

# Volume 1 of 2 Project Manual

GBCMHC Parking Garage Repairs
1635 Central Avenue
Bridgeport, CT
Project No.: BI-MH-121

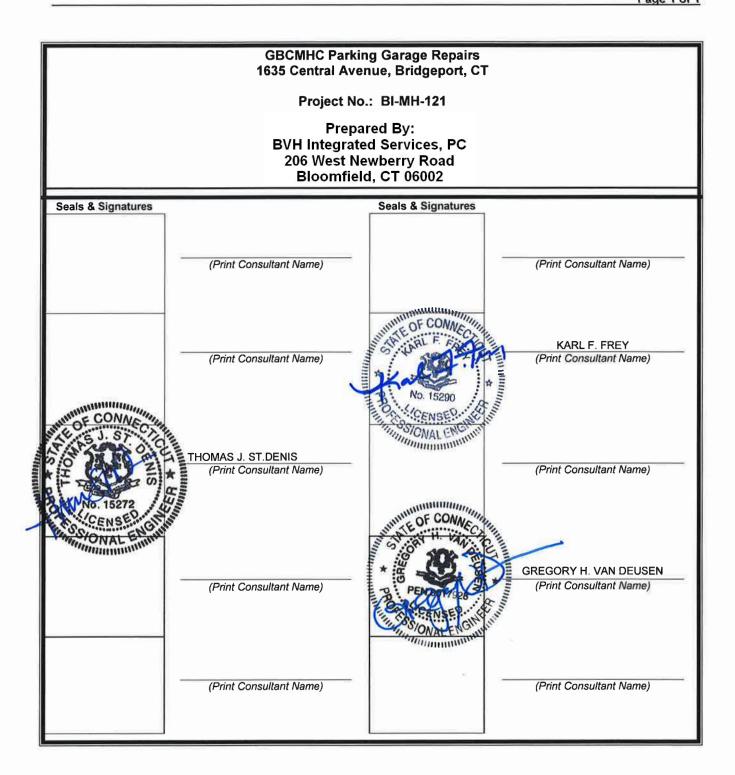
Prepared By: BVH Integrated Services, P.C. 206 West Newberry Road Bloomfield, CT 06066

**Melody A. Currey - Commissioner** 

State of Connecticut
Department of Administrative Services
Construction Services
Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement
450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 1302
Hartford, CT 06103

**Documents 12/1/2017** 

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Advertisement No.: 18-09 Advertisement Date: May 4, 2018

#### INVITATION TO BID Connecticut Department of Administrative Services (CT DAS) Construction Services (CS) Office of Legal Affairs, Policy and Procurement 450 Columbus Blvd, Suite 1302, Hartford, CT 06103-1835 Go to the **DAS website** www.ct.gov/das Find Invitations to Bid on the State Click on "State Contracting Portal"; **Contracting Portal:** Select "Administrative Services, Construction Services"; Select the appropriate Invitation to Bid. Instructions for Follow the instructions in 6001 Construction On-line Bidding Instructions. **On-Line Bidding:** (http://portal.ct.gov/-/media/DAS/Construction-Services/DAS-CS-Library/6000-Series/6001-Construction-On-Line-Bidding-Instructions.pdf) For questions, call 860-713-5794. 20 Date and Time of Time: **PM** June 2018 1:00 **Bid Opening:** (Month) (Day) (ET) (Year) This Invitation to Bid is for the following Project: **Construction Costs:** Greater Than \$500,000 **Bidding Limited To:** Contractors Prequalified by DAS for General Building Construction (Group A) Threshold Limits: This Project DOES NOT exceed Threshold Limits. (C.G.S. §29-276b) **Project Title: GBCMHC Parking Garage Repairs Project Location:** 1635 Central Avenue Bridgeport, CT BI-MH-121 **Project Number: Project Description:** Selective demolition, repairs, reconstruction, and expansion of an existing two level steel framed with cast-in-place concrete deck parking garage. Demolition scope includes hazardous materials abatement. Storm drainage upgrade for the site includes a new below grade storm water retention system and a tie in to the dedicated storm water system which requires a new storm line run down a city street. Work Includes But Is Not Demolition, Precast Concrete Panels, Cast-in-Place Concrete, Structural Steel Repair and **Limited To The Following:** Replacement, Handrails, Doors, Guardrails, Windows, Painting, Concrete Repair, Overhead Coiling Doors, Security Gates, Site Lighting, Storm Drainage Systems, Storm Drainage Retention System. **Date DAS Began Planning** 10-09-2014 Project: **Special Requirements:** N/A \$ 7,935,571. То 8,400,000. **Cost Estimate Range:** Plans and Specs Ready: May 9, 2018 Plans and Specs Download: Plans and Specs are available for electronic download on the DAS State Contracting Portal.



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Advertisement No.: 18-09 Advertisement Date: May 4, 2018

Invitation to Bid (continued)						
Contract Time Allowed:	Calendar	Days:	548			
Liquidated Damages:	\$ 1,046.00		Per Calendar Day Beyond Substantial Completion.			
	\$ 1,046.	00	Per Calendar Day Beyond 90 days After Substantial Completion			
Pre-Bid Meeting Date:	March 17, 2018					
	Bidders are <b>strongly encouraged</b> to attend the Pre-Bid Meeting			ngly encouraged to attend the Pre-Bid Meeting.		
	$\boxtimes$	Bidders are <i>required</i> to attend a <b>MANDATORY</b> Pre-Bid Meeting.				
Pre-Bid Meeting Time:	10:30	⊠ AM	/ □ PM			
Pre-Bid Meeting Location:	Greater Bridgeport Community Mental Health Center, 1635 Central Avenu Bridgeport, CT					
	There is no parking available at the site. All attendees will need to find parking on the surrounding streets,					
	Please report to the security desk at the west entrance for directions conference room					
Pre-Bid Meeting Contact:	DAS/CS I	Project	Manager:	Daniel Wagoner		
		PI	none No.:	860.713.5614		
Pre-Bid Meeting Registration:	At the Pre-Bid Meeting, all prospective bidders shall <i>sign</i> his or her name on the <b>official roster</b> and <i>list</i> the name and address of the company he or she represents. For <b>MANDATORY</b> Pre-Bid Meetings, this shall be done no later than the designated <b>start time</b> of the Pre-Bid Meeting. <b>No</b> attendee will be allowed to register <i>after</i> the advertised start time. <b>Bids</b> submitted by contractors who have <i>not properly</i> registered and attended the <b>MANDATORY</b> Pre-Bid Meeting <i>shall be rejected</i> as <b>non-responsive</b> . See <b>Section 00 25 13 Pre-Bid Meeting Agenda</b> for additional details.					
Subcontractor and/or Supplier Small Business Enterprise (SBE) & Minority Business Enterprise (MBE) Set-Aside Requirements:	See 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form					
Bid Proposal Submission and Other Bid Submittal Requirements:	See Sections 00 21 13 Instructions to Bidders, 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form, and 00 41 10 Bid Package Submittal Requirements for Bid Proposal submission requirements, including requirements for Affidavits, Certifications, Addenda, Pre-Bid Equals and Substitution Requests, and other bidding documents.					
Bid Upload and Bid Opening:	Bids can be uploaded and edited electronically in BizNet <b>UNTIL 1:00 p.m.</b> on the <b>Bid Opening Date</b> and thereafter shall be locked down and publicly opened in the State Contracting Portal.					
Bid Results:	Within approximately two (2) days after the Bid Opening Date, the Bid Results will be posted on the State Contracting Portal.					
Guide to the Code of Ethics For Current or Potential State Contractors (for contracts greater than \$500,000):	Anyone seeking a contract with a value of more than \$500,000 shall electronically download the "Guide to the Code of Ethics For Current or Potential State Contractors" from the of Office of State Ethics (OSE) website <a href="www.ct.gov/ethics">www.ct.gov/ethics</a> , then click on the "Publications" link:					
Prevailing Wage Rates:	Prevailing wages are required on this project, in accordance with the schedule provided in the bid documents, pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes Section 31-53 (a) through (h), as amended.					
	Each contractor who is awarded a contract on or after October 1, 2002 shall be subject to provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes, Section 31-55a concerning annual adjustments to prevailing wages.					



Advertisement No.: 18-09 Advertisement Date: May 4, 2018

Wage Rates will be posted each July 1st on the Department of Labor website <a href="https://www.ctdol.state.ct.us">www.ctdol.state.ct.us</a>. Such prevailing wage adjustment shall not be considered a matter for any contract amendment.

To access Executive Orders: Go to <a href="https://www.ct.gov">www.ct.gov</a> > Governor Dannel P. Malloy > Press Room > Executive Orders.

Invitation to Bid (continued)

**IMPORTANT NOTE:** The Commissioner of the CT Department of Administrative Services reserves the right to do any of the following without liability, including but not limited to: (a) waive technical defects in the bid proposal as he or she deems best for the interest of the State; (b) negotiate with a contractor in accordance with Connecticut General Statutes Section 4b-91;(c) reject any or all bids; (d) cancel the award or execution of any contract prior to the issuance of the "Notice To Proceed;" and, (e) advertise for new bids.

All Project Questions, Bid Questions, and Pre-Bid Equals and Substitution Requests must be submitted fourteen (14) Calendar Days prior to the Bid Due Date. All Project Questions and Pre-Bid Equals and Substitution Requests must be emailed (not phoned) to the Architect/Engineer with a copy to the Construction Administrator and the DAS/CS Project Manager listed below. mikei@bvhis.com Architect/Engineer: BVH Integrated Services, P.C. Email: **Construction Administrator: TBD** Email: **TBD DAS/CS Project Manager: Daniel Wagoner** Email: daniel.wagoner@ct.gov All Bid Questions must be emailed to the DAS/CS Procurement Unit Supervisor listed below. **DAS/CS Associate Fiscal** Email: Mellanee Walton mellanee.walton@ct.gov **Administrative Officer:** 

# Instructions to Bidders

DAS ● Construction Services ● Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

# 1.0 General Bid Proposal Information

## 1.1 On-Line Bidding:

- 1.1.1 The Department of Administrative Services (DAS) Construction Services (CS) has streamlined the Bid process by allowing contractors to submit their Bid Package Documents on line through the State Contracting Portal and BizNet. Rather than submitting paper Bid Package Documents, contractors simply respond to an Invitation to Bid on the State Contracting Portal by retrieving and uploading their documents electronically through their BizNet account. Once completed, the Bid Proposal must be electronically signed prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening. See Page 1 of the Invitation to Bid for the Date and Time of the Bid Opening.
- 1.1.2 All Bidders shall electronically upload their Bid Package Documents to BizNet following the instructions in the DAS/CS publication, 6001 Construction On-line Bidding Instructions, available for download here: Go to the DAS Homepage (www.ct.gov/DAS), Doing Business With The State > State Building Construction > Publications and Forms > DAS Construction Services Library > 6000 Series > 6001 Construction On Line Bidding Instructions. For questions, call 860-713-5794 or 860-713-5783.

# 1.2 Bid Opening:

All Bids shall be publicly opened in BizNet by the awarding authority as stated in Section 00 11 16 Invitation to Bid.

## 1.3 Withdrawal of Bid:

Any **Bid** once uploaded into BizNet cannot be deleted. A Bid may only be **withdrawn** by uploading a written **Letter of Withdrawal** to BizNet using the "**Other Solicitation Document**" link **prior** to the date and time of the Bid Opening.

## 1.4 Disqualification from Bidding:

Any contractor who violates any provision of **Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) § 4b-95**, as revised, shall be **disqualified** from bidding on other contracts for a period not to exceed **twenty-four (24) months**, commencing from the date on which the violation is discovered, for each violation.

## 1.5 Waive Minor Irregularities:

- 1.5.1 The awarding authority **shall** be authorized to **waive minor irregularities** which he or she considers in the best interest of the State, provided the reasons for any such waiver are stated in writing by the awarding authority and made a part of the contract file.
- **1.5.2** No such bid shall be rejected because of the failure to submit prices for, or information relating to, any item or items for which no specific space is provided in the bid form furnished by the awarding authority, but this sentence shall not be applicable to any failure to furnish prices or information required by **C.G.S. § 4b-95**, as revised, to be furnished in the bid form provided by the awarding authority.

## 1.6 Minimum Percentage of Work:

The awarding authority *may* require in the **Bid Proposal Form** that the contractor agree to perform a stated, minimum percentage of work with its **own forces**, in accordance with **C.G.S.** § **4b-95(b)**.

#### 1.7 Set-Aside Contracts:

The awarding authority *may* also require the contractor to set aside a portion of the contract for subcontractors who are eligible for **set-aside contracts**.

#### 1.8 Connecticut Sales And Use Taxes:

- **All Bidders** *shall* familiarize themselves with the current statutes and regulations of the **Connecticut Department of Revenue Services (DRS)**, including the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies (R.C.S.A.) §12-426-18 and all relevant state statutes. The tax on materials or supplies exempted by such statutes and regulations shall not be included as part of a bid; see the **Contractor's Exempt Purchase Certificate (CERT-134)**, available for download from the DRS website (<a href="www.ct.gov/drs">www.ct.gov/drs</a>).
- 1.8.2 The State of Connecticut construction contract has the following tax exemptions: (1) Purchasing of materials which will be physically incorporated and become a permanent part of the project; and (2) Services that are resold by the contractor. For example, if a General Contractor hires a plumber, carpenter or electrician, a resale certificate may be issued to the subcontractor because these services are considered to be integral and inseparable component parts of the building contract.
- **1.8.3** The following items are <u>not</u> exempt from taxes when used to fulfill a State of Connecticut construction contract: Tools, supplies and equipment used in fulfilling the construction contract.

#### 1.9 Union Labor:

Attention is called to the fact that there may or could be construction work carried on at the site by union labor. This fact must be kept in mind by all Bidders.

# 1.10 Rejection of Bids:

The awarding authority shall reject every such Bid Proposal, including but not limited to, the following reasons:

- **1.10.1** A **Bid Proposal Form** that does **not** contain the signature of the bidder or its authorized representative.
- 1.10.2 A Bid Proposal Form that is *not* accompanied by the following documents in BizNet:
  - .1 Section 00 43 16 Standard Bid Bond, completed for either the Bid Bond option or Certified Check option;
  - .2 A Certified Check (if applicable) delivered to the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening;
  - .3 A DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificate for the Bidder for Projects greater than \$500,000;
  - .4 A DAS Update (Bid) Statement for the Bidder for Projects greater than \$500,000;
  - .5 A Gift and Campaign Contribution Certification Office of Policy and Management (OPM) Ethics Form 1;
  - .6 A Consulting Agreement Affidavit OPM Ethics Form 5. NOTE: If the Bidder fails to submit or upload the Consulting Agreement Affidavit required under C.G.S. § 4a-81, such bidder shall be disqualified and the award shall be made to the next lowest responsible qualified bidder or new bids or proposals shall be sought;
  - .7 An Ethics Affidavit (Regarding State Ethics) OPM Ethics Form 6;
  - .8 An Iran Certification OPM Ethics Form 7.
- 1.10.3 A Bid Proposal Form that:
  - .1 Fails to acknowledge all Addenda in the space provided in the Bid Proposal Form;
  - .2 Fails to correctly list the Named Subcontractors on the Bid Proposal Form;
  - .3 Fails to correctly state a Named Subcontractor's price on the Bid Proposal Form; and
  - .4 Fails to list Named Subcontractors who are DAS Prequalified at the time of the bid.
- 1.10.4 A Bid Proposal Form that is *not* submitted on the forms furnished for the specific project. NOTE: In *no* event will bids or changes in bids be made by telephone, telegraph, facsimile or other communication technology except through BizNet. All pages of the Bid Proposal Form *must* be uploaded to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening.
- **1.10.5** A **Bid Proposal Form** that has omitted items, omitted pages, added items not called for, altered the form, contains conditional bids, contains alternative bids, or contains obscure bids.
- **1.10.6** A paper **Bid Package** sent to the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement. Such bids will be returned to the bidder unopened.
- **1.10.7** Any Bidder that does *not* make all required pre-award submittals within the designated time period. DAS/CS may reject such bids as non-responsive.

# 1.11 Pre-Bid Meeting:

- 1.11.1 See Section 00 11 16 Invitation to Bid and Section 00 25 13 Pre-Bid Meeting Agenda for details.
- **1.11.2** When a **Pre-Bid Meeting** is "**strongly encouraged**", all attendees shall sign his or her name to the official roster and list the name and address of the company he or she represents.
- 1.11.3 When a Pre-Bid Meeting is MANDATORY, all attendees will be required to register. Proper registration means that the attendee has signed his or her name to the official roster and listed the name and address of the company he or she represents on the official roster no later than the designated start time of the MANDATORY Pre-Bid Meeting. Bidders are advised to register early as no attendee will be allowed to register after the advertised start time of the MANDATORY Pre-Bid Meeting.

All bids submitted by all contractors who have *not* properly registered and attended the **MANDATORY Pre-Bid Meeting** shall be rejected as non-responsive.

1.11.4 All Bidders Attending a Pre-Bid Meeting at a Connecticut Department of Corrections (DOC) Facility: Prior to the Pre-Bid Meeting, download the "Security Background Questionnaire" from the CT DOC website (www.ct.gov/doc under "Forms"), complete and submit the form as directed, and obtain approval, otherwise admission to the Pre-Bid Meeting will be denied. It is recommended that the approved form be brought as evidence of approval to attend the Pre-Bid Meeting.

# 1.12 Pre-Bid Equals and Substitution Requests Procedures:

- 1.12.1 All submissions requesting "Equals and/or Substitutions" shall be made by the Bidder in accordance with Section 01 25 00 Substitution Procedures of the Division 01 General Requirements and Article 15, Materials: Standards of Section 00 72 13 General Conditions. Every submission shall contain all the information necessary for DAS/CS to evaluate the submission and the request. Failure to submit sufficient information to make a proper evaluation, including submittal of data for the first manufacturer listed as well as the data for the "Equals and/or Substitutions" proposed, shall result in a rejection of the submission and request. Upon receipt of the submission and request, DAS/CS shall notify the Bidder that the request has been received and as soon as possible shall render a decision on such submission and request.
- 1.12.2 Pre-Bid-Opening Substitution of Materials and Equipment: The Owner will consider requests for equals or substitutions if received fourteen (14) Calendar Days prior to the Bid Opening Due Date, as stated in the Invitation To Bid. The Equal or Substitute Product Request (Form 7001) must be used to submit requests. Download Form 7001 from the DAS Homepage (<a href="www.ct.gov/DAS">www.ct.gov/DAS</a>) > Doing Business With The State > State Building Construction > Publications and Forms > DAS Construction Services Library > 7000 Series.
- 1.12.3 Equals and/or Substitutions Requests Submittal: Requests for Equals or Substitutions shall be submitted to the DAS/CS Project Manager, Architect / Engineer, and Construction Administrator.
- **1.12.4 Substitution Request Deadline:** Any substitution request not complying with requirements will be denied. Substitution requests sent **after** the **Deadline** will be denied.
- **1.12.5** Addendum: An Addendum shall be issued to inform all prospective bidder of any accepted substitution in accordance with our addenda procedures.
- **1.12.6 Time Extensions:** No extensions of time will be allowed for the time period required for consideration of any Substitution or Equal.
- 1.12.7 Post Contract Award Substitution of Materials and Equipment: All requests for "Equals and Substitutions" after the Award of the Contract shall be made only by the Prime Contractor for materials or systems specified that are no longer available. The requests will not be considered if the product was not purchased in a reasonable time after award, in accordance with Article 15, Materials: Standards of Section 00 72 13 General Conditions.

## 1.13 Joint Ventures:

- 1.13.1 Each entity in a Joint Venture shall submit with the Venture's bid a letter on their respective company letterheads stating:
  - Their **agreement to bid** as a Joint Venture with the other named Joint Venture, and set forth the **name and address** of the other Joint Venture(s).
  - The respective percentage of the project work that would be the responsibility of each of the Joint Ventures.
- 1.13.2 Prequalification: Each entity in a Joint Venture shall submit its Prequalification Certificate and Update (Bid) Statement. Each entity in a Joint Venture shall be prequalified at the time of the bid and during the entire project construction. Each entity in a Joint Venture shall have the prequalification single project limit, and remaining aggregate capacity balance to meet the value of its respective percentage of the joint proposed bid.
- 1.13.3 Each entity in a Joint Venture shall submit Section 00 45 14 General Contractor Bidder's Qualification Statement.
- 1.13.4 Bonding: The Joint Venture shall obtain the required bonding from a surety for the total amount of the contract price.
- **1.13.5** Insurance: Each entity in a Joint Venture shall have the required insurance coverages and limits to meet the insurance requirements of the contract. The Joint Venture shall provide **Builder's Risk insurance**.
- 1.13.6 Bid Submission and Contract Signing: If a Joint Venture submits a bid proposal, it shall be considered to be a proposal by each of the Joint Ventures, jointly and severally, for the performance of the entire contract as a Joint Venture in accordance with the terms and conditions of the contract. Each entity in a Joint Venture is required to sign the contract acknowledging that each Joint Venture shall be jointly and severally liable for the performance of the entire contract.
- 1.13.7 Certificate of Legal Existence: Each entity in a Joint Venture shall obtain a Certificate of Legal Existence and submit it with the contract documents.

# 1.14 Procedure for Alleged Violation(s) of Part II Chapter 60 of C.G.S. Bidding and Contracts:

- 1.14.1 The Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies establishes a procedure for promptly hearing and ruling on claims alleging a violation or violations of the contract bidding provisions of Part II of Chapter 60 of the Connecticut General Statutes (hereinafter "Chapter 60"). In view of the fact that time is normally of the essence in awarding construction contracts under Chapter 60, the grievance procedures are intended to be quick, informal and conclusive so as to avoid delays which can increase costs and jeopardize the very ability of the State to proceed with needed public works projects.
- 1.14.2 Download "6510 Procedure for Alleged Violation(s)" and "6505 Petition for Alleged Violation(s)" from the DAS Homepage (<a href="www.ct.gov/DAS">www.ct.gov/DAS</a>) > Doing Business With The State > State Building Construction > Publications and Forms > DAS Construction Services Library > 6000 Series > Scroll down to locate documents.

# 1.15 Labor Market Area:

- 1.15.1 All Bidders shall have read C.G.S. §§ 31-52 and 31-52a, as revised. These sections relate to the preference of State citizens and the preference of residents of the labor market area in which the work under the contract is to be done and the penalties for violations thereof.
- 1.15.2 In order to avoid violations by the contractor and to cooperate with and assist the State in the implementation of the statutory mandates, any bidder awarded a contract with the State shall be required to provide the State with the following information:
  - .1 The names and addresses of employees utilized by the contractor and by its subcontractors and how long each such employee has resided in Connecticut.
  - .2 How long each employee has resided in the labor market area, as established by the State Labor Commissioner, in which the work under the contract is to be done. Labor market areas are indicated on the end of this section.
  - .3 Within thirty (30) days after the start of work, the contractor shall submit a signed statement setting forth the procedures the contractor and its subcontractors have taken to assure that they have sought out qualified residents of the labor market area. Also, the statement shall include information as to how many persons were considered for employment and how many were actually hired. Such procedures will include, but not be limited to, obtaining names of available persons from area Employment Security Offices.
  - .4 In the same manner as Subsection 3.9.2.3 above, the statement shall indicate the steps taken to assure that the contractor and its subcontractors have sought out qualified residents of this State.
- **1.15.3** The contractor **shall** cooperate with and provide information to the DAS/CS Project Manager or their designee assigned to collect and verify the information required. The State may request that all such information be updated during the term of the contract at reasonable times.
- **1.15.4** All such information gathered and compiled by the State **shall** be forwarded to the Labor Commissioner.

#### 1.15.5 Pursuant to C.G.S. § 31-52b, as revised:

"The provisions of C.G.S. § 31-52 and 31-52a **shall not** apply where the State or any subdivision thereof may suffer the loss of revenue granted or to be granted from any agency or department of the federal government as a result of said sections or regulative procedures pursuant thereto."

However, no exception shall be determined to be applicable unless stated in writing by the Commissioner of the Department of Administrative Services.

**1.15.6 Website Link:** For guidance on the CT DOL Labor Market Areas (LMA) go to the CT DOL website <a href="http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/">http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/</a>, under "Program Services", click on "Labor Market information".

## 1.16 Executive Orders:

- 1.16.1 All Executive Orders of which are incorporated into and are made a part of the Contract as if they had been fully set forth in it. The Contract is subject to the provisions of the following:
  - **.1 Executive Order No. 3:** Governor Thomas J. Meskill, promulgated June 16, 1971, concerning labor employment practices;
  - **.2 Executive Order No. 17:** Governor Thomas J. Meskill promulgated February 15, 1973, concerning the listing of employment openings;
  - .3 Executive Order No. 16: Governor John G. Rowland promulgated August 4, 1999, concerning violence in the workplace;
  - **.4 Executive Order No. 14:** Governor M. Jodi Rell, promulgated April 17, 2006, concerning procurement of cleaning products and services; and
  - .5 Executive Order No. 49: Governor Dannel P. Malloy, promulgated May 22, 2015, concerning the requirement for certain state contractors to disclosure campaign contributions to candidates for statewide public office or The General Assembly and to ensure convenient public access to information related to gifts and campaign contribution disclosure affidavits by state contractors.
- **1.16.2** All Executive Orders are available for download from the State of Connecticut website. Go to <a href="www.ct.gov">www.ct.gov</a>, click on "Governor Dannel P. Malloy", click on "Press Room", and click on "Executive Orders".

## 1.17 Retaliation For Disclosure of Information:

- 1.17.1 Each contract between a state or quasi-public agency and a large state contractor shall provide that, if an officer, employee, or appointing authority of a large state contractor takes or threatens to take any personnel action against any employee of the contractor in retaliation for such employee's disclosure of information to the Auditors of Public Accounts or the Attorney General under the provisions of C.G.S. § 4-61dd (a), the contractor shall be liable for a civil penalty of not more than five thousand dollars for each offense, up to a maximum of twenty per cent of the value of the contract. Each violation shall be a separate and distinct offense and in the case of a continuing violation each calendar day's continuance of the violation shall be deemed to be a separate and distinct offense. The executive head of the state or quasi-public agency may request the Attorney General to bring a civil action in the Superior Court for the judicial district of Hartford to seek imposition and recovery of such civil penalty.
- **1.17.2** Each large state contractor shall post a **notice** of the provisions of **C.G.S. § 4-61dd** relating to large state contractors in a conspicuous place that is readily available for viewing by the employees of the contractor.

### 1.18 Laws of the State of Connecticut:

Forum and Choice of Law. The Bidder agrees that in the event it is awarded a Contract, the Bidder and the State deem the Contract to have been made in the City of Hartford, State of Connecticut. Both parties agree that it is fair and reasonable for the validity and construction of the Contract to be, and it shall be, governed by the laws and court decisions of the State of Connecticut, without giving effect to its principles of conflicts of laws. To the extent that any immunities provided by Federal law or the laws of the State of Connecticut do not bar an action against the State, and to the extent that these courts are courts of competent jurisdiction, for the purpose of venue, the complaint shall be made returnable to the Judicial District of Hartford only or shall be brought in the United States District Court for the District of Connecticut only, and shall not be transferred to any other court, provided, however, that nothing here constitutes a waiver or compromise of the sovereign immunity of the State of Connecticut. The Bidder waives any objection which it may now have or will have to the laying of venue of any claims in any forum and further irrevocably submits to such jurisdiction in any suit, action or proceeding.

## 1.19 State's Sovereign Immunity:

Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as a waiver or limitation upon the **State's sovereign immunity**. To the extent this Section is found to be inconsistent with any other part of this Agreement, this Section shall control. This Section of the Agreement shall survive the completion and/or termination of this Agreement.

# 2.0 Bid Proposal Form Instructions:

## 2.1 Bid Proposal Form:

2.1.1 All Bidders shall upload ALL pages of Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form to BizNet, prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening.

# 2.2 Threshold Projects:

- 2.2.1 See page 1 of the Bid Proposal Form to determine if this Project exceeds the Threshold Limits.
- 2.2.2 If this Project exceeds Threshold Limits, *all* Bidders shall list their Firm's Major Contractor Registration License Number in the Bid Proposal Form.
- 2.2.3 The Apparent Low Bidder shall also provide the Subcontractor(s) Major Contractor Registration License number(s) to the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement within ten (10) business days <u>after</u> receipt of the Letter of Intent from DAS/CS.
- 2.2.4 Summary of Registration Requirements for Major Contractors: Any person engaged in the business of construction, structural repair, structural alteration, dismantling or demolition of a structure or addition that exceeds the threshold limits provided in C.G.S §29-276b, or any person who, under the direction of a general contractor, performs or offers to perform any work that impacts upon the structural integrity of a structure or addition, including repair, alteration, dismantling or demolition of a structure or addition that exceeds the threshold limits shall engage in or offer to perform the work of a Major Contractor unless such person has first obtained a license or certificate of registration from the Connecticut Department of Consumer Protection (DCP). Individuals must be licensed under the requirements of C.G.S §20-341gg "Registration of Major Contractors". DCP shall issue a certificate of registration to any person who is prequalified pursuant to section 4a-100 who applies for registration in accordance with this section.
- 2.2.5 The Bidder and all Subcontractors that engage in work that impacts upon the structural integrity of a structure or addition must register as a Major Contractor with DCP and obtain a Major Contractor License issued by DCP PRIOR to the date and time of the Bid Opening for this Project.
- 2.2.6 For further information go to the DCP Website: http://www.ct.gov/dcp

## 2.3 Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid, Allowances, and Contingent Work:

- 2.3.1 The proposed Lump Sum Base Bid shall be set forth in the space provided on Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form.
- 2.3.2 The Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid shall include all Allowances, all work indicated on the drawings and/or described in the specifications except for Contingent Work. See the Bid Proposal Form, Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations, and Section 01 23 13 Supplemental Bids of Division 01 General Requirements for details regarding Contingent Work.
- 2.3.3 "Contingent Work" includes Unit Prices (for Earth and Rock Excavation, Environmental Remediation, and/or Hazardous Building Materials Abatement) and Supplemental Bids. See Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations and Section 01 23 13 Supplemental Bids, respectively, for applicability.
- 2.3.4 The Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid shall be shown in *both* numerical figures and "printed" words dollar amount. In the event of any discrepancy the "printed" words dollar amount shall govern.

# 2.4 Addenda and Interpretations:

- **2.4.1** The **Number of Addenda** issued by the State of Connecticut shall be set forth in the space provided on the **Bid Proposal Form**. It shall be the Bidder's responsibility to make inquiry as to, and to obtain, the Addenda issued, if any.
- **2.4.2** Addenda, if issued, will be posted on the State Contracting Portal.
- 2.4.3 Failure to acknowledge all Addenda in the space provided in the Bid Proposal Form shall be cause for rejection of the bid.
- 2.4.4 Attaching Addenda to the Bid Proposal Form does not constitute an acknowledgement of all Addenda and does not relieve the Bidder from the requirement for the Bidder to acknowledge all Addenda in the space provided on the Bid Proposal Form.
- 2.4.5 No interpretations of the meaning of the plans, specifications or other contract documents will be made orally at any time. Every request for such interpretation shall be in writing to the awarding authority and to be given consideration shall be received at least fourteen (14) Calendar Days prior to the date fixed for the opening of bids. Any and all such interpretations and any supplemental instructions will be in the form of written Addenda to the specifications which, if issued, will be posted on the State Contracting Portal.
- **2.4.6** Contractors who have subscribed through BizNet to receive daily e-mail alert notices when new Bids/RFPs are issued will be notified via a daily CT DAS "Connecticut Procurement Portal Daily Notice".

# 2.5 Bidder's Qualification Statement and Objective Criteria for Evaluating Bidders:

- 2.5.1 All Bidders shall download, complete, and upload Section 00 45 14 General Contractor Bidder's Qualification Statement to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening. See BizNet for a template. This information shall be considered as part of the Bid Proposal Form. Failure of a Bidder to answer any question or provide required information may be grounds for the awarding authority to disqualify and reject the bid.
- 2.5.2 All Bidders shall comply with Section 00 45 15 Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders. The Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders are to assure that the State of Connecticut will secure the "lowest responsible and qualified bidder" who has the ability and capacity to successfully complete the Bid Proposal Form and the Work. Failure to comply with any portion of this requirement may cause rejection of the bid. Note: Individual Specification Sections may contain General Contractor and/or Subcontractor Qualification requirements that exceed those in Section 00 45 15 Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders.

### 2.6 Bidder's Pregualification Requirements for Projects exceeding \$500,000:

- 2.6.1 All Bidders for Projects with estimated Construction Costs <u>greater</u> than \$500,000 shall upload a current copy of their "DAS Prequalification Certificate" and "DAS Update (Bid) Statement" for the applicable Class of Work on page 1 of Section 00 11 16 Invitation to Bid to Biznet *prior* to the date and time of the Bid Opening.
- 2.6.2 Pursuant to C.G.S § 4b-91(a)(2) and C.G.S. §4a-100, as revised, every contract for the construction, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, repair or demolition of any public building or any other public work by the state that is estimated to exceed five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) shall be awarded only to the lowest responsible and qualified Bidder who is "prequalified" by DAS in the Class of Work for this Project, as specified in Section 00 11 16 Invitation to Bid. No person who's Contract or Subcontract exceeds \$500,000 in value may perform work as a Contractor or Subcontractor, unless the person is prequalified, at the time of bid submission, in accordance with C.G.S. § 4a-100, as amended, C.G.S. § 4b-91(a)(2), and C.G.S. §4b-91 (j). "Prequalified" includes the contractor's or substantial subcontractor's prequalification classifications, aggregate work capacity ratings and single project limits.
- 2.6.3 Failure to upload either the "DAS Prequalification Certificate" or "DAS Update (Bid) Statement" to Biznet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening shall cause rejection of the bid and shall not be considered a minor irregularity under C.G.S. § 4b-95.
- 2.6.4 See Section 00 40 15 CT DAS Prequalification Forms for instructions on preparing and/or downloading your Firm's "DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificate" and "DAS Update (Bid) Statement".
- 2.6.5 Bidder's Certification: Within ten (10) business days after receipt of the Letter of Intent from DAS/CS, the Apparent Low Bidder shall submit a Bidder's Certification certifying that the information in the bid is true, that there has been no substantial change in the Bidder's financial position or corporate structure since its most recent DAS Prequalification Certificate and DAS Update (Bid) Statement and that the bid was made without fraud or collusion with any person. See Section 00 92 10 Additional Forms of this Project Manual for a sample form.

# 2.7 Named Subcontractor Requirements:

- 2.7.1 All Bid Proposals **shall** be for the complete work as specified and **shall** include the names of any Subcontractors for the **four (4) Classes of Work** specified in **C.G.S. § 4b-93(a)**, as revised, and for each other class of work for which the awarding authority has required a separate section pursuant to said subsection, together with the dollar amounts of their subcontracts. The contractor shall be selected on the basis of such bids.
- 2.7.2 The Named Subcontractor Bid Price shall be the price set forth in the space provided on the Bid Proposal Form.
- 2.7.3 No bid shall be rejected because of an error in setting forth the Name of a Subcontractor as long as the Subcontractor or Subcontractors designated are clearly identifiable.
- 2.7.4 No bid shall be rejected because the **Named Subcontractor's** plans and specifications do not accompany the bid or are not submitted with the bid.
- 2.7.5 Failure to correctly state a **Named Subcontractor's price** on the Bid Proposal Form **shall** be cause for **rejection** of the Bid
- 2.7.6 Named Subcontractor Replacement: The awarding authority may require the Bidder to replace a Named Subcontractor whenever the awarding authority determines in their sole discretion that such replacement is in the best interest of the State.

#### 2.7.7 Named Subcontractor Substitution:

- .1 The awarding authority **shall not** permit **substitution** of a subcontractor for one **Named** in accordance with the provisions of **C.G.S.** § **4b-95**, as revised, **except** for "**Good Cause**".
- .2 The awarding authority shall not permit substitution of a subcontractor for any designated sub-trade work bid to be performed by the Bidder's own forces in accordance with the provisions of C.G.S. § 4b-95 except for "Good Cause".
- .3 "Good Cause": The term "good cause" includes but is not limited to, a subcontractor's or, where appropriate, a Bidder's: (1) death or physical disability, if the listed subcontractor is an individual; (2) dissolution, if a corporation or partnership; (3) bankruptcy; (4) inability to furnish any performance and payment bond shown on the bid form; (5) inability to obtain, or loss of, a license necessary for the performance of the particular category of work; (6) failure or inability to comply with a requirement of law applicable to contractors, subcontractors, or construction, alteration, or repair projects; and (7) failure to perform its agreement to execute a subcontract under C.G.S. § 4b-96, as revised.

## 2.7.8 Named Subcontractor DAS Prequalification Requirement for Subcontracts exceeding \$500,000:

- .1 The Three (3) Apparent Lowest Bidders shall receive VIA EMAIL a "Set-Aside Contractor Schedule Request" ("Request") from the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement. For Subcontracts greater than \$500,000, the Three (3) Apparent Lowest Bidders shall submit within ten (10) Calendar Days after receipt of the Request current DAS Prequalification Certificate(s) and Update (Bid) Statement(s) for each Named Subcontractor in Table 2.7 of the Bid Proposal Form, to the extent the Class of Work for the Named Subcontractor is a Prequalification Classification. This information shall be considered as part of the Bid Proposal Form and failure to comply with any portion of this requirement may cause rejection of the bid.
- .2 Instructions for downloading "DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificates" and "DAS Update (Bid) Statement" can be found in Section 00 40 15 CT DAS Prequalification Forms.
- .3 In accordance C.G.S. §4b-91 (j), no person whose subcontract exceeds five hundred thousand dollars in value may perform work as a subcontractor on a project, which project is estimated to cost more than five hundred thousand dollars and is paid for, in whole or in part, with state funds, unless, at the time of bid submission, the person is prequalified in accordance with C.G.S. §4a-100, as amended. "Prequalified" includes the contractor's or substantial subcontractor's prequalification classifications, aggregate work capacity ratings and single project limits. For Subcontracts estimated to exceed \$500,000, the Named Subcontractor must be "prequalified" by DAS in the Class of Work specified in Table 2.7 of Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form at the time of bid submission, pursuant to C.G.S. §4b-91(j) and C.G.S. § 4a-100, as amended. This requirement also applies to the Bidder, if the Bidder is a Named Subcontractor.

#### 2.7.9 Named Subcontractor Bidder's Qualification Statements (Section 00 45 17)

- .1 The Three (3) Apparent Lowest Bidders shall receive VIA EMAIL a "Set-Aside Contractor Schedule Request" ("Request") from the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement. For Projects with estimated Construction Costs greater than \$500,000, the Three (3) Apparent Lowest Bidders shall submit within ten (10) Calendar Days after receipt of the Request completed Section 00 45 17 Named Subcontractor Bidder's Qualification Statement(s) of this Project Manual for each Named Subcontractor in Table 2.7 of the Bid Proposal Form. This information shall be considered as part of the Bid Proposal Form and failure to comply with any portion of this requirement may cause rejection of the bid.
- .2 Important Note: Individual Technical Specification Sections <u>may</u> contain qualification requirements that **exceed** those from Section 00 45 17 Named Subcontractor Bidder's Qualification Statement.

# 2.7 Named Subcontractor Requirements (continued):

## 2.7.10 Bidder Performing Work as Named Subcontractor:

- .1 In accordance with C.G.S. § 4b-95(c), it shall be presumed that the Bidder intends to perform, with its own employees, all work in such four (4) Classes of Work and such other classes, for which *no* Subcontractor is named in Table 2.7 of the Bid Proposal Form. In accordance with C.G.S. § 4b-92, as revised, the Bidder's qualifications for performing such work shall be subject to review.
- .2 If the Bidder has listed itself as a Named Subcontractor(s) for a Class(es) of Work in Table 2.7 of the Bid Proposal Form and the proposed dollar value of the Subcontract(s) is greater than \$500,000, then to the extent the Class(es) of Work is a Prequalification Classification, the Bidder shall provide a current DAS Prequalification Certificate and Update (Bid) Statement for each of the applicable Class(es) of Work within ten (10) Calendar Days after receipt of the "Set-Aside Contractor Schedule Request" from DAS/CS.

## 2.8 Set-Aside Requirements:

- 2.8.1 Bidder's DAS Set-Aside Certificate: All Small Business Enterprise (SBE) / Minority Business Enterprise (MBE) Bidders shall upload a copy of their Firm's current "DAS Set-Aside Certificate" to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening.
- 2.8.2 Bidder Contract Compliance Monitoring Report For Projects With Construction Costs Estimated To Be Less Than \$500,000: All Firm's shall upload a completed copy of the CHRO Employment Information Form, "Bidder Contract Compliance Monitoring Report" with their Bid Proposal Form prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening. The report is posted on the CHRO Webpage (http://www.ct.gov/chro/cwp/view.asp?a=2525&Q=315900&chroPNavCtr=|#45679).
- 2.8.3 All Bidders shall be required to award not less than the percentage(s) stated on page 1 of Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form to Subcontractors who are currently certified and eligible to participate under the State of Connecticut Set-Aside Program for SBE and/or MBE contractors, in accordance with C.G.S.§ 4a-60g. Failure to meet these requirements shall cause rejection of the bid. The MBE participation does count as part of the SBE participation.
- 2.8.4 Set-Aside Contractor Schedule Request: The SBE/MBE participation requirement must be met even if the Bidder is certified and eligible to participate in the Small Business Set-Aside Program. To facilitate compliance with this requirement for set-aside subcontractors, the Three (3) Apparent Lowest Bidders shall receive VIA EMAIL a "Set-Aside Contractor Schedule Request" ("Request") from the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement. As directed in the Request, the Three (3) Apparent Lowest Bidders shall submit within ten (10) Calendar Days after receipt of the Request, a list of certified set-aside contractors to be used on this project along with the dollar amounts to be paid to each. (See Section 00 73 27 Set-Aside Contractor Schedule for a sample Request.)

A copy of the current DAS Set-Aside Certificate for *each* Subcontracted SBE and/or MBE firm(s) listed in the "Set-Aside Contractor Schedule" must be attached to the Request.

This information will be considered as part of your Bid Proposal Form and **failure** to comply with any portion of this requirement within the ten (10) days, including but not limited to **failure** to list or meet the necessary dollar amount or percentage of the bid price, will be cause to **reject** your bid.

- 2.8.5 Percentage of Work Performed by SBE/MBE Contractors and Subcontractors: The percentage of the work performed by the SBE/MBE Contractors and Subcontractors on this project shall not be less than the percentage noted in Subsection 5.1 Amount of Work Required to Be Done by "Set-Aside" Contractors of Section 00 73 38 Commission on Human Rights (CHRO) Contract Compliance Regulations.
- 2.8.6 To view and/or download a Set-Aside Certificate: Go to the DAS Homepage (www.ct.gov/DAS) > Small and Minority Businesses > Apply for Small Business Enterprise or Minority Business Enterprise Certification (SBE or MBE) > View/Search SBE/MBE Directory.

# 2.9 Insurance Coverages:

- 2.9.1 The Insurance coverages required for this project shall be those listed in Article 35 Contractors Insurance of Section 00 73 13 General Conditions of this Project Manual. See Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form and Section 00 62 16 Certificate of Insurance of this Project Manual for additional details.
- 2.9.2 The Apparent Low Bidder shall submit the Firm's Certificate of Liability Insurance Acord® form within ten (10) business days after receipt of the Letter of Intent from DAS/CS.

# 3.0 All Other Required Bid Documents, Affidavits, and Certifications:

# 3.1 Affidavits and Certifications:

### 3.1.1 Gift and Campaign Contribution Certification - OPM Ethics Form 1: All Bidders

- .1 All Bidders: In accordance with Executive Order No. 49, and pursuant to C.G.S. §§ 4-250, 4-252(c) and 9-612(f)(2), as revised, any principal or key personnel of the person, firm or corporation submitting a bid or proposal for a contract that has a value of \$50,000 or more, shall be required to upload to BizNet a Gift and Campaign Contribution Certification prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening.
- .2 Any bidder or proposer that does not upload the Gift and Campaign Contribution Certification to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening as required under this section shall be disqualified and DAS shall award the contract to the next highest ranked proposer or the next lowest responsible qualified bidder or seek new bids or proposals. Failure to upload this form to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening shall not be considered a minor irregularity under CGS 4b-95.
- .3 Once uploaded, an updated **Gift and Campaign Contribution Certification** shall be uploaded within **30 days** of any changes to the submitted information.
- **.4 Annually**, on *or* within **two (2)** weeks of the **anniversary** date of the execution of this contract, the Contractor shall upload a completed **Annual Certification** with authorizing resolution. For the purposes of this paragraph, the execution date of the contract will be the date the DAS Commissioner signs the contract.

# 3.1.2 Consulting Agreement Affidavit – OPM Ethics Form 5: All Bidders

- .1 All Bidders: Pursuant to C.G.S. §§ 4a -81a and 4a -81b, as revised, a Consulting Agreement Affidavit must be completed and uploaded to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening for contracts with a value of \$50,000 or more.
- .2 In the event that a Bidder or vendor fails or refuses to upload the **Consulting Agreement Affidavit** to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening, as required under C.G.S. § 4a-81, such bidder shall be *disqualified* and the award shall be made to the next lowest responsible qualified bidder or new bids or proposals shall be sought. Failure to upload this form to BizNet **prior** to the date and time of the Bid Opening shall not be considered a minor irregularity under CGS 4b-95.
- .3 Once uploaded, an updated Consulting Agreement Affidavit shall be amended and uploaded not later than (1) thirty (30) days after the effective date of any such change or (2) upon the submittal of any new bid or proposal, whichever is earlier. For the purposes of this paragraph, the execution date of the contract will be the date the DAS Commissioner signs the contract.
- .4 Other Contributions by Individuals. Principals of Investment Services Firms, State Contractors, Principals Of State Contractors, Prospective State Contractors Or Principals Of Prospective State Contractors. Lists. Subcontracts Study. State Officials or Employees: All acquisitions, agreements and contracts are subject to the provisions of the C.G.S. § 9-612 regarding Campaign Contribution or Contributions.

## 3.1.3 Ethics Affidavit - OPM Ethics Form 6: All Bidders and Apparent Low Bidder

- .1 All Bidders: Pursuant to C.G.S. §§ 1-101mm and 1-101qq, as revised, when DAS/CS is seeking a contract for a large state construction or procurement contract having a cost of more than \$500,000, DAS shall inform all potential consultant and contractor firms of the summary of state ethics laws developed by the Office of State Ethics (OSE) pursuant to C.G.S. § 1-81b. "Large State Contract" means an agreement or a combination or series of agreements between a state agency and a person, firm or corporation, having a total value of more than \$500,000 in a calendar or fiscal year a project for the construction, alteration or repair of any public building or public work. For a Guide to the Code of Ethics For Current or Potential State Contractors go to the Office of State Ethics (OSE) website (www.ct.gov/ethics), then click on the "Publications" link.
- .2 All Bidders: Pursuant to C.G.S. § 1-101qq, as revised, DAS is also required to notify all potential consultant and contractor firms or a large state construction or procurement contract that they must upload an Affirmation of Receipt of State Ethics Laws Summary to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening affirming that their key employees have read and understand the summary and agree to comply with the provisions of state ethics law.
- .3 Failure to upload this affidavit to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening **shall** result in **rejection** of the bid and-shall not be considered a minor irregularity under CGS 4b-95.
- .4 Apparent Low Bidder: Furthermore, the Apparent Low Bidder shall provide the Summary of the State Ethics Laws to each Named Subcontractor and any other Subcontractor or Subconsultant with a contract valued over \$500,000 and obtain a Subcontractor and Subconsultant State Ethics Affidavit stating that the key personnel of the subcontractor have read, understand, and agree to comply with provisions of the state ethics laws. The Apparent Low Bidder shall submit such subcontractor(s) affidavits to the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement within ten (10) business days after receipt of the Letter of Intent from DAS/CS.

## 3.1 Affidavits and Certifications Forms (continued):

#### 3.1.4 Iran Certification – OPM Ethics Form 7: All Bidders

- .1 All Bidders: Pursuant to C.G.S. § 4-252a, when DAS/CS is seeking a contract for a large state construction or procurement contract having a cost of more than \$500,000, an Iran Certification must be completed and uploaded to BizNet *prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening*.
- Pursuant to C.G.S. § 4-252a, "This form must always be submitted with the bid or proposal, or if there was no bid process, with the resulting contract, regardless of where the principal place of business is located. Entities whose principal place of business is located outside of the United States are required to complete the entire form, including the certification portion of the form. United States subsidiaries of foreign corporations are exempt from having to complete the certification portion of the form. Those entities whose principal place of business is located inside of the United States must also fill out the form, but do not have to complete the certification portion of the form."

## 3.1.5 Nondiscrimination Certification – Form A, B, C, D, or E: All Bidders

- .1 All Bidders: Pursuant to C.G.S. §§ 4a-60 and 4a-60a, as amended, a contractor must provide an awarding State agency with written representation or documentation that certifies the contractor complies with the State's nondiscrimination agreements and warranties prior to the award of any contract with the State. A Nondiscrimination Certification is required for all State contracts, regardless of type, term, cost or value. The appropriate form must be uploaded to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening.
- .2 Once uploaded, an updated **Nondiscrimination Certification** shall be uploaded within **30 days** of any changes to the submitted information.
- .3 <u>Annually</u>, on *or* within two (2) weeks of the anniversary date of the execution of this contract, the Contractor shall upload a completed **Annual Certification** with authorizing resolution. For the purposes of this paragraph, the execution date of the contract will be the date the DAS Commissioner signs the contract.
- **3.1.6** For instructions on how to electronically download *and* upload **Affidavits and Non-Discrimination Forms**, go to the DAS Homepage (<a href="www.ct.gov/DAS">www.ct.gov/DAS</a>) > Doing Business with the State > Create a BizNet Account for Doing Business with the State > Documents/Forms > Vendor Guide to Uploading Affidavits and Nondiscrimination Forms Online.

# 3.2 Security For Faithful Performance:

#### 3.2.1 Certified Check or Bid Bond: All Bidders

- .1 All Bidders for bids in excess of \$50,000 shall submit either a Certified Check or a Bid Bond, in the form required by the awarding authority. See Section 00 43 16 Standard Bid Bond in BizNet for a template and important instructions regarding submitting the Bid Bond or Certified Check. Complete and upload Section 00 43 16 Standard Bid Bond to Biznet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening for either the Bid Bond option or the Certified Check option.
- .2 Certified Check Option: The Certified Check shall be drawn to the order of "Treasurer, State of Connecticut", in which it is understood shall be cashed and the proceeds thereof used so far as may be necessary to reimburse the State of Connecticut for losses and damages arising by virtue of the Bidder's failure to file the required Bonds and execute the required contract if this proposal is accepted by the Awarding Authority.
- .3 Bid Bond Option: The Bid Bond shall be in the form required by the awarding authority, having as surety thereto such surety company or companies acceptable to the DAS Commissioner and as are authorized to do business in this State, for an amount not less than 10 percent of the bid.
- **.4 Return of Certified Check:** All **checks** submitted by **unsuccessful** Bidders shall be returned to them *after* the contract has been awarded.
- .5 Failure to submit the Bid Bond or Certified Check **prior** to the date and time of the Bid Opening **shall** cause **rejection** of the bid and shall not be considered a minor irregularity under CGS 4b-95.
- **.6 Forfeiture of Certified Check or Bid Bond: Failure** of the successful bidder to execute a contract awarded as specified and bid shall result in the **forfeiture** of the certified check or bid bond.
- 3.2.2 Performance Bond: Apparent Low Bidder: Within ten (10) business days after receipt of the Letter of Intent from DAS/CS, the Apparent Low Bidder shall substitute for the certified check or bid bond accompanying its bid an executed performance bond, in the amount not less than 100 percent of the contract price, conditioned upon the faithful performance of the contract, and having as surety thereto such surety company or companies satisfactory to the Commissioner and as are authorized to transact business in this State. This bond is to be furnished pursuant to C.G.S. § 49-41, as revised. See Section 00 92 10 Additional Forms of this Project Manual for a template.
- 3.2.3 Labor and Material Bond: Apparent Low Bidder: Within ten (10) business days after receipt of the Letter of Intent from DAS/CS, the Apparent Low Bidder shall submit a labor and material bond in the amount not less than 100 percent of the contract price which shall be binding upon the award of the contract to such bidder, with surety or sureties satisfactory to the Commissioner and as are authorized to transact business in this State, for the protection of persons supplying labor or materials in the prosecution of the work provided for in the contract for the use of each such person. Any such bond furnished shall have as principal the name of the successful Bidder. This bond is to be furnished pursuant to C.G.S. § 49-41, as revised. See Section 00 92 10 Additional Forms of this Project Manual for a template.

# 3.2 Security For Faithful Performance (continued):

- 3.2.4 The following section of the General Statutes of Connecticut, as revised, is inserted as information concerning this bond and will be incorporated into the Contract for the Work:
  - **C.G.S.** § 49-41a. Enforcement of payment by general contractor to subcontractor and by subcontractor to his subcontractors. (a) When any public work is awarded by a contract for which a payment bond is required by section 49-41, the contract for the public work shall contain the following provisions: (1) A requirement that the general contractor, within thirty days after payment to the contractor by the State or a municipality, pay any amounts due any subcontractor, whether for labor performed or materials furnished, when the labor or materials have been included in a requisition submitted by the contractor and paid by the State or a municipality; (2) a requirement that the general contractor shall include in each of its **subcontracts** a **provision** requiring each **subcontractor** to pay any amounts due any of its subcontractors, whether for labor performed or materials furnished, within thirty days after such subcontractor receives a payment from the general contractor which encompasses labor or materials furnished by such subcontractor.
  - (b) If payment is not made by the general contractor or any of its subcontractors in accordance with such requirements, the subcontractor shall set forth his claim against the general contractor and the subcontractor of a subcontractor shall set forth its claim against the subcontractor through notice by registered or certified mail. Ten days after the receipt of that notice, the general contractor shall be liable to its subcontractor, and the subcontractor shall be liable to its subcontractor, for interest on the amount due and owing at the rate of one percent per month. In addition, the general contractor, upon written demand of its subcontractor, or the subcontractor, upon written demand of its subcontractor, shall be required to place funds in the amount of the claim, plus interest of one per cent, in an interest-bearing escrow account in a bank in this State, provided the general contractor or subcontractor may refuse to place the funds in escrow on the grounds that the subcontractor has not substantially performed the work according to the terms of his or its employment. In the event that such general contractor or subcontractor refuses to place such funds in escrow, and the party making a claim against it under this section is found to have substantially performed its work in accordance with the terms of its employment in any arbitration or litigation to determine the validity of such claim, then such general contractor or subcontractor shall pay the attorney's fees of such party.
  - (c) No payment may be withheld from a subcontractor for work performed because of a dispute between the general contractor and another contractor or subcontractor.
  - (d) This section shall not be construed to prohibit progress payments prior to final payment of the contract and is applicable to all subcontractors for material or labor whether they have contracted directly with the general contractor or with some other subcontractor on the work.
- 3.2.5 Surety Sheet: Apparent Low Bidder: Within ten (10) business days *after* receipt of the Letter of Intent from DAS/CS, the **Apparent Low Bidder shall** submit a Surety Sheet that provides information regarding the Surety Company and Agent. See **Section 00 92 10 Additional Forms** of this Project Manual for a template.

## 3.3 Certificate (of Authority):

- **3.3.1** All Bidders for bids in excess of \$50,000 shall upload a signed and scanned Section 00 40 14 Certificate (of Authority) to BizNet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening. See BizNet for a template.
- 3.3.2 The Apparent Low Bidder shall submit a second Certificate (of Authority) within ten (10) business days after receipt of the Letter of Intent from DAS/CS.

# 3.4 Security Requirements for CT Department of Correction (CT DOC) Facilities:

- **3.4.1** All Bidders for Projects at a CT DOC Facility shall read and comply with Section 00 73 63 CT DOC Security Requirements for Contract Forces on CT DOC Facilities.
- 3.4.2 NEW: All Bidders for Projects at a CT DOC Facility: Prior to the Pre-Bid Meeting, all Bidders shall download the "Security Background Questionnaire" from the CT DOC website (<a href="www.ct.gov/doc">www.ct.gov/doc</a>, under "Forms"), complete and submit the form as directed, and obtain approval, otherwise admission to the Pre-Bid Meeting will be denied. It is recommended that the approved form be brought as evidence of approval to attend the Pre-Bid Meeting.

# 3.5 Affirmative Action Plan & Employment Information Form (DAS-45): Apparent Low Bidder

- 3.5.1 For Projects greater than \$500,000 and/or Firms with 50 or more employees, the Apparent Low Bidder shall submit the Firm's Affirmative Action Plan and Employment Information Form (DAS-45) to CHRO within fifteen (15) calendar days after receipt of the "Request for the Affirmative Action Plan and Employment Information Form Letter" from DAS/CS. See Section 00 73 38 Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities/ Contract Compliance Regulations.
- 3.5.2 The Apparent Low Bidder *shall* submit a copy of the Transmittal Letter to the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement within *fifteen (15) calendar days after* receipt of the "Request for the *Affirmative Action Plan* and *Employment Information Form* Letter" from DAS/CS.

# 3.6 Prevailing Wage: Apparent Low Bidder

- 3.6.1 The Apparent Low Bidder shall submit the "Contractor's Wage Certification Form" to CT Department of Labor (CT DOL) within fifteen (15) calendar days after receipt of the "Request for the Affirmative Action Plan and Employment Information Form Letter" from DAS/CS. See Section 00 73 44 Prevailing Wage Rates/Contractor's Wage Certification/Payroll Certification of this Project Manual.
- 3.6.2 Each contractor who is awarded a contract on or after October 1, 2002 shall be subject to provisions of C.G.S. § 31-53, as revised. See Section 00 73 44 Prevailing Wage Rates/Contractor's Wage Certification/Payroll Certification of this Project Manual.
- 3.6.3 Annual Adjustment Of Prevailing Wage Rates: In determining bid price, consideration should be given to C.G.S. § 31-53 and 31-55a, as revised, regarding annual adjustment of prevailing wage rates. Annual adjustments of prevailing wage rates will not be considered a matter for a contract amendment.

# 3.7 **NEW PROCESS:** General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater & Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities: Apparent Low Bidder

- 3.7.1 All DAS/CS construction projects disturbing one or more total acres of land area on a site regardless of project phasing must file a Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP) General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities (DEEP-WPED-GP-015) ("Construction Stormwater General Permit" or "General Permit") registration and Stormwater Pollution Control Plan (SWPCP) with the DEEP. The DAS/CS Design Consultant shall be responsible for registering the Construction Stormwater General Permit and SWPCP on the DEEP ezFile Portal prior to bidding.
- 3.7.2 Once the Apparent Low Bidder is under contract with DAS/CS, and prior to the commencement of any construction activities, the Apparent Low Bidder ("Contractor") shall be required to provide the necessary information from all applicable contractors and/or subcontractors working on the Project to the DAS/CS Design Consultant so the Consultant may finalize the SWPCP and transfer the General Permit obligations to the Contractor.
- **3.7.3** All Contractors and Subcontractors listed on the SWPCP shall be required to sign the SWPCP "Contractor Certification Statement" and License Transfer Form *prior* to commencement of any construction activity.

# 3.8 Section 00 52 73 Subcontract Agreement Forms: Apparent Low Bidder

- 3.8.1 The Apparent Low Bidder shall submit a completed Section 00 52 73 Subcontract Agreement Form of this Project Manual for *each* Named Subcontractor within ten (10) Business Days after receipt of the "Letter of Intent" from DAS/CS. This information *shall* be considered as part of the Bid Proposal Form and failure to comply with any portion of this requirement may cause rejection of the bid.
- 3.8.2 Each Named Subcontractor shall be the matter of a Subcontract as required by C.G.S. § 4b-96.

## 3.9 Non-Resident Contractors and Taxation: Apparent Low Bidder

- 3.9.1 Nonresident contractors must comply with the provisions C.G.S. § 12-430 (7), Procedures for Nonresident Contractors, and the regulations established pursuant to that section. See Section 00 92 30 Procedures Regarding Taxation for Nonresident General/Prime Contractor and Subcontractors of this Project Manual for additional details.
- 3.9.2 Apparent Low Bidder who is a Nonresident Contractor: Within ten (10) business days after receipt of the "Letter of Intent" from DAS/CS, a certificate(s) from DRS must be provided which evidences that C.G.S. §12-430 for nonresident contractors has been met. As described in Section 00 92 30 "Procedures Regarding Taxation for Nonresident General/Prime Contractor and Subcontractors", Verified Nonresident General/Prime Contractors must submit a copy of their "Notice of Verified Status" (Verification Letter) from DRS. Unverified Nonresident General/Prime Contractors must submit a copy of Form AU-965 "Acceptance of Surety Bond" from DRS.

# 3.10 Certificate of Legal Existence: Apparent Low Bidder

3.10.1 A corporation that is awarded the contract must comply with the laws of this State regarding the procurement of a certificate of authority to transact business in this State from the Secretary of the State. A "Certificate of Legal Existence" which is not older than ninety (90) calendar days from the date of the contract signing must be filed with the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement within ten (10) business days after receipt of the "Letter of Intent" from DAS/CS.

# 3.11 State Election Enforcement Commission (SEEC) Form 10: Apparent Low Bidder

- 3.11.1 The Apparent Low Bidder shall submit a State Election Enforcement Commission's (SEEC) Form 10 "Notice to Executive Branch State Contractors and Prospective State Contractors of Campaign Contribution and Solicitation Limitations" within ten (10) business days after receipt of the "Letter of Intent" from DAS/CS for contracts with a value of \$50,000 or more.
- 3.11.2 Pursuant to C.G.S. § 9-612, as revised, a State Contract means an agreement or contract with the state or any state agency or any quasi-public agency having a value in a calendar year of \$50,000 or more, or a combination or series of such agreements or contracts having a value of \$100,000 or more, the authorized signatory to this submission in response to the State's solicitation expressly acknowledges receipt of, and must submit in writing, the SEEC Form 10 notice advising prospective state contractors of the state campaign contribution and solicitation prohibitions, and will inform its principals of the contents of the notice.
- **3.11.3** For instructions on how to download "**SEEC Form 10**", go to the SEEC Homepage (<a href="www.ct.gov/seec">www.ct.gov/seec</a>); click on "Forms" at the top of the page; click on "Contractor Reporting Forms"; click on "SEEC Form 10" and follow the directions.

# 3.12 OSHA Training Course: Successful Bidder

3.12.1 Pursuant to C.G.S. §. 31-53b (a), as revised, each contract entered into for the construction, remodeling, refinishing, refurbishing, rehabilitation, alteration or repair of any public building project by the state or any of its agents, or by any political subdivision of the state or any of its agents, where the total cost of all work to be performed by all contractors and subcontractors in connection with the contract is at least one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000), shall contain a provision requiring that, not later than thirty (30) days after the date such contract is awarded, each contractor furnish proof to the Labor Commissioner that all employees performing manual labor on or in such public building, pursuant to such contract, have completed a course of at least ten (10) hours in duration in construction safety and health approved by the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration or, in the case of telecommunications employees, have completed at least ten (10) hours of training in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.268.

#### 4.0 Nondiscrimination and Affirmative Action

This contract is subject to Federal and state laws, including Title VII of the 1964 Civil Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e-2(a)(1), and the Connecticut Fair Employment Practices Act, C.G.S. §46a-60 et seq., prohibit various forms of discrimination and illegal harassment in employment.

#### 4.1 Nondiscrimination and Affirmative Action Provisions:

- 4.1.1 This section is inserted in connection with C.G.S. § 4a-60, as revised.
- **4.1.2** References in this section to "contract" **shall** mean this Contract and references to "contractor" **shall** mean the Contractor/Bidder.
- 4.1.3 C.G.S. § 4a-60, as revised:
- (a) Every contract to which the state or any political subdivision of the state other than a municipality is a party shall contain the following provisions:
- (1) The contractor agrees and warrants that in the performance of the contract such contractor will not discriminate or permit discrimination against any person or group of persons on the grounds of race, color, religious creed, age, marital status, national origin, ancestry, sex, gender identity or expression, intellectual disability, mental disability or physical disability, including, but not limited to, blindness, unless it is shown by such contractor that such disability prevents performance of the work involved, in any manner prohibited by the laws of the United States or of the state of Connecticut; and the contractor further agrees to take affirmative action to insure that applicants with job-related qualifications are employed and that employees are treated when employed without regard to their race, color, religious creed, age, marital status, national origin, ancestry, sex, gender identity or expression, intellectual disability, mental disability or physical disability, including, but not limited to, blindness, unless it is shown by such contractor that such disability prevents performance of the work involved;
- (2) The contractor agrees, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor, to state that it is an "affirmative action-equal opportunity employer" in accordance with regulations adopted by the commission;
- (3) The contractor agrees to provide each labor union or representative of workers with which such contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding and each vendor with which such contractor has a contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the commission advising the labor union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this section, and to post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment;

- (4) The contractor agrees to comply with each provision of this section and sections 46a-68e and 46a-68f and with each regulation or relevant order issued by said commission pursuant to sections 46a-56, 46a-68e and 46a-68f; and
- (5) The contractor agrees to provide the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities with such information requested by the commission, and permit access to pertinent books, records and accounts, concerning the employment practices and procedures of the contractor as relate to the provisions of this section and section 46a-56.
- (b) If the contract is a public works contract, the contractor agrees and warrants that he will make good faith efforts to employ minority business enterprises as subcontractors and suppliers of materials on such public works project.
- (c) (1) Any contractor who has one or more contracts with the state or a political subdivision of the state that is valued at less than fifty thousand dollars for each year of the contract shall provide the state or such political subdivision of the state with a written or electronic representation that complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section, provided if there is any change in such representation, the contractor shall provide the updated representation to the state or such political subdivision not later than thirty days after such change.
- (2) Any contractor who has one or more contracts with the state or a political subdivision of the state that is valued at fifty thousand dollars or more for any year of the contract shall provide the state or such political subdivision of the state with any one of the following:
- (A) Documentation in the form of a company or corporate policy adopted by resolution of the board of directors, shareholders, managers, members or other governing body of such contractor that complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section;
- (B) Documentation in the form of a company or corporate policy adopted by a prior resolution of the board of directors, shareholders, managers, members or other governing body of such contractor if (i) the prior resolution is certified by a duly authorized corporate officer of such contractor to be in effect on the date the documentation is submitted, and (ii) the head of the agency of the state or such political subdivision, or a designee, certifies that the prior resolution complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section; or

## 4.1.3 - C.G.S. § 4a-60, as revised: (continued)

- (C) Documentation in the form of an affidavit signed under penalty of false statement by a chief executive officer, president, chairperson or other corporate officer duly authorized to adopt company or corporate policy that certifies that the company or corporate policy of the contractor complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section and is in effect on the date the affidavit is signed.
- (3) Neither the state nor any political subdivision shall award a contract to a contractor who has not provided the representation or documentation required under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, as applicable. After the initial submission of such representation or documentation, the contractor shall not be required to resubmit such representation or documentation unless there is a change in the information contained in such representation or documentation. If there is any change in the information contained in the most recently filed representation or updated documentation, the contractor shall submit an updated representation or documentation, as applicable, either (A) not later than thirty days after the effective date of such change, or (B) upon the execution of a new contract with the state or a political subdivision of the state, whichever is earlier. Such contractor shall also certify, in accordance with subparagraph (B) or (C) of subdivision (2) of this subsection, to the state or political subdivision, not later than fourteen days after the twelve-month anniversary of the most recently filed representation, documentation or updated representation or documentation, that the representation on file with the state or political subdivision is current and accurate.
- (d) For the purposes of this section, "contract" includes any extension or modification of the contract, "contractor" includes any successors or assigns of the contractor, "marital status" means being single, married as recognized by the state of Connecticut, widowed, separated or divorced, and "mental disability" means one or more mental disorders, as defined in the most recent edition of the American Psychiatric Association's "Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders", or a record of or regarding a person as having one or more such disorders. For the purposes of this section, "contract" does not include a contract where each contractor is (1) a political subdivision of the state, including, but not limited to, a municipality, (2) a quasi-public agency, as defined in section 1-120, (3) any other state, as defined in section 1-267, (4) the federal government, (5) a foreign government, or (6) an agency of a subdivision, agency, state or government described in subparagraph (1), (2), (3), (4) or (5) of this subsection.
- (e) For the purposes of this section, "minority business enterprise" means any small contractor or supplier of materials fifty-one per cent or more of the capital stock, if any, or assets of which is owned by a person or persons: (1) Who are active in the daily affairs of the enterprise, (2) who have the power to direct the management and policies of the enterprise, and (3) who are members of a minority, as such term is defined in subsection (a) of section 32-9n; and "good faith" means that degree of diligence which a reasonable person would exercise in the performance of legal duties and obligations. "Good faith efforts" shall include, but not be limited to, those reasonable initial efforts necessary to comply with statutory or regulatory requirements and additional or substituted efforts when it is determined that such initial efforts will not be sufficient to comply with such requirements.
- (f) Determination of the contractor's good faith efforts shall include but shall not be limited to the following factors: The contractor's employment and subcontracting policies, patterns and practices; affirmative advertising, recruitment and training; technical assistance activities and such other reasonable activities or efforts as the commission may prescribe that are designed to ensure the participation of minority business enterprises in public works projects.

- (g) The contractor shall develop and maintain adequate documentation, in a manner prescribed by the commission, of its good faith efforts.
- (h) The contractor shall include the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section in every subcontract or purchase order entered into in order to fulfill any obligation of a contract with the state and such provisions shall be binding on a subcontractor, vendor or manufacturer unless exempted by regulations or orders of the commission. The contractor shall take such action with respect to any such subcontract or purchase order as the commission may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance in accordance with section 46a-56; provided, if such contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the commission, the contractor may request the state of Connecticut to enter into any such litigation or negotiation prior thereto to protect the interests of the state and the state may so enter.

#### 4.2 Nondiscrimination Provisions Regarding Sexual Orientation:

- 4.2.1 This section is inserted in connection with C.G.S. § 4a-60a, as revised.
- **4.2.2** References in this section to "contract" **shall** mean this Contract and references to "contractor" **shall** mean the Contractor/Bidder.

#### 4.2.3 C.G.S. § 4a-60a, as revised:

- (a) Every contract to which the state or any political subdivision of the state other than a municipality is a party shall contain the following provisions:
- (1) The contractor agrees and warrants that in the performance of the contract such contractor will not discriminate or permit discrimination against any person or group of persons on the grounds of sexual orientation, in any manner prohibited by the laws of the United States or of the state of Connecticut, and that employees are treated when employed without regard to their sexual orientation:
- (2) The contractor agrees to provide each labor union or representative of workers with which such contractor has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding and each vendor with which such contractor has a contract or understanding, a notice to be provided by the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities advising the labor union or workers' representative of the contractor's commitments under this section, and to post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment;
- (3) The contractor agrees to comply with each provision of this section and with each regulation or relevant order issued by said commission pursuant to section 46a-56; and
- (4) The contractor agrees to provide the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities with such information requested by the commission, and permit access to pertinent books, records and accounts, concerning the employment practices and procedures of the contractor which relate to the provisions of this section and section 46a-56.
- (b) (1) Any contractor who has one or more contracts with the state or a political subdivision of the state that is valued at less than fifty thousand dollars for each year of the contract shall provide the state or such political subdivision of the state with a written representation that complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section.
- (2) Any contractor who has one or more contracts with the state or a political subdivision of the state that is valued at fifty thousand dollars or more for any year of the contract shall provide the state or such political subdivision of the state with any of the following:
- (A) Documentation in the form of a company or corporate policy adopted by resolution of the board of directors, shareholders, managers, members or other governing body of such contractor that complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section;
- (B) Documentation in the form of a company or corporate policy adopted by a prior resolution of the board of directors, shareholders, managers, members or other governing body of such contractor if (i) the prior resolution is certified by a duly authorized corporate officer of such contractor to be in effect on the date the documentation is submitted, and (ii) the head of the agency of the state or such political subdivision, or a designee, certifies that the prior resolution complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section; or
- (C) Documentation in the form of an affidavit signed under penalty of false statement by a chief executive officer, president, chairperson or other corporate officer duly authorized to adopt company or corporate policy that certifies that the company or corporate policy of the contractor complies with the nondiscrimination agreement and warranty under subdivision (1) of subsection (a) of this section and is in effect on the date the affidavit is signed.
- (3) Neither the state nor any political subdivision shall award a contract to a contractor who has not provided the representation or documentation required under subdivisions (1) and (2) of this subsection, as applicable. After the initial submission of such representation or documentation, the contractor shall not be required to resubmit such representation or documentation unless there is a change in the information contained in such representation or documentation. If there is any change in the information contained in the most recently filed representation or updated documentation, the contractor shall submit an updated representation or documentation, as applicable, either (A) not later than thirty days after the effective date of such change, or (B) upon the execution of a new contract with the state or a political subdivision of the state, whichever is earlier.

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- Such contractor shall also certify, in accordance with subparagraph (B) or (C) of subdivision (2) of this subsection, to the state or political subdivision, not later than fourteen days after the twelve-month anniversary of the most recently filed representation, documentation or updated representation or documentation, that the representation on file with the state or political subdivision is current and accurate.
- 4) For the purposes of this section, "contract" includes any extension or modification of the contract, and "contractor" includes any successors or assigns of the contractor. For the purposes of this section, "contract" does not include a contract where each contractor is (A) a political subdivision of the state, including, but not limited to, a municipality, (B) a quasi-public agency, as defined in section 1-120, (C) any other state, as defined in section 1-267, (D) the federal government, (E) a foreign government, or (F) an agency of a subdivision, agency, state or government described in subparagraph (A), (B), (C), (D) or (E) of this subdivision.
- (c) The contractor shall include the provisions of subsection (a) of this section in every subcontract or purchase order entered into in order to fulfill any obligation of a contract with the state and such provisions shall be binding on a subcontractor, vendor or manufacturer unless exempted by regulations or orders of the commission. The contractor shall take such action with respect to any such subcontract or purchase order as the commission may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance in accordance with section 46a-56; provided, if such contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the commission, the contractor may request the state of Connecticut to enter into any such litigation or negotiation prior thereto to protect the interests of the state and the state may so enter.

End of Section 00 21 13 Instructions to Bidders

#### **Pre-Bid Meeting Agenda:**

DAS ● Construction Services ● Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

#### 1.0 Pre-Bid Meeting:

The Owner will conduct a Pre-Bid Meeting.

For the Pre-Bid Meeting Date, Time, and Location see Section 00 11 16 Invitation To Bid for this Specific Bid.

#### 1.2 Attendance:

1.1

	•	
1.2.1	General Contractor:	Attendance at the Pre-Bid Meeting is <b>MANDATORY</b>
1.2.2	Subcontractors:	Attendance at the Pre-Bid Meeting is recommended.
1.2.3	Pre-Bid Meeting Sign-in Sheet:	It is MANDATORY that all attendees sign the Pre-Bid Meeting Sign-in Sheet.

#### 1.3 Bidder Questions:

**1.3.1** Submit <u>written</u> questions to be discussed at the Pre-Bid Meeting a <u>minimum of two (2) Calendar Days</u> <u>prior</u> to Pre-Bid Meeting date. See the **Invitation to Bid** for instructions on submitting questions.

#### 2.0 Pre-Bid Meeting Agenda:

The Pre-Bid Meeting Agenda will include a review of topics, <u>as applicable to the Project</u>, which may affect proper preparation and submittal of bids, including, but not limited to, the following:

#### 2.1 Procurement and Contracting Requirements:

2.1.1	Section 00 11 16 - Invitation to Bid
2.1.2	Section 00 21 13 – Instructions to Bidders
2.1.3	Section 00 41 00 – Bid Proposal Form
2.1.4	Section 00 41 10 – Bid Package Submittal Requirements
2.1.5	Section 00 30 00 – General Statements for Available information
2.1.6	Division 50 – Project-Specific Available Information
2.1.7	Bonding
2.1.8	Insurance
2.1.9	Bid Security
2.1.10	Notice of Award

		2.0 Pre-Bid Meeting Agenda (continued):
2.2	Comi	munication During Bidding Period:
	2.2.1	Obtaining Bid Documents
	2.2.2	Access to DAS Website, BizNet, and State Contracting Portal
	2.2.3	Bidder's Requests for Information: See General Requirements Sections 01 26 00
	2.2.4	Substitution Procedures (Prior to Bid): See General Requirements Section 01 25 00
	2.2.5	Substitutions following Contract Award: See General Requirements Section 01 25 00
	2.2.6	Addenda Procedures: See Item No. 2.8 of this form
2.3	Cont	ract Considerations:
	2.3.1	Allowances: See General Requirements Section 01 20 00
	2.3.2	Unit Prices: See General Requirements Section 01 20 00
	2.3.3	Supplemental Bid: See General Requirements Section 01 23 13
2.4	Cons	truction Documents:
	2.4.1	Summary of Work: See General Requirements Section 01 11 00
	2.4.2	Temporary Facilities and Controls: See General Requirements Section 01 50 00
	2.4.3	Work Sequence: See General Requirements Section 01 11 00
	2.4.4	Contractor Use of Premises: See General Requirements Section 01 11 00
2.5	Sepa	rate Contracts:
	2.5.1	Work by Owner
	2.5.2	Work of Other Contracts
2.6	Proje	ct Schedule:
	2.6.1	Project Schedule
	2.6.2	Contract Time
	2.6.3	Liquidated Damages
	2.6.4	Other Bidder Questions
2.7	Site/F	Facility Visit or Walkthrough:
	2.7.1	
	2.7.2	☐ A Site/Facility Visit or Walkthrough is <u>NOT</u> scheduled for the Pre-Bid Meeting
2.8	Post	Pre-Bid Meeting Addendum:
	2.8.1	No Interpretations of the meaning of the plans, specifications or other contract documents will be made orally at any time. Every bidder <u>request</u> for such interpretation <u>shall</u> be in writing to the awarding authority and to be given consideration <u>shall</u> be received at least fourteen (14) Calendar Days <u>prior</u> to the Bid Due Date. Any and all such <u>interpretations</u> and any <u>supplemental instructions</u> will be in the form of written addenda to the specifications which, <i>if</i> issued, will be posted on the State Contracting Portal.

#### 3.0 Pre-Bid Meeting Minutes: 3.1 **Recording and Distribution of Pre-Bid Meeting Minutes:** The Owner is responsible for conducting the Pre-Bid Meeting and will record and distribute meeting minutes to attendees. 3.2 Pre-Bid Meeting Minutes as "Available Information" 3.2.1 Minutes of the Pre-Bid Meeting are issued as "Available Information" and do not constitute a modification to the Procurement and Contracting Documents. Modifications to the Procurement and Contracting Documents are issued by written Addendum only. 3.3 **Pre-Bid Meeting Sign-in Sheet:** 3.3.1 Minutes will include the list of meeting attendees. 3.4 **List of Planholders:** 3.4.1 Minutes will include the list of planholders.

00 25 13 Pre-Bid Meeting Agenda

00 30 00	GENERAL STATEMENTS FOR AVAILABLE	
	INFORMATION	NOT USED

- **A. Summary:** This Section is <u>not</u> a Bidding Document, but directs Bidders to **Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information** that provides project-specific information available for review by Bidders.
- **B. Bidder Responsibility:** The Bidder is responsible for information, including but not limited to, any interpretations and opinions of information contained in any plans, reports, evaluations, and logs, or shown on any drawings, or indicated on any drawings. **Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information** is provided to Bidders for their use in the preparation of a Bid.
- C. Measurement: Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information shall be utilized for determination of payment for the Work during construction of the project.
- **D.** Payment: No separate payment will be made for any Work under Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information.
- **E. Related Sections:** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section. **See Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information** for information that is available for this Project.
- F. Please read the following **General Statement(s)** that describe the type of project-specific information that is available in **Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information:**

00 30 00	General Statements For Available Information Table Of Contents	Not Used
00 30 10	General Statement for Existing Conditions Survey	
00 30 20	General Statement for Environmental Assessment Information	$\boxtimes$
00 30 30	General Statement for Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory	
00 30 40	General Statement for Subsurface Geotechnical Report	
00 30 50	General Statement for Elevator Agreement	$\boxtimes$
00 30 60	General Statement for FM Global Checklist for Roofing Systems	

00 30 70	General Statement for "Statement of Special Inspections"	
00 30 80	General Statement for Additional Information	

GBCMHC Parking Garage Repairs PROJECT NO.: BI-MH-121

00 30 10	GENERAL STATEMENT FOR EXISTING CONDITIONS SURVEY	Not Used ⊠
00 30 20	GENERAL STATEMENT FOR ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT INFORMATION	Not Used ⊠
00 30 30	GENERAL STATEMENT FOR HAZARDOUS BUILDING MATERIALS INSPECTION AND INVENTORY	Not Used

#### A. Related Documents:

- Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations
- Section 01 35 16 Alteration Project Procedures
- Section 02 41 19 Selective Demolition
- Section 02 81 00 Transport and Disposal of Hazardous Materials
- Section 02 82 13 Asbestos Abatement
- Section 02 83 13 Lead Paint Activity
- **B.** Description of Work:

#### 1. Work Involving Asbestos Containing Material (ACM):

- 1.1 Testing for asbestos has been conducted at the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair. Results of the asbestos testing are summarized in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections.
- 1.2 Under no circumstance shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for determining the extent of asbestos. The Contractor shall be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the Work.

#### 2. Work Involving Lead-Based Paint (LBP):

- 2.1 This facility was constructed **prior to 1978** and is likely to have painted surfaces containing lead-based paint (LBP).
- 2.2 Testing for lead-based paint has been conducted at the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair. Results of the LBP testing are summarized in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory

- at the end of the Technical Specification Sections. Under no circumstance shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for determining the extent of LBP.
- **2.3** The Contractor shall be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- 3. Work Involving Hazardous Materials, Wastes, Items, and Universal Wastes

(Including Products Containing Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic Chemicals (PBT's)):

- 3.1 A Hazardous Materials, Wastes, Items, and Universal Wastes Inventory for products containing Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic Chemicals (PBTs) such as Polychlorinated Biphenols (PCBs), Di-2-ethylhexyl Phthalate (DEHP), and Mercury, has been conducted at the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair. Results of the inventory are summarized in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections.
- 3.2 The Contractor shall be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- 3.3 Examples of Hazardous Materials, Wastes, Items, and Universal Wastes include, but are not limited to, fluorescent light fixtures and exit signs, ballasts, high-intensity discharge (HID) lamps, certain types of construction products containing vinyl, mercury containing electrical switches, gauges, and thermostats; PCB Capacitors, refrigerants, pressurized cylinders, smoke/carbon dioxide detectors, used electronics, batteries, transformer/hydraulic fluids/oils, and miscellaneous household hazardous waste
- **3.4** For the purposes of this paragraph, PCB's in building material such as caulk and glazing or any other type of material not listed above is not applicable to this paragraph.

00 30 40	GENERAL STATEMENT FOR SUBSURFACE	Not Used
	GEOTECHNICAL REPORT	

#### A. Related Documents:

1. Division 02 - Site Construction.

#### **B.** Description of Work:

#### 1. Boring Logs:

**1.1** The Boring Logs have been prepared for the site of this Work and are in the Contract Documents.

#### 2. Geotechnical Report(s):

- 2.1 The Subsurface Geotechnical Report(s) has been prepared for the site of this Work and is located in **Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 40 00 Subsurface Geotechnical Report** at the end of the Technical Specification Sections.
- 2.2 The Contractor must interpret this report according to his own judgment and acknowledges that he is not relying upon the data as accurately describing the subsurface conditions which may be found to exist.
- 2.3 The Contractor further acknowledges that he assumes all risk contingents upon the nature of the subsurface conditions which shall be actually encountered by him in performing the Work of this Contract.
- 2.4 The Contractor should visit the site and become acquainted with all existing conditions and may make their own subsurface investigations to satisfy themselves as to the sub-surface conditions. Such investigations shall be conducted only under time schedules and arrangements approved in advance by the Owner.

00 30 50	GENERAL STATEMENT FOR ELEVATOR AGREEMENT	Not Used ⊠
00 30 60	GENERAL STATEMENT FOR FM GLOBAL CHECKLIST FOR ROOFING SYSTEMS	Not Used

#### A. Related Documents:

- 1. Section 01 35 16 Alteration Project Procedures;
- 2. Section 07 35 23 Ethylene-Propylene-Diene-Monomer (EPDM) Roofing.

#### **B.** Description of Work:

- 1. Work Involving FM Global requirements for Existing Roof Removal and Replacement With New Roof:
  - 1.1 The Contractor shall be responsible for adhering to FM Global Checklist Requirements for Roof Removal and Replacement With New Roof. See Section 01 35 16 Alteration Project Procedures and Section 07 35 23 Ethylene-Propylene-Diene-Monomer (EPDM)

**Roofing** for additional technical specifications and Contractor responsibilities.

- 1.2 Refer to the FM Global Data Sheet Website

  (<a href="http://www.fmglobal.com/fmglobalregistration/">http://www.fmglobal.com/fmglobalregistration/</a>) and the FM Global Roof Design / Approval Web Tool RoofNav

  (<a href="https://roofnav.fmglobal.com/RoofNav/Login.aspx">https://roofnav.fmglobal.com/RoofNav/Login.aspx</a>).
- 1.3 A sample of the FM Global Checklist is located in **Division 50 00 00**Project-Specific Available Information, 50 60 00 FM Global

  Checklist For Roofing Systems at the end of the Technical Specification Sections.

00 30 70	GENERAL STATEMENT FOR "STATEMENT OF SPECIAL	Not Used
	INSPECTIONS"	

A. The "Statement of Special Inspections" for this project is located in **Division 50 00 00**Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 70 00 Statement of Special Inspections at the end of the Technical Specification Sections.

## 00 30 80 GENERAL STATEMENT FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION Not Used

- A. Additional Information for this project is located in **Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information**, **Section 50 80 00 Additional Information** at the end of the Technical Specification Sections.
- **B.** Additional Information includes the following:
  - 1. Subsection 50 80.00.1: City of Bridgeport Requirements
  - 2. Subsection 50 80.00.2: Stormwater Pollution Control Plan
  - 3. Subsection 50 80.00.3: Flood Management Certificate (Excerpts & Approvals)
  - 4. Subsection 50 80.00.4: OSTA & MPT Plans
  - 5. Subsection 50 80.00.5: Building Permit

End of Section 00 30 00 General Statements for Available Information

Certificate (of Authority)
DAS Construction Services Project No.:
I (Signer's Name) <sup>1</sup> (Signer's Title)
of, an entity lawfully organized and existing under the laws  (Name of Entity)
of, do hereby certify that the following is a true and correct (Name of State or Commonwealth)
copy of a resolution adopted on the day of (Month) <sup>2</sup> , 20 yet by the governing body of (Year) <sup>2</sup>
, in accordance with all of its documents of governance and  (Name Of Entity)
management and the laws of (Name of State or Commonwealth) and further certify that such resolution has not
been modified, rescinded or revoked, and is at present in full force and effect.
RESOLVED: that  (Name of Signer of Contract Documents) (Title of Signer of Contract Do
of is empowered and authorized, on behalf of the entity,  (Name of Entity)
to execute and deliver contracts and amendments thereto, and all documents required by the Governor, the Connecticut
Department of Administrative Services, the Connecticut State Properties Review Board and the Office of the Attorney
General associated with such contracts and amendments.
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has executed this certificate this
(Signature)
(Print Name) (Title)

#### **Reference Notes:**

- The signer of this certificate must be someone *other than* the signer of the contract documents *except for* a sole managing member of an LLC or the sole officer or sole principal of a corporation. *If* the signer is a sole managing member of an LLC, *then* along with this certificate the signer must provide a letter on company letterhead that indicates the signer is a sole member and managing member. If the signer is the sole officer or sole principal of a corporation, then the signer must provide with the certificate a letter on company letterhead setting forth this fact.
- 2 This date must be on or before the date of signing of the Bid Proposal (or Contract).
- 3 This person shall sign the Contract and other required documents.
- 4 This date must be on or after the date of signing of the Bid Proposal (or Contract).

#### For Your Information:

#### **Certificate (of Authority)**

#### **All Bidders:**

Complete page 1, print, sign, and scan to PDF. Upload the PDF form to BizNet.

What the **Certificate** is saying is that the organization authorized the signatory to sign the pertinent **documents other than** the Certificate (of Authority) and that, as of the date of **execution** of the CERTIFICATE (i.e., the date set forth in the "In Witness Whereof" blanks) there has been no change in that authorization.

#### **Instructions For Completing The Certificate (of Authority)**

#### The <u>Certificate (of Authority)</u> to <u>Accompany</u> the <u>Bid Proposal Form</u>:

- 1. 1<sup>st</sup> Paragraph:
  - **1.1** First, enter the name and title of the individual signing the Certificate (of Authority).
  - **1.2** Second, enter the legal name of the entity (exactly as it is shown on the Secretary of State registry).
  - 1.3 Third, enter the name of the state or commonwealth the entity is registered in.
  - **1.4** Fourth, enter the date the resolution was adopted by the governing body. This date is on or before the date the <u>Bid Proposal</u> is signed.
  - **1.5** Fifth, enter the name of the state or commonwealth the entity is registered in.
- 2. 2<sup>nd</sup> Paragraph:
  - **2.1** First, enter the name and title of the individual signing bid documents for the entity.
  - 2.2 Second, enter the legal name of the entity (exactly as it is shown on the Secretary of State registry).
- 3. Last Paragraph:
  - 3.1 Enter the Witness Date<sup>1</sup>. This date will likely be the date of execution of the Bid Proposal form.

<sup>1</sup> This Witness Date Should Not Be Before The Date Of Execution Of The Bid Proposal.

#### The Certificate (of Authority) to Accompany the Contract:

- 1. 1st Paragraph:
  - 1.1 First, enter the name and title of the individual signing the Certificate (of Authority).
  - **1.2** Second, enter the legal name of the entity (exactly as it is shown on the Secretary of State registry).
  - 1.3 Third, enter the name of the state or commonwealth the entity is registered in.
  - 1.4 Fourth, enter the date the resolution was adopted by the governing body. This date is on or before the date the Contract is signed.
  - 1.5 Fifth, enter the name of the state or commonwealth the entity is registered in.
- 2. 2<sup>nd</sup> Paragraph:
  - **2.1** First, enter the name and title of the individual signing contract documents for the entity.
  - **2.2** Second, enter the legal name of the entity (exactly as it is shown on the Secretary of State registry).
- 3. Last Paragraph:
  - 3.1 Enter the Witness Date 1. This date will likely be the date of execution of the Contract.

<sup>1</sup> This Witness Date Should Not Be Before The Date Of Execution Of The Contract.

**End of Section 00 40 14 Certificate (of Authority)** 

# State of Connecticut Department of Administrative Services (DAS) Contractor Prequalification Forms

#### **IMPORTANT INFORMATION – PLEASE READ**

For Projects with estimated Construction Costs greater than \$500,000

#### WHEN YOU SUBMIT A BID YOU MUST INCLUDE WITH YOUR OTHER DOCUMENTS THE FOLLOWING:

1. A copy of your "DAS Contractor Pregualification Certificate".

This document may be found at the DAS Contractor Pregualification Search:

Go to the DAS Homepage (<a href="www.ct.gov/DAS">www.ct.gov/DAS</a>), click on "Doing Business with the State", click on "Apply for DAS Construction Contractor Prequalification", click on "How To", and then click on "Search Prequalified Companies".

To search for your company, just type in your company name and click on "Go" to pull up your company. When your company information appears you will notice that your company name is shown as a blue link. Just click on this link and it will take you to your Prequalification Certificate.

#### 2. A "DAS Update (Bid) Statement".

This document may be found and completed on-line at the Bid Statement Online Application.

Go to the DAS Homepage (<a href="www.ct.gov/DAS">www.ct.gov/DAS</a>), click on "Doing Business with the State", click on "Apply for DAS Construction Contractor Prequalification", click on "Documents/Forms", click on "Update Bid Statement", and then click on "Bid Statements".

Follow instructions in the "Instructions for Prequalification".

Go to the DAS Homepage (<a href="www.ct.gov/DAS">www.ct.gov/DAS</a>), click on "Doing Business with the State", click on "Apply for DAS Construction Contractor Prequalification", click on "How To", and then click on "View Instructions for Prequalification".

Should you have any questions or concerns, please call (860) 713-5280.



#### » DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificate

#### Contractor Prequalification Company Information

Company: Sample Corporation

Address: 165 Capitol Avenue Hartford, CT06106

Contact: John T. Reed Prequalification

> Telephone: (860) 111-2222 Fax: (860) 111-3333

Email: Jreed@samplecom.com

Web Addr: www.samplecom.com

#### Contractor Prequalification History

Active Date	Expiration Date	Single Project	AWC
Oct 8, 2004	Oct 7, 2005	\$20,000,000.00	\$50,000,000.00

#### Prequalification Classification(s)

#### Classification

CONSTRUCTION (GROUP C)

GENERAL BUILDING The undertaking of general contracts for the construction of buildings (i.e. new construction, renovation, rehabilitation, alteration, addition, etc.). The contract must include a variety of construction practices and supervision of a minimum of three sub-trades. Includes buildings that are truly custom, requiring extensive detailing, or that have large amounts of integrated scientific or complex mechanical/electrical equipment in order for them to function. Examples include hospitals, chemistry buildings, special collections buildings, historic preservation to a landmark structure, and/or any other structure that is truly one of a kind within the State's inventory.

Note: If you are prequalified for General Building Construction under Group C, you are automatically prequalified for Group A and Group B.

#### Prequalification Licenses

License #	Trade	Active	Expire
000009	Asbestos Contractor	Sep 8, 2004	Aug 31, 2005
900235	Major Contractor	Jul 1, 2004	Jun 30, 2005
667 Class A	Demolition Contractor	Apr 1, 2004	Mar 31, 2005

This certificate prequalifies the named company to bid solely. It is not a statement of the company's capacity to perform a specific project. That responsibility lies with the

It is the Department of Administrative Services' (DAS) recommendation that all awarding authorities verify the above information by visiting the DAS website: http://www.das.state.ct.us - click on contractor prequalification (under the business section).

For information regarding the DAS Contractor Prequalification Program visit the above mentioned website or call (860) 713-5280.

	e/houvement/ (Rusiness   Fleet/Sensions) John I Human Resources   Resource Directors   News					
	CT Gos Home   Blood DIS  Confined DIS  Persis Room   DIS Home   Quick Links   ERG  She Mag-					
D/IS NOME	The Department of Administrative Services. <u>Review our Privacy Policy.</u> All State disclaimers and permissions apply.  Need to contact us? Send e-mail to <u>das verbmaster@bo.state.ct.us</u>					
	Copyright 40001, 2002, 2003, 2004 + Last Updated: Saturday, October 09, 2004					
The software to view and print Adobe Acrobat documents (PDF Files) is available free from the Adobe website.  To get a free copy of the software, click the "Get Acrobat" image.						

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# State of Connecticut Department of Administrative Services (DAS) Contractor Prequalification Update Bid Statement

(Statement to be included with the bid)

#### Public Act No. 04-141 - AN ACT REVISING PREQUALIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR STATE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS.

On and after October 1, 2004, each bid submitted for a contract shall include a copy of a prequalification <u>certificate</u> issued by the Commissioner of Administrative Services. The bid shall also be accompanied by an update statement in such form as the Commissioner of Administrative Services prescribes. The form for such update statement shall provide space for information regarding all projects completed by the bidder since the date the bidder's prequalification certificate was issued or renewed, all projects the bidder currently has under contract, including the percentage of work on such projects not completed, the names and qualifications of the personnel who will have supervisory responsibility for the performance of the contract, any significant changes in the bidder's financial position or <u>corporate structure</u> since the date the certificate was issued or renewed, <u>any change in the contractor's qualification status</u> and such other relevant information as the Commissioner of Administrative Services prescribes. Any bid submitted without a copy of the prequalification certificate and an update statement shall be invalid.

Name of Project that company is bidding	g on:					
Project Number:		7/17				
Name of Company:		717F				
FEIN:						
Company Address:						
Prequalification Contact and Telephone Number						
Date of Prequalification with the DAS:	Single Limit:		Aggrega	ate Work Capad	city (AWC):	
* This amount equals your company's AWC minu	us the Total \$ Amount of Wo	of Work Remaining. * Remaining Aggregate Work Capacity:		acity:		
Please list all of your company's (100%) o (Please add additional page(s) if required)		ce date of Pre	equalifica	tion: Date Proje	not I	Total Contract
Name of Project		Owner of P	Project	Complete		Amount
(Please add additional page(s) if required	. Please total the Work	Remaining c	olumn)			
Name of Project		Owner of P	roject	Total Contract	% Complete	Work Remaining
				Amount		(\$)
				Amount	•	

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Please list the names and titles of the personnel who will have supervisory responsibil being bid on:	ity for the performance of the contract
(Please add additional page(s) if required) Individual Name	Title of individual
Have there been any changes in your company's financial condition or business organization, which might affect your company's ability to successfully complete this contract?	
Yes or No	
If yes, please explain:	
I, certify under penalty of law that all of the information contained in this Update Statement is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge as of the date below.	
Signature D	ate
It is the responsibility of the Awarding Authority to determine if any of the information contractor's performance on this project.	provided above will impact the

The DAS' Contractor Prequalification Program can be reached at (860) 713-5280

Rev.12.22.2004

#### **Bid Proposal Form**

DAS ● Construction Services ● Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement 450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 1302 ● Hartford, CT 06103

Date and Time of Bid Opening:	See page 1 of Section 00 11 16 Invitation To Bid.	
Instructions for On-Line Bidding:	Follow the instructions in <u>6001 Construction On-line Bidding Instructions</u> , available for download from the DAS/CS Library ( <a href="http://portal.ct.gov/DASCSLibrary">http://portal.ct.gov/DASCSLibrary</a> ) > 6000 Series – Bid Phase Forms. For questions, call 860-713-5794 or 860-713-5783.	

#### **Instructions for Completing This Bid Proposal Form:**

- **Download** and **save** the Bid Proposal Form to your computer. Close the form. Open your *saved* Bid Proposal Form and type required information in blue boxes. (Remember to keep saving to your computer.)
- On your Word Toolbar, click "View" then "Edit Document" or "Print Layout" in order to edit the form.
- When your Bid Proposal Form is complete, perform a final "save" to your computer! Print ALL pages and sign
  your Bid Proposal Form. Scan ALL pages of your Bid Proposal Form to PDF. Upload the PDF Bid Proposal
  Form to BizNet.
- **Duly Authorized Signature:** A duly authorized representative of the Bidder or Bidder's partnership, firm, corporation or business organization must sign the Bid Proposal Form.
- No Facsimile Signature is permitted. All information below is to be filled in by the Bidder.
- If an Addendum is issued that **changes** the **Bid Proposal Form** then the <u>Revised</u> **Bid Proposal Form** (issued with the Addendum) **must** be uploaded instead.
- Upload to BizNet only the additional Bid Package Documents as described in Table 1 of Section 00 41 10 Bid Package Submittal Requirements.
- A signed and scanned *Certificate (of Authority)*, Section 00 40 14, *must* be uploaded to Biznet *prior* to the date and time of the Bid Opening.
- Any Bid Proposal Form that has omitted or added items, altered the form, contains conditional, alternative, or
  obscure bids, or is submitted without the signature of the bidder or its authorized representative, will be rejected.
- See Section 00 21 13 Instructions to Bidders for additional information.

	1.0 General Bid Proposal Information:			
Construction Costs:	Less Than or Equal To \$500,000			
Bidding Limited To :	Contractors Prequalified by DAS for General Building Construction (Group A)			
Threshold Limits: (C.G.S. §29-276b)  This Project DOES NOT exceed Threshold Limits.				
Set Aside Requirements: SBE Subcontractors &/or Suppliers: 25%; MBE Subcontractors &/or Supp				
Project Title:	GBCMHC Parking Garage Repairs			
Project Location:	1635 Central Avenue			
	Bridgeport, CT			
Project Number:	BI-MH-121			
Pre-Bid Meeting:	See Section 00 11 16 Invitation to Bid and Section 00 25 13 Pre-Bid Meeting.			
Plans and Specifications prepared by A/E:	BVH Integrated Services, P.C., 206 West Newberry Road, Bloomfield, CT 06066			

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**1.1 Commencement and Acceptance:** (See Section 00 73 13 General Conditions, Article 4 - Commencement and Progress of Work and Article 1 - Definitions)

The Selected Bidder shall commence Work within fourteen (14) Calendar Days after receiving a

"Construction Start Date and Notice to Proceed" by the Commissioner or authorized representative

and continue for and then continue

Calendar Days for "Substantial Completion" of the project;
Calendar Days for "Acceptance" of the Work.

n continue 90 Calendar Days for "Acceptance" of the Work

**1.2** Liquidated Damages: (See Section 00 73 13 General Conditions, Article 8 – Damages & Article 1 - Definitions)

#### 1.2.1 Liquidated Damages – Substantial Completion:

548

The Selected Bidder shall be assessed \$ 1

1.046.00

per Calendar Day <u>beyond</u> the date established for Substantial

Completion of the Contract according to the **Contract Time** as defined in **Article 1.28** of **Section 00 73 13 General Conditions**, and not otherwise excused or waived pursuant to the Contract Documents, as defined in **Article 1.23** of **Section 00 73 13 General Conditions**.

#### 1.2.2 Liquidated Damages - Acceptance:

The Selected Bidder shall be assessed \$

1,046.00

per Calendar Day beyond ninety (90) days after the date of

said Substantial Completion that the Selected Bidder fails to achieve **Acceptance**, as defined in **Article 1.1** of **Section 00 73 13 General Conditions** and not otherwise excused or waived as described above.

- **1.3 Bid Proposal Statements and Conditions:** This **Bid Proposal Form** shall be submitted according to, and in compliance with, the foregoing and following statements, conditions, and/or information:
- 1.3.1 This Bid Proposal Form is submitted in accordance with Chapter 60 Construction And Alterations Of State Buildings, Part II Bidding And Contracts of the Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.), as amended, particularly C.G.S. § 4b-91(a)(5)(A) (C), and pursuant to, and in compliance with, the **Invitation to Bid** (Section 00 11 16), the **Instructions to Bidders** (Section 00 21 13), the **Bid Package Submittal Requirements** (Section 00 41 10), and the **Contract** (Section 00 52 03).
- 1.3.2 The Bidder proposes to furnish the labor and/or materials, installed as required for the Project named and numbered on this Bid Proposal Form, submitted herein, furnishing all necessary equipment, machinery, tools, labor and other means of construction, and all materials specified in the manner and at the time prescribed strictly in accordance with the provisions of the Contract including, but not limited to, the specifications and/or drawings together with all Addenda issued by the Awarding Authority and received by the Bidder, prior to the scheduled Date and Time of the Bid Opening as stated on page 1 of the Invitation To Bid, and in conformity with requirements of the Awarding Authority and any laws or Departmental regulations of the State of Connecticut or of the United States which may affect the same, for and in consideration of the price(s) stated on this Bid Proposal Form, hereof.
- 1.3.3 The Bidder acknowledges that the Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid submitted on this Bid Proposal Form includes all work indicated on the drawings and/or described in the specifications, except for the Contingent Work described in Subsection 2.4.
- 1.3.4 The Bidder acknowledges and agrees to furnish all labor and materials required for this Project, in accordance with the accompanying Plans and Specifications prepared by the Architect/Engineer listed on page 1 of this Bid Proposal Form, for the Contract Sum specified in the Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid in Subsection 2.1 of this Bid Proposal Form, subject to additions and deductions according to the terms of the specifications, and including the number of Addenda stated in Subsection 2.2 of this Bid Proposal Form.

#### 1.4 Award:

- **1.4.1** All Bid Proposals shall be subject to the provisions of **Section 00 21 13 Instructions to Bidders** and for purpose of award, consideration shall be given only to Bid Proposals submitted by qualified and responsible Bidders.
- 1.4.2 The award shall be made on the **lowest Lump Sum Bid** and any or all **Supplemental Bid(s)** as stated in **Subsection 2.4.2** of this **Bid Proposal Form**, taken sequentially, as applicable, provided funds are available.
- **1.4.4** In the event of any **discrepancy** between the amount written in words and the amount written in numerical figures, the amount written in words shall be controlling.

2.0 Bid Proposal Requirements:					
	Bidder Information:				
	Bid Uploaded On:	(Month) (Day) (Year)			
	Proposal Of:	(Complete Bidder's Legal Company Name As Registered With the CT Secret	ary of State)		
	Firm Address:	(Avenue / Street) (Town / City) (State			
	Contact Person:	(Name) (Title	)		
Со	ntact Information:	(Phone Number) (Fax Number) (Email Add	dress)		
٦	Γhreshold Project:	Major Contractor Registration License No.:  All Bidders for Projects that exceed Threshold Limits (see page 1 of Form): Insert your Firm's Major Contractor Registration License Norwided above. NOTE: If this Project does NOT exceed Threshold Applicable" in the blue box above. Delete this note by pressing the specific provided and the specific provided above.	of this Bid Proposal lumber in the space		
2.1	Proposed Lump S	Sum Base Bid:			
2.1.1	2.1.1 All Bidders: Insert the Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid in the spaces provided below, including both numerical figures and "printed words" dollar amount. The Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid shall include all Allowances, all work indicated on the drawings and/or described in the specifications except for Contingent Work.				
2.1.2		Sum Base Bid shall be shown in both numerical figures and "printed variations repancy the "printed" words dollar amount shall govern.	words" dollar amount.		
2.1.3	The Proposed Lump S				
	\$				
		(Place Numerical Figures in the Box Above)	•		
			Dollars		
		(Insert "Printed Words" Dollar Amount in the Box Above)			
2.2	2.2 Number of Addenda:				
2.2.1	2.1 All Bidders: Insert the Number of Addenda issued by the State of Connecticut in the space provided below.				
2.2.2	2.2.2 Failure to acknowledge the <u>correct number</u> of all <b>Addenda</b> in <u>the box below</u> in this <b>Bid Proposal Form <u>shall</u></b> cause <b>rejection</b> of the bid.				
2.2.3	2.2.3 The Bidder acknowledges that their Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid Proposal includes:  Number of Addenda. If none, enter "0".				
2.3	Allowances:				
See Se	ection 01 20 00 Contract	Considerations in Division 01 General Requirements for Allowances for a	pplicability.		

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#### 2.4 Contingent Work:

#### 2.4.1 Base Bid Quantities and Defined Unit Prices:

See **Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations** in Division 01 General Requirements **for applicability** regarding Base Bid Quantities and Defined Unit Prices for Earth and Rock Excavation, Miscellaneous Items, Alterations Items, Environmental Remediation, and/or Hazardous Building Materials Abatement.

#### 2.4.2 Supplemental Bids:

- .1 See Section 01 23 13 Supplemental Bids in Division 01 General Requirements for applicability.
- .2 All Bidders: If Supplemental Bids are applicable to this Project, insert the Supplemental Bids in the spaces provided below. Any Supplemental Bids listed below, *if* accepted by the Owner, will be taken cumulatively and in numerical order as scheduled. No Supplemental Bid will be skipped or taken out of numerical order as scheduled.

Supplemental Bid No. 1: NOT APPLICABLE				
ADD: \$		Dollars		
(Insert Numerical Figures)	(Insert "Printed Words" Dollar Amount)			
Supplemental Bid No. 2: NOT	APPLICABLE			
ADD: \$		Dollars		
(Insert Numerical Figures)	(Insert