cracked, abraded, or damaged during construction period.
- D. Protect window surfaces from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations. If contaminating substances do contact window surfaces, remove contaminants immediately according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 08 52 00

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Mechanical door hardware for the following:
 - a. Swinging exterior doors
 - b. Swinging interior doors
 - c. Swinging screen door

1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Installation Templates: Distribute for doors, frames, and other work specified to be factory prepared. Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing door hardware to comply with indicated requirements.
- B. Existing Openings: Where hardware components are scheduled for application to existing construction or where modifications to existing door hardware are required, field verify existing conditions and coordinate installation of door hardware to suit opening conditions and to provide proper door operation.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Samples: For each exposed product in each finish specified, in manufacturer's standard size.
 - 1. Tag Samples with full product description to coordinate Samples with door hardware schedule.
- C. Door Hardware Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of Installer's Architectural Hardware Consultant. Coordinate door hardware schedule with doors, frames, and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function, and finish of door hardware.
 - 1. Submittal Sequence: Submit door hardware schedule concurrent with, submissions of Product Data, Samples, and Shop Drawings. Coordinate submission of door hardware schedule with scheduling requirements of other work to facilitate the fabrication of other work that is critical in Project construction schedule.
 - 2. Format: Use same scheduling sequence and format and use same door numbers as in door hardware schedule in the Contract Documents.
 - 3. Content: Include the following information:
 - a. Identification number, location, hand, fire rating, size, and material of each door and frame.

- Locations of each door hardware set, cross-referenced to Drawings on floor plans and to door and frame schedule.
- c. Complete designations, including name and manufacturer, type, style, function, size, quantity, function, and finish of each door hardware product.
- Description of electrified door hardware sequences of operation and interfaces with other building control systems.
- e. Fastenings and other installation information.
- f. Explanation of abbreviations, symbols, and designations contained in door hardware schedule.
- g. Mounting locations for door hardware.
- h. List of related door devices specified in other Sections for each door and frame.
- D. Keying Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of Installer's Architectural Hardware Consultant, detailing Owner's final keying instructions for locks. Include schematic keying diagram and index each key set to unique door designations that are coordinated with the Contract Documents.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer
- B. Product Certificates: For each type of electrified door hardware.
 - Certify that door hardware for use on each type and size of labeled fire-rated doors complies with listed fire-rated door assemblies.
- C. Product Test Reports: For compliance with accessibility requirements, for tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, for door hardware on doors located in accessible routes.
- D. Field quality-control reports.
- E. Sample Warranty: For special warranty.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Maintenance Data: For each type of door hardware to include in maintenance manuals.
- B. Schedules: Final door hardware and keying schedule.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Supplier of products and an employer of workers trained and approved by product manufacturers and of an Architectural Hardware Consultant who is available during the course of the Work to consult Contractor, Architect, and Owner about door hardware and keying.
 - 1. Warehousing Facilities: In Project's vicinity.
 - 2. Scheduling Responsibility: Preparation of door hardware and keying schedule.
 - 3. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of data for electrified door hardware, including Shop Drawings, based on testing and engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project.
- B. Architectural Hardware Consultant Qualifications: A person who is experienced in providing consulting services for door hardware installations that are comparable in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project and who is currently certified by DHI as an Architectural Hardware Consultant (AHC).

1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Inventory door hardware on receipt and provide secure lock-up for door hardware delivered to Project site.
- B. Tag each item or package separately with identification coordinated with the final door hardware schedule, and include installation instructions, templates, and necessary fasteners with each item or package.
- C. Deliver keys to manufacturer of key control system for subsequent delivery to Owner.
- D. Deliver keys and permanent cores to Owner by registered mail or overnight package service.

1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of door hardware that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Structural failures including excessive deflection, cracking, or breakage.
 - b. Faulty operation of doors and door hardware.
 - c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering and use.
 - 2. Warranty Period: Three years from date of Substantial Completion unless otherwise indicated below:
 - a. Exit Devices: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
 - b. Manual Closers: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of door hardware from single manufacturer.
 - 1. Provide electrified door hardware from same manufacturer as mechanical door hardware unless otherwise indicated. Manufacturers that perform electrical modifications and that are listed by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction are acceptable.

2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Means of Egress Doors: Latches do not require more than 15 lbf to release the latch. Locks do not require use of a key, tool, or special knowledge for operation.
- B. Accessibility Requirements: For door hardware on doors in an accessible route, comply with the DOJ's "2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design".
 - 1. Provide operating devices that do not require tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist and that operate with a force of not more than 5 lbf.
 - 2. Comply with the following maximum opening-force requirements:
 - a. Interior, Non-Fire-Rated Hinged Doors: 5 lbf applied perpendicular to door.
 - b. Sliding or Folding Doors: 5 lbf applied parallel to door at latch.

- c. Fire Doors: Minimum opening force allowable by authorities having jurisdiction.
- 3. Bevel raised thresholds with a slope of not more than 1:2. Provide thresholds not more than 1/2 inch high.
- 4. Adjust door closer sweep periods so that, from an open position of 90 degrees, the door will take at least 5 seconds to move to a position of 12 degrees from the latch.
- 5. Adjust spring hinges so that, from an open position of 70 degrees, the door will take at least 1.5 seconds to move to the closed position.

2.3 SCHEDULED DOOR HARDWARE

- A. Provide products for each door that comply with requirements indicated in Part 2 and door hardware schedule.
 - 1. Door hardware is scheduled on Drawings.

2.4 HINGES

- A. Hinges: BHMA A156.1
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Hager Companies.
 - b. McKinney Products Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company
 - c. Stanley Commercial Hardware.
 - 2. Screws: Phillips flat head wood screws, screw heads to match surface of hinges
 - 3. Mounting: Full mortise
 - 4. Finish: BSP Satin black
 - 5. .Pins: non-removable
 - 6. Tips: Ball
 - 7. Corners: Radiused

2.5 LATCHES

- A. Screen Door Latchet
 - 1. Manufacturers and products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Baldwin Hardware SD004.190.PRIV
 - b. Deltana SDML334U19 with SDLM334LLU19 lever set
 - c. Rejuvenation Hardware C3962 Putnam screen door latch set with lever handles both sides.
- B. Interior Door Latchet
 - 1. Manufacturers and products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Sargent Hardware DL Series Tubular Lock DL15-BSP
 - b. Deltana Chapelton PRCLR310B
 - c. Stanley QCL 200 Series F75 613 finish.

2.6 AUXILIARY LOCKS

- A. Bored Auxiliary Locks: BHMA A156.36: Grade 1; with strike that suits frame and cylinder pull plate for outswing side.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide locks by one of the following:
 - a. Adams Rite Manufacturing Co; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
 - b. Best Access Systems; Stanley Security Solutions, Inc.
 - c. SARGENT Manufacturing Company; ASSA ABLOY.
 - 2. Function: ANSI EO141 Key outside operates deadbolt, Turn leaver inside operates deadbolt
 - 3. Backset: 2 3/4"
 - 4. Finish: 10B
 - 5. Cylinder pull plate: 0.125" bronze, US10B finish, compatible with selected lock

2.7 EXIT DEVICES

- A. Rim Exit Devices and Auxiliary Items: BHMA A156.3.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Detex.
 - b. DORMA USA, Inc.
 - c. SARGENT Manufacturing Company; ASSA ABLOY.
 - d. Stanley Commercial Hardware
 - 2. Function:
 - a. Door 01: Key outside unlocks/locks trim
 - b. Doors 04, 05: No outside operation
 - 3. Finish: Satin black
 - 4. Trim: to be selected from Manufactuer's full line.

2.8 LOCK CYLINDERS

- A. Lock Cylinders: Tumbler type, constructed from brass or bronze, stainless steel, or nickel silver. Provide cylinder from same manufacturer of locking devices.
- B. Standard Lock Cylinders: BHMA A156.5; **Grade 1** permanent cores; face finished to match lockset.
 - 1. Core Type: Interchangeable
- C. Construction Master Keys: Provide cylinders with feature that permits voiding of construction keys without cylinder removal. Provide 10 construction master keys.
- D. Construction Cores: Provide construction cores that are replaceable by permanent cores. Provide 10 construction master keys.

2.9 SURFACE CLOSERS

- A. Surface Closers: BHMA A156.4; rack-and-pinion hydraulic type with adjustable sweep and latch speeds controlled by key-operated valves and forged-steel main arm. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for size of door closers depending on size of door, exposure to weather, and anticipated frequency of use. Provide factory-sized closers, adjustable to meet field conditions and requirements for opening force.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Rixson Specialty Door Controls; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
 - b. SARGENT Manufacturing Company: ASSA ABLOY.
 - c. Stanley Commercial Hardware; a division of Stanley Security Solutions.

2.10 MECHANICAL STOPS AND HOLDERS

- A. Wall- and Floor-Mounted Stops: BHMA A156.16.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Hager Companies.
 - b. Rockwood Manufacturing Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
 - c. Stanley Commercial Hardware
 - d. Trimco.
 - 2. Finish: black89

2.11 PULL HANDLES, PUSH PLATES

- A. Pull Handles: Basis of design shown on Door Schedule on Sheet A504
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Hager Companies.
 - b. Rockwood Manufacturing Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
 - c. Stanley Commercial Hardware
 - d. Trimco.
 - 2. Finish: black
- B. Push Plates: Basis of design shown on Door Schedule on Sheet A504
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Hager Companies.
 - b. Rockwood Manufacturing Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
 - c. Stanley Commercial Hardware
 - d. Trimco.
 - 2. Finish: black

2.12 THRESHOLDS

A. Thresholds: BHMA A156.21; fabricated to full width of opening indicated.

- 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Pemko Manufacturing Co.
 - b. Reese Enterprises, Inc.
 - c. Zero International Inc.
- 2. Material: Bronze anodized aluminum
- 3. ADA compliant, 1/4-inch high
- 4. Screws: Phillips flat head screws, screw heads to match surface of hinges

2.13 WEATHERSTRIPPING

- A. Sill protection: sill protection sweep with solid neoprene gasketing mortised into center of bottom of door.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Pemko Manufacturing Co.
 - b. Reese Enterprises, Inc.
 - c. Zero International
- B. Perimeter weatherstripping: kerf frame solid neoprene weatherstripping
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Pemko Manufacturing Co.
 - b. Reese Enterprises, Inc.
 - c. Zero International
 - 2. Color: Black

2.14 FABRICATION

- A. Manufacturer's Nameplate: Do not provide products that have manufacturer's name or trade name displayed in a visible location except in conjunction with required fire-rating labels and as otherwise approved by Architect.
 - 1. Manufacturer's identification is permitted on rim of lock cylinders only.
- B. Base Metals: Produce door hardware units of base metal indicated, fabricated by forming method indicated, using manufacturer's standard metal alloy, composition, temper, and hardness. Furnish metals of a quality equal to or greater than that of specified door hardware units and BHMA A156.18.
- C. Fasteners: Provide door hardware manufactured to comply with published templates prepared for machine, wood, and sheet metal screws. Provide screws that comply with commercially recognized industry standards for application intended, except aluminum fasteners are not permitted. Provide Phillips flat-head screws with finished heads to match surface of door hardware unless otherwise indicated.
 - Concealed Fasteners: For door hardware units that are exposed when door is closed, except for
 units already specified with concealed fasteners. Do not use through bolts for installation where bolt
 head or nut on opposite face is exposed unless it is the only means of securely attaching the door
 hardware. Where through bolts are used on hollow door and frame construction, provide sleeves
 for each through bolt.
 - 2. Fire-Rated Applications:
 - a. Wood or Machine Screws: For the following:

- Hinges mortised to doors or frames use threaded-to-the-head wood screws for wood doors and frames.
- 2) Strike plates to frames.
- 3) Closers to doors and frames.
- 3. Spacers or Sex Bolts: For through bolting of hollow-metal doors.
- Gasketing Fasteners: Provide noncorrosive fasteners for exterior applications and elsewhere as indicated.

2.15 FINISHES

- A. Provide finishes complying with BHMA A156.18 as indicated in door hardware schedule.
- B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- C. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine doors and frames, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, labeled fire-rated door assembly construction, wall and floor construction, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for electrical power systems to verify actual locations of wiring connections before electrified door hardware installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- Steel Doors and Frames: For surface-applied door hardware, drill and tap doors and frames according to ANSI/SDI A250.6.
- B. Wood Doors: Comply with door and hardware manufacturers' written instructions.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Mounting Heights: Mount door hardware units at heights indicated on Drawings unless otherwise indicated or required to comply with governing regulations.
 - 1. Standard Steel Doors and Frames: ANSI/SDI A250.8.
 - 2. Custom Steel Doors and Frames: HMMA 831.
 - 3. Wood Doors: DHI's "Recommended Locations for Architectural Hardware for Wood Flush Doors."
- B. Install each door hardware item to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Where cutting and fitting are required to install door hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted or finished in

another way, coordinate removal, storage, and reinstallation of surface protective trim units with finishing work. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on substrates involved.

- 1. Set units level, plumb, and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce attachment substrates as necessary for proper installation and operation.
- 2. Drill and countersink units that are not factory prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors according to industry standards.
- C. Hinges: Install types and in quantities indicated in door hardware schedule, but not fewer than the number recommended by manufacturer for application indicated or one hinge for every 30 inches of door height, whichever is more stringent, unless other equivalent means of support for door, such as spring hinges or pivots, are provided.
- D. Lock Cylinders: Install construction cores to secure building and areas during construction period.
 - 1. Replace construction cores with permanent cores as indicated in keying schedule.
 - 2. Furnish permanent cores to Owner for installation.
- E. Thresholds: Set thresholds for exterior doors and other doors indicated in full bed of sealant complying with requirements specified in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."
- F. Stops: Provide floor stops for doors unless wall or other type stops are indicated in door hardware schedule. Do not mount floor stops where they will impede traffic.
- G. Perimeter Gasketing: Apply to head and jamb, forming seal between door and frame.
 - 1. Do not notch perimeter gasketing to install other surface-applied hardware.
- H. Door Bottoms: Apply to bottom of door, forming seal with threshold when door is closed.

3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Initial Adjustment: Adjust and check each operating item of door hardware and each door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate as intended. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment and to comply with referenced accessibility requirements.
 - 1. Door Closers: Adjust sweep period to comply with accessibility requirements and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 2. Spring Hinges: Adjust to achieve positive latching when door is allowed to close freely from an open position of 70 degrees and so that closing time complies with accessibility requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 3. Electric Strikes: Adjust horizontal and vertical alignment of keeper to properly engage lock bolt.
- B. Occupancy Adjustment: Approximately six months after date of Substantial Completion, Installer's Architectural Hardware Consultant shall examine and readjust each item of door hardware, including adjusting operating forces, as necessary to ensure function of doors, door hardware, and electrified door hardware.

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by door hardware installation.
- B. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish.

C. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure that door hardware is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

3.6 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

- A. Maintenance Tools and Instructions: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions for Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of door hardware.
- B. Maintenance Service: Beginning at Substantial Completion, maintenance service shall include 12 months' full maintenance by skilled employees of door hardware Installer. Include quarterly preventive maintenance, repair or replacement of worn or defective components, lubrication, cleaning, and adjusting as required for proper door and door hardware operation. Parts and supplies shall be manufacturer's authorized replacement parts and supplies.

END OF SECTION 08 71 00

SECTION 08 91 19.1 - FIXED LOUVER SCREENS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Custom fabricated fixed framed insect screens for existing wood louvers.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data:
 - For louver frame and screen material.
- B. Shop Drawings: For screens. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work. Show frame profiles.
- C. Samples: For factory finished frame and insect screen showing corner construction and screen installation.

1.4 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual dimensions of openings by field measurements before fabrication.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain fixed screens and frames from single source from a single manufacturer where indicated to be of same type, design, or factory-applied color finish.

2.2 LOUVER SCREENS

- A. General: Provide screen as indicated at each exterior louver.
 - 1. Screen Location for Fixed Louvers: Interior face.
 - 2. Screening Type: Insect screening.
- B. Secure screen frames to louver frames with stainless-steel screws spaced a maximum of 6 inches from each corner and at 12 inches o.c.

- C. Screen Frames: Fabricate with mitered corners to required sizes.
 - 1. Material: Extruded aluminum.
 - 2. Finish: Dark bronze anodoized.
 - 3. Type: Rewirable frames with a driven spline or insert.
- D. Screening:
 - 1. Insect Screening: Stainless steel, 16-by-18 mesh, 0.011-inch wire.
- E. Spline:
 - 1. Material: Serrated hollow core vinyl or solid core foam.
 - 2. Diameter: To suit frame.
 - 3. Color: Black

2.3 MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum Extrusions: ASTM B 221 (ASTM B 221M), Alloy 6063-T5, T-52, or T6.
- B. Fasteners: Use types and sizes to suit unit installation conditions.
 - 1. Use hex-head or Phillips pan-head screws for exposed fasteners unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. For fastening aluminum, use aluminum or 300 series stainless-steel fasteners.

2.4 FABRICATION

- A. Factory assemble frame/screen assemblies.
- B. Fabricate frames, with allowances made for fabrication and installation tolerances, adjoining material tolerances
- C. Include supports, anchorages, and accessories required for complete assembly.

2.5 ALUMINUM FINISHES

- A. Finish frames after assembly.
- B. Color Anodic Finish: AAMA 611, AA-M12C22A42/A44, Class I, 0.018 mm.
 - 1. Color: Dark bronze.
 - 2. Color: [Match Architect's sample] [As selected by Architect from full range of industry colors and color densities].

2.6 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and openings, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

2.7 INSTALLATION

- A. Locate and place screens, plumb, and in alignment with adjacent work.
- B. Install screens as required to prevent gaps between between screen and louver frames.

2.8 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Clean exposed surfaces that are not protected by temporary covering, to remove fingerprints and soil during construction period. Do not let soil accumulate during construction period.
- B. Before final inspection, clean exposed surfaces with water and a mild soap or detergent not harmful to finishes. Thoroughly rinse surfaces and dry.
- C. Restore screens damaged during installation and construction, so no evidence remains of corrective work. If results of restoration are unsuccessful, as determined by Architect, remove damaged units and replace with new units.
 - 1. Touch up minor abrasions in finishes with air-dried coating that matches color and gloss of, and is compatible with, factory-applied finish coating.

END OF SECTION 089119

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Interior gypsum board.
 - 2. Trim and joint treatment materials.
 - 3. Sound-attenuation blankets.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1.4 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Store materials inside under cover and keep them dry and protected against weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction traffic, and other potential causes of damage. Stack panels flat and supported on risers on a flat platform to prevent sagging.

1.5 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Comply with ASTM C 840 requirements or gypsum board manufacturer's written instructions, whichever are more stringent.
- B. Do not install paper-faced gypsum panels until installation areas are enclosed and conditioned.
- C. Do not install panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
 - Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
 - 2. Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: For fire-resistance-rated assemblies, provide materials and construction identical to those tested in assembly indicated according to ASTM E 119 by an independent testing agency.

2.2 GYPSUM BOARD, GENERAL

A. Size: Provide maximum lengths and widths available that will minimize joints in each area and that correspond with support system indicated.

2.3 INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

- Mold-Resistant Gypsum Board: ASTM C 1396/C 1396M. With moisture-and mold-resistant core and paper surfaces.
 - 1. Manufacturers/Products: Subject to compliance with requirements provide one of the following:
 - a. USG Corporation: Sheetrock Brand EcoSmart Mold Tough Fire Code X
 - b. National Gypsum Company: Gold Bond XP
 - c. CertainTeed Corporation: M2Tech Type X
 - 2. Core: 5/8 inch.
 - Long Edges: Tapered.
 - 4. Mold Resistance: ASTM D 3273, score of 10 as rated according to ASTM D 3274.

2.4 TRIM ACCESSORIES

- A. Interior Trim: ASTM C 1047.
 - 1. Material: Galvanized or aluminum-coated steel sheet or rolled zinc.
 - 2. Shapes: Cornerbead.

2.5 JOINT TREATMENT MATERIALS

- A. General: Comply with ASTM C 475/C 475M
- B. Joint Tape: Paper
- C. Joint Compound for Interior Gypsum Board: For each coat, use formulation that is compatible with other compounds applied on previous or for successive coats.
 - 1. Prefilling: At open joints, rounded or beveled panel edges] and damaged surface areas, use setting-type taping compound.
 - 2. Embedding and First Coat: For embedding tape and first coat on joints, fasteners, and trim flanges, use drying-type, all-purpose compound.
 - a. Use setting-type compound for installing paper-faced metal trim accessories.
 - 3. Fill Coat: For second coat, use drying-type, all-purpose compound.
 - 4. Finish Coat: For third coat, use drying-type, all-purpose compound.

2.6 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. Sound-Attenuation Blankets: ASTM C 665, Type I (blankets without membrane facing) produced by combining thermosetting resins with mineral fibers manufactured from glass, slag wool, or rock wool.
 - 1. Manufacturers/Products: Subject to compliance with requirements provide one of the following:

- a. Owens Corning: Thermafiber SAFB Mineral Wool Insulation
- b. Johns Manville: MinWool Sound Attenuation Fire Batts
- Rockwool International: AFB Acoustical Fire Batt Insulation
- Thickness: 3 inch.
- B. Acoustical Sealant: Manufacturer's standard nonsag, paintable, nonstaining latex sealant complying with ASTM C 834. Product effectively reduces airborne sound transmission through perimeter joints and openings in building construction as demonstrated by testing representative assemblies according to ASTM E 90.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and substrates including welded hollow-metal frames and support framing, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine panels before installation. Reject panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 APPLYING AND FINISHING PANELS, GENERAL

- A. Comply with ASTM C 840.
- B. Install ceiling panels across framing to minimize the number of abutting end joints and to avoid abutting end joints in central area of each ceiling. Stagger abutting end joints of adjacent panels not less than one framing member.
- C. Install panels with face side out. Butt panels together for a light contact at edges and ends with not more than 1/16 inch of open space between panels. Do not force into place.
- D. Locate edge and end joints over supports, except in ceiling applications where intermediate supports or gypsum board back-blocking is provided behind end joints. Do not place tapered edges against cut edges or ends. Stagger vertical joints on opposite sides of partitions. Do not make joints other than control joints at corners of framed openings.
- E. Install gypsum panels over wood framing, with floating internal corner construction. Do not attach gypsum panels across the flat grain of wide-dimension lumber, including floor joists and headers. Float gypsum panels over these members or provide control joints to counteract wood shrinkage.
- F. Install sound attenuation blankets before installing gypsum panels unless blankets are readily installed after panels have been installed on one side.

3.3 APPLYING INTERIOR GYPSUM BOARD

- A. Single-Layer Application:
 - 1. On ceilings, apply gypsum panels before wall/partition board application to greatest extent possible and at right angles to framing unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. On partitions/walls, apply gypsum panels horizontally (perpendicular to framing)] unless otherwise indicated or required by fire-resistance-rated assembly, and minimize end joints.

3.4 INSTALLING TRIM ACCESSORIES

- A. General: For trim with back flanges intended for fasteners, attach to framing with same fasteners used for panels. Otherwise, attach trim according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Interior Trim: Install in the following locations:
 - 1. Cornerbead: Use at outside corners.

3.5 FINISHING GYPSUM BOARD

- A. General: Treat gypsum board joints, interior angles, edge trim, control joints, penetrations, fastener heads, surface defects, and elsewhere as required to prepare gypsum board surfaces for decoration. Promptly remove residual joint compound from adjacent surfaces.
- B. Prefill open joints, rounded or beveled edges, and damaged surface areas.
- C. Apply joint tape over gypsum board joints, except for trim products specifically indicated as not intended to receive tape.
- D. Gypsum Board Finish Levels: Finish panels to levels indicated below and according to ASTM C 840: Level 4

3.6 PROTECTION

- A. Protect adjacent surfaces from drywall compound and promptly remove from floors and other non-drywall surfaces. Repair surfaces stained, marred, or otherwise damaged during drywall application.
- B. Protect installed products from damage from weather, condensation, direct sunlight, construction, and other causes during remainder of the construction period.
- C. Remove and replace panels that are wet, moisture damaged, and mold damaged.
 - Indications that panels are wet or moisture damaged include, but are not limited to, discoloration, sagging, or irregular shape.
 - Indications that panels are mold damaged include, but are not limited to, fuzzy or splotchy surface contamination and discoloration.

END OF SECTION 09 29 00

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Thermoplastic rubber base.
 - 2. Installation materials required for a complete installation.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of product indicated.
- C. Samples for Verification: For each type of product indicated and for each color, texture, and pattern required in manufacturer's standard-size Samples, but not less than 12 inches long.

1.4 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Furnish not less than 10 linear feet or fraction thereof, of each type, color, pattern, and size of resilient product installed.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Store resilient products and installation materials in dry spaces protected from the weather, with ambient temperatures maintained within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 50 deg F deg C) or more than 90 deg F

1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 70 deg F or more than 95 deg F in spaces to receive resilient products during the following time periods:
 - 1. 48 hours before installation.
 - 2. During installation.
 - 3. 48 hours after installation.
- B. After installation and until Substantial Completion, maintain ambient temperatures within range recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 55 deg F or more than 95 deg F.
- C. Install resilient products after other finishing operations, including painting, have been completed.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 THERMOPLASTIC-RUBBER BASE (RWB-1)

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:

- 1. Johnsonite; a Tarkett company.
- 2. Nora Systems, Inc.
- 3. Roppe Corporation, USA.
- B. Product Standard: ASTM F 1861, Type TP (rubber, thermoplastic).
 - 1. Group: I (solid, homogeneous)
 - 2. Style: Style B, Cove
- C. Height 4 inches.
- D. Lengths: Coils in manufacturer's standard length
- E. Outside Corners: Job formed or preforme.
- F. Inside Corners: Job formed or preformed.
- G. Colors: As selected by Architect from full range of industry colors.

2.2 INSTALLATION MATERIALS

- A. Trowelable Leveling and Patching Compounds: Latex-modified, portland cement based or blended hydraulic-cement-based formulation provided or approved by resilient-product manufacturer for applications indicated.
- B. Adhesives: Water-resistant type recommended by resilient-product manufacturer for resilient products and substrate conditions indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
 - 1. Verify that finishes of substrates comply with tolerances and other requirements specified in other Sections and that substrates are free of cracks, ridges, depressions, scale, and foreign deposits that might interfere with adhesion of resilient products.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
 - 1. Installation of resilient products indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure adhesion of resilient products.
- B. Fill cracks, holes, and depressions in substrates with trowelable leveling and patching compound; remove bumps and ridges to produce a uniform and smooth substrate.
- C. Do not install resilient products until they are the same temperature as the space where they are to be installed.
 - 1. At least 48 hours in advance of installation, move resilient products and installation materials into spaces where they will be installed.
- D. Immediately before installation, sweep and vacuum clean substrates to be covered by resilient products.

3.3 RESILIENT BASE INSTALLATION

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for installing resilient base.

- B. Apply resilient base to walls, columns, pilasters, casework and cabinets in toe spaces, and other permanent fixtures in rooms and areas where base is required.
- C. Install resilient base in lengths as long as practical without gaps at seams and with tops of adjacent pieces aligned.
- D. Tightly adhere resilient base to substrate throughout length of each piece, with base in continuous contact with horizontal and vertical substrates.
- E. Do not stretch resilient base during installation.
- F. On masonry surfaces or other similar irregular substrates, fill voids along top edge of resilient base with manufacturer's recommended adhesive filler material.
- G. Preformed Corners: Install preformed corners before installing straight pieces.
- H. Job-Formed Corners:
 - 1. Outside Corners: Use straight pieces of maximum lengths possible and form with returns not less than 3 inches in length.
 - a. Form without producing discoloration (whitening) at bends.
 - 2. Inside Corners: Use straight pieces of maximum lengths possible and form with returns not less than in length.
 - a. Miter or cope corners to minimize open joints.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning and protecting resilient products.
- B. Perform the following operations immediately after completing resilient-product installation:
 - 1. Remove adhesive and other blemishes from exposed surfaces.
 - 2. Sweep and vacuum horizontal surfaces thoroughly.
 - 3. Damp-mop horizontal surfaces to remove marks and soil.
- C. Protect resilient products from mars, marks, indentations, and other damage from construction operations and placement of equipment and fixtures during remainder of construction period.

END OF SECTION 09 65 13

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint systems on the following exterior and interior substrates:
 - 1. Galvanized metal.
 - Exterior wood
 - 3. Interior Wood
 - 4. Gypsum board.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 099300 "Staining and Transparent Finishing" for surface preparation and the application of wood stains and transparent finishes on interior wood substrates.
 - 2. Section 099600 "High-Performance Coatings" for tile-like coatings.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.
 - 1. Indicate VOC content.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of topcoat product.
- C. Samples for Verification: For each type of paint system and in each color and gloss of topcoat.
 - 1. Submit Samples on rigid backing, 8 inches square.
 - 2. Label each coat of each Sample.
 - 3. Label each Sample for location and application area.
- D. Product List: For each product indicated, include the following:
 - 1. Cross-reference to paint system and locations of application areas. Use same designations indicated on Drawings and in schedules.
 - 2. Indicate VOC content.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

 Coating Maintenance Manual: Provide coating maintenance manual including area summary with finish schedule, area detail designating location where each product/color/finish was used, product data pages, material safety data sheets, care and cleaning instructions, touch-up procedures, and color samples of each color and finish used.

1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Paint: 1 gal. (3.8 L) of each material and color applied.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Apply mockups of each paint system indicated and each color and finish selected to verify preliminary selections made under Sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - 1. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each paint system specified in Part 3.
 - a. Vertical and Horizontal Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft.
 - b. Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
 - 2. Final approval of color selections will be based on mockups.
 - If preliminary color selections are not approved, apply additional mockups of additional colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.
 - 3. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
 - 4. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Delivery and Handling: Deliver products to Project site in an undamaged condition in manufacturer's original sealed containers, complete with labels and instructions for handling, storing, unpacking, protecting, and installing. Packaging shall bear the manufacturer's label with the following information:
 - 1. Product name and type (description).
 - Batch date.
 - Color number.
 - 4. VOC content.
 - 5. Environmental handling requirements.
 - 6. Surface preparation requirements.
 - 7. Application instructions.
- B. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F (7 deg C).
 - 1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
 - 2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Apply paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F (10 and 35 deg C).

B. Do not apply paints when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F (3 deg C) above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide Sherwin-Williams Company (The); products indicated or comparable product from one of the following:
 - 1. Benjamin Moore & Co.
 - 2. PPG Paints.
- B. Comparable Products: Comparable products of approved manufacturers will be considered in accordance with Section 016000 "Product Requirements," and the following:
 - 1. Products are approved by manufacturer in writing for application specified.
 - 2. Products meet performance and physical characteristics of basis of design product including published ratio of solids by volume, plus or minus two percent.
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain paint materials from single source from single listed manufacturer.
 - 1. Manufacturer's designations listed on a separate color schedule are for color reference only and do not indicate prior approval.

2.2 PAINT, GENERAL

- A. Material Compatibility:
 - 1. Provide materials for use within each paint system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
 - 2. For each coat in a paint system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- B. VOC Content: For field applications that are inside the weatherproofing system, paints and coatings shall provide materials that comply with VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction and for interior paints and coatings applied at Project site, the following VOC limits exclusive of colorants added to a tint base, when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):
 - 1. Flat Paints and Coatings: 50 g/L.
 - 2. Nonflat Paints and Coatings: 150 g/L.
 - 3. Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters: 200 g/L.
 - 4. Anticorrosive and Antirust Paints Applied to Ferrous Metals: 250 g/L.
 - 5. Floor Coatings: 100 g/L.
 - 6. Shellacs, Clear: 730 g/L.
 - 7. Shellacs, Pigmented: 550 g/L.
- C. Low-Emitting Materials: Interior paints and coatings shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Services' "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Emissions from Various Sources Using Small Scale Environmental Chambers."
- D. Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

2.3 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing of Paint Materials: Owner reserves the right to invoke the following procedure:
 - Owner will engage the services of a qualified testing agency to sample paint materials. Contractor
 will be notified in advance and may be present when samples are taken. If paint materials have
 already been delivered to Project site, samples may be taken at Project site. Samples will be
 identified, sealed, and certified by testing agency.
 - 2. Testing agency will perform tests for compliance with product requirements.
 - Owner may direct Contractor to stop applying coatings if test results show materials being used do not comply with product requirements. Contractor shall remove noncomplying paint materials from Project site, pay for testing, and repaint surfaces painted with rejected materials. Contractor will be required to remove rejected materials from previously painted surfaces if, on repainting with complying materials, the two paints are incompatible.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers. Where acceptability of substrate conditions is in question, apply samples and perform in-situ testing to verify compatibility, adhesion, and film integrity of new paint application.
 - 1. Report, in writing, conditions that may affect application, appearance, or performance of paint.
- B. Substrate Conditions:
 - 1. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:
 - a. Wood: 15 percent.
 - b. Gypsum Board: 12 percent.
 - 2. Gypsum Board Substrates: Verify that finishing compound is sanded smooth.
- C. Proceed with coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected; application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.
- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable and are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
 - 1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
- C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dust, dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.

- 1. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers or apply tie coat as required to produce paint systems indicated.
- D. Galvanized-Metal Substrates: Remove grease and oil residue from galvanized sheet metal fabricated from coil stock by mechanical methods to produce clean, lightly etched surfaces that promote adhesion of subsequently applied paints.
- E. Wood Substrates:
 - 1. Scrape and clean knots, and apply coat of knot sealer before applying primer.
 - 2. Sand surfaces that will be exposed to view, and dust off.
 - 3. Prime edges, ends, faces, undersides, and backsides of wood.
 - After priming, fill holes and imperfections in the finish surfaces with putty or plastic wood filler. Sand smooth when dried.

3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Apply paints according to manufacturer's written instructions and to recommendations in "MPI Manual."
 - 1. Use applicators and techniques suited for paint and substrate indicated.
 - 2. Paint surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, paint surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat only.
 - 3. Paint front and backsides of access panels, removable or hinged covers, and similar hinged items to match exposed surfaces.
 - 4. Do not paint over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.
 - 5. Primers specified in painting schedules may be omitted on items that are factory primed or factory finished if acceptable to topcoat manufacturers.
- B. Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of same material are to be applied. Tint undercoats to match color of topcoat, but provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.
- C. If undercoats or other conditions show through topcoat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform paint finish, color, and appearance.
- D. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.
- E. Painting Fire Suppression, Plumbing, HVAC, Electrical, Communication, and Electronic Safety and Security Work:
 - 1. Paint the following work where exposed in occupied spaces:
 - a. Equipment, including panelboards.
 - b. Uninsulated metal piping.
 - c. Uninsulated plastic piping.
 - d. Pipe hangers and supports.
 - e. Metal conduit.
 - f. Plastic conduit.
 - g. Duct, equipment, and pipe insulation having cotton or canvas insulation covering or other paintable jacket material.
 - h. Other items as directed by Architect.
 - 2. Paint portions of internal surfaces of metal ducts, without liner, behind air inlets and outlets that are visible from occupied spaces.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Dry Film Thickness Testing: Owner may engage the services of a qualified testing and inspecting agency to inspect and test paint for dry film thickness.
 - 1. Contractor shall touch up and restore painted surfaces damaged by testing.
 - 2. If test results show that dry film thickness of applied paint does not comply with paint manufacturer's written recommendations, Contractor shall pay for testing and apply additional coats as needed to provide dry film thickness that complies with paint manufacturer's written recommendations.

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site
- B. After completing paint application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paints by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

3.6 EXTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

- A. Wood Subrstates (back priming siding)
 - Latex System
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer, latex for exterior wood.
 - 1) S-W Exterior Latex Primer, B42, at 4.0 mils wet, 1.4 mils dry, per coat.

3.7 INTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE

- A. Metal Substrates (Aluminum, Steel, Galvanized Steel):
 - Latex System:
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer, rust-inhibitive, water based:
 - 1) S-W Pro Industrial Pro-Cryl Universal Primer, B66-310 Series, at 5.0 to 10 mils (0.127 to 0.254 mm) wet, 2.0 to 4.0 mils (0.051 to 0.102 mm) dry.
 - b. Intermediate Coat: Water-based acrylic, interior, matching topcoat.
 - c. Topcoat: Water-based acrylic, semi-gloss:
 - 1) S-W Pro Industrial Acrylic Semi-Gloss Coating, B66-650 Series, at 2.5 to 4.0 mils (0.064 to 0.102 mm) dry, per coat.
- B. Wood Substrates: Including exposed wood items not indicated to receive shop-applied finish.

- 1. Latex System:
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer sealer, latex, interior:
 - S-W PrepRite ProBlock Primer Sealer, B51-620 Series, at 4.0 mils (0.102 mm) wet, 1.4 mils (0.036 mm) dry.
 - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, matching topcoat.
 - c. Topcoat: Latex, interior, eggshell:
 - 1) S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Eg-Shel, B20-2600 Series, at 4.0 mils (0.102 mm) wet, 1.7 mils (0.043 mm) dry, per coat.
- C. Gypsum Board Substrates:
 - 1. Latex System:
 - a. Prime Coat: Primer, latex, interior:
 - 1) S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Primer, B28W2600, at 4.0 mils (0.102 mm) wet, 1.0 mils (0.025 mm) dry.
 - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex, interior, matching topcoat.
 - c. Topcoat: Latex, interior, eggshell:
 - 1) S-W ProMar 200 Zero VOC Latex Eg-Shel, B20-2600 Series, at 4.0 mils (0.102 mm) wet, 1.7 mils (0.043 mm) dry, per coat.

END OF SECTION 09 91 00

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 **RELATED DOCUMENTS**

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 **SUMMARY**

- Section includes surface preparation and application of wood stains and transparent finishes on the A. following substrates:
 - 1. Exterior Substrates - new, existing and repaired:
 - a. Siding
 - b. Trim
 - C. Fascias and soffits
 - 2. Interior Substrates - new:
 - Board paneling. a.
 - b. Doors not designated to receive painted finish
 - Windows interior exposed wood surfaces C.
 - d. Standing and running trim not designated to receive painted finish

Related Sections: B.

- Section 06 20 13 "Exterior Finish Carpentry": Staining of exterior wood siding and trim. Section 06 20 23 "Interior Finish Carpentry": Staining of interior wood siding and trim. 1.
- 2.
- Section 08 14 33 "Stile and Rail Wood Doors": Staining for exterior door. 3.

1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- A. MPI Gloss Level 1: Not more than 5 units at 60 degrees and 10 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- MPI Gloss Level 4: 20 to 35 units at 60 degrees and not less than 35 units at 85 degrees, according to B. ASTM D 523.
- C. MPI Gloss Level 5: 35 to 70 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- D. MPI Gloss Level 6: 70 to 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- E. MPI Gloss Level 7: More than 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

1.4 **ACTION SUBMITTALS**

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.
 - 1. Include printout of current "MPI Approved Products List" for each product category specified, with the proposed product highlighted.

- 2. Indicate VOC content.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of product.
- C. Samples for Verification: For each type of finish system and in each color and gloss of finish required.
 - 1. Submit Samples on representative samples of actual wood substrates, 8 inches long.
 - 2. Apply coats on Samples in steps to show each coat required for system.
 - 3. Label each coat of each Sample.
 - 4. Label each Sample for location and application area.
- D. Product List: Cross-reference to finish system and locations of application areas. Use same designations indicated on Drawings and in schedules. Include color designations.

1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Stains and Transparent Finishes: 5 percent, but not less than 1 gal. of each material and color applied.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Apply mockups of each finish system indicated and each color selected to verify preliminary selections made under Sample submittals, to demonstrate aesthetic effects, and to set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - 1. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each type of finish system and substrate.
 - a. Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft. for exterior finishes. Mockup shall include new siding and trim material and salvaged siding material similar to existing fascias designated to remain.
 - b. Provide samples of at least 10 sq. ft. for interior finishes
 - c. Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
 - 2. Final approval of stain color selections will be based on mockups.
 - a. If preliminary stain color selections are not approved, apply additional mockups of additional stain colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F
 - 1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
 - 2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Apply finishes only when temperature of surfaces to be finished and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F.

- B. Do not apply finishes when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent, at temperatures less than 5 deg F. above the dew point, or to damp or wet surfaces.
- C. Do not apply exterior finishes in snow, rain, fog, or mist.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Benjamin Moore & Co.
 - 2. PPG Paints.
 - 3. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).
- B. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products listed in wood finish systems schedules for the product category indicated.

2.2 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- A. MPI Standards: Products shall comply with MPI standards indicated and shall be listed in its "MPI Approved Products List."
- B. Material Compatibility:
 - 1. Materials for use within each paint system shall be compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
 - 2. For each coat in a paint system, products shall be recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- C. Stain Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range or Match Architect's samples.

2.3 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing of Materials: Owner reserves the right to invoke the following procedure:
 - 1. Owner will engage the services of a qualified testing agency to sample wood finishing materials. Contractor will be notified in advance and may be present when samples are taken. If materials have already been delivered to Project site, samples may be taken at Project site. Samples will be identified, sealed, and certified by testing agency.
 - 2. Testing agency will perform tests for compliance with product requirements.
 - Owner may direct Contractor to stop applying wood finishes if test results show materials being used do not comply with product requirements. Contractor shall remove noncomplying materials from Project site, pay for testing, and refinish surfaces finished with rejected materials. Contractor will be required to remove rejected materials from previously finished surfaces before refinishing with complying materials if the two finishes are incompatible or produce results that, in the opinion of the Architect, are aesthetically unacceptable.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Exterior Wood Substrates: 15 percent, when measured with an electronic moisture meter.
- C. Maximum Moisture Content of Interior Wood Substrates: 15 percent, when measured with an electronic moisture meter.
- D. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers.
- E. Proceed with finish application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
 - 1. Beginning finish application constitutes Contractor's acceptance of substrates and conditions.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.
- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and finishing.
 - 1. After completing finishing operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
- C. Clean and prepare surfaces to be finished according to manufacturer's written instructions for each substrate condition and as specified.
 - Remove dust, dirt, oil, and grease by washing with a detergent solution; rinse thoroughly with clean water and allow to dry. Remove grade stamps and pencil marks by sanding lightly. Remove loose wood fibers by brushing.
 - 2. Remove mildew by scrubbing with a commercial wash formulated for mildew removal and as recommended by stain manufacturer.

D. Exterior Wood Substrates:

- 1. Scrape and clean knots, and apply coat of knot sealer before applying primer.
- 2. Prime edges, ends, faces, undersides, and backsides of wood.

E. Interior Wood Substrates:

- 1. Scrape and clean knots, and apply coat of knot sealer before applying primer.
- 2. Apply wood filler paste to open-grain woods, as defined in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual," to produce smooth, glasslike finish.
- 3. Sand surfaces exposed to view and dust off.
- 4. After priming, fill holes and imperfections in the finish surfaces with putty or plastic wood filler. Sand smooth when dry.

3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Apply finishes according to manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual."
 - 1. Use applicators and techniques suited for finish and substrate indicated.
 - 2. Finish surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces.
 - 3. Do not apply finishes over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.
- B. Apply finishes to produce surface films without cloudiness, holidays, lap marks, brush marks, runs, ropiness, or other surface imperfections.

3.4 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site
- B. After completing finish application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered materials by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from finish application. Correct damage by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced finished wood surfaces.

3.5 EXTERIOR WOOD-FINISH-SYSTEM SCHEDULE

- A. Wood Substrates: Wood trim, doors, and wood board siding.
 - 1. Water-Based Semitransparent Stain System MPI EXT 6.3N: Sherwin Williams WoodScapes Exterior Polyurethane Semi-Transparent Stain Basis of design
 - a. Prime Coat: Stain, exterior, water based, semitransparent, matching topcoat.
 - b. Intermediate Coat: Stain, exterior, water based, semitransparent, matching topcoat.
 - c. Topcoat: Stain, exterior, water based, semitransparent[, MPI #156.

3.6 INTERIOR WOOD -FINISH-SYSTEM SCHEDULE

- A. Wood Substrates: Wood trim doors windows and wood board paneling Sherwin Williams Minwax Polycrylic Finish basis of design.
 - 1. Moisture-Cured Clear Polyurethane System MPI INT 6.3X:
 - a. Prime Coat: Moisture-cured polyurethane matching topcoat.
 - b. Intermediate Coat: Moisture-cured polyurethane matching topcoat.
 - c. Topcoat: Varnish, polyurethane, moisture cured, gloss (MPI Gloss Level 4)

END OF SECTION 09 93 00

SECTION 099600 - HIGH-PERFORMANCE COATINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes surface preparation and the application of high-performance coating system on the following substrates:
 - 1. Interior Substrates:
 - a. Concrete, horizontal surfaces.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 099100 " Painting" for special-use coatings and general field painting.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.
 - 1. Indicate VOC content.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of topcoat product indicated.
- C. Samples for Verification: For each type of coating system and in each color and gloss of topcoat indicated.
 - 1. Submit Samples on rigid backing, 8 inches (200 mm) square.
 - 2. Label each coat of each Sample.
 - 3. Label each Sample for location and application area.
- D. Product List: For each product indicated, include the following:
 - 1. Cross-reference to paint system and locations of application areas. Use same designations indicated on Drawings and in schedules.
 - 2. VOC content.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Coating Maintenance Manual: Provide coating maintenance manual including area summary with finish schedule, area detail designating location where each product/color/finish was used, product data pages, material safety data sheets, care and cleaning instructions, touch-up procedures, and color samples of each color and finish used.

1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
 - 1. Paint: 1 gal. (3.8 L) of each material and color applied.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Apply mockups of each coating system indicated to verify preliminary selections made under sample submittals and to demonstrate aesthetic effects and set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - 1. Architect will select one surface to represent surfaces and conditions for application of each coating system specified in Part 3.
 - a. Wall and Ceiling Surfaces: Provide samples of at least 100 sq. ft. (9 sq. m).
 - b. Other Items: Architect will designate items or areas required.
 - 2. Final approval of color selections will be based on mockups.
 - If preliminary color selections are not approved, apply additional mockups of additional colors selected by Architect at no added cost to Owner.
 - 3. Approval of mockups does not constitute approval of deviations from the Contract Documents contained in mockups unless Architect specifically approves such deviations in writing.
 - 4. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Delivery and Handling: Deliver products to Project site in an undamaged condition in manufacturer's original sealed containers, complete with labels and instructions for handling, storing, unpacking, protecting, and installing. Packaging shall bear the manufacture's label with the following information:
 - 1. Product name and type (description).
 - Batch date.
 - Color number.
 - 4. VOC content.
 - 5. Environmental handling requirements.
 - 6. Surface preparation requirements.
 - 7. Application instructions.
- B. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F (7 deg C).
 - 1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
 - 2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Apply coatings only when temperature of surfaces to be coated and surrounding air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F (10 and 35 deg C).

B. Do not apply coatings when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F (3 deg C) above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide <u>Sherwin-Williams Company</u> (<u>The</u>); products indicated or comparable product from one of the following:
 - 1. Benjamnin Moore
 - 2. PPG
- B. Comparable Products: Comparable products of approved manufacturers will be considered in accordance with Section 016000 "Product Requirements," and the following:
 - 1. Products are approved by manufacturer in writing for application specified.
 - 2. Products meet performance and physical characteristics of basis of design product including published ratio of solids by volume, plus or minus two percent.
- C. Source Limitations: Obtain paint materials from single source from single listed manufacturer.
 - 1. Manufacturer's designations listed on a separate color schedule are for color reference only and do not indicate prior approval.

2.2 HIGH-PERFORMANCE COATINGS, GENERAL

- A. Material Compatibility:
 - 1. Provide materials for use within each coating system that are compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
 - 2. For each coat in a coating system, provide products recommended in writing by manufacturers of topcoat for use in coating system and on substrate indicated.
 - 3. Provide products of same manufacturer for each coat in a coating system.
- B. VOC Content: For field applications that are inside the weatherproofing system, paints and coatings shall comply with VOC content limits of authorities having jurisdiction and, for interior paints and coatings applied at Project site, the following VOC content limits, exclusive of colorants added to a tint base, when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24):
 - 1. Flat Paints and Coatings: 50 g/L.
 - 2. Nonflat Paints and Coatings: 150 g/L.
 - 3. Primers, Sealers, and Undercoaters: 200 g/L.
 - 4. Anticorrosive and Antirust Paints Applied to Ferrous Metals: 250 g/L.
 - 5. Floor Coatings: 100 g/L.
 - 6. Shellacs, Clear: 730 g/L.
 - 7. Shellacs, Pigmented: 550 g/L.
- C. Low-Emitting Materials: Interior paints and coatings shall comply with the testing and product requirements of the California Department of Health Service's "Standard Practice for the Testing of Volatile Organic Chemical Emissions from Various Sources Using Small Scale Environmental Chambers."
- D. Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

2.3 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing of Coating Materials: Owner reserves the right to invoke the following procedure:
 - Owner will engage the services of a qualified testing agency to sample coating materials.
 Contractor will be notified in advance and may be present when samples are taken. If coating materials have already been delivered to Project site, samples may be taken at Project site. Samples will be identified, sealed, and certified by testing agency.
 - 2. Testing agency will perform tests for compliance with product requirements.
 - 3. Owner may direct Contractor to stop applying paints if test results show materials being used do not comply with product requirements. Contractor shall remove noncomplying coating materials from Project site, pay for testing, and recoat surfaces coated with rejected materials. Contractor will be required to remove rejected materials from previously coated surfaces if, on recoating with complying materials, the two coatings are incompatible.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility with existing finishes and primers. Where acceptability of substrate conditions is in question, apply samples and perform in-situ testing to verify compatibility, adhesion, and film integrity of new paint application.
 - 1. Report in writing conditions that may affect application, appearance, or performance of paint.
- B. Substrate Conditions:
 - Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:
 - a. Concrete: 12 percent.
- C. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility, with existing finishes and primers.
- D. Proceed with coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected; application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates indicated.
- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable and are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
 - 1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection.
- C. Concrete Substrates: Remove release agents, curing compounds, efflorescence, and chalk. Do not coat surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be coated exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.

1. Abrasive blast clean surfaces to comply with SSPC-SP 7/NACE No. 4, "Brush-Off Blast Cleaning."

3.3 APPLICATION

- A. Apply high-performance coatings according to manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual."
 - 1. Use applicators and techniques suited for coating and substrate indicated.
 - Coat surfaces behind movable equipment and furniture same as similar exposed surfaces. Before
 final installation, coat surfaces behind permanently fixed equipment or furniture with prime coat
 only.
 - Coat back sides of access panels, removable or hinged covers, and similar hinged items to match exposed surfaces.
 - 4. Do not apply coatings over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.
- B. Tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of the same material are to be applied. Tint undercoats to match color of finish coat, but provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.
- C. If undercoats or other conditions show through final coat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform coating finish, color, and appearance.
- D. Apply coatings to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Produce sharp glass lines and color breaks.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Dry Film Thickness Testing: Owner may engage the services of a qualified testing and inspecting agency to inspect and test coatings for dry film thickness.
 - 1. Contractor shall touch up and restore coated surfaces damaged by testing.
 - 2. If test results show that dry film thickness of applied coating does not comply with coating manufacturer's written recommendations, Contractor shall pay for testing and apply additional coats as needed to provide dry film thickness that complies with coating manufacturer's written recommendations.

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
- B. After completing coating application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered coatings by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from coating operation. Correct damage by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and recoating, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced coated surfaces.

3.6 INTERIOR HIGH-PERFORMANCE COATING SCHEDULE

A. Concrete Substrates, Horizontal Surfaces.

- Epoxy System: 1.
 - Prime Coat: Epoxy, matching topcoat. Topcoat: Epoxy, Gloss: a.
 - b.
 - S-W Armorseal 8100 Water Based Epoxy Floor Coating, B70 Series, at 2.0 to 4.0 1) mils dry, per coat.

END OF SECTION 099600

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Ceiling hung solid-plastic toilet partitions and urinal screens.
 - 2. All brackets, fittings and hardware required for a complete installation
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 055000 Metal Fabrications: Framing, hangers and supports for ceiling-hung toilet compartments.
 - 2. Section 102800 Toilet Accessories: Grab bars, and similar accessories mounted on toilet compartments.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for toilet compartments.
- B. Shop Drawings: For toilet compartments.
 - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachment details.
 - 2. Show locations of cutouts for compartment-mounted toilet accessories.
 - 3. Show locations of centerlines of toilet fixtures.
 - 4. Show overhead support or bracing locations.
- C. Product Schedule: For toilet compartments, prepared by or under the supervision of supplier, detailing location and selected colors for toilet compartment material.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For toilet compartments to include in maintenance manuals.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of toilet fixtures, walls, columns, ceilings, and other construction contiguous with toilet compartments by field measurements before fabrication.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Comply with ASTM E 84; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - 1. Flame-Spread Index 200 or less.
 - 2. Smoke-Developed Index: 450 or less.
- B. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable provisions in [the U.S. Architectural & Transportation Barriers Compliance Board's ADA-ABA Accessibility Guidelines for Buildings and Facilities and ICC A117.1 as amended by the Connecticut State Building Code for toilet compartments designated as accessible.

2.2 SOLID-PLASTIC TOILET COMPARTMENTS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. ASI Accurate Partitions Corp Corporation
 - 2. ASI Global Partitions Corporation.
 - 3. AJW Architectural Products...
- B. Toilet-Enclosure Style: Ceiling hung.
- C. Urinal-Screen Style: Wall hung.
- D. Door, Panel, and Pilaster Construction: Solid, high-density polyethylene (HDPE) panel material, not less than 1 inch thick, seamless, with eased edges, and with homogenous color and pattern throughout thickness of material.
 - 1. Integral Hinges: Configure doors and pilasters to receive integral hinges.
 - 2. Heat-Sink Strip: Manufacturer's standard continuous, extruded-aluminum or stainless-steel strip fastened to exposed bottom edges of solid-plastic components to hinder malicious combustion.
 - 3. Color and Pattern: One color and pattern as selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- E. Brackets (Fittings):
 - 1. Full-Height Continuous Type: Extruded aluminum, design as indicated on Drawing.

2.3 HARDWARE AND ACCESSORIES

- A. Hardware and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard operating hardware and accessories.
 - 1. Material: Stainless.
 - 2. Hinges: Manufacturer's standard paired, self-closing type that can be adjusted to hold doors open at any angle up to 90 degrees allowing emergency access by lifting door.
 - 3. Latch and Keeper: Manufacturer's standard surface-mounted latch unit designed for emergency access and with combination rubber-faced door strike and keeper. Provide units that comply with regulatory requirements for accessibility at compartments designated as accessible.
 - 4. Coat Hook: Manufacturer's standard combination hook and rubber-tipped bumper, sized to prevent in-swinging door from hitting compartment-mounted accessories.
 - 5. Door Bumper: Manufacturer's standard rubber-tipped bumper at out-swinging doors.

- Door Pull: Manufacturer's standard unit at out-swinging doors that complies with regulatory requirements for accessibility. Provide units on both sides of doors at compartments designated as accessible.
- B. Anchorages and Fasteners: Manufacturer's standard exposed fasteners of stainless steel, finished to match the items they are securing, with theft-resistant-type heads. Provide sex-type bolts for through-bolt applications. For concealed anchors, use stainless-steel, hot-dip galvanized-steel, or other rust-resistant, protective-coated steel compatible with related materials.

2.4 MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum Castings: ASTM B 26/B 26M.
- B. Aluminum Extrusions: ASTM B 221.
- C. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 666, Type 304, stretcher-leveled standard of flatness.
- D. Stainless-Steel Castings: ASTM A 743/A 743M.

2.5 FABRICATION

- A. Fabrication, General: Fabricate toilet compartment components to sizes indicated. Coordinate requirements and provide cutouts for through-partition toilet accessories where required for attachment of toilet accessories.
- B. Ceiling-Hung Units: Provide manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant anchoring assemblies with leveling adjustment nuts at pilasters for connection to structural support above finished ceiling. Provide assemblies that support pilasters from structure without transmitting load to finished ceiling. Provide sleeves (caps) at tops of pilasters to conceal anchorage.
- C. Door Size and Swings: Unless otherwise indicated, provide 24-inch- wide, in-swinging doors for standard toilet compartments and 36-inch- wide, in-swinging doors for compartments designated as accessible.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for fastening, support, alignment, operating clearances, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
 - 1. Confirm location and adequacy of blocking and supports required for installation.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Comply with manufacturer's written installation instructions. Install units rigid, straight, level, and plumb. Secure units in position with manufacturer's recommended anchoring devices.
 - 1. Maximum Clearances:
 - a. Pilasters and Panels: 1/2 inch

- b. Panels and Walls: 1 inch.
- 2. Stirrup Brackets: Secure panels to walls and to pilasters with no fewer than three brackets attached at midpoint and near top and bottom of panel.
 - a. Align brackets at pilasters with brackets at walls.
- B. Ceiling-Hung Units: Secure pilasters to supporting structure and level, plumb, and tighten. Hang doors and adjust so bottoms of doors are level with bottoms of pilasters when doors are in closed position.
- C. Urinal Screens: Attach with anchoring devices to suit supporting structure. Set units level and plumb, rigid, and secured to resist lateral impact.

3.3 ADJUSTING

A. Hardware Adjustment: Adjust and lubricate hardware according to hardware manufacturer's written instructions for proper operation. Set hinges on in-swinging doors to hold doors open approximately 30 degrees from closed position when unlatched..

END OF SECTION 10 21 13.19

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - Grab bars
 - 2. Toilet accessories.
 - 3. Custodial accessories.
 - 4. Under sink protection for hot and cold water piping and valves and drainage piping.
 - 5. All miscellaneous components required for complete installation of specified products.

1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate accessory locations with other work to prevent interference with clearances required for access by people with disabilities, and for proper installation, adjustment, operation, cleaning, and servicing of accessories.
- B. Deliver inserts and anchoring devices set into concrete or masonry as required to prevent delaying the Work.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
 - 2. Include anchoring and mounting requirements, including requirements for cutouts in other work and substrate preparation.
- B. Product Schedule: Indicating types, quantities, sizes, and installation locations by room of each accessory required.
 - 1. Identify locations using room designations indicated.
 - 2. Identify accessories using designations indicated.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Sample Warranty: For manufacturer's special warranty.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: For accessories to include in maintenance manuals.

1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Special Warranty for Mirrors: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace mirrors that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, visible silver spoilage defects.
 - 2. Warranty Period: 15 years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 TOILET ACCESSORIES

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain public-use toilet room accessories from single source and single manufacturer.
- B. TA-1: Soap Dispenser
 - 1. Manufacturer/Product: Subject to compliance with requirements provide one of following:

- a. Bobrick Washroom Equipment Inc: Model B-2111 Liquid Soap Dispenser
- b. Bradley Corporation: Model 6562 Liquid Soap Dispenser
- c. AJW Architectural Products: Model U126 Liquid Soap Dispenser
- Material/finish: Stainless steel/Satin
- 3. Capacity: 40 fl oz
- 4. Mounting: Surface

C. TA-2: Mirror

- 1. Manufacturer/Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
 - a. Bobrick Washroom Equipment Inc: Model B-165 2436
 - b. Bradley Corporation: Model 740-2436
 - c. AJW Architectural Products: Model U704 24x36
- Type: Fixed tilt
- 3. Frame material/finish: 20 ga stainless steel w/ 20 ga stiffeners/Satin
 - a. Corners: Manufacturer's standard.
- 4. Mirror: 1/4 inch back painted float glass
- 5. Hangers: Provide rigid, tamper and theft-resistant installation, using method indicated below.
 - a. One-piece, galvanized-steel, wall-hanger device with spring-action locking mechanism to hold mirror unit in position with no exposed screws or bolts.
- 6. Size: 24-inches wide x 36-inches tall

D. TA-3: Vertical Grab Bar

- 1. Manufacturer/Product: Subject to compliance with requirements provide one of the following:
 - a. Bobrick Washroom Equipment Inc: Model B-6806x18, B-2562 concealed anchor plates
 - b. Bradley Corporation: Model 812-2-001-18
 - AJW Architectural Products: Model UG30X-A 18
- 2. Material/Finish:
 - a. Tubing: 18 ga Type 304 stainless steel/Satin
 - b. Mounting Flanges: 1/8" thick or 13 ga stainless steel
 - c. Escutcheons: 22 ga stainless steel/Satin
- 3. Configuration: Straight
- 4. Outside Diameter: 1-1/2 inches
- 5. Length: 18 inches
- 6. Mounting: Concealed using manufacturer's mounting kit

E. TA-4: Rear Wall Grab Bar:

- 1. Manufacturer/Product: Subject to compliance with requirements provide one of the following:
 - a. Bobrick Washroom Equipment Inc: Model B-6806x36 w/ B-2562 concealed anchor plates
 - b. Bradley Corporation: Model 812-2-001-36
 - c. AJW Architectural Products: Model UG30X-A 36
- Material/Finish:
 - a. Tubing: 18 ga Type 304 stainless steel/Satin
 - b. Mounting Flanges: 1/8" thick or 13 ga stainless steel
 - c. Escutcheons: 22 ga stainless steel/Satin
- 3. Configuration: Straight
- 4. Outside Diameter: 1-1/2 inches
- 5. Length: 18 inches
- 6. Mounting: Concealed using manufacturer's mounting kit

- F. TA-5: Side Wall Grab Bar:
 - 1. Manufacturer/Product: Subject to compliance with requirements provide one of the following:
 - a. Bobrick Washroom Equipment Inc: Model B-6806x42, B-2562 concealed anchor plates
 - b. Bradley Corporation: Model 812-2-001-42
 - c. AJW Architectural Products: Model UG30X-A 42
 - Material/Finish:
 - a. Tubing: 18 ga Type 304 stainless steel/Satin
 - b. Mounting Flanges: 1/8" thick or 13 ga stainless steel
 - c. Escutcheons: 22 ga stainless steel/Satin
 - 3. Configuration: Straight
 - 4. Outside Diameter: 1-1/2 inches
 - 5. Length: 18 inches
 - 6. Mounting: Concealed using manufacturer's mounting kit
- G. TA-6: Sanitary-Napkin Disposal Unit
 - 1. Manufacturer/Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Bobrick Washroom Equipment Inc: Model B-270
 - b. Bradley Corporation: Model 4781-11
 - c. AJW Architectural Products: Model U591
 - 2. Material/Finish: 22 ga stainless steel/No.4 satin
 - 3. Mounting: Surface
- H. TA-7: Toilet Tissue Dispenser
 - 1. Manufacturer/Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Bobrick Washroom Equipment Inc: Model B-2888
 - b. Bradlev Corporation: Model 5402
 - c. AJW Architectural Products: Model U840
 - 2. Material/Finish:
 - a. Cabinet: 22 ga stainless steel/Satin
 - b. Service Door: 22 ga stainless steel/Satin
 - c. Spindles: Molded polyethylene
 - 3. Capacity: Two 4-1/2"x5" standard core tissue rolls
 - 4. Mounting: Surface
- I. TA-8: Baby Changing Station
 - 1. Manufacturers/Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Koala Kare Products: Model KB200-01
 - b. GAMCO Commercial Restroom Accessories: Model BCS-2
 - c. American Specialties Inc: Model 9014
 - Description: Horizontal unit that opens by folding down from stored position and with childprotection strap.
 - a. Engineered to support minimum of 250-lb static load installed and in the open position.
 - 3. Mounting: Surface mounted with unit projecting not more than 4 inches from wall when closed.
 - 4. Operation: By pneumatic shock-absorbing mechanism.
 - 5. Material/Color: HDPE/Gray
 - 6. Liner Dispenser: Built-in

- J. TA-9: Combination Folded Towel/Waste Unit
 - Manufacturers/Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Bobrick Washroom Equipment Inc: Model B-3944-134
 - b. Bradley Corporation: Model 234 w/ P11-004 Liner
 - c. AJW Architectural Products: Model U650
 - 2. Mounting: Recessd
 - 3. Material/Finish: Stainless steel/Satin
 - 4. Capacity
 - a. Towel dispenser: 600 C-fold or 800 mulifold towels
 - b. Removable waster receptacle: 12 gal
 - 5. Vinyl waste receptacle liner.
- K. TA-10: Ada Compliant Undersink P-Trap, Pipe and Valve Insulators
 - 1. Manufacturers/Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. IPS Corp Truebro: 25/450 Soft Guard Plus
 - 1) Color: White
 - b. Plumberex Specialty Products Inc: Handi-Shield Maxx 2003W
 - 1) Color: White
 - 2. Color: White
 - 3. Accessibility Requirements: ADA 4/19.4 (ADA/ABA 606.5 rev), ICC/ANSI A117.1 (sec 606.6)
 - 4. ASTM E 84-07 (Class A Insulation Material), 25 Flame/450 Smoke Index

2.2 CUSTODIAL ACCESSORIES

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain custodial accessories from single source from single manufacturer.
- B. Mop and Broom Holder
 - 1. Manufacturer/Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
 - a. Bobrick Washroom Equipment Inc: Model B-239
 - b. Bradley Corporation: Model 9933
 - c. AJW Architectural Products: Model UJ45A
 - Description: Shelf with 4 satinless steel hooks and three spring-loaded rubber cam type mop/broom holders.
 - 3. Material/finish: Stainless steel/No.4 satin
 - 4. Length: 34 inches

2.3 MATERIALS

- A. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 666, Type 304, 0.031-inch minimum nominal thickness unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Galvanized-Steel Mounting Devices: ASTM A 153/A 153M, hot-dip galvanized after fabrication.
- C. Fasteners: Screws, bolts, and other devices of same material as accessory unit and tamper-and-theft resistant where exposed, and of galvanized steel where concealed.
- D. Mirrors: ASTM C 1503, Mirror Glazing Quality, clear-glass mirrors, nominal 6.0 mm thick.

2.4 FABRICATION

A. General: Fabricate units with tight seams and joints, and exposed edges rolled. Hang doors and access panels with full-length, continuous hinges. Equip units for concealed anchorage and with corrosion-resistant backing plates.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install accessories according to manufacturers' written instructions, using fasteners appropriate to substrate indicated and recommended by unit manufacturer. Install units level, plumb, and firmly anchored in locations and at heights indicated.
- B. Grab Bars: Install to withstand a vertical or horizontal force of 250 lbs applied at any point on the grab bar when tested according to ASTM F 446.

3.2 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Adjust accessories for unencumbered, smooth operation. Replace damaged or defective items.
- B. Remove temporary labels and protective coatings.
- C. Clean and polish exposed surfaces according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 10 2800

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Brass ball valves.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of valve.
 - 1. Certification that products comply with NSF 61 and NSF 372.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR VALVES

- A. Source Limitations for Valves: Obtain each type of valve from single source from single manufacturer.
- B. ASME Compliance:
 - 1. ASME B1.20.1 for threads for threaded end valves.
 - 2. ASME B16.10 and ASME B16.34 for ferrous valve dimensions and design criteria.
 - 3. ASME B16.18 for solder-joint connections.
 - 4. ASME B31.9 for building services piping valves.
- C. NSF Compliance: NSF 61 and NSF 372 for valve materials for potable-water service.
- D. Valve Pressure-Temperature Ratings: Not less than indicated and as required for system pressures and temperatures.
- E. Valve Sizes: Same as upstream piping unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Valve Actuator Types:
 - 1. Handlever: For quarter-turn valves smaller than NPS 4.
- G. Valves in Insulated Piping:
 - 1. Include 2-inch stem extensions.
 - 2. Extended operating handles of nonthermal-conductive material and protective sleeves that allow operation of valves without breaking vapor seals or disturbing insulation.
 - 3. Memory stops that are fully adjustable after insulation is applied.

2.2 BRASS BALL VALVES

- A. Brass Ball Valves, Two-Piece with Regular Port and Brass Trim:
 - Description:
 - a. Standard: MSS SP-110.

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- b. CWP Rating: 600 psig. Body Design: Two piece. C.
- d. Body Material: Forged brass.
- e. Ends: Threaded and soldered.
- Seats: PTFE. f.
- Stem: Brass. g.
- Ball: Chrome-plated brass. h.
- Port: Regular. i.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 **VALVE INSTALLATION**

- A. Install valves with unions or flanges at each piece of equipment arranged to allow service, maintenance, and equipment removal without system shutdown.
- B. Locate valves for easy access and provide separate support where necessary.
- C. Install valves in horizontal piping with stem at or above center of pipe.
- D. Install valves in position to allow full stem movement.

3.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR VALVE APPLICATIONS

- If valves with specified CWP ratings are unavailable, the same types of valves with higher CWP ratings Α. may be substituted.
- B. Select valves with the following end connections:
 - For Copper Tubing, NPS 2 and Smaller: Threaded ends except where solder-joint valve-end option 1. is indicated in valve schedules below.

DOMESTIC HOT- AND COLD-WATER VALVE SCHEDULE 3.3

- A. Pipe NPS 2 and Smaller:
 - 1. Brass ball valves, two-piece with regular port and brass trim. Provide with threaded or solder -joint

END OF SECTION 22 05 23.12

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Metal pipe hangers and supports.
 - 2. Thermal hanger-shield inserts.
 - 3. Fastener systems.
 - 4. Equipment supports.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details and include calculations.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Welding certificates.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Structural-Steel Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- B. Pipe Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and operators according to "2015 ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code, Section IX."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Structural Performance: Hangers and supports for plumbing piping and equipment shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated according to ASCE/SEI 7.
 - Design supports for multiple pipes, including pipe stands, capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems, system contents, and test water.

2.2 METAL PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Carbon-Steel Pipe Hangers and Supports:
 - 1. Description: MSS SP-58, Types 1 through 58, factory-fabricated components.
 - 2. Nonmetallic Coatings: Plastic coated or epoxy powder coated.
 - 3. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of carbon steel.
- B. Copper Pipe and Tube Hangers:
 - 1. Description: MSS SP-58, Types 1 through 58, copper-coated-steel, factory-fabricated components.
 - 2. Hanger Rods: Continuous-thread rod, nuts, and washer made of copper-coated steel.

2.3 TRAPEZE PIPE HANGERS

A. Description: MSS SP-58, Type 59, shop- or field-fabricated pipe-support assembly, made from structural-carbon-steel shapes, with MSS SP-58 carbon-steel hanger rods, nuts, saddles, and U-bolts.

2.4 THERMAL HANGER-SHIELD INSERTS

- A. Insulation-Insert Material for Cold Piping: ASTM C 552, Type II cellular glass with 100-psig minimum compressive strength and vapor barrier.
- B. Insulation-Insert Material for Hot Piping: ASTM C 552, Type II cellular glass with 100-psig minimum compressive strength.
- C. For Trapeze or Clamped Systems: Insert and shield shall cover entire circumference of pipe.
- D. For Clevis or Band Hangers: Insert and shield shall cover lower 180 degrees of pipe.
- E. Insert Length: Extend 2 inches beyond sheet metal shield for piping operating below ambient air temperature.

2.5 FASTENER SYSTEMS

- A. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type anchors, for use in hardened portland cement concrete, with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.
 - 1. Indoor Applications: Zinc-coated steel.
 - 2. Outdoor Applications: Stainless steel.

2.6 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

A. Description: Welded, shop- or field-fabricated equipment support made from structural-carbon-steel shapes.

2.7 MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum: ASTM B 221.
- B. Carbon Steel: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M.
- C. Structural Steel: ASTM A 36/A 36M carbon-steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 07 84 13 "Penetration Firestopping" for firestopping materials and installation, for penetrations through fire-rated walls, ceilings, and assemblies.
- B. Strength of Support Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components, so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static loads within specified loading limits. Minimum static design load used for strength determination shall be weight of supported components plus 200 lb.

3.2 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Metal Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-58. Install hangers, supports, clamps, and attachments as required to properly support piping from building structure.
- B. Metal Trapeze Pipe-Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-58. Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of horizontal piping, and support together on field-fabricated trapeze pipe hangers.
 - 1. Pipes of Various Sizes: Support together and space trapezes for smallest pipe size, or install intermediate supports for smaller-diameter pipes as specified for individual pipe hangers.
 - Field fabricate from ASTM A 36/A 36M carbon-steel shapes selected for loads being supported. Weld steel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M.
- C. Thermal Hanger-Shield Installation: Install in pipe hanger or shield for insulated piping.
- D. Install hangers and supports complete with necessary attachments, inserts, bolts, rods, nuts, washers, and other accessories.
- E. Equipment Support Installation: Fabricate from welded-structural-steel shapes.
- F. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal and seismic movement of piping systems, to permit freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.
- G. Install building attachments within concrete slabs or attach to structural steel. Install additional attachments at concentrated loads, including valves, flanges, and strainers, NPS 2-1/2 and larger and at changes in direction of piping.
- H. Load Distribution: Install hangers and supports, so that piping live and dead loads and stresses from movement will not be transmitted to connected equipment.
- I. Pipe Slopes: Install hangers and supports to provide indicated pipe slopes and to not exceed maximum pipe deflections allowed by ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
- J. Insulated Piping:
 - 1. Attach clamps and spacers to piping.
 - a. Piping Operating Above Ambient Air Temperature: Clamp may project through insulation.
 - b. Piping Operating Below Ambient Air Temperature: Use thermal hanger-shield insert with clamp sized to match OD of insert.
 - Do not exceed pipe stress limits allowed by ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
 - 2. Install MSS SP-58, Type 39 protection saddles if insulation without vapor barrier is indicated. Fill interior voids with insulation that matches adjoining insulation.
 - a. Option: Thermal hanger-shield inserts may be used. Include steel weight-distribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.
 - 3. Install MSS SP-58, Type 40 protective shields on cold piping with vapor barrier. Shields shall span an arc of 180 degrees.
 - a. Option: Thermal hanger-shield inserts may be used. Include steel weight-distribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.
 - 4. Shield Dimensions for Pipe: Not less than the following:
 - a. NPS 1/4 to NPS 3-1/2: 12 inches long and 0.048 inch thick.

3.3 ADJUSTING

- A. Hanger Adjustments: Adjust hangers to distribute loads equally on attachments and to achieve indicated slope of pipe.
- B. Trim excess length of continuous-thread hanger and support rods to 1-1/2 inches.

3.4 PAINTING

- A. Touchup: Clean field welds and abraded, shop-painted areas. Paint exposed areas immediately after erecting hangers and supports. Use same materials as those used for shop painting. Comply with SSPC-PA 1 requirements for touching up field-painted surfaces.
 - 1. Apply paint by brush or spray to provide a minimum dry film thickness of 2.0 mils.
- B. Touchup: Cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded, shop-painted areas on miscellaneous metal are specified in [Section 09 91 13 "Exterior Painting."] [Section 09 91 23 "Interior Painting."] [Section 09 96 00 "High-Performance Coatings."]
- C. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas, and apply galvanizing-repair paint to comply with ASTM A 780/A 780M.

3.5 HANGER AND SUPPORT SCHEDULE

- A. Specific hanger and support requirements are in Sections specifying piping systems and equipment.
- B. Comply with MSS SP-58 for pipe-hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- C. Use hangers and supports with galvanized metallic coatings for piping and equipment that will not have field-applied finishes.
- D. Use nonmetallic coatings on attachments for electrolytic protection where attachments are in direct contact with copper tubing.
- E. Use carbon-steel pipe hangers and supports and metal trapeze pipe hangers and attachments for general service applications.
- F. Use copper-plated pipe hangers for attachments for copper piping and tubing.
- G. Use thermal hanger-shield inserts for insulated piping and tubing.
- H. Horizontal-Piping Hangers and Supports: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. Adjustable, Swivel Split- or Solid-Ring Hangers (MSS Type 6): For suspension of insulated, stationary pipes NPS 3/4 to NPS 8.
 - Adjustable, Steel Band Hangers (MSS Type 7): For suspension of noninsulated, stationary pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 8.
 - Adjustable Band Hangers (MSS Type 9): For suspension of noninsulated, stationary pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 8.
 - 4. Adjustable, Swivel-Ring Band Hangers (MSS Type 10): For suspension of noninsulated, stationary pipes NPS 1/2 to NPS 8.
 - 5. Extension Hinged or Two-Bolt Split Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 12): For suspension of noninsulated, stationary pipes NPS 3/8 to NPS 3.
- I. Vertical-Piping Clamps: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - Carbon- or Alloy-Steel Riser Clamps (MSS Type 42): For support of pipe risers NPS 3/4 to NPS 24
 if longer ends are required for riser clamps.
- J. Building Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
 - 1. Side-Beam Brackets (MSS Type 34): For sides of steel or wooden beams.
- K. Saddles and Shields: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:

- Steel-Pipe-Covering Protection Saddles (MSS Type 39): To fill interior voids with insulation that 1. matches adjoining insulation.

 Protection Shields (MSS Type 40): Of length recommended in writing by manufacturer to prevent
- 2. crushing insulation.
- Comply with MSS SP-58 for trapeze pipe-hanger selections and applications that are not specified in L. piping system Sections.

END OF SECTION 22 05 29

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes insulating the following plumbing piping services:
 - 1. Domestic hot-water piping.
 - 2. Supplies and drains for handicap-accessible lavatories and sinks.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Surface-Burning Characteristics: For insulation and related materials, as determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E84 by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Factory label insulation and jacket materials and adhesive, mastic, tapes, and cement material containers, with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - Insulation Installed Indoors: Flame-spread index of 25 or less, and smoke-developed index of 50 or less
 - Insulation Installed Outdoors: Flame-spread index of 75 or less, and smoke-developed index of 150 or less.
- B. Comply with the following applicable standards and other requirements specified for miscellaneous components:
 - 1. Supply and Drain Protective Shielding Guards: ICC A117.1.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 INSULATION MATERIALS

- A. Comply with requirements in "Indoor Piping Insulation Schedule," articles for where insulating materials shall be applied.
- B. Products shall not contain asbestos, lead, mercury, or mercury compounds.
- C. Foam insulation materials shall not use CFC or HCFC blowing agents in the manufacturing process.
- D. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation:
 - 1. Type I, 850 Deg F Materials: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C547, Type I, Grade A, with factory-applied ASJ-SSL. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.

2.2 ADHESIVES

A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates and for bonding insulation to itself and to surfaces to be insulated, unless otherwise indicated.

B. ASJ Adhesive, and FSK Jacket Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A for bonding insulation jacket lap seams and joints.

2.3 SEALANTS

- A. ASJ Flashing Sealants, and Vinyl, PVDC, and PVC Jacket Flashing Sealants:
 - 1. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
 - 2. Fire- and water-resistant, flexible, elastomeric sealant.
 - 3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 250 deg F.
 - 4. Color: White.

2.4 FACTORY-APPLIED JACKETS

- A. Insulation system schedules indicate factory-applied jackets on various applications. When factory-applied jackets are indicated, comply with the following:
 - ASJ-SSL: ASJ with self-sealing, pressure-sensitive, acrylic-based adhesive covered by a removable protective strip; complying with ASTM C1136, Type I.

2.5 FIELD-APPLIED FABRIC-REINFORCING MESH

A. Woven Polyester Fabric: Approximately 1 oz./sq. yd. with a thread count of 10 strands by 10 strands/sq. in., in a Leno weave, for pipe.

2.6 FIELD-APPLIED JACKETS

- A. Field-applied jackets shall comply with ASTM C921, Type I, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. PVC Jacket: High-impact-resistant, UV-resistant PVC complying with ASTM D1784, Class 16354-C; thickness as scheduled; roll stock ready for shop or field cutting and forming. Thickness is indicated in field-applied jacket schedules.
 - 1. Adhesive: As recommended by jacket material manufacturer.
 - 2. Color: White.
 - 3. Factory-fabricated fitting covers to match jacket if available; otherwise, field fabricate.
 - a. Shapes: 45- and 90-degree, short- and long-radius elbows, tees, valves, flanges, unions, reducers, end caps, soil-pipe hubs, traps, mechanical joints, and P-trap and supply covers for lavatories.
- C. Underground Direct-Buried Jacket: 125-mil-thick vapor barrier and waterproofing membrane consisting of a rubberized bituminous resin reinforced with a woven-glass fiber or polyester scrim and laminated aluminum foil.

2.7 TAPES

- A. ASJ Tape: White vapor-retarder tape matching factory-applied jacket with acrylic adhesive, complying with ASTM C1136.
 - 1. Width: 3 inches.
 - 2. Thickness: 11.5 mils.
 - 3. Adhesion: 90 ounces force/inch in width.
 - 4. Elongation: 2 percent.
 - 5. Tensile Strength: 40 lbf/inch in width.
 - 6. ASJ Tape Disks and Squares: Precut disks or squares of ASJ tape.

2.8 PROTECTIVE SHIELDING GUARDS

- A. Protective Shielding Pipe Covers,:
 - 1. Description: Manufactured plastic wraps for covering plumbing fixture hot- and cold-water supplies and trap and drain piping. Comply with Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requirements.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Surface Preparation: Clean and dry surfaces to receive insulation. Remove materials that will adversely affect insulation application.
- B. Coordinate insulation installation with the trade installing heat tracing. Comply with requirements for heat tracing that apply to insulation.
- C. Mix insulating cements with clean potable water; if insulating cements are to be in contact with stainlesssteel surfaces, use demineralized water.

3.2 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Install insulation materials, accessories, and finishes with smooth, straight, and even surfaces; free of voids throughout the length of piping including fittings, valves, and specialties.
- B. Install insulation materials, forms, vapor barriers or retarders, jackets, and thicknesses required for each item of pipe system as specified in insulation system schedules.
- C. Install accessories compatible with insulation materials and suitable for the service. Install accessories that do not corrode, soften, or otherwise attack insulation or jacket in either wet or dry state.
- D. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at top and bottom of horizontal runs.
- E. Keep insulation materials dry during application and finishing.
- F. Install insulation with tight longitudinal seams and end joints. Bond seams and joints with adhesive recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
- G. Install insulation with least number of joints practical.
- H. Where vapor barrier is indicated, seal joints, seams, and penetrations in insulation at hangers, supports, anchors, and other projections with vapor-barrier mastic.
 - 1. Install insulation continuously through hangers and around anchor attachments.
 - 2. For insulation application where vapor barriers are indicated, extend insulation on anchor legs from point of attachment to supported item to point of attachment to structure. Taper and seal ends at attachment to structure with vapor-barrier mastic.
 - 3. Cover inserts with jacket material matching adjacent pipe insulation. Install shields over jacket, arranged to protect jacket from tear or puncture by hanger, support, and shield.
- Apply adhesives, mastics, and sealants at manufacturer's recommended coverage rate and wet and dry film thicknesses.
- J. Install insulation with factory-applied jackets as follows:
 - 1. Draw jacket tight and smooth.

- 2. Cover circumferential joints with 3-inch-wide strips, of same material as insulation jacket. Secure strips with adhesive and outward clinching staples along both edges of strip, spaced 4 inches o.c.
- 3. Overlap jacket longitudinal seams at least 1-1/2 inches. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at bottom of pipe. Clean and dry surface to receive self-sealing lap. Staple laps with outward clinching staples along edge at 2 inches o.c.
 - a. For below-ambient services, apply vapor-barrier mastic over staples.
- 4. Cover joints and seams with tape, according to insulation material manufacturer's written instructions, to maintain vapor seal.
- 5. Where vapor barriers are indicated, apply vapor-barrier mastic on seams and joints and at ends adjacent to pipe flanges and fittings.
- K. Cut insulation in a manner to avoid compressing insulation more than 75 percent of its nominal thickness.
- L. Finish installation with systems at operating conditions. Repair joint separations and cracking due to thermal movement.
- M. Repair damaged insulation facings by applying same facing material over damaged areas. Extend patches at least 4 inches beyond damaged areas. Adhere, staple, and seal patches similar to butt joints.
- N. For above-ambient services, do not install insulation to the following:
 - 1. Vibration-control devices.
 - 2. Testing agency labels and stamps.
 - 3. Nameplates and data plates.
 - 4. Cleanouts.

3.3 GENERAL PIPE INSULATION INSTALLATION

- A. Requirements in this article generally apply to all insulation materials except where more specific requirements are specified in various pipe insulation material installation articles.
- B. Insulation Installation on Fittings, Valves, Strainers, Flanges, and Unions:
 - 1. Install insulation over fittings, valves, strainers, flanges, unions, and other specialties with continuous thermal and vapor-retarder integrity unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Insulate pipe elbows using preformed fitting insulation or mitered fittings made from same material and density as adjacent pipe insulation. Each piece shall be butted tightly against adjoining piece and bonded with adhesive. Fill joints, seams, voids, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement finished to a smooth, hard, and uniform contour that is uniform with adjoining pipe insulation.
 - 3. Insulate tee fittings with preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Cut sectional pipe insulation to fit. Butt each section closely to the next and hold in place with tie wire. Bond pieces with adhesive.
 - 4. Insulate valves using preformed fitting insulation or sectional pipe insulation of same material, density, and thickness as used for adjacent pipe. Overlap adjoining pipe insulation by not less than two times the thickness of pipe insulation, or one pipe diameter, whichever is thicker. For valves, insulate up to and including the bonnets, valve stuffing-box studs, bolts, and nuts. Fill joints, seams, and irregular surfaces with insulating cement.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF MINERAL-FIBER PREFORMED PIPE INSULATION

- A. Insulation Installation on Straight Pipes and Tubes:
 - 1. Secure each layer of preformed pipe insulation to pipe with wire or bands and tighten bands without deforming insulation materials.
 - 2. Where vapor barriers are indicated, seal longitudinal seams, end joints, and protrusions with vaporbarrier mastic and joint sealant.

- 3. For insulation with factory-applied jackets on above-ambient surfaces, secure laps with outward clinched staples at 6 inches o.c.
- 4. For insulation with factory-applied jackets on below-ambient surfaces, do not staple longitudinal tabs. Instead, secure tabs with additional adhesive as recommended by insulation material manufacturer and seal with vapor-barrier mastic and flashing sealant.
- B. Insulation Installation on Pipe Fittings and Elbows:
 - Install preformed sections of same material as straight segments of pipe insulation when available.
 - When preformed insulation elbows and fittings are not available, install mitered sections of pipe insulation, to a thickness equal to adjoining pipe insulation. Secure insulation materials with wire or bands.
- C. Insulation Installation on Valves and Pipe Specialties:
 - 1. Install preformed sections of same material as straight segments of pipe insulation when available.
 - 2. When preformed sections are not available, install mitered sections of pipe insulation to valve body.
 - 3. Arrange insulation to permit access to packing and to allow valve operation without disturbing insulation.
 - 4. Install insulation to flanges as specified for flange insulation application.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
 - Inspect pipe, fittings, strainers, and valves, randomly selected by Architect, by removing fieldapplied jacket and insulation in layers in reverse order of their installation. Extent of inspection shall be limited to three locations of straight pipe, for each pipe service defined in the "Piping Insulation Schedule, General" Article.
- C. All insulation applications will be considered defective Work if sample inspection reveals noncompliance with requirements.

3.6 PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE, GENERAL

- A. Acceptable preformed pipe and tubular insulation materials and thicknesses are identified for each piping system and pipe size range. If more than one material is listed for a piping system, selection from materials listed is Contractor's option.
- B. Items Not Insulated: Unless otherwise indicated, do not install insulation on the following:
 - 1. Underground piping.
 - 2. Chrome-plated pipes and fittings unless there is a potential for personnel injury.

3.7 INDOOR PIPING INSULATION SCHEDULE

- A. Domestic Hot Water: Insulation shall be the following:
 - 1. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1 inch thick.
- B. Domestic Cold Water, Domestic Hot Water, and Stops for Plumbing Fixtures for People with Disabilities: Insulation shall be the following:
 - 1. Mineral-Fiber, Preformed Pipe Insulation, Type I: 1/2 inch thick.

END OF SECTION 22 07 19

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Copper tube and fittings.
 - 2. Piping joining materials.
 - 3. Transition Fittings.
 - 4. Dielectric fittings.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For dielectric fittings.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. System purging and disinfecting activities report.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PIPING MATERIALS

- A. Comply with requirements in "Piping Schedule" Article for applications of pipe, tube, fitting materials, and joining methods for specific services, service locations, and pipe sizes.
- B. Potable-water piping and components shall comply with NSF 14, NSF 61, and NSF 372.

2.2 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

- A. Hard Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Type L water tube, drawn temper.
- B. Soft Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Type K water tube, annealed temper.
- C. Cast-Copper, Solder-Joint Fittings: ASME B16.18, pressure fittings.
- D. Wrought-Copper, Solder-Joint Fittings: ASME B16.22, wrought-copper pressure fittings.
- E. Bronze Flanges: ASME B16.24, Class 150, with solder-joint ends.
- F. Copper Unions:
 - 1. MSS SP-123.
 - 2. Cast-copper-alloy, hexagonal-stock body.
 - 3. Ball-and-socket, metal-to-metal seating surfaces.
 - 4. Solder-joint or threaded ends.

2.3 PIPING JOINING MATERIALS

- A. Pipe-Flange Gasket Materials:
 - AWWA C110/A21.10, rubber, flat face, 1/8 inch thick or ASME B16.21, nonmetallic and asbestos free unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Full-face or ring type unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Metal, Pipe-Flange Bolts and Nuts: ASME B18.2.1, carbon steel unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Solder Filler Metals: ASTM B 32, lead-free alloys.
- D. Flux: ASTM B 813, water flushable.

2.4 TRANSITION FITTINGS

- A. General Requirements:
 - 1. Same size as pipes to be joined.
 - 2. Pressure rating at least equal to pipes to be joined, minimum of 300 psig.
 - 3. End connections compatible with pipes to be joined.
- B. Plastic-to-Metal Transition Unions:
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - a. Colonial Engineering, Inc.
 - b. NIBCO INC.
 - c. Spears Manufacturing Company.
 - d. Cambridge Brass
 - e. Philmac, Inc.
 - f. Sioux Chief
 - 2. Description:
 - All materials are NSF 61 approved for drinking water and meet US Public Law 111-380 (Bill S.3874), as well as NSF 61-G, NSF-61-G, NSF 372 and State No Lead Laws.
 - b. Body and nut are made of NO-LEAD Waterworks Brass (B89833), for strength and durability.
 - c. Gripper sub assembly:
 - Gripper body is made of a high performance, water resistant polymer that has the right combination of flexibility and stiffness.
 - 2) Stainless steel teeth provide restraint and electrical conductivity.
 - 3) Rubber seals are made of NSF grade EPDM.
 - Once tightened onto pipe, the teeth will penetrate the outer surface of the pipe and provide restraint.
 - 5) The gripper body will form to the pipe OD and be in full contact and support the pipe around its entire circumference.
 - 6) The rubber seals conform to the pipe diameter, providing high pressure sealing of the waterway as well as preventing contaminants and soil from entering the gripper area.

2.5 DIELECTRIC FITTINGS

- A. General Requirements: Assembly of copper alloy and ferrous materials with separating nonconductive insulating material. Include end connections compatible with pipes to be joined.
- B. Dielectric Unions:
 - 1. Standard: ASSE 1079.
 - 2. Pressure Rating: 125 psig minimum at 180 deg F.
 - 3. End Connections: Solder-joint copper alloy and threaded ferrous.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of domestic water piping. Indicated locations and arrangements are used to size pipe and calculate friction loss, expansion, and other design considerations. Install piping as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on coordination drawings.
- B. Install copper tubing under building slab according to CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook."
- C. Install shutoff valve, hose-end drain valve, strainer, pressure gage, and test tee with valve inside the building at each domestic water-service entrance. Comply with requirements with requirements for drain valves and strainers in Section 22 11 19 "Domestic Water Piping Specialties."
- D. Install domestic water piping level with 0.25 percent slope downward toward drain and plumb.
- E. Install piping concealed from view and protected from physical contact by building occupants unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- F. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal, and coordinate with other services occupying that space.
- G. Install piping to permit valve servicing.
- H. Install nipples, unions, special fittings, and valves with pressure ratings the same as or higher than the system pressure rating used in applications below unless otherwise indicated.
- Install piping free of sags and bends.
- J. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- K. Install escutcheons for piping penetrations of walls, ceilings, and floors.

3.2 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Ream ends of pipes and tubes and remove burrs. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.
- B. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of pipes, tubes, and fittings before assembly.
- C. Threaded Joints: Thread pipe with tapered pipe threads according to ASME B1.20.1. Cut threads full and clean using sharp dies. Ream threaded pipe ends to remove burrs and restore full ID. Join pipe fittings and valves as follows:
 - 1. Apply appropriate tape or thread compound to external pipe threads.
 - 2. Damaged Threads: Do not use pipe or pipe fittings with threads that are corroded or damaged.
- D. Brazed Joints for Copper Tubing: Comply with CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook," "Brazed Joints" chapter.
- E. Soldered Joints for Copper Tubing: Apply ASTM B 813, water-flushable flux to end of tube. Join copper tube and fittings according to ASTM B 828 or CDA's "Copper Tube Handbook."
- F. Joints for Dissimilar-Material Piping: Make joints using adapters compatible with materials of both piping systems.

3.3 TRANSITION FITTING INSTALLATION

A. Install transition couplings at joints of dissimilar piping.

- B. Transition Fittings in Underground Domestic Water Piping:
 - 1. Fittings for NPS 1-1/2 and Smaller: Fitting-type coupling.
 - 2. Follow manufacturer's installation instructions.

3.4 DIELECTRIC FITTING INSTALLATION

- A. Install dielectric fittings in piping at connections of dissimilar metal piping and tubing.
- B. Dielectric Fittings for NPS 2 and Smaller: Use dielectric unions.

3.5 INSTALLATION OF HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Comply with requirements for hangers, supports, and anchor devices in Section 22 05 29 "Hangers and Supports for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
 - 1. Vertical Piping: MSS Type 8 or 42, clamps.
 - 2. Individual, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs:
 - a. 100 Feet and Less: MSS Type 1, adjustable, steel clevis hangers.
- B. Install hangers for copper, with maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters, to comply with MSS-58, locally enforced codes, and authorities having jurisdiction requirements, whichever are most stringent.
- C. Support horizontal piping within 12 inches of each fitting.
- D. Support vertical runs of copper to comply with MSS-58, locally enforced codes, and authorities having jurisdiction requirements, whichever are most stringent.

3.6 CONNECTIONS

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. When installing piping adjacent to equipment and machines, allow space for service and maintenance.
- C. Connect domestic water piping to exterior water-service piping. Use transition fitting to join dissimilar piping materials.
- D. Connect domestic water piping to water-service piping with shutoff valve; extend and connect to the following:
 - 1. Water Heaters: Cold-water inlet and hot-water outlet piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than sizes of water heater connections.
 - 2. Plumbing Fixtures: Cold- and hot-water-supply piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than that required by plumbing code.
 - Equipment: Cold- and hot-water-supply piping as indicated, but not smaller than equipment connections.
 Provide shutoff valve and union for each connection. Use flanges instead of unions for NPS 2-1/2 and larger.

3.7 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections:
 - 1. Piping Inspections:

- Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it has been inspected and approved by authorities having jurisdiction.
- During installation, notify authorities having jurisdiction at least one day before inspection must be made. Perform tests specified below in presence of authorities having jurisdiction:
 - Roughing-in Inspection: Arrange for inspection of piping before concealing or closing in after roughing in and before setting fixtures.
 - Final Inspection: Arrange for authorities having jurisdiction to observe tests specified in "Piping 2) Tests" Subparagraph below and to ensure compliance with requirements.
- Reinspection: If authorities having jurisdiction find that piping will not pass tests or inspections, make required corrections and arrange for reinspection.
- Reports: Prepare inspection reports and have them signed by authorities having jurisdiction. d.

Piping Tests: 2.

- Fill domestic water piping. Check components to determine that they are not air bound and that piping is full of water.
- Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, b. extended, or repaired. If testing is performed in segments, submit a separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.
- C. Leave new, altered, extended, or replaced domestic water piping uncovered and unconcealed until it has been tested and approved. Expose work that was covered or concealed before it was tested.
- Cap and subject piping to static water pressure of 50 psig above operating pressure, without exceeding pressure rating of piping system materials. Isolate test source and allow it to stand for four hours. Leaks and loss in test pressure constitute defects that must be repaired.
- Repair leaks and defects with new materials, and retest piping or portion thereof until satisfactory results are obtained.
- f. Prepare reports for tests and for corrective action required.
- B. Domestic water piping will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

ADJUSTING 3.8

- A. Perform the following adjustments before operation:
 - 1. Close drain valves, hydrants, and hose bibbs.
 - Open shutoff valves to fully open position. 2.
 - 3. Remove plugs used during testing of piping and for temporary sealing of piping during installation.
 - Remove and clean strainer screens. Close drain valves and replace drain plugs. 4.
 - Remove filter cartridges from housings and verify that cartridges are as specified for application where 5. used and are clean and ready for use.
 - 6. Check plumbing specialties and verify proper settings, adjustments, and operation.

3.9 **CLEANING**

- A. Clean and disinfect potable domestic water piping as follows:
 - Purge new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired before using.
 - Use purging and disinfecting procedures prescribed by authorities having jurisdiction; if methods are not prescribed, use procedures described in either AWWA C651 or AWWA C652 or follow procedures described below:
 - Flush piping system with clean, potable water until dirty water does not appear at outlets. a.
 - Fill and isolate system according to either of the following:

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- Fill system or part thereof with water/chlorine solution with at least 50 ppm of chlorine. Isolate 1) with valves and allow to stand for 24 hours.
- Fill system or part thereof with water/chlorine solution with at least 200 ppm of chlorine. Isolate 2) and allow to stand for three hours.
- Flush system with clean, potable water until no chlorine is in water coming from system after the standing time.
- Repeat procedures if biological examination shows contamination. d.
- Submit water samples in sterile bottles to authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Prepare and submit reports of purging and disinfecting activities. Include copies of water-sample approvals from authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Clean interior of domestic water piping system. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.

3.10 PIPING SCHEDULE

- A. Transition and special fittings with pressure ratings at least equal to piping rating may be used in applications below unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Flanges and unions may be used for aboveground piping joints unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Fitting Option: Extruded-tee connections and brazed joints may be used on aboveground copper tubing.
- D. Under-building-slab, domestic water, building-service piping, NPS 2 and smaller, shall be one of the following:
 - Soft copper tube, ASTM B 88, Type K ASTM B 88, Type L; wrought-copper, transition fittings.
- E. Aboveground domestic water piping, NPS 2 and smaller, shall be the following:
 - Hard copper tube, ASTM B 88, Type L; cast- or wrought-copper, solder-joint fittings; and soldered joints.

END OF SECTION 22 11 16

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Vacuum breakers.
 - 2. Hose bibbs.
 - 3. Wall hydrants.
 - 4. Drain valves.
 - 5. Trap-seal primer valves.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For domestic water piping specialties.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Field quality-control reports.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PIPING SPECIALTIES

- A. Potable-water piping and components shall comply with NSF 61.
- B. Comply with NSF 372 for low lead.

2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Minimum Working Pressure for Domestic Water Piping Specialties: 125 psig unless otherwise indicated.

2.3 VACUUM BREAKERS

A. Pipe-Applied, Atmospheric-Type Vacuum Breakers:

- 1. Standard: ASSE 1001.
- 2. Size: NPS 1/4 to NPS 3, as required to match connected piping.
- 3. Body: Bronze
- 4. Inlet and Outlet Connections: Threaded.
- 5. Finish: Rough bronze.

B. Hose-Connection Vacuum Breakers:

- Standard: ASSF 1011.
- 2. Body: Bronze, nonremovable, with manual drain.
- 3. Outlet Connection: Garden-hose threaded complying with ASME B1.20.7.
- 4. Finish: Rough bronze.

2.4 TEMPERATURE-ACTUATED, WATER MIXING VALVES

- A. Primary, Thermostatic, Water Mixing Valves:
 - 1. Standard: ASSE 1017.
 - 2. Pressure Rating: 125 psig minimum unless otherwise indicated.
 - 3. Type: Exposed-mounted, thermostatically controlled, water mixing valve.
 - 4. Material: Bronze body with corrosion-resistant interior components.
 - 5. Connections: Threaded inlets and outlet.
 - 6. Accessories: Manual temperature control, check stops on hot- and cold-water supplies, and adjustable, temperature-control handle.
 - Tempered-Water Setting: 110 deg F.
 - 8. Tempered-Water Design Flow Rate: 15 gpm.
 - 9. Selected Valve Flow Rate at 45-psig Pressure Drop: 30 gpm.
 - 10. Pressure Drop at Design Flow Rate:10 psig.
 - 11. Valve Finish: Rough bronze.
 - 12. Piping Finish: Copper.

2.5 HOSE BIBBS

A. Hose Bibbs:

- 1. Standard: ASME A112.18.1 for sediment faucets.
- 2. Body Material: Bronze.
- 3. Seat: Bronze, replaceable.
- 4. Supply Connections: NPS 1/2 or NPS 3/4 threaded or solder-joint inlet.
- 5. Outlet Connection: Garden-hose thread complying with ASME B1.20.7.
- 6. Pressure Rating: 125 psig.
- 7. Vacuum Breaker: Integral nonremovable, drainable, hose-connection vacuum breaker complying with ASSE 1011.
- 8. Finish for Equipment Rooms: Rough bronze, or chrome or nickel plated.
- 9. Finish for Service Areas: Rough bronze.
- 10. Finish for Finished Rooms: Chrome or nickel plated.
- 11. Operation for Equipment Rooms: Wheel handle or operating key.

2.6 WALL HYDRANTS

- A. Nonfreeze Wall Hydrants:
 - 1. Standard: ASME A112.21.3M for concealed-outlet, self-draining wall hydrants.
 - 2. Pressure Rating: 125 psig.
 - 3. Operation: Loose key.
 - 4. Casing and Operating Rod: Of length required to match wall thickness. Include wall clamp.
 - Inlet: NPS 3/4.
 - 6. Outlet: Concealed, with integral vacuum breaker and garden-hose thread complying with ASME B1.20.7.
 - 7. Box: Deep, flush mounted with cover.
 - 8. Box and Cover Finish: rough bronze.
 - 9. Operating Keys(s): Two with each wall hydrant.

2.7 DRAIN VALVES

- A. Ball-Valve-Type, Hose-End Drain Valves:
 - 1. Standard: MSS SP-110 for standard-port, two-piece ball valves.
 - 2. Pressure Rating: 400-psig minimum CWP.
 - 3. Size: NPS 3/4.
 - 4. Body: Copper alloy.
 - 5. Ball: Chrome-plated brass.
 - 6. Seats and Seals: Replaceable.
 - 7. Handle: Vinyl-covered steel.
 - 8. Inlet: Threaded or solder joint.
 - Outlet: Threaded, short nipple with garden-hose thread complying with ASME B1.20.7 and cap with brass chain.

2.8 TRAP-SEAL PRIMER DEVICE

- A. Drainage-Type, Trap-Seal Primer Device:
 - 1. Standard: ASSE 1044, lavatory P-trap with NPS 3/8 minimum, trap makeup connection.
 - 2. Size: NPS 1-1/4 minimum.
 - 3. Material: Chrome-plated, cast brass.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Temperature-Actuated, Water Mixing Valves: Install with check stops or shutoff valves on inlets and with shutoff valve on outlet.
- B. Y-Pattern Strainers: For water, install on supply side of each.
- C. Drainage-Type, Trap-Seal Primer Device: Install as lavatory trap with outlet piping pitched down toward drain trap a minimum of 1 percent, and connect to floor-drain body, trap, or inlet fitting.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. When installing piping specialties adjacent to equipment and machines, allow space for service and maintenance.
- C. Comply with requirements for grounding equipment in Section 26 05 26 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections:
 - Test each pressure vacuum breaker according to authorities having jurisdiction and the device's reference standard.
- B. Domestic water piping specialties will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.

C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

END OF SECTION 22 11 19

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. PVC pipe and fittings.
 - 2. Specialty pipe fittings.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Seismic Qualification Certificates: For waste and vent piping, accessories, and components, from manufacturer.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

1.4 WARRANTY

A. Listed manufacturers to provide labeling and warranty of their respective products.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Components and installation shall be capable of withstanding the following minimum working pressure unless otherwise indicated:
 - 1. Soil, Waste, and Vent Piping: 10-foot head of water

2.2 PIPING MATERIALS

- A. Piping materials shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.
- B. Comply with requirements in "Piping Schedule" Article for applications of pipe, tube, fitting materials, and joining methods for specific services, service locations, and pipe sizes.

2.3 PVC PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Comply with NSF 14, "Plastics Piping Systems Components and Related Materials," for plastic piping components. Include marking with "NSF-dwv" for plastic drain, waste, and vent piping and "NSF-sewer" for plastic sewer piping.
- B. Solid-Wall PVC Pipe: ASTM D 2665, drain, waste, and vent.
- C. Cellular-Core PVC Pipe: ASTM F 891, Schedule 40.

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- D. PVC Socket Fittings: ASTM D 2665, made to ASTM D 3311, drain, waste, and vent patterns and to fit Schedule 40 pipe.
- E. Adhesive Primer: ASTM F 656.
- F. Solvent Cement: ASTM D 2564.

2.4 **SPECIALTY PIPE FITTINGS**

- A. **Transition Couplings:**
 - 1. Fitting-Type Transition Couplings: Manufactured piping coupling or specified piping system fitting.
 - 2. Shielded, Nonpressure Transition Couplings:
 - Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following: a.
 - Cascade Waterworks Mfg. Co.
 - Mission Rubber Company, LLC; a division of MCP Industries. 2)
 - 3) Fernco, Inc.
 - b. Standard: ASTM C 1460.
 - Description: Elastomeric or rubber sleeve with full-length, corrosion-resistant outer shield and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.
 - d. End Connections: Same size as and compatible with pipes to be joined.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Install piping in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- B. Install piping indicated to be exposed and piping in equipment rooms and service areas at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- C. Install piping above accessible ceilings to allow sufficient space for ceiling panel removal.
- D. Install piping to permit valve servicing.
- E. Install piping at code indicated slopes.
- F. Install piping free of sags and bends.
- G. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- H. Make changes in direction for soil and waste drainage and vent piping using appropriate branches, bends, and long-sweep bends.
 - 1. Sanitary tees and short-sweep 1/4 bends may be used on vertical stacks if change in direction of flow is from horizontal to vertical.
 - Use long-turn, double Y-branch and 1/8-bend fittings if two fixtures are installed back to back or side by 2. side with common drain pipe.
 - Straight tees, elbows, and crosses may be used on vent lines.
 - 3. Do not change direction of flow more than 90 degrees.
 - Use proper size of standard increasers and reducers if pipes of different sizes are connected.

- Reducing size of waste piping in direction of flow is prohibited.
- I. Lay buried building waste piping beginning at low point of each system.
 - Install true to grades and alignment indicated, with unbroken continuity of invert. Place hub ends of piping upstream.
 - Install required gaskets according to manufacturer's written instructions for use of lubricants, cements, and other installation requirements.
 - 3. Maintain swab in piping and pull past each joint as completed.
- J. Install soil and waste and vent piping at the following minimum slopes unless otherwise indicated:
 - Building Sanitary Waste: 2 percent downward in direction of flow for piping NPS 3 and smaller; 1 percent downward in direction of flow for piping NPS 4 and larger.
 - 2. Horizontal Sanitary Waste Piping: 2 percent downward in direction of flow.
 - 3. Vent Piping: 1 percent down toward vertical fixture vent or toward vent stack.
- K. Install aboveground PVC piping according to ASTM D 2665.
- L. Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it is inspected and approved by authorities having jurisdiction.

3.2 JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Plastic, Nonpressure-Piping, Solvent-Cement Joints: Clean and dry joining surfaces. Join pipe and fittings according to the following:
 - 1. Comply with ASTM F 402 for safe-handling practice of cleaners, primers, and solvent cements.
 - 2. PVC Piping: Join according to ASTM D 2855 and ASTM D 2665 appendixes.

3.3 SPECIALTY PIPE FITTING INSTALLATION

- A. Transition Couplings:
 - 1. Install transition couplings at joints of piping with different materials.
 - 2. In Waste Drainage Piping: Shielded, non-pressure transition couplings.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Comply with requirements for pipe hanger and support devices and installation specified in Section 22 05 29 "Hangers and Supports for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
 - 1. Install carbon-steel pipe hangers for horizontal piping in noncorrosive environments.
 - 2. Vertical Piping: MSS Type 8 or Type 42, clamps.
 - 3. Install individual, straight, horizontal piping runs:
 - a. 100 Feet and Less: MSS Type 1, adjustable, steel clevis hangers.
- B. Install hangers for PVC piping, with maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters, to comply with manufacturer's written instructions, locally enforced codes, and authorities having jurisdiction requirements, whichever are most stringent.
- C. Support horizontal piping and tubing within 12 inches of each fitting and coupling.
- D. Support vertical runs of ABS and piping to comply with manufacturer's written instructions, locally enforced codes, and authorities having jurisdiction requirements, whichever are most stringent.

3.5 CONNECTIONS

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Connect soil and waste piping to exterior sanitary sewerage piping. Use transition fitting to join dissimilar piping materials.
- C. Connect waste and vent piping to the following:
 - Plumbing Fixtures: Connect waste piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by plumbing code.
 - 2. Plumbing Fixtures and Equipment: Connect atmospheric vent piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 3. Install test tees (wall cleanouts) in conductors near floor and floor cleanouts with cover flush with floor.
- D. Where installing piping adjacent to equipment, allow space for service and maintenance of equipment.

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. During installation, notify authorities having jurisdiction at least 24 hours before inspection must be made. Perform tests specified below in presence of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - Roughing-in Inspection: Arrange for inspection of piping before concealing or closing-in after roughing-in and before setting fixtures.
 - 2. Final Inspection: Arrange for final inspection by authorities having jurisdiction to observe tests specified below and to ensure compliance with requirements.
- B. Reinspection: If authorities having jurisdiction find that piping will not pass test or inspection, make required corrections and arrange for reinspection.
- C. Reports: Prepare inspection reports and have them signed by authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Test sanitary waste and vent piping according to procedures of authorities having jurisdiction or, in absence of published procedures, as follows:
 - 1. Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired.
 - If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.
 - 2. Leave uncovered and unconcealed new, altered, extended, or replaced waste and vent piping until it has been tested and approved.
 - a. Expose work that was covered or concealed before it was tested.
 - 3. Roughing-in Plumbing Test Procedure: Test waste and vent piping except outside leaders on completion of roughing-in.
 - a. Close openings in piping system and fill with water to point of overflow, but not less than 10-foot head of water.
 - b. From 15 minutes before inspection starts to completion of inspection, water level must not drop.
 - c. Inspect joints for leaks.
 - 4. Finished Plumbing Test Procedure: After plumbing fixtures have been set and traps filled with water, test connections and prove they are gastight and watertight.
 - a. Plug vent-stack openings on roof and building drains where they leave building. Introduce air into piping system equal to pressure of 1-inch wg.
 - b. Use U-tube or manometer inserted in trap of water closet to measure this pressure.

- PAGE 5 OF 5
- Air pressure must remain constant without introducing additional air throughout period of inspection.
- Inspect plumbing fixture connections for gas and water leaks.
- 5. Repair leaks and defects with new materials and retest piping, or portion thereof, until satisfactory results are obtained.
- 6. Prepare reports for tests and required corrective action.

CLEANING AND PROTECTION 3.7

- A. Clean interior of piping. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.
- B. Protect sanitary waste and vent piping during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt and debris and to prevent damage from traffic and construction work.
- C. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of day and when work stops.
- D. Exposed PVC Piping: Protect plumbing vents exposed to sunlight with two coats of water-based latex paint.
- E. Repair damage to adjacent materials caused by waste and vent piping installation.

PIPING SCHEDULE 3.8

- A. Aboveground, soil and waste and vent piping NPS 4 and smaller shall be the following:
 - Cellular-core PVC pipe, PVC socket fittings, and solvent-cemented joints.
- B. Underground, soil, waste, and vent piping NPS 4 and smaller shall be the following:
 - Solid wall PVC pipe, PVC socket fittings, and solvent-cemented joints.

END OF SECTION 22 13 16

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Floor drains.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 DRAIN ASSEMBLIES

A. Sanitary drains shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.

2.2 FLOOR DRAINS

- A. Standard: ASME A112.6.3.
- B. Pattern: Floor drain.
- C. Outlet: Bottom.
- D. Coating in first subparagraph below is usually used only on sanitary floor drains.
- E. Top or Strainer Material: Bronze.
- F. Top Shape: Round.
- G. Top Loading Classification: Light Duty.
- H. Funnel: Not required.
- Inlet Fitting: Gray iron, with threaded inlet and threaded or spigot outlet, and trap-seal primer valve connection.
- J. Trap Material: Cast iron.
- K. Trap Pattern: Not required.
- L. Trap Features: Trap-seal primer valve drain connection.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install floor drains at low points of surface areas to be drained. Set grates of drains flush with finished floor, unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Position floor drains for easy access and maintenance.
 - 2. Set floor drains below elevation of surrounding finished floor to allow floor drainage.
 - 3. Set with grates depressed according to the following drainage area radii:
 - Radius, 30 Inches or Less: Equivalent to 1 percent slope, but not less than 1/4-inch total depression.
 - b. Radius, 30 to 60 Inches: Equivalent to 1 percent slope.
 - Radius, 60 Inches or Larger: Equivalent to 1 percent slope, but not greater than 1-inch total depression.

- 4. Install floor-drain flashing collar or flange, so no leakage occurs between drain and adjoining flooring.
 - a. Maintain integrity of waterproof membranes where penetrated.
- 5. Install individual traps for floor drains connected to sanitary building drain, unless otherwise indicated.

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 22 13 16 "Sanitary Waste and Vent Piping" for piping installation requirements. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Install piping adjacent to equipment to allow service and maintenance.

3.3 PROTECTION

- A. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt or debris and to prevent damage from traffic or construction work.
- B. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of each day or when work stops.

END OF SECTION 22 13 19.13

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Commercial, light-duty, storage, electric, domestic-water heaters.
 - 2. Domestic-water heater accessories.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings:
 - 1. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Certificates: For each type of commercial, electric, domestic-water heater.
- B. Domestic-Water Heater Labeling: Certified and labeled by testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
- C. Source quality-control reports.
- D. Field quality-control reports.
- E. Sample warranty.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

1.5 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of electric, domestic-water heaters that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Periods: From date of Substantial Completion.
 - a. Commercial, Light-Duty, Storage, Electric, Domestic-Water Heaters:
 - Storage Tank: Three years.
 - 2) Controls and Other Components: Two years.
 - b. Expansion Tanks: Five years.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by an NRTL, and marked for intended location and use.
- B. ASHRAE/IES Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE/IES 90.1.
- C. ASME Compliance: Where ASME-code construction is indicated, fabricate and label commercial, domestic-water heater storage tanks to comply with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section VIII, Division 1.
- D. NSF Compliance: Fabricate and label equipment components that will be in contact with potable water to comply with NSF 61 and NSF 372.

2.2 COMMERCIAL, ELECTRIC, DOMESTIC-WATER HEATERS

- A. Commercial, Light-Duty, Storage, Electric, Domestic-Water Heaters:
 - 1. Standard: UL 174.
 - 2. Storage-Tank Construction: Steel, vertical arrangement.
 - a. Tappings: ASME B1.20.1 pipe thread.
 - b. Pressure Rating: 150 psig.
 - c. Interior Finish: Comply with NSF 61 and NSF 372 barrier materials for potable-water tank linings, including extending lining material into tappings.
 - 3. Factory-Installed, Storage-Tank Appurtenances:
 - a. Anode Rod: Replaceable magnesium.
 - b. Dip Tube: Required unless cold-water inlet is near bottom of tank.
 - c. Drain Valve: Corrosion-resistant metal with hose-end connection.
 - d. Insulation: Comply with ASHRAE/IES 90.1.
 - e. Jacket: Steel with enameled finish or high-impact composite material.
 - f. Heat-Trap Fittings: Inlet type in cold-water inlet and outlet type in hot-water outlet.
 - g. Heating Elements: Electric, screw-in immersion type.
 - h. Temperature Control: Adjustable thermostat.
 - i. Safety Control: High-temperature-limit cutoff device or system.
 - j. Relief Valve: ASME rated and stamped for combination temperature-and-pressure relief valves. Include relieving capacity at least as great as heat input, and include pressure setting less than working-pressure rating of domestic-water heater. Select relief valve with sensing element that extends into storage tank.
 - 4. Special Requirements: NSF 5 construction with legs for off-floor installation.
- B. Capacity and Characteristics:
 - See drawing for schedule.

2.3 DOMESTIC-WATER HEATER ACCESSORIES

- A. Domestic-Water Expansion Tanks:
 - 1. Description: Steel pressure-rated tank constructed with welded joints and factory-installed, butyl-rubber diaphragm. Include air precharge to minimum system-operating pressure at tank.
 - 2. Construction
 - Tappings: Factory-fabricated steel, welded to tank before testing and labeling. Include ASME B1.20.1 pipe thread.

- b. Interior Finish: Comply with NSF 61 and NSF 372 barrier materials for potable-water tank linings, including extending finish into and through tank fittings and outlets.
- c. Air-Charging Valve: Factory installed.
- 3. Capacity and Characteristics:
 - a. Working-Pressure Rating: 150 psig Insert value.
 - b. Capacity Acceptable: 2 gal. minimum.
 - c. Air Precharge Pressure: 40 psig.
- B. Drain Pans: Corrosion-resistant metal with raised edge. Include dimensions not less than base of domestic-water heater, and include drain outlet not less than NPS 3/4 with ASME B1.20.1 pipe threads.
- C. Piping-Type Heat Traps: Field-fabricated piping arrangement in accordance with ASHRAE/IES 90.1.
- D. Combination Temperature-and-Pressure Relief Valves: ASME rated and stamped. Include relieving capacity at least as great as heat input, and include pressure setting less than working-pressure rating of domestic-water heater. Select relief valves with sensing element that extends into storage tank.
- E. Vacuum Relief Valves: ANSI Z21.22/CSA 4.4.

2.4 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Factory Tests: Test and inspect domestic-water heaters specified to be ASME-code construction, in accordance with ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code.
- B. Hydrostatically test commercial domestic-water heaters to minimum of one and one-half times pressure rating before shipment.
- C. Electric, domestic-water heaters will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 DOMESTIC-WATER HEATER INSTALLATION

- A. Commercial, Electric, Domestic-Water Heater Mounting:
 - 1. Stand, bracket, suspended platform is indicated.
 - 2. Maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances.
 - 3. Arrange units so controls and devices that require servicing are accessible.
- B. Install electric, domestic-water heaters level and plumb, in accordance with layout drawings, original design, and referenced standards. Maintain manufacturer's recommended clearances. Arrange units so controls and devices needing service are accessible.
 - Install shutoff valves on domestic-water-supply piping to domestic-water heaters and on domestic-hotwater outlet piping. Comply with requirements for shutoff valves specified in Section 22 05 23.12 "Ball Valves for Plumbing Piping"
- C. Install combination temperature-and-pressure relief valves in top portion of storage tanks. Use relief valves with sensing elements that extend into tanks. Extend domestic-water heater relief-valve outlet, with drain piping same as domestic-water piping in continuous downward pitch, and discharge by positive air gap onto closest floor drain.
- D. Install water-heater drain piping as indirect waste to spill by positive air gap into floor drain.

- E. Install thermometers on outlet piping of electric, domestic-water heaters.
- F. Install piping-type heat traps on inlet and outlet piping of electric, domestic-water heater storage tanks without integral or fitting-type heat traps.
- G. Fill electric, domestic-water heaters with water.
- H. Charge domestic-water expansion tanks with air to required system pressure.
- I. Install dielectric fittings in all locations where piping of dissimilar metals is to be joined. The wetted surface of the dielectric fitting contacted by potable water shall contain less than 0.25 percent of lead by weight.

3.2 PIPING CONNECTIONS

- A. Comply with requirements for piping specified in Section 22 11 16 "Domestic Water Piping." Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Where installing piping adjacent to electric, domestic-water heaters, allow space for service and maintenance of water heaters. Arrange piping for easy removal of domestic-water heaters.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections with the assistance of a factory-authorized service representative.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks exist.
 - 2. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper operation.
 - 3. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- C. Electric, domestic-water heaters will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

END OF SECTION

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Water closets.
 - 2. Flushometer tanks.
 - 3. Toilet seats.
 - 4. Supports.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For flushometer tanks to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 FLOOR-MOUNTED, BOTTOM-OUTLET WATER CLOSETS

- A. Acceptable Manufacturer's:
 - 1. American Standard America.
 - 2. Eljer.
 - 3. Kohler Co.
- B. Water Closets: Floor mounted, bottom outlet, close-coupled pressure assisted tank.
 - 1. Bowl:
 - a. Standards: ASME A112.19.2/CSA B45.1 and ASSE/ASME 1037/CSA B125.37.
 - b. Material: Vitreous china.
 - c. Type: Siphon jet.
 - d. Style: Pressure assisted.
 - e. Height: Handicapped/elderly, complying with ICC/ANSI A117.1.
 - f. Rim Contour: Elongated.
 - g. Water Consumption: Maximum 1.1 gal per flush.
 - h. Color: White.
 - 2. Bowl-to-Drain Connecting Fitting: ASME A112.4.3.
 - 3. Flushometer Tank: Pressure assisted.
 - 4. Toilet Seat: Yes.

2.2 TOILET SEATS

A. Toilet Seats:

- 1. Standard: IAPMO/ANSI Z124.5.
- 2. Material: Plastic.
- 3. Type: Commercial (Standard).
- 4. Shape: Elongated rim, open front.
- 5. Hinge: Check.
- 6. Hinge Material: Noncorroding metal.
- 7. Seat Cover: Not required.
- 8. Color: White.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Water-Closet Installation:
 - 1. Install level and plumb according to roughing-in drawings.
 - 2. Install floor-mounted water closets on bowl-to-drain connecting fitting attachments to piping or building substrate.
 - 3. Install accessible, wall-mounted water closets at mounting height for handicapped/elderly, according to ICC/ANSI A117.1.
 - B. Install toilet seats on water closets.
 - C. Wall Flange and Escutcheon Installation:
 - 1. Install wall flanges or escutcheons at piping wall penetrations in exposed, finished locations and within cabinets and millwork.
 - 2. Install deep-pattern escutcheons if required to conceal protruding fittings.
 - 3. Comply with escutcheon requirements specified in Section 22 05 18 "Escutcheons for Plumbing Piping."
 - D. Joint Sealing:
 - 1. Seal joints between water closets and walls and floors using sanitary-type, one-part, mildew-resistant silicone sealant.
 - 2. Match sealant color to water-closet color.
 - 3. Comply with sealant requirements specified in Section 07 92 00 "Joint Sealants."

3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect water closets with water supplies and soil, waste, and vent piping. Use size fittings required to match water closets.
- B. Comply with water piping requirements specified in Section 22 11 16 "Domestic Water Piping."
- C. Comply with soil and waste piping requirements specified in Section 22 13 16 "Sanitary Waste and Vent Piping."
- D. Where installing piping adjacent to water closets, allow space for service and maintenance.

3.3 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean water closets and fittings with manufacturers' recommended cleaning methods and materials.
- B. Install protective covering for installed water closets and fittings.
- C. Do not allow use of water closets for temporary facilities unless approved in writing by Owner.

END OF SECTION 22 42 13.13

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Urinals.
 - 2. Flushometer valves.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For flushometer valves to include in operation and maintenance manuals.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 WALL-HUNG URINALS

- A. Urinals: Wall hung, back outlet, washout.
 - Fixture:
 - Standards: ASME A112.19.2/CSA B45.1 and ASME A112.19.5.
 - b. Material: Vitreous china.
 - c. Type: Washout with extended shields.
 - d. Strainer or Trapway: Manufacturer's standard strainer with integral trap.
 - e. Water Consumption: Water saving.
 - f. Spud Size and Location: NPS 3/4, top.
 - g. Outlet Size and Location: NPS 2, back.
 - h. Color: White.
 - Flushometer Valve: Insert urinal flushometer-valve designation from "Urinal Flushometer Valves" Article.
 - 3. Waste Fitting:
 - a. Standard: ASME A112.18.2/CSA B125.2 for coupling.
 - b. Size: NPS 2.
 - 4. Support: Type I Urinal Carrier with fixture support plates and coupling with seal and fixture bolts and hardware matching fixture. Include rectangular, steel uprights.

2.2 URINAL FLUSHOMETER VALVES

- A. Lever-Handle, Diaphragm Flushometer Valves:
 - 1. Standard: ASSE 1037.

- 2. Minimum Pressure Rating: 125 psig.
- 3. Features: Include integral check stop and backflow-prevention device.
- 4. Material: Brass body with corrosion-resistant components.
- 5. Exposed Flushometer-Valve Finish: Chrome plated.
- Style: Exposed.
- 7. Consumption: 0.125 to 1.0 gal. per flush.
- 8. Minimum Inlet: NPS 3/4.
- 9. Minimum Outlet: NPS 3/4.

2.3 SUPPORTS

- A. Type I Urinal Carrier:
 - 1. Standard: ASME A112.6.1M.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine roughing-in of water supply and sanitary drainage and vent piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections before urinal installation.
- B. Examine walls and floors for suitable conditions where urinals will be installed.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Urinal Installation:
 - 1. Install urinals level and plumb according to roughing-in drawings.
 - 2. Install wall-hung, back-outlet urinals onto waste fitting seals and attached to supports.
- B. Support Installation:
 - 1. Install supports, affixed to building substrate, for wall-hung urinals.
 - 2. Use off-floor carriers with waste fitting and seal for back-outlet urinals.
 - 3. Use carriers without waste fitting for urinals with tubular waste piping.
 - 4. Use chair-type carrier supports with rectangular steel uprights for accessible urinals.
- C. Flushometer-Valve Installation:
 - 1. Install flushometer-valve water-supply fitting on each supply to each urinal.
 - 2. Attach supply piping to supports or substrate within pipe spaces behind fixtures.
 - 3. Install lever-handle flushometer valves for accessible urinals with handle mounted on open side of compartment.
- D. Wall Flange and Escutcheon Installation:
 - 1. Install wall flanges or escutcheons at piping wall penetrations in exposed, finished locations.
 - 2. Install deep-pattern escutcheons if required to conceal protruding fittings.
 - 3. Comply with escutcheon requirements specified in Section 220518 "Escutcheons for Plumbing Piping."

E. Joint Sealing:

- 1. Seal joints between urinals and walls and floors using sanitary-type, one-part, mildew-resistant silicone sealant.
- 2. Match sealant color to urinal color.
- 3. Comply with sealant requirements specified in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect urinals with water supplies and soil, waste, and vent piping. Use size fittings required to match urinals.
- B. Comply with water piping requirements specified in Section 221116 "Domestic Water Piping."
- C. Comply with soil and waste piping requirements specified in Section 221316 "Sanitary Waste and Vent Piping."
- D. Where installing piping adjacent to urinals, allow space for service and maintenance.

3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Operate and adjust urinals and controls. Replace damaged and malfunctioning urinals, fittings, and controls.
- B. Adjust water pressure at flushometer valves to produce proper flow.

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean urinals and fittings with manufacturers' recommended cleaning methods and materials.
- B. Install protective covering for installed urinals and fittings.
- C. Do not allow use of urinals for temporary facilities unless approved in writing by Owner.

END OF SECTION 224213.16

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Lavatories.
 - 2. Faucets.
 - 3. Supports.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring of automatic faucets.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Coordination Drawings: Counter cutout templates for mounting of counter-mounted lavatories.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For lavatories and faucets to include in operation and maintenance manuals.
 - 1. In addition to items specified in Section 01 78 23 "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:
 - a. Servicing and adjustments of automatic faucets.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

- 2.1 Acceptable Manufacturer's:
 - A. American Standard America.
 - B. Eljer.
 - C. Kohler Co.

2.2 WALL-MOUNTED LAVATORIES

- A. Lavatory: wall mounted, with back.
 - 1. Fixture:
 - a. Standard: ASME A112.19.2/CSA B45.1.
 - b. Type: For wall hanging.
 - c. Nominal Size: 20 by 81 inches.

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- Faucet-Hole Punching: Three holes. d.
- Faucet-Hole Location: Top. e.
- Color: White. f.
- Mounting Material: Chair carrier.
- Support: by fixture manufacturer. 2.
- Lavatory Mounting Height: see architectural drawings. 3.

2.3 **FAUCETS**

- NSF Standard: Comply with NSF/ANSI 61 Annex G, "Drinking Water System Components Health A. Effects," for faucet materials that will be in contact with potable water.
- B. Lavatory Faucets: Manual-type, two-handle mixing, solid-brass valve.
 - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:
 - American Standard America.
 - b. Chicago Faucets
 - Kohler Co. C.
 - Standard: ASME A112.18.1/CSA B125.1. 2.
 - General: Include hot- and cold-water indicators; coordinate faucet inlets with supplies and fixture hole punchings; coordinate outlet with spout and fixture receptor.
 - 4. Body Type: Centerset.
 - Body Material: Commercial, solid brass. 5.
 - 6. Finish: Polished chrome plate.
 - 7. Maximum Flow Rate: 0.5 gpm.
 - 8. Mounting Type: Deck, exposed.
 - Valve Handle(s): Single lever. 9.
 - Spout: Rigid type. 10.
 - Spout Outlet: Aerator. 11.
 - Operation: Compression, manual. 12.
 - 13. Drain: Grid strainer.

C.

2.4 **SUPPORTS**

A. By fixture manufacturer.

2.5 SUPPLY FITTINGS

- NSF Standard: Comply with NSF/ANSI 61 Annex G, "Drinking Water System Components Health Α. Effects," for supply-fitting materials that will be in contact with potable water.
- Standard: ASME A112.18.1/CSA B125.1. B.
- Supply Piping: Chrome-plated-brass pipe or chrome-plated copper tube matching water-supply piping size. C. Include chrome-plated-brass or stainless-steel wall flange.
- D. Supply Stops: Chrome-plated-brass, one-quarter-turn, ball-type or compression valve with inlet connection matching supply piping.
- E. Operation: Wheel handle.

F. Risers:

- 1. NPS 3/8.
- 2. Chrome-plated, soft-copper flexible tube riser.

2.6 WASTE FITTINGS

- A. Standard: ASME A112.18.2/CSA B125.2.
- B. Drain: Grid type with NPS 1-1/4 offset and straight tailpiece.
- C. Trap:
 - 1. Size: NPS 1-1/2 by NPS 1-1/4.
 - 2. Material: Chrome-plated, two-piece, cast-brass trap and swivel elbow with 0.032-inch-thick brass tube to wall; and chrome-plated, brass or steel wall flange.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine roughing-in of water supply and sanitary drainage and vent piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections before lavatory installation.
- B. Examine counters and walls for suitable conditions where lavatories will be installed.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install lavatories level and plumb according to roughing-in drawings.
- B. Install supports, affixed to building substrate, for wall-mounted lavatories.
- C. Install accessible wall-mounted lavatories at handicapped/elderly mounting height for people with disabilities or the elderly, according to ICC/ANSI A117.1.
- D. Install wall flanges or escutcheons at piping wall penetrations in exposed, finished locations. Use deeppattern escutcheons if required to conceal protruding fittings. Comply with escutcheon requirements specified in Section 22 05 18 "Escutcheons for Plumbing Piping."
- E. Seal joints between lavatories and counters and walls using sanitary-type, one-part, mildew-resistant silicone sealant. Match sealant color to fixture color. Comply with sealant requirements specified in Section 07 92 00 "Joint Sealants."
- F. Install protective shielding pipe covers and enclosures on exposed supplies and waste piping of accessible lavatories. Comply with requirements in Section 22 07 19 "Plumbing Piping Insulation."

3.3 CONNECTIONS

A. Connect fixtures with water supplies, stops, and risers, and with traps, soil, waste, and vent piping. Use size fittings required to match fixtures.

- B. Comply with water piping requirements specified in Section 22 11 16 "Domestic Water Piping."
- C. Comply with soil and waste piping requirements specified in Section 22 13 16 "Sanitary Waste and Vent Piping."

3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Operate and adjust lavatories and controls. Replace damaged and malfunctioning lavatories, fittings, and controls.
- B. Adjust water pressure at faucets to produce proper flow.

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. After completing installation of lavatories, inspect and repair damaged finishes.
- B. Clean lavatories, faucets, and other fittings with manufacturers' recommended cleaning methods and materials.
- C. Provide protective covering for installed lavatories and fittings.
- D. Do not allow use of lavatories for temporary facilities unless approved in writing by Owner.

END OF SECTION 22 42 16.13

PAGE 1 OF 3

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Service basins.
 - 2. Supply fittings.
 - Waste fittings.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Coordination Drawings: Counter cutout templates for mounting of counter-mounted lavatories.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance data.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SERVICE BASINS

- A. Service Basins: Plastic, floor mounted.
 - 1. Fixture:
 - a. Standard: IAPMO/ANSI Z124.6.
 - b. Material: Cast polymer.
 - c. Nominal Size: 20 by 24 by 10 inches.
 - d. Tiling Flange: On three sides.
 - e. Rim Guard: On front top surfaces.
 - f. Color: Not applicable.
 - g. Drain: Grid with NPS 2 outlet.
 - 2. Mounting: On floor and flush to wall.
 - 3. Faucet: Insert sink-faucet designation from "Sink Faucets" Article.

2.2 SINK FAUCETS

- A. NSF Standard: Comply with NSF 372 for faucet-spout materials that will be in contact with potable water.
- B. Sink Faucets: Manual type, two-lever-handle mixing valve.
 - 1. Standard: ASME A112.18.1/CSA B125.1.

- PAGE 2 OF 3
- 2. General: Include hot- and cold-water indicators; coordinate faucet inlets with supplies and fixture hole punchings; coordinate outlet with spout and sink receptor.
- 3. Body Type: Widespread.
- 4. Body Material: Commercial, solid brass.
- Finish: Chrome plated.
- 6. Maximum Flow Rate: 2.2 gpm.
- 7. Handle(s): Cross, four arm.
- 8. Mounting Type: Back/wall, exposed.
- 9. Spout Type: Rigid, solid brass with wall brace.
- 10. Vacuum Breaker: Required for hose outlet.
- 11. Spout Outlet: Hose thread according to ASME B1.20.7.

2.3 SUPPLY FITTINGS

- A. NSF Standard: Comply with NSF 372 for supply-fitting materials that will be in contact with potable water.
- B. Standard: ASME A112.18.1/CSA B125.1.
- C. Supply Piping: Chrome-plated brass pipe or chrome-plated copper tube matching water-supply piping size. Include chrome-plated brass or stainless-steel wall flange.
- D. Supply Stops: Chrome-plated brass, one-quarter-turn, ball-type or compression valve with inlet connection matching supply piping.
- E. Operation: Loose key.
- F. Risers:
 - 1. NPS 1/2.
 - 2. Chrome-plated, soft-copper flexible tube.

2.4 WASTE FITTINGS

- A. Standard: ASME A112.18.2/CSA B125.2.
- B. Drain: Grid type with NPS 1-1/2 offset and straight tailpiece.
- C. Trap:
 - 1. Size: NPS 1-1/2.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine roughing-in of water supply and sanitary drainage and vent piping systems to verify actual locations of piping connections before sink installation.
- B. Examine walls, floors, and counters for suitable conditions where sinks will be installed.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install sinks level and plumb according to roughing-in drawings.
- B. Set floor-mounted sinks in leveling bed of cement grout.
- C. Install water-supply piping with stop on each supply to each sink faucet.
 - 1. Exception: Use ball or gate valves if supply stops are not specified with sink. Comply with valve requirements specified in Section 220523.12 "Ball Valves for Plumbing Piping" and Section 220523.15 "Gate Valves for Plumbing Piping."
 - 2. Install stops in locations where they can be easily reached for operation.
- D. Install wall flanges or escutcheons at piping wall penetrations in exposed, finished locations. Use deeppattern escutcheons if required to conceal protruding fittings.
- E. Seal joints between sinks and counters, floors, and walls using sanitary-type, one-part, mildew-resistant silicone sealant. Match sealant color to fixture color. Comply with sealant requirements specified in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."

3.3 CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect sinks with water supplies, stops, and risers, and with traps, soil, waste, and vent piping. Use size fittings required to match fixtures.
- B. Comply with water piping requirements specified in Section 221116 "Domestic Water Piping."
- C. Comply with soil and waste piping requirements specified in Section 221316 "Sanitary Waste and Vent Piping."

3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Operate and adjust sinks and controls. Replace damaged and malfunctioning sinks, fittings, and controls.
- B. Adjust water pressure at faucets to produce proper flow.

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. After completing installation of sinks, inspect and repair damaged finishes.
- B. Clean sinks, faucets, and other fittings with manufacturers' recommended cleaning methods and materials.
- C. Provide protective covering for installed sinks and fittings.
- D. Do not allow use of sinks for temporary facilities unless approved in writing by Owner.

END OF SECTION 224216.16

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - Equipment supports.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 233113 "Metal Ducts" for duct hangers and supports.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details and include calculations for the following; include Product Data for components:
 - Equipment supports.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Welding certificates.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

A. Description: Welded, shop- or field-fabricated equipment support made from structural carbon-steel shapes.

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Aluminum: ASTM B 221.
- B. Carbon Steel: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M.
- C. Structural Steel: ASTM A 36/A 36M, carbon-steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- D. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 240/A 240M.
- E. Grout: ASTM C 1107/C 1107M, factory-mixed and -packaged, dry, hydraulic-cement, nonshrink and nonmetallic grout; suitable for interior and exterior applications.
 - 1. Properties: Nonstaining, noncorrosive, and nongaseous.
 - 2. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATION

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 078413 "Penetration Firestopping" for firestopping materials and installation for penetrations through fire-rated walls, ceilings, and assemblies.
- B. Strength of Support Assemblies: Where not indicated, select sizes of components so strength will be adequate to carry present and future static loads within specified loading limits. Minimum static design load used for strength determination shall be weight of supported components plus 200 lb.

3.2 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- A. Fabricate structural-steel stands to suspend equipment from structure overhead or to support equipment above floor.
- B. Grouting: Place grout under supports for equipment and make bearing surface smooth.
- C. Provide lateral bracing, to prevent swaying, for equipment supports.

3.3 METAL FABRICATIONS

- A. Cut, drill, and fit miscellaneous metal fabrications for equipment supports.
- B. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints. Field weld connections that cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1/D1.1M procedures for shielded, metal arc welding; appearance and quality of welds; and methods used in correcting welding work; and with the following:
 - Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance
 of base metals.
 - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
 - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
 - 4. Finish welds at exposed connections so no roughness shows after finishing and so contours of welded surfaces match adjacent contours.

END OF SECTION 23 05 29

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Elastomeric isolation pads.
 - 2. Elastomeric isolation mounts.
 - 3. Restrained elastomeric isolation mounts.
 - 4. Elastomeric hangers.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ELASTOMERIC ISOLATION PADS

- A. Elastomeric Isolation Pads: .
 - Fabrication: Single or multiple layers of sufficient durometer stiffness for uniform loading over pad area.
 - 2. Size: Factory or field cut to match requirements of supported equipment.
 - 3. Pad Material: Oil and water resistant with elastomeric properties.
 - 4. Surface Pattern: Waffle pattern.
 - 5. Infused nonwoven cotton or synthetic fibers.
 - 6. Load-bearing metal plates adhered to pads.

2.2 ELASTOMERIC ISOLATION MOUNTS

- A. Double-Deflection, Elastomeric Isolation Mounts:.
 - 1. Mounting Plates:
 - a. Top Plate: Encapsulated steel load transfer top plates, factory drilled and threaded.
 - b. Baseplate: Encapsulated steel bottom plates with holes provided for anchoring to support structure.
 - 2. Elastomeric Material: Molded, oil-resistant rubber, neoprene, or other elastomeric material.

2.3 ELASTOMERIC HANGERS

- A. Elastomeric Mount in a Steel Frame with Upper and Lower Steel Hanger Rods: .
 - 1. Frame: Steel, fabricated with a connection for an upper threaded hanger rod and an opening on the underside to allow for a maximum of 30 degrees of angular lower hanger-rod misalignment without binding or reducing isolation efficiency.
 - 2. Dampening Element: Molded, oil-resistant rubber, neoprene, or other elastomeric material with a projecting bushing for the underside opening preventing steel to steel contact.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 VIBRATION CONTROL DEVICE INSTALLATION

A. Installation of vibration isolators must not cause any change of position of equipment, piping, or ductwork resulting in stresses or misalignment.

END OF SECTION 23 05 48.13

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Balancing Air Systems:
 - Constant-volume air systems.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

- A. AABC: Associated Air Balance Council.
- B. NEBB: National Environmental Balancing Bureau.
- C. TAB: Testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- D. TABB: Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing Bureau.
- E. TAB Specialist: An independent entity meeting qualifications to perform TAB work.
- F. TDH: Total dynamic head.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. TAB Report: Documentation indicating that Work complies with ASHRAE/IES 90.1, Section 6.7.2.3 - "System Balancing."

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Strategies and Procedures Plan: Within 30 days of Contractor's Notice to Proceed, submit TAB strategies and step-by-step procedures as specified in "Preparation" Article.
- B. Certified TAB reports.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. TAB Specialists Qualifications: Certified by AABC.
 - 1. TAB Field Supervisor: Employee of the TAB specialist and certified by AABC.
 - 2. TAB Technician: Employee of the TAB specialist and certified by AABC as a TAB technician.
- B. TAB Specialists Qualifications: Certified by NEBB or TABB.
 - 1. TAB Field Supervisor: Employee of the TAB specialist and certified by NEBB or TABB.
 - 2. TAB Technician: Employee of the TAB specialist and certified by NEBB or TABB as a TAB technician.

- C. Instrumentation Type, Quantity, Accuracy, and Calibration: Comply with requirements in ASHRAE 111, Section 4, "Instrumentation."
- D. ASHRAE/IES 90.1 Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE/IES 90.1, Section 6.7.2.3 "System Balancing."

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine the Contract Documents to become familiar with Project requirements and to discover conditions in systems designs that may preclude proper TAB of systems and equipment.
- B. Examine installed systems for balancing devices, such as test ports, gage cocks, thermometer wells, flow-control devices, balancing valves and fittings, and manual volume dampers. Verify that locations of these balancing devices are applicable for intended purpose and are accessible.
- C. Examine the approved submittals for HVAC systems and equipment.
- D. Examine design data including HVAC system descriptions, statements of design assumptions for environmental conditions and systems output, and statements of philosophies and assumptions about HVAC system and equipment controls.
- E. Examine ceiling plenums and underfloor air plenums used for supply, return, or relief air to verify that they are properly separated from adjacent areas. Verify that penetrations in plenum walls are sealed and fire-stopped if required.
- F. Examine equipment performance data including fan curves.
 - 1. Relate performance data to Project conditions and requirements, including system effects that can create undesired or unpredicted conditions that cause reduced capacities in all or part of a system.
 - Calculate system-effect factors to reduce performance ratings of HVAC equipment when installed under conditions different from the conditions used to rate equipment performance. To calculate system effects for air systems, use tables and charts found in AMCA 201, "Fans and Systems," or in SMACNA's "HVAC Systems - Duct Design." Compare results with the design data and installed conditions.
- G. Examine system and equipment installations and verify that field quality-control testing, cleaning, and adjusting specified in individual Sections have been performed.
- H. Examine test reports specified in individual system and equipment Sections.
- I. Examine HVAC equipment and verify that bearings are greased, belts are aligned and tight, filters are clean, and equipment with functioning controls is ready for operation.
- J. Examine terminal units, such as variable-air-volume boxes, and verify that they are accessible and their controls are connected and functioning.
- K. Examine operating safety interlocks and controls on HVAC equipment.
- L. Report deficiencies discovered before and during performance of TAB procedures. Observe and record system reactions to changes in conditions. Record default set points if different from indicated values.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare a TAB plan that includes strategies and step-by-step procedures for balancing the systems.
- B. Perform system-readiness checks of HVAC systems and equipment to verify system readiness for TAB work. Include, at a minimum, the following:
 - 1. Airside:
 - a. Duct systems are complete with terminals installed.
 - b. Volume, smoke, and fire dampers are open and functional.
 - c. Clean filters are installed.
 - d. Fans are operating, free of vibration, and rotating in correct direction.
 - e. Variable-frequency controllers' startup is complete and safeties are verified.
 - f. Automatic temperature-control systems are operational.
 - g. Ceilings are installed.
 - h. Windows and doors are installed.
 - i. Suitable access to balancing devices and equipment is provided.

3.3 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR TESTING AND BALANCING

- A. Perform testing and balancing procedures on each system according to the procedures contained in AABC's "National Standards for Total System Balance" and in this Section.
- B. Cut insulation, ducts, pipes, and equipment cabinets for installation of test probes to the minimum extent necessary for TAB procedures.
 - 1. After testing and balancing, patch probe holes in ducts with same material and thickness as used to construct ducts.
 - 2. After testing and balancing, install test ports and duct access doors that comply with requirements in Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories."
 - 3. Install and join new insulation that matches removed materials. Restore insulation, coverings, vapor barrier, and finish according to Section 230713 "Duct Insulation," Section 230716 "HVAC Equipment Insulation," and Section 230719 "HVAC Piping Insulation."
- C. Mark equipment and balancing devices, including damper-control positions, valve position indicators, fanspeed-control levers, and similar controls and devices, with paint or other suitable, permanent identification material to show final settings.
- D. Take and report testing and balancing measurements in inch-pound (IP) units.

3.4 GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR BALANCING AIR SYSTEMS

- A. Prepare test reports for both fans and outlets. Obtain manufacturer's outlet factors and recommended testing procedures. Cross-check the summation of required outlet volumes with required fan volumes.
- B. Prepare schematic diagrams of systems' "as-built" duct layouts.
- C. For variable-air-volume systems, develop a plan to simulate diversity.
- D. Determine the best locations in main and branch ducts for accurate duct-airflow measurements.
- E. Check airflow patterns from the outdoor-air louvers and dampers and the return- and exhaust-air dampers through the supply-fan discharge and mixing dampers.
- F. Locate start-stop and disconnect switches, electrical interlocks, and motor starters.

- G. Verify that motor starters are equipped with properly sized thermal protection.
- H. Check dampers for proper position to achieve desired airflow path.
- Check for airflow blockages.
- J. Check condensate drains for proper connections and functioning.
- K. Check for proper sealing of air-handling-unit components.
- L. Verify that air duct system is sealed as specified in Section 233113 "Metal Ducts."

3.5 PROCEDURES FOR CONSTANT-VOLUME AIR SYSTEMS

- Adjust fans to deliver total indicated airflows within the maximum allowable fan speed listed by fan manufacturer.
 - 1. Measure total airflow.
 - a. Set outside-air, return-air, and relief-air dampers for proper position that simulates minimum outdoor-air conditions.
 - b. Where duct conditions allow, measure airflow by Pitot-tube traverse. If necessary, perform multiple Pitot-tube traverses to obtain total airflow.
 - c. Where duct conditions are not suitable for Pitot-tube traverse measurements, a coil traverse may be acceptable.
 - If a reliable Pitot-tube traverse or coil traverse is not possible, measure airflow at terminals and calculate the total airflow.
 - 2. Measure fan static pressures as follows:
 - a. Measure static pressure directly at the fan outlet or through the flexible connection.
 - b. Measure static pressure directly at the fan inlet or through the flexible connection.
 - c. Measure static pressure across each component that makes up the air-handling system.
 - d. Report artificial loading of filters at the time static pressures are measured.
 - Review Record Documents to determine variations in design static pressures versus actual static
 pressures. Calculate actual system-effect factors. Recommend adjustments to accommodate
 actual conditions.
 - 4. Obtain approval from Architect for adjustment of fan speed higher or lower than indicated speed. Comply with requirements in HVAC Sections for air-handling units for adjustment of fans, belts, and pulley sizes to achieve indicated air-handling-unit performance.
 - 5. Do not make fan-speed adjustments that result in motor overload. Consult equipment manufacturers about fan-speed safety factors. Modulate dampers and measure fan-motor amperage to ensure that no overload occurs. Measure amperage in full-cooling, full-heating, economizer, and any other operating mode to determine the maximum required brake horsepower.
- B. Adjust volume dampers for main duct, submain ducts, and major branch ducts to indicated airflows.
 - 1. Measure airflow of submain and branch ducts.
 - 2. Adjust submain and branch duct volume dampers for specified airflow.
 - 3. Re-measure each submain and branch duct after all have been adjusted.
- C. Adjust air inlets and outlets for each space to indicated airflows.
 - 1. Set airflow patterns of adjustable outlets for proper distribution without drafts.
 - 2. Measure inlets and outlets airflow.
 - 3. Adjust each inlet and outlet for specified airflow.
 - 4. Re-measure each inlet and outlet after they have been adjusted.

3.6 TOLERANCES

- A. Set HVAC system's airflow rates and water flow rates within the following tolerances:
 - 1. Supply, Return, and Exhaust Fans and Equipment with Fans: Plus or minus 10 percent.
 - 2. Air Outlets and Inlets: Plus or minus 10 percent.
- B. Maintaining pressure relationships as designed shall have priority over the tolerances specified above.

3.7 FINAL REPORT

- A. General: Prepare a certified written report; tabulate and divide the report into separate sections for tested systems and balanced systems.
 - 1. Include a certification sheet at the front of the report's binder, signed and sealed by the certified testing and balancing engineer.
 - 2. Include a list of instruments used for procedures, along with proof of calibration.
 - 3. Certify validity and accuracy of field data.
- B. Final Report Contents: In addition to certified field-report data, include the following:
 - 1. Fan curves.
 - 2. Manufacturers' test data.
 - 3. Field test reports prepared by system and equipment installers.
 - 4. Other information relative to equipment performance; do not include Shop Drawings and Product Data.
- C. General Report Data: In addition to form titles and entries, include the following data:
 - Title page.
 - 2. Name and address of the TAB specialist.
 - Project name.
 - 4. Project location.
 - 5. Architect's name and address.
 - 6. Engineer's name and address.
 - 7. Contractor's name and address.
 - 8. Report date.
 - 9. Signature of TAB supervisor who certifies the report.
 - 10. Table of Contents with the total number of pages defined for each section of the report. Number each page in the report.
 - 11. Summary of contents including the following:
 - a. Indicated versus final performance.
 - b. Notable characteristics of systems.
 - c. Description of system operation sequence if it varies from the Contract Documents.
 - 12. Nomenclature sheets for each item of equipment.
 - 13. Data for terminal units, including manufacturer's name, type, size, and fittings.
 - 14. Notes to explain why certain final data in the body of reports vary from indicated values.
 - 15. Test conditions for fans and pump performance forms including the following:
 - a. Settings for outdoor-, return-, and exhaust-air dampers.
 - b. Conditions of filters.
 - c. Cooling coil, wet- and dry-bulb conditions.
 - d. Face and bypass damper settings at coils.
 - e. Fan drive settings including settings and percentage of maximum pitch diameter.
 - f. Inlet vane settings for variable-air-volume systems.
 - g. Settings for supply-air, static-pressure controller.
 - h. Other system operating conditions that affect performance.

- D. System Diagrams: Include schematic layouts of air and hydronic distribution systems. Present each system with single-line diagram and include the following:
 - 1. Quantities of outdoor, supply, return, and exhaust airflows.
 - 2. Water and steam flow rates.
 - 3. Duct, outlet, and inlet sizes.
 - 4. Pipe and valve sizes and locations.
 - 5. Terminal units.
 - 6. Balancing stations.
 - 7. Position of balancing devices.
- E. Air-Handling-Unit Test Reports: For air-handling units with coils, include the following:
 - 1. Unit Data:
 - a. Unit identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Make and type.
 - d. Model number and unit size.
 - e. Manufacturer's serial number.
 - f. Unit arrangement and class.
 - g. Discharge arrangement.
 - h. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
 - i. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave and amount of adjustments in inches.
 - j. Number, make, and size of belts.
 - k. Number, type, and size of filters.
 - 2. Motor Data:
 - a. Motor make, and frame type and size.
 - b. Horsepower and rpm.
 - c. Volts, phase, and hertz.
 - d. Full-load amperage and service factor.
 - e. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
 - f. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave and amount of adjustments in inches.
 - 3. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Total airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Total system static pressure in inches wg.
 - c. Fan rpm.
 - d. Discharge static pressure in inches wg.
 - e. Filter static-pressure differential in inches wg.
 - f. Preheat-coil static-pressure differential in inches wg.
 - g. Cooling-coil static-pressure differential in inches wg.
 - h. Heating-coil static-pressure differential in inches wg.
 - i. Outdoor airflow in cfm.
 - j. Return airflow in cfm.
 - k. Outdoor-air damper position.
 - I. Return-air damper position.
 - m. Vortex damper position.
- F. Electric-Coil Test Reports: For electric furnaces, duct coils, and electric coils installed in central-station air-handling units, include the following:
 - 1. Unit Data:
 - a. System identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Coil identification.

- d. Capacity in Btu/h.
- e. Number of stages.
- f. Connected volts, phase, and hertz.
- g. Rated amperage.
- h. Airflow rate in cfm.
- i. Face area in sq. ft..
- j. Minimum face velocity in fpm.
- 2. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Heat output in Btu/h.
 - b. Airflow rate in cfm.
 - c. Air velocity in fpm.
 - d. Entering-air temperature in deg F.
 - e. Leaving-air temperature in deg F.
 - f. Voltage at each connection.
 - g. Amperage for each phase.
- G. Fan Test Reports: For supply, return, and exhaust fans, include the following:
 - 1. Fan Data:
 - a. System identification.
 - b. Location.
 - c. Make and type.
 - d. Model number and size.
 - e. Manufacturer's serial number.
 - f. Arrangement and class.
 - g. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
 - h. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave and amount of adjustments in inches.
 - 2. Motor Data:
 - a. Motor make, and frame type and size.
 - b. Horsepower and rpm.
 - c. Volts, phase, and hertz.
 - d. Full-load amperage and service factor.
 - e. Sheave make, size in inches, and bore.
 - f. Center-to-center dimensions of sheave, and amount of adjustments in inches.
 - g. Number, make, and size of belts.
 - Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Total airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Total system static pressure in inches wg.
 - c. Fan rpm.
 - d. Discharge static pressure in inches wg.
 - e. Suction static pressure in inches wg.
- H. Round, Flat-Oval, and Rectangular Duct Traverse Reports: Include a diagram with a grid representing the duct cross-section and record the following:
 - 1. Report Data:
 - a. System and air-handling-unit number.
 - b. Location and zone.
 - c. Traverse air temperature in deg F.
 - d. Duct static pressure in inches wg.
 - e. Duct size in inches.
 - f. Duct area in sq. ft..

- g. Indicated airflow rate in cfm.
- h. Indicated velocity in fpm.
- i. Actual airflow rate in cfm.
- j. Actual average velocity in fpm.
- k. Barometric pressure in psig.
- I. Air-Terminal-Device Reports:
 - 1. Unit Data:
 - a. System and air-handling unit identification.
 - b. Location and zone.
 - c. Apparatus used for test.
 - d. Area served.
 - e. Make.
 - f. Number from system diagram.
 - g. Type and model number.
 - h. Size.
 - i. Effective area in sq. ft..
 - 2. Test Data (Indicated and Actual Values):
 - a. Airflow rate in cfm.
 - b. Air velocity in fpm.
 - c. Preliminary airflow rate as needed in cfm.
 - d. Preliminary velocity as needed in fpm.
 - e. Final airflow rate in cfm.
 - f. Final velocity in fpm.
 - g. Space temperature in deg F.
- J. Instrument Calibration Reports:
 - 1. Report Data:
 - a. Instrument type and make.
 - b. Serial number.
 - c. Application.
 - d. Dates of use.
 - e. Dates of calibration.

3.8 ADDITIONAL TESTS

- A. Within 90 days of completing TAB, perform additional TAB to verify that balanced conditions are being maintained throughout and to correct unusual conditions.
- B. Seasonal Periods: If initial TAB procedures were not performed during near-peak summer and winter conditions, perform additional TAB during near-peak summer and winter conditions.

END OF SECTION 230593

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes insulating the following duct services:
 - 1. Indoor, concealed supply and outdoor air.
 - 2. Indoor, exposed supply and outdoor air.
 - 3. Indoor, concealed return located in unconditioned space.
 - 4. Indoor, exposed return located in unconditioned space.
- B. Related Sections:
 - Section 233113 "Metal Ducts" for duct liners.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - Detail application of protective shields, saddles, and inserts at hangers for each type of insulation and hanger.
 - Detail insulation application at elbows, fittings, dampers, specialties and flanges for each type of insulation.
 - 3. Detail application of field-applied jackets.
 - 4. Detail application at linkages of control devices.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Field quality-control reports.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Surface-Burning Characteristics: For insulation and related materials, as determined by testing identical products according to ASTM E84, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Factory label insulation and jacket materials and adhesive, mastic, tapes, and cement material containers, with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
 - Insulation Installed Indoors: Flame-spread index of 25 or less, and smoke-developed index of 50 or less.
 - Insulation Installed Outdoors: Flame-spread index of 75 or less, and smoke-developed index of 150 or less.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 INSULATION MATERIALS

- A. Comply with requirements in "Duct Insulation Schedule, General," "Indoor Duct and Plenum Insulation Schedule," and "Aboveground, Outdoor Duct and Plenum Insulation Schedule" articles for where insulating materials shall be applied.
- B. Products shall not contain asbestos, lead, mercury, or mercury compounds.
- C. Products that come in contact with stainless steel shall have a leachable chloride content of less than 50 ppm when tested according to ASTM C871.
- Insulation materials for use on austenitic stainless steel shall be qualified as acceptable according to ASTM C795.
- E. Foam insulation materials shall not use CFC or HCFC blowing agents in the manufacturing process.
- F. Mineral-Fiber Blanket Insulation: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C553, Type II and ASTM C1290, Type II with factory-applied vinyl jacket. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.
- G. Mineral-Fiber Board Insulation: Mineral or glass fibers bonded with a thermosetting resin. Comply with ASTM C612, Type IA or Type IB. For duct and plenum applications, provide insulation with factory-applied ASJ. Factory-applied jacket requirements are specified in "Factory-Applied Jackets" Article.

2.2 ADHESIVES

- A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates and for bonding insulation to itself and to surfaces to be insulated unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Mineral-Fiber Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A.
- C. ASJ Adhesive, and FSK Jacket Adhesive: Comply with MIL-A-3316C, Class 2, Grade A for bonding insulation jacket lap seams and joints.

2.3 MASTICS AND COATINGS

- A. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
- B. Vapor-Retarder Mastic: Water based; suitable for indoor use on below ambient services.
 - Water-Vapor Permeance: Comply with ASTM C755, Section 7.2.2, Table 2, for insulation type and service conditions.
 - 2. Service Temperature Range: Minus 20 to plus 180 deg F.
 - 3. Comply with MIL-PRF-19565C, Type II, for permeance requirements.
 - 4. Color: White .

2.4 SEALANTS

- A. FSK and Metal Jacket Flashing Sealants:
 - 1. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
 - 2. Fire- and water-resistant, flexible, elastomeric sealant.
 - 3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 250 deg F.
 - 4. Color: Aluminum.

- B. ASJ Flashing Sealants, and Vinyl and PVC Jacket Flashing Sealants:
 - 1. Materials shall be compatible with insulation materials, jackets, and substrates.
 - 2. Fire- and water-resistant, flexible, elastomeric sealant.
 - 3. Service Temperature Range: Minus 40 to plus 250 deg F.
 - Color: White.

2.5 FACTORY-APPLIED JACKETS

- A. Insulation system schedules indicate factory-applied jackets on various applications. When factory-applied jackets are indicated, comply with the following:
 - ASJ: White, kraft-paper, fiberglass-reinforced scrim with aluminum-foil backing; complying with ASTM C1136, Type I.
 - 2. ASJ-SSL: ASJ with self-sealing, pressure-sensitive, acrylic-based adhesive covered by a removable protective strip; complying with ASTM C1136, Type I.
 - 3. FSK Jacket: Aluminum-foil, fiberglass-reinforced scrim with kraft-paper backing; complying with ASTM C1136, Type II.
 - 4. FSP Jacket: Aluminum-foil, fiberglass-reinforced scrim with polyethylene backing; complying with ASTM C1136, Type II.
 - 5. Vinyl Jacket: White vinyl with a permeance of 1.3 perms when tested according to ASTM E96/E96M, Procedure A, and complying with NFPA 90A and NFPA 90B.

2.6 TAPES

- A. ASJ Tape: White vapor-retarder tape matching factory-applied jacket with acrylic adhesive, complying with ASTM C1136.
 - 1. Width: 3 inches.
 - 2. Thickness: 11.5 mils.
 - 3. Adhesion: 90 ounces force/inch in width.
 - 4. Elongation: 2 percent.
 - 5. Tensile Strength: 40 lbf/inch in width.
 - 6. ASJ Tape Disks and Squares: Precut disks or squares of ASJ tape.
- B. FSK Tape: Foil-face, vapor-retarder tape matching factory-applied jacket with acrylic adhesive; complying with ASTM C1136.
 - 1. Width: 3 inches.
 - 2. Thickness: 6.5 mils.
 - 3. Adhesion: 90 ounces force/inch in width.
 - 4. Elongation: 2 percent.
 - 5. Tensile Strength: 40 lbf/inch in width.
 - 6. FSK Tape Disks and Squares: Precut disks or squares of FSK tape.
- C. Aluminum-Foil Tape: Vapor-retarder tape with acrylic adhesive.
 - 1. Width: 2 inches.
 - 2. Thickness: 3.7 mils.
 - 3. Adhesion: 100 ounces force/inch in width.
 - 4. Elongation: 5 percent.
 - 5. Tensile Strength: 34 lbf/inch in width.

2.7 SECUREMENTS

- A. Aluminum Bands: ASTM B209, Alloy 3003, 3005, 3105, or 5005; Temper H-14, 0.020 inch thick, 1/2 inch wide with wing seal or closed seal.
- B. Insulation Pins and Hangers:

- 1. Metal, Adhesively Attached, Perforated-Base Insulation Hangers: Baseplate welded to projecting spindle that is capable of holding insulation, of thickness indicated, securely in position indicated when self-locking washer is in place. Comply with the following requirements:
 - a. Baseplate: Perforated, galvanized carbon-steel sheet, 0.030 inch thick by 2 inches square.
 - b. Spindle: Copper- or zinc-coated, low-carbon steel, fully annealed, 0.106-inch-diameter shank, length to suit depth of insulation indicated.
 - c. Adhesive: Recommended by hanger manufacturer. Product with demonstrated capability to bond insulation hanger securely to substrates indicated without damaging insulation, hangers, and substrates.
- C. Staples: Outward-clinching insulation staples, nominal 3/4-inch-wide, stainless steel or Monel.
- D. Wire: 0.080-inch nickel-copper alloy.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Surface Preparation: Clean and dry surfaces to receive insulation. Remove materials that will adversely affect insulation application.

3.2 GENERAL INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Install insulation materials, accessories, and finishes with smooth, straight, and even surfaces; free of voids throughout the length of ducts and fittings.
- B. Install insulation materials, vapor barriers or retarders, jackets, and thicknesses required for each item of duct system as specified in insulation system schedules.
- C. Install accessories compatible with insulation materials and suitable for the service. Install accessories that do not corrode, soften, or otherwise attack insulation or jacket in either wet or dry state.
- D. Install insulation with longitudinal seams at top and bottom of horizontal runs.
- E. Install multiple layers of insulation with longitudinal and end seams staggered.
- F. Keep insulation materials dry during application and finishing.
- G. Install insulation with tight longitudinal seams and end joints. Bond seams and joints with adhesive recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
- H. Install insulation with least number of joints practical.
- I. Where vapor barrier is indicated, seal joints, seams, and penetrations in insulation at hangers, supports, anchors, and other projections with vapor-barrier mastic.
 - 1. Install insulation continuously through hangers and around anchor attachments.
 - 2. For insulation application where vapor barriers are indicated, extend insulation on anchor legs from point of attachment to supported item to point of attachment to structure. Taper and seal ends at attachment to structure with vapor-barrier mastic.
 - 3. Install insert materials and install insulation to tightly join the insert. Seal insulation to insulation inserts with adhesive or sealing compound recommended by insulation material manufacturer.
- J. Apply adhesives, mastics, and sealants at manufacturer's recommended coverage rate and wet and dry film thicknesses.

- K. Install insulation with factory-applied jackets as follows:
 - 1. Draw jacket tight and smooth.
 - 2. Cover circumferential joints with 3-inch-wide strips, of same material as insulation jacket. Secure strips with adhesive and outward clinching staples along both edges of strip, spaced 4 inches o.c.
 - 3. Overlap jacket longitudinal seams at least 1-1/2 inches. Clean and dry surface to receive self-sealing lap. Staple laps with outward clinching staples along edge at [2 inches] [4 inches] o.c.
 - a. For below ambient services, apply vapor-barrier mastic over staples.
 - 4. Cover joints and seams with tape, according to insulation material manufacturer's written instructions, to maintain vapor seal.
 - 5. Where vapor barriers are indicated, apply vapor-barrier mastic on seams and joints and at ends adjacent to duct flanges and fittings.
- L. Cut insulation in a manner to avoid compressing insulation more than 75 percent of its nominal thickness.
- M. Finish installation with systems at operating conditions. Repair joint separations and cracking due to thermal movement.
- N. Repair damaged insulation facings by applying same facing material over damaged areas. Extend patches at least 4 inches beyond damaged areas. Adhere, staple, and seal patches similar to butt joints.

3.3 PENETRATIONS

- A. Insulation Installation at Interior Wall and Partition Penetrations (That Are Not Fire Rated): Install insulation continuously through walls and partitions.
- B. Insulation Installation at Fire-Rated Wall and Partition Penetrations: Terminate insulation at fire damper sleeves for fire-rated wall and partition penetrations. Externally insulate damper sleeves to match adjacent insulation and overlap duct insulation at least 2 inches.
- C. Insulation Installation at Floor Penetrations:
 - 1. Duct: For penetrations through fire-rated assemblies, terminate insulation at fire damper sleeves and externally insulate damper sleeve beyond floor to match adjacent duct insulation. Overlap damper sleeve and duct insulation at least 2 inches.

3.4 INSTALLATION OF MINERAL-FIBER INSULATION

- A. Blanket Insulation Installation on Ducts and Plenums: Secure with adhesive and insulation pins.
 - 1. Apply adhesives according to manufacturer's recommended coverage rates per unit area, for 100 percent coverage of duct and plenum surfaces.
 - 2. Apply adhesive to entire circumference of ducts and to all surfaces of fittings and transitions.
 - 3. Install either capacitor-discharge-weld pins and speed washers or cupped-head, capacitor-discharge-weld pins on sides and bottom of horizontal ducts and sides of vertical ducts as follows:
 - a. On duct sides with dimensions 18 inches and smaller, place pins along longitudinal centerline of duct. Space 3 inches maximum from insulation end joints, and 16 inches o.c.
 - b. On duct sides with dimensions larger than 18 inches, place pins 16 inches o.c. each way, and 3 inches maximum from insulation joints. Install additional pins to hold insulation tightly against surface at cross bracing.
 - c. Pins may be omitted from top surface of horizontal, rectangular ducts and plenums.
 - d. Do not overcompress insulation during installation.
 - e. Impale insulation over pins and attach speed washers.

- f. Cut excess portion of pins extending beyond speed washers or bend parallel with insulation surface. Cover exposed pins and washers with tape matching insulation facing.
- 4. For ducts and plenums with surface temperatures below ambient, install a continuous unbroken vapor barrier. Create a facing lap for longitudinal seams and end joints with insulation by removing 2 inches from one edge and one end of insulation segment. Secure laps to adjacent insulation section with 1/2-inch outward-clinching staples, 1 inch o.c. Install vapor barrier consisting of factory-or field-applied jacket, adhesive, vapor-barrier mastic, and sealant at joints, seams, and protrusions.
 - a. Repair punctures, tears, and penetrations with tape or mastic to maintain vapor-barrier seal.
 - b. Install vapor stops for ductwork and plenums operating below 50 deg F at 18-foot intervals. Vapor stops shall consist of vapor-barrier mastic applied in a Z-shaped pattern over insulation face, along butt end of insulation, and over the surface. Cover insulation face and surface to be insulated a width equal to two times the insulation thickness, but not less than 3 inches.
- 5. Overlap unfaced blankets a minimum of 2 inches on longitudinal seams and end joints. At end joints, secure with steel bands spaced a maximum of 18 inches o.c.
- 6. Install insulation on rectangular duct elbows and transitions with a full insulation section for each surface. Install insulation on round and flat-oval duct elbows with individually mitered gores cut to fit the elbow.
- 7. Insulate duct stiffeners, hangers, and flanges that protrude beyond insulation surface with 6-inch-wide strips of same material used to insulate duct. Secure on alternating sides of stiffener, hanger, and flange with pins spaced 6 inches o.c.
- B. Board Insulation Installation on Ducts and Plenums: Secure with adhesive and insulation pins.
 - 1. Apply adhesives according to manufacturer's recommended coverage rates per unit area, for 100 percent coverage of duct and plenum surfaces.
 - 2. Apply adhesive to entire circumference of ducts and to all surfaces of fittings and transitions.
 - 3. Install either capacitor-discharge-weld pins and speed washers or cupped-head, capacitor-discharge-weld pins on sides and bottom of horizontal ducts and sides of vertical ducts as follows:
 - a. On duct sides with dimensions 18 inches and smaller, place pins along longitudinal centerline of duct. Space 3 inches maximum from insulation end joints, and 16 inches o.c.
 - b. On duct sides with dimensions larger than 18 inches, space pins 16 inches o.c. each way, and 3 inches maximum from insulation joints. Install additional pins to hold insulation tightly against surface at cross bracing.
 - c. Pins may be omitted from top surface of horizontal, rectangular ducts and plenums.
 - d. Do not overcompress insulation during installation.
 - e. Cut excess portion of pins extending beyond speed washers or bend parallel with insulation surface. Cover exposed pins and washers with tape matching insulation facing.
 - 4. For ducts and plenums with surface temperatures below ambient, install a continuous unbroken vapor barrier. Create a facing lap for longitudinal seams and end joints with insulation by removing 2 inches from one edge and one end of insulation segment. Secure laps to adjacent insulation section with 1/2-inch outward-clinching staples, 1 inch o.c. Install vapor barrier consisting of factory-or field-applied jacket, adhesive, vapor-barrier mastic, and sealant at joints, seams, and protrusions.
 - a. Repair punctures, tears, and penetrations with tape or mastic to maintain vapor-barrier seal.
 - b. Install vapor stops for ductwork and plenums operating below 50 deg F at 18-foot intervals. Vapor stops shall consist of vapor-barrier mastic applied in a Z-shaped pattern over insulation face, along butt end of insulation, and over the surface. Cover insulation face and surface to be insulated a width equal to two times the insulation thickness, but not less than 3 inches.
 - 5. Install insulation on rectangular duct elbows and transitions with a full insulation section for each surface. Groove and score insulation to fit as closely as possible to outside and inside radius of

- elbows. Install insulation on round and flat-oval duct elbows with individually mitered gores cut to fit the elbow.
- 6. Insulate duct stiffeners, hangers, and flanges that protrude beyond insulation surface with 6-inch-wide strips of same material used to insulate duct. Secure on alternating sides of stiffener, hanger, and flange with pins spaced 6 inches o.c.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Inspect ductwork, randomly selected by Architect, by removing field-applied jacket and insulation in layers in reverse order of their installation. Extent of inspection shall be limited to one location(s) for each duct system defined in the "Duct Insulation Schedule, General" Article.
- C. All insulation applications will be considered defective Work if sample inspection reveals noncompliance with requirements.

3.6 DUCT INSULATION SCHEDULE, GENERAL

- A. Plenums and Ducts Requiring Insulation:
 - 1. Indoor, concealed supply and outdoor air.
 - 2. Indoor, concealed return located in unconditioned space.
 - 3. Indoor, exposed return located in unconditioned space.
 - 4. Outdoor, concealed supply and return.
- B. Items Not Insulated:
 - 1. Fibrous-glass ducts.
 - Metal ducts with duct liner of sufficient thickness to comply with energy code and ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1.
 - 3. Factory-insulated flexible ducts.
 - 4. Factory-insulated plenums and casings.
 - 5. Flexible connectors.
 - 6. Vibration-control devices.
 - 7. Factory-insulated access panels and doors.

3.7 INDOOR DUCT AND PLENUM INSULATION SCHEDULE

- A. Concealed, Supply-Air Duct and Plenum Insulation: Mineral-fiber blanket, 2 inches thick and 3-lb/cu. ft. nominal density with vapor barrier and factory applied Foil Reinforced Kraft (FSK) facing.
- B. Concealed, Return-Air Duct and Plenum Insulation: Mineral-fiber blanket, 2 inches thick and 3-lb/cu. ft. nominal density with vapor barrier and factory applied Foil Reinforced Kraft (FSK) facing.
- C. Concealed, Exhaust-Air Duct and Plenum Insulation: Mineral-fiber blanket, 1-1/2 inches thick and 0.75-lb/cu. ft. nominal density factory applied all service jacket.
- D. Exposed, Supply-Air Duct and Plenum Insulation: Mineral-fiber board, 1-1/2 inches thick and 1.5-lb/cu. ft. nominal density with vapor barrier and factory applied Foil Reinforced Kraft (FSK) facing.
- E. Exposed, Return-Air Duct and Plenum Insulation: Mineral-fiber board, 1-1/2 inches thick and 1.5-lb/cu. ft. nominal density with vapor barrier and factory applied Foil Reinforced Kraft (FSK) facing.

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END OF SECTION 230713

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Single-wall rectangular ducts and fittings.
 - 2. Single-wall round ducts and fittings.
 - 3. Sheet metal materials.
 - 4. Duct liner.
 - 5. Sealants and gaskets.
 - 6. Hangers and supports.

B. Related Sections:

- 1. Section 230593 "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing for HVAC" for testing, adjusting, and balancing requirements for metal ducts.
- 2. Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories" for dampers, sound-control devices, duct-mounting access doors and panels, turning vanes, and flexible ducts.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of the following products:
 - 1. Liners and adhesives.
 - 2. Sealants and gaskets.
 - 3. Seismic-restraint devices.

B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Fabrication, assembly, and installation, including plans, elevations, sections, components, and attachments to other work.
- 2. Factory- and shop-fabricated ducts and fittings.
- 3. Duct layout indicating sizes, configuration, liner material, and static-pressure classes.
- 4. Elevation of top and bottom of ducts.
- 5. Fittings.
- 6. Reinforcement and spacing.
- 7. Seam and joint construction.
- 8. Penetrations through fire-rated and other partitions.
- 9. Equipment installation based on equipment being used on Project.
- 10. Locations for duct accessories, including dampers, turning vanes, and access doors and panels.
- 11. Hangers and supports, including methods for duct and building attachment and vibration isolation.

C. Delegated-Design Submittal:

- 1. Sheet metal thicknesses.
- 2. Joint and seam construction and sealing.
- 3. Reinforcement details and spacing.
- 4. Materials, fabrication, assembly, and spacing of hangers and supports.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel in accordance with the following:
 - 1. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel," for hangers and supports.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Structural Performance: Duct hangers and supports shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and stresses within limits and under conditions described in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible"
- B. Airstream Surfaces: Surfaces in contact with airstream shall comply with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1.
- C. ASHRAE Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE 62.1, Section 5 "Systems and Equipment," and Section 7 "Construction and System Startup."
- D. ASHRAE/IES Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE/IES 90.1, Section 6.4.4 "HVAC System Construction and Insulation."
- E. Duct Dimensions: Unless otherwise indicated, all duct dimensions indicated on Drawings are inside clear dimensions and do not include insulation or duct wall thickness.

2.2 SINGLE-WALL RECTANGULAR DUCTS AND FITTINGS

- A. General Fabrication Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" based on indicated static-pressure class unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Construct ducts of galvanized sheet steel unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. For ducts exposed to weather, construct of Type 316 stainless steel indicated by manufacturer to be suitable for outdoor installation.
- B. Transverse Joints: Fabricate joints in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-1, "Rectangular Duct/Transverse Joints," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
 - 1. For ducts with longest side less than 36 inches, select joint types in accordance with Figure 2-1.
- C. Longitudinal Seams: Select seam types and fabricate in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-2, "Rectangular Duct/Longitudinal Seams," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible." All longitudinal seams shall be Pittsburgh lock seams unless otherwise specified for specific application.
- D. Elbows, Transitions, Offsets, Branch Connections, and Other Duct Construction: Select types and fabricate in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Ch. 4, "Fittings and Other Construction," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."

2.3 SINGLE-WALL ROUND DUCTS AND FITTINGS

- A. General Fabrication Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Ch. 3, "Round, Oval, and Flexible Duct," based on indicated static-pressure class unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Construct ducts of galvanized sheet steel unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. For ducts exposed to weather, construct of Type 316 stainless steel indicated by manufacturer to be suitable for outdoor installation.
- B. Flat-Oval Ducts: Indicated dimensions are the duct width (major dimension) and diameter of the round sides connecting the flat portions of the duct (minor dimension).
- C. Transverse Joints: Select joint types and fabricate in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-1, "Round Duct Transverse Joints," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
- D. Longitudinal Seams: Select seam types and fabricate in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-2, "Round Duct Longitudinal Seams," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
- E. Tees and Laterals: Select types and fabricate in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-5, "90 Degree Tees and Laterals," and Figure 3-6, "Conical Tees," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."

2.4 SHEET METAL MATERIALS

- A. General Material Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods unless otherwise indicated. Sheet metal materials shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, and other imperfections.
- B. Galvanized Sheet Steel: Comply with ASTM A 653/A 653M.
 - 1. Galvanized Coating Designation: G90.
 - 2. Finishes for Surfaces Exposed to View: Mill phosphatized.
- C. Factory- or Shop-Applied Antimicrobial Coating:
 - 1. Apply to the surface of sheet metal that will form the interior surface of the duct. An untreated clear coating shall be applied to the exterior surface.
 - 2. Antimicrobial compound shall be tested for efficacy by an NRTL and registered by the EPA for use in HVAC systems.
 - 3. Coating containing the antimicrobial compound shall have a hardness of 2H, minimum, when tested in accordance with ASTM D 3363.
 - 4. Surface-Burning Characteristics: Maximum flame-spread index of 25 and maximum smoke-developed index of 50 when tested in accordance with UL 723; certified by an NRTL.
 - 5. Shop-Applied Coating Color: White.
 - 6. Antimicrobial coating on sheet metal is not required for duct containing liner treated with antimicrobial coating.
- D. Reinforcement Shapes and Plates: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
 - Where black- and galvanized-steel shapes and plates are used to reinforce aluminum ducts, isolate the different metals with butyl rubber, neoprene, or EPDM gasket materials.

E. Tie Rods: Galvanized steel, 1/4-inch-minimum diameter for lengths 36 inches or less; 3/8-inch-minimum diameter for lengths longer than 36 inches.

2.5 DUCT LINER

- A. Fibrous-Glass Duct Liner: Comply with ASTM C 1071, NFPA 90A, or NFPA 90B; and with NAIMA AH124, "Fibrous Glass Duct Liner Standard."
 - 1. Maximum Thermal Conductivity:
 - a. Type I, Flexible: 0.27 Btu x in./h x sq. ft. x deg F at 75 deg F mean temperature.
 - b. Type II, Rigid: 0.23 Btu x in./h x sq. ft. x deg F at 75 deg F mean temperature.
 - Antimicrobial Erosion-Resistant Coating: Apply to the surface of the liner that will form the interior surface of the duct to act as a moisture repellent and erosion-resistant coating. Antimicrobial compound shall be tested for efficacy by an NRTL and registered by the EPA for use in HVAC systems.
 - 3. Water-Based Liner Adhesive: Comply with NFPA 90A or NFPA 90B and with ASTM C 916.
- B. Insulation Pins and Washers:
 - 1. Cupped-Head, Capacitor-Discharge-Weld Pins: Copper- or zinc-coated steel pin, fully annealed for capacitor-discharge welding, 0.106-inch- diameter shank, length to suit depth of insulation indicated with integral 1-1/2-inch galvanized carbon-steel washer.
 - 2. Insulation-Retaining Washers: Self-locking washers formed from 0.016-inch-thick galvanized steel; with beveled edge sized as required to hold insulation securely in place, but not less than 1-1/2 inches in diameter.
- C. Shop Application of Duct Liner: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 7-11, "Flexible Duct Liner Installation."
 - Adhere a single layer of indicated thickness of duct liner with at least 90 percent adhesive coverage at liner contact surface area. Attaining indicated thickness with multiple layers of duct liner is prohibited.
 - 2. Apply adhesive to transverse edges of liner facing upstream that do not receive metal nosing.
 - 3. Butt transverse joints without gaps, and coat joint with adhesive.
 - 4. Fold and compress liner in corners of rectangular ducts or cut and fit to ensure butted-edge overlapping.
 - 5. Do not apply liner in rectangular ducts with longitudinal joints, except at corners of ducts, unless duct size and dimensions of standard liner make longitudinal joints necessary.
 - 6. Apply adhesive coating on longitudinal seams in ducts with air velocity of 2500 fpmor greater.
 - 7. Secure liner with mechanical fasteners 4 inches from corners and at intervals not exceeding 12 inches transversely; at 3 inches from transverse joints and at intervals not exceeding 18 inches longitudinally.
 - 8. Secure transversely oriented liner edges facing the airstream with metal nosings that have either channel or "Z" profiles or are integrally formed from duct wall. Fabricate edge facings at the following locations:
 - a. Fan discharges.
 - b. Intervals of lined duct preceding unlined duct.
 - Upstream edges of transverse joints in ducts where air velocities are higher than 2500 fpm or where indicated.
 - Secure insulation between perforated sheet metal inner duct of same thickness as specified for outer shell. Use mechanical fasteners that maintain inner duct at uniform distance from outer shell without compressing insulation.
 - a. Sheet Metal Inner Duct Perforations: 3/32-inch diameter, with an overall open area of 23 percent.

10. Terminate inner ducts with buildouts attached to fire-damper sleeves, dampers, turning vane assemblies, or other devices. Fabricated buildouts (metal hat sections) or other buildout means are optional; when used, secure buildouts to duct walls with bolts, screws, rivets, or welds.

2.6 SEALANT AND GASKETS

- A. General Sealant and Gasket Requirements: Surface-burning characteristics for sealants and gaskets shall be a maximum flame-spread index of 25 and a maximum smoke-developed index of 50 when tested in accordance with UL 723; certified by an NRTL.
- B. Water-Based Joint and Seam Sealant:
 - 1. Application Method: Brush on.
 - 2. Solids Content: Minimum 65 percent.
 - 3. Shore A Hardness: Minimum 20.
 - Water resistant.
 - 5. Mold and mildew resistant.
 - 6. VOC: Maximum 75 g/L (less water).
 - 7. Maximum Static-Pressure Class: 10-inch wg, positive and negative.
 - 8. Service: Indoor or outdoor.
 - Substrate: Compatible with galvanized sheet steel (both PVC coated and bare), stainless steel, or aluminum sheets.
 - 10. Maximum Static-Pressure Class: 10-inch wg, positive or negative.
 - 11. Service: Indoor or outdoor.
 - 12. Substrate: Compatible with galvanized sheet steel (both PVC coated and bare), stainless steel, or aluminum sheets.

2.7 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Hanger Rods for Noncorrosive Environments: Galvanized-steel rods and nuts.
- B. Strap and Rod Sizes: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Table 5-1, "Rectangular Duct Hangers Minimum Size," and Table 5-2, "Minimum Hanger Sizes for Round Duct "
- C. Duct Attachments: Sheet metal screws, blind rivets, or self-tapping metal screws; compatible with duct materials.
- D. Trapeze and Riser Supports:
 - 1. Supports for Galvanized-Steel Ducts: Galvanized-steel shapes and plates.
 - 2. Supports for Stainless-Steel Ducts: Stainless-steel shapes and plates.
 - 3. Supports for Aluminum Ducts: Aluminum or galvanized steel coated with zinc chromate.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 DUCT INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of duct system. Indicated duct locations, configurations, and arrangements were used to size ducts and calculate friction loss for air-handling equipment sizing and for other design considerations. Install duct systems as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Shop Drawings and coordination drawings.
- B. Install ducts in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" unless otherwise indicated.

- C. Install ducts in maximum practical lengths with fewest possible joints.
- D. Install factory- or shop-fabricated fittings for changes in direction, size, and shape and for branch connections.
- E. Unless otherwise indicated, install ducts vertically and horizontally, and parallel and perpendicular to building lines.
- F. Install ducts close to walls, overhead construction, columns, and other structural and permanent enclosure elements of building.
- G. Install ducts with a clearance of 1 inch, plus allowance for insulation thickness.
- H. Route ducts to avoid passing through transformer vaults and electrical equipment rooms and enclosures.
- I. Where ducts pass through non-fire-rated interior partitions and exterior walls and are exposed to view, cover the opening between the partition and duct or duct insulation with sheet metal flanges of same metal thickness as the duct. Overlap openings on four sides by at least 1-1/2 inches.
- J. Install heating coils, cooling coils, air filters, dampers, and all other duct-mounted accessories in air ducts where indicated on Drawings.
- K. Protect duct interiors from moisture, construction debris and dust, and other foreign materials both before and after installation.
- L. Elbows: Use long-radius elbows wherever they fit.
 - 1. Fabricate 90-degree rectangular mitered elbows to include turning vanes.
 - 2. Fabricate 90-degree round elbows with a minimum of three segments for 12 inches and smaller and a minimum of five segments for 14 inches and larger.
- M. Branch Connections: Use lateral or conical branch connections.

3.2 INSTALLATION OF EXPOSED DUCTWORK

- A. Protect ducts exposed in finished spaces from being dented, scratched, or damaged.
- B. Trim duct sealants flush with metal. Create a smooth and uniform exposed bead. Do not use two-part tape sealing system.
- C. Grind welds to provide smooth surface free of burrs, sharp edges, and weld splatter. When welding stainless steel with a No. 3 or 4 finish, grind the welds flush, polish the exposed welds, and treat the welds to remove discoloration caused by welding.
- D. Maintain consistency, symmetry, and uniformity in arrangement and fabrication of fittings, hangers and supports, duct accessories, and air outlets.
- E. Repair or replace damaged sections and finished work that does not comply with these requirements.

3.3 DUCT SEALING

- A. Seal ducts for duct static-pressure, seal classes, and leakage classes specified in "Duct Schedule" Article in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
- B. Seal ducts at a minimum to the following seal classes in accordance with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible":

1. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible."

3.4 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Chapter 5, "Hangers and Supports."
- B. Building Attachments: Concrete inserts, powder-actuated fasteners, or structural-steel fasteners appropriate for construction materials to which hangers are being attached.
 - 1. Where practical, install concrete inserts before placing concrete.
 - 2. Install powder-actuated concrete fasteners after concrete is placed and completely cured.
 - 3. Use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for standard-weight aggregate concretes or for slabs more than 4 inches thick.
 - 4. Do not use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for lightweight-aggregate concretes or for slabs less than 4 inches thick.
 - 5. Do not use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for seismic restraints.
- C. Hanger Spacing: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Table 5-1, "Rectangular Duct Hangers Minimum Size," and Table 5-2, "Minimum Hanger Sizes for Round Duct," for maximum hanger spacing; install hangers and supports within 24 inches of each elbow and within 48 inches of each branch intersection.
- D. Hangers Exposed to View: Threaded rod and angle or channel supports.
- E. Support vertical ducts with steel angles or channel secured to the sides of the duct with welds, bolts, sheet metal screws, or blind rivets; support at each floor and at a maximum intervals of 16 feet.
- F. Install upper attachments to structures. Select and size upper attachments with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.

3.5 CONNECTIONS

- A. Make connections to equipment with flexible connectors complying with Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories."
- B. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for branch, outlet and inlet, and terminal unit connections.

3.6 PAINTING

A. Paint interior of metal ducts that are visible through registers and grilles and that do not have duct liner. Apply one coat of flat, black, latex paint over a compatible galvanized-steel primer.

3.7 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Duct System Cleanliness Tests:
 - 1. Visually inspect duct system to ensure that no visible contaminants are present.
 - Test sections of metal duct system, chosen randomly by Owner, for cleanliness in accordance with "Description of Method 3 - NADCA Vacuum Test" in NADCA ACR, "Assessment, Cleaning and Restoration of HVAC Systems."

- Acceptable Cleanliness Level: Net weight of debris collected on the filter media shall not exceed 0.75 mg/100 sq. cm.
- C. Duct system will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.8 DUCT CLEANING

- A. Clean new and existing duct system(s) before testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- B. Use duct cleaning methodology as indicated in NADCA ACR.

3.9 STARTUP

A. Air Balance: Comply with requirements in Section 230593 "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing for HVAC."

3.10 DUCT SCHEDULE

- A. Fabricate ducts with galvanized sheet steel except as otherwise indicated and as follows:
 - Fabricate all ducts to achieve SMACNA pressure class, seal class, and leakage class as indicated below.
- B. Supply Ducts:
 - 1. Ducts Connected to Fan Coil Units, Furnaces, Heat Pumps, and Terminal Units:
 - a. Pressure Class: Positive 1-inch wg.
 - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: A.
 - c. SMACNA Leakage Class for Rectangular: 2.
 - d. SMACNA Leakage Class for Round and Flat Oval: 2.

C. Return Ducts:

- 1. Ducts Connected to Fan Coil Units, Furnaces, Heat Pumps, and Terminal Units:
 - a. Pressure Class: Positive or negative 1-inch wg.
 - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: A.
 - c. SMACNA Leakage Class for Rectangular: 2.
 - d. SMACNA Leakage Class for Round and Flat Oval: 2.

D. Exhaust Ducts:

- 1. Ducts Connected to Fans Exhausting Air:
 - a. Pressure Class: Negative 1-inch wg.
 - b. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: A if negative pressure, and A if positive pressure.
 - c. SMACNA Leakage Class for Rectangular: 2.
 - d. SMACNA Leakage Class for Round and Flat Oval: 2.

E. Elbow Configuration:

1. Rectangular Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-2, "Rectangular Elbows."

- a. Velocity 1000 fpm or Lower:
 - 1) Radius Type RE 1 with minimum 0.5 radius-to-diameter ratio.
 - 2) Mitered Type RE 4 without vanes.
- Round Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-4, "Round Duct Elbows."
 - a. Minimum Radius-to-Diameter Ratio and Elbow Segments: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Table 3-1, "Mitered Elbows." Elbows with less than 90-degree change of direction have proportionately fewer segments.
 - Velocity 1000 fpm or Lower: 0.5 radius-to-diameter ratio and three segments for 90degree elbow.
 - b. Round Elbows, 12 Inches and Smaller in Diameter: Stamped or pleated.
- F. Branch Configuration:
 - 1. Rectangular Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 4-6, "Branch Connection."
 - a. Rectangular Main to Rectangular Branch: 45-degree entry.
 - b. Rectangular Main to Round Branch: Conical spin in.
 - 2. Round and Flat Oval: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-5, "90 Degree Tees and Laterals," and Figure 3-6, "Conical Tees." Saddle taps are permitted in existing duct.
 - a. Velocity 1000 fpm or Lower: 90-degree tap.

END OF SECTION 23 31 13

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Backdraft and pressure relief dampers.
 - 2. Manual volume dampers.
 - 3. Control dampers.
 - 4. Flange connectors.
 - 5. Duct-mounted access doors.
 - Flexible connectors.
 - Duct accessory hardware.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ASSEMBLY DESCRIPTION

- A. Comply with NFPA 90A, "Installation of Air Conditioning and Ventilating Systems," and with NFPA 90B, "Installation of Warm Air Heating and Air Conditioning Systems."
- B. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods unless otherwise indicated. Sheet metal materials shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, and other imperfections.

2.2 MATERIALS

- A. Galvanized Sheet Steel: Comply with ASTM A 653/A 653M.
 - 1. Galvanized Coating Designation: **G90**.
 - 2. Exposed-Surface Finish: Mill phosphatized.
- B. Reinforcement Shapes and Plates: Galvanized-steel reinforcement where installed on galvanized sheet metal ducts; compatible materials for aluminum and stainless-steel ducts.
- C. Tie Rods: Galvanized steel, 1/4-inch minimum diameter for lengths 36 inches or less; 3/8-inch minimum diameter for lengths longer than 36 inches.

2.3 MANUAL VOLUME DAMPERS

- A. Standard, Steel, Manual Volume Dampers:
 - 1. Standard leakage rating, with linkage outside airstream.
 - 2. Suitable for horizontal or vertical applications.
 - Frames:
 - a. Frame: Hat-shaped, 0.094-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel.
 - b. Mitered and welded corners.
 - c. Flanges for attaching to walls and flangeless frames for installing in ducts.

4. Blades:

- a. Multiple or single blade.
- b. Parallel- or opposed-blade design.
- c. Stiffen damper blades for stability.
- d. **Galvanized**-steel, 0.064 inch thick.
- 5. Blade Axles: Galvanized steel.
- 6. Bearings:
 - a. Oil-impregnated bronze.
 - b. Dampers in ducts with pressure classes of 3-inch wg or less shall have axles full length of damper blades and bearings at both ends of operating shaft.
- 7. Tie Bars and Brackets: Galvanized steel.

B. Jackshaft:

- 1. Size: 0.5-inch diameter.
- 2. Material: Galvanized-steel pipe rotating within pipe-bearing assembly mounted on supports at each mullion and at each end of multiple-damper assemblies.
- Length and Number of Mountings: As required to connect linkage of each damper in multipledamper assembly.

C. Damper Hardware:

- 1. Zinc-plated, die-cast core with dial and handle made of 3/32-inch-thick zinc-plated steel, and a 3/4-inch hexagon locking nut.
- 2. Include center hole to suit damper operating-rod size.
- 3. Include elevated platform for insulated duct mounting.

2.4 CONTROL DAMPERS

A. Frames:

- 1. Hat shaped.
- 2. 0.094-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel.
- 3. Mitered and welded corners.

B. Blades:

- 1. Multiple blade with maximum blade width of 6 inches.
- 2. Parallel- and opposed-blade design.
- 3. Galvanized-steel.
- 4. 0.064 inch thick single skin.
- 5. Blade Edging: Closed-cell neoprene.
- 6. Blade Edging: Inflatable seal blade edging, or replaceable rubber seals.

- C. Blade Axles: 1/2-inch-diameter; galvanized steel; blade-linkage hardware of zinc-plated steel and brass; ends sealed against blade bearings.
 - 1. Operating Temperature Range: From minus 40 to plus 200 deg F.
- D. Bearings:
 - 1. Oil-impregnated bronze.
 - 2. Dampers in ducts with pressure classes of 3-inch wg or less shall have axles full length of damper blades and bearings at both ends of operating shaft.
 - 3. Thrust bearings at each end of every blade.

2.5 FLANGE CONNECTORS

- A. Description: Add-on, factory-fabricated, slide-on transverse flange connectors, gaskets, and components.
- B. Material: Galvanized steel.
- C. Gage and Shape: Match connecting ductwork.

2.6 DUCT-MOUNTED ACCESS DOORS

- A. Duct-Mounted Access Doors: Fabricate access panels according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible"; Figures 7-2, "Duct Access Doors and Panels," and 7-3, "Access Doors Round Duct."
 - 1. Door:
 - a. Double wall, rectangular.
 - Galvanized sheet metal with insulation fill and thickness as indicated for duct pressure class.
 - c. Vision panel.
 - d. Hinges and Latches: 1-by-1-inchbutt or piano hinge and cam latches.
 - e. Fabricate doors airtight and suitable for duct pressure class.
 - 2. Frame: Galvanized sheet steel, with bend-over tabs and foam gaskets.
 - 3. Number of Hinges and Locks:
 - a. Access Doors Less Than 12 Inches Square: No hinges and two sash locks.
 - b. Access Doors up to 18 Inches Square: Two hinges and two sash locks.

2.7 FLEXIBLE CONNECTORS

- A. Materials: Flame-retardant or noncombustible fabrics.
- B. Coatings and Adhesives: Comply with UL 181, Class 1.
- C. Metal-Edged Connectors: Factory fabricated with a fabric strip 3-1/2 inches wide attached to two strips of 2-3/4-inch-wide, 0.028-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel or 0.032-inch-thick aluminum sheets. Provide metal compatible with connected ducts.
- D. Indoor System, Flexible Connector Fabric: Glass fabric double coated with neoprene.
 - 1. Minimum Weight: 26 oz./sq. yd..
 - 2. Tensile Strength: 480 lbf/inch in the warp and 360 lbf/inch in the filling.
 - 3. Service Temperature: Minus 40 to plus 200 deg F.

2.8 DUCT ACCESSORY HARDWARE

- A. Instrument Test Holes: Cast iron or cast aluminum to suit duct material, including screw cap and gasket. Size to allow insertion of pitot tube and other testing instruments and of length to suit duct-insulation thickness.
- B. Adhesives: High strength, quick setting, neoprene based, waterproof, and resistant to gasoline and grease.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install duct accessories according to applicable details in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for metal ducts and in NAIMA AH116, "Fibrous Glass Duct Construction Standards," for fibrous-glass ducts.
- B. Install duct accessories of materials suited to duct materials; use galvanized-steel accessories in galvanized-steel and fibrous-glass ducts, stainless-steel accessories in stainless-steel ducts, and aluminum accessories in aluminum ducts.
- C. Install backdraft control dampers at inlet of exhaust fans or exhaust ducts as close as possible to exhaust fan unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Install volume dampers at points on supply, return, and exhaust systems where branches extend from larger ducts. Where dampers are installed in ducts having duct liner, install dampers with hat channels of same depth as liner, and terminate liner with nosing at hat channel.
 - 1. Install steel volume dampers in steel ducts.
- E. Set dampers to fully open position before testing, adjusting, and balancing.
- F. Install test holes at fan inlets and outlets and elsewhere as indicated.
- G. Install duct access doors on sides of ducts to allow for inspecting, adjusting, and maintaining accessories and equipment at the following locations:
 - 1. On both sides of duct coils.
 - 2. Upstream from duct filters.
 - 3. At outdoor-air intakes and mixed-air plenums.
 - 4. At drain pans and seals.
 - 5. Downstream from manual volume dampers, control dampers, backdraft dampers, and equipment.
 - 6. Adjacent to and close enough to fire or smoke dampers, to reset or reinstall fusible links. Access doors for access to fire or smoke dampers having fusible links shall be pressure relief access doors and shall be outward operation for access doors installed upstream from dampers and inward operation for access doors installed downstream from dampers.
 - 7. At each change in direction and at maximum 50-foot spacing.
 - 8. Upstream from turning vanes.
 - 9. Upstream or downstream from duct silencers.
 - 10. Control devices requiring inspection.
 - 11. Elsewhere as indicated.
- H. Install access doors with swing against duct static pressure.
- I. Access Door Sizes:
 - 1. One-Hand or Inspection Access: 8 by 5 inches.

- 2. Two-Hand Access: 12 by 6 inches.
- 3. Head and Hand Access: 18 by 10 inches.
- 4. Head and Shoulders Access: 21 by 14 inches.
- 5. Body Access: 25 by 14 inches.
- 6. Body plus Ladder Access: 25 by 17 inches.
- J. Label access doors according to Section 230553 "Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment" to indicate the purpose of access door.
- K. Install flexible connectors to connect ducts to equipment.
- L. Connect diffusers or light troffer boots to ducts directly or with maximum 60-inch lengths of flexible duct clamped or strapped in place.
- M. Install duct test holes where required for testing and balancing purposes.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Operate dampers to verify full range of movement.
 - 2. Inspect locations of access doors and verify that purpose of access door can be performed.
 - 3. Operate fire and smoke dampers to verify full range of movement and verify that proper heat-response device is installed.
 - 4. Inspect turning vanes for proper and secure installation.

END OF SECTION 23 33 00

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Non-insulated flexible ducts.
 - 2. Insulated flexible ducts.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For flexible ducts.
 - 1. Include plans showing locations and mounting and attachment details.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 ASSEMBLY DESCRIPTION

- A. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods unless otherwise indicated. Sheet metal materials shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, and other imperfections.
- B. Comply with the Air Diffusion Council's "ADC Flexible Air Duct Test Code FD 72-R1."
- C. Comply with ASTM E 96/E 96M, "Test Methods for Water Vapor Transmission of Materials."

2.2 NON-INSULATED FLEXIBLE DUCTS

- A. Non-Insulated, Flexible Duct: UL 181, Class 1, two-ply vinyl film supported by helically wound, spring-steel wire.
 - 1. Pressure Rating: 10-inch wg positive and 1.0-inch wg negative.
 - 2. Maximum Air Velocity: 4000 fpm.
 - 3. Temperature Range: Minus 10 to plus 160 deg F.

2.3 INSULATED FLEXIBLE DUCTS

A. Insulated, Flexible Duct: UL 181, Class 1, two-ply vinyl film supported by helically wound, spring-steel wire; fibrous-glass insulation; aluminized vapor-barrier film.

- 1. Pressure Rating: 10-inch wg positive and 1.0-inch wg negative.
- 2. Maximum Air Velocity: 4000 fpm.
- 3. Temperature Range: Minus 10 to plus 160 deg F.
- 4. Insulation R-Value: R8.

2.4 FLEXIBLE DUCT CONNECTORS

- A. Clamps: Nylon strap in sizes 3 through 18 inches, to suit duct size.
- B. Non-Clamp Connectors: Liquid adhesive plus tape.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install flexible ducts according to applicable details in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" for metal ducts and in NAIMA AH116, "Fibrous Glass Duct Construction Standards," for fibrous-glass ducts.
- B. Install in indoor applications only. Flexible ductwork should not be exposed to UV lighting.
- C. Connect terminal units to supply ducts directly or with maximum 12-inch lengths of flexible duct. Do not use flexible ducts to change directions.
- D. Connect diffusers or light troffer boots to ducts directly or with maximum 84-inch lengths of flexible duct clamped or strapped in place.
- E. Connect flexible ducts to metal ducts with draw bands.
- F. Install duct test holes where required for testing and balancing purposes.
- G. Installation:
 - 1. Install ducts fully extended.
 - 2. Do not bend ducts across sharp corners.
 - 3. Bends of flexible ducting shall not exceed a minimum of one duct diameter.
 - 4. Avoid contact with metal fixtures, water lines, pipes, or conduits.
 - 5. Install flexible ducts in a direct line, without sags, twists, or turns.
- H. Supporting Flexible Ducts:
 - 1. Suspend flexible ducts with bands 1-1/2 inches wide or wider and spaced a maximum of 48 inches apart. Maximum centerline sag between supports shall not exceed 1/2 inch per 12 inches.
 - Install extra supports at bends placed approximately one duct diameter from center line of the bend.
 - 3. Ducts may rest on ceiling joists or truss supports. Spacing between supports shall not exceed the maximum spacing per manufacturer's written installation instructions.
 - 4. Vertically installed ducts shall be stabilized by support straps at a maximum of 72 inches o.c.

END OF SECTION 23 33 46

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Sidewall propeller fans.
 - 2. Toilet exhaust fans

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings:
 - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and attachment details.
 - 2. Include details of equipment assemblies. Indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Floor plans, reflected ceiling plans, and other details, or BIM model, drawn to scale and coordinated with all building trades.
- B. Seismic Qualification Data: For fans, accessories, and components, from manufacturer.
- C. Field quality-control reports.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Capacities and Characteristics: Refer to equipment schedules

2.2 CEILING-MOUNTED VENTILATORS

A. Available Manufacturers. Refer to equipment schedules

- B. Housing: Steel, lined with acoustical insulation.
- C. Fan Wheel: Centrifugal wheels directly mounted on motor shaft. Fan shrouds, motor, and fan wheel removable for service.
- D. Back-draft damper: Integral.
- E. Grille: Plastic, louvered grille with flange on intake and thumbscrew or spring retainer attachment to fan housing.
- F. Electrical Requirements: Junction box for electrical connection on housing and receptacle for motor plugin.
- G. Accessories:
 - 1. Time-Delay Switch: Assembly with single-pole rocker switch, timer, and cover plate.
 - 2. Isolation: Rubber-in-shear vibration isolators...

2.3 SIDEWALL PROPELLER FANS

- A. Available Manufacturers. Refer to equipment schedules
- B. Housing: Galvanized-steel sheet with flanged edges and integral orifice ring, with baked-enamel finish coat applied after assembly.
- C. Fan Wheel: Replaceable, cast-aluminum, airfoil blades fastened to cast-aluminum hub; factory set pitch angle of blades.
- D. Fan Drive: Direct-drive motor mounted in airstream, factory wired to disconnect switch located on outside of fan housing.
- E. Accessories:
 - 1. Disconnect Switch: Nonfusible type, with thermal-overload protection mounted inside fan housing, factory wired through an internal aluminum conduit.
 - 2. Fan speed control
 - Motorized Dampers: Parallel-blade dampers with electric actuator wired to close when fan stops.
 - Motor-Side Back Guard: Galvanized steel, complying with OSHA specifications, removable for maintenance.
 - 5. Wall Sleeve: Galvanized steel to match fan and accessory size.
 - 6. Weathershield Front Guard: Galvanized steel with expanded metal screen.

2.4 MOTORS

- A. Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, and efficiency requirements for motors specified in Section 230513 "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
 - 1. Motor Sizes: Minimum size as indicated. If not indicated, large enough so driven load will not require motor to operate in service factor range above 1.0.

2.5 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by an NRTL, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. AMCA Certification: Fans shall comply with AMCA 11 and bear the AMCA-Certified Ratings Seal.

- C. Fan Sound Ratings: Comply with AMCA 311, and label fans with the AMCA-Certified Ratings Seal. Sound ratings shall comply with AMCA 301. The fans shall be tested according to AMCA 300.
- D. Fan Performance Ratings: Comply with AMCA 211 and label fans with AMCA-Certified Rating Seal. The fans shall be tested for air performance flow rate, fan pressure, power, fan efficiency, air density, speed of rotation, and fan efficiency according to AMCA 210/ASHRAE 51.
- E. Operating Limits: Classify according to AMCA 99.
- F. UL Standards: Power ventilators shall comply with UL 705. Power ventilators for use for restaurant kitchen exhaust shall also comply with UL 762.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF HVAC POWER VENTILATORS

- A. Install power ventilators level and plumb.
- B. Equipment Mounting:
 - Comply with requirements for vibration isolation devices specified in Section 230548.13 "Vibration Controls for HVAC."
- C. Ceiling Units: Suspend units from structure; use steel wire or metal straps.
- D. Support suspended units from structure using threaded steel rods and elastomeric hangers having a static deflection of. Vibration-control devices are specified in Section 230548 "Vibration and Seismic Controls for HVAC." Section 230548.13 "Vibration Controls for HVAC."
- E. Install units with clearances for service and maintenance.
- F. Label units according to requirements specified in Section 230553 "Identification for HVAC Piping and Equipment."

3.2 DUCTWORK CONNECTIONS

A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of ducts and duct accessories. Make final duct connections with flexible connectors. Flexible connectors are specified in Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories."

3.3 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect wiring according to Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
- B. Ground equipment according to Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
- C. Install electrical devices furnished by manufacturer, but not factory mounted, according to NFPA 70 and NECA 1.
 - 1. Nameplate shall be laminated acrylic or melamine plastic signs, as specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems."
 - 2. Nameplate shall be laminated acrylic or melamine plastic signs with a black background and engraved white letters at least 1/2 inch high.

3.4 CONTROL CONNECTIONS

- A. Install control and electrical power wiring to field-mounted control devices.
- B. Connect control wiring according to Section 260523 "Control-Voltage Electrical Power Cables."

3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust damper linkages for proper damper operation.
- B. Comply with requirements in Section 230593 "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing for HVAC" for testing, adjusting, and balancing procedures.
- C. Lubricate bearings.

3.6 DEMONSTRATION

A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain fans.

END OF SECTION 23 34 23

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Rectangular and square ceiling diffusers.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories" for fire and smoke dampers and volume-control dampers not integral to registers and grilles.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 DIFFUSERS

2.2 RECTANGULAR AND SQUARE CEILING DIFFUSERS

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Krueger.
 - 2. METALAIRE, Inc.
 - 3. Nailor Industries Inc.
 - 4. Price Industries.
 - 5. Titus.
- B. Material: Steel.
- C. Finish: Baked enamel, color selected by Architect.
- D. Face Size: As indicated on plans.
- E. Face Style: Three cone or Four cone.
- F. Mounting: Surface.
- G. Pattern: Fixed.
- H. Dampers: Radial opposed blade.
- I. Accessories:
 - 1. Equalizing grid.
 - 2. Sectorizing baffles.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install diffusers, registers and grilles level and plumb.
- B. Outlets and Inlets Locations: Drawings indicate general arrangement of ducts, fittings, and accessories. Air outlet and inlet locations have been indicated to achieve design requirements for air volume, noise criteria, airflow pattern, throw, and pressure drop. Make final locations where indicated, as much as practical. For units installed in lay-in ceiling panels, locate units in the center of panel. Where architectural features or other items conflict with installation, notify Architect for a determination of final location.
- C. Install registers and grilles with airtight connections to ducts and to allow service and maintenance of dampers, air extractors, and fire dampers.

3.2 ADJUSTING

A. After installation, adjust diffusers, registers and grilles to air patterns indicated, or as directed, before starting air balancing.

END OF SECTION 23 37 13.23

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes fixed-plate, sensible and total, heat exchangers.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

1.4 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of air-to-air energy recovery equipment that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period for Fixed-Plate Total Heat Exchangers: 10 years.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. NFPA Compliance: Comply with NFPA 90A for design, fabrication, and installation of unit components.
- C. ASHRAE/IES 90.1 Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE/IES 90.1, Section 6 "Heating, Ventilating, and Air-Conditioning."
- D. Comply with UL 723.

2.2 CAPACITIES AND CHARACTERISTICS

- A. Type: Fixed-plate sensible heat exchanger.
- B. Apparent Sensible Effectiveness for heating shall be no less than 66% at 30 CFM net air flow under 32°F (0°C) as tested in accordance with CSA-C439. Total Recovery Effectiveness for cooling shall be no less than 36% at 29 CFM net air flow under 95°F (35°C). The supply port damper shall close below 20°F (-7°C) to prevent freezing of the core..

2.3 FIXED-PLATE SENSIBLE HEAT EXCHANGERS

A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by the following:

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- Panasonic.
- B. Casing: Galvanized steel with duct collars.
- C. The motor shall be totally enclosed, AC condenser type engineered to run continuously. Power rating shall be 120v/60Hz.
- D. Duct diameter shall be no less than 4".
- E. Fan can be used to comply with ASHRAE 62.2, LEED, IAP, California Title-24 and WA Ventilation Code.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install fixed-plate heat exchangers so supply and exhaust airstreams flow in opposite directions.
- B. Equipment Mounting:
 - 1. Install air-to-air energy recovery unit in accordance with manufacturers guidelines
- C. Install units with clearances for service and maintenance.
- D. Comply with requirements for ductwork specified in Section 233113 "Metal Ducts."
- E. Comply with requirements in Section 230593 "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing for HVAC" for air-handling system testing, adjusting, and balancing.

3.2 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect wiring according to Section 260529 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
- B. Install electrical devices furnished by manufacturer, but not factory mounted, according to NFPA 70 and NECA 1.

3.3 CONTROL CONNECTIONS

- A. Install control and electrical power wiring to field-mounted control devices.
- B. Connect control wiring according to Section 260523 "Control-Voltage Electrical Power Cables."

3.4 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Perform startup service.
 - 1. Complete installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 2. Verify that shipping, blocking, and bracing are removed.
 - 3. Verify that unit is secure on mountings and supporting devices and that connections to electrical systems are complete. Verify that proper thermal-overload protection is installed.
 - 4. Verify water wash mechanism operation.
- B. Starting procedures for air-handling units include the following:

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- Energize water wash motor and verify proper operation of motor and water wash system. 1.
- 2. Measure and record motor electrical values for voltage and amperage.

3.5 **CLEANING**

After completing system installation and testing, adjusting, and balancing air-to-air heat recovery unit, A. clean unit to remove foreign material and construction dirt and dust.

3.6 **DEMONSTRATION**

Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain fixed-plate air-to-air energy A. recovery units.

END OF SECTION 23 72 19

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1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes split-system air-conditioning and heat-pump units consisting of separate evaporator-fan and compressor-condenser components.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - 1. Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. ASHRAE Compliance:
 - Fabricate and label refrigeration system to comply with ASHRAE 15, "Safety Standard for Refrigeration Systems."
 - ASHRAE Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE 62.1, Section 4 "Outdoor Air Quality," Section 5 - "Systems and Equipment," Section 6 - " Procedures," and Section 7 - "Construction and System Start-up."
- C. ASHRAE/IES Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE/IES 90.1.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of split-system air-conditioning units that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - Warranty Period:
 - a. For Compressor: Five year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.
 - b. For Parts: One year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.

c. For Labor: One year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Manufacturers: Refer to equipment schedules

2.2 INDOOR UNITS (5 TONS OR LESS)

- A. Concealed Evaporator-Fan Components:
 - Chassis: Galvanized steel with flanged edges, removable panels for servicing, and insulation on back of panel.
 - 2. Insulation: Faced, glass-fiber duct liner.
 - 3. Refrigerant Coil: Copper tube, with mechanically bonded aluminum fins and thermal-expansion valve. Comply with ARI 206/110.
 - 4. Electric Coil: Helical, nickel-chrome, resistance-wire heating elements; with refractory ceramic support bushings, automatic-reset thermal cutout, built-in magnetic contactors, manual-reset thermal cutout, airflow proving device, and one-time fuses in terminal box for overcurrent protection.
 - 5. Fan: Forward-curved, double-width wheel of galvanized steel; directly connected to motor.
 - 6. Fan Motors:
 - Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, enclosure type, and efficiency requirements specified in Section 230513 "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
 - b. Multitapped, multispeed with internal thermal protection and permanent lubrication.
 - c. Wiring Terminations: Connect motor to chassis wiring with plug connection.
 - 7. Airstream Surfaces: Surfaces in contact with the airstream shall comply with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1.
 - 8. Filters: Permanent, cleanable.
 - 9. Condensate Drain Pans:
 - Fabricated with two percent slope in at least two planes to collect condensate from cooling coils (including coil piping connections, coil headers, and return bends) and humidifiers, and to direct water toward drain connection.
 - Length: Extend drain pan downstream from leaving face to comply with ASHRAE 62.1.
 - Depth: A minimum of 2 inches deep.
 - b. Double-wall, stainless-steel sheet with space between walls filled with foam insulation and moisture-tight seal.
 - c. Drain Connection: Located at lowest point of pan and sized to prevent overflow. Terminate with threaded nipple on one end of pan.
 - 1) Minimum Connection Size: NPS 1.

2.3 OUTDOOR UNITS (5 TONS OR LESS)

- A. Air-Cooled, Compressor-Condenser Components:
 - 1. Casing: Steel, finished with baked enamel in color selected by Architect, with removable panels for access to controls, weep holes for water drainage, and mounting holes in base. Provide brass service valves, fittings, and gage ports on exterior of casing.

- Compressor: Hermetically sealed with crankcase heater and mounted on vibration isolation device.
 Compressor motor shall have thermal- and current-sensitive overload devices, start capacitor, relay, and contactor.
 - a. Compressor Type: Scroll.
 - b. Two-speed compressor motor with manual-reset high-pressure switch and automatic-reset low-pressure switch.
 - c. Refrigerant: R-410A.
 - d. Refrigerant Coil: Copper tube, with mechanically bonded aluminum fins and liquid subcooler. Comply with ARI 206/110.
- 3. Fan: Aluminum-propeller type, directly connected to motor.
- 4. Motor: Permanently lubricated, with integral thermal-overload protection.
- 5. Low Ambient Kit: Permits operation down to 45 deg F.
- 6. Mounting Base: Polyethylene.

2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Thermostat: Low voltage with subbase to control compressor and evaporator fan.
- B. Automatic-reset timer to prevent rapid cycling of compressor.
- C. Refrigerant Line Kits: Soft-annealed copper suction and liquid lines factory cleaned, dried, pressurized, and sealed; factory-insulated suction line with flared fittings at both ends.

2.5 CAPACITIES AND CHARACTERISTICS

- A. Cooling Capacity: Refer to equipment schedules
- B. Heating Capacity: Refer to Equipment Schedules
- C. Auxiliary Heating Capacity: Refer to equipment schedules
- D. Indoor Unit:
 - 1. Fan Motor Electrical Characteristics:

a. Volts: 230 V ac.b. Phase: Single.c. Frequency: 60 Hz.

E. Outdoor Unit:

1. Type: Air cooled.

2. Electrical Characteristics:

a. Volts: 230.b. Phase: Single.c. Frequency: 60 Hz.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Install units level and plumb.

- B. Install evaporator-fan components using manufacturer's standard mounting devices securely fastened to building structure.
- C. Equipment Mounting:
 - 1. Install ground-mounted, compressor-condenser components on fibercement coated pad.
 - 2. The pad shall be sized to extend a minimum of 3" beyond the edges of the condensing unit
 - 3. Comply with requirements for vibration isolation devices specified in Section 230548.13 "Vibration Controls for HVAC."
- D. Install and connect precharged refrigerant tubing to component's quick-connect fittings. Install tubing to allow access to unit. Install tubing per manufacturers requirements.

3.2 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PIPING AND TUBING INSTALLATION

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of piping and tubing systems. Install piping and tubing as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved by architect.
- B. Install piping and tubing in concealed locations unless otherwise indicated and except in equipment rooms and service areas.
- C. Install piping and tubing at right angles or parallel to building walls. Diagonal runs are prohibited unless specifically indicated otherwise.
- D. Install piping and tubing to permit valve servicing.
- E. Install piping and tubing free of sags.
- F. Install fittings for changes in direction and branch connections.
- G. Install piping and tubing to allow application of insulation.
- H. Install groups of pipes and tubing parallel to each other, spaced to permit applying insulation with service access between insulated piping and tubing.

3.3 REFRIGERANT PIPING AND TUBING INSTALLATION

- A. Refrigerant Tubing Kits:
 - Unroll and straighten tubing to suit installation. Deviations in straightness of exposed tubing shall be unnoticeable to observer.
 - 2. Support tubing using hangers and supports indicated at intervals not to exceed 5 feet (1.5 m). Minimum rod size, 1/4 inch (6.4 mm).
 - 3. Prepare tubing ends and make mating connections to provide a pressure tight and leak-free installation.
- B. Install refrigerant piping according to ASHRAE 15 and governing codes.
- C. Select system components with pressure rating equal to or greater than system operating pressure.
- D. Install piping as short and direct as possible, with a minimum number of joints and fittings.
- E. Arrange piping to allow inspection and service of equipment. Install valves and specialties in accessible locations to allow for service and inspection.
- F. Install refrigerant piping and tubing in protective conduit where installed belowground.

- G. Install refrigerant piping and tubing in rigid or flexible conduit in locations where exposed to mechanical damage.
- H. Unless otherwise required by HVAC system manufacturer, slope refrigerant piping and tubing as follows:
 - Install horizontal hot-gas discharge piping and tubing with a uniform slope downward away from compressor.
 - 2. Install horizontal suction lines with a uniform slope downward to compressor.
 - 3. Install traps to entrain oil in vertical runs.
 - 4. Liquid lines may be installed level.
- I. When brazing, remove or protect components that could be damaged by heat.
- J. Before installation, clean piping, tubing, and fittings to cleanliness level required by HVAC system manufacturer.
- K. Joint Construction:
 - 1. Ream ends of tubes and remove burrs.
 - 2. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of tube and fittings before assembly.
 - 3. Construct joints according to AWS's "Brazing Handbook," "Pipe and Tube" Chapter.
 - a. Use Type BCuP (copper-phosphorus) alloy for joining copper fittings with copper tubing.
 - b. Use Type BAg (cadmium-free silver) alloy for joining copper with bronze.

3.4 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Where piping is installed adjacent to unit, allow space for service and maintenance of unit.
- C. Duct Connections: Duct installation requirements are specified in Section 233113 "Metal Ducts." Drawings indicate the general arrangement of ducts. Connect supply and return ducts to split-system air-conditioning units with flexible duct connectors. Flexible duct connectors are specified in Section 233300 "Air Duct Accessories."

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
 - Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections, and to assist in testing.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Leak Test: After installation, charge system and test for leaks. Repair leaks and retest until no leaks
 - Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation.
 - 3. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- C. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.6 DEMONSTRATION

A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain units.

END OF SECTION 23 81 26

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes wall heaters with propeller fans and electric-resistance heating coils.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, furnished specialties, and accessories.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to the following:
 - 1. Chromalox, Inc.
 - 2. INDEECO.
 - Markel Products; TPI Corporation.
 - 4. QMark; Marley Engineered Products.

2.2 DESCRIPTION

- A. Assembly including chassis, electric heating coil, fan, motor, and controls. Comply with UL 2021.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

2.3 CABINET

- A. Front Panel: Stamped-steel louver, with removable panels fastened with tamperproof fasteners.
- B. Finish: Baked enamel over baked-on primer with manufacturer's standard color selected by Architect, applied to factory-assembled and -tested wall and ceiling heaters before shipping.
- C. Surface-Mounted Cabinet Enclosure: Steel with finish to match cabinet.

2.4 COIL

A. Electric-Resistance Heating Coil: Nickel-chromium heating wire, free from expansion noise and 60-Hz hum, embedded in magnesium oxide refractory and sealed in corrosion-resistant metallic sheath.

Terminate elements in stainless-steel, machine-staked terminals secured with stainless-steel hardware, and limit controls for high-temperature protection. Provide integral circuit breaker for overcurrent protection.

2.5 FAN AND MOTOR

- A. Fan: Aluminum propeller directly connected to motor.
- B. Motor: Permanently lubricated, multispeed.

2.6 CONTROLS

- A. Controls: Unit-mounted thermostat.
- B. Electrical Connection: Factory wire motors and controls for a single field connection with disconnect switch.

2.7 CAPACITIES AND CHARACTERISTICS

A. Refer to equipment schedule.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install wall unit heaters to comply with NFPA 90A.
- B. Install wall unit heaters level and plumb.
- C. Install wall-mounted thermostats and switch controls in electrical outlet boxes at heights to match lighting controls. Verify location of thermostats and other exposed control sensors with Drawings and room details before installation.

END OF SECTION 23 82 39.19

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes prefabricated radiant-heating electric panels.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For electric heating panels. Include plans, sections, details, and attachments to other work.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved.
- B. Field quality-control reports.
- C. Sample Warranty: For special warranty.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

1.5 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace electric heating panels that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period: Three years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR RADIANT-HEATING ELECTRIC PANELS

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

2.2 PREFABRICATED RADIANT-HEATING ELECTRIC PANELS

- 2.3 Available Manufacturers. Refer to equipment schedule
 - A. Description: Sheet-metal-enclosed panel with heating element suitable for surface mounting. Comply with UL 2021.
 - 1. Panel: Minimum 0.0276-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel back panel riveted to minimum 0.0396-inch-thick, galvanized sheet steel front panel with fused-on crystalline surface.
 - 2. Heating Element: Powdered graphite sandwiched between sheets of electric insulation.
 - 3. Electrical Connections: Nonheating, high-temperature, insulated-copper leads, factory connected to heating element.
 - 4. Exposed-Side Panel Finish: Baked-enamel finish in manufacturer's **standard** paint color as selected by Architect.
 - Surface-Mounted Trim: Sheet metal with baked-enamel finish in manufacturer's custom paint color as selected by Architect.
 - B. Wall Thermostat: Bimetal, sensing elements calibrated from 55 to 90 deg F; with contacts suitable for **line**-voltage circuit, and manually operated on-off switch with contactors, relays, and control transformers.
 - C. Capacities and Characteristics:
 - 1. Nominal Panel Size: 24 by 48 inches. (Basis of design, units with same output and smaller panel size are acceptable)
 - 2. Heating Capacity: 1000 W.
 - 3. Electrical Characteristics for Single-Point Connection:

a. Volts: 230b. Phase: 1c. Hertz: 60

PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.1 INSTALLATION
 - A. Install radiant-heating panels level and plumb.
 - B. Support for Radiant-Heating Panels
 - 1. Refer to mounting detail on plans and manufacturers literature
 - C. Verify locations of thermostats with Drawings and room details before installation. Install devices 60 inches above finished floor.
 - D. Ground equipment according to Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
 - E. Connect wiring according to Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections:
 - 1. Operate electric-heating elements to verify proper operation and electrical connections.
 - 2. Test and adjust controls and safeties.

- B. Radiant-heating electric panels will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.
- D. Remove and replace damaged radiant-heating electric panels.

END OF SECTION 23 83 23

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes packaged, factory-assembled and -tested, refrigerant-type, indoor, mechanical dehumidification units designed for indoor installation.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of indoor, mechanical dehumidification unit.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each indoor, mechanical dehumidification unit.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Agency Qualifications: An NRTL.

1.5 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of indoor, mechanical dehumidification units that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period for Compressors: Manufacturer's standard, but not less than five years from date of Substantial Completion.
 - 2. Warranty Period for Refrigerant Coils: Manufacturer's standard, but not less than five years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 INDOOR, MECHANICAL DEHUMIDIFICATION UNIT MANUFACTURERS

A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Refer to equipment schedule

2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. ASHRAE/IES 90.1 Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE/IES 90.1.
- C. ASHRAE 62.1 Compliance: Section 5, "Systems and Equipment" and Section 7, "Construction and System Start-up."
- D. ASHRAE 15 Compliance: "Safety Standard for Refrigeration Systems."

E. Capacities and Characteristics: refer to equipment schedules

2.3 CASINGS

- A. Casing: Double-wall construction with interior corrosion-resistant coating and exterior baked-enamel steel or aluminum, stainless-steel fasteners, knockouts for electrical and piping connections, condensate drain connection, and lifting lugs.
 - 1. Access: Removable panels with neoprene compression gaskets and cam latches.
 - 2. Insulation: Minimum 2-inch-thick, glass-fiber-insulation fill or closed cell foam, with thermal breaks.
 - 3. Airstream Surfaces: Surfaces in contact with the airstream shall comply with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1.
- B. Drain Pan and Connection: Stainless steel; insulated and complying with ASHRAE 62.1.

2.4 FANS

- A. Supply Fans:
 - 1. Blades: Forward curved.
 - 2. Type: Housed, centrifugal.
 - 3. Blade and Housing Material: Galvanized steel with baked-enamel finish.
 - 4. Drive: Direct-driven with keyed motor shaft.
- B. Fan Motor: Comply with NEMA designation, temperature rating, service factor, and efficiency requirements for motors specified in Section 230513 "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
 - 1. Enclosure Type: Totally enclosed, fan cooled.

2.5 REFRIGERATION SYSTEM

- A. Energy Efficiency: Equal to or greater than prescribed by ASHRAE/IES 90.1.
- B. Refrigerant Coils with Multiple Refrigerant Circuits:
 - 1. Tubes: Copper.
 - 2. Fins:
 - a. Material: Aluminum.
 - b. Fin Spacing: Maximum 12 fins per inch.
 - 3. Fin and Tube Joints: Mechanical bond.
 - 4. Headers: Seamless-copper headers with brazed connections.
 - Frames: Galvanized-steel frame.
 - 6. Coatings: Corrosion-resistant coating.
 - 7. Ratings: Designed, tested, and rated according to ASHRAE 33 and AHRI 410.
 - 8. Source Quality Control: Factory test to minimum 450-psig internal pressure and to minimum 300-psig internal pressure while underwater.
- C. Compressors: Hermetic, scroll compressors with integral vibration isolators with thermal-expansion valves, filter-dryers, sight glasses, compressor service valves, and liquid- and suction-line service valves.
 - 1. Minimum Number of Refrigerant Circuits: one.
 - 2. Refrigerant: R-134a, R-407C, or R-401A.
 - 3. Capacity Control:
 - a. Cycle compressor.

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- 4. Low-Pressure Cutout: Manual reset after three automatic-reset failures.
- 5. High-Pressure Cutout: Manual reset.
- 6. Compressor Motor Overload Protection: Manual reset.
- 7. Antirecycling Timing Device: Prevent compressor restart for five minutes after shutdown.
- 8. Defrost Cycle: Adjustable timer shuts off supply fan. Compressor cycles until suction-line temperature confirms thawed evaporator coil.

2.6 CONTROLS

- A. Control Panel: Integral service compartment containing fan-motor thermal and overload cutouts, compressor thermal and overload cutouts, 115-V control transformer if required, magnetic contactors for fan and compressor motors, and a nonfused factory-mounted and -wired disconnect switch for single external electrical power connection.
- B. Operating Control: Space humidistat cycles the compressor. Humidistat shall incorporate fan on-off-auto switch.

2.7 MATERIALS

- A. Steel:
 - 1. ASTM A 36/A 36M for carbon structural steel.
 - ASTM A 568/A 568M for steel sheet.
- B. Stainless Steel:
 - 1. Manufacturer's standard grade for casing.
 - 2. Manufacturer's standard type, ASTM A 240/240M for bare steel exposed to airstream or moisture.
- C. Galvanized Steel: ASTM A 653/A 653M.
- D. Aluminum: ASTM B 209.

2.8 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Verification of Performance: Factory test and rate dehumidification units according to AHRI 910.
- B. Sound-Power-Level Ratings: Factory test and rate dehumidification units according to AHRI 575.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine walls, floors, and roofs for suitable conditions where dehumidification units will be installed.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Equipment Mounting:
 - 1. Comply with requirements for vibration isolation devices specified in Section 230548.13 "Vibration Controls for HVAC."

3.3 PIPING CONNECTIONS

- A. Where piping is installed adjacent to dehumidification units, allow space for service and maintenance of dehumidification units.
- B. Duct installation requirements are specified in Section 233113 "Metal Ducts." Drawings indicate the general arrangement of ducts. The following are specific connection requirements:

3.4 ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

- A. Connect wiring according to Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
- B. Ground equipment according to Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems".
- C. Install nameplate for each electrical connection, indicating electrical equipment designation and circuit number feeding connection.
 - Nameplate shall be laminated acrylic or melamine plastic signs, as specified in Section 260553 "Identification for Electrical Systems".
 - 2. Nameplate shall be laminated acrylic or melamine plastic signs with a black background and engraved white letters at least 1/2 inchhigh.
 - 3. Locate nameplate where easily visible.

3.5 CONTROL CONNECTIONS

- A. Install control and electrical power wiring to field-mounted control devices.
- B. Connect control wiring between control devices.
- C. Connect control wiring according to Section 260523 "Control-Voltage Electrical Power Cables."

3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections with the assistance of a factory-authorized service representative:
 - 1. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- B. Dehumidification unit will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

3.7 CLEANING

A. Clean dehumidification units internally, on completion of installation, according to manufacturer's written instructions. Clean fan interiors to remove foreign material and construction dirt and dust. Vacuum clean fan wheels, cabinets, and coils' entering-air face.

B. After completing system installation, testing, and startup service of dehumidification units, clean filter housings and install new filters.

3.8 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust damper linkages for proper damper operation.
- B. Adjust initial temperature and humidity set points.

3.9 STARTUP SERVICE

- A. Perform startup service.
 - 1. Complete installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Comply with requirements in Section 230593 "Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing for HVAC" for testing, adjusting, and balancing of dehumidification unit.
- C. Startup Report: Report findings during startup. Identify startup steps, corrective measures taken, and final results.

3.10 DEMONSTRATION

A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain dehumidification units.

END OF SECTION 23 84 16.16

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Copper building wire rated 600 V or less.
 - 2. Metal-clad cable, Type MC, rated 600 V or less.
 - 3. Fire-alarm wire and cable.
 - 4. Connectors, splices, and terminations rated 600 V and less.
- B. Related Requirements:

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Product Schedule: Indicate type, use, location, and termination locations.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Field quality-control reports.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 COPPER BUILDING WIRE

- A. Description: Flexible, insulated and uninsulated, drawn copper current-carrying conductor with an overall insulation layer or jacket, or both, rated 600 V or less.
- B. Standards:
 - 1. Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.
 - 2. RoHS compliant.
 - 3. Conductor and Cable Marking: Comply with wire and cable marking according to UL's "Wire and Cable Marking and Application Guide."
- C. Conductors: Copper, complying with ASTM B 3 for bare annealed copper and with ASTM B 8 for stranded conductors.
- D. Conductor Insulation:
 - 1. Type THHN and Type THWN-2: Comply with UL 83.

2.2 FIRE-ALARM WIRE

- A. General Wire and Cable Requirements: NRTL listed and labeled as complying with NFPA 70, Article 760.
- B. Signaling Line Circuits: Twisted, shielded pair.
- C. Non-Power-Limited Circuits: Solid-copper conductors with 600-V rated, 75 deg C, color-coded insulation, and complying with requirements in UL 2196 for a two-hour rating.
 - 1. Low-Voltage Circuits: No. 16 AWG, minimum, in pathway.
 - 2. Line-Voltage Circuits: No. 12 AWG, minimum, in pathway.

2.3 CONNECTORS AND SPLICES

- A. Description: Factory-fabricated connectors, splices, and lugs of size, ampacity rating, material, type, and class for application and service indicated; listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.
- B. Jacketed Cable Connectors: For steel and aluminum jacketed cables, zinc die-cast with set screws, designed to connect conductors specified in this Section.
- C. Lugs: One piece, seamless, designed to terminate conductors specified in this Section.
 - 1. Material: Copper.
 - 2. Type: One hole with standard barrels.
 - 3. Termination: Compression.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CONDUCTOR MATERIAL APPLICATIONS

- A. Branch Circuits: Copper. Solid for No. 10 AWG and smaller; stranded for No. 8 AWG and larger.
- B. Power-Limited Fire Alarm and Control: Solid for No. 12 AWG and smaller.

3.2 CONDUCTOR INSULATION APPLICATIONS AND WIRING METHODS

- A. Exposed Branch Circuits, Including in Crawlspaces: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.
- B. Branch Circuits Concealed in Ceilings, Walls, and Partitions: Type THHN/THWN-2, single conductors in raceway.

3.3 INSTALLATION OF CONDUCTORS AND CABLES

- A. Conceal cables in finished walls, ceilings, and floors unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Complete raceway installation between conductor and cable termination points according to Section 26 05 33 "Raceways and Boxes for Electrical Systems" prior to pulling conductors and cables.

- C. Use manufacturer-approved pulling compound or lubricant where necessary; compound used must not deteriorate conductor or insulation. Do not exceed manufacturer's recommended maximum pulling tensions and sidewall pressure values.
- D. Use pulling means, including fish tape, cable, rope, and basket-weave wire/cable grips, that will not damage cables or raceway.
- E. Install exposed cables parallel and perpendicular to surfaces of exposed structural members, and follow surface contours where possible.
- F. Support cables according to Section 26 05 29 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems."

3.4 INSTALLATION OF FIRE-ALARM WIRING

- A. Comply with NECA 1 and NFPA 72.
- B. Wiring Method: Install wiring in metal pathway according to Section 28 05 28 "Pathways for Electronic Safety and Security."
 - 1. Install plenum cable in environmental airspaces, including plenum ceilings.
 - 2. Fire-alarm circuits and equipment control wiring associated with fire-alarm system shall be installed in a dedicated pathway system. This system shall not be used for any other wire or cable.
- C. Wiring within Enclosures: Separate power-limited and non-power-limited conductors as recommended by manufacturer. Install conductors parallel with or at right angles to sides and back of the enclosure. Bundle, lace, and train conductors to terminal points with no excess. Connect conductors that are terminated, spliced, or interrupted in any enclosure associated with fire-alarm system to terminal blocks. Mark each terminal according to system's wiring diagrams. Make all connections with approved crimp-on terminal spade lugs, pressure-type terminal blocks, or plug connectors.
- D. Color-Coding: Color-code fire-alarm conductors differently from the normal building power wiring. Use one color-code for alarm circuit wiring and another for supervisory circuits. Color-code audible alarm-indicating circuits differently from alarm-initiating circuits. Use different colors for visible alarm-indicating devices. Paint fire-alarm system junction boxes and covers red.
- E. Wiring to Remote Alarm Transmitting Device: 1-inch conduit between the fire-alarm control panel and the transmitter. Install number of conductors and electrical supervision for connecting wiring as needed to suit monitoring function.

3.5 CONNECTIONS

- A. Tighten electrical connectors and terminals according to manufacturer's published torque-tightening values. If manufacturer's torque values are not indicated, use those specified in UL 486A-486B.
- B. Make splices, terminations, and taps that are compatible with conductor material.
- C. Wiring at Outlets: Install conductor at each outlet, with at least 12 inches of slack.
- D. Comply with requirements in Section 28 31 11 "Digital, Addressable Fire-Alarm System" for connecting, terminating, and identifying wires and cables.

3.6 IDENTIFICATION

A. Identify and color-code conductors and cables according to Section 26 05 53 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

B. Identify each spare conductor at each end with identity number and location of other end of conductor, and identify as spare conductor.

3.7 SLEEVE AND SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION FOR ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS

A. Install sleeves and sleeve seals at penetrations of exterior floor and wall assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 26 05 44 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Electrical Raceways and Cabling."

END OF SECTION 26 05 19

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section includes grounding and bonding systems and equipment.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Agency Qualifications: Certified by NETA.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with UL 467 for grounding and bonding materials and equipment.

2.2 CONDUCTORS

- A. Insulated Conductors: Copper wire or cable insulated for 600 V unless otherwise required by applicable Code or authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Bare Copper Conductors:
 - 1. Solid Conductors: ASTM B3.
 - 2. Stranded Conductors: ASTM B8.
 - 3. Bonding Cable: 28 kcmil, 14 strands of No. 17 AWG conductor, 1/4 inch in diameter.
 - 4. Bonding Conductor: No. 4 or No. 6 AWG, stranded conductor.
 - 5. Bonding Jumper: Copper tape, braided conductors terminated with copper ferrules; 1-5/8 inches wide and 1/16 inch thick.

2.3 CONNECTORS

- A. Listed and labeled by an NRTL acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction for applications in which used and for specific types, sizes, and combinations of conductors and other items connected.
- B. Welded Connectors: Exothermic-welding kits of types recommended by kit manufacturer for materials being joined and installation conditions.

- C. Beam Clamps: Mechanical type, terminal, ground wire access from four directions, with dual, tin-plated or silicon bronze bolts.
- D. Conduit Hubs: Mechanical type, terminal with threaded hub.
- E. Lay-in Lug Connector: Mechanical type, aluminum terminal with set screw.
- F. Straps: Solid copper, [cast-bronze clamp. Rated for 600 A.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 APPLICATIONS

A. Conductors: Install solid conductor for No. 8 AWG and smaller, and stranded conductors for No. 6 AWG and larger unless otherwise indicated.

3.2 EQUIPMENT GROUNDING

- A. Install insulated equipment grounding conductors with all feeders and branch circuits.
- B. Air-Duct Equipment Circuits: Install insulated equipment grounding conductor to duct-mounted electrical devices operating at 120 V and more, including air cleaners, heaters, dampers, humidifiers, and other duct electrical equipment. Bond conductor to each unit and to air duct and connected metallic piping.

3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. Grounding Conductors: Route along shortest and straightest paths possible unless otherwise indicated or required by Code. Avoid obstructing access or placing conductors where they may be subjected to strain, impact, or damage.
- B. Bonding Straps and Jumpers: Install in locations accessible for inspection and maintenance except where routed through short lengths of conduit.
 - 1. Bonding to Structure: Bond straps directly to basic structure, taking care not to penetrate any adjacent parts.
 - 2. Bonding to Equipment Mounted on Vibration Isolation Hangers and Supports: Install bonding so vibration is not transmitted to rigidly mounted equipment.
 - 3. Use exothermic-welded connectors for outdoor locations; if a disconnect-type connection is required, use a bolted clamp.

3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Inspect physical and mechanical condition. Verify tightness of accessible, bolted, electrical connections with a calibrated torque wrench according to manufacturer's written instructions.

END OF SECTION 26 05 26

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Metal conduits and fittings.
 - 2. Boxes, enclosures, and cabinets.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 METAL CONDUITS AND FITTINGS

- A. Metal Conduit:
 - Listing and Labeling: Metal conduits, tubing, and fittings shall be listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
 - 2. GRC: Comply with ANSI C80.1 and UL 6.
 - 3. EMT: Comply with ANSI C80.3 and UL 797.
 - 4. FMC: Comply with UL 1; [zinc-coated steel] [or] [aluminum].
 - 5. LFMC: Flexible steel conduit with PVC jacket and complying with UL 360.
- B. Metal Fittings: Comply with NEMA FB 1 and UL 514B.
 - Listing and Labeling: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
 - 2. Fittings, General: Listed and labeled for type of conduit, location, and use.
 - 3. Fittings for EMT:
 - a. Material: Steel.
 - b. Type: Setscrew or compression.
- C. Joint Compound for GRC: Approved, as defined in NFPA 70, by authorities having jurisdiction for use in conduit assemblies, and compounded for use to lubricate and protect threaded conduit joints from corrosion and to enhance their conductivity.

2.2 BOXES, ENCLOSURES, AND CABINETS

- A. Sheet Metal Outlet and Device Boxes: Comply with NEMA OS 1 and UL 514A.
- B. Luminaire Outlet Boxes: Nonadjustable, designed for attachment of luminaire weighing 50 lb. Outlet boxes designed for attachment of luminaires weighing more than 50 lb shall be listed and marked for the maximum allowable weight.
- C. Small Sheet Metal Pull and Junction Boxes: NEMA OS 1.
- D. Device Box Dimensions: 4 inches square by 2-1/8 inches deep.

E. Gangable boxes are allowed.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 RACEWAY APPLICATION

- A. Outdoors: Apply raceway products as specified below unless otherwise indicated:
 - Exposed Conduit: GRC.
 - 2. Concealed Conduit, Aboveground: EMT.
 - 3. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): LFMC.
 - 4. Boxes and Enclosures, Aboveground: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
- B. Indoors: Apply raceway products as specified below unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Exposed, Not Subject to Physical Damage: EMT.
 - 2. Exposed, Not Subject to Severe Physical Damage: EMT.
 - 3. Exposed and Subject to Severe Physical Damage: GRC.
 - 4. Concealed in Ceilings and Interior Walls and Partitions: EMT.
 - 5. Connection to Vibrating Equipment (Including Transformers and Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Electric Solenoid, or Motor-Driven Equipment): FMC, except use LFMC in damp or wet locations.
 - 6. Damp or Wet Locations: GRC.
 - 7. Boxes and Enclosures: NEMA 250, Type 1, except use NEMA 250, Type 4 stainless steel in institutional and commercial kitchens and damp or wet locations.
- C. Minimum Raceway Size: 1/2-inch trade size.
- D. Raceway Fittings: Compatible with raceways and suitable for use and location.
 - Rigid Steel Conduit: Use threaded rigid steel conduit fittings unless otherwise indicated. Comply with NEMA FB 2.10.
 - 2. EMT: Use setscrew or compression, fittings. Comply with NEMA FB 2.10.
 - 3. Flexible Conduit: Use only fittings listed for use with flexible conduit. Comply with NEMA FB 2.20.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with requirements in Section 26 05 29 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for hangers and supports.
- B. Comply with NECA 1 and NECA 101 for installation requirements except where requirements on Drawings or in this article are stricter. Comply with NECA 102 for aluminum conduits. Comply with NFPA 70 limitations for types of raceways allowed in specific occupancies and number of floors.
- C. Keep raceways at least 6 inches away from parallel runs of flues and steam or hot-water pipes. Install horizontal raceway runs above water and steam piping.
- D. Comply with requirements in Section 26 05 29 "Hangers and Supports for Electrical Systems" for hangers and supports.
- E. Arrange stub-ups so curved portions of bends are not visible above finished slab.
- F. Install no more than the equivalent of three 90-degree bends in any conduit run except for control wiring conduits, for which fewer bends are allowed. Support within 12 inches of changes in direction.

- G. Make bends in raceway using large-radius preformed ells. Field bending shall be according to NFPA 70 minimum radii requirements. Use only equipment specifically designed for material and size involved.
- H. Conceal conduit and EMT within finished walls, ceilings, and floors unless otherwise indicated. Install conduits parallel or perpendicular to building lines.
- I. Support conduit within 12 inches of enclosures to which attached.
- J. Stub-ups to Above Recessed Ceilings:
 - 1. Use EMT for raceways.
 - 2. Use a conduit bushing or insulated fitting to terminate stub-ups not terminated in hubs or in an enclosure.
- K. Threaded Conduit Joints, Exposed to Wet, Damp, Corrosive, or Outdoor Conditions: Apply listed compound to threads of raceway and fittings before making up joints. Follow compound manufacturer's written instructions.
- L. Raceway Terminations at Locations Subject to Moisture or Vibration: Use insulating bushings to protect conductors including conductors smaller than No. 4 AWG.
- M. Terminate threaded conduits into threaded hubs or with locknuts on inside and outside of boxes or cabinets. Install bushings on conduits up to 1-1/4-inch trade size and insulated throat metal bushings on 1-1/2-inch trade size and larger conduits terminated with locknuts. Install insulated throat metal grounding bushings on service conduits.
- N. Install pull wires in empty raceways. Use polypropylene or monofilament plastic line with not less than 200-lb tensile strength. Leave at least 12 inches of slack at each end of pull wire. Cap underground raceways designated as spare above grade alongside raceways in use.
- O. Install raceway sealing fittings at accessible locations according to NFPA 70 and fill them with listed sealing compound. For concealed raceways, install each fitting in a flush steel box with a blank cover plate having a finish similar to that of adjacent plates or surfaces.
- P. Install devices to seal raceway interiors at accessible locations. Locate seals so no fittings or boxes are between the seal and the following changes of environments. Seal the interior of all raceways at the following points:
 - 1. Where conduits pass from warm to cold locations, such as boundaries of refrigerated spaces.
 - 2. Where an underground service raceway enters a building or structure.
 - 3. Conduit extending from interior to exterior of building.
 - 4. Conduit extending into pressurized duct and equipment.
 - 5. Conduit extending into pressurized zones that are automatically controlled to maintain different pressure set points.
 - 6. Where otherwise required by NFPA 70.
- Q. Flexible Conduit Connections: Comply with NEMA RV 3. Use a maximum of 36 inches of flexible conduit for recessed and semirecessed luminaires, equipment subject to vibration, noise transmission, or movement; and for transformers and motors.
 - 1. Use LFMC in damp or wet locations subject to severe physical damage.
 - 2. Use LFMC in damp or wet locations not subject to severe physical damage.
- R. Mount boxes at heights indicated on Drawings. If mounting heights of boxes are not individually indicated, give priority to ADA requirements. Install boxes with height measured to center of box unless otherwise indicated.
- S. Horizontally separate boxes mounted on opposite sides of walls so they are not in the same vertical channel.

- T. Locate boxes so that cover or plate will not span different building finishes.
- U. Support boxes of three gangs or more from more than one side by spanning two framing members or mounting on brackets specifically designed for the purpose.
- V. Fasten junction and pull boxes to or support from building structure. Do not support boxes by conduits.

3.3 SLEEVE AND SLEEVE-SEAL INSTALLATION FOR ELECTRICAL PENETRATIONS

A. Install sleeves and sleeve seals at penetrations of exterior floor and wall assemblies. Comply with requirements in Section 26 05 44 "Sleeves and Sleeve Seals for Electrical Raceways and Cabling."

3.4 PROTECTION

- A. Protect coatings, finishes, and cabinets from damage and deterioration.
 - 1. Repair damage to galvanized finishes with zinc-rich paint recommended by manufacturer.

END OF SECTION 26 05 33

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Lighting and appliance branch-circuit panelboards.

1.2 DEFINITIONS

A. MCCB: Molded-case circuit breaker.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of panelboard.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each panelboard and related equipment.
 - 1. Include dimensioned plans, elevations, sections, and details.
 - 2. Detail enclosure types including mounting and anchorage, environmental protection, knockouts, corner treatments, covers and doors, gaskets, hinges, and locks.
 - 3. Detail bus configuration, current, and voltage ratings.
 - 4. Short-circuit current rating of panelboards and overcurrent protective devices.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Panelboard schedules for installation in panelboards.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Service Conditions: NEMA PB 1, usual service conditions, as follows:
 - 1. Ambient temperatures within limits specified.
 - 2. Altitude not exceeding 6600 feet.

1.7 WARRANTY

A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace panelboards that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.

1. Panelboard Warranty Period: Five (5) years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PANELBOARDS COMMON REQUIREMENTS

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- B. Comply with NEMA PB 1.
- C. Comply with NFPA 70.
- D. Enclosures: Surface-mounted, dead-front cabinets.
 - 1. Rated for environmental conditions at installed location.
 - a. Indoor Dry and Clean Locations: NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - 2. Front: Secured to box with concealed trim clamps. For surface-mounted fronts, match box dimensions; for flush-mounted fronts, overlap box. Trims shall cover all live parts and shall have no exposed hardware.
- E. Incoming Mains Location: Convertible between top and bottom.
- F. Phase, Neutral, and Ground Buses: Hard-drawn copper, 98 percent conductivity.
- G. Conductor Connectors: Suitable for use with conductor material and sizes.
 - 1. Material: Hard-drawn copper, 98 percent conductivity.
 - 2. Main and Neutral Lugs: Compression type, with a lug on the neutral bar for each pole in the panelboard.
 - 3. Ground Lugs and Bus-Configured Terminators: Compression type, with a lug on the bar for each pole in the panelboard.
- H. Future Devices: Panelboards shall have mounting brackets, bus connections, filler plates, and necessary appurtenances required for future installation of devices.
- I. Panelboard Short-Circuit Current Rating: Fully rated to interrupt symmetrical short-circuit current available at terminals. Assembly listed by an NRTL for 100 percent interrupting capacity.

2.2 LIGHTING AND APPLIANCE BRANCH-CIRCUIT PANELBOARDS

- A. Panelboards: NEMA PB 1, lighting and appliance branch-circuit type.
- B. Mains: circuit breaker.
- C. Branch Overcurrent Protective Devices: Bolt-on circuit breakers, replaceable without disturbing adjacent units.

2.3 DISCONNECTING AND OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICES

- A. MCCB: Comply with UL 489, with interrupting capacity to meet available fault currents.
 - 1. Thermal-Magnetic Circuit Breakers:
 - a. Inverse time-current element for low-level overloads.
 - b. Instantaneous magnetic trip element for short circuits.
 - 2. MCCB Features and Accessories:
 - a. Standard frame sizes, trip ratings, and number of poles.
 - b. Breaker handle indicates tripped status.
 - c. UL listed for reverse connection without restrictive line or load ratings.
 - d. Lugs: Mechanical style, suitable for number, size, trip ratings, and conductor materials.

2.4 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Panelboard Label: Manufacturer's name and trademark, voltage, amperage, number of phases, and number of poles shall be located on the interior of the panelboard door.
- B. Breaker Labels: Faceplate shall list current rating, UL and IEC certification standards, and AIC rating.
- C. Circuit Directory: Directory card inside panelboard door, mounted in transparent card holder.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1.
- B. Install panelboards and accessories according to NECA 407.
- C. Mount top of trim 90 inches above finished floor unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Mount panelboard cabinet plumb and rigid without distortion of box.
- E. Install overcurrent protective devices and controllers not already factory installed.
- F. Install filler plates in unused spaces.
- G. Arrange conductors in gutters into groups and bundle and wrap with wire ties.

3.2 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Create a directory to indicate installed circuit loads; incorporate Owner's final room designations. Obtain approval before installing. Handwritten directories are not acceptable. Install directory inside panelboard door.
- B. Panelboard Nameplates: Label each panelboard with a nameplate complying with requirements for identification specified in Section 26 05 53 "Identification for Electrical Systems."

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Acceptance Testing Preparation:
 - Test continuity of each circuit.
- C. Tests and Inspections:
 - 1. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test for low-voltage air circuit breakers stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.
 - 2. Correct malfunctioning units on-site, where possible, and retest to demonstrate compliance; otherwise, replace with new units and retest.
- D. Panelboards will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports, including a certified report that identifies panelboards included and that describes scanning results, with comparisons of the two scans. Include notation of deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.

END OF SECTION 26 24 16

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Standard-grade receptacles, 125 V, 20 A.
 - 2. GFCI receptacles, 125 V, 20 A.
 - 3. Toggle switches, 120/277 V, 20 A.
 - 4. Occupancy sensors.
 - 5. Wall plates.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: List of legends and description of materials and process used for premarking wall plates.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL WIRING-DEVICE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Wiring Devices, Components, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and use.
- B. Comply with NFPA 70.
- C. RoHS compliant.
- D. Comply with NEMA WD 1.
- E. Device Color:
 - 1. Wiring Devices Connected to Normal Power System: As selected by Architect unless otherwise indicated or required by NFPA 70 or device listing.
- F. Wall Plate Color: For plastic covers, match device color.
- G. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of wiring device and associated wall plate from single source from single manufacturer.

2.2 STANDARD-GRADE RECEPTACLES, 125 V, 20 A

- A. Duplex Receptacles, 125 V, 20 A:
 - 1. Description: Two pole, three wire, and self-grounding.

- 2. Configuration: NEMA WD 6, Configuration 5-20R.
- 3. Standards: Comply with UL 498 and FS W-C-596.

2.3 GFCI RECEPTACLES, 125 V, 20 A

- A. Duplex GFCI Receptacles, 125 V, 20 A:
 - 1. Description: Integral GFCI with "Test" and "Reset" buttons and LED indicator light. Two pole, three wire, and self-grounding.
 - 2. Configuration: NEMA WD 6, Configuration 5-20R.
 - 3. Type: Non-feed through.
 - 4. Standards: Comply with UL 498, UL 943 Class A, and FS W-C-596.

2.4 TOGGLE SWITCHES, 120/277 V, 20 A

- A. Single-Pole Switches, 120/277 V, 20 A:
 - 1. Standards: Comply with UL 20 and FS W-S-896.

2.5 OCCUPANCY SENSORS

- A. Wall Switch Sensor Light Switch, Dual Technology:
 - Description: Switchbox-mounted, combination lighting-control sensor and conventional switch lighting-control unit using dual (ultrasonic and passive infrared) technology.
 - 2. Standards: Comply with UL 20.
 - 3. Rated 960 W at 120 V ac for tungsten lighting, 10 A at 120 V ac or 10 A at 277 V ac for fluorescent or LED lighting, and 1/4 hp at 120 V ac.
 - 4. Adjustable time delay of 10 minutes.

2.6 WALL PLATES

- A. Single Source: Obtain wall plates from same manufacturer of wiring devices.
- B. Single and combination types shall match corresponding wiring devices.
 - 1. Plate-Securing Screws: Metal with head color to match plate finish.
 - 2. Material for Finished Spaces: Steel with white baked enamel, suitable for field painting.
 - 3. Material for Unfinished Spaces: Galvanized steel.
 - 4. Material for Damp Locations: Thermoplastic with spring-loaded lift cover, and listed and labeled for use in wet and damp locations.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NECA 1, including mounting heights listed in that standard, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Coordination with Other Trades:
 - 1. Keep outlet boxes free of plaster, drywall joint compound, mortar, cement, concrete, dust, paint, and other material that may contaminate the raceway system, conductors, and cables.
 - 2. Install device boxes in brick or block walls so that the cover plate does not cross a joint unless the joint is troweled flush with the face of the wall.
 - 3. Install wiring devices after all wall preparation, including painting, is complete.

C. Device Installation:

- 1. Connect devices to branch circuits using pigtails that are not less than 6 inches in length.
- 2. When mounting into metal boxes, remove the fiber or plastic washers used to hold device-mounting screws in yokes, allowing metal-to-metal contact.

D. Receptacle Orientation:

- 1. Install ground pin of vertically mounted receptacles down, and on horizontally mounted receptacles to the right.
- E. Device Plates: Do not use oversized or extra-deep plates. Repair wall finishes and remount outlet boxes when standard device plates do not fit flush or do not cover rough wall opening.
- F. Arrangement of Devices: Unless otherwise indicated, mount flush, with long dimension vertical and with grounding terminal of receptacles on top. Group adjacent switches under single, multigang wall plates.

3.2 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform the following tests and inspections:
 - 1. Test Instruments: Use instruments that comply with UL 1436.
 - Test Instrument for Receptacles: Digital wiring analyzer with digital readout or illuminated digitaldisplay indicators of measurement.

B. Tests for Receptacles:

- 1. Line Voltage: Acceptable range is 105 to 132 V.
- 2. Percent Voltage Drop under 15-A Load: A value of 6 percent or higher is unacceptable.
- 3. Ground Impedance: Values of up to 2 ohms are acceptable.
- 4. GFCI Trip: Test for tripping values specified in UL 1436 and UL 943.
- 5. Using the test plug, verify that the device and its outlet box are securely mounted.
- C. Wiring device will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.

D. Prepare test and inspection reports.

END OF SECTION 26 27 26

1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Nonfusible switches.
 - 2. Enclosures.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of enclosed switch, circuit breaker, accessory, and component indicated. Include nameplate ratings, dimensioned elevations, sections, weights, and manufacturers' technical data on features, performance, electrical characteristics, ratings, accessories, and finishes.

1.3 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Operation and maintenance data.

1.4 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer and Installer agree to repair or replace components that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - 1. Warranty Period: One year(s) from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain enclosed switches and circuit breakers, overcurrent protective devices, components, and accessories, within same product category, from single manufacturer.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by an NRTL, and marked for intended location and application.
- C. Comply with NFPA 70.

2.2 NONFUSIBLE SWITCHES

A. Type HD, Heavy Duty, Three Pole, Single Throw, 240-V ac, 1200 A and Smaller: UL 98 and NEMA KS 1, horsepower rated, lockable handle with capability to accept three padlocks, and interlocked with cover in closed position.

2.3 ENCLOSURES

- A. Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers: UL 489, NEMA KS 1, NEMA 250, and UL 50, to comply with environmental conditions at installed location.
- B. Enclosure Finish: The enclosure shall be finished with gray baked enamel paint, electrodeposited on cleaned, phosphatized steel (NEMA 250 Type 1).
- C. Operating Mechanism: The circuit-breaker operating handle shall be externally operable with the operating mechanism being an integral part of the box, not the cover. The cover interlock mechanism shall have an externally operated override. The override shall not permanently disable the interlock mechanism, which shall return to the locked position once the override is released. The tool used to override the cover interlock mechanism shall not be required to enter the enclosure in order to override the interlock.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 ENCLOSURE ENVIRONMENTAL RATING APPLICATIONS

- A. Enclosed Switches and Circuit Breakers: Provide enclosures at installed locations with the following environmental ratings.
 - 1. Indoor, Dry and Clean Locations: NEMA 250, Type 1.
 - 2. Outdoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 3R.
 - 3. Other Wet or Damp, Indoor Locations: NEMA 250, Type 4.

3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Interruption of Existing Electric Service: Do not interrupt electric service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary electric service according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Notify Architect no fewer than seven days in advance of proposed interruption of electric service.
 - 2. Indicate method of providing temporary electric service.
 - 3. Do not proceed with interruption of electric service without Architect's written permission.
 - Comply with NFPA 70E.
- B. Coordinate layout and installation of switches and components with equipment served and adjacent surfaces. Maintain required workspace clearances and required clearances for equipment access doors and panels.
- C. Install individual wall-mounted switches with tops at uniform height unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Comply with NFPA 70 and NECA 1.

3.3 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Tests and Inspections for Switches:
 - 1. Visual and Mechanical Inspection:
 - a. Inspect physical and mechanical condition.
 - b. Inspect anchorage, alignment, grounding, and clearances.
 - c. Verify that the unit is clean.
 - d. Verify blade alignment, blade penetration, travel stops, and mechanical operation.

- e. Verify that fuse sizes and types match the Specifications and Drawings.
- f. Verify that each fuse has adequate mechanical support and contact integrity.
- g. Verify lubrication of moving current-carrying parts and moving and sliding surfaces.

2. Electrical Tests:

- a. Perform resistance measurements through bolted connections with a low-resistance ohmmeter. Compare bolted connection resistance values to values of similar connections. Investigate values that deviate from adjacent poles or similar switches by more than 50 percent of the lowest value.
- b. Measure contact resistance across each switchblade fuseholder. Drop values shall not exceed the high level of the manufacturer's published data. If manufacturer's published data are not available, investigate values that deviate from adjacent poles or similar switches by more than 50 percent of the lowest value.
- c. Perform insulation-resistance tests for one minute on each pole, phase-to-phase and phase-to-ground with switch closed, and across each open pole. Apply voltage in accordance with manufacturer's published data. In the absence of manufacturer's published data, use Table 100.1 from the NETA ATS. Investigate values of insulation resistance less than those published in Table 100.1 or as recommended in manufacturer's published data.
- C. Enclosed switches will be considered defective if they do not pass tests and inspections.
- D. Prepare test and inspection reports.
 - 1. Test procedures used.
 - 2. Include identification of each enclosed switch and circuit breaker tested and describe test results.
 - 3. List deficiencies detected, remedial action taken, and observations after remedial action.

END OF SECTION 26 28 16

1.1 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

- 1. Fire-alarm control unit.
- 2. Manual fire-alarm boxes.
- 3. System smoke detectors.
- 4. Heat detectors.
- 5. Notification appliances.
- 6. Remote annunciator.
- 7. Addressable interface device.
- 8. Digital alarm communicator transmitter.

1.2 ACTION SUBMITTALS

A. General Submittal Requirements:

- 1. Submittals shall be approved by authorities having jurisdiction prior to submitting them to Architect
- 2. Shop Drawings shall be prepared by persons with the following qualifications:
 - a. Trained and certified by manufacturer in fire-alarm system design.
 - b. NICET-certified, fire-alarm technician; Level III minimum.
- B. Product Data: For each type of product, including furnished options and accessories.
- C. Shop Drawings: For fire-alarm system.
 - 1. Comply with recommendations and requirements in the "Documentation" section of the "Fundamentals" chapter in NFPA 72.
 - 2. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
 - 3. Include details of equipment assemblies. Indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and locations. Indicate conductor sizes, indicate termination locations and requirements, and distinguish between factory and field wiring.
 - 4. Detail assembly and support requirements.
 - 5. Include voltage drop calculations for notification-appliance circuits.
 - 6. Include battery-size calculations.
 - 7. Include input/output matrix.
 - 8. Include statement from manufacturer that all equipment and components have been tested as a system and meet all requirements in this Specification and in NFPA 72.
 - 9. Include performance parameters and installation details for each detector.
 - 10. Verify that each duct detector is listed for complete range of air velocity, temperature, and humidity possible when air-handling system is operating.
 - 11. Include plans, sections, and elevations of heating, ventilating, and air-conditioning ducts, drawn to scale; coordinate location of duct smoke detectors and access to them.

- a. Show critical dimensions that relate to placement and support of sampling tubes, detector housing, and remote status and alarm indicators.
- b. Show field wiring required for HVAC unit shutdown on alarm.
- c. Locate detectors according to manufacturer's written recommendations.
- 12. Include floor plans to indicate final outlet locations showing address of each addressable device. Show size and route of cable and conduits and point-to-point wiring diagrams.

1.3 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Field quality-control reports.
- C. Sample warranty.

1.4 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For fire-alarm systems and components to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
 - 1. In addition to items specified in Section 017823 "Operation and Maintenance Data," include the following:
 - a. Comply with the "Records" section of the "Inspection, Testing and Maintenance" chapter in NFPA 72.
 - b. Provide "Fire Alarm and Emergency Communications System Record of Completion Documents" according to the "Completion Documents" Article in the "Documentation" section of the "Fundamentals" chapter in NFPA 72.
 - c. Complete wiring diagrams showing connections between all devices and equipment.
 - d. Riser diagram.
 - e. Record copy of site-specific software.
 - f. Provide "Inspection and Testing Form" according to the "Inspection, Testing and Maintenance" chapter in NFPA 72, and include the following:
 - 1) Equipment tested.
 - 2) Frequency of testing of installed components.
 - 3) Frequency of inspection of installed components.
 - 4) Requirements and recommendations related to results of maintenance.
 - 5) Manufacturer's user training manuals.
 - g. Manufacturer's required maintenance related to system warranty requirements.
 - h. Abbreviated operating instructions for mounting at fire-alarm control unit and each annunciator unit.
- B. Software and Firmware Operational Documentation:
 - 1. Software operating and upgrade manuals.
 - 2. Program Software Backup: On magnetic media or compact disk, complete with data files.
 - 3. Device address list.

4. Printout of software application and graphic screens.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Personnel shall be trained and certified by manufacturer for installation of units required for this Project.
- B. Installer Qualifications: Installation shall be by personnel certified by NICET as fire-alarm Level II technician.
- C. NFPA Certification: Obtain certification according to NFPA 72 by an NRTL (nationally recognized testing laboratory).

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace fire-alarm system equipment and components that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
 - Warranty Extent: All equipment and components not covered in the Maintenance Service Agreement.
 - 2. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Source Limitations for Fire-Alarm System and Components: Components shall be compatible with, and operate as an extension of, existing system. Provide system manufacturer's certification that all components provided have been tested as, and will operate as, a system.
- B. Noncoded, UL-certified addressable system, with multiplexed signal transmission and horn/strobe evacuation.
- C. All components provided shall be listed for use with the selected system.
- D. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

2.2 SYSTEMS OPERATIONAL DESCRIPTION

- A. Fire-alarm signal initiation shall be by one or more of the following devices and systems:
 - 1. Manual stations.
 - 2. Heat detectors.
 - 3. Smoke detectors.
- B. Fire-alarm signal shall initiate the following actions:

- 1. Continuously operate alarm notification appliances.
- 2. Identify alarm and specific initiating device at fire-alarm control unit and remote annunciators.
- 3. Transmit an alarm signal to the remote alarm receiving station.
- 4. Record events in the system memory.
- C. Supervisory signal initiation shall be by one or more of the following devices and actions:
 - 1. Loss of communication with any panel on the network.
- D. System trouble signal initiation shall be by one or more of the following devices and actions:
 - 1. Open circuits, shorts, and grounds in designated circuits.
 - 2. Opening, tampering with, or removing alarm-initiating and supervisory signal-initiating devices.
 - 3. Loss of communication with any addressable sensor, input module, relay, control module, or remote annunciator.
 - 4. Loss of primary power at fire-alarm control unit.
 - 5. Ground or a single break in internal circuits of fire-alarm control unit.
 - 6. Abnormal ac voltage at fire-alarm control unit.
 - 7. Break in standby battery circuitry.
 - 8. Failure of battery charging.
 - 9. Abnormal position of any switch at fire-alarm control unit or annunciator.
- E. System Supervisory Signal Actions:
 - 1. Initiate notification appliances.
 - 2. Identify specific device initiating the event at fire-alarm control unit and remote annunciators.
 - 3. After a time delay of 200 seconds, transmit a trouble or supervisory signal to the remote alarm receiving station.

2.3 FIRE-ALARM CONTROL UNIT

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Faraday
 - 2. Fire-Lite Alarms, Inc.; a Honeywell International company.
 - 3. GE UTC Fire & Security; A United Technologies Company.
 - 4. Notifier.
 - 5. <u>Siemens Industry, Inc.; Fire Safety Division</u>.
- B. General Requirements for Fire-Alarm Control Unit:
 - 1. Field-programmable, microprocessor-based, modular, power-limited design with electronic modules, complying with UL 864.
 - 2. Addressable Initiation Device Circuits: The FACP shall indicate which communication zones have been silenced and shall provide selective silencing of alarm notification appliance by building communication zone.
 - 3. Addressable Control Circuits for Operation of Notification Appliances and Mechanical Equipment: The FACP shall be listed for releasing service.

- C. Alphanumeric Display and System Controls: Arranged for interface between human operator at fire-alarm control unit and addressable system components including annunciation and supervision. Display alarm, supervisory, and component status messages and the programming and control menu.
 - 1. Annunciator and Display: Liquid-crystal type, 80 characters, minimum.
 - 2. Keypad: Arranged to permit entry and execution of programming, display, and control commands.
- D. Initiating-Device, Notification-Appliance, and Signaling-Line Circuits:
 - 1. Pathway Class Designations: NFPA 72, Class B.
 - 2. Pathway Survivability: Level 0.
- E. Notification-Appliance Circuit:
 - 1. Audible appliances shall sound in a three-pulse temporal pattern, as defined in NFPA 72.
 - 2. Where notification appliances provide signals to sleeping areas, the alarm signal shall be a 520-Hz square wave with an intensity 15 dB above the average ambient sound level or 5 dB above the maximum sound level, or at least 75 dBA, whichever is greater, measured at the pillow.
 - 3. Visual alarm appliances shall flash in synchronization where multiple appliances are in the same field of view, as defined in NFPA 72.
- F. Transmission to Remote Alarm Receiving Station: Automatically transmit alarm, supervisory, and trouble signals to a remote alarm station.
- G. Primary Power: 24-V dc obtained from 120-V ac service and a power-supply module. Initiating devices, notification appliances, signaling lines, trouble signals, supervisory and digital alarm communicator transmitters shall be powered by 24-V dc source.
 - 1. Alarm current draw of entire fire-alarm system shall not exceed 80 percent of the power-supply module rating.
- H. Secondary Power: 24-V dc supply system with batteries, automatic battery charger, and automatic transfer switch.

2.4 MANUAL FIRE-ALARM BOXES

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Faraday.
 - 2. <u>Fire-Lite Alarms, Inc.; a Honeywell International company.</u>
 - 3. GE UTC Fire & Security; A United Technologies Company.
 - 4. Notifier.
 - Siemens Industry, Inc.; Fire Safety Division.
- B. General Requirements for Manual Fire-Alarm Boxes: Comply with UL 38.
 - 1. Dual-action mechanism, pull-lever type; with integral addressable module arranged to communicate manual-station status (normal, alarm, or trouble) to fire-alarm control unit.

2. Station Reset: Key- or wrench-operated switch.

2.5 SYSTEM SMOKE DETECTORS

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. Faraday.
 - 2. <u>Fire-Lite Alarms, Inc.; a Honeywell International company.</u>
 - 3. GE UTC Fire & Security; A United Technologies Company.
 - 4. Notifier.
 - 5. <u>Siemens Industry, Inc.; Fire Safety Division</u>.
- B. General Requirements for System Smoke Detectors:
 - 1. Comply with UL 268; operating at 24-V dc, nominal.
 - 2. Detectors shall be two-wire type.
 - 3. Integral Addressable Module: Arranged to communicate detector status (normal, alarm, or trouble) to fire-alarm control unit.
 - 4. Self-Restoring: Detectors do not require resetting or readjustment after actuation to restore them to normal operation.
 - 5. Integral Visual-Indicating Light: LED type, indicating detector has operated and power-on status.
- C. Photoelectric Smoke Detectors:
 - 1. Detector address shall be accessible from fire-alarm control unit and shall be able to identify the detector's location within the system and its sensitivity setting.
 - 2. An operator at fire-alarm control unit, having the designated access level, shall be able to manually access the following for each detector:
 - a. Primary status.
 - b. Device type.
 - c. Present average value.
 - d. Present sensitivity selected.
 - e. Sensor range (normal, dirty, etc.).

2.6 HEAT DETECTORS

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. <u>Faraday</u>.
 - 2. Fire-Lite Alarms, Inc.; a Honeywell International company.
 - 3. GE UTC Fire & Security; A United Technologies Company.
 - 4. Notifier.
- B. General Requirements for Heat Detectors: Comply with UL 521.
 - 1. Temperature sensors shall test for and communicate the sensitivity range of the device.

- C. Heat Detector, Combination Type: Actuated by either a fixed temperature or a rate of rise.
 - 1. Mounting: Twist-lock base interchangeable with smoke-detector bases.
 - 2. Integral Addressable Module: Arranged to communicate detector status (normal, alarm, or trouble) to fire-alarm control unit.

2.7 NOTIFICATION APPLIANCES

- A. <u>Manufacturers:</u> Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
 - 1. GE UTC Fire & Security; A United Technologies Company.
 - 2. Siemens Industry, Inc.; Fire Safety Division.
 - 3. System Sensor.
 - 4. Wheelock; a brand of Eaton.
- B. General Requirements for Notification Appliances: Connected to notification-appliance signal circuits, zoned as indicated, equipped for mounting as indicated, and with screw terminals for system connections.
 - 1. Combination Devices: Factory-integrated audible and visible devices in a single-mounting assembly, equipped for mounting as indicated, and with screw terminals for system connections.
- C. Horns: Electric-vibrating-polarized type, 24-V dc; with provision for housing the operating mechanism behind a grille. Comply with UL 464.
- D. Visible Notification Appliances: Xenon strobe lights complying with UL 1971, with clear or nominal white polycarbonate lens mounted on an aluminum faceplate. The word "FIRE" is engraved in minimum 1-inch high letters on the lens.
 - 1. Mounting: Wall mounted unless otherwise indicated.
 - 2. Flashing shall be in a temporal pattern, synchronized with other units.
 - 3. Strobe Leads: Factory connected to screw terminals.
 - 4. Mounting Faceplate: Factory finished, red.

2.8 REMOTE ANNUNCIATOR

- A. Description: Annunciator functions shall match those of fire-alarm control unit for alarm, supervisory, and trouble indications. Manual switching functions shall match those of fire-alarm control unit, including acknowledging, silencing, resetting, and testing.
 - 1. Mounting: Surface cabinet, NEMA 250, Type 1.
- B. Display Type and Functional Performance: Alphanumeric display and LED indicating lights shall match those of fire-alarm control unit. Provide controls to acknowledge, silence, reset, and test functions for alarm, supervisory, and trouble signals.

2.9 DIGITAL ALARM COMMUNICATOR TRANSMITTER

- A. Digital alarm communicator transmitter shall be acceptable to the remote central station and shall comply with UL 632.
- B. Functional Performance: Unit shall receive an alarm, supervisory, or trouble signal from firealarm control unit and automatically capture two telephone lines and dial a preset number for a remote central station. When contact is made with central station, signals shall be transmitted. If service on either line is interrupted for longer than 45 seconds, transmitter shall initiate a local trouble signal and transmit the signal indicating loss of telephone line to the remote alarm receiving station over the remaining line. Transmitter shall automatically report telephone service restoration to the central station. If service is lost on both telephone lines, transmitter shall initiate the local trouble signal.
- C. Local functions and display at the digital alarm communicator transmitter shall include the following:
 - 1. Verification that both telephone lines are available.
 - 2. Programming device.
 - 3. LED display.
 - 4. Manual test report function and manual transmission clear indication.
 - 5. Communications failure with the central station or fire-alarm control unit.
- D. Digital data transmission shall include the following:
 - 1. Address of the alarm-initiating device.
 - 2. Address of the supervisory signal.
 - 3. Address of the trouble-initiating device.
 - 4. Loss of ac supply.
 - 5. Loss of power.
 - 6. Low battery.
 - 7. Abnormal test signal.
 - 8. Communication bus failure.
- E. Secondary Power: Integral rechargeable battery and automatic charger.
- F. Self-Test: Conducted automatically every 24 hours with report transmitted to central station.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with NFPA 72, NFPA 101, and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction for installation and testing of fire-alarm equipment. Install all electrical wiring to comply with requirements in NFPA 70 including, but not limited to, Article 760, "Fire Alarm Systems."
- B. Connecting to Existing Equipment: Verify that existing fire-alarm system is operational before making changes or connections.
- C. Equipment Mounting: Install fire-alarm control unit on finished floor.

- D. Install wall-mounted equipment, with tops of cabinets not more than 78 inches above the finished floor.
- E. Manual Fire-Alarm Boxes:
 - 1. Install manual fire-alarm box in the normal path of egress within 60 inches of the exit doorway.
 - 2. Mount manual fire-alarm box on a background of a contrasting color.
 - 3. The operable part of manual fire-alarm box shall be between 42 inches and 48 inches above floor level. All devices shall be mounted at the same height unless otherwise indicated.
- F. Smoke- or Heat-Detector Spacing: Comply with NFPA 72.
- G. Remote Status and Alarm Indicators: Install in a visible location near each smoke detector, sprinkler water-flow switch, and valve-tamper switch that is not readily visible from normal viewing position.
- H. Audible Alarm-Indicating Devices: Install not less than 6 inches below the ceiling. Install bells and horns on flush-mounted back boxes with the device-operating mechanism concealed behind a grille. Install all devices at the same height unless otherwise indicated.
- I. Visible Alarm-Indicating Devices: Install adjacent to each alarm bell or alarm horn and at least 6 inches below the ceiling. Install all devices at the same height unless otherwise indicated.
- J. Device Location-Indicating Lights: Locate in public space near the device they monitor.

3.2 PATHWAYS

- A. Pathways above recessed ceilings and in nonaccessible locations may be routed exposed.
 - 1. Exposed pathways located less than 96 inches above the floor shall be installed in EMT.
- B. Pathways shall be installed in EMT.
- C. Exposed EMT shall be painted red enamel.

3.3 IDENTIFICATION

- A. Identify system components, wiring, cabling, and terminals.
- B. Install framed instructions in a location visible from fire-alarm control unit.

3.4 GROUNDING

- A. Ground fire-alarm control unit and associated circuits; comply with IEEE 1100. Install a ground wire from main service ground to fire-alarm control unit.
- B. Ground shielded cables at the control panel location only. Insulate shield at device location.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Field tests shall be witnessed by authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Perform the following tests and inspections with the assistance of a factory-authorized service representative:
 - 1. Visual Inspection: Conduct visual inspection prior to testing.
 - a. Inspection shall be based on completed record Drawings and system documentation that is required by NFPA 72 in its "Completion Documents, Preparation" table in the "Documentation" section of the "Fundamentals" chapter.
 - b. Comply with the "Visual Inspection Frequencies" table in the "Inspection" section of the "Inspection, Testing and Maintenance" chapter in NFPA 72; retain the "Initial/Reacceptance" column and list only the installed components.
 - 2. System Testing: Comply with the "Test Methods" table in the "Testing" section of the "Inspection, Testing and Maintenance" chapter in NFPA 72.
 - 3. Test audible appliances for the public operating mode according to manufacturer's written instructions. Perform the test using a portable sound-level meter complying with Type 2 requirements in ANSI S1.4.
 - 4. Test audible appliances for the private operating mode according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 5. Test visible appliances for the public operating mode according to manufacturer's written instructions.
 - 6. Factory-authorized service representative shall prepare the "Fire Alarm System Record of Completion" in the "Documentation" section of the "Fundamentals" chapter in NFPA 72 and the "Inspection and Testing Form" in the "Records" section of the "Inspection, Testing and Maintenance" chapter in NFPA 72.
- C. Reacceptance Testing: Perform reacceptance testing to verify the proper operation of added or replaced devices and appliances.
- D. Fire-alarm system will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports.
- F. Maintenance Test and Inspection: Perform tests and inspections listed for weekly, monthly, quarterly, and semiannual periods. Use forms developed for initial tests and inspections.
- G. Annual Test and Inspection: One year after date of Substantial Completion, test fire-alarm system complying with visual and testing inspection requirements in NFPA 72. Use forms developed for initial tests and inspections.

3.6 DEMONSTRATION

A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain fire-alarm system.

END OF SECTION 28 46 21

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. References to the Standard Specifications for this section shall mean the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Roads, Bridges and Incidental Construction Form 817 supplemented and amended through the date of this project bid.
- C. 2002 Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control, DEP Bulletin 34 or as amended through the date of this project bid.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Protecting existing vegetation to remain.
 - 2. Removing existing vegetation.
 - 3. Clearing and grubbing.
 - 4. Stripping and stockpiling topsoil.
 - 5. Removing above- and below-grade site improvements.
 - 6. Disconnecting, capping or sealing, and removing site utilities.
 - 7. Temporary erosion and sedimentation control.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 0155639 "Temporary Tree and Plant Protection" for existing tree protection measures.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Subsoil: Soil beneath the level of subgrade; soil beneath the topsoil layers of a naturally occurring soil profile, typified by less than 1 percent organic matter and few soil organisms.
- B. Surface Soil: Soil that is present at the top layer of the existing soil profile. In undisturbed areas, surface soil is typically called "topsoil," but in disturbed areas such as urban environments, the surface soil can be subsoil.
- C. Topsoil: Top layer of the soil profile consisting of existing native surface topsoil or existing in-place surface soil; the zone where plant roots grow. Its appearance is generally friable, pervious, and black or a darker shade of brown, gray, or red than underlying subsoil; reasonably free of subsoil, clay lumps, gravel, and other objects larger than 2 inches in diameter; and free of weeds, roots, toxic materials, or other nonsoil materials.
- D. Plant-Protection Zone: Area surrounding individual trees, groups of trees, shrubs, or other vegetation to be protected during construction and indicated on Drawings.
- E. Tree-Protection Zone: Area surrounding individual trees or groups of trees to be protected during construction and indicated on Drawings.
- F. Vegetation: Trees, shrubs, groundcovers, grass, and other plants.

1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.5 MATERIAL OWNERSHIP

A. Except for materials indicated to be stockpiled or otherwise remain Owner's property, cleared materials shall become Contractor's property and shall be removed from Project site.

1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Existing Conditions: Documentation of existing trees and plantings, adjoining construction, and site improvements that establishes preconstruction conditions that might be misconstrued as damage caused by site clearing.
 - 1. Use sufficiently detailed photographs or video recordings.
 - 2. Include plans and notations to indicate specific wounds and damage conditions of each tree or other plant designated to remain.
- B. Topsoil stripping and stockpiling program.
- C. Record Drawings: Identifying and accurately showing locations of capped utilities and other subsurface structural, electrical, and mechanical conditions.
- D. Burning: Burning is NOT permitted.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Topsoil Stripping and Stockpiling Program: Prepare a written program to systematically demonstrate the ability of personnel to properly follow procedures and handle materials and equipment during the Work. Include dimensioned diagrams for placement and protection of stockpiles.

1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Traffic: Minimize interference with adjoining roads, streets, walks, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities during site-clearing operations.
 - 1. Do not close or obstruct streets, walks, or other adjacent occupied or used facilities without permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 2. Provide alternate routes around closed or obstructed trafficways if required by Owner or authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Improvements on Adjoining Property: Authority for performing site clearing indicated on property adjoining Owner's property will be obtained by Owner before award of Contract.
 - 1. Do not proceed with work on adjoining property until directed by Architect.
- C. Salvageable Improvements: Carefully remove items indicated to be salvaged and store on Owner's premises where indicated.
- D. Utility Locator Service: Notify Call Before You Dig for area where Project is located before site clearing.

- E. Do not commence site clearing operations until temporary erosion- and sedimentation-control and plant-protection measures are in place.
- F. Tree and Plant Protection Zones: Protect according to requirements in Section 015639 "Temporary Tree and Plant Protection."
- G. Soil Stripping, Handling, and Stockpiling: Perform only when the soil is dry or slightly moist.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Satisfactory Soil Material: Requirements for satisfactory soil material are specified in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."
 - 1. Obtain approved borrow soil material off-site when satisfactory soil material is not available on-site.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Protect and maintain benchmarks and survey control points from disturbance during construction.
- B. Verify that trees, shrubs, and other vegetation to remain or to be relocated have been flagged and that protection zones have been identified and enclosed according to requirements in Section 015639 "Temporary Tree and Plant Protection."
- C. Protect existing site improvements to remain from damage during construction.
 - 1. Restore damaged improvements to their original condition, as acceptable to Owner.

3.2 TEMPORARY EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

- A. Provide temporary erosion- and sedimentation-control measures to prevent soil erosion and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways, according to erosion- and sedimentation-control Drawings and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Verify that flows of water redirected from construction areas or generated by construction activity do not enter or cross protection zones.
- C. Inspect, maintain, and repair erosion- and sedimentation-control measures during construction until permanent vegetation has been established.
- D. Remove erosion and sedimentation controls, and restore and stabilize areas disturbed during removal.

3.3 TREE AND PLANT PROTECTION

A. Protect trees and plants remaining on-site according to requirements in Section 015639 "Temporary Tree and Plant Protection."

B. Repair or replace trees, shrubs, and other vegetation indicated to remain or be relocated that are damaged by construction operations according to requirements in Section 015639 "Temporary Tree and Plant Protection."

3.4 EXISTING UTILITIES

- A. Owner will arrange for disconnecting and sealing indicated utilities that serve existing structures before site clearing, when requested by Contractor.
 - 1. Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped before proceeding with site clearing.
- B. Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap utilities indicated to be removed or abandoned in place.
 - 1. Arrange with utility companies to shut off indicated utilities.
 - 2. Owner will arrange to shut off indicated utilities when requested by Contractor.
- C. Locate, identify, and disconnect utilities indicated to be abandoned in place.
- D. Interrupting Existing Utilities: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others, unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Do not proceed with utility interruptions without Architect's written permission.

3.5 CLEARING AND GRUBBING

- A. Remove obstructions, trees, shrubs, and other vegetation to permit installation of new construction.
 - 1. Do not remove trees, shrubs, and other vegetation indicated to remain or to be relocated.
 - 2. Grind down stumps and remove roots larger than 2 inches in diameter, obstructions, and debris to a depth of 18 inches below exposed subgrade.
 - 3. Use only hand methods or air spade for grubbing within protection zones.
 - 4. Chip removed tree branches and dispose of off-site.
- B. Fill depressions caused by clearing and grubbing operations with satisfactory soil material unless further excavation or earthwork is indicated.
 - 1. Place fill material in horizontal layers not exceeding a loose depth of 8 inches, and compact each layer to a density equal to adjacent original ground.

3.6 TOPSOIL STRIPPING

- A. Remove sod and grass before stripping topsoil.
- B. Strip topsoil to depth of 6 inches in a manner to prevent intermingling with underlying subsoil or other waste materials.
 - 1. Remove subsoil and nonsoil materials from topsoil, including clay lumps, gravel, and other objects larger than 2 inches in diameter; trash, debris, weeds, roots, and other waste materials.
- C. Stockpile topsoil away from edge of excavations without intermixing with subsoil or other materials. Grade and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust and erosion by water.
 - 1. Limit height of topsoil stockpiles to 72 inches.

- 2. Do not stockpile topsoil within protection zones.
- 3. Dispose of surplus topsoil. Surplus topsoil is that which exceeds quantity indicated to be stockpiled or reused.
- 4. Stockpile surplus topsoil to allow for respreading deeper topsoil.

3.7 SITE IMPROVEMENTS

- A. Remove existing above- and below-grade improvements as indicated and necessary to facilitate new construction.
- B. Remove slabs, paving, and aggregate base as indicated.
 - 1. Unless existing full-depth joints coincide with line of demolition, neatly saw-cut along line of existing pavement to remain before removing adjacent existing pavement. Saw-cut faces vertically.

3.8 DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AND WASTE MATERIALS

- A. Remove surplus soil material, unsuitable topsoil, obstructions, demolished materials, and waste materials including trash and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.
- B. Burning tree, shrub, and other vegetation waste is NOT permitted. Burning of other waste and debris is also prohibited.
- C. Separate recyclable materials produced during site clearing from other nonrecyclable materials. Store or stockpile without intermixing with other materials, and transport them to recycling facilities. Do not interfere with other Project work.

END OF SECTION 31 10 00

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. References to the Standard Specifications for this section shall mean the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Roads, Bridges and Incidental Construction Form 817 supplemented and amended through the date of this project bid.
- C. 2002 Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control, DEP Bulletin 34 or as amended through the date of this project bid.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Excavating and filling for rough grading the Site.
 - 2. Preparing subgrades for walks, pavements, and lawn.
 - 3. Base courses for pavers.
 - 4. Excavating and backfilling trenches for utilities.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 013200 "Construction Progress Documentation" and Section 013233 "Photographic Documentation" for recording pre-excavation and earth-moving progress.
 - 2. Section 311000 "Site Clearing" for site stripping, grubbing, stripping and stockpiling topsoil, and removal of above- and below-grade improvements and utilities.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Backfill: Soil material or controlled low-strength material used to fill an excavation.
 - Initial Backfill: Backfill placed beside and over pipe in a trench, including haunches to support sides
 of pipe.
 - 2. Final Backfill: Backfill placed over initial backfill to fill a trench.
- B. Base Course: Aggregate layer placed between the subbase course and hot-mix asphalt paving.
- C. Bedding Course: Aggregate layer placed over the excavated subgrade in a trench before laying pipe.
- D. Borrow Soil: Satisfactory soil imported from off-site for use as fill or backfill.
- E. Drainage Course: Aggregate layer supporting the slab-on-grade that also minimizes upward capillary flow of pore water.
- F. Excavation: Removal of material encountered above subgrade elevations and to lines and dimensions indicated.

- 1. Authorized Additional Excavation: Excavation below subgrade elevations or beyond indicated lines and dimensions as directed by Architect. Authorized additional excavation and replacement material will be paid for according to Contract provisions for changes in the Work.
- 2. Bulk Excavation: Excavation more than 10 feet in width and more than 30 feet in length.
- 3. Unauthorized Excavation: Excavation below subgrade elevations or beyond indicated lines and dimensions without direction by Architect. Unauthorized excavation, as well as remedial work directed by Architect, shall be without additional compensation.
- G. Fill: Soil materials used to raise existing grades.
- H. Rock: Rock material in beds, ledges, unstratified masses, conglomerate deposits, and boulders of rock material that exceed 1 cu. yd. for bulk excavation or 3/4 cu. yd. for footing, trench, and pit excavation that cannot be removed by rock-excavating equipment equivalent to the following in size and performance ratings, without systematic drilling, ram hammering, ripping, or blasting, when permitted:
 - 1. Equipment for Footing, Trench, and Pit Excavation: Late-model, track-mounted hydraulic excavator; equipped with a 42-inch- maximum-width, short-tip-radius rock bucket; rated at not less than 138-hp flywheel power with bucket-curling force of not less than 28,700 lbf and stick-crowd force of not less than 18,400 lbf with extra-long reach boom.
 - 2. Equipment for Bulk Excavation: Late-model, track-mounted loader; rated at not less than 230-hp flywheel power and developing a minimum of 47,992-lbf breakout force with a general-purpose bare bucket.
- I. Structures: Buildings, footings, foundations, retaining walls, slabs, tanks, curbs, mechanical and electrical appurtenances, or other man-made stationary features constructed above or below the ground surface.
- J. Subbase Course: Aggregate layer placed between the subgrade and base course for hot-mix asphalt pavement, or aggregate layer placed between the subgrade and a cement concrete pavement or a cement concrete or hot-mix asphalt walk.
- K. Subgrade: Uppermost surface of an excavation or the top surface of a fill or backfill immediately below subbase, drainage fill, drainage course, or topsoil materials.
- L. Utilities: On-site underground pipes, conduits, ducts, and cables as well as underground services within buildings.

ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of the following manufactured products required:
 - Geotextiles.
- B. Samples for Verification: For the following products, in sizes indicated below:
 - 1. Geotextile: 12 by 12 inches.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For qualified testing agency.
- B. CONNDOT Certification, classification according to ASTM D 2487, and laboratory compaction curve according to ASTM D 1557: For each soil material proposed for fill and backfill as follows:
 - 1. Borrow
 - 2. Processed aggregate

- 3. Bedding Material / Bedding Course / Select Backfill
- 4. Controlled / Engineered / Granular fill
- No. 8 Stone
- 6. No. 57 Stone
- 7. No. 2 Stone
- 8. ASTM C-33 Sand
- 9. Airport Sand

Preexcavation Photographs or Videotape: Show existing conditions of adjoining construction and site improvements, including finish surfaces that might be misconstrued as damage caused by earth-moving operations. Submit before earth moving begins.

- D. Test Reports: Submit approriate reports in accordance with the following criteria directly from the testing services to the Engineer, with copy to the Contractor:
 - Laboratory collection and analysis of each soil material/source proposed from <u>all on-site and borrow</u> sources.
 - 2. Verification of suitability of subgrade material, in accordance with specified requirements.
 - Report of actual unconfined compressive strength and/or results of bearing tests of each stratum tested.
 - 4. Soil Sampling: Prior to placement of any soil material on site, representative samples shall be collected and analyzed to verify the fill material meets the Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection (CTDEP) and Remediation Standard Regulations (RSRs) requirements. Samples shall be collected from the source area of the proposed material prior to excavation and delivery to or movement on the site. Sample analysis frequency will be equal to or greater than 1 sample per 1,000 cubic yards of soil.
 - 5. If more than one source of fill will be used, at least one (1) fill sample shall be collected and laboratory analyzed from each source (even if less than 1,000 cubic yards of material is obtained from the source).
 - 6. Samples being collected for analysis of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) will not be composited or mixed.
 - a. Fill samples will be analyzed by a Connecticut Department of Public Health certified laboratory for the following constituents:
 - VOCs per EPA Method 8260B;
 - 2) Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (ETPH) per CTDEP approved method;
 - 3) Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon (PAHs) compounds per EPA Method 8270C;
 - 4) Mass and Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Procedure (SPLP) 8 RCRA metals per EPA Methods 6010 and 7471; and
 - 5) Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) per EPA Method 8082.
 - b. The analyses of the fill samples will be evaluated by the Engineer and the fill will not be transported to the site or used on site unless the results demonstrate compliance with the applicable RSR criteria for the site, which are the Residentail Direct Exposure Criteria (DEC) and the GA Pollutant Mobility Criteria (PMC). The material must be approved by the Engineer prior to delivery to the site.
 - 7. Testing reports must be submitted within seven calendar days of collection.
- E. Construction Staging Plan for Site Grading Activities
- F. Construction schedule for earth moving activities

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Blasting: Blasting is NOT permitted.
- B. Geotechnical Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to ASTM E 329 and ASTM D 3740 for testing indicated.

- C. Employ and pay for a State Licensed environmental analytical laboratory to collect samples and perform all testing of the borrow material.
 - 1. Borrow material shall be tested at the rate of once per 500 cubic yards and representatives samples shall be collected at the source prior to initiation of work. Samples shall be collected, stored, and transported in accordance with laboratory recommendations.

1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Traffic: Minimize interference with adjoining roads, streets, walks, and other adjacent occupied or used facilities during earth-moving operations.
 - 1. Do not close or obstruct streets, walks, or other adjacent occupied or used facilities without permission from Owner and authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 2. Provide alternate routes around closed or obstructed traffic ways if required by Owner or authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Improvements on Adjoining Property: Authority for performing earth moving indicated on property adjoining Owner's property will be obtained by Owner before award of Contract.
 - 1. Do not proceed with work on adjoining property until directed by Architect.
- C. Utility Locator Service: Notify "Call Before You Dig for area where Project is located before beginning earthmoving operations.
- D. Do not commence earth-moving operations until temporary site fencing and erosion- and sedimentation-control measures specified in Section 015000 "Temporary Facilities and Controls" and Section 311000 "Site Clearing" are in place.
- E. Do not commence earth-moving operations until plant-protection measures specified in Section 015639 "Temporary Tree and Plant Protection" are in place.
- F. The following practices are prohibited within protection zones:
 - 1. Storage of construction materials, debris, or excavated material.
 - 2. Parking vehicles or equipment.
 - 3. Foot traffic.
 - 4. Erection of sheds or structures.
 - 5. Impoundment of water.
 - 6. Excavation or other digging unless otherwise indicated.
 - 7. Attachment of signs to or wrapping materials around trees or plants unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Do not direct vehicle or equipment exhaust towards protection zones.
- H. Prohibit heat sources, flames, ignition sources, and smoking within or near protection zones.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SOIL MATERIALS

A. General: Provide borrow soil materials when sufficient satisfactory soil materials are not available from excavations.

- B. Satisfactory Soils: Soil Classification Groups GW, GP, GM, SW, SP, and SM according to ASTM D 2487, or a combination of these groups; free of rock or gravel larger than 3 inches in any dimension, debris, waste, frozen materials, vegetation, and other deleterious matter.
- C. Unsatisfactory Soils: Soil Classification Groups GC, SC, CL, ML, OL, CH, MH, OH, and PT according to ASTM D 2487, or a combination of these groups.
 - Unsatisfactory soils also include satisfactory soils not maintained within 2 percent of optimum moisture content at time of compaction.
- D. Subbase Material: Imported material shall comply with Article M.02.02 of the Standard Specifications. Reclaimed aggregate shall satisfy resistance to abrasion and soundness requirements set forth in Article M.02.06 of the Standard Specification.
- E. Base Course: Material shall comply with Article M.05.01 Processed Aggregate Base of the Standard Specifications except as modified below:

PERCENT FINER BY WEIGHT
100
90-100
75-100
25-60
10-35
3-12
0-5

F. Controlled / Engineered / Structural / Granular Fill: Material shall comply with Article M.02.01 Granular Fill of the Standard Specifications except as modified below:

US STANDARD SIEVE SIZE	PERCENT FINER BY WEIGHT	
4"	100	
3/4"	50-100	
NO. 4	20-100	
NO.40	5-50	
NO. 200	0-8	

Material shall consist of sandy gravel, gravelly sand, free of organic matter, snow, ice or other unsuitable materials. Reclaimed aggregate shall satisfy resistance to abrasion and soundness requirements set forth in Article M.02.06 of the Standard Specification. Reclaimed aggregate shall not be used under building footprints.

- G. Bedding Course and Select Backfill: Materials shall comply with Section M.08.01-21 of the Standard Specifications for bedding material.
- H. No. 2, No. 8, and No. 57 Stone: Materials shall comply with Section M.01.01 of the Standard Specifications respectively.
- I. Sand: ASTM C 33/C 33M; fine aggregate.
- J. Airport Sand: Material shall comply with the following gradation:

<u>US STANDARD SIEVE SIZE</u>	PERCENT FINER BY WEIGHT
NO. 8	100
NO. 30	20-500
NO.80	0-2

2.2 GEOTEXTILES

- A. All products must be listed on CONNDOT Qualified product list with can be obtained at http://www.ct.gov/dot/LIB/dot/documents/dresearch/conndot_qpl.pdf.
- B. Subsurface Drainage Geotextile: Nonwoven needle-punched geotextile, manufactured for subsurface drainage applications, made from polyolefins or polyesters; with elongation greater than 50 percent; complying with AASHTO M 288 and the following, measured per test methods referenced:
 - 1. Survivability: Class 2; AASHTO M 288.
 - 2. Survivability: As follows:
 - a. Grab Tensile Strength: 157 lbf; ASTM D 4632.
 - b. Sewn Seam Strength: 142 lbf; ASTM D 4632.
 - c. Tear Strength: 56 lbf; ASTM D 4533.
 - d. Puncture Strength: 56 lbf; ASTM D 4833.
 - 3. Apparent Opening Size: No. 60 sieve, maximum; ASTM D 4751.
 - 4. Permittivity: 0.2 per second, minimum; ASTM D 4491.
 - 5. UV Stability: 50 percent after 500 hours' exposure; ASTM D 4355.
- C. Separation Geotextile: Woven geotextile fabric, manufactured for separation applications, made from polyolefins or polyesters; with elongation less than 50 percent; complying with AASHTO M 288 and the following, measured per test methods referenced:
 - 1. Survivability: Class 2; AASHTO M 288.
 - 2. Survivability: As follows:
 - a. Grab Tensile Strength: 247 lbf; ASTM D 4632.
 - b. Sewn Seam Strength: 222 lbf; ASTM D 4632.
 - c. Tear Strength: 90 lbf; ASTM D 4533.
 - d. Puncture Strength: 90 lbf; ASTM D 4833.
 - 3. Apparent Opening Size: No. 60 sieve, maximum; ASTM D 4751.
 - 4. Permittivity: 0.02 per second, minimum; ASTM D 4491.
 - 5. UV Stability: 50 percent after 500 hours' exposure; ASTM D 4355.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities from damage caused by settlement, lateral movement, undermining, washout, and other hazards created by earth-moving operations.
- B. Protect and maintain erosion and sedimentation controls during earth-moving operations.
- C. Protect subgrades and foundation soils from freezing temperatures and frost. Remove temporary protection before placing subsequent materials.

3.2 DEWATERING

- A. Prevent surface water and ground water from entering excavations, from ponding on prepared subgrades, and from flooding Project site and surrounding area.
- B. Protect subgrades from softening, undermining, washout, and damage by rain or water accumulation.

1. Reroute surface water runoff away from excavated areas. Do not allow water to accumulate in excavations. Do not use excavated trenches as temporary drainage ditches.

3.3 EXPLOSIVES

A. Explosives: Do not use explosives.

3.4 EXCAVATION, GENERAL

- A. <u>Unclassified Excavation: Excavate to subgrade elevations regardless of the character of surface and subsurface conditions encountered. Unclassified excavated materials may include rock, soil materials, and obstructions. No changes in the Contract Sum or the Contract Time will be authorized for rock excavation or removal of obstructions.</u>
 - If excavated materials intended for fill and backfill include unsatisfactory soil materials and rock, replace with satisfactory soil materials.

B. Rock Excavation:

- 1. Remove rock to lines and grades indicated to permit installation of permanent construction without exceeding the following dimensions:
 - a. 24 inches outside of concrete forms other than at footings.
 - b. 12 inches outside of concrete forms at footings.
 - c. 6 inches outside of minimum required dimensions of concrete cast against grade.
 - Outside dimensions of concrete walls indicated to be cast against rock without forms or exterior waterproofing treatments.
 - e. 6 inches beneath bottom of concrete slabs-on-grade.
 - f. 6 inches beneath pipe in trenches, and the greater of 24 inches wider than pipe or 42 inches wide with vertical walls.
- 2. Wherever rock to be excavated is encountered, the Contractor shall strip or expose the rock to such an extent that in the Owner's opinion the necessary measurements can be taken. The Contractor shall provide the Owner with a survey by a licensed land surveyor indicating top of rock elevations at points of intersection on a rectilinear grid with lines spaced sufficiently close to show accurately the rock surface contours. At the Owner's option, an additional survey may be furnished by the Owner from a licensed surveyor. The volume of material conforming to the above limits derived from this survey data will be the basis of payment of this item. Quantity shall be calculated by the contractor and provided to the engineer for review and verification
- 3. Rock excavation is to be paid at the unit prices established below (Basis For Payment): Prices include backfill with on-site excavated material if it is suitable. Prices also include all excavation and disposal of all surplus or unsuitable material. Prices include costs of shoring, de-watering, and sloping for sides of excavation as necessary. Payment and credit amounts shall be determined based on the limits identified above. The total quantity of earth or rock excavation encountered in each depth payment category shall be paid for at its respective unit price as shown below. For example, in a 15' trench the first 6' will be paid for at the 0' 6' price; the next 4' will be paid for at the over 6' 10' price and the next 5' will be paid for at the over 10' 15' price. Thus three different price brackets will prevail.
- 4. If the conditions of the excavation work indicated are clearly of a special nature as identified by the Contractor and confirmed by the Engineer, the Contractor may ask the Owner for reconsideration of the established unit prices and if granted, the unit prices will not apply, and prices will be negotiated in accordance with Article 13 "Compensations for Changes in the Work" of the General Conditions.

3.5 EXCAVATION FOR WALKS AND PAVEMENTS

A. Excavate surfaces under walks and pavements to indicated lines, cross sections, elevations, and subgrades.

3.6 EXCAVATION FOR UTILITY TRENCHES

- A. Excavate trenches to indicated gradients, lines, depths, and elevations.
 - 1. Beyond building perimeter, excavate trenches to allow installation of top of pipe below frost line.
- B. Excavate trenches to uniform widths to provide the following clearance on each side of pipe or conduit. Excavate trench walls vertically from trench bottom to 12 inches higher than top of pipe or conduit unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Clearance: 12 inches each side of pipe or conduit.
- C. Trench Bottoms: Excavate and shape trench bottoms to provide uniform bearing and support of pipes and conduit. Shape subgrade to provide continuous support for bells, joints, and barrels of pipes and for joints, fittings, and bodies of conduits. Remove projecting stones and sharp objects along trench subgrade.
 - 1. For pipes and conduit less than 6 inches in nominal diameter, hand-excavate trench bottoms and support pipe and conduit on an undisturbed subgrade.
 - 2. For pipes and conduit 6 inches or larger in nominal diameter, shape bottom of trench to support bottom 90 degrees of pipe or conduit circumference. Fill depressions with tamped sand backfill.
 - 3. For flat-bottomed, multiple-duct conduit units, hand-excavate trench bottoms and support conduit on an undisturbed subgrade.
 - 4. Excavate trenches 6 inches deeper than elevation required in rock or other unyielding bearing material to allow for bedding course.
- D. Trenches in Tree- and Plant-Protection Zones:
 - 1. Hand-excavate to indicated lines, cross sections, elevations, and subgrades. Use narrow-tine spading forks to comb soil and expose roots. Do not break, tear, or chop exposed roots. Do not use mechanical equipment that rips, tears, or pulls roots.
 - 2. Do not cut main lateral roots or taproots; cut only smaller roots that interfere with installation of utilities
 - 3. Cut and protect roots according to requirements in Section 015639 "Temporary Tree and Plant Protection."

3.7 SUBGRADE INSPECTION

- A. Notify Architect when excavations have reached required subgrade.
- B. If Architect determines that unsatisfactory soil is present, continue excavation and replace with compacted backfill or fill material as directed.
- C. Proof-roll subgrade below the building slabs and pavements with a pneumatic-tired and loaded 10-wheel, tandem-axle dump truck weighing not less than 15 tons to identify soft pockets and areas of excess yielding. Do not proof-roll wet or saturated subgrades.
 - 1. Completely proof-roll subgrade in one direction, repeating proof-rolling in direction perpendicular to first direction. Limit vehicle speed to 3 mph.
 - 2. Excavate soft spots, unsatisfactory soils, and areas of excessive pumping or rutting, as determined by Architect, and replace with compacted backfill or fill as directed.
- D. Authorized additional excavation and replacement material will be paid for according to Contract provisions for changes in the Work.
- E. Reconstruct subgrades damaged by freezing temperatures, frost, rain, accumulated water, or construction activities, as directed by Architect, without additional compensation.

3.8 UNAUTHORIZED EXCAVATION

- A. Fill unauthorized excavation under foundations or wall footings by extending bottom elevation of concrete foundation or footing to excavation bottom, without altering top elevation. Lean concrete fill, with 28-day compressive strength of 2500 psi, may be used when approved by Architect.
 - 1. Fill unauthorized excavations under other construction, pipe, or conduit as directed by Architect.

3.9 STORAGE OF SOIL MATERIALS

- A. Stockpile borrow soil materials and excavated satisfactory soil materials without intermixing. Place, grade, and shape stockpiles to drain surface water. Cover to prevent windblown dust.
 - Stockpile soil materials away from edge of excavations. Do not store within drip line of remaining trees.

3.10 GENERAL BACKFILL

- A. Place and compact backfill in excavations promptly, but not before completing the following:
 - 1. Construction below finish grade including, where applicable, subdrainage, dampproofing, waterproofing, and perimeter insulation.
 - 2. Surveying locations of underground utilities for Record Documents.
 - 3. Testing and inspecting underground utilities.
 - 4. Removing concrete formwork.
 - Removing trash and debris.
 - 6. Removing temporary shoring, bracing, and sheeting.
 - 7. Installing permanent or temporary horizontal bracing on horizontally supported walls.
- B. Place backfill on subgrades free of mud, frost, snow, or ice.

3.11 UTILITY TRENCH BACKFILL

- A. Place backfill on subgrades free of mud, frost, snow, or ice.
- B. Place and compact bedding course on trench bottoms and where indicated. Shape bedding course to provide continuous support for bells, joints, and barrels of pipes and for joints, fittings, and bodies of conduits.
- C. Trenches under Footings: Backfill trenches excavated under footings and within 18 inches of bottom of footings with controlled fill; fill with concrete to elevation of bottom of footings. Concrete is specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
- D. Trenches under Roadways: Provide 4-inch thick, concrete-base slab support for piping or conduit less than 30 inches below surface of roadways. After installing and testing, completely encase piping or conduit in a minimum of 4 inches of concrete before backfilling or placing roadway subbase course. Concrete is specified in Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete."
- E. Backfill voids with satisfactory soil while removing shoring and bracing.
- F. Initial Backfill:
 - 1. Soil Backfill: Place and compact initial backfill of satisfactory soil, free of particles larger than 1 inch in any dimension, to a height of 12 inches over the pipe or conduit.

a. Carefully compact initial backfill under pipe haunches and compact evenly up on both sides and along the full length of piping or conduit to avoid damage or displacement of piping or conduit. Coordinate backfilling with utilities testing.

G. Final Backfill:

- 1. Soil Backfill: Place and compact final backfill of satisfactory soil to final subgrade elevation.
- 2. Controlled Low-Strength Material: Place final backfill of controlled low-strength material to final subgrade elevation.

3.12 SOIL FILL

- A. Plow, scarify, bench, or break up sloped surfaces steeper than 1 vertical to 4 horizontal so fill material will bond with existing material.
- B. Place and compact fill material in layers to required elevations as follows:
 - 1. Under grass and planted areas, use satisfactory soil material.
 - 2. Under walks and pavements, use satisfactory soil material.
 - 3. Under steps and ramps, use engineered fill.
 - 4. Under building slabs, use engineered fill.
 - 5. Under footings and foundations, use engineered fill.
- C. Place soil fill on subgrades free of mud, frost, snow, or ice.

3.13 SOIL MOISTURE CONTROL

- A. Uniformly moisten or aerate subgrade and each subsequent fill or backfill soil layer before compaction to within 2 percent of optimum moisture content.
 - 1. Do not place backfill or fill soil material on surfaces that are muddy, frozen, or contain frost or ice.
 - 2. Remove and replace, or scarify and air dry, otherwise satisfactory soil material that exceeds optimum moisture content by 2 percent and is too wet to compact to specified dry unit weight.

3.14 COMPACTION OF SOIL BACKFILLS AND FILLS

- A. Place backfill and fill soil materials in layers not more than 8 inches in loose depth for material compacted by heavy compaction equipment and not more than 4 inches in loose depth for material compacted by hand-operated tampers.
- B. Place backfill and fill soil materials evenly on all sides of structures to required elevations and uniformly along the full length of each structure.
- C. Compact soil materials to not less than the following percentages of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 1557:
 - 1. Under structures, building slabs, steps, and pavements, scarify and recompact top 12 inches of existing subgrade and each layer of backfill or fill soil material at 95 percent.
 - 2. Under walkways, scarify and recompact top 6 inches below subgrade and compact each layer of backfill or fill soil material at 92 percent.
 - 3. Under turf or unpaved areas, scarify and recompact top 6 inches below subgrade and compact each layer of backfill or fill soil material at 92 percent.
 - 4. For utility trenches, compact each layer of initial and final backfill soil material at 92 percent.

3.15 GRADING

- A. General: Uniformly grade areas to a smooth surface, free of irregular surface changes. Comply with compaction requirements and grade to cross sections, lines, and elevations indicated.
 - 1. Provide a smooth transition between adjacent existing grades and new grades.
 - 2. Cut out soft spots, fill low spots, and trim high spots to comply with required surface tolerances.
- B. Site Rough Grading: Slope grades to direct water away from buildings and to prevent ponding. Finish subgrades to elevations required to achieve indicated finish elevations, within the following subgrade tolerances:
 - 1. Turf or Unpaved Areas: Plus or minus 1 inch.
 - 2. Walks: Plus or minus 1 inch.
 - 3. Pavements: Plus or minus 1/2 inch.
- C. Grading inside Building Lines: Finish subgrade to a tolerance of 1/2 inch when tested with a 10-foot straightedge.

3.16 SUBBASE AND BASE COURSES UNDER PAVEMENTS AND WALKS

- A. Place subbase course and base course on subgrades free of mud, frost, snow, or ice.
- B. On prepared subgrade, place subbase course and base course under pavements and walks as follows:
 - 1. Install separation geotextile on prepared subgrade according to manufacturer's written instructions, overlapping sides and ends.
 - 2. Shape subbase course and base course to required crown elevations and cross-slope grades.
 - 3. Place subbase course and base course 6 inches or less in compacted thickness in a single layer.
 - 4. Place subbase course and base course that exceeds 6 inches in compacted thickness in layers of equal thickness, with no compacted layer more than 6 inches thick or less than 3 inches thick.
 - Compact subbase course and base course at optimum moisture content to required grades, lines, cross sections, and thickness to not less than 95 percent of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 1557.

3.17 DRAINAGE COURSE UNDER CONCRETE SLABS-ON-GRADE

- A. Place drainage course on subgrades free of mud, frost, snow, or ice.
- B. On prepared subgrade, place and compact drainage course under cast-in-place concrete slabs-on-grade as follows:
 - 1. Place drainage course 6 inches or less in compacted thickness in a single layer.
 - 2. Place drainage course that exceeds 6 inches in compacted thickness in layers of equal thickness, with no compacted layer more than 6 inches thick or less than 3 inches thick.
 - 3. Compact each layer of drainage course to required cross sections and thicknesses to not less than 95 percent of maximum dry unit weight according to ASTM D 698.

3.18 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Special Inspections: Owner will engage a qualified special inspector to perform the following special inspections:
 - 1. Determine prior to placement of fill that site has been prepared in compliance with requirements.
 - 2. Determine that fill material classification and maximum lift thickness comply with requirements.

- 3. Determine, during placement and compaction that in-place density of compacted fill complies with requirements.
- B. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified geotechnical engineering testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- C. Allow testing agency to inspect and test subgrades and each fill or backfill layer. Proceed with subsequent earth moving only after test results for previously completed work comply with requirements.
- D. Testing agency will test compaction of soils in place according to ASTM D 1556, ASTM D 2167, ASTM D 2937, and ASTM D 6938, as applicable. Tests will be performed at the following locations and frequencies:
 - 1. Paved Areas: At subgrade and at each compacted fill and backfill layer, at least one test for every 2000 sq. ft. or less of paved area or building slab but in no case fewer than three tests.
 - 2. Trench Backfill: At each compacted initial and final backfill layer, at least one test for every 150 feet or less of trench length but no fewer than two tests.
- E. When testing agency reports that subgrades, fills, or backfills have not achieved degree of compaction specified, scarify and moisten or aerate, or remove and replace soil materials to depth required; recompact and retest until specified compaction is obtained.

3.19 PROTECTION

- A. Protecting Graded Areas: Protect newly graded areas from traffic, freezing, and erosion. Keep free of trash and debris.
- B. Repair and reestablish grades to specified tolerances where completed or partially completed surfaces become eroded, rutted, settled, or where they lose compaction due to subsequent construction operations or weather conditions.
 - 1. Scarify or remove and replace soil material to depth as directed by Architect; reshape and recompact.
- C. Where settling occurs before Project correction period elapses, remove finished surfacing, backfill with additional soil material, compact, and reconstruct surfacing.
 - 1. Restore appearance, quality, and condition of finished surfacing to match adjacent work, and eliminate evidence of restoration to greatest extent possible.

3.20 DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AND WASTE MATERIALS

A. Remove surplus satisfactory soil and waste materials, including unsatisfactory soil, trash, and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION 31 20 00

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. References to the Standard Specifications for this section shall mean the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Roads, Bridges and Incidental Construction Form 817 supplemented and amended through the date of this project bid.
- C. 2002 Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control, DEP Bulletin 34 or as amended through the date of this project bid.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Pervious Concrete Pavement.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Shop Drawings: Indicate extent of pavement and location of contraction, construction, and isolation joints. When jointing requirements are not indicated on drawings, submit shop drawings indicating proposed joint locations. Provide edge details.
- B. Mix Design Data: Submit concrete mix designs.
 - 1. Concrete Production Facility: Submit name, address, and contact information.
 - 2. Mix Design: Submit concrete mix design, including proportions, density, water/cement ratio, source, size, void content and amount of coarse aggregate and admixtures. Mix shall be signed and sealed by a Civil or Structural Engineer currently registered in the State of CT.
 - Test Reports: Submit copies of test reports demonstrating the proposed mixes produce concrete strengths and properties specified and is suitable for the job conditions. Include tests for cement, aggregates and admixtures. Provide gradation analysis.
- C. Certificates: Submit certification of conformance to the following standards:
 - 1. Portland cement: ASTM C150.
 - 2. Aggregates: ASTM C33.
 - Aggregates: Submit evidence that the aggregate is not reactive in the presence of cement alkalis. In the
 absence of evidence, aggregate shall be tested per ASTM C289. If results of test are other than
 innocuous, aggregates shall be tested per ASTM C1567.
- D. Product Data: Submit product data, manufacturer's specifications and installation/application instructions for:
 - 1. Admixtures.
 - 2. Joint materials, including samples, 12 inches long.
 - 3. Curing materials.
 - 4. Geotextile fabric, including samples, 12 inches by 12 inches.
- E. Installer Qualifications:
 - 1. Submit evidence of successful installations of five completed projects with similar size and complexity. Provide project name, address, and contact information of Owner, Architect, and General Contractor.
 - 2. Submit National Ready-Mix Concrete Association certifications for craftsmen, installers and technicians that will be working on this installation.

- F. Base Course Materials: Crushed aggregate base (CAB) shall consist of native rock without naturally occurring asbestos or recycled materials. Contractor shall submit written documentation, which identifies the source, volume, and proposed transport date of the material for review and approval by the engineer prior to importing the material. A statement on company letterhead from the source, stamped by either a Professional Geologist or Engineer, which states that the subject materials are native rock, do not contain any recycled materials and that the source does not mine ultramafic materials, a source of natural occurring asbestos shall be included in the submittal to OEHS. Contractor may request variance from testing by Section 01 45 23 for CAB. To be considered for a variance, Contractor shall submit a documentation package, which shall include all of the aforementioned information at least 48 hours in advance of planned import.
 - 1. Product Data: Submit material source, technical information and test data for base materials. Gradation and guality certifications shall be dated within 30 days of the submittal.
 - 2. Sample: Submit Sample of proposed base course material.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications:

- Demonstrate successful installation of not less than five completed projects of pervious concrete pavement within previous three-year period.
- 2. Comply with one of the following requirements:
 - Installer shall have at least one National Ready Mixed Concrete Association (NRMCA) certified pervious concrete craftsman on site, overseeing each placement crew during concrete placement.
 - b. Installer shall have no less than three NRMCA certified pervious concrete installers, who shall be on site working as members of each placement crew during concrete placement.
 - c. Installer shall have no less than five NRMCA certified pervious concrete technicians, who shall be on site working as members of each placement crew during concrete placement.

B. Test Panel:

- Place, joint and cure test panel using mixture proportions, materials and equipment proposed for project.
 - a. Area: 50 square feet minimum.
 - b. Pavement thickness and base as indicated on drawings and specified in this section.
- 2. Test panel will be tested in accordance to Article 3.08. Test panels not meeting the requirements specified in paragraphs 3.08, B and C shall be removed and disposed at Contractor's expense. Acceptable panels may remain as part of the completed work.

C Quality Assurance

- Inspection shall be performed by a representative of a testing laboratory selected by the Owner.
 Owner will pay for inspection costs. Notify the laboratory 24 hours in advance of time concrete is to be mixed. Notify the laboratory of postponement or cancellation of mixing within at least 24 hours of scheduling time.
- 2. Contractor shall assist the testing laboratory in obtaining and handling samples at the project site and at the source of materials.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Cement: Portland Cement Type I or II conforming to ASTM C150.
- B. Aggregates:
 - 1. Coarse Aggregate: 3/8" maximum (3/8 through No. 8), washed, conforming to ASTM C33.
 - Fine Aggregate: If used, shall conform to ASTM C33.
- C. Admixtures:
 - 1. Type A, Water Reducing Admixtures per ASTM C494.
 - 2. Type B, Retarding Admixtures per ASTM C494.
 - 3. Type D, Water Reducing/Retarding Admixtures per ASTM C494.
 - 4. Hydration stabilizer shall meet the requirements of ASTM C494, Type B or D.
 - 5. Air entraining agents shall comply with ASTM C260.
 - 6. Calcium chloride admixtures shall not be used.
- D. Water: Water for concrete mixes, curing and cleaning shall be potable, free from deleterious matter and in conformance to ASTM C1602.
- E. Curing Materials: 6 mil thick polyethylene membrane per ASTM C171.
- F. Premolded Joint Filler for Isolation Joints: Preformed strips, in conformance to ASTM D994, D1751 or D1752.
- G. Base Course:
 - 1. Base Course: processed aggregate per Article M.02.02 of the Standard Specifications.

2.2 MIX DESIGN

- Furnish mix design including data for unit weights determined in accordance with ASTM C29 paragraph 11, jigging procedure.
 - Cement Content: Not less than 600 lbs/CY.
 - 2. Water/Cement Ratio: Between 0.26 to 0.35.
 - 3. Aggregate Content: Volume of aggregate per cubic yard shall be equal to 27 cubic feet when calculated as a function of the unit weight determined in accordance to ASTM C29 jigging procedure. Fine aggregate if used, should not exceed 3 cubic feet and shall be included in the total aggregate volume.
 - 4. Air voids: 18 to 22 percent.
- B. Mix shall be signed and sealed by a Civil or Structural Engineer currently registered in the State of California.
- C. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Mix and deliver in accordance with requirements of ASTM C94.
- D. Flexural Strength: 375 psi, per ASTM C78, samples shall be per ASTM C31.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SUBGRADE PREPARATION

A. Owner will retain a geotechnical engineer, as an Owner Consultant for testing, sampling and observing the work of this section.

- B. Compact subgrade per Section 312000 "Earth Moving" Excavation and Fill for Paving to 90 percent of maximum dry density per ASTM D1557. Compacted subgrade will be tested to percolation per ASTM D3385; percolation rate should be not less than 0.5 inch/hour.
- C. Do not proceed with installation of bedding until subgrade conditions are corrected.

3.2 BASE COURSE INSTALLATION

- A. Place base course and compact to a relative compaction of 90 percent per ASTM D1557. Base thickness shall be six inches and shall be placed in one layer, unless a thicker base is indicated on the drawings. When a compacted course in excess of 6 inches is indicated, place material in layers of equal thickness not less than 3 inches or more than 6. Proof roll the top surface of the completed base course. If the base course yields, or fails, remove, replace with suitable materials, and recompact materials until satisfactory.
- B. Keep traffic off of base course during construction to the maximum extent practical. Regrade and recompact disturbed subgrade. Ensure required pavement thickness is obtained throughout.
- C. Determine subgrade permeability in accordance with ASTM D3385 before concrete placement. Confirm that subgrade permeability meets requirements of Contract Documents.

3.3 FORMWORK

- A. Forms may be of wood or steel, and capable of being removed without damaging the concrete. Set, align, and brace forms so that hardened pavement meets the tolerance specified in Article 3.05.
- B. Apply form release agent to the form face which will be in contact with concrete, immediately before placing the concrete. Vertical face of concrete curbs or previously placed concrete may be used as form; form release agents are not needed for these surfaces.
- C. Concrete placement width shall not exceed 20 feet unless otherwise specified.
- D. Check and correct grade elevations and alignment of the forms immediately before placing the concrete.

3.4 BATCHING, MIXING AND DELIVERY

- A. Batch and mix in accordance with ASTM C94, except that discharge shall be completed within 60 minutes of the introduction of mixture water to the cement. Time may be increased to 90 minutes when using an extended set control admixture.
- B. Concrete mixed in transit mixer shall be mixed at the mixing speed designated by the manufacturer for minimum of 70-revolutions to a maximum of 100.
- C. Truckloads shall be visually inspected for moisture consistency. Water addition shall be permitted at the point of discharge to obtain the required mixture consistency, as needed to maintain a wet metallic sheen but without causing paste drain or exceeding the specified water-cement ratio.
- D. A minimum of 30 revolutions at the manufacturer's designated mixing speed shall be required following the addition of any water to the mixture prior to any discharge. If water is added more than three times to a load, the dosage rate of hydration stabilizing admixture should be increased in subsequent loads.
- E. Discharge shall be a continuous operation and shall be completed as quickly as possible. Concrete shall be deposited as close to its final position as practical and such that discharged concrete is incorporated into previously placed plastic concrete. If consolidation occurs during concrete discharge, placement shall be halted, the mixture shall be addressed, and the consolidated portion removed and replaced immediately.

3.5 PLACING AND FINISHING

- A. Deposit concrete directly from transporting equipment or by conveyor onto the prewetted base. Deposit concrete between the forms to an approximately uniform height.
- B. Strike off concrete between forms using a form-riding paving machine or vibrating screed. Compact and finish the pavement to the elevations and thickness specified in the drawings and to the tolerance indicated below. Surface vibration shall be controlled; hand tampers shall be used along slab edges. Edge top surface to a radius of 1/4 inch.
- C. Sweep hardened pavement before testing for compliance with tolerances. Construct pavement to meet the following tolerances:
 - 1. Elevation: plus 3/8 inch, -minus 3/8 inch under a 10 foot straightedge.
 - 2. Thickness: plus 1 ½ inches, minus 1/4 inch.
 - 3. Contraction joint depth: plus 1/4 inch, minus 0 inch.
- D. Care must be taken to prevent closing the void structure of pervious concrete.
- E. Cross rolling should be performed using the minimum number of passes required to achieve an acceptable surface. Over working the concrete surface will close voids and limit porosity.
- F. Care shall be taken during compaction that sufficient compaction force is achieved without excessively working the concrete surface that might result in sealing surface porosity.

3.6 JOINTING

- A. Spacing between contraction joints shall not exceed 20 feet or two times the width, whichever is less. Align joints of adjacent pavement panels.
- B. Contraction joint depth shall be 1/4 to 1/3 of the payement thickness. Contraction joints shall be tooled.
 - 1. Tool contraction joints to the specified depth and width in fresh concrete immediately after the concrete is compacted.
- C. Use isolation joints only where pavement abuts fixed objects such as foundations.
- D. Transverse construction joints shall be installed whenever placement is suspended for 30 minutes or whenever concrete is no longer workable

3.7 CURING

- A. Begin curing within 20 minutes of concrete discharge in accordance with ACI 522.1.
- B. Completely cover the pavement surface with a minimum 6 mil thick polyethylene sheet overlapping 12 inches minimum. Cover all exposed edges of pavement with polyethylene sheet and extend 24 inches minimum beyond pavement edges. Secure curing cover material edges with weights, use of dirt or debris is not acceptable.
- C. Cure pavement for a minimum of 7 uninterrupted days.

3.8 HOT AND COLD WEATHER CONSTRUCTION

A. When hot weather is anticipated, submit detailed procedures for the production, transportation, placement, protection, curing and temperature monitoring of concrete in accordance to ACI 305R.

B. In cold weather comply with ACI 306.1, recording concrete temperature no less than twice per 24-hour period.

3.9 TESTING

- A. Inspector or testing lab personnel will collect samples of fresh concrete in accordance with ASTM C172 during each working day.
- B. Lab personnel will perform concrete density tests in accordance with ASTM C1688. Tests will be performed at the beginning of concrete placement operation and for each 5,000 square feet to ensure that specification requirements are met. Average hardened density shall be within 5 pounds per cubic feet plus or minus of the accepted fresh density from the approved mix design.
- C. After a minimum of seven days core three hardened concrete samples in accordance with ASTM C42, for testing:
 - 1. Density in accordance with ASTM C140, paragraph 9.3:
 - a. Average hardened density shall be within 5 pounds per cubic feet plus or minus of the accepted fresh density from the approved mix design.
 - 2. Thickness in accordance to ASTM C174. Thickness tolerance:
 - a. Average compacted thickness shall not exceed ¼ inch less than specified thickness.
 - b. No single core shall exceed ½ inch less than the specified thickness.
 - Average compacted thickness shall not exceed 1-1/2 inches more than the specified thickness.
 - 3. Void Structure in accordance to ASTM C138: 15% minimum, 25% maximum, or within 4% of the specified void content indicated in the mix design.
 - 4. Visual observation shall find no clogging, paste drain down or poorly hydrated paste.
- D. Fill core holes with regular concrete meeting the pervious mix design.

3.10 CLEANING

- A. Prevent the migration of dirt, mulch or other materials and the flow of sediment-laden water onto the pavement during construction.
- B. Remove rubbish, debris and waste materials and legally dispose of off the Project site.

END OF SECTION 32 13 43

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. References to the Standard Specifications for this section shall mean the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Roads, Bridges and Incidental Construction Form 817 supplemented and amended through the date of this project bid.
- C. 2002 Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control, DEP Bulletin 34 or as amended through the date of this project bid.
- D. 2018 Connecticut State Building Code which includes 2015 International Building Code.
- E. 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design by the Department of Justice dated September 15, 2010 or as amended through the date of this project bid.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - Bluestone pavers.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 312000 "Earth Moving" for aggregate base material.

1.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
 - 1. New Bluestone Pavers.
 - 2. Joint materials.
- B. Sieve Analyses: For aggregate setting-bed materials,
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of unit paver indicated and the following:
 - 1. New Bluestone pavers.

INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

D. Material Certificates: For unit pavers. Include statements of material properties indicating compliance with requirements, including compliance with standards. Provide for each type and size of unit.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under Sample submittals, to demonstrate aesthetic effects, and to set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - 1. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store pavers on elevated platforms in a dry location. If units are not stored in an enclosed location, cover tops and sides of stacks with waterproof sheeting, securely tied.
- B. Store aggregates where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination avoided.

1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Cold-Weather Protection: Do not use frozen materials or materials mixed or coated with ice or frost. Do not build on frozen subgrade or setting beds. Remove and replace unit paver work damaged by frost or freezing.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of unit paver, joint material, and setting material from single source with resources to provide materials and products of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties.

2.2 BLUESTONE PAVERS

- A. Existing Bluestone Pavers:
 - 1. Existing bluestone shall be used for bluestone walk. Supplement existing bluestone as required.
- B. New Bluestone Pavers:
 - 1. Thickness: 2 inches.
 - 2. Face Size and Shape: Match existing bluestone.
 - 3. Color: Match existing bluestone.
 - 4. Pavers shall be natural bluestone.

2.3 AGGREGATE SETTING-BED MATERIALS

- A. Graded Aggregate for Base under pervious concrete: Processed aggregate complying with requirements in Section 312000 "Earth Moving".
- B. Sand for Leveling Course: Airport Sand with gradation requirements in Section 312000 "Earth Moving".
- C. Sand for Joints: Polymeric sand.
- D. Drainage Geotextile: Nonwoven needle-punched geotextile fabric, manufactured for subsurface drainage applications, made from polyolefins or polyesters; with elongation greater than 50 percent; complying with AASHTO M 288 and the following, measured per test methods referenced:
 - 1. Survivability: Class 2, AASHTO M 288.
 - 2. Apparent Opening Size: No. 40 (0.425-mm) sieve, maximum; ASTM D 4751.
 - 3. Permittivity: 0.5 per second, minimum; ASTM D 4491.
 - 4. UV Stability: 50 percent after 500 hours' exposure, ASTM D 4355.

2.4 ACCESSORIES

- A. Plastic Edge Restraints: High density polyethylene edge restraints.
 - 1. Acceptable products:
 - BEAST plastic paver edging #350 (<u>www.brickstopedge.com</u>).
 - b. Pave Edge Pro by Pave Tech (www.pavetech.com).
 - c. Snap Edge paver edge restraint. (www.sek.us.com).

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine surfaces indicated to receive bluestone paving, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Install existing bluestone pavers as detailed in the drawings.
- B. New pavers: Do not use bluestone pavers with chips, cracks, voids, discolorations, or other defects that might be visible or cause staining in finished work
- C. New pavers: Mix pavers from several pallets or cubes, as they are placed, to produce uniform blend of colors and textures.
- D. Cut unit pavers with motor-driven masonry saw equipment to provide clean, sharp, unchipped edges. Cut units to provide pattern indicated and to fit adjoining work neatly. Use full units without cutting where possible. Hammer cutting is not acceptable.
- E. Joint Pattern: As indicated on plans.
- E. Tolerances: Do not exceed 1/32-inch unit-to-unit offset from flush (lippage) or 1/8 inch in 10 feet from level, or indicated slope, for finished surface of paving.

- G. Provide edge restraints as indicated.
 - 1. Install edge restraints to comply with manufacturer's written instructions.

3.3 BLUESTONE PAVER INSTALLATION ON PERVIOUS CONCRETE

- A. Place drainage geotextile over pervious concrete, overlapping ends and edges at least 12 inches.
- B. Place leveling course and screed to a thickness of 2 inches, taking care that moisture content remains constant and density is loose and uniform until pavers are set and compacted.
- C. Treat leveling course with herbicide to inhibit growth of grass and weeds.
- D. Set pavers with a minimum joint width of 1/16 inch and a maximum of 1/8 inch, being careful not to disturb leveling base.
- E. Spread polymeric sand and fill joints immediately after setting pavers into leveling course. Install polymeric sand per manufacturer's recommendations.

3.4 REPAIRING

A. Remove and replace pavers that are loose, chipped, broken, stained, or otherwise damaged or that do not match adjoining units. Provide new units to match adjoining units and install in same manner as original units, with same joint treatment and with no evidence of replacement.

END OF SECTION 32 14 00

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. References to the Standard Specifications for this section shall mean the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Roads, Bridges and Incidental Construction Form 817 supplemented and amended through the date of this project bid.
- C. 2002 Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control, DEP Bulletin 34 or as amended through the date of this project bid.
- D. 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design by the Department of Justice dated September 15, 2010 or as amended through the date of this project bid.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Solid concrete pavers with openings between pavers filled with aggregate.
 - 2. Aggregate setting bed for pavers.
 - 3. Edge restraints.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 312000 "Earth Moving" for excavation and compacted subgrade.

1.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For materials other than aggregates.
- B. Product Data: For the following:
 - 1. Pavers.
 - 2. Edge restraints.
 - Geotextiles.
- C. Sieve Analyses: For aggregate materials, according to ASTM C 136.
- D. Samples:
 - 1. Full-size units of each type of unit paver indicated.
 - 2. Exposed edge restraints.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Material Certificates: For unit pavers. Include statements of material properties indicating compliance with requirements, including compliance with standards. Provide for each type and size of unit.
- B. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by a qualified testing agency, for unit pavers, indicating compliance with requirements.
 - For paving units, include durability test data based on testing according to proven field performance requirements of ASTM C 1319 performed on units subjected to three years' exposure to same general type of environment, temperature range, and traffic volume as Project.
 - 2. For paving units, include test data for freezing and thawing according to ASTM C 67.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Mockups: Build mockups to verify selections made under Sample submittals, to demonstrate aesthetic effects, and to set quality standards for materials and execution.
 - 1. Subject to compliance with requirements, approved mockups may become part of the completed Work if undisturbed at time of Substantial Completion.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store pavers on elevated platforms in a dry location. If units are not stored in an enclosed location, cover tops and sides of stacks with waterproof sheeting, securely tied.
- B. Store aggregates where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination can be avoided.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 CONCRETE UNIT PAVERS

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain pavers from single source that has resources to provide materials and products of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties.
- B. Solid Concrete Pavers for Porous Paving: Solid interlocking paving units of shapes that provide openings between units, complying with ASTM C 936/C 936M, resistant to freezing and thawing when tested according to ASTM C 67, and made from normal-weight aggregates.
 - 1. Thickness: 3-1/8 inches.
 - 2. Size and Shape: Rectangular 5 inch x 10 inch.
 - 3. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's standard color range.

C. Product:

- 1. Acceptable Pavers:
 - a. Eco-Priora by Unilock. (www.unilock.com).
 - b. Aqua-Bric IV by Ideal Pavers (www.idealconcreteblock.com).
 - c. Agua Roc II by Belgard (www.belgard.com).

2.2 ACCESSORIES

- A. Plastic Edge Restraints: High density polyethylene edge restraints.
 - 1. Acceptable products:
 - a. PermEdge permeable paver edge restraint. (<u>www.sek.us.com</u>).
 - b. BEAST plastic paver edging #350 (www.brickstopedge.com).
 - c. Pave Edge Pro by Pave Tech (www.pavetech.com).

AGGREGATE SETTING-BED MATERIALS

- A. Graded Aggregate for Subbase: Sound crushed stone or gravel complying with ASTM D 448 for Size No. 2 stone.
- B. Graded Aggregate for Base Course: Sound crushed stone or gravel complying with ASTM D 448 for Size No. 57.
- C. Sand for Leveling Course: Sound, sharp, washed, natural sand or crushed stone complying with gradation requirements in ASTM C 33/C 33M for fine aggregate.

Separation Geotextile: Woven geotextile fabric, manufactured for separation applications; made from polyolefins or polyesters, with elongation less than 50 percent; complying with AASHTO M 288 and the following, measured according to test methods referenced:

- 1. Survivability: Class 2; AASHTO M 288.
- 2. Apparent Opening Size: No. 60 (0.250-mm) sieve, maximum; ASTM D 4751.
- 3. Permittivity: 0.02 per second, minimum; ASTM D 4491.
- 4. UV Stability: 50 percent after 500 hours' exposure; ASTM D 4355.

2.4 FILL MATERIALS

- A. Aggregate Fill for Porous Paving: Graded, sound, crushed stone or gravel complying with ASTM D 448 for Size No. 8.
 - 1. Color: Color to be approved by Architect.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

A. Proof-roll prepared subgrade according to requirements in Section 312000 "Earth Moving" to identify soft pockets and areas of excess yielding. Proceed with porous paver installation only after deficient subgrades have been corrected and are ready to receive subbase and base course for porous paving.

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Do not use unit pavers with chips, cracks, voids, discolorations, and other defects that might be structurally unsound or visible in finished work.
- B. Mix pavers from several pallets or cubes, as they are placed, to produce uniform blend of colors and textures.

C. Cut unit pavers with motor-driven masonry saw equipment to provide clean, sharp, unchipped edges. Cut units to provide pattern indicated and to fit adjoining work neatly. Use full units without cutting where possible. Hammer cutting is not acceptable.

D. Tolerances:

- Variation in Plane between Adjacent Units (Lipping): Do not exceed 1/16-inch (1.5-mm) unit-to-unit offset from flush.
- 2. Variation from Level or Indicated Slope: Do not exceed 1/8 inch in 24 inches (3 mm in 600 mm) and 1/4 inch in 10 feet (6 mm in 3 m) or a maximum of 1/2 inch (13 mm).
- E. Provide edge restraints as indicated. Install edge restraints before placing unit pavers.
 - 1. Install edge restraints to comply with manufacturer's written instructions.

3.3 SETTING-BED INSTALLATION

- A. Compact subgrade uniformly to at least 95 percent of ASTM D 698 laboratory density.
- B. Proof-roll prepared subgrade to identify soft pockets and areas of excess yielding. Excavate soft spots, unsatisfactory soils, and areas of excessive pumping or rutting, as determined by Architect, and replace with compacted backfill or fill as directed.
- Place separation geotextile over prepared subgrade, overlapping ends and edges at least 12 inches (300 mm).
- D. Place aggregate subbase, compact by tamping with plate vibrator, and screed to depth indicated.
- E. Place aggregate base, compact to 100 percent of ASTM D 1557 maximum laboratory density, and screed to depth indicated.
- F. Place leveling course, and screed to a thickness of 2 to 2-1/2 inches (50 to 64 mm), taking care that moisture content remains constant and density is loose and constant until pavers are set and compacted.

3.4 PAVER INSTALLATION

- A. Set unit pavers on leveling course, being careful not to disturb leveling base. If pavers have lugs or spacer bars to control spacing, place pavers hand tight against lugs or spacer bars. If pavers do not have lugs or spacer bars, place pavers with a 1/16-inch- (1.6-mm-) minimum and 1/8-inch- (3.2-mm-) maximum joint width. Use string lines to keep straight lines. Fill gaps between units that exceed 3/8 inch (10 mm) with pieces cut to fit from full-size pavers.
 - When installation is performed with mechanical equipment, use only unit pavers with lugs or spacer bars on sides of each unit.
- B. Compact pavers into leveling course with a low-amplitude plate vibrator capable of a 3500- to 5000-lbf (16-to 22-kN) compaction force at 80 to 90 Hz. Use vibrator with neoprene mat on face of plate or other means as needed to prevent cracking and chipping of pavers. Perform at least three passes across paving with vibrator.
 - 1. Compact pavers when there is sufficient surface to accommodate operation of vibrator, leaving at least 36 inches (900 mm) of uncompacted pavers adjacent to temporary edges.
 - 2. Before ending each day's work, compact installed concrete pavers except for 36-inch (900-mm) width of uncompacted pavers adjacent to temporary edges (laying faces).

- 3. As work progresses to perimeter of installation, compact installed pavers that are adjacent to permanent edges unless they are within 36 inches (90 mm) of laying face.
- 4. Before ending each day's work and when rain interrupts work, cover pavers that have not been compacted and leveling course on which pavers have not been placed with nonstaining plastic sheets to protect them from rain.
- C. After filling pavers with soil, sow seed according to Section 329200 "Turf and Grasses," except sow seed at half the rate specified for seeding lawns. Sweep seed from surfaces of pavers into voids and water with fine spray.
 - 1. Within 24 hours after sowing seed, spread an additional 3/16 inch (4.8 mm) of uncompacted soil fill over seed and soak with water.
- D. Place graded aggregate fill immediately after vibrating pavers into leveling course. Spread and screed aggregate fill level with tops of pavers.
 - 1. Before ending each day's work, place aggregate fill in installed porous paving except for 42-inch (1067-mm) width of unfilled paving adjacent to temporary edges (laying faces).
 - 2. As work progresses to perimeter of installation, place aggregate fill in installed paving that is adjacent to permanent edges unless it is within 42 inches (1067 mm) of laying face.
 - 3. Before ending each day's work and when rain interrupts work, cover paving that has not been filled with nonstaining plastic sheets to protect it from rain.
- E. As work progresses, remove and replace pavers that are loose, chipped, broken, stained, or otherwise damaged or that do not match adjoining units. Provide new units to match adjoining units and install in same manner as original units, with same joint treatment and with no evidence of replacement.

END OF SECTION 32 14 43

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. References to the Standard Specifications for this section shall mean the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Roads, Bridges and Incidental Construction Form 817 supplemented and amended through the date of this project bid.
- C. 2002 Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control, DEP Bulletin 34 or as amended through the date of this project bid.
- D. 2018 Connecticut State Building Code which includes 2015 International Building Code.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes painted markings applied to concrete pavers.

1.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
 - 1. Review methods and procedures related to marking pavement including, but not limited to, the following:
 - a. Review requirements for protecting pavement markings, including restriction of traffic during installation period.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
 - 1. Include technical data and tested physical and performance properties.
- B. Shop Drawings: For pavement markings.
 - 1. Indicate pavement markings, colors, lane separations, defined parking spaces, and dimensions to adjacent work.
 - 2. Indicate, with international symbol of accessibility, spaces allocated for people with disabilities.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with materials, workmanship, and other applicable requirements of the Standard Specifications for pavement-marking work.
 - 1. Measurement and payment provisions and safety program submittals included in standard specifications do not apply to this Section.

1.6 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Environmental Limitations: Proceed with pavement marking only on clean, dry surfaces and at a minimum ambient or surface temperature of 55 deg F for water-based materials, and not exceeding 95 deg F.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PAVEMENT-MARKING PAINT

- A. Pavement-Marking Paint: Latex, waterborne emulsion, lead and chromate free, ready mixed, complying with FS TT-P-1952, Type II, with drying time of less than three minutes.
 - 2. Color: As indicated on plans.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that pavement is dry and in suitable condition to begin pavement marking according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Proceed with pavement marking only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PAVEMENT MARKING

- A. Do not apply pavement-marking paint until layout, colors, and placement have been verified with Architect.
- B. Allow paving to age for a minimum of 30 days before starting pavement marking.
- C. Sweep and clean surface to eliminate loose material and dust.
- D. Apply paint with mechanical equipment to produce pavement markings, of dimensions indicated, with uniform, straight edges. Apply at manufacturer's recommended rates to provide a minimum wet film thickness of 15 mils.
 - Apply graphic symbols and lettering with paint-resistant, die-cut stencils, firmly secured to pavement.
 Mask an extended area beyond edges of each stencil to prevent paint application beyond the stencil.

 Apply paint so that it cannot run beneath the stencil.

3.3 PROTECTING AND CLEANING

- A. Protect pavement markings from damage and wear during remainder of construction period.
- B. Clean spillage and soiling from adjacent construction using cleaning agents and procedures recommended by manufacturer of affected construction.

END OF SECTION 32 17 23

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. References to the Standard Specifications for this section shall mean the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Roads, Bridges and Incidental Construction Form 817 supplemented and amended through the date of this project bid.
- C. 2002 Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control, DEP Bulletin 34 or as amended through the date of this project bid.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes
 - Seeding.
 - Hydroseeding.
 - 3. Turf renovation.
 - 4. Erosion-control materials.
- B. Related Requirements:
 - 1. Section 329400 "Topsoil" for lawns.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Finish Grade: Elevation of finished surface of planting soil.
- B. Pesticide: A substance or mixture intended for preventing, destroying, repelling, or mitigating a pest. Pesticides include insecticides, miticides, herbicides, fungicides, rodenticides, and molluscicides. They also includes substances or mixtures intended for use as a plant regulator, defoliant, or desiccant.
- C. Pests: Living organisms that occur where they are not desired or that cause damage to plants, animals, or people. Pests include insects, mites, grubs, mollusks (snails and slugs), rodents (gophers, moles, and mice), unwanted plants (weeds), fungi, bacteria, and viruses.
- D. Planting Soil: Existing, on-site soil; imported soil; or manufactured soil that has been modified with soil amendments and perhaps fertilizers to produce a soil mixture best for plant growth.
- E. Subgrade: The surface or elevation of subsoil remaining after excavation is complete, or the top surface of a fill or backfill before planting soil is placed.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

A. Qualification Data: For landscape Installer.

- B. Certification of Grass Seed: From seed vendor for each grass-seed monostand or mixture, stating the botanical and common name, percentage by weight of each species and variety, and percentage of purity, germination, and weed seed. Include the year of production and date of packaging.
 - Certification of each seed mixture. Include identification of source and name and telephone number of supplier.
- C. Product Certificates: For fertilizers, from manufacturer.
- D. Pesticides and Herbicides: Product label and manufacturer's application instructions specific to Project.

1.5 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Maintenance Data: Recommended procedures to be established by Owner for maintenance of turf during a calendar year. Submit before expiration of required maintenance periods.

1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified landscape installer whose work has resulted in successful turf establishment.
 - 1. Professional Membership: Installer shall be a member in good standing of either the Professional Landcare Network or the American Nursery and Landscape Association.
 - Experience: Five years' experience in turf installation in addition to requirements in Section 014000
 "Quality Requirements."
 - 3. Installer's Field Supervision: Require Installer to maintain an experienced full-time supervisor on Project site when work is in progress.
 - Personnel Certifications: Installer's field supervisor shall have certification in one of the following categories from the Professional Landcare Network:
 - a. Landscape Industry Certified Technician Exterior.
 - b. Landscape Industry Certified Lawncare Manager.
 - c. Landscape Industry Certified Lawncare Technician.
 - 5. Pesticide Applicator: State licensed, commercial.

1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Seed and Other Packaged Materials: Deliver packaged materials in original, unopened containers showing weight, certified analysis, name and address of manufacturer, and indication of compliance with state and Federal laws, as applicable.
- B. Bulk Materials:
 - 1. Do not dump or store bulk materials near structures, utilities, walkways and pavements, or on existing turf areas or plants.
 - Provide erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of bulk materials; discharge
 of soil-bearing water runoff; and airborne dust reaching adjacent properties, water conveyance
 systems, or walkways.
 - 3. Accompany each delivery of bulk materials with appropriate certificates.

1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Planting Restrictions: Plant during one of the following periods. Coordinate planting periods with initial maintenance periods to provide required maintenance from date of **Substantial Completion**
 - 1. Spring Planting: April 15th June 15th.
 - 2. Fall Planting: Sept. 1st Oct. 15th.
- B. Weather Limitations: Proceed with planting only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit planting to be performed when beneficial and optimum results may be obtained. Apply products during favorable weather conditions according to manufacturer's written instructions.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SEED

- A. Grass Seed: Fresh, clean, dry, new-crop seed complying with the Association of Official Seed Analyst's "Rules for Testing Seeds" for purity and germination tolerances.
- B. Seed Mixes
 - 1. Quality: Seed of grass species as listed below for solar exposure, with not less than 85 percent germination, not less than 95 percent pure seed, and not more than 0.5 percent weed seed:
 - 2. Sun and Partial Shade: Proportioned by weight as follows:
 - a. 50 percent Kentucky bluegrass (Poa pratensis).
 - b. 30 percent chewings red fescue (Festuca rubra variety).
 - c. 20 percent perennial ryegrass (Lolium perenne).

2.2 FERTILIZERS

- A. Commercial Fertilizer: Commercial-grade complete fertilizer of neutral character, consisting of fast- and slow-release nitrogen, 50 percent derived from natural organic sources of urea formaldehyde, phosphorous, and potassium in the following composition:
 - Composition: 1 lb/1000 sq.ft. (0.45 kg/92.9 sq. m) of actual nitrogen, 4 percent phosphorous, and 2 percent potassium, by weight.
 - 2. Composition: Nitrogen, phosphorous, and potassium in amounts recommended in soil reports from a qualified soil-testing laboratory.
- B. Slow-Release Fertilizer: Granular or pelleted fertilizer consisting of 50 percent water-insoluble nitrogen, phosphorus, and potassium in the following composition:
 - 1. Composition: 20 percent nitrogen, 10 percent phosphorous, and 10 percent potassium, by weight.
 - 2. Composition: Nitrogen, phosphorous, and potassium in amounts recommended in soil reports from a qualified soil-testing laboratory.

2.3 MULCHES

- A. Straw Mulch: Provide air-dry, clean, mildew- and seed-free, salt hay or threshed straw of wheat, rye, oats, or barley.
- B. Sphagnum Peat Mulch: Partially decomposed sphagnum peat moss, finely divided or of granular texture, and with a pH range of 3.4 to 4.8.

- C. Muck Peat Mulch: Partially decomposed moss peat, native peat, or reed-sedge peat, finely divided or of granular texture, with a pH range of 6 to 7.5, and having a water-absorbing capacity of 1100 to 2000 percent, and containing no sand.
- D. Compost Mulch: Well-composted, stable, and weed-free organic matter, pH range of 5.5 to 8; moisture content 35 to 55 percent by weight; 100 percent passing through 1-inch (25-mm) sieve; soluble salt content of 2 to 5 decisiemens/m; not exceeding 0.5 percent inert contaminants and free of substances toxic to plantings; and as follows:
 - 1. Organic Matter Content: 50 to 60percent of dry weight.
 - 2. Feedstock: Agricultural, food, or industrial residuals; biosolids; yard trimmings; or source-separated or compostable mixed solid waste.
- E. Fiber Mulch: Biodegradable, dyed-wood, cellulose-fiber mulch; nontoxic and free of plant-growth or germination inhibitors; with a maximum moisture content of 15 percent and a pH range of 4.5 to 6.5.
- F. Nonasphaltic Tackifier: Colloidal tackifier recommended by fiber-mulch manufacturer for slurry application; nontoxic and free of plant-growth or germination inhibitors.
- G. Asphalt Emulsion: ASTM D 977, Grade SS-1; nontoxic and free of plant-growth or germination inhibitors.

2.4 PESTICIDES

- A. General: Pesticide, registered and approved by the EPA, acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and of type recommended by manufacturer for each specific problem and as required for Project conditions and application. Do not use restricted pesticides unless authorized in writing by authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Pre-Emergent Herbicide (Selective and Nonselective): Effective for controlling the germination or growth of weeds within planted areas at the soil level directly below the mulch layer.
- C. Post-Emergent Herbicide (Selective and Nonselective): Effective for controlling weed growth that has already germinated.

2.5 EROSION-CONTROL MATERIALS

- A. Erosion-Control Blankets: Biodegradable wood excelsior, straw, or coconut-fiber mat enclosed in a photodegradable plastic mesh. Include manufacturer's recommended steel wire staples, 6 inches (150 mm) long.
- B. Erosion-Control Fiber Mesh: Biodegradable burlap or spun-coir mesh, a minimum of 0.92 lb/sq. yd. (0.5 kg/sq. m), with 50 to 65 percent open area. Include manufacturer's recommended steel wire staples, 6 inches (150 mm) long.
- C. Erosion-Control Mats: Cellular, nonbiodegradable slope-stabilization mats designed to isolate and contain small areas of soil over steeply sloped surface, of 3-inch nominal mat thickness. Include manufacturer's recommended anchorage system for slope conditions.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

A. Examine areas to be planted for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting installation and performance of the Work.

- 1. Verify that no foreign or deleterious material or liquid such as paint, paint washout, concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, oils, gasoline, diesel fuel, paint thinner, turpentine, tar, roofing compound, or acid has been deposited in soil within a planting area.
- 2. Suspend planting operations during periods of excessive soil moisture until the moisture content reaches acceptable levels to attain the required results.
- 3. Uniformly moisten excessively dry soil that is not workable or dusty.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
- C. If contamination by foreign or deleterious material or liquid is present in soil within a planting area, remove the soil and contamination as directed by Engineer and replace with new planting soil.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Protect structures; utilities; sidewalks; pavements; and other facilities, trees, shrubs, and plantings from damage caused by planting operations.
 - 1. Protect adjacent and adjoining areas from hydroseeding and hydromulching overspray.
 - 2. Protect grade stakes set by others until directed to remove them.
- B. Install erosion-control measures to prevent erosion or displacement of soils and discharge of soil-bearing water runoff or airborne dust to adjacent properties and walkways.

3.3 TURF AREA PREPARATION

- A. Limit subgrade preparation to areas that will be planted in the immediate future.
- B. Loosen subgrade to a minimum depth of 4 inches. Remove stones larger than 1-1/2 inches in any dimension and sticks, roots, rubbish, and other extraneous materials.
- C. Spread planting soil mixture to depth required to meet thickness, grades, and elevations shown, after light rolling and natural settlement. Do not spread if planting soil or subgrade is frozen.
 - 1. Place approximately 1/2 the thickness of planting soil mixture required. Work into top of loosened subgrade to create a transition layer and then place remainder of planting soil mixture.
 - 2. Allow for sod thickness in areas to be sodded.
- D. Preparation of Unchanged Grades: Where lawns are to be planted in areas unaltered or undisturbed by excavating, grading, or surface soil stripping operations, prepare soil as follows:
 - 1. Remove and dispose of existing grass, vegetation, and turf. Do not turn over into soil being prepared for lawns.
 - 2. Till surface soil to a depth of at least 6 inches. Apply required soil amendments and initial fertilizers and mix thoroughly into top 4 inches of soil. Trim high areas and fill in depressions. Till soil to a homogenous mixture of fine texture.
 - 3. Clean surface soil of roots, plants, sods, stones, clay lumps, and other extraneous materials harmful to plant growth.
 - 4. Remove waste material, including grass, vegetation, and turf, and legally dispose of it off the Owner's property.
- E. Grade lawn and grass areas to a smooth, even surface with loose, uniformly fine texture. Roll and rake, remove ridges, and fill depressions to meet finish grades. Limit fine grading to areas that can be planted in the immediate future. Remove trash, debris, stones larger than 3/4 inches in any dimension, and other objects that may interfere with planting or maintenance operations.

- F. Moisten prepared lawn areas before planting when soil is dry. Water thoroughly and allow surface to dry before planting. Do not create muddy soil.
- G. Restore prepared areas if eroded or otherwise disturbed after fine grading and before planting.

3.4 PREPARATION FOR EROSION-CONTROL MATERIALS

- A. Prepare area as specified in "Turf Area Preparation" Article.
- B. For erosion-control mats, install planting soil in two lifts, with second lift equal to thickness of erosion-control mats. Install erosion-control mat and fasten as recommended by material manufacturer.
- C. Fill cells of erosion-control mat with planting soil and compact before planting.
- D. For erosion-control blanket or mesh, install from top of slope, working downward, and as recommended by material manufacturer for site conditions. Fasten as recommended by material manufacturer.
- E. Moisten prepared area before planting if surface is dry. Water thoroughly and allow surface to dry before planting. Do not create muddy soil.

3.5 SEEDING

- A. Sow seed with spreader or seeding machine. Do not broadcast or drop seed when wind velocity exceeds 5 mph (8 km/h).
 - 1. Evenly distribute seed by sowing equal quantities in two directions at right angles to each other.
 - 2. Do not use wet seed or seed that is moldy or otherwise damaged.
 - 3. Do not seed against existing trees. Limit extent of seed to outside edge of planting saucer.
- B. Sow seed at a total rate of 5 to 8 lbs/1000 sq. ft
- C. Rake seed lightly into top 1/8 inch of soil, roll lightly, and water with fine spray.
- D. Protect seeded areas with slopes exceeding 1:4 with erosion-control blanket and 1:6 with erosion-control fiber mesh installed and stapled according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Protect seeded areas with erosion-control mats where indicated on Drawings; install and anchor according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- F. Protect seeded areas with slopes not exceeding 1:6 by spreading straw mulch. Spread uniformly at a minimum rate of 2 tons/acre to form a continuous blanket 1-1/2 inches in loose thickness over seeded areas. Spread by hand, blower, or other suitable equipment.
 - Anchor straw mulch by crimping into soil with suitable mechanical equipment.
 - 2. Bond straw mulch by spraying with asphalt emulsion at a rate of 10 to 13 gal./1000 sq. ft. Take precautions to prevent damage or staining of structures or other plantings adjacent to mulched areas. Immediately clean damaged or stained areas.

3.6 HYDROSEEDING

- A. Hydroseeding: Mix specified seed, commercial fertilizer, and fiber mulch in water, using equipment specifically designed for hydroseed application. Continue mixing until uniformly blended into homogeneous slurry suitable for hydraulic application.
 - 1. Mix slurry with nonasphaltic tackifier.

Spray-apply slurry uniformly to all areas to be seeded in a one-step process. Apply slurry at a rate so that mulch component is deposited at not less than 1500-lb/acre dry weight, and seed component is deposited at not less than the specified seed-sowing rate.

3.7 TURF RENOVATION

- A. Renovate existing turf where indicated.
- B. Renovate turf damaged by Contractor's operations, such as storage of materials or equipment and movement of vehicles.
 - 1. Reestablish turf where settlement or washouts occur or where minor regrading is required.
 - 2. Install new planting soil as required.
- C. Remove sod and vegetation from diseased or unsatisfactory turf areas; do not bury in soil.
- D. Remove topsoil containing foreign materials, such as oil drippings, fuel spills, stones, gravel, and other construction materials resulting from Contractor's operations, and replace with new planting soil.
- E. Mow, dethatch, core aerate, and rake existing turf.
- F. Remove weeds before seeding. Where weeds are extensive, apply selective herbicides as required. Do not use pre-emergence herbicides.
- G. Remove waste and foreign materials, including weeds, soil cores, grass, vegetation, and turf, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.
- H. Till stripped, bare, and compacted areas thoroughly to a soil depth of 6 inches.
- I. Apply soil amendments and fertilizer required for establishing new turf and mix thoroughly into top 4 inches of existing soil. Install new planting soil to fill low spots and meet finish grades.
 - 1. Soil Amendment(s): according to requirements of Section 329400 "Topsoil."
 - 2. Fertilizer: according to requirements of Section 329400 "Topsoil.".
- J. Apply seed and protect with straw mulch as required for new turf.
- K. Water newly planted areas and keep moist until new turf is established.

3.8 TURF MAINTENANCE

- A. General: Maintain and establish turf by watering, fertilizing, weeding, mowing, trimming, replanting, and performing other operations as required to establish healthy, viable turf. Roll, regrade, and replant bare or eroded areas and remulch to produce a uniformly smooth turf. Provide materials and installation the same as those used in the original installation.
 - 1. Fill in as necessary soil subsidence that may occur because of settling or other processes. Replace materials and turf damaged or lost in areas of subsidence.
 - 2. In areas where mulch has been disturbed by wind or maintenance operations, add new mulch and anchor as required to prevent displacement.
 - Apply treatments as required to keep turf and soil free of pests and pathogens or disease. Use integrated pest management practices whenever possible to minimize the use of pesticides and reduce hazards.
- B. Watering: Install and maintain temporary piping, hoses, and turf-watering equipment to convey water from sources and to keep turf uniformly moist to a depth of 4 inches.

- 1. Schedule watering to prevent wilting, puddling, erosion, and displacement of seed or mulch. Lay out temporary watering system to avoid walking over muddy or newly planted areas.
- Water turf with fine spray at a minimum rate of 1 inch per week unless rainfall precipitation is adequate.
- C. Mow turf as soon as top growth is tall enough to cut. Repeat mowing to maintain specified height without cutting more than one-third of grass height. Remove no more than one-third of grass-leaf growth in initial or subsequent mowings. Do not delay mowing until grass blades bend over and become matted. Do not mow when grass is wet. Schedule initial and subsequent mowings to maintain the following grass height:
 - 1. Mow grass to a height of 2 to 3 inches.
- D. Turf Postfertilization: Apply fertilizer after initial mowing and when grass is dry.
 - 1. Use fertilizer that provides actual nitrogen of at least 1 lb/1000 sq. ft. to turf area.

3.9 SATISFACTORY TURF

- A. Turf installations shall meet the following criteria as determined by Landscape Architect:
 - 1. Satisfactory Seeded Turf: At end of maintenance period, a healthy, uniform, close stand of grass has been established, free of weeds and surface irregularities, with coverage exceeding 90 percent over any area and bare spots not exceeding 5 by 5 inches.
- B. Use specified materials to reestablish turf that does not comply with requirements, and continue maintenance until turf is satisfactory.

3.10 PESTICIDE APPLICATION

- A. Apply pesticides and other chemical products and biological control agents according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction and manufacturer's written recommendations. Coordinate applications with Owner's operations and others in proximity to the Work. Notify Owner before each application is performed.
- B. Post-Emergent Herbicides (Selective and Nonselective): Apply only as necessary to treat alreadygerminated weeds and according to manufacturer's written recommendations.

3.11 CLEANUP AND PROTECTION

- A. Promptly remove soil and debris created by turf work from paved areas. Clean wheels of vehicles before leaving site to avoid tracking soil onto roads, walks, or other paved areas.
- B. Remove surplus soil and waste material, including excess subsoil, unsuitable soil, trash, and debris, and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.
- C. Erect temporary fencing or barricades and warning signs as required to protect newly planted areas from traffic. Maintain fencing and barricades throughout initial maintenance period and remove after plantings are established.
- D. Remove nondegradable erosion-control measures after grass establishment period.

3.12 MAINTENANCE SERVICE

- A. Turf Maintenance Service: Provide full maintenance by skilled employees of landscape Installer. Maintain as required in "Turf Maintenance" Article. Begin maintenance immediately after each area is planted and continue until acceptable turf is established, but for not less than the following periods:
 - 1. Seeded Turf: 60 days from date of Substantial Completion.
 - a. When initial maintenance period has not elapsed before end of planting season, or if turf is not fully established, continue maintenance during next planting season.

END OF SECTION 32 92 00

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. References to the Standard Specifications for this section shall mean the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Roads, Bridges and Incidental Construction Form 817 supplemented and amended through the date of this project bid.
- C. 2002 Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control, DEP Bulletin 34 or as amended through the date of this project bid.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Testing, amending, placing and finish grading all stockpiled and borrow topsoil.
 - 2. Provide all borrow topsoil necessary to properly complete all lawn and planting operations.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 31 Section "Site Clearing" for topsoil stripping.
 - 2. Division 31 Section "Earth Moving" for site earthwork.
 - 3. Division 32 Section "Turf and Grasses" for plantings.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Topsoil:
 - 1. Source: The sources and use of the topsoil prior to stripping shall be known and documented. Pesticide use on the site shall be documented and provided to the Owner. Soils with a known use of residual (preemergence) herbicide within two years of stripping are not acceptable.
 - Testing: Representative samples of borrow topsoil and stockpiled topsoil shall be completely analyzed/tested to determine:
 - a. Nutrient analysis using the Modified Morgan extractant for soil available P, K, Ca, and Mg.
 - b. Soil pH.
 - c. Organic content determined by loss of weight on ignition.
 - d. Particle size analysis sand, silt, and clay analysis shall be determined using the hydrometer method of particle size analysis with size fractions based upon size limits established by USDA.
 - 3. Before delivery of any borrow topsoil, furnish the Engineer with a 5 gallon sample of material.
 - Topsoil testing costs shall be borne by the Contractor. At least 3 tests shall be taken from each source, and from onsite materials. Provide a minimum of 3 tests per 1,000 cy delivered/amended at site.
 - Testing laboratory shall be approved by the Owner and Engineer, whose costs shall be borne by the Contractor.
- B. Product Certificates: For soil amendments and fertilizers, signed by product manufacturer.

- C. Qualification Data: Landscape installer qualifications: A qualified landscape installer, having completed similar projects in the last 10 years.
 - 1. Installer's Field Supervision: Require Installer to maintain an experienced full-time supervisor on Project site when planting is in progress.
- D. Soil-Testing Fields Laboratory Qualifications: An independent laboratory, recognized by the State Department of Agriculture, with the experience and capability to conduct the testing indicated and that specializes in types of tests to be performed.
- E. Fill Sampling: Prior to placement of fill material on site, representative samples will be collected and analyzed to verify the fill material meets the Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection (CTDEP) and Remediation Standard Regulations (RSRs) requirements. Samples shall be collected from the source area of the proposed fill prior to excavation and delivery of the fill. Sample analysis frequency will be equal to or greater than 1 sample per 500 cubic yards of fill.
- F. If more than one source of fill will be used, at least one (1) fill sample shall be collected and laboratory analyzed from each source (even if less than 500 cubic yards of material is obtained from the source).
- G. Samples being collected for analysis of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) will not be composited or mixed.
 - 1. Fill samples will be analyzed by a Connecticut Department of Public Health certified laboratory for the following constituents:
 - VOCs per EPA Method 8260B;
 - Extractable Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (ETPH) per CTDEP approved method;
 - Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon (PAHs) compounds per EPA Method 8270C;
 - Mass and Synthetic Precipitation Leaching Procedure (SPLP) 8 RCRA metals per EPA Methods 6010 and 7471; and
 - Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) per EPA Method 8082.
 - 2. The analyses of the fill samples will be evaluated by the Engineer and the fill will not be transported to the site or used on site unless the results demonstrate compliance with the applicable RSR criteria for the site, which are the Residential Direct Exposure Criteria (DEC) and the GA Pollutant Mobility Criteria (PMC). The material must be approved by the Engineer prior to delivery to the site.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

A. Submit topsoil test results to the Engineer for review. The Engineer will be the sole judge of acceptability.

1.5 PRODUCT HANDLING

A. Coordinate delivery of borrow topsoil such that it is placed as delivered and no stockpiling is required.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 BORROW TOPSOIL FOR GENERAL PLANTING AND LOAM AND SEED AREAS

A. Texture

1. Shall be a sandy loam as per USDA Soil Classification as determined by laboratory particle size analysis, with the following additional particle size limits:

Sand – minimum 60 % by weight, maximum 70%. Silt – between 10 and 30 %. Clay – between 5 and 15 % by weight.

- 2. Topsoil shall not contain materials harmful to plant life, to be clean, fertile, friable, and well draining. All topsoil to be free of any subsoil earth clods, sods, stones over ¾" in any dimension, sticks, roots, weeds, litter and other deleterious material.
- 3. Coarse Fragments: Topsoil must pass through a 1"-inch mesh and be free of stones and other foreign materials that are retained by the screen. Gravel between 2 mm and 9.5 mm shall not exceed 5 percent by weight.
- 4. Topsoil Source: Obtain topsoil displaced from naturally well-drained sites where topsoil occurs at least 4 inches deep; do not obtain from bogs or marshes.
- 5. Nutrient levels shall be achieved by the Contractor's addition of amendments to the topsoil to meet the optimum nutrient levels specified in the testing laboratory report.

B. Permeability

1. The finished topsoil product must possess a permeability of between 0.5 and 3 inches per hour when compacted to 80% of maximum as determined by a standard Proctor test. Testing results shall be provided for review.

C. Organic Matter

- 1. Topsoil shall be uniform in quality and texture and contain organic matter and mineral elements necessary for sustaining healthy plant growth.
- Topsoil shall have the following optimum ranges unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.
 Organic Matter Content 6-8%
- D. Soil Reaction: pH 6 -7

E. Organic Amendments

- 1. Acceptable organic materials to achieve the organic matter range include commercially prepared compost with the following characteristics.
 - a. Minimum fiber as retained by a 150 mm sieve: 60%
 - b. Maximum mineral content: 15%
 - c. Commercial Compost
 - d. Minimum organic matter content: 50%
 - e. Carbon-nitrogen ration: 20 to 30
 - f. Particle size: <3/8"
 - g. Metals: Not to exceed state standards for biosolids
- F. Metals: Metals shall not exceed state standards for agricultural soils.

G. Sand Amendments

 Sand required to achieve the specified permeability for topsoil should meet ASTM Standard C33, Concrete Sand, and possess a Coefficient of Uniformity less than 4 and a Fineness Modulus between 2.7 and 3.2

2.2 STOCKPILED TOPSOIL FOR GENERAL PLANTING AND LOAM AND SEED AREAS

- A. Topsoil shall meet requirements of paragraph 2.1 above shall be screened to remove all foreign matter and debris.
- B. Material must be approved for use prior to installation.
- C. Provide all amendments as noted in 2.1 above (sand, organics, composts, etc.) to stockpiled topsoil if needed to bring topsoil in conformance with project requirements. Test after application of amendments.

2.3 INORGANIC SOIL AMENDMENTS

- A. Lime: ASTM C 602, agricultural limestone containing a minimum 80 percent calcium carbonate equivalent and as follows:
 - 1. Class: Class T, with a minimum 99 percent passing through No. 8 sieve and a minimum 75 percent passing through No. 60 sieve.
 - 2. Provide lime in form of ground limestone.
- B. Perlite: Horticultural perlite, soil amendment grade.
 - 1. Agricultural Gypsum: Finely ground, containing a minimum of 90 percent calcium sulfate.

2.4 PLANTING SOIL MIX

- A. Planting Soil Mix: Mix topsoil with the following soil amendments and fertilizers in the following quantities.
 - 1. Ratio of Loose Compost to Topsoil by Volume: as per testing laboratory results
 - 2. Ratio of Loose Peat to Topsoil by Volume: as per testing laboratory results
 - 3. Weight of Lime per 1000 Sq. Ft: as per testing laboratory results
 - 4. Weight of Aluminum Sulfate per 1000 Sq. Ft.: as per testing laboratory results
 - 5. Weight of Agricultural Gypsum per 1000 Sq. Ft. as per testing laboratory results
 - 6. Volume of Sand Plus 10 Percent per 1000 Sq. Ft. as per testing laboratory results
 - 7. Weight of Commercial Fertilizer per 1000 Sq. Ft. as per testing laboratory results.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 SHAPING AND GRADING OF SUBSOIL AT ALL LAWN AREAS

- A. After rough grading has been completed, shape and grade lawn subgrade areas to lines and levels as noted on the drawings and as required based on total amounts of approved topsoil to allow placement of uniform depth of topsoil. Adjustments may be necessary due to field conditions. Provide all shaping adjustments at no additional cost to the Owner.
- B. Harrow or otherwise loosen the subgrade soil to 12" depth if required to correct for over compaction. Scarify subgrade prior to installation of topsoil.
- C. After shaping of lawn subgrades remove all sticks, stones, or foreign material two (2) inches or greater in dimension. Remove debris and stone off-site.

3.2 TOPSOIL SPREADING

- A. Once approved, no vehicular traffic will be allowed on finish subgrade. Topsoil will not be permitted to be spread until topsoil test reports have been submitted and approved. Topsoil shall not be delivered or worked in a frozen or muddy condition.
- B. All topsoil, onsite or offsite, shall be screened to assure appropriate size distribution and mixing of amendment materials such as organics or sand.
 - 1. Other mixing methodologies shall be reviewed with the Engineer.
- C. Uniformly distribute and spread topsoil over all graded lawn areas to conform smoothly to the lines, grades, and elevations shown or otherwise required. All lawn areas to have a minimum of six (6) inches of topsoil after finished installation. All approved stockpiled topsoil is to be spread unless otherwise directed by the Engineer. Maintain consistent depths of material throughout the project area.
 - 1. Manually supply topsoil around all trees to remain. Avoid damage to root systems.
 - 2. Uniform topsoil layer is critical.
- D. Re-supply and place topsoil to eroded, settled or damaged areas until all lawn areas are stabilized. Care shall be taken not to damage grass or pavement areas in the replacement to topsoil.

3.3 PROTECTION

- A. Remove weeds prior to lawn development operations. No weeds shall be allowed to go to seed.
- B. Keep heavy equipment, trucks, etc. off topsoil areas at all times.
- C. If compaction occurs, scarify to the full depth of the topsoil and regrade topsoil.
- D. Utilize only low bearing equipment for field work.
- E. Equipment is not permitted on the field when the field is wet or damp.

3.4 EXCESS TOPSOIL

- A. Material approved for reuse but not required to be installed remains the property of the Owner and shall be deposited at a location designated by the Owner.
- B. Material not approved for reuse remains the property of the Contractor and is to be removed from the site.

END OF SECTION 32 94 00

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. References to the Standard Specifications for this section shall mean the State of Connecticut Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Roads, Bridges and Incidental Construction Form 817 supplemented and amended through the date of this project bid.
- C. 2002 Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control, DEP Bulletin 34 or as amended through the date of this project bid.
- D. 2018 Connecticut State Building Code which includes 2015 International Building Code.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
 - 1. Pipe and fittings.
 - 2. Nonpressure transition couplings.

1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings:
 - 1. Pipes and fittings.

1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Show pipe sizes, locations, and elevations.
- B. Product Certificates: For each type of pipe and fitting, from manufacturer.
- C. Field quality-control reports.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Do not store plastic pipe, and fittings in direct sunlight.
- B. Protect pipe, pipe fittings, and seals from dirt and damage.

1.6 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Interruption of Existing Storm Drainage Service: Do not interrupt service to facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary service according to requirements indicated:
 - 1. Do not proceed with interruption of service without Owner's written permission.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 HDPE PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Corrugated HDPE Drainage Pipe and Fittings NPS 3 to NPS 10: AASHTO M 252M, Type S, with smooth waterway for coupling joints.
 - 1. Soiltight Couplings: AASHTO M 252M, corrugated, matching tube and fittings.

2.2 PVC PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. PVC Type PSM Sewer Piping:
 - 1. Pipe: ASTM D 3034, SDR 35, PVC Type PSM, ASTM F789 Type PS-46, sewer pipe with bell-and-spigot ends for gasketed joints.
 - 2. Fittings: ASTM D 3034, PVC with bell ends.
 - 3. Gaskets: ASTM F 477, elastomeric seals.

2.3 NONPRESSURE TRANSITION COUPLINGS

- A. Comply with ASTM C 1173, elastomeric, sleeve-type, reducing or transition coupling, for joining underground nonpressure piping. Include ends of same sizes as piping to be joined, and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.
- B. Sleeve Materials:
 - 1. For Concrete Pipes: ASTM C 443, rubber.
 - 2. For Cast-Iron Soil Pipes: ASTM C 564, rubber.
 - 3. For Plastic Pipes: ASTM F 477, elastomeric seal or ASTM D 5926, PVC.
 - 4. For Dissimilar Pipes: ASTM D 5926, PVC or other material compatible with pipe materials being joined.

C. Shielded, Flexible Couplings:

1. Description: ASTM C 1460, elastomeric or rubber sleeve with full-length, corrosion-resistant outer shield and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.

2.4 CLEANOUTS

- A. Plastic Cleanouts:
 - 1. Description: PVC body with PVC threaded plug. Include PVC sewer pipe fitting and riser to cleanout of same material as sewer piping.

EXECUTION

3.1 EARTHWORK

A. Excavation, trenching, and backfilling are specified in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."

3.2 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. General Locations and Arrangements: Drawing plans and details indicate general location and arrangement of underground storm drainage piping. Location and arrangement of piping layout take into account design considerations. Install piping as indicated, to extent practical. Where specific installation is not indicated, follow piping manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Install piping beginning at low point, true to grades and alignment indicated with unbroken continuity of invert. Place bell ends of piping facing upstream. Install gaskets, seals, sleeves, and couplings according to manufacturer's written instructions for use of lubricants, cements, and other installation requirements.
- C. Install proper size increasers, reducers, and couplings where different sizes or materials of pipes and fittings are connected. Reducing size of piping in direction of flow is prohibited.
- D. When installing pipe under streets or other obstructions that cannot be disturbed, use pipe-jacking process of microtunneling.
- E. Install gravity-flow, nonpressure drainage piping according to the following:
 - 1. Install piping pitched down in direction of flow.
 - 2. Install piping with 36-inch minimum cover unless otherwise noted on the plans.
 - 3. Install PE corrugated sewer piping according to ASTM D 2321.
 - 4. Install PVC cellular-core piping according to ASTM D 2321 and ASTM F 1668.
 - 5. Install PVC sewer piping according to ASTM D 2321 and ASTM F 1668.

3.3 PIPE JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Join gravity-flow, nonpressure drainage piping according to the following:
 - 1. Join corrugated PE piping according to ASTM D 3212 for push-on joints.
 - 2. Join PVC cellular-core piping according to ASTM D 2321 and ASTM F 891 for solvent-cemented joints.
 - 3. Join PVC corrugated sewer piping according to ASTM D 2321 for elastomeric-seal joints.
 - 4. Join PVC sewer piping according to ASTM D 2321 and ASTM D 3034 for elastomeric-seal joints or ASTM D 3034 for elastomeric-gasketed joints.
 - 5. Join PVC profile gravity sewer piping according to ASTM D 2321 for elastomeric-seal joints or ASTM F 794 for gasketed joints.

6. Join dissimilar pipe materials with nonpressure-type flexible couplings.

3.4 CLEANOUT INSTALLATION

- A. Install cleanouts and riser extensions from pipes to cleanouts at grade.
 - 1. Use Light-Duty, top-loading classification cleanouts in earth or unpaved foot-traffic.
 - 2. Use Medium-Duty, top-loading classification cleanouts in paved foot-traffic.

3.5 STORMWATER INLET AND OUTLET INSTALLATION

- A. Construct riprap of stone, as indicated.
- B. Install outlets that spill onto grade, with flared end sections that match pipe, where indicated.
- C. Construct energy dissipaters at outlets, as indicated.

3.6 CONNECTIONS

- A. Pipe couplings, expansion joints, and deflection fittings with pressure ratings at least equal to piping rating may be used in applications below unless otherwise indicated.
 - 1. Use nonpressure-type flexible couplings where required to join gravity-flow, nonpressure sewer piping unless otherwise indicated.
 - a. Shielded flexible couplings for same or minor difference OD pipes.
 - b. Unshielded, increaser/reducer-pattern, flexible couplings for pipes with different OD.
 - c. Ring-type flexible couplings for piping of different sizes where annular space between smaller piping's OD and larger piping's ID permits installation.
 - 2. Use pressure-type pipe couplings for force-main joints.

3.7 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Inspect interior of piping to determine whether line displacement or other damage has occurred. Inspect after approximately 24 inches of backfill is in place, and again at completion of Project.
 - 1. Submit separate reports for each system inspection.
 - 2. Defects requiring correction include the following:
 - a. Alignment: Less than full diameter of inside of pipe is visible between structures.
 - b. Deflection: Flexible piping with deflection that prevents passage of ball or cylinder of size not less than 92.5 percent of piping diameter.
 - c. Damage: Crushed, broken, cracked, or otherwise damaged piping.
 - d. Infiltration: Water leakage into piping.
 - e. Exfiltration: Water leakage from or around piping.
 - 3. Replace defective piping using new materials, and repeat inspections until defects are within allowances specified.
 - 4. Reinspect and repeat procedure until results are satisfactory.

- B. Test new piping systems, and parts of existing systems that have been altered, extended, or repaired, for leaks and defects.
 - 1. Do not enclose, cover, or put into service before inspection and approval.
 - 2. Test completed piping systems according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
 - 3. Schedule tests and inspections by authorities having jurisdiction with at least 24 hours' advance notice.
 - 4. Submit separate report for each test.
 - 5. Gravity-Flow Storm Drainage Piping: Test according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction, UNI-B-6, and the following:
 - a. Exception: Piping with soil tight joints unless required by authorities having jurisdiction.
 - b. Option: Test plastic piping according to ASTM F 1417.
 - c. Option: Test concrete piping according to ASTM C 924.
- C. Leaks and loss in test pressure constitute defects that must be repaired.
- D. Replace leaking piping using new materials and repeat testing until leakage is within allowances specified.

3.8 CLEANING

A. Clean interior of piping of dirt and superfluous materials Flush with water.

END OF SECTION 33 41 00

REPORT

PRE-RENOVATION INVESTIGATIVE SURVEY FOR ASBESTOSCONTAINING MATERIALS AND LEAD BASED PAINT ERIC SLOANE MUSEUM KENT, CONNECTICUT

Project No. 18-RR-HAZ-01 DPW No. 23796

Prepared for

State of Connecticut
Department of Administration Services
Division of Construction Services

Hartford, Connecticut

Prepared by

TRC

Windsor, Connecticut

September 10, 2018

PRE-RENOVATION INVESTIGATIVE SURVEY FOR ASBESTOS-CONTAINING MATERIALS AND LEAD BASED PAINT ERIC SLOANE MUSEUM KENT, CONNECTICUT

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Prepared by TRC Windsor, Connecticut

> Donald LePage Project Manager

the Mary Francis

Donald Le Page

Edmund J. Burke, P.E. Engineer in Charge

TRC Project No. 309030-0000-0000 September 10, 2018

TRÇ

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

On July 11, 2018 TRC of Windsor, Connecticut conducted an inspection for suspect asbestos-containing materials (ACM) and lead based paint (LBP) at the Eric Sloane Museum in Kent, Connecticut. The inspection was initiated prior to planned renovation activities in accordance with USEPA Asbestos National Emissions Standard for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPS) requirements.

The scope of the inspection was limited to the areas to be impacted by renovation activities at the subject building. A Connecticut licensed asbestos inspector from TRC conducted the inspection in accordance with USEPA AHERA protocols and ASTM Standard E2356-04. Bulk samples of suspect materials were collected and analyzed via polarized light microscopy (PLM) and/or PLM gravimetric analysis methods at a CTDPH/NVLAP accredited laboratory. ACM was identified as black roof flashing tar and light grey chalky exterior window glazing in the subject area.

On August 9, 2018 a Connecticut licensed asbestos inspector from TRC returned to the site to perform core drilling in order to inspect vaper barrier material under concrete in the restrooms and Reception area. The material was found to be negative via PLM and PLM gravimetric analysis methods. ACM to be impacted by renovation activities must be removed prior to disturbance in accordance with OSHA, USEPA, CTDPH, and CTDEEP standards for asbestos abatement/disposal. Detailed results of the asbestos survey can be found in Tables 1-3 and Appendices A through D.

A Connecticut licensed lead inspector from TRC conducted a LBP survey throughout the interior and exterior of the subject building and high levels (>1.0 mg/cm²) of lead paint were identified on the wood ceiling and posts in the Studio area. Lower levels (<1.0 mg/cm²) of lead paint were also identified in the Studio as well as the Main Gallery wall that is scheduled for impact. Exposure levels for lead in the construction industry are regulated by OSHA 29 CFR 1926.62. Construction activities disturbing surfaces containing lead paint which are likely to be employed, such as grinding, cutting, and demolishing, has been known to expose workers to airborne levels of lead in excess of the permissible exposure limit (PEL). The Contractor shall conduct demolition work in conformance with

the OSHA regulations, utilizing engineering controls and personal protective equipment. In addition, disposal of construction waste containing lead paint is subject to regulation under both the CTDEEP Hazardous and Special Waste Management (22a-209-1 through 16; 22a-449(c)-11; 22a-449(c)-13; 22a-449(c)-100 through 110; and 22a-454) and USEPA RCRA Hazardous Waste Management (40 CFR Parts 260 through 274) regulations. However, scrap metal is exempt from regulation under the CTDEEP/USEPA Hazardous Waste Regulations provided it is properly recycled. The Contractor shall recycle any lead painted scrap metal at an approved scrap metal recycling facility. Detailed results of the lead survey can be found in Table 4 and Appendix F.

PROJECT OUTLINE

Project Address: Eric Sloane Museum

31 Kent Cornwall Road, Kent, CT

DAS Contract No. 13PSX0017

DCS Project Manager: Michael Sanders

DCS Project No.: 18-RR-HAZ-01

DCS Building No: 23796

TRC Project No.: 309030-0000-0000

TRC Project Manager: Don LePage

Asbestos Inspector: Jonathan Gentile (LIC #000603)

Michael Kostruba (LIC #000315) Hilton Hernandez (LIC #000424)

Lead Inspector: Michael Kostruba (LIC #002207)

Date of Inspection: 7/11/18, 8/9/18

Asbestos Identified: Yes

Lead Based Paint Identified: Yes

Additional Notes:

The site investigation was limited to the collection and analysis of suspect asbestos-containing materials and lead based paint from the interior/exterior areas of the building to be impacted by renovation activities.



TABLE 1 BULK SAMPLE SUMMARY OF SUSPECT ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIALS ERIC SLOANE MUSEUM KENT, CONNECTICUT

Sample No.	Sample Location	Homogeneous Material	% and Type Asbestos
1	Stance 10	SHR1 - White Sheetrock	ND
1	Storage 10	White joint compound	ND
2	St 10	SHR1 - White Sheetrock	ND
2	Storage 10	White joint compound	ND
3	Studio 09	SHR2 - White Sheetrock	ND
J	Studio 09	White joint compound	ND
4	Office 08	SHR2 - White Sheetrock	ND
4	Office 08	White joint compound	ND
5	Studio 09	SC1 – Mortar-Like Skim Coat (over SHR2)	ND
6	Studio 09	SC1 – Mortar-Like Skim Coat (over SHR2)	ND
7	Women's Bathroom	CB1 – Li Tan Covebase Glue behind 4" Black Covebase	ND
8	Women's Bathroom	CB1 – Lt Tan Covebase Glue behind 4" Black Covebase	ND*
9	Women's Bathroom	TPSI - Tar-Like Pipe Sleeve	ND
10	Women's Bathroom	TPS! - Tar-Like Pipe Sleeve	ND*
11	West End Gallery Wall in Attic	VB1 – Black Tar Vapor Barrier begins Ext Barnboard	ND
12	Behind Ext Barnboard o/s Bathrooms	VB1 – Black Tar Vapor Barrier begins Ext Barnboard	ND*
13	Behind Barnboard West End	VB2 - Black Tar Paper Vapor Barrier in Addition	ND
14	Above Ceiling in Studio 9	VB2 – Black Tar Paper Vapor Barrier in Addition	ND*
15	Attic	VB3 – Black Tar Paper Vapor Barrier under RF)	ND
16	Attie	VB3 – Black Tar Paper Vapor Barrier under RF1	ND*
17	Attic	RF1 - Rolled Asphalt Sheet Roofing	ND
18	Attic	RF1 - Rolled Asphalt Sheet Roofing	ND*
19	Attic	FL1 - Black Flashing Tar associated w/RF1	10% chrysotile

NA/PVA Not analyzed/positive via inseparable association with a confirmed positive ACM NA/PS Not analyzed/positive stop, homogeneous to sample proven to contain asbestos

ND<1% Non-detected, less than 1% NAD No asbestos detected

Although found to be negative by analysis, material is homogeneous to a determined ACM and therefore must be considered positive

NOB material; result confirmed by TEM analyses

* Analyzed by EPA/600/R-93/116 with gravimetric reduction

TABLE 1 (...continued) BULK SAMPLE SUMMARY OF SUSPECT ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIALS ERIC SLOANE MUSEUM KENT, CONNECTICUT

Sample No.	Sample Location	Homogeneous Material	% and Type Asbestos
20	Attic	FL1 - Black Flashing Tar associated w/RFI	NA/PS
21	Audio/Visual 05	CGI - Tan Carpet Glue	ND
22	Audio/Visual 05	CG1 - Tan Carpet Glue	ND*
23	Men's Bathroom	C1 - Dk Grey Stretchy Caulk around Urinal	ND
24	Men's Bathroom	C1 – Dk Grey Stretchy Caulk around Urinal	ND*
25	Reception 01 Windows by Door	WG1 - Dk Tan Stretchy Int/Ext window Glaze	Trace anthophyllite
26	Reception 01 Windows by Door	WG1 – Dk Tan Stretchy Int/Ext window Glaze	Trace anthophyllite*
27	Reception 01 West Side Windows	WG2 – Lt Grey Chalky Ext Window Glaze	5% chrysotile
28	Reception 01 West Side Windows	WG2 – Lt Grey Chalky Ext Window Glaze	NA/PS
29	Studio 09 South Windows	WG3 – Lt Grey Putty-Like Ext Window Glaze	ND
30	Studio 09 South Windows	WG3 – Lt Grey Putty-Like Ext Window Glaze	ND*
31	Gallery North Side Exterior	PS1 - Grey Putty Penetration Scalant	ND
32	Gallery North Side Exterior	PS1 - Grey Putty Penetration Sealant	ND*
	8/9/13	8 Core Sampling	
1	Men's Bathroom	VB1 – black tar-like material under poly/concrete	ND
2	Women's Bathroom	VB1 – black tar-like material under poly/concrete	ND
3	Reception	VB1 – black tar-like material under poly/concrete	ND*

NA/PVA Not analyzed/positive via inseparable association with a confirmed positive ACM NA/PS Not analyzed/positive stop, homogeneous to sample proven to contain asbestos

ND<1% Non-detected, less than 1% NAD No asbestos detected

 Although found to be negative by analysis, material is homogeneous to a determined ACM and therefore must be considered positive

1 NOB material; result confirmed by TEM analyses

* Analyzed by EPA/600/R-93/116 with gravimetric reduction

TABLE 2 IDENTIFIED ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIALS (>1%) ERIC SLOANE MUSEUM KENT, CONNECTICUT

Material	Sampled- Assumed (mo/yr)	General Location	NESHAP Category	AHERA Category	Estimated Quantity
FL1 - Black Flashing Tar associated w/RF1	Sampled 7/18	Attic, seams between Main roof & adjacent roofs	Category I Non-friable	Miscellaneous	100 SF
WG2 – Lt Grey Chalky Ext Window Glaze	Sampled 7/18	Reception 01 West Side Windows	Category II Non-friable	Miscellaneous	2 EA
Caulk around cupola	Assumed 7/18	Roof – cupola	Category II Non-friable	Miscellaneous	10 LF
Window glazing	Assumed 7/18	Cupola window	Category II Non-friable	Miscellaneous	l EA

^{*} Roof tars have been completely exempted from OSHA Asbestos regulations and, as a Category I Non-friable material, do not need to be removed from a structure prior to renovation/demolition under EPA Asbestos NESHAP regulations and, so long as the materials are exterior to a structure and will remain Category I Non-friable materials during renovation/demolition, are not covered under the CTDPH Asbestos Abatement standards. In addition, as Category I Non-friable materials, the roof tars do not need to be disposed of as asbestos waste under the EPA Asbestos NESHAP regulations; however, the CTDEP special waste regulations would not allow the material to be disposed of as general construction waste within the State of Connecticut. Disposal of the roof tars as general construction waste (so long as the materials are not rendered into a state which would define them as regulated asbestos-containing materials (RACM), i.e., friable) is, however, allowed in other states such as Massachusetts.

TABLE 3 CONFIRMED NON-ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIALS ERIC SLOANE MUSEUM KENT, CONNECTICUT

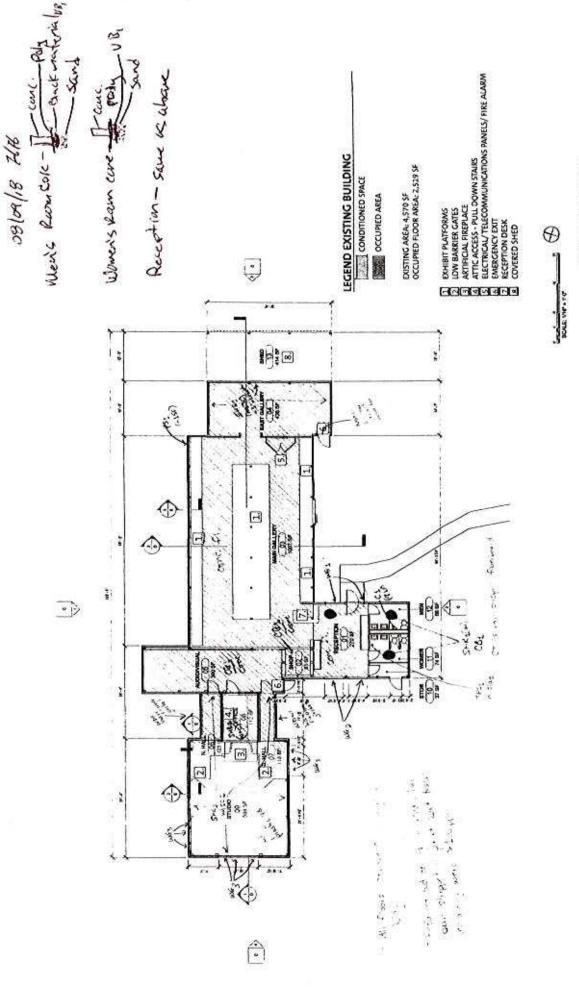
Material	General Location
SHR1 - White Sheetrock/white joint compound	Storage 10, Women's Bathroom, Men's Bathroom
SHR2 - White Sheetrock/white joint compound	Studio 09, Office 08, East Gallery 04
SC1 – Mortar-Like Skim Coat (over SHR2)	Studio 09
CB1 – Lt Tan Covebase Glue behind 4" Black Covebase	Women's Bathroom, Men's Bathroom
TPS1 – Tar-Like Pipe Sleeve	Women's Bathroom
VBI – Black Tar Vapor Barrier begins Ext Barnboard	West End Gallery Wall in Attic, Behind Ext Barnboard o/s Bathrooms
VB2 - Black Tar Paper Vapor Barrier in Addition	Studio walls & ceilings
VB3 – Black Tar Paper Vapor Barrier under RFI	Attic, Shed roof
RF1 - Rolled Asphalt Sheet Roofing	Attic, Shed roof
CG1 – Tan Carpet Glue	Shop 02, Audio/Visual 05
C1 - Dk Grey Stretchy Caulk around Urinal	Men's Bathroom
WG1 - Dk Tan Stretchy Int/Ext window Glaze	Reception 01 windows by door
WG3 - Lt Grey Putty-Like Ext Window Glaze	Studio 09 windows
PS1 – Grey Putty Penetration Sealant	Gallery 04 North Side Exterior
8/9/18 Cor	e Sampling
VB1 – black tar-like material under poly/concrete	Men's Bathroom, Women's Bathroom, Reception

TABLE 4 SUMMARY OF LEAD PAINT XRF MEASUREMENTS ERIC SLOANE MUSEUM KENT, CONNECTICUT

Structure	No. of Measurements	Calibrations	Void	Lead Detected	No Lead Detected via XRF*
One story museum building	7 3	7	0	6	60

^{*}A XRF cannot determine if paint is "lead free" since it can only detect lead down to 0.1 mg/cm². Paint can only be determined as "lead free" by a laboratory using Atomic Absorption Spectrometry (AAS). See Lead Paint XRF Measurement Table in Appendix E.

APPENDIX A SITE SKETCH



EXISTING FLOOR PLAN

180 AF 218

151 M 216

160 of 218

APPENDIX B LABORATORY AND INSPECTOR ACCREDITATIONS



եգեգիրկիիիցիիցիերիիներիներիիների HILTON HERNANDEZ 144 LAUREL CT PLAINVILLE CT 06062-2938

Dear HILTON HERNANDEZ,

Attached you will find your validated certificate for the coming year. Should you have any questions about your certificate renewal, please do not hesitate to write or call:

Department of Public Health P.O. Box 340308 M.S.#12MQA Hartford, CT 06134-0308

(860) 509-7603 oplc.dph@ct.gov www.ct.gov/dph/license

Sincerely,

RAUL PINO, MD, MPH, COMMISSIONER DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

STATE OF CONNECTICUT

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF CONNECTICUT

THE INDIVIDUAL NAMED BELOW IS CERTIFIED BY THIS DEPARTMENT AS A

ASBESTOS CONSULTANT-INSPECTOR

HILTON HERNANDEZ

CERTIFICATE NO

000424

CURRENT THROUGH

01/31/19

VALIDATION NO.

03-663321

EMPLOYER'S COPY

STATE OF CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

NAME

HILTON HERNANDEZ

VALIDATION NO 03-663321

CERTIFICATE NO 000424

CURRENT THROUGH

01/31/19

PROFESSION

ASSESTOS CONSULTANT-INSPECT

INSTRUCTIONS:

I. Detack and sign each of the cards on this form

2. Display the large rard in a pruminent place in your office or place of business.

3. The wallet card is fee you in carry on your person if you do not wish to carry the wallet

card, place it in a necure place,

4. The employer's copy is for persons who must demonstrate current licensure/certification in order to retain employment or privileges. The employer's card in to be presented to the employer and kept by them as a part of your personnel file. Only one copy of this card can

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

This certifies that

Hilton Hernandez

Asbestos Site Inspector Refresher Training Asbestos Accreditation Under TSCA Title II has successfully completed the 40 CFR Part 763

conducted by

West Springfield, MA 01089 (413) 781-0070 73 William Franks Drive ATC Group Services LLC

Menel

SIAR-5917

January 18, 2018 Examination Date

Principal Instructor: Gregory Morsch January 18, 2018

Date of Course

January 18, 2019 Expiration Date

Department of Public Health P.O. Box 340308 M.S.#12MQA Hartford, CT 06134-0308

(860) 509-7603 oplc.dph@ct.gov www.ct.gov/dph/license

Sincerely,

RAUL PINO, MD, MPH, COMMISSIONER DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

STATE OF CONNECTICUT

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF CONNECTICUT

THE INDIVIDUAL NAMED BELOW IS CERTIFIED BY THIS DEPARTMENT AS A

ASBESTOS CONSULTANT-INSP/MGMT PLANNER

MICHAEL C KOSTRUBA

CERTIFICATE NO

000315

CURRENT THROUGH

11/30/18

VALIDATION NO

03-634365

EMPLOYER'S COPY STATE OF CONNECTICUT

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

NAME.

MICHAEL C KOSTRUBA

VALIDATION NO 03-634365

1

CERTIFICATE NO.

CURRENT THROUGH 000315 11/30/18

PROFESSION

ASSESTOS CONSULTANT-INSPANGMT PLANNER

SIGNATURE

INSTRUCTIONS:

- I. Despeh and sign each of the eards on this form
- Display the large card in a permitted place in your office or place of business.
 The nullet card is for you to corry on your person. If you do not wish to carry the mallet
- 4. The employer's copy is for persons who meet demonstrate curriest Becomme/certification in order to retain employment or printeges. The employer's card is to be presented to the employer and kept by them as a part of sour personnel file. Only one copy of this card can

10003778-0000783-0000001 of 0000001-C01-a1d00101-1564-00780

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

This certifies that

Mike Kostruba

Asbestos Site Inspector Refresher Training Asbestos Accreditation Under TSCA Title II has successfully completed the 40 CFR Part 763

conducted by

West Springfield, MA 01089 (413) 781-0070 73 William Franks Drive ATC Group Services LLC

Regional Training Mahager: Gregory Morson

March 15, 2018 Examination Date

March 15, 2018 Principal Instructor:

Date of Course

March 15, 2019 Espiration Date

Attached you will find your validated certificate for the coming year. Should you have any questions about your certificate renewal, please do not hesitate to write or call:

Department of Public Health P.O. Box 340308 M.S.#12MQA Hartford, CT 06134-0308

(860) 509-7603 oplc.dph@ct.gov www.ct.gov/dph/license

Sincerely.

RAUL PINO, MD, MPH, COMMISSIONER DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

STATE OF CONNECTICUT

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE GENERAL STATUTES OF CONNECTICUT

THE INDIVIDUAL NAMED BELOW IS CERTIFIED BY THIS DEPARTMENT AS A LEAD INSPECTOR RISK ASSESSOR

MICHAEL C. KOSTRUBA

CERTIFICATE NO 002207

CURRENT THROUGH 11/30/18

VALIDATION NO

03-634368

SIGNATURE

EMPLOYER'S COPY

STATE OF CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH

NAME:

MICHAEL C. KOSTRUBA

VALIDATION NO. 03-634368

CERTIFICATE NO. 002207

CURRENT THROUGH 11/30/18

PROFESSION LEAD INSPECTOR RISK ASSESSOR

SCINARIORE

INSTRUCTIONS:

- f. Detack and sign each of the cerds on this form
- r, former a moving control on a primitive or body or a year office we place of business.

 2. Doppiny the large cord in a primitive place in year office we place of business.

 3. The mailet cord is far you to core; for your person. If you do not nich to cours, the walket
- The english relief special is the present of the properties of the english relief to the present of the english relief to the english relief a rice companies companies are privileges, the complayer search is to be presented to the complayer and kept by them as a part of your personnel file. Only one copy of this eard can

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

This certifies that

Mike Kostruba

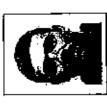
6 Lark Road, Simsbury, CT 06070

has successfully completed the

EPA Model Lead Risk Assessor Refresher Training

745.225 (c) (8) (i)

73 William Franks Drive West Springfield, MA 01089 (413) 781-0070 ATC Group Services LLC conducted by





Mars 6. Yra

Principal Instructor: Neal Freuder

Date of Course

December 8, 2017

Exam Date



Lookup Detail View

Name

Name

JONATHAN D GENTILE

License Information lookup

License Type	License Number Expiration Da	te	Granted Date	Granted Date License Name	License Status	icense Status Licensure Actions or Pending Charges
Asbestos Consultant-Inspector	603	10/31/2018	11/10/2004	Jonathan D. Gentile ACTIVE	ACTIVE	None

Generated on: 2/2/2018 7:56 51 PM

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT

This certifies that

Jonathan Gentile

Asbestos Accreditation Under TSCA Title II Asbestos Site Inspector Refresher Training has successfully completed the 40 CFR Part 763

conducted by

West Springfield, MA 01089 (413) 781-0070 ATC Group Services LLC 73 William Franks Drive

SIAR-5870 Certificate Number

November 16, 2017 Examination Date

Principal Instructor: Marcis Soutra November 16, 2017 Date of Course

November 16, 2018 Expiration Date



STATE OF CONNECTICUT



DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SECTION

ENVIRONMENTAL LABORATORY CERTIFICATION PROGRAM CERTIFIED ANALYTES REPORT FOR ALL MATRICES

TRC-Environmental Corporation

21 GRIFFIN ROAD NORTH WINDSOR, CT 060951590

CT REGISTRA	TION NUMBER:	PH-0426
REGISTERED OWNER / AUTHO	RIZED AGENT : Er	ik Plimpton
	DIRECTOR: Ka	thleen Williamson
co	DIRECTOR(S):	
	PHONE: (80	60) 298-9692
LABORATORY REGISTRATION EF	FECTIVE DATE :	01/01/2018
LABORATORY REGISTRATION EXP	IRATION DATE :	12/31/2019
LABORA	TORY STATUS :	APPROVED
APPROVED BY SUZANNE BLAI CHIEF, ENVIRONME REVIEWED BY	NCAFLOR, MS, MPH ENTAL HEALTH SECTION	 N 12/19/2017 11:00:24 AM

CONSTRUCTION, RENOVATION & DEMO BLDG MATERIALS

STATUS REPORTED ON 12/19/2017

ANALYTE NAME

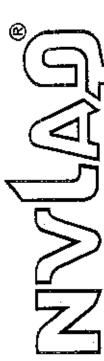
ASSESTOS

ASSESTOS FIBERS (PCM)

ASBESTOS IN BULK MATERIALS (PLM)

Report Printed on: 12/19/2017 11:00:25 AM

United States Department of Commerce National Institute of Standards and Technology



Certificate of Accreditation to ISO/IEC 17025:2005

NVLAP LAB CODE: 101424-0

TRC Environmental Corporation

Windsor, CT

is accredited by the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program for specific services, listed on the Scope of Accreditation, for:

Asbestos Fiber Analysis

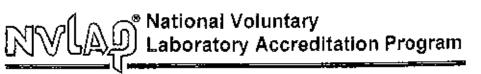
This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope and the operation of a laboratory quality This laboratory is accredited in accordance with the recognized International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2005. management system (refer to joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communique dated January 2009).

2017-07-01 through 2018-06-30

Effective Dates



For the Mattonal Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program





SCOPE OF ACCREDITATION TO ISO/IEC 17025:2005

TRC Environmental Corporation

21 Griffin Road North Windsor, CT 06095 Ms. Kathleen Williamson

Phone: 860-298-6392 Fax: 860-298-6214 Email: kwilliamson@tresolutions.com http://www.tresolutions.com

ASBESTOS FIBER ANALYSIS

NVLAP LAB CODE 101424-0

Bulk Asbestos Analysis

<i>Code</i> 18/A01	<u>Description</u> EPA Appendix B to Subpart E of Part 763 Interim Method of the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples
18/A03	EPA 600/R-93/116: Method for the Determination of Astestos in Bulk Building Materials

APPENDIX C ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLE CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORMS

WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT 06095 TELEPHONE (860) 298-9692 21 GRIFFIN ROAD NORTH

ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLING CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Supersede Previous Edition

Edition: October 2009

3day Sday りょっとして 48hr Jday TURNAROUND TIME MATERIAL 48hr X 24hr LAB ID #. Shr 24hr PLM: TEM: (IL DEM SERIES ZEC) LEW AV NOB 198.4 (%01> % %1< 41) PARAMETERS POINT COLUT VZVEASE BALTVAEK (POSITIVE STOP) (w) gravimetric reduction) PLAS EPA 600/R93/116 (POSITIVE STOP) PLYS EPA 600/R93/116 SAMPLE LOCATION Eric Sloane Museum, 31 Kent Cornwall Rd, Kent, CT PROJECT NAME Hilton Hernandez INSPECTOR CTDAS/DCS евув TYPE COM TIME DATE PROJECT NUMBER FAX (860) 298-6380 SIGNATURE 309030,0001 SAMPLE FIELD

VB1 - Black tar like material under poly/concrete VB1 - Black tar like material under poly/concrete VB1 - Black tar like material under poly/concrete

×

Women's Buthroom Resption

×

Women's Bathroom

Men's Bathroom

×

10:37 10:48 10:52

81/6/8 81/6/8 81/6/8

ri

NUMBER

× ×

8/9/	81/6/8	- 1/8	2/10/18		
Finned) / Lime 1763	(Printed) 08/5	(Printer	(pa)	Time	(Printed)

						g crucible		decimal	% Asb	% Asb
Date	Analyst	Lab Log #	Sample ID	Crucible ID	g crucible	plus samp <u>le</u>	g after 480°	Residue	in residue	total Sample
7/13/2018	┿	ı	8	69	24.0021	24.0472	24.0251	0.510	00.0	0.00
			10	70	20.2184	20.2652	20.2199	0.032	00.0	0:00
			12	71	25.2309	25.3022	25.2337	0.039	0.00	00:00
			14	7.2	26.7338	26.8107	26.7357	0.025	0.00	0.00
			16	73	17.7102	17.7655	17.7172	0.127	0.00	0.00
			18	74	20.9846	21.1573	21.0642	0.461	0.00	0.00
			22	75	19.851	19.8938	19.8734	0.523	0.00	00:00
•			24	9/	17.3556	17.3869	17,3633	0.246	00.0	0.00
			56	77	19,7465	19.8009	19,767	0.377	T.R	#VALUE!
			30	78	26,4799	26.4976	26,487	0.401	00.0	00:00
			32	79	20.7769	20.8878	20.8619	0.766	00:0	0.00

						9 crucibie		decimal	% Asb	% Asb
Dete	_	Analyst Lab Log #	Sample ID Crucil	Crucible ID	g crucible	plus sample	g after 480°	Residue	in residue	n residue total Sample
8/13/2018	KW	52624	e	29	21.6322	21.7654	21.7385	0.798	0.00	0.00

21 GRIFFIN ROAD NORTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT 06095 TELEPHONE (860) 298-9692 FAX (860) 298-6380

ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLING CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Edition: October 2009 Supersede Previous Edition

PROJECT NUMBER	MBER			PRO	PROJECT NAME					- (5)	TURNAROUND TIME	0.00
	2000		o le Tar	OT.	CTDAS/DCS	ue:	PARAMETERS	FTF	×		Pl.M: 8hr 24hr N 48hr	3day
309030,0000,050605	1000.	0000	***************************************	Eric Corn	Eric Sloanc Museum, 31 Kent Cornwall Rd, Kent, CT					Δ	TEM: 24hr 3day	Sday
SIGNATURE	2			INSP	INSPECTOR Jonathan Gentile, Michael Kostruba		(notion)	MAAV				
			TYPE	4			ric re	1.18			MATERIAL	
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER	DATE	ТІМЕ	COM	скив	SAMPLE LOCATION	PLM EPA PLM EPA	PLM EPA	3ZATVNV	TZ1O4 %1< 41)	AN 1831 AN 1844)		
10	2/11/18	01:60		×	Storage 10	×		×	5 6		SHR1 - White Sheetrock/White Joint Compound	punodu
02	2/11/18	09:11		×	Storage 10	×		×	g. =0		SHR1 - White Sheetrock/White Joint Compound	punodu
03	2/11/18	06:30		×	Studio 09	×	6 S	×	4 3		SHR2 - White Sheetrock w/White Joint Compound	punoduo,
40	2/11/18	06:30		×	Office 08	×		×			SHR2 - White Sheetrock w/White Joint Compound	punoduo.
0.5	7/11/18	09:32		×	Studio 09	×					SCI - Mortar-Like Skim Coat (over SHR2)	2)
90	2/11/18	09:32		×	Studio 09	×					SC1 - Mortar-Like Skim Coat (over SHR2)	2)
07	7/11/18	06:50		×	Women's Bathroom	×					CB1 - Lt Tan Covebase Glue behind 4" Black Covebase	lack
80	7/11/18	05:60		×	Women's Bathroom		×				CB1 - Lt Tan Covebase Glue behind 4" Black Covebase	llack
60	2/11/18	09:42		×	Women's Bathroom	×		u=5			TPS1 - Tar-Like Pipe Sleeve	
10	7/11/18	09:43		×	Women's Bathroom	8 - 33 35 - 35	×				TPS1 - Tar-Like Pipe Sleeve	
Ξ	7/11/18	00.57		>	West End Collany Wall in Attic	×					VB1 - Black Tar Vapor Barrier begins Ext Barnboard	t Barnboard

111118	Received by (Signature) 7/11/18	Relinquished by: (Signature)	Date:	Received by: (Signature)
(Printed) I'ime. Jonathan Gentile	(Printed) 1430	(Printed)	Time	(Printed)

TRC

21 GRIFFIN ROAD NORTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT 06095 TELEPHONE (860) 298-9692 FAX (860) 298-6380

ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLING CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Edition: October 2009 Supersede Previous Edition

LAB ID#.

PROJECT NUMBER	MBER			PRC	PROJECT NAME						0.00	TURN	TURNAROUND TIME	DIIM	31	
				E	CTDAS/DCS		PARAMETERS	ETE	SRS		PLM:	Shr	24hr	×	48hr	3day
				Eri Cor	Eric Sloane Museum, 31 Kent Cornwall Rd, Kent, CT				WC-0078		TEME	24hr	48hr	ň	3day	Sday
SIGNATURE	2	19.		SNI	INSPECTOR Jonathan Gentile, Michael Kostruba		(notion)	MALK	(%) L\							
3			F	TYPE			ric rec	BAT	(100 (100)			97 ~	MATERIAL			
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER	DATE	TIME	COM	CEVB	SAMPLE LOCATION	PLSI EPA (VITISO9)	PLNI EPA (POSITIN VITISOA)	JANUARE	FOIST *1<	AS IVITA AD AENI ZA				}		
12	2/11/18	75:60		×	Behind Ext Barnboard o/s Bathrooms		×		S	47	VBI – Bla	VB1 - Black Tar Vapor Barrier begins Ext Barnboard	or Barrier	· begin	s Ext Ba	rnboard
13	2/11/18	09:54		×		X					VB2 - Bla	VB2 - Black Tar Paper Vapor Barrier in Addition	er Vapor l	Barrier	in Addi	tion
14	2/11/18	09:54		×	Above Ceiling in Studio 9		×		29 US 20 Ja	ali Vi	VB2 - Bla	VB2 - Black Tar Paper Vapor Barrier in Addition	er Vapor l	Barrier	in Addi	tion
15	2/11/18	10:20		×	Attic	×	85 81		•	100	VB3 - Bla	Black Tar Paper Vapor Barrier under RF1	er Vapor l	Barrier	· under R	FI
91	2/11/18	10:20		×	Attic	8 0	X		5=0. 5=9		VB3 – Bla	Black Tar Paper Vapor Barrier under RF1	er Vapor l	Barrier	r under R	El
17	81/11/2	10:17		×	Attic	×					RF1 - Rol	Rolled Asphalt Sheet Roofing	Sheet Ro	ofing		
81	2/11/18	81:01		×	Attic		×	Į.			RF1 - Rol	RF1 - Rolled Asphalt Sheet Roofing	Sheet Ro	ofing		
16	2/11/18	10:22	8 8	×	Attic	×					FL1 - Blac	Black Flashing Tar associated w/RF1	Tar assoc	riated v	w/RF1	
20	7/11/18	10:22	<u>.</u>	×	Attic		×				FL1 - Blac	Black Flashing Tar associated w/RFI	Tar assoc	siated 1	w/RF1	
21	2/11/18	10:39		×	Audio/Visual 05	×					CGI – Tar	- Tan Carpet Glue	ne			
티	81/11/2	10:39		×	Audio/Visual 05		×				CGI - Tar	CG1 - Tan Carpet Glue	ne			

Relinquished by: (Signature)	Date:	Received by: (Signature) 7/11/18	Relinquished by: (Signature)	Date	Received by (Signature)
	81/11//	Merry			4
(Printed)	Time:	(Printed) /430	(Printed)	Time	(banned)
Jonathan Gentile		11/1 Marison			
Remarks:			Condition of Samples:	/	4
			Acceptable: Yes Comments	2	Page 2 of 3

CTRC TRC

21 GRIFFIN ROAD NORTH WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT 06095 TELEPHONE (860) 298-9692 FAX (860) 298-6380

ASBESTOS BULK SAMPLING CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Edition: October 2009 Supersede Previous Edition

PROJECT NUMBER	UMBER		Ь	PROJECT NAME				บ	TURNAROUND TIME	TIME	3.5
			Ù		PARAMETERS	FTERS		PI.M: Shr	24hr	X 48hr	3day
			₫ Ŏ	Eric Sloane Museum, 31 Kent Cornwall Rd, Kent, CT				TEM: 24hr	48hr	3day	Sday
SIGNATURE	J. Ce	į.	S of	(401	duction)	1X	1.881				
			TYPE	S 3.	ric re	100	RON		MATERIAL		
FIELD SAMPLE NUMBER	DATE	TIME	COME	SAMPLE LOCATION SAMPLE LOCATION GRAB	O VATENJA O VATENJA VETIKAJA	3ZYJANA 17104	(1E 61% 2E LEW 2A: (1E >1%			1	
23	7/11/18	10:49		X Men's Bathroom X				C1 - Dk Grey Stretchy Caulk around Urinal	etchy Caulk ar	ound Urinal	
24	81/11/2	10:49	^	X Men's Bathroom	x			C1 - Dk Grey Str	Stretchy Caulk around Urinal	ound Urinal	Penod
25	81/11/2	10:53	^	X Reception 01 Windows by Door X	£ .8	is—) 6		WG1 - Dk Tan Stretchy Int/Ext window Glaze	retchy Int/Ext	window Gl	ıze
26	81/11/2	10:53	~	X Reception 01 Windows by Door	×			WG1 - Dk Tan Stretchy Int/Ext window Glaze	rretchy Int/Ext	window Gl	ıze
27	2/11/18	10:54		X Reception 01 West Side X Windows				WG2 - Lt Grey Chalky Ext Window Glaze	halky Ext Wir	idow Glaze	
28	81/11//	10:54	_	X Reception 01 West Side Windows	×		2	WG2 - Lt Grey Chalky Ext Window Glaze	halky Ext Wir	ndow Glaze	
29	2/11/18	85:01		X Studio 09 South Windows X				WG3 - Lt Grey Putty-Like Ext Window Glaze	utty-Like Ext	Window Gla	ıze
30	2/11/18	10:59		X Studio 09 South Windows	x			WG3 - Lt Grey Putty-Like Ext Window Glaze	utty-Like Ext	Window Gla	ize
31	81/11/2	11:15	.00	X Gallery North Side Exterior X				PS1 - Grey Putty Penetration Sealant	Penetration S	salant	
32	7/11/18	11:16	_	X Gallery NorthSide Exterior	×	a		PS1 - Grey Putty Penetration Sealant	Penetration S	salant	

Relinquished by (Signature)	Date: 7/11/18	Received by: (Signature) +/11/18 Relinquished by: (Signature)	Relinquished by (Signature)	Date:	Received by (Nignature)
(Printed) Jonathan Gentile	Time	(Printed) 1430	(Printed)	Time:	(Printed)
Remarks:			Condition of Samples: Acceptable: Yes Comments	\2	Page 3 of 3

APPENDIX D PLM LABORATORY ANALYSIS DATA

Industrial Hygiene Laboratory 21 Griffin Road North Windsor, CT 06095 (860) 298-6308



BULK ASBESTOS ANALYSIS REPORT

CLIENT: CT Department of Construction Services

Lab Log #:

0052624

Project #:

309030.0001.0000

Date Received:

08/10/2018

Date Analyzed:

08/13/2018

Site:

Eric Sloane Museum, 31 Cornwall Road, Kent, CT

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY by EPA 600/R-93/116

Sample No.	Color	Homogenous	Multi- Layered	Layer No.	Other Matrix Materials	Asbestos %	Asbestos Type
1	Black (ter)	Yes	No			ND	None
2	Black (tar)	Yes	No			ND	None
3♠	Black (tar)	Yes	No			ND	None

◆Samples analyzed by EPA/600/R-93/116 with gravimetric reduction

Reporting limit- asbestos present at 1%

ND - asbestos was not detected

Trace - asbestos was observed at level of less than 1%

NA/PS - Not Analyzed / Positive Stop

SNA- Sample Not Analyzed- See Chain of Custody for details

Note: Polarized-light microscopy is not consistently reliable in detecting asbestos in floor coverings and similar non-friable organically bound materials. In those cases, EPA recommends, and certain states (e.g. NY) require, that negative results be confirmed by quantitative transmission electron microscopy.

The Laboratory at TRC follows the EPA's laterim Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation 1982 (EPA 600/M4-82-020) Bulk Analysis Code 18/A01 and the EPA recommended Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials July 1993, R.L. Perkins and B.W. Harvey, (EPA/600/R-93/116) Bulk Analysis Code 18/A03, which utilize polarized light microscopy (PLM). Our analysis have completed an accredited course in asbestos identification, TRC's Laboratory is accredited under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP), for Bulk Asbestos Fiber Analysis, NVLAP Code 18/A01, effective through June 30, 2018. TRC is accredited by the AIHA Laboratory Accreditation Programs (AIHA-LAP), LLC in the Industrial Hygiene Program (IHLAP) for PLM effective through October 1, 2018. Asbestos content is determined by visual estimate unless otherwise indicated. Quality Control is performed in-house on at least 10% of samples and QC data related to the samples is available upon written request from client.

This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of TRC. This report must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government. This report relates only to the items tested.

Kathleen Williamson, Laboratory Manager

Date Issued

08/13/2018

Industrial Hygiene Laboratory 21 Griffin Road North Windsor, CT 06095 (860) 298-6308



BULK ASBESTOS ANALYSIS REPORT

CLIENT: CT Department of Construction Services

Lab Log #:

0052512

Project #:

309030.0001.0000

Date Received:

07/11/2018

Date Analyzed:

07/16/2018

Site:

Eric Sloane Miseum, 31 Kent Cornwall Road, Kent, CT

POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY by EPA 600/R-93/116

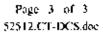
Sample No.	Color	Homogenous	Multi- Layered	Layer No.		ier Matrix Iaterials	Asbestos %	Asbestos Type
01	White (joint compound)	No	Yes	1			ND	None
01	White (sheetrock)	No	Yes	2	2%	cellulose	ND	None
02	White (joint compound)	No	Yes	ı			ND	None
02	White (sheetrock)	No	Yes	2	2%	cellulose	ND	None
03	White (joint compound)	No	Yes	ı			ND	None
03	White (sheetrock)	No	Yes	2	2%	cellulose	ND	None
04	White (joint compound)	No	Yes	ì			ND	None
04	White (sheetrock)	No	Yes	2	2%	cellulose	ND	None
05	Light Grey (skim coat)	Yes	No				ND	None
06	Light Grey (skim coat)	Yes	No				ND	None
07	Light Tan (glue)	Yes	No	• ••			ND	None
08♠	Light Tan (glue)	Yes	No	••			ND	None
09	Black (tar-like pipe sleeve)	Yes	Νσ	- -	10%	cellulose	ND	None
10♣	Black (tar-like pipe sleeve)	Yes	No			•	ND	None
11	Black (vapor barrier)	Yes	No	••	80%	cellulosc	ND	None
12+	Black (vapor barrier)	Yes	No	••			ND	None
В	Black (vapor barrier)	Yes	No		80%·	cellulose	ND	None
14+	Black (vapor barrier)	Yes	No				ND	None

Industrial Hygiene Laboratory 21 Griffin Road North Windsor, CT 06095 (860) 298-6308



POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY by EPA 600/R-93/116

Sample No.	Color	Homogenous	Multi- Layered	Layer No.		her Matrix Laterials	Asbestos %	Asbestos Type
15	Black (vapor barrier)	Yes	No		80%	cellulose	ND	None
16♣	Black (vapor bartier)	Yes	No	•••••			ND	None
17	Black (vapot barrier)	Yes	No		80%	cellulose	ND	None
18#	Black (vapor barrier)	Yes	No	••	·		ND	None
19	Black (flashing)	Yes	No				10%	Chrysotile
20		••	••				NA/PS	
21	Tan (glue)	Yes	Nο				ND	None
22♠	Tan (glue)	Yes	No	•••			ND	None
23	Dark Grey (caulk)	Yes	No		60%	cellulose	ND	None
244	Dark Grey (caulk)	Yes	No		<u></u>	***	ND	None
25	Dark Tan (glaze)	Yes	No				Trace	Anthophylli
26♣	Dark Tan (glaze)	Yes	No				Trace	Anthophylli
27	Dark Grey (glaze)	Yes	No				5%	Chrysotife
28							NAJPS	••
29	Light Grey (glaze)	Yes	No.		10%	cellulose	ND	None
30♠	Light Grey (glaze)	Yes	No	•••			ND	None
31	Grey (sealant)	Yes	No	••	5%	cellulose	ND	None
32•	Grey (scalant)	Yes	No				ND	None





POLARIZED LIGHT MICROSCOPY by EPA 600/R-93/116

			Multi-	Layer No.	Other Matrix	Asbestos	Asbestos
Sample No.	Color	Homogenous	Layered		Materials	%	Type

Samples analyzed by EPA/600/R-93/116 with gravimetric reduction

Kathleen Williamson, Laboratory Manager

Reporting limit- asbestos present at 1%

ND - asbestos was not detected.

Trace - asbestos was observed at level of less than 1%

NA/PS - Not Analyzed / Positive Stop.

SNA: Sample Not Analyzed: See Chain of Custody for details

Note: Polarized-light microscopy is not consistently reliable in detecting asbestos in floor coverings and similar non-friable organically bound materials. In those cases, EPA recommends, and certain states (e.g. NY) require, that negative results be confirmed by quantitative transmission electron microscopy.

The Laboratory at TRC follows the EPA's Interim Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation 1982 (EPA 6IXWM4-82-020) Bulk Analysis Code 18/A01 and the EPA recommended Method for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Building Materials July 1993, R.L. Perkins and B.W. Harvey, (EPA/600/R-43/116) Bulk Analysis Code 18/A03, which utilize polarized light microscopy (PLM). Our analysts have completed an accredited course in asbestos identification. TRC's Laboratory is accredited under the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program (NVLAP), for Bulk Asbestos Fiber Analysis, NVLAP Code 18/A01, effective through June 30, 2018. TRC is accredited by the AIHA Laboratory Accreditation Programs (AIHA-LAP), LLC in the Industrial Hygiene Program (IHLAP) for PLM effective through October 1, 2018. Asbestos content is determined by visual estimate unless otherwise indicated. Quality Control is performed in-house on at least 10% of samples and QC data related to the samples is available upon written request from client.

This report shall not be reproduced, except in full, without the written approval of TRC. This report must not be used by the client to claim product endorsement by NVLAP or any agency of the U.S. Government. This report relates only to the items tested.

...... Reviewed by:

Date Issued

07/16/2018

APPENDIX E LEAD PAINT XRF MEASUREMENT TABLE

		1	Lead Based F	ed Paint Measurement Summary Table	ement Sur	mmary T	able					
)	2											
Device(s):	Device(s): Niton XLP301-A (Serial #24792) X Ray Fluorescence (XRF) Spectrum Analyzer	792) X F	Ray Fluorescence	(XRF) Spectrum /	Analyzer							
Site:	Eric Sloan Museum, 31 Kent Cornwall Road, Kent, Connecticut	t Corn	wall Road, Kent, C	Connecticut								
Project # :	1											
Date(s):	_											
nspector:	Michael Kostruba (CT Lead Inspector License	Inspec	tor License #002207)	207)								
Number	Boom	Side	Structure	Feature	Material		Color Condition Reading Precision Depth Duration	Reading	Precision	Depth	Duration	Date/Time
								(ma/cm2)	(mg/cm2) (mg/cm2) Index	Index	(sec)	
67	Exterior	U	Wall	:	Clapboard Brown	Brown	Defective	0.0	0.0	3.31	3.57	7/11/2018 11:09
68	Exterior	O	Wall	Trimwork	Clapboard Brown	Brown	Defective	0.0	0.0	1.89	2.23	7/11/2018 11:10
69	Exterior	۵	Wall		Clapboard Brown	Brown	Defective	0.0	0.0	•	1.34	7/11/2018 11:10
202	Exterior	۵	column	Ď.	Clapboard Brown	Brown	Defective	0.0	0.0	•	1.56	7/11/2018 11:11
7.	0.0 calibration	:		1				0.0		-	2.23	7/11/2018 11:16
72	0.3 calibration	;	1	1	ı			0.3	0,1	-	2.23	7/11/2018 11:16
73	1,6 calibration	F	1	,	1			1.6	0.5	1.16		3.79 7/11/2018 11:16



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY WASHINGTON, D.C. 20460

OFFICE OF RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY

OCT 24 2012

MEMORANDUM

SUBJECT: PCB Bulk Product Waste Reinterpretation

TO: Regional TSCA and RCRA Division Directors, EPA Regions 1-10

FROM: Suzanne Rudzinski, Director August Puszinski

Office of Resource Conservation and Recovery

On February 29, 2012, EPA published in the *Federal Register* a draft reinterpretation of our position regarding PCB-contaminated building materials, specifically addressing the definition of PCB bulk product waste and PCB remediation waste. Based on comments received, we have modified the proposed reinterpretation to improve the ability to implement the reinterpretation. Today, we are announcing that we are finalizing the reinterpretation, which allows building material "coated or serviced" with PCB bulk product waste (e.g., caulk, paint, mastics, sealants) at the time of designation for disposal to be managed as a PCB bulk product waste.

Background

EPA has received several questions from the regulated community regarding the disposal and cleanup requirements for PCB-contaminated building materials. The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) regulations at 40 CFR 761 provide disposal and cleanup requirements for PCBs. The disposal and cleanup requirements for PCB-contaminated building material depend on whether the material is classified as a PCB bulk product waste or PCB remediation waste. Waste derived from caulk or paint containing PCBs at ≥ 50 parts per million (ppm) is defined as PCB bulk product waste in 40 CFR 761.3. The definition of PCB bulk product waste includes "non-liquid bulk wastes or debris from the demolition of buildings and other man-made structures manufactured, coated, or serviced with PCBs." Other PCB bulk product wastes may include, but are not limited to, mastics, sealants, or adhesives containing PCBs at ≥ 50 ppm. PCB remediation waste is defined as "waste containing PCBs as a result of a spill, release, or other unauthorized disposal...", and leaching may be considered a release of PCBs.

Summary

In February 2012, the Agency solicited comment on a draft reinterpretation of its position regarding the status of PCB-contaminated building materials under the definition of PCB bulk product waste. In association with the proposed reinterpretation, EPA identified several guidance documents that would be changed to reflect this reinterpretation.

Current EPA guidance states that building material contaminated by the migration of PCBs from PCB bulk product waste, such as caulk or paint, is considered a PCB remediation waste. The proposed reinterpretation would have modified this guidance to specify that only PCB-

contaminated building material from which the PCB bulk product has been removed is a PCB remediation waste. That is, under the proposed reinterpretation, the distinction was in whether or not the PCB bulk product is still attached to the building materials.

The reinterpretation finalized today allows building material (i.e., substrate) "coated or serviced" with PCB bulk product waste (e.g., caulk, paint, mastics, sealants) at the time of designation for disposal to be managed as a PCB bulk product waste, even if the PCBs have migrated from the overlying bulk product waste into the substrate, provided there is no other source of PCB contamination on or in the substrate. However, if the substrate is not "coated or serviced" (i.e., the PCB bulk product waste, such as caulk or paint has been removed from the building material) at the time of designation for disposal, and the substrate is contaminated with PCBs that have migrated from the bulk product waste (or from another unauthorized disposal), the substrate would be considered a PCB remediation waste. This final reinterpretation is being modified from the proposal as described below.

In response to comments, we are modifying the proposed reinterpretation to allow for the possibility that, during a cleanup or demolition process, PCB bulk product waste (e.g., caulk, paint, mastics, and sealants) could separate from the contaminated building material before all of the waste is physically placed in the final disposal facility. At the time of designation for disposal, the contaminated building material would be deemed a PCB bulk product waste if the PCB material (e.g., caulk, paint, mastic or sealant) is still attached. This label as PCB bulk product waste would stay with the contaminated building materials. EPA recommends developing an abatement plan to document the decision to designate building materials as bulk product waste at the time of designation for disposal. If the PCB material has already been removed or flaked off at the time of designation for disposal, the building material would be deemed a PCB remediation waste, as established under the existing interpretations.

Rationale

I believe this reinterpretation will allow for accelerated cleanups of PCB-contaminated building material by providing a more straightforward path for disposal pursuant to the 40 CFR part 761 PCB regulations. Speeding up removal and disposal of the PCB-contaminated material is critical for reducing exposure potential, such as in schools or other locations where such PCB-contaminated building materials are currently in place. The previous interpretation applied different requirements to PCB-contaminated building materials than to the products that were originally manufactured with PCBs (e.g., paint or caulk). Labeling the building materials a different type of PCB waste than PCB bulk product waste (e.g., paint or caulk) can result in slower and more costly removal and disposal. This reinterpretation maintains existing environmental and human health protections, while it removes unnecessary burdens to allow for more expedient cleanups, thus reducing potential exposures, for example, in schools and commercial buildings.

In particular, protecting children's health from environmental risks is fundamental to EPA's mission. Caulks and paints containing PCBs were used in building some schools from 1950 to 1978. The reinterpretation will help to promote healthy school environments by reducing exposure to PCBs in schools.

The overwhelming majority of comments received supported the reinterpretation, with no comments in direct opposition. The reinterpretation provides the ability to dispose of any building material, contaminated by adjacent PCB bulk product waste (e.g., caulk, paint, mastics, and sealants), in accordance with the PCB bulk product waste regulations. Contaminated building materials that remain in place, after the PCB bulk product waste (e.g., caulk, paint,

mastics, and sealants) has been removed, should continue to be considered and managed as PCB remediation waste.

If you have any questions regarding the reinterpretation please contact ORCR's Program Implementation and Information Division at 703-308-8404.



January 9, 2019

Christopher Williams, AIA, Principal Christopher Williams Architects LLC 85 Willow Street, Building 54 New Haven, CT 06511

Chris Williams < CWilliams@cwarchitectsllc.com>

Re: Eric Sloane Museum Renovation & Repair

Kent, CT

Dear Mr. Williams:

As requested, we have reviewed the project for Special Inspection requirements. Based upon the limited (minor nature) of the structural repairs, it is my opinion that Special Inspections for the structural engineering scope of work for this project is not required.

Very truly yours,

Charles C. Brown, P.E.

President

1358 Boston Post Road P.O. Box 802 Old Saybrook, CT 06475 Tel 860.388.1224 [astname@gncbengineers.com gncbengineers.com

Charles C. Brown, P.E.

Geotechnical Associate

Richard A. Centola, P.E.

Principal Emeritus Kenneth Gibble, P.E

Torrington Area Health District

350 Main St. - Suite A Torrington, Ct 06790

Permit To Discharge

For A Private Subsurface Sewage Disposal System

	Kent Con	nwall Rd	Kent		
	Street # Street	Name	Town	Subdivision	
State Of Ct-	Sloan Stanley Owner		Telephone		
14293	George	Sam	•	005810	
Permit nui		ensed Installe	r ,	License Number	
☐ New Sept	ic System 🛚 Re	pair Septic S	ystem Dep Sy	stem 🔲 B100a Prelim	□В
1250	Existing		Existing	60 GPD	
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T A H D Is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

Torrington Area Health District 350 Main St. - Suite A; Torrington, Ct 06790

Permit #

14293

TAHD Is A Equal Opportunity Provider Design Review For

Subsurface Sewage Disposal System

	Kent Cornw	rall Rd	Kent	Si	ibdivision			/
	Street Name	9 - 24 ⊮or	Town nt Cornwall Rd	-	Kent		Ct.	
State Of Ct - Owner	Sioan	SINE	Owner Address		Town		State	Zip
Owner							_	
Builder		Builder	Address					
	·	Fnains	er Address		Tov	vn	State	Zip
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Approved				(2)	Perk Tests	In Fill E	ly Engineer	r
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TORRINGTON AREA HEALTH DISTRICT

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REPAI	R \$250.00	

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APPLICATION #_

\$50 Main Street | Stiffe A | Forrington, Connecticut 06790

Phone (860) 489-0436 • Las (860) 496-8243 • F mad info@halid.org • Web Address www.tand.org

"Premioring Health & Preventing Disease Since 1967"

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ONLY	(Jy
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SEPTIC SYSTEM AF	PPLICATION & APP	ROVAL FOR	M	33
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RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURE NUMBER of BEDROOMS TOILETS / SINKS in BAS IACUZZI or WHIRLPOOL YES () NO () CAPACITY * If a future outdoor pool location is known at the time of	in GALLONS		YES() NO()	·
COMMERCIAL OR NON-RESIDENTIAL SQUARE FOOTAGE of BUILDING 3500 NUM	BER OF EMPLOYEES 2	DESIGN FLOW	60kps	
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TOILETS/SINKS in BASEMENT YES () NO ()				
CLOSEST PUBLIC WATER LINE(fect)	UNDERGROUND S	TORAGE TANKS?	YES () NO (X))
This application must be accompanied by: The fee of \$250.00, (Returned Charton Two (2) sets of engineered plans an A copy of any easements or deed re	d one (1) set of femiliano in	oor plans for the bui	ilding served.	
Notes: This Approval Expires 12 Months From Date of This is Only A Plan Approval -Not A Permit To Co The applicant understands that the results of any to public information. The responsibility for the prop	Mistrator Historia	n A Separate Permit f of the Torrington A n of this septic system	t Prior To Any Wor Area Health District a m is entirely the own	k. are er's.
APPLICANT SIGNATURE MAN	••		PHONE <u>860-312</u>	

APPROVAL DATE REVIEWED BY

FOR HEALTH DISTRICT USE ONLY

New Milford Septic Services 180 Pickett District Road New Milford, CT 06776 860-350-8265

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EAST SLOAME MUSEUM

31 Kent Connual Rd., Kent

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Strongartos

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- CONNECT NEW TRAK to EXISTING LEARTH FIELD OR DIST PIPING

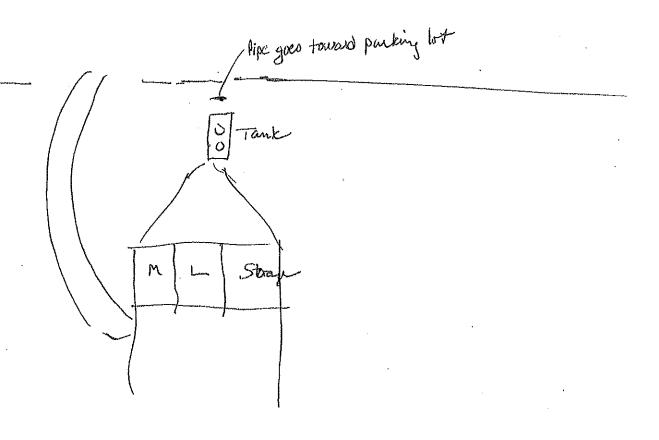
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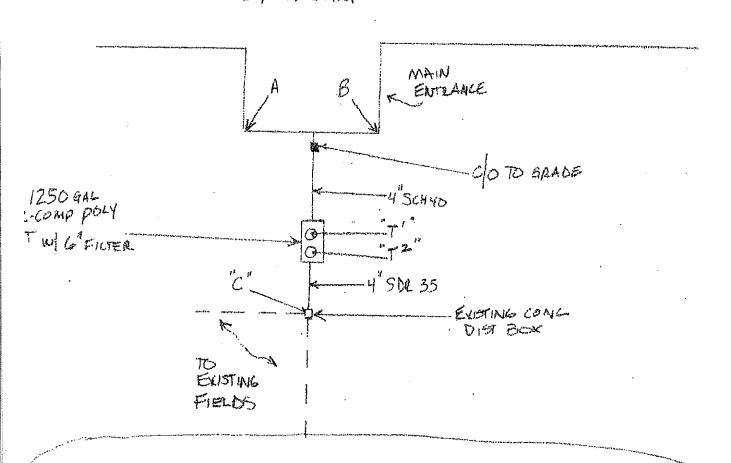
Septic Tanks Installation

- -Installed between 6/22/15 and 6/2315 by New Milford Septic
- -Polyethylene septic tank 1250 gallons
- -PVC line runs from the building to the tank
- -There are two openings / chamber (solid/liquid)
- -Both need servicing every two years, one needs to be pumped the other needs filter changed.

Note: The fields may actually go into the parking lot



ervices Road 5776 FINAL AS BUILT - SEPTIC TANK ONLY ERIC SLOANE MUSEUM 31 KEUT- CORNWALL RD KENT JUNE 2015 DRAWN BY: G. SAM



PARKING

Page 1 of 26

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 SCOPE

- A. Work under this item shall include the abatement of asbestos containing materials (ACM) and associated work by persons who are knowledgeable, qualified, trained and licensed in the removal, treatment, handling, and disposal of ACM and the subsequent cleaning of the affected environment. ACM shall include material composed of any type of asbestos in amounts greater than one percent (1%) by weight. The Contractor performing this work shall possess a valid Asbestos Abatement Contractor license issued by the Connecticut Department of Public Health (CTDPH).
- B. These Specifications govern all work activities that disturb asbestos containing materials. All activities shall be performed in accordance with, but not limited to, the current revision of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) General Industry Standard for Asbestos (29 CFR 1926.1001), the OSHA Asbestos in Construction Regulations (29 CFR 1926.1101), the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Asbestos National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) Regulations (40 CFR Part 61 Subpart M), the CTDPH Standards for Asbestos Abatement, Licensure and Training (19a-332a-1 through 16, 20-440-1 through 9 & 20-441), and the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (CTDEEP) Special Waste Disposal Regulations (22a-209-8(i)).
- C. The asbestos abatement work shall include the removal and disposal of all exterior ACM as identified on the Contract drawings and Specifications prior to the planned renovation/demolition project. A full asbestos NESHAP survey was performed by TRC, Inc. for this site. The CT Department of Administrative Services/Construction Services (CTDAS/CS) will retain the services of a State of Connecticut licensed Project Monitor for protection of its interests and those using the building.
- D. Deviations from these Specifications require the written approval of the Engineer and Owner.
- E. The Contractor may elect to utilize an Alternative Work Practice (AWP), if approved by the CTDPH and the Engineer/Owner prior to the initiation of the abatement activities. An AWP is a variance from certain CTDPH asbestos regulatory requirements, which must provide the equivalent or a greater measure of asbestos emission control than the standard work practices prescribed by the CTDPH.
- F. The Engineer/Construction Manager/Project Monitor for this project will be TRC, Inc. for the asbestos/PCB removal portion of this project ONLY.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. The following details the extent of each phase of operation designated for this project. Phase areas may be combined or divided at the direction of the Engineer/Construction Manager. Proceed through the sequencing of the work phases under the direction of the Engineer/Construction Manager.

Page 2 of 26

B. The asbestos abatement work shall include the removal of asbestos-containing materials as specified herein. This abatement project was designed by Mr. Donald LePage, a State of Connecticut licensed Asbestos Project Designer (#000233).

Attic Storage Area above Office & Audio/Visual Room

Includes the removal of:

• ACM Flashing Tar (FL1) (~95 SF)

Notes:

- Refer to drawings located in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information at the end of the Technical Specification Sections for the location of ACM listed above.
- Contractor may subdivide into multiple sub-phases per concurrence from the Engineer/Construction Manager and the on-site Project Monitor.
- Rolled asphalt sheet roofing (RF1) is not ACM, however, this material is associated with ACM flashing tar FL1, and cannot be separated. This material will also be removed and disposed of as ACM.

Contractor shall be responsible for removal of all walls, trim work, stored materials, etc., necessary in order to access the ACM. Asbestos removal shall be performed under full containment conditions with a pressure differential and contiguous decontamination system in accordance with CTDPH 19a-332a-5, 6 and 7, OSHA Class I and USEPA NESHAP requirements. Re-occupancy air clearance testing shall utilize Phase Contrast Microscopy (PCM) as applicable per CTDPH 19a-332a-12

Exterior – Reception/Entry Area

Includes the removal of:

• Window glaze (WG2) (2 EA)

Notes:

- Refer to drawings located in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information at the end of the Technical Specification Sections for the location of ACM listed above.
- ACM window glaze (WG2) will be impacted and removed, as part of the renovation. Removal of all ACM window glaze is part of this scope.
- Window glaze (WG2) is also presumed to contain PCB's, therefore any impact to this material will also coincide with PCB abatement activity as outlined in Section 028433.

A regulated area(s) shall be established at the perimeter of the work area(s), and access shall be controlled by the Contractor. A remote personnel decontamination unit shall be utilized. Removal shall be undertaken in accordance with OSHA Class II and USEPA Asbestos NESHAP requirements. Visual inspection shall be performed by project monitor prior to work area being deregulated. No containment required for exterior abatements

Exterior - Roof

Includes the removal of:

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- Roof flashing tar (FL1) (~5 SF)
- Caulk/Glazing associated with the cupola above the Main Gallery

Notes:

- Refer to drawings located in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information at the end of the Technical Specification Sections for the location of ACM listed above.
- A Pre-Renovation Investigative Survey for Asbestos-Containing Materials and Lead Based Paint has been performed for the Eric Sloane Museum. The report can be found in the Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information at the end of the Technical Specification Sections.
- ACM roof flashing tar (FL1) will be impacted and removed by a DAS approved asbestos abatement contractor.
- Rolled asphalt sheet roofing (RF1) is not ACM, however, this material is associated with ACM flashing tar FL1, and cannot be separated. This material will also be removed by a DAS approved asbestos abatement contractor.
- The Engineer has not previously been able to identify if the cupola above the Main Gallery contains asbestos caulk/glazing. If the cupola is to be impacted by the renovations, all associated caulk/glazing should be considered to contain asbestos and handled according to these specifications, until verified by the Engineer.
- Any caulk/glazing associated with the cupola shall also be presumed to contain PCB's, therefore any impact to this material will also coincide with PCB abatement activity as outlined in Section 028433.

A regulated area(s) shall be established at the perimeter of the work area(s), and access shall be controlled by the Contractor. A remote personnel decontamination unit shall be utilized. Removal shall be undertaken in accordance with OSHA Class II and USEPA Asbestos NESHAP requirements. Visual inspection shall be performed by project monitor prior to work area being deregulated. No containment required for exterior abatements.

Additional Notes:

While a lead specification is not being issued for this project, lead paint has been identified on various interior components in The Eric Sloane Museum

• Studio Room: wood ceiling and vertical wood support beams

The scope of work for this project does not currently include impact to the identified lead paint at The Eric Sloane Museum. If the scope of work is to change, and identified lead paint will become impacted, then all activities shall be performed in accordance with, but not limited to, the current revision of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Lead in Construction Regulations (29 CFR 1926.62), the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Hazardous Waste Regulations (40 CFR Parts 260 through 274), the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (CTDEEP) Hazardous Waste Regulations (22a-209-1 and 22a-449(c)) and the United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) Hazardous Materials Regulations (49 CFR Parts 171 through 180).

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1.3 DEFINITIONS

Accessible - A space easily accessed and which can be entered or seen without demolition.

Adequately Wet - Sufficiently mix or penetrate with liquid to prevent the release of particulates. If visible emissions are observed coming from asbestos-containing material, then that material has not been adequately wetted. However, the absence of visible emissions is not sufficient evidence of being adequately wet.

AHERA - Asbestos Hazard Emergency Response Act - U. S. EPA regulation 40 CFR Part 763 under Section 203 of Title II of the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA), 15 U.S.C. 2643. This rule mandates inspections, accreditations of persons involved with asbestos, and -final air clearances following abatement in public and private schools, and public and commercial buildings.

Alternative Work Practice (AWP) - State of Connecticut Department of Public Health - approved deviation from Asbestos Standards (Sections 19a-332a-1 to 19a-332a-16 inclusive). Alternative Work Practice methods may be used if pre-approved by DPH or with the approval of DPH, the Design Consultant and the CTDAS/CS Project Monitor when not pre-approved. Approval of alternative work practice procedures shall not relieve the Contractor from any codes, regulations or standards required by this specification.

Asbestos - The term asbestos includes chrysotile, amosite, crocidolite, asbestiform tremolite, asbestos, anthophyllite asbestos, actinolite asbestos and any of these minerals that has been chemically treated and/or altered.

Asbestos Abatement - The removal, encapsulation, enclosure, renovation, repair, demolition or other disturbance of asbestos-containing materials except activities which are related to the removal or repair of asbestos cement pipe and are performed as defined in Section 25-32a of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Asbestos-Containing Waste Materials - Mill tailings or any waste that contains commercial asbestos and is generated by a source subject to the provisions of this subpart. This term includes filters from control devices, friable asbestos waste material, and bags or other similar packaging contaminated with commercial asbestos. As applied to demolition and renovations operations, this term also includes regulated asbestos-containing material waste and materials contaminated with asbestos including disposable equipment and clothing.

Asbestos Control Area - An area where asbestos abatement operations are performed which is isolated by physical boundaries which assist in the prevention of the uncontrolled release of asbestos dust, fibers, or debris. Two examples of an Asbestos Control Area are a "full containment" and a "glovebag".

Asbestos Fiber - A particulate form of asbestos, tremolite, anthophyllite, actinolite, or a combination of these minerals having a length of five micrometers or longer, with a length-to-diameter ratio of at least 3 to 1.

Authorized Asbestos Disposal Facility - A location approved by the Connecticut Department of Environmental Protection for handling and disposing of asbestos waste or by an equivalent regulatory agency if the material is disposed of outside the State of Connecticut.

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Category I Non-Friable Asbestos-Containing Material (ACM) - Asbestos-containing packings, gaskets, resilient Floor coverings and asphalt roofing products containing more than 1 percent asbestos as determined using the method specified in Appendix A, subpart F, 40 CFR part 763, section 1, Polarized Light Microscopy.

Category II Non-Friable ACM - Any material, excluding Category I non-friable ACM, containing more than 1 percent asbestos as determined using the method specified in Appendix A, subpart F, 40 CFR part 763, section 1, Polarized Light Microscopy that when dry, cannot be crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

Class I Asbestos Work - Activities involving the removal of TSI and surfacing ACM and PACM.

Class II Asbestos Work - Activities involving the removal of ACM which is not TSI or surfacing material. This includes, but is not limited to, the removal of asbestos-containing wallboard, floor tile and sheeting, roofing and siding shingles, and construction mastics.

Class III Asbestos Work - Repair and maintenance operations, where ACM, including TSI and surfacing material, is likely to be disturbed.

Class IV Asbestos Work - Maintenance and custodial activities during which employees contact ACM and PACM and activities to clean up waste and debris containing ACM and PACM.

Competent Person - In addition to the definition in 29 CFR 1926.32(f), one who is capable of identifying existing asbestos hazards in the workplace and selecting the appropriate control strategy for asbestos exposure, who has the authority to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them, as specified in 29 CFR 1926.32(f): in addition, for Class I and Class II work who is specifically trained in a training course which meet the criteria of EPA's Model Accreditation Plan (40 CFR 763).

Concealed Space - Space which is out of sight. Examples of a concealed space include area above ceilings; below floors; between double walls; furred-in areas; pipe and duct shafts; and similar spaces.

Critical Barrier - A minimum of two layers of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting taped securely over windows, doorways, diffusers, grilles and any other openings between the Work Area and uncontaminated areas outside of the Work Area, including the outside of the building.

Decontamination Enclosure System - A series of rooms separated from the Work Area and from each other by air locks, for the decontamination of workers and equipment.

Demolition - The wrecking or taking out of any load-supporting structural member of a facility together with any related handling operations or the intentional burning of any facility.

DEEP - The Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection, 79 Elm Street, Hartford, CT 06106.

DPH - The Connecticut Department of Public Health, 410 Capitol Avenue, Hartford, CT 06134.

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Differential Pressure - A difference in the static air pressure between the Work Area and occupied areas, and is developed by the use of HEPA filtered exhaust fans. This differential is generally in the range of 0.02 to 0.04 inches of water column.

Encapsulant - Specific materials in various forms used to chemically entrap asbestos fibers in various configurations to prevent these fibers from becoming airborne. There are four types of encapsulant as follows:

- 1. Removal Encapsulant (can be used as a wetting agent).
- 2. Bridging Encapsulant (used to provide a tough durable surface coating to asbestos-containing material).
- 3. Penetrating Encapsulant (used to penetrate the asbestos containing material down to substrate, encapsulating all asbestos fibers).
- 4. Lock-down Encapsulant (used to seal off "lock-down" minute asbestos fibers left on surfaces from which asbestos containing materials have been removed).

Encapsulation - The application of an encapsulant to asbestos-containing building materials to control the possible release of asbestos fibers into the air.

Engineering Controls - Controls to include, but not be limited to, pressure differential equipment, decontamination enclosures, critical barriers and related procedures.

Equipment Decontamination Enclosure System - The portion of a Decontamination Enclosure System designed for controlled transfer of materials and equipment into or out of the Work Area, typically consisting of a Washroom and a Holding Area.

Exposed - Open to view.

Finished Space - Space used for habitation or occupancy where rough surfaces are plastered, paneled or otherwise treated to provide a pleasing appearance.

Fixed Critical Barrier - Barrier constructed of 2" x 4" wood or metal framing 16" O.C., with plywood on the occupied side and two layers of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting on the Work Area side to prevent unauthorized access or air flow.

Fixed Object - A piece of equipment or furniture in the Work Area which cannot be removed from the Work Area, as determined by the Design Consultant.

Friable Asbestos Material - Material containing more than 1 percent asbestos as determined using the method specified in Appendix A, subpart F, 40 CFR part 763, Section 1, Polarized Light Microscopy, that when dry can be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure. If the asbestos content is less than 10 percent as determined by a method other than point counting by polarized light microscopy (PLM), verify the asbestos content by point counting using PLM.

Glovebag - A sealed compartment with attached inner gloves used for the handling of asbestoscontaining materials. Properly installed and used glovebags provide a small Work Area enclosure

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typically used for small scale asbestos stripping operations. Information on glovebag installation, equipment and supplies, and work practices is contained in 29 CFR 1926.1101).

Glovebag Technique - A method with limited applications for removing small amounts of friable asbestos-containing material from HVAC ducts, short piping runs, valves, joints, elbows, and other non-planar surfaces in a non-contaminated work area. The glovebag assembly is a manufactured or fabricated device consisting of a glovebag (typically constructed of six (6) mil polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride plastic), two inward projecting long sleeves, an internal tool pouch, and an attached, labeled receptacle for asbestos waste. The glovebag is constructed and installed in such a manner that it surrounds the object or material to be removed and contains all asbestos fibers released during the process. This technique requires AWP application and may only be used if preapproved by DPH or with the approval of the Design Consultant and DPH when not pre-approved.

HEPA Filter Equipment - High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filtered vacuum and/or exhaust ventilation equipment with a filter system capable of trapping and retaining asbestos fibers. Filters shall be of 99.97 percent efficiency for retaining fibers of 0.3 microns in diameter or larger.

Inaccessible - A space not accessible and which cannot be entered or seen without demolition.

Lock-Down - The procedure of spraying polyethylene sheeting and building materials with an encapsulant type sealant to seal in non-visible asbestos-containing residue.

Mini-Containment - A procedure using a single layer of polyethylene sheeting to contain the Work Area. Access to the mini-containment is controlled by an air lock which also serves as a Holding Area. This procedure requires AWP application and may only be used if pre-approved by DPH or with the approval of the Design Consultant and DPH when not pre-approved.

Movable Object - A piece of equipment or furniture in the Work Area which can be removed from the Work Area, as determined by the Design Consultant.

Negative Exposure Assessment - For any one specific asbestos job which will be performed by employees who have been trained in compliance with the standard, the employer may demonstrate that employee exposures will be below the PELs by data which conform to the following criteria:

- 1. Objective data demonstrating that the product or material containing asbestos minerals or the activity involving such product or material cannot release airborne fibers in concentrations exceeding the TWA and excursion limit under those work conditions having the greatest potential for releasing asbestos; or
- 2. Where the employer has monitored prior asbestos jobs for the PEL and the excursion limit within 12 months of the current or projected job, the monitoring and analysis were performed in compliance with the asbestos standard in effect; and the data were obtained during work operations conducted under workplace conditions closely resembling the processes, type of material, control methods, work practices, and environmental conditions used and prevailing in the employer's current operations, the operations were conducted by employees whose training and experience are not more extensive than that of employees performing the current job, and these data show that under the conditions prevailing and which will prevail in the current workplace there is a high degree of certainty that employee exposures will not exceed the TWA and excursion limit; or

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3. The results of initial exposure monitoring of the current job made from breathing zone air samples that are representative of the 8-hour TWA and 30-minute short-term exposures of each employee covering operations which are most likely during the performance of the entire asbestos job to result in exposures over the PELs.

Non-Friable Asbestos-Containing Material - Material containing more than 1 percent asbestos as determined using the method specified in Appendix A, subpart F, 40 CFR part 763, section 1, Polarized Light Microscopy, which when dry cannot be crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure.

NPE - Negative pressure enclosure.

Owner or Operator of a Demolition or Renovation Activity - Any person who owns, leases, operates, controls and supervises the facility being demolished or renovated or any person who owns, leases, operates, controls or supervises the demolition or renovation, or both.

Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) - (1) time-weighted average unit (TWA). The employer shall ensure that no employee is exposed to an airborne concentration of asbestos in excess of 0.1 fiber per cubic centimeter (f/cc) or air as an eight (8) hour time-weighted average time (TWA). (2) excursion limit. The employer shall ensure that no employee is exposed to an airborne concentration of asbestos in excess of 1.0 fibers per cubic centimeter of air (f/cc) as averaged over a sampling period of thirty (30) minutes.

Personal Monitoring - Air sampling within the breathing zone of an employee.

Pre-Clean - The process of cleaning an area before asbestos abatement activities begin to ensure all dust and debris in the area considered to be asbestos-containing are properly contained and disposed of. This increases the likelihood the area will pass aggressive air sampling clearance requirements after asbestos-containing materials have been removed.

Presumed Asbestos-Containing Material (PACM) - TSI and surfacing material found in buildings constructed no later than 1980.

Project Monitor - The certified and licensed individual contracted or employed by the building owner of contractor to supervise and/or conduct air monitoring and analysis schemes. This individual is responsible for recognition of technical deficiencies in procedures during both planning and on-site phases of an abatement project. Requirements for Project Monitor are defined in the Connecticut DPH regulations (Sections 20-440-1 through 9). In addition to these requirements, this person shall be listed in the American Industrial Hygiene Association's Asbestos Analysts Registry.

Regulated Area – An area established by the employer to demarcate areas where Class I, II and III work is conducted and any adjoining area where debris and waste from such asbestos work accumulate; a work area within which airborne concentrations of asbestos exceed, or there is a reasonable possibility they may exceed the Permissible Exposure Limit.

Regulated Asbestos-Containing Material (RACM) - (a) Friable asbestos material, (b) Category I non-friable ACM that has become friable, (c) Category I non-friable ACM that will be or has been subjected to sanding, grinding, cutting, or abrading, or (d) Category II non-friable ACM that has a

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high probability of becoming or has become crumbled, pulverized, or reduced to powder by the forces expected to act on the material in the course of demolition or renovation operations.

Renovation - Altering a facility or one or more facility components in any way, including the stripping or removal of RACM from a facility component. Operations in which load-supporting members are wrecked or taken out are demolitions.

Repair - Overhauling, rebuilding, reconstructing or reconditioning of structures or substrates where asbestos, tremolite, anthophyllite or actinolite is present.

Thermal System Insulation (TSI) - Materials applied to pipes, fittings, breeching, tanks, ducts or other structural components to prevent heat loss or gain.

Unfinished Space - Space used for storage, utilities or work area where appearance is not a factor. Examples of an unfinished space include crawlspace; pipe tunnel and similar spaces.

Visible Emissions - Any emissions, which are visually detectable without the aid of instruments, coming from RACM or asbestos-containing waste material or from any asbestos milling, manufacturing, or fabricating operation. This does not include condensed, uncombined water vapor.

Visible Residue - Any debris or dust on surfaces in areas within the Work Area where asbestos abatement has taken place and which is visible to the unaided eye. All visible residue is assumed to contain asbestos.

Waste Generator - Any owner or operator of a source whose act or process produces asbestoscontaining waste material.

Waste Shipment Record - The shipping document, required to be originated and signed by the waste generator, used to track and substantiate the disposition of asbestos-containing waste material.

Wet Cleaning - The process of eliminating asbestos contamination from building surfaces and objects by using cloths, mops, or other cleaning tools which have been dampened with water, and afterwards thoroughly decontaminated or disposed of as asbestos-contaminated waste.

Work Area - Specific area or location where the actual work is being performed or such other area of a facility which the Design Consultant determines may be hazardous to public health as a result of such asbestos abatement.

Worker Decontamination Enclosure System - The portion of a Decontamination Enclosure System designed for controlled passage of workers and authorized visitors, typically consisting of a Clean Room, a Shower Room and an Equipment Room.

1.4 SUBMITTALS AND NOTICES

A. The Contractor shall submit, in accordance with CTDPH Standard 19a-332a-3 and EPA 40 CFR 61.145 (b), proper notification using the prescribed form, to the Commissioner,

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State of Connecticut, Department of Public Health and EPA Region 1 not fewer than ten (10) days (10 business days) prior to the commencement of work as follows:

- 1. Asbestos abatement projects involving greater than ten (10) linear feet (LF) or twenty-five (25) square feet (SF) of ACM (friable or non-friable) within a facility (i.e. interior abatement) and/or greater than 10 LF or 25 SF of friable ACM outside a facility, require an CTDPH Asbestos Abatement Notification. Also, abatement projects greater than one hundred sixty (160) SF, two hundred sixty (260) LF of interior/exterior or 35 cubic feet (CF) of interior/exterior Regulated Asbestos containing materials (RACM) require Notification of Demolition & Renovation to EPA Region 1.
- 2. At sites scheduled for demolition, asbestos abatement of exterior non-friable ACM or interior abatement involving less than 10 LF or 25 SF of ACM (friable or non-friable), and/or exterior abatement involving less than 10 LF or 25 SF of friable ACM require a CTDPH Demolition Notification. In most cases, the Demolition Contractor is responsible for filing the CTDPH Demolition Notification not fewer than ten (10) days prior to the commencement of demolition. However, if a portion of the demolition activities are scheduled to be conducted in conjunction with and/or under the supervision of an Asbestos Abatement Contractor (i.e. in the event of a structure which has been condemned, structurally damaged, and/or deemed unsafe for asbestos abatement activities); then it is the responsibility of the Asbestos Abatement Contractor to submit the CTDPH Demolition Notification.
- 3. In the event that a CTDPH Asbestos Abatement Notification and EPA Notification of Demolition & Renovation have been submitted and the subject facility is scheduled for demolition, separate Demolition Notification forms do not need to be submitted. In such cases, the submission of the CTDPH Asbestos Abatement Notification and EPA Notification of Demolition & Renovation forms shall be deemed as satisfying the requirement for the notification of the demolition of the facility.
- 4. The Contractor filing the proper notification is responsible for all associated fees.
- 5. If the Contractor intends to dispose of ACM waste within the State of Connecticut, a copy of the CTDPH Asbestos Abatement and EPA Notification of Demolition & Renovation/Demolition Notification must also be submitted to the Department of Environmental Protection, Solid Waste Management Unit, and the Contractor must obtain a CTDEEP Special Waste Disposal authorization.
- B. Any Alternative Work Practice (AWP) specifically described in these Specifications is preapproved and is to be utilized at all times. Additional AWP methods may be used if approved by CTDPH and/or EPA and the Engineer. Should the Contractor desire to use AWP procedures that have not been pre-approved, the Contractor shall submit in writing a description of the proposed methods to the Engineer, CTDPH and/or EPA for review and approval. Alternative procedures shall provide equivalent or greater protection than procedures which they replace. The Contractor is responsible for all fees associated with filing AWP applications which have not been pre-approved. Submission of AWP applications requires a CTDPH Project Designer License. The Contractor shall not proceed

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with any AWP other than those listed in this Specification without approval from both the CTDPH and/or EPA and the Engineer/Owner.

- C. Seven (7) working days prior to the commencement of asbestos abatement work (Preabatement Meeting), the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer/Owner for review and acceptance and/or acknowledgment of the following:
 - 1. Copies of all required notifications.
 - 2. AWP applications/approvals.
 - 3. Permits and licenses for the removal, transport, and disposal of asbestos-containing or contaminated materials, including a CTDPH valid asbestos removal contractor's license.
 - 4. Documentation dated within the previous twelve (12) months, certifying that all employees have received USEPA Model Accreditation Plan approved asbestos worker/supervisor training in the proper handling of materials that contain asbestos; understand the health implications and risks involved, including the illnesses possible from exposure to airborne asbestos fibers; understands the use and limits of respiratory equipment to be used; and understands the results of monitoring of airborne quantities of asbestos as related to health and respiratory equipment as indicated in 29 CFR 1926.1101 on an initial and annual basis, and copies of all employees CTDPH asbestos worker and/or supervisor licenses.
 - 5. Documentation from the Contractor, typed on company letterhead and signed by the Contractor, certifying that all employees listed herein have received the following:
 - a. Medical monitoring within the previous twelve (12) months, as required in 29 CFR 1926.1101
 - b. Respirator fit testing within the previous twelve (12) months, as detailed in 29 CFR 1910.134 (for all employees who must also don a tight-fitting face piece respirator)
 - 6. Copies of the EPA/State-approved certificates for the proposed asbestos landfill.
 - 7. Name and qualifications of the Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor. This individual shall be the OSHA Competent Person for the abatement activities, shall have a minimum of three years working experience as an Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor, shall be capable of identifying existing asbestos hazards and shall have the authority to implement corrective measures to eliminate such hazards. The Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor shall be on-site at all times asbestos abatement is occurring, shall comply with applicable Federal, State and Local regulations which mandate work practices, and shall be capable of performing the work of this contract.
- D. No abatement shall commence until a copy of all required submittals have been received and found acceptable to the Engineer. Those employees added to the Contractor's original

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list will be allowed to perform work only upon submittal to, and receipt of, all required paperwork by the Engineer.

- E. Provide the Engineer/Owner, within 30 days of completion of asbestos abatement, a compliance package; which shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - 1. Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor job log;
 - 2. OSHA personnel air sampling data and exposure assessments;
 - 3. <u>Completed</u> waste shipment records.

1.5 SEQUENCE OF WORK

- A. The Contractor shall proceed in accordance with the sequence of work as directed by the Engineer/Construction Manager. Work shall be divided into convenient Work Areas, each of which is to be completed as a separate unit.
- B. The Contractor shall use the following sequence for the asbestos abatement work:
 - 1. Release of work area to Contractor.
 - 2. A visual inspection of the work area to determine pre-existing damage to facility components.
 - 3. Removal of all moveable objects from the Work Areas undergoing abatement by the Contractor.
 - 4. All temporary utilities required for the project shall be on site and operational prior to the initiation of asbestos work.
 - 5. Abatement of all asbestos-containing materials by the Contractor.
 - 6. Final visual inspections by the Project Monitor.
 - 7. Interior NPE work area air sampling by the Project Monitor for re-occupancy (if applicable).
 - 8. Cleanup by the Contractor. Work Areas must be returned to their original condition or as directed by the Engineer/Project Monitor.
 - 9. Removal of waste from the site.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

A. All materials to be used for abatement shall be delivered to the job site in the original packages, containers, or bundles bearing the name of the manufacturer, the brand name and product technical description.

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- B. No damaged or deteriorating materials shall be used. If material becomes contaminated with asbestos, the material shall be decontaminated or disposed of as asbestos-containing waste material. The cost to decontaminate and dispose of this material shall be at the expense of the Contractor.
- C. Fire retardant polyethylene sheet shall be in roll size to minimize the frequency of joints, with factory label indicating four (4) or six (6) mil thickness.
- D. Six (6) mil polyethylene disposable bags shall have pre-printed OSHA/EPA/DOT labels and shall be transparent.
- E. Tape (or equivalent) capable of sealing joints in adjacent polyethylene sheets and for the attachment of polyethylene sheets to finished or unfinished surfaces must be capable of adhering under both dry and wet conditions.
- F. Surfactant is a chemical wetting agent added to water to improve penetration and shall consist of fifty (50) percent polyoxyethylene ether and fifty (50) percent polyoxyethylene ester, or equivalent. The surfactant shall be mixed with water to provide a concentration one (1) ounce surfactant to five (5) gallons of water, or as directed by the manufacturer.
- G. Spray equipment must be capable of mixing necessary chemical agents with water, generating sufficient pressure and volume; and equipped with adequate hose length to access all necessary work areas.
- H. Mechanical mastic removal equipment shall be suitable for the application and shall be operated in a manner which prevents damage to the underlying floor. Sanders, grinders, wire brushes and needle-gun type removal equipment shall be equipped with a High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) filtered vacuum dust collection system.
- I. Containers for storage, transportation and disposal of asbestos containing waste material shall be impermeable and both air and watertight.
- J. Labels and warning signs shall conform to OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101, USEPA 40 CFR Part 61.152, and USDOT 49 CFR Part 172 as appropriate.
- K. Encapsulant, a material used to chemically entrap asbestos fibers to prevent these fibers from becoming airborne, shall be of the type which has been approved by the Engineer. Use shall be in accordance with manufacturer's printed technical data. The encapsulant shall be clear and must be compatible with new materials being installed, if any.
- L. Glovebag assembly shall be manufactured of six (6) mil transparent polyethylene or PVC with two (2) inward projecting long sleeve gloves, an internal pouch for tools, and an attached labeled receptacle for waste.
- M. Any planking, bracing, shoring, barricades and/or temporary sheet piling, necessary to appropriately perform work activities shall conform to all applicable federal, state and local regulations.

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N. Air filtration devices and vacuum units shall be equipped with HEPA filters.

2.2 TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Air monitoring equipment of the type and quantity required to monitor operations and conduct personnel exposure surveillance shall conform to OSHA requirements.
- B. Protective clothing, respirators, filter cartridges, air filters and sample filter cassettes shall be provided in sufficient quantities for the project.
- C. Electrical equipment, protective devices and power cables shall conform to all applicable codes.
- D. Shower stalls and plumbing shall include sufficient hose length and drain system or an acceptable alternate. Showers shall be equipped with hot and cold or warm running water. One shower stall shall be provided for each eight workers. Water is filtered through a 5 micron and a 10 micron filter prior to being discharged into the city sewer/sanitary system. The contractor may need to supply their own water as the closest operating water supply is at the Visitors Center.
- E. The Contractor may need to supply electrical power to the site by either fuel operated generator(s) or temporary restoration of electrical service. Electrical power supply will be sufficient for maintaining in operation all equipment required for this project throughout the duration of the project.
- F. Exhaust air filtration units shall be equipped with HEPA filters capable of providing sufficient air exhaust to create a minimum pressure differential of 0.02 inches of water column, and to allow a sufficient flow of air through the area providing 4 air changes per hour. An automatic warning system shall be incorporated into the equipment to indicate pressure drop or unit failure. No air movement system or air filtering equipment shall discharge unfiltered air outside the Regulated Area. The Contractor shall provide actual airflow measurement of filtration units while the unit is in place and calculate actual air exchange rates.
- G. Pressure differential monitoring equipment shall be provided to ensure exhaust air filtration devices provide the minimum pressure differential required between the Work Area and occupied areas of the facility.
- H. Vacuum units, of suitable size and capabilities for the project, shall have HEPA filters capable of trapping and retaining at least 99.97 percent of all monodispersed particles of three micrometers in diameter or larger.
- I. Ladders and/or scaffolds shall be of adequate length, strength and sufficient quantity to support the work schedule.
- J. Other materials such as lumber, nails and hardware necessary to construct and dismantle the decontamination enclosures and the barriers that isolate the Work Area shall be provided as appropriate for the work.

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- K. Spray equipment shall be capable of mixing wetting agent with water and capable of generating sufficient pressure and volume. Hose length shall be sufficient to reach all of the Regulated area.
- L. Mechanical mastic removal equipment shall be suitable for the application and shall be operated in a manner which prevents excessive damage to the underlying floor.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Abatement Contractor/Subcontractor shall possess a valid State of Connecticut Asbestos Contractor License. Should any portion of the work be subcontracted, the subcontractor must also possess a valid State of Connecticut Asbestos Contractor License. The Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor employed by the Contractor shall be in control on the job site at all times during asbestos abatement work. All employees of the Contractor who shall perform work (i.e. Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor, Asbestos Abatement Worker) shall be properly certified/licensed by the State of Connecticut to perform such duties
- B. All labor, materials, tools, equipment, services, testing, insurance (with specific coverage for work on asbestos), and incidentals which are necessary or required to perform the work in accordance with applicable governmental regulations, industry standards and codes, and these Specifications shall be provided by the Contractor. The Contractor shall be prepared to work all shifts and weekends throughout the course of this project.
- C. Prior to beginning work, the Engineer and Contractor shall perform a visual survey of each work area and review conditions at the site for safety reasons. In addition, the Contractor shall instruct all workers in all aspects of personnel protection, work procedures, emergency evacuation procedures and use of equipment including procedures unique to this project.

D. The Contractor shall:

- 1. Shutdown and isolate heating, cooling, and ventilating air systems to prevent contamination and fiber dispersal to the other areas of the building.
- 2. Shut down and lock out electrical power, including all receptacles and light fixtures, when feasible. The use or isolation of electrical power will be coordinated with all other ongoing uses of electrical power at the site.
- 3. Coordinate all power and fire alarm isolation with the appropriate representatives.
- 4. When necessary, provide temporary power and adequate lighting and ensure safe installation of electrical equipment, including ground fault protection and power cables, in compliance with applicable electrical codes and OSHA requirements. The Contractor is responsible for proper connection and installation of electrical wiring.

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- E. If sufficient electrical service is unavailable, the Contractor may need to supply electrical power to the site by fuel operated generator(s). Electrical power supply shall be sufficient for all equipment required for this project in operation throughout the duration of the project. If the Contractor elects to supply electrical power to the work site through the use of generators, the Contractor shall ensure that each work area is a manageable size such that removal, final cleaning and re-occupancy testing can be accomplished within one work shift while negative air machines are operating.
- F. Negative pressure must be continuously maintained in each work area, until the area achieves satisfactory re-occupancy criteria and is approved by the Project Monitor to be deregulated. Negative air pressure must be maintained twenty-four (24) hours per day and the Contractor shall establish temporary electrical service to the site, rather than utilize generators.
- G. Water service may not be available at the site. Contractor shall supply sufficient water for each shift to operate the decontamination shower units as well as to maintain the work areas adequately wet.
- H. Ladders and/or scaffolds shall be in compliance with OSHA requirements, and of adequate length, strength and sufficient quantity to support the scope of work. Use of ladders/scaffolds shall be in conformance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926 Subpart L and X requirements.
- I. Work performed at heights exceeding six feet (6') shall be performed in accordance with the OSHA Fall Protection Standard 29 CFR 1926 Subpart M including the use of fall arrest systems as applicable.
- J. Data provided regarding asbestos sampling conducted throughout the structure(s) is for informational purposes only. Under no circumstances shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for determining the presence and location of all asbestos containing materials. The Contractor shall verify all field conditions affecting performance of the work as described in these Specifications in accordance with OSHA, USEPA, USDOT, CTDPH and CTDEEP standards. Compliance with the applicable requirements is solely the responsibility of the Contractor.
- K. The Owner will provide a Project Monitor to oversee the activities of the Contractor. No asbestos work shall be performed until the Project Monitor is on-site. Pre-abatement, during abatement and post-abatement air sampling will be conducted as deemed necessary by the Project Monitor. Waste stream testing will be performed, as necessary, by the Project Monitor prior to waste disposal.

3.2 PREPARATION OF WORK AREA ENCLOSURE SYSTEM

A. Pre-clean the work areas using HEPA filtered equipment (vacuum) and/or wet methods as appropriate, collecting and properly containing all dust and debris as asbestos-containing/asbestos contaminated waste. Vacuum units, of suitable size and capabilities for the project, shall have HEPA filters capable of trapping and retaining at least 99.97 percent of all monodispersed particles of three micrometers in diameter or larger. Do not

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use methods that raise dust, such as dry sweeping or vacuuming with equipment not equipped with HEPA filters.

- B. After pre-cleaning, movable objects shall be removed from the work areas with the utmost care to prevent damage of any kind and relocated to a temporary storage location coordinated with the Engineer. The Contractor is responsible for protecting all fixed objects that are permanent fixtures or are too large to remove and remain inside the Regulated Area. Fixed objects shall be enclosed with one layer of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting sealed with tape.
- C. Where non-ACM insulation exists within a Regulated Area, the Contractor has the option of removing the non-ACM insulation material and disposing of as ACM debris, or decontaminating and protecting non-ACM insulation material with two (2) layers of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting. Any non-ACM insulation removed shall be replaced with new material of equal or better quality at the Contractor's expense.

3.3 WORKER DECONTAMINATION ENCLOSURE SYSTEM

- A. The Contractor shall establish contiguous to the Regulated Area, a Worker Decontamination Enclosure System consisting of Equipment Room, Shower Room and Clean Room in series, as detailed below. Access to the Regulated Area shall only be through this enclosure.
- B. Access between rooms in the Worker Decontamination Enclosure System shall be through airlocks. Other effective designs are permissible. The Clean Room, Shower Room and Equipment Room located within the Worker Decontamination Enclosure, shall be contiguously connected with taped airtight edges, thus ensuring the sole source of airflow originates from outside the regulated areas, once the negative pressure differential within the Regulated Area is established.
- C. The Clean Room shall be adequately sized to accommodate workers and shall be equipped with a suitable number of hooks, lockers, shelves, etc., for workers to store personal articles and clothing. Changing areas of the Clean Room shall be suitably screened from areas occupied by the public.
- D. The Shower Room shall be of sufficient capacity to accommodate the number of workers. One shower stall shall be provided for each eight (8) workers. Showers shall be equipped with hot and cold or warm running water through the use of electric hot water heaters supplied by the Contractor. No worker or other person shall leave a Regulated Area without showering. Shower water shall be collected and filtered using best available technology and dumped down an approved sanitary drain. Shower stalls and plumbing shall include sufficient hose length and drain system or an acceptable alternate.

3.4 EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION ENCLOSURE SYSTEM

A. The Contractor shall establish contiguous to the Regulated Area an Equipment/Waste Removal Decontamination Enclosure System consisting of two (2) totally enclosed chambers divided by a double flap curtained opening. Other effective designs are

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- permissible. This enclosure must be constructed so as to ensure that no personnel enter or exit through this unit.
- B. The Contractor shall ensure that no personnel or equipment be permitted to leave the Regulated Area until proper decontamination procedures (including HEPA vacuuming, wet wiping and showering) to remove all asbestos debris have occurred. No asbestoscontaminated materials or persons shall enter the Clean Room.

3.5 SEPARATION OF WORK AREAS FROM OCCUPIED AREAS

- A. Seal off all windows, doorways, skylights, ducts, grilles, diffusers, vents, light fixtures, electrical receptacles, suspended ceiling tile systems and any other openings between the Regulated Area and the uncontaminated areas outside of the Regulated Area, including the outside of the building, with critical barriers consisting of a minimum of one (1) layer of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting securing the edges with tape. Doorways and corridors which will not be used for passage during work and separate the regulated areas from occupied areas must be sealed with fixed critical barriers constructed of 2" x 4" wood or metal framing 16" O.C., with ½" plywood on the occupied side and two layers of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting on the Regulated Area side to prevent unauthorized access or air flow
- B. The Contractor shall create a negative pressure differential in the range of 0.02 to 0.04 inches of water column between the Regulated Area and surrounding areas by the use of acceptable negative air pressure equipment. Exhaust air filtration units shall be equipped with HEPA filters capable of providing sufficient air exhaust to create a minimum pressure differential of 0.02 inches of water column, and to allow a sufficient flow of air through the area providing 4 air changes per hour. The Contractor shall provide a sufficient quantity of HEPA air filters to maintain the pressure differential throughout the duration of the project. An automatic warning system shall be incorporated into the equipment to indicate pressure drop or unit failure. Continuously monitor the pressure differential between the Regulated Area and surrounding area to ensure exhaust air filtration equipment maintains a minimum pressure differential of 0.02 inches of water column. The Contractor shall provide actual air flow measurement of filtration units while the unit is in place and calculate actual air exchange rates. No air movement system or air filtering equipment shall discharge unfiltered air outside the Regulated Area.
- C. A Negative Pressure Enclosure (NPE) shall be constructed via covering of floor and wall surfaces with polyethylene sheeting sealed with tape. Polyethylene shall be applied alternately to floors and walls. Cover floors first, with a layer of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting, so that polyethylene extends at least twelve (12) inches up on wall. Cover wall with a layer of four (4) mil polyethylene sheeting to twelve (12) inches beyond the wall/floor intersection, thus overlapping the floor material by a minimum of twenty-four (24) inches. Repeat the process for the second layer of polyethylene. There shall be no seams at wall-to-floor joints. Protect carpet and floor tile with two additional layers of six (6) mil reinforced polyethylene in addition to the prior two layers required.
- D. Conspicuously label and maintain emergency and fire exits from the Regulated Area satisfactory to fire officials.

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E. Post warning signs meeting the specifications of OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1001 and 29 CFR 1926.1101 at each Regulated Area. In addition, signs shall be posted at all approaches to Regulated Areas so that an employee or building occupant may read the sign and take the necessary protective steps before entering the area. Additional signs may require posting following construction of workplace enclosure barriers.

3.6 ALTERNATE EXTERIOR NON-FRIABLE ASBESTOS SET-UP PROCEDURES

A. In lieu of the establishment of a negative pressure enclosure (NPE) system as described by CTDPH Sections 19a-332a-5(c), 5(d), 5(e), and 5(h), non-friable ACM will be removed from exterior work areas within an outdoor Regulated Area(s). The regulated work area will be established by the use of appropriately labeled barrier tape and postings in compliance with CTDPH 19a-332a-5(a) as well as OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101. A remote personnel decontamination unit as specified in Section 19a-332a-6 will be required. This method shall only be utilized provided exposure assessment air sampling data collected during the removal of the exterior non-friable materials indicates that the exposure levels during removal of such materials do not exceed 0.1 asbestos f/cc. Should exposure assessment air sampling data exceed this level, and engineering efforts to reduce the airborne fiber levels not be successful in reducing the levels to less than 0.1 f/cc, removal shall occur within these areas under full containment conditions.

3.7 ALTERNATE "SPOT REPAIR" ASBESTOS PROCEDURES

- A. In lieu of the establishment of a negative pressure enclosure (NPE) system as described by CTDPH Sections 19a-332a-5(c), 5(d), 5(e), and 5(h), less than 3 LF or 3 SF of ACM will be removed as a "spot repair" in accordance with CTDPH Section 19a-332a-10. A regulated area will be established by the use of appropriately labeled barrier tape and postings in compliance with CTDPH 19a-332a-5(a) as well as OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101. A remote personnel decontamination unit as specified in Section 19a-332a-6 will be required. Air-tight barriers will be constructed to assure that asbestos fibers released during abatement activities are contained within the work area. (Glovebags are permitted, as specified below.) ACM will be adequately wet prior to disturbance and remain wet until placed in leak-tight container. Following abatement, clean-up methods within the work area will include HEPA-filtered vacuuming or wet cleaning techniques until no visible residue remains.
- B. Glovebags utilized to perform "spot repair" activities on asbestos containing pipe insulation/mudded fitting insulation, in conformance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(g)(5)(ii), shall be:
 - 1. constructed of 6 mil poly, seamless at bottom, unmodified
 - 2. installed so that it completely covers the circumference of pipe or other structure where work is to be done, with impermeable dropcloths placed on all surfaces beneath the work area
 - 3. smoke-tested for leaks and sealed, as needed
 - 4. used only once, may not be moved
 - 5. used only on surfaces with temperatures <150°F
 - 6. collapsed by removing air via HEPA-vacuum, prior to disposal

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- 7. adhered to surfaces which are intact, surfaces with loose and friable material shall be sealed in two layers of 6 mil poly or otherwise rendered intact
- 8. capable of sustaining integrity at connection site to attached waste bag, which must have equivalent of sliding valve for disconnection (as applicable)
- 9. performed by a minimum of two (2) persons
- C. Glovebags may also be used for "spot repair" abatement procedures involving additional materials (e.g. floor tile/linoleum, transite, etc.) provided that the glovebag is capable of fully enclosing the material to be removed.

3.8 PERSONNEL PROTECTION

- A. The Contractor shall utilize all appropriate engineering controls and safety and protective equipment while performing the work in accordance with OSHA, USEPA, USDOT, CTDEEP and CTDPH regulations.
- B. The Contractor shall provide and require all workers to wear protective clothing in the Regulated Areas where asbestos fiber concentrations may reasonably be expected to exceed the OSHA established Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) or where asbestos contamination exists. Protective clothing shall include impervious coveralls with elastic wrists and ankles, head covering, gloves and foot coverings.
- C. Respiratory protection shall be provided and selection shall conform to the requirements of OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and 29 CFR 1926.1101 as well as the requirements of the CTDPH regulations and 42 CFR Part 84. A formal respiratory protection program must be implemented in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.1101 and 29 CFR 1910.134.
- D. All other necessary personnel protective equipment (i.e. hardhat, work boots, safety glasses, hearing protection, etc.) required to perform the asbestos abatement work activities shall conform to all applicable federal, state and local regulations.
- E. All other qualified and authorized persons entering into a Regulated Area (i.e. Project Monitor, Regulatory Agency Representative) shall adhere to the requirements of personnel protection as stated in this section.

3.9 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT PROCEDURES

- A. The Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor, as the OSHA Competent Person shall be at the site at all times.
- B. The Contractor shall not begin abatement work until authorized by the Project Monitor, following a pre-abatement visual inspection.
- C. All workers and authorized persons shall enter and leave the Regulated Area through the Worker Decontamination Enclosure System, leaving contaminated protective clothing in the Equipment Room for reuse or disposal of as asbestos contaminated waste. No one shall eat, drink, smoke, chew gum or tobacco, or apply cosmetics while in a Regulated Area.

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- D. During removal, the Contractor shall spray asbestos materials with amended water using airless spray equipment capable of providing a "mist" application to reduce the release of airborne fibers. Spray equipment shall be capable of mixing wetting agent with water and capable of generating sufficient pressure and volume. Hose length shall be sufficient to reach all of the Regulated Area. Do not "flood" the area with hose type water supply equipment with the potential to create water releases from the regulated area.
- E. The Contractor shall continue to spray the asbestos materials with amended water, as necessary, throughout removal activities to ensure the asbestos materials remain adequately wet. The asbestos materials shall not be allowed to dry out.
- F. In order to minimize airborne asbestos concentrations inside the Regulated Area, the Contractor shall remove the adequately wetted asbestos in manageable sections. In addition, asbestos materials removed from any elevated level shall be carefully lowered to the floor.
- G. The Contractor shall promptly place the adequately wet asbestos material in disposal containers (six (6) mil polyethylene bags/fiber drum/poly-lined dumpsters, etc.) as it is removed. Large components removed intact may be wrapped in two (2) layers of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting secured with tape. As the disposal containers are filled, the Contractor shall promptly seal the containers, apply caution labels and clean the containers before transportation to the equipment decontamination area. Bags shall be securely sealed to prevent accidental opening and leakage by taping in gooseneck fashion. Small components and asbestos-containing waste with sharp-edged components (e.g. nails, screws, metal lath, tin sheeting) which could tear polyethylene bags and sheeting shall be placed in clean drums and sealed with locking ring tops. All waste containers shall be leaktight, (typically consisting of two layers of 6 mil poly (or bags)), and shall be properly labeled and placarded with OSHA Danger labels, DOT shipping labels, markings and placards and USEPA NESHAP generators labels. Containers shall be decontaminated by wet cleaning and HEPA vacuuming within the equipment decontamination area prior to exiting the regulated area. Wet clean each container thoroughly before moving to Holding Area.
- H. If at any time during asbestos removal, the Project Monitor should suspect contamination of areas outside the Regulated Area, the Contractor shall immediately stop all abatement work and take steps to decontaminate these areas and eliminate causes of such contamination. Unprotected individuals shall be prohibited from entering contaminated areas until air sampling and/or visual inspections determine decontamination.
- I. After completion of abatement work, all surfaces from which asbestos has been removed shall be wet brushed, using a nylon brush, wet wiped and sponged or cleaned by an equivalent method to remove all visible material (wire brushes are not permitted). During this work the surfaces being cleaned shall be kept wet. Cleaning shall also include the use of HEPA filtered vacuum equipment.

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3.10 CLEAN-UP PROCEDURES

- A. The Contractor shall also remove and containerize all visible accumulations of asbestos-containing and/or asbestos-contaminated debris which may have splattered or collected on the polyethylene engineering controls/barriers.
- B. The Contractor shall clean surfaces of contaminated containers and equipment thoroughly by vacuuming with HEPA filtered equipment and wet sponging or wiping before moving such items into the Equipment Decontamination Enclosure System for final cleaning and removal to uncontaminated areas.
- C. The Contractor shall remove contamination from the exteriors of the air filtration devices, scaffolding, ladders, extension cords, hoses and other equipment inside the Regulated Area. Cleaning may be accomplished by brushing, HEPA vacuuming and/or wet cleaning. The Contractor shall wet wipe the Regulated Area beginning at the point farthest away from the negative air filtration units using cotton rags or lint free paper towels. Rags and towels shall be disposed of after each use. Workers should avoid the use of dirty rags to insure proper cleaning of surfaces. Mop the entire floor with a clean mop head and amended water. Water shall be changed frequently. For those Regulated Areas where lead is also disturbed, the cleaning shall also include a wet washing with a high phosphate detergent solution and HEPA vacuuming. Waste water shall be filtered using best available technology into leak-proof containers prior to being transported to a sanitary sewer for discharge.
- D. Once the Regulated Area surfaces have dried, the Project Monitor shall perform a thorough post abatement visual inspection utilizing protocols from the ASTM Standard E1368-90 Standard Practice for Visual Inspection of Asbestos Abatement Projects. All surfaces within the Regulated Area, including but not limited to ledges, beams, and hidden locations shall be inspected for visible residue. Evidence of asbestos contamination identified during this inspection will necessitate further cleaning as heretofore specified. The area shall be re-cleaned at the Contractor's expense, until the standard of cleaning is achieved.
- E. Once the area has received a satisfactory post-abatement visual inspection, any equipment, tools or materials not required for completion of the work, shall be removed by the Contractor from the Regulated Area. Negative air filtration devices shall remain in place and operating for the remainder of the clean-up operation.
- F. Following the post-abatement visual, the Contractor shall apply a lock-down encapsulant to all surfaces within the Regulated Area from which asbestos has been removed and the cleaned inner layer of polyethylene.

3.11 AIR MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

A. The Contractor shall:

1. Provide air monitoring equipment including sample filter cassettes of the type and quantity required to properly monitor operations and personnel exposure surveillance throughout the duration of the project.

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- 2. Conduct personnel exposure assessment air sampling, as necessary, to assure that workers are using appropriate respiratory protection in accordance with OSHA Standard 1926.1101. Documentation of air sampling results must be recorded at the work site within twenty-four (24) hours and shall be available for review until the job is complete.
- B. The Project Monitor, acting as the representative of the Engineer during abatement activities, will:
 - 1. Collect air samples in accordance with the current revision of the NIOSH 7400 Method of Air Sampling for Airborne Asbestos Fibers while overseeing the activities of the Abatement Contractor. Frequency and duration of the air sampling during abatement will be representative of the actual conditions at the abatement site. The size and configuration of the asbestos project will be a factor in the number of samples required to monitor the abatement activities and shall be determined by the Project Monitor. The following schedule of samples may be collected by the Project Monitor:
 - a. Pre-Abatement (Optional)
 - i. Background areas
 - ii. Area(s) adjacent to Work Area(s)
 - iii. Work Area(s)
 - b. During Abatement (Optional)
 - i. At the exhaust of air filtering device
 - ii. Within Regulated Area(s)
 - iii. Area(s) adjacent to Regulated Areas(s) (exterior to critical barriers)
 - iv. At the Decontamination Enclosure System
 - c. Post-Abatement (re-occupancy air clearance testing) (REQUIRED)
 - i. Interior Regulated NPE Area At least five (5) per homogenous

Abatement Activity	Pre- Abatement	During Abatement	Post- Abatement
Greater than 160 SF/260 LF – Interior	PCM	PCM	TEM
Greater than 3 LF/3 SF and Less than 160 SF/260 LF – Interior	PCM	PCM	PCM
Spot Removal and Glovebag Procedures (<3 LF/3 SF)		PCM	
Exterior Friable/Non-Friable		PCM	

C. If air samples collected outside of the Regulated Area during abatement activities indicate airborne fiber concentrations greater than original background levels, or greater than 0.1 f/cc, as determined by Phase Contrast Microscopy, whichever is larger, an examination of the Regulated Area perimeter shall be conducted and the integrity of barriers shall be restored. Cleanup of surfaces outside the Regulated Area using HEPA vacuum equipment or wet cleaning techniques shall be done prior to resuming abatement activities.

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3.12 POST-ABATEMENT RE-OCCUPANCY PROCEDURES

- A. For interior NPE Regulated Areas, clearance air sampling will be performed by the Project Monitor as specified in the Air Sampling Schedule. Clearance sampling will be undertaken using aggressive sampling techniques. Sampling and analysis of clearance samples will follow State of Connecticut Regulations, Section 19a-332a-12. Areas which do not comply shall continue to be cleaned by and at the Contractors expense, until the specified Standard of Cleaning is achieved as evidenced by results of air testing. When the Regulated Area passes the re-occupancy clearance, controls established by these Specifications may be removed.
 - 1. Air sampling will not begin until after the area has received an acceptable post abatement visual inspection, encapsulation has been completed, and no visible water, liquid encapsulant or condensation remain in the Regulated Area.
 - 2. Sampling equipment will be placed at random throughout the Regulated Area.
 - 3. The following aggressive air sampling procedures will be used within the Regulated Area during all air clearance monitoring:
 - a. Before starting the sampling pumps, direct the exhaust from forced air equipment (such as a 1 horsepower leaf blower) against all walls, ceilings, floors, ledges and other surfaces in the Regulated Area.
 - b. Pre-calibrate the sampling pump flow rates through the use of a rotameter calibrated to a primary standard.
 - c. Start the sampling pumps and sample for the required time.
 - d. Post-calibrate the sampling pump flow rates.
 - 4. Air volumes taken for clearance sampling shall be sufficient to accurately determine (to a 95 percent probability) fiber concentrations to 0.010 f/cc of air (1,200 liters).
 - 5. Analysis shall follow the requirements of CTDPH 19a-332a-12.
 - 6. Each homogeneous Regulated Area which does not meet the clearance criteria shall be thoroughly re-cleaned using HEPA vacuuming and/or wet cleaning, with the negative pressure ventilation system in operation. New samples shall be collected in the Regulated Area as described above. The process shall be repeated until the Regulated Area passes the test, with the cost of repeat sampling being borne entirely by the Contractor.
 - 7. For an asbestos abatement project with more than one homogeneous Regulated Area, the release criterion shall be applied independently to each Regulated Area.
 - 8. These clearance sampling procedures may also be implemented for exterior NPE work areas at the discretion of the Engineer.

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3.13 POST ABATEMENT WORK AREA DEREGULATION

- A. The Contractor shall remove all remaining polyethylene, including critical barriers, and Decontamination Enclosure Systems leaving negative air filtration devices in operation. HEPA vacuum and/or wet wipe any visible residue which is uncovered during this process. All waste generated during this disassembly process shall be discarded as ACM waste.
- B. A final visual inspection of the work area shall be conducted by the Competent Person and the Project Monitor to ensure that all visible accumulations of suspect materials have been removed and that no equipment or materials associated with the abatement project remain.
- C. The Contractor shall restore all work areas and auxiliary areas utilized during work to conditions equal to or better than original. Any damage caused during the performance of the work activity shall be repaired by the Contractor at no additional expense to the Engineer.

3.14 WASTE DISPOSAL

- A. Unless otherwise specified, all removed materials and debris resulting from execution of this project shall become the responsibility of the Contractor and removed from the premises. Materials not scheduled for reuse shall be removed from the site and disposed of in accordance with all applicable Federal, State and Local requirements.
- B. Waste removal dumpsters and cargo areas of transport vehicles shall be lined with a layer of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting to prevent contamination from leaking or spilled containers. Floor sheeting shall be installed first, and shall be extended up sidewalls 12-inches. Wall sheeting shall overlap floor sheeting 24-inches and shall be taped into place.
- C. OSHA "Danger" signs must be attached to vehicles used to transport asbestos-containing waste prior to loading ACM waste. The signs must be posted so that they are plainly visible.
- D. Waste haulers and disposal facilities utilized shall match those indicated on the submitted CTDPH notification.
- E. Ensure all waste containers (bags, drums, etc.) are properly packed, sealed and labeled with USEPA NESHAP generator labels, OSHA danger labels and DOT shipping labels. For each shipment of ACM waste, the Contractor shall complete an EPA-approved asbestos waste shipment record.
- F. Authorized representatives signing waste shipment records on behalf of the generator must have USDOT Shipper Certification training in accordance with HMR 49 CFR Parts 171-180.
- G. Transport vehicles hauling ACM waste shall have appropriate USDOT placards visible on all four (4) sides of the vehicle.
- H. The Contractor shall dispose of asbestos-containing and/or asbestos contaminated material at an EPA authorized site and must be in compliance with the requirements of the Special

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Waste Provisions of the Office of Solid Waste Management, Department of Environmental Protection, State of Connecticut, or other designated agency having jurisdiction over solid waste disposal.

I. Any asbestos-containing and/or asbestos-contaminated waste materials which also contain other hazardous contaminants shall be disposed of in accordance with the EPA's Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), CTDEEP and ConnDOT requirements. Materials may be required to be stored on-site and tested by the Project Monitor to determine proper waste disposal requirements.

END OF SECTION 02 82 13

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PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

Drawings and general provisions of Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division-1 Specification sections, apply to this work.

EPA PCB Regulations 40 CFR Part 761

CTDEEP PCB Regulations 22a-463 through 469

PCB Bulk Product Waste Reinterpretation Memorandum (October 24, 2012)

1.2 DESCRIPTION

Work under this item shall include the abatement of: PCB-containing window glazing (Federally-regulated PCB) and removal of abutting building materials (e.g. wood window & door systems, as identified in the Contract Plans) that are coated with PCB-containing window glazing ("PCB Waste").

The work shall be performed by persons who are knowledgeable, qualified, trained and licensed in the removal, treatment, handling, and disposal of PCB contaminated wastes and the subsequent cleaning of the affected environment. Where areas to be abated contain materials with PCBs and asbestos, the workers shall also have all the required asbestos licensing/training as required in Specification Section 028213.

1.2.1 REQUIREMENTS

All caulks/glazes and associated substrates scheduled for removal to be managed as ≥ 50 ppm PCB Bulk Product Waste at the Eric Sloane Museum include the following:

- Dark tan stretchy interior/exterior window glaze (WG1)
- Light grey chalky exterior window glaze (WG2)
- Any caulk/glazing associated with the cupola above the Main Gallery

NOTES:

- Refer to drawings in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information at the end of the Technical Specification Sections for PCB material locations.
- A Pre-Renovation Investigative Survey for Asbestos-Containing Materials and Lead Based Paint has been performed for the Eric Sloane Museum. The report can be found in the Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information at the end of the Technical Specification Sections.
- All PCB caulk/glazing, scheduled for removal as part of these specifications, will be removed by a DAS approved hazardous materials abatement contractor.
- No Verification Sampling is required for this project.
- The PCB Bulk Product Waste Reinterpretation Memorandum issued October 24, 2012 is being utilized for waste management and disposal. (see Division 50 00 00 Project-

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- Specific Available Information at the end of the Technical Specification Sections for a copy of this memo)
- Any non-porous components abutting PCB bulk product waste shall be disposed of in accordance with 40 CFR 761.62(a), 62(b) and the October 24, 2012 waste reinterpretation memo.
- PCB Bulk Product Waste (window glaze and porous substrate) shall be disposed of in accordance with 40 CFR 761.62(a), 62(b) and the October 24, 2012 Waste Reinterpretation Memo, and may be disposed of in a solid waste landfill permitted under RCRA Title D, PCB TSCA Chemical Waste Landfill, RCRA Hazardous Waste Landfill or high temperature incinerator.
- Window glaze type WG2 also contains asbestos, therefore the workers shall also have all the required asbestos licensing/training as required in Specification Section 028213. Abatement of this material will coincide with asbestos removal.
- The Engineer has not previously been able to identify if the cupola above the Main Gallery contains asbestos caulk/glazing. If the cupola is to be impacted by the renovations, all associated caulk/glazing should be considered to contain asbestos and therefore the workers shall also have all the required asbestos licensing/training as required in Specification Section 028213. Abatement of this material will coincide with asbestos removal.

TRC will be the PCB Engineer for the duration of the PCB abatement work. The PCB Engineer shall provide a Project Monitor to oversee the activities of the Contractor. The area shall be considered cleaned when no visible caulk/dust residue remains.

These Specifications govern all work activities that disturb PCB-containing window glazing and associated building material. All activities shall be performed in accordance with, but not limited to, OSHA Regulation 29 CFR 1926, EPA PCB Regulation 40 CFR Part 761 and RCSA 22a-463 through 22a-469 inclusive.

This Specification will be utilizing the *PCB Bulk Product Waste Reinterpretation Memorandum* issued October 24, 2012 to designate building material (i.e. substrate) "coated or serviced" with PCB Bulk Product Waste at the time of designation for disposal to be managed as a PCB Bulk Product Waste. Therefore, PCB Remediation Waste (>1 ppm) generated during this abatement (wood windows) will be disposed of as PCB Bulk Product Waste (>50 ppm) as these building materials are still "coated or serviced" with the PCB Bulk Product Waste.

Abatement work shall include the removal, transportation, and disposal of all PCB Wastes as identified on the Contract Documents and Specifications prior to any phased or planned renovation/demolition work involving the subject PCB areas. All PCB abatement material shall be disposed of by the Contractor as PCB Bulk Product Waste in accordance with 40 CFR Part 761.

Deviations from these Specifications require the written approval from the Owner.

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1.3 DEFINITIONS

1.3.1 Contaminant Zones

Contaminant zones are those areas of active abatement and the waste storage area.

1 3 2 Abatement

The removal of PCB contaminated caulks/glazes and associated building materials in the manner specified in this section.

1.3.3 Federally-Regulated PCB Bulk Product Wastes

Federally-regulated PCB Bulk Product Waste, as defined in §761.3, means waste derived from manufactured products containing PCBs in a non-liquid state, at any concentration where the concentration at the time of designation for disposal is ≥50 ppm PCBs.

1.3.4 Non-federally or State Regulated PCB Waste

Non-federally or state regulated PCB waste means waste derived from manufactured products containing PCBs in a non-liquid state, at any concentration where the concentration at the time of designation for disposal is ≥ 1 mg/kg and ≤ 50 mg/kg PCBs.

1.3.5 PCB Waste

PCB waste means PCB-containing caulk and glazing (Federally-regulated and non-federally or state regulated PCB) and impacted abutting building materials to the subject caulk and glazing.

1 3 6 Remedial Action Level

Concentration to which PCB contaminated building materials must be removed to verify completion of the abatement work.

1.3.7 PCB Contaminated Building Materials

Consists of those caulks and glazings identified as PCB Bulk Product Wastes and/or non-federally regulated materials. Also may include the building materials in which the caulks and glazings are in contact with which includes, but not limited to, window frames, window glass, brick, concrete, mortar, metal, and stone window sills.

1.3.8 Suitable Waste Storage Container

A container in which PCB wastes are placed for storage prior to transport offsite for disposal that is water tight, lined, and equipped with a cover that prevents the infiltration of rainwater into the container.

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1.3.9 Verification and Re-occupancy Sampling

Sampling performed by the Project Monitor to determine the completion of abatement activities as per the PCB Specifications.

1.3.10 Waste Storage Area

The secured location in which the Contractor shall store PCB wastes prior to offsite transport for disposal. The Contractor shall consult with the Owner and the PCB Engineer to identify the location of Waste Storage Areas prior to generating any wastes. This area shall be secured and signed by the Contractor.

1.3.11 PCB Engineer

Responsible for overseeing PCB abatement work and for performing and evaluating verification and re-occupancy sample data on behalf of the Owner. The PCB Engineer shall be represented daily onsite by the Project Monitor.

1.3.12 Owner

The owner is The CT Department of Administrative Services/Construction Services (CTDAS/CS), as further defined in the General Conditions.

1.3.13 Project Monitor

The onsite representative for the PCB Engineer responsible for overseeing daily work activities. The Project Monitor shall approve all containments prior to performance of abatement work, perform sampling during and after abatement activities, and for verifying that abatement has been successfully performed and allowing containments to be removed for reoccupancy.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

Submit the following documentation to ensure compliance with the applicable regulations. An up to date copy shall be retained at the job site at all times. Submission must be made prior to the Pre-abatement Meeting, which will be held prior to the start of abatement at the Engineers direction. The Abatement Contractor, PCB Engineer, and Owner's Representatives shall be present at the meeting.

1.4.1 The following must be provided to the Owner, Construction Administrator, and the PCB Engineer within seven (7) days after execution of the Contract.

As related to the PCB abatement work, site-specific Health and Safety Plan including the Emergency Response Plan and provisions for decontamination and a contingency plan for unforeseen emergencies. The Owner or PCB Engineer shall review such plan only to determine if the plan meets basic regulatory requirements and the minimum requirements of these Specifications. The review will not determine the adequacy of the plan to address all potential hazards, as that remains the sole responsibility of the Contractor.

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Current certification of employee's OSHA health and safety training (HAZWOPER).

Certification of additional required health and safety training for Supervisors.

Qualifications and experience of the Site Safety Officer (SSO).

1.4.2 Prior to any worker accessing the site to perform the work described in this section, the Contractor shall provide documentation, typed on company letterhead and signed by the Contractor, certifying that all employees assigned to the PCB abatement work listed therein have received the following:

Medical monitoring within the previous twelve (12) months, as required in 29 CFR 1910.120; Respirator fit testing within the previous twelve (12) months as detailed in 29 CFR 1910.134 (for all employees who must also don a tight-fitting face piece respirator).

- 1.4.3 At least seven (7) days prior to performing any abatement work that shall generate PCB wastes, the Contractor shall submit copies of the EPA/State-approved permits for the proposed Chemical Waste landfill and a waste profile approved by the proposed landfill indicating that the waste materials to be generated are acceptable to the facility.
- 1.4.4 Seven (7) days prior to the start of abatement work, material information for any proposed encapsulant indicating that these materials conform to the specifications contained within, if applicable.
- 1.4.5 No abatement shall commence until a copy of all required submittals have been received and found acceptable to the Owner and the PCB Engineer. Those employees added to the Contractor's original list will be allowed to perform work only upon submittal, and receipt of, all the above required paperwork to the Owner and PCB Engineer.
- 1.4.6 Copies of all permits, licenses, certifications, including but not limited to, manifests and/or bill of lading for the removal, transport, and disposal of PCB waste material shall be submitted to the Owner and PCB Engineer no later than seven (7) business days after the Contractor receives such documents.
- 1.4.7 Notice shall be provided to the Owner and the PCB Engineer at least seven (7) business days prior to the start of work under this Specification. Such notice shall include an estimated completion date. If this work is phased over the duration of the project, then such notification requirements shall apply to each phase.
- 1.5 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS
- 1.5.1 All abatement and decontamination wastes are to be handled and stored in accordance with the provision of 40 CFR Part 761 Subpart D. The Contractor shall be responsible for all costs associated with investigation and remediation of any releases due to their failure to handle abatement wastes in accordance with the regulatory requirements.

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1.6 DELIVERY AND STORAGE

1.6.1 The Contractor shall deliver and store materials in a manner to prevent contamination, segregation, freezing, and other damage.

1.7 PROTECTION

1.7.1 Structures and Surfaces

The Contractor shall protect adjacent structures and surfaces from traffic or any other damage. The Contractor shall repair and reestablish damaged building materials that are to remain in place prior to acceptance of the work.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

- 2.1 All materials to be used for abatement shall be delivered to the job site in the original packages, containers, or bundles bearing the name of the manufacturer, the brand name and product technical description.
- 2.2 No damaged or deteriorating materials shall be used. If material becomes contaminated with PCBs, the material shall be disposed of as PCB waste material. The cost to dispose of this material shall be at the expense of the Contractor.
- Fire retardant polyethylene sheet shall be in roll size to minimize the frequency of joints, with factory label indicating six (6) mil thickness.
- Tape (or equivalent) capable of sealing joints in adjacent polyethylene sheets and for the attachment of polyethylene sheets to finished or unfinished surfaces must be capable of adhering under both dry and wet conditions.
- 2.5 Containers for storage, transportation and disposal of PCB-containing waste material shall be impermeable and both air and watertight.
- 2.6 Labels and warning signs shall conform to OSHA 29 CFR 1926, USEPA 40 CFR Part 761, CTDEEP 22a-463 through 469, and USDOT 49 CFR Part 172 as appropriate.
- Any planking, bracing, shoring, barricades and/or temporary sheet piling, necessary to appropriately perform work activities shall conform to all applicable federal, state and local regulations.
- 2.8 Air filtration devices and vacuum units shall be equipped with HEPA filters.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.1 General Requirements for PCB Containing Building Material Abatement.

All labor, materials, tools, equipment, services, testing, insurance, and incidentals which are necessary or required to perform the work in accordance with applicable governmental regulations, industry standards and codes, and these Specifications shall be provided by the

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Contractor. The Contractor shall be prepared to work all shifts and weekends throughout the course of this work.

Prior to beginning work per these Specifications, the PCB Engineer and Contractor shall perform a visual survey of each work area and review conditions at the site for safety reasons. In addition, the Contractor shall instruct all workers in all aspects of personnel protection, work procedures, emergency evacuation procedures and use of equipment including procedures unique to this work.

Prior to the performance of any abatement work, the Contractor shall perform the following tasks.

Shutdown and isolate heating, cooling, and ventilating air systems to prevent contamination to the other areas of the buildings.

Shut down and lock out electrical power, including all receptacles and light fixtures, when feasible. The use or isolation of electrical power will be coordinated with all other ongoing uses of electrical power at the site.

Coordinate all power and fire alarm isolation with the appropriate representatives.

When necessary, provide temporary power and adequate lighting and ensure safe installation of electrical equipment, including ground fault protection and power cables, in compliance with applicable electrical codes and OSHA requirements. The Contractor is responsible for proper connection and installation of electrical wiring.

- 3.3 If sufficient electrical service is unavailable, the Contractor may need to supply electrical power to the site by fuel operated generator(s). Electrical power supply shall be sufficient for all equipment required for this work in operation throughout the duration of the work.
- 3.4 Negative pressure must be maintained in each active interior work area, until the area achieves satisfactory verification and reoccupancy criteria and is approved by the Project Monitor to be deregulated.
- 3.5 Water service may not be available at the site. Contractor shall supply sufficient water for each shift to operate the decontamination units as well as to maintain the work areas adequately wet.
- 3.6 Ladders and/or scaffolds shall be in compliance with OSHA requirements, and of adequate length, strength and sufficient quantity to support the scope of work. Use of ladders/scaffolds shall be in conformance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926 Subpart L and X requirements.
- Work performed at heights exceeding six feet (6') shall be performed in accordance with the OSHA Fall Protection Standard 29 CFR 1926 Subpart M including the use of fall arrest systems as applicable.
- 3.8 Data provided regarding PCB sampling conducted throughout the structure(s) is for informational purposes only. Under no circumstances shall this information be the sole

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means used by the Contractor for determining the presence and location of all PCB Waste. The Contractor shall verify all field conditions affecting performance of the work as described in these Specifications in accordance with applicable OSHA, USEPA, USDOT, and CTDEEP standards. Compliance with the applicable requirements is solely the responsibility of the Contractor.

- 3.9 The PCB Engineer will provide a Project Monitor to oversee the activities of the Contractor. No PCB abatement work shall be performed until the Project Monitor is on-site.
- 3.10 All exterior abatement areas are to be established in largely the same manner.

The abatement Contractor shall establish a Control Area around each area where removal actions are being performed. Only properly trained personnel associated with the removal or abatement will be allowed within the Control Areas that will be established by placing barriers with signs indicating that access to the area is restricted. The Contractor's site supervisor will maintain the Control Areas and escort unauthorized personnel from the area promptly. Only those personnel actively working on the removal, abatement, and/or soil excavation actions will be allowed within the Regulated/Containment Area and they shall be equipped with appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

The Contractor shall pre-clean the work areas using HEPA filtered equipment (vacuum) and/or wet methods as appropriate, collecting and properly containing all dust and debris identified as PCB Waste. Vacuum units, of suitable size and capabilities for the project, shall have HEPA filters capable of trapping and retaining at least 99.97 percent of all monodispersed particles of three micrometers in diameter or larger. Do not use methods that raise dust, such as dry sweeping or vacuuming with equipment not equipped with HEPA filters.

After pre-cleaning, movable objects shall be removed from the work areas with the utmost care to prevent damage of any kind and relocated to a temporary storage location coordinated with the PCB Engineer. The Contractor is responsible for protecting all fixed objects that are permanent fixtures or are too large to remove and remain inside the Regulated Area. Fixed objects shall be enclosed with one layer of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting sealed with tape.

The Contractor shall establish remote to the Regulated Area but within the Control Area, a Worker Decontamination Enclosure System consisting of Equipment Room, Shower Room and Clean Room in series.

The Shower Room shall be of sufficient capacity to accommodate the number of workers. One shower stall shall be provided for each eight (8) workers. Showers shall be equipped with hot and cold or warm running water through the use of electric hot water heaters supplied by the Contractor. No worker or other person shall leave a Regulated Area without showering. Shower water shall be collected.

The Contractor shall ensure that no personnel or equipment be permitted to leave the Control Area until proper decontamination procedures (including HEPA vacuuming, wet wiping and showering) to remove all PCB debris have occurred. No PCB-contaminated materials or persons shall enter the Clean Room.

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The Contractor shall seal off all windows, doorways, skylights, ducts, grilles, diffusers, vents, and any other openings between the Regulated Area and the uncontaminated areas outside of the Regulated Area, including the outside of the building, with critical barriers consisting of a minimum of one (1) layer of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting securing the edges with tape.

For exterior work areas where Federally Regulated PCB glazes are being removed and all contaminated building substrates are being removed (i.e. no contaminated substrate remains), a Regulated Area will be established and ground surfaces will be covered with 2 layers of 6 mil polyethylene sheeting to capture/collect any debris generated, and secured to prevent movement. The sheeting will extend a minimum of ten feet beyond the building area to be remediated and will be adhered to the building to prevent it from moving during the course of abatement. Barrier tape will be used to delineate this as the regulated area.

The Contractor shall post warning signs at the perimeter of any regulated area to deter unauthorized personnel from entry. Additional signs may require posting following construction of workplace enclosure barriers.

3.11 Personnel Protection

The Contractor shall utilize all appropriate engineering controls and safety and protective equipment while performing the work in accordance with applicable OSHA, USEPA, USDOT, CTDEEP, CTDPH regulations, and other Contract provisions.

The Contractor shall provide and require all workers to wear protective clothing in the Regulated Areas where PCB contamination exists or is likely to exist. Protective clothing shall include impervious coveralls with elastic wrists and ankles, head covering, gloves and foot coverings.

Respiratory protection shall be provided and selection shall conform to the requirements of OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and 42 CFR Part 84. A formal respiratory protection program must be implemented in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134.

All other necessary personnel protective equipment (i.e. hardhat, work boots, safety glasses, hearing protection, etc.) required to perform the PCB abatement work activities shall conform to all applicable federal, state and local regulations and other applicable provisions of the Contract.

All other qualified and authorized persons by the Owner and/or Contractor entering into a Regulated Area shall be required to adhere to the requirements of personnel protection as stated in this section and all other applicable provisions of the Contract. All unqualified and unauthorized persons shall be escorted outside of the Regulated Area and if due to other provisions of the Contract, escorted outside of the project site during the PCB work.

3.12 PCB Abatement Procedures

The Contractor's Site Supervisor, as the OSHA Competent Person shall be at the site at all times during the performance of abatement work.

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The Contractor shall not begin abatement work until authorized by the Project Monitor, following a pre-abatement visual inspection.

All workers and authorized persons shall enter and leave the Regulated Area through the contiguous airlock, leaving contaminated protective clothing in the airlock for disposal of as PCB contaminated waste. No one shall eat, drink, smoke, chew gum or tobacco, or apply cosmetics while in a Regulated Area.

Phasing of the work areas is to be coordinated with the PCB Engineer or Construction Manager (CM) (if one is being utilized for this project). Phase areas may be combined or divided at the direction of the PCB Engineer/CM. Proceed through the sequencing of the work phases under the direction of the PCB Engineer/CM.

During removal, the Contractor shall spray PCB containing building material with water using airless spray equipment capable of providing a "mist" application to reduce airborne dust. Hose length shall be sufficient to reach all of the Regulated Area. Do not "flood" the area with hose type water supply equipment with the potential to create water releases from the regulated area.

The Contractor shall employ mechanical methods such as cutting, grinding, and pneumatic hammers to remove PCB contaminated wastes. The methods employed must not damage the integrity of the containment structure and shall not create a breach through which contaminated dust may escape. The Contractor shall be responsible for all costs associated with decontamination and remediation in the case of a containment breach.

In order to minimize PCB concentrations inside the Regulated Area, the Contractor shall remove the materials in manageable sections. In addition, PCB Waste materials removed from any elevated level shall be carefully lowered to the floor.

The Contractor shall promptly place the PCB Waste material in disposal containers (six (6) mil polyethylene bags/ poly-lined dumpsters, etc.) as it is removed. Large components removed intact may be wrapped in one (1) layer of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting secured with tape. As the disposal containers are filled, the Contractor shall promptly seal the containers, apply caution labels and clean the containers before transportation to the airlock. Bags shall be securely sealed to prevent accidental opening and leakage by taping in gooseneck fashion. Small components and PCB Waste material with sharp-edged components (e.g. nails, screws, metal lath, tin sheeting) which could tear polyethylene bags and sheeting shall be placed in clean drums and sealed with locking ring tops. Drums may not be placed intact into final waste disposal containers intact and may be reused by the Contractor after the contents have been emptied. However, any drums use to handle wastes must be broken down and disposed of properly with other PCB wastes.

All waste containers shall be leak-tight. Containers shall be decontaminated by wet cleaning and HEPA vacuuming within the airlock prior to exiting the regulated area. Wet clean each container thoroughly before moving to a Waste Holding Area.

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If at any time during PCB Waste removal, the Project Monitor should suspect contamination of areas outside the Regulated Area, the Contractor shall immediately stop all abatement work and take steps to decontaminate these areas and eliminate causes of such contamination. Unprotected individuals shall be prohibited from entering contaminated areas.

After completion of abatement work, all surfaces from which PCB Waste has been removed shall be wet brushed, using a nylon brush, wet wiped and sponged or cleaned by an equivalent method to remove all visible material. Cleaning shall also include the use of HEPA filtered vacuum equipment.

The Contractor shall also remove and containerize all visible accumulations of PCB Waste and/or PCB contaminated debris which may have splattered or collected on the polyethylene engineering controls/barriers.

The Contractor shall clean surfaces of contaminated containers and equipment thoroughly by vacuuming with HEPA filtered equipment and wet sponging or wiping before moving such items into the airlock for final cleaning and removal to uncontaminated areas.

The Contractor shall remove contamination from the exteriors of the air filtration devices, scaffolding, ladders, extension cords, hoses and other equipment inside the Regulated Area. Cleaning may be accomplished by brushing, HEPA vacuuming and/or wet cleaning. The Contractor shall wet wipe the Regulated Area beginning at the point farthest away from the negative air filtration units using cotton rags or lint free paper towels. Rags and towels shall be disposed of after each use. Workers should avoid the use of dirty rags to insure proper cleaning of surfaces. Mop the entire floor with a clean mop head and amended water. Water shall be changed frequently

Once the Regulated Area surfaces have dried, the Project Monitor shall perform a thorough post abatement visual inspection. The Project Monitor will visually inspect the Regulated Area and the surrounding Control Area to determine that the Contractor has sufficiently decontaminated and removed any dust that might contain PCBs. All surfaces within the Regulated Area, including but not limited to ledges, beams, and hidden locations shall be inspected for visible residue. Evidence of dust contamination that would be indicative of PCB contamination identified during this inspection will necessitate further cleaning as heretofore specified. The area shall be re-cleaned at the Contractor's expense, until the standard of cleaning is achieved.

Once the area has received a satisfactory post-abatement visual inspection, any equipment, tools or materials not required for completion of the work, shall be removed by the Contractor from the Regulated Area. Negative air filtration devices shall remain in place and operating for the remainder of the clean-up operation.

3.13 Phased PCB Abatement Procedures

Should the potential exist for an unsafe condition to be produced by removing PCB contaminated building materials prior to removing clean materials, then the Contractor shall notify the Owner and the PCB Engineer and Project Monitor of such concerns and mitigate potentially unsafe conditions.

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Should PCB contaminated building material need to remain to prevent an unsafe situation, the PCB Engineer shall collect the required verification samples prior to the performance of any demolition in the area. The Contractor shall then physically demark the line of clean building materials as determined by the verification sampling on the structure by painting or otherwise marking the structure so that it is clearly visible.

Once the area is marked, the Contractor may remove clean building materials as described elsewhere in the Contract Document. After the clean building materials have been removed to the marked line, PCB Contaminated building materials shall be abated according to the procedures stated in section 3.12 of this specification.

3.14 Post-Abatement Verification/Re-occupancy Procedures

In work areas where Federally Regulated PCB window glazes have been removed and no associated building materials substrate impact has been identified, such that all of the associated building material substrates are to remain in place, or all associated impacted substrates are to be removed, the remedial standard to be achieved is appropriate cleaning of the substrate such no visible glazing residue remains. The Project Monitor shall perform the visual inspection to verify appropriate cleaning.

Each homogeneous Regulated Area which does not meet the clearance criteria shall be thoroughly re-cleaned using HEPA vacuuming and/or wet cleaning. The Project Monitor will then perform a final visual to verify appropriate cleaning. The process shall be repeated until the Regulated Area passes the final visual, with the cost of repeat cleaning being borne entirely by the Contractor.

For a PCB Waste abatement project with more than one homogeneous Regulated Area, the release criterion shall be applied independently to each Regulated Area.

Analysis shall follow the requirements of EPA Methods 3540 and 8082.

3.16 Post Abatement Work Area Deregulation

The Contractor shall remove all remaining polyethylene, including critical barriers, and airlocks with the negative air filtration devices in operation. HEPA vacuum and/or wet wipe any visible residue which is uncovered during this process. All waste generated during this disassembly process shall be discarded as CT State Regulated PCB Waste (CRW – CR01).

A final visual inspection of the work area shall be conducted by the Contractors Site Supervisor and the Project Monitor to ensure that all visible accumulations of PCB Waste materials have been removed and that no equipment or materials associated with the abatement work remain.

The Contractor shall restore all work areas and auxiliary areas utilized during work to conditions equal to or better than original. Any damage caused during the performance of the work activity shall be repaired by the Contractor at no additional expense to the Owner.

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3.17 Waste Disposal

If the Contractor chooses to store PCB Waste onsite prior to transport offsite for disposal, the Contractor shall construct a secured Waste Storage Area at a location agreed to by the Contractor and the PCB Engineer within contract limit lines. The contract limit lines are to be secured as described elsewhere in these Specifications and entry shall be limited to Contractor Personnel only. The Waste Storage Area shall enclose all Suitable Waste Storage Containers actively in use with temporary fencing. The fence shall be marked with a Large M_L mark as specified in 40 CFR Part 761 Subpart C.

Unless otherwise specified by the Owner, all removed materials and debris resulting from execution of this work shall become the responsibility of the Contractor and removed from the premises. Materials not scheduled for reuse shall be removed from the site and disposed of in accordance with all applicable Federal, State and Local requirements.

Waste removal dumpsters and cargo areas of transport vehicles shall be lined with a layer of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting to prevent contamination from leaking or spilled containers. Floor sheeting shall be installed first, and shall be extended up sidewalls 12-inches. Wall sheeting shall overlap floor sheeting 24-inches and shall be taped into place. A single liner may be employed as long as it entirely covers the interior of the waste container.

All containers used to transport PCB Waste for disposal must be marked with a Large M_L mark as specified in 40 CFR Part 761 Subpart C. The signs must be posted so that they are plainly visible.

Ensure all waste containers (bags, etc.) are properly packed, sealed and labeled with USEPA and USDOT shipping labels. For each shipment of PCB Waste, the Contractor shall complete a PCB waste shipment manifest.

Authorized representatives signing waste shipment records on behalf of the generator must have USDOT Shipper Certification training in accordance with HMR 49 CFR Parts 171-180.

Transport vehicles hauling PCB Waste shall have appropriate USDOT placards visible on all four (4) sides of the vehicle.

State regulated PCB Waste (>1 but <50 mg/kg) will be disposed of at a landfill that is permitted to receive such wastes (ex. solid waste landfill permitted under RCRA Title D, RCRA hazardous landfill & facilities permitted to manage non-hazardous waste subject to 40 CFR 257.5-257.30). State regulated PCB waste shall be managed and profiled as such. Any further waste characterization sampling to satisfy contractors selected landfill shall be paid for by Contractor.

Any PCB Waste materials which also contain other hazardous contaminants shall be disposed of in accordance with the EPA's Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA), and CTDEEP requirements. Materials may be required to be stored on-site and tested by the Project Monitor to determine proper waste disposal requirements.

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3.18 Decontamination

The Contractor shall decontaminate all moveable equipment that contacts PCB Wastes in accordance with the procedures specified in §761.79(c). The Contractor shall not remove any equipment from the Contaminant Zone until it has been properly decontaminated.

Specifically, the Contractor shall employ double wash/rinse procedures as specified in 40 CFR Part 761 Subpart S or swab non-porous surfaces that have contacted PCB wastes with a solvent as specified in §761.79(c)(2)(i). The Contractor shall segregate all liquid waste streams and be responsible for characterizing these wastes for disposal purposes. Solid wastes generated during decontamination shall be stored for disposal with the other PCB wastes generated during remediation activities.

The PCB Engineer shall be responsible for ensuring that decontamination procedures are followed and that wastes are appropriately characterized and disposed of properly.

3.19 Project Closeout Data:

Provide the Owner and PCB Engineer, within 30 days after PCB Waste has been disposed of, a compliance package; which shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- 3.19.1 Site Supervisor job log;
- 3.19.2 Completed waste shipment records.

The Contractor shall submit the original completed waste shipment records to the PCB Engineer.

3.20 Remedial Action Report

The Remedial Action Report (RAR) will be prepared upon receipt of all analytical data confirming that the removal action was complete and receipt of certifications of treatment/disposal from the treatment/disposal facility. The RAR report will be prepared by the PCB Engineer and will include the following.

- 3.20.1 Site description
- 3.20.2 A description of field procedures
- 3.20.3 Verification and Re-occupancy sample locations and analytical results
- 3.20.4 Waste characterization sample data
- 3.20.5 Waste transport and treatment disposal information
- 3.20.6 Copies of waste manifests and bills of lading

3.21 Method of Payment:

No measurement will be made for the abatement work in this Section. The completed work shall be paid as a lump sum. The lump sum bid price for PCB abatement shall include the specialty services of the PCB Removal Contractor including: labor, materials, equipment, insurance, permits, notifications, submittals, personal air sampling, personal protection equipment, temporary enclosures, utility costs, incidentals, fees and labor incidental to the removal of PCB Wastes, including close out documentation providing adequate containers

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for storage of PCB wastes until they are removed from the site and the transport and disposal of these materials at an appropriate facility. Payment for the removal and disposal of PCBs shall not be made until the Contractor submits manifests with the mass of waste disposed and signed by the receiving facility and the Certificates of Disposal provided by the waste disposal facility for each manifested load to the Engineer. Once the manifest and Certificate of Disposal has been received, the Owner shall make payment to the Contractor.

Pay Item
Removal and Disposal of PCBs

Pay Unit Lump Sum

END OF SECTION 028433

EXISTING 3-D VIEW

EXISTING ROOF PLAN

EXISTING 3-D VIEW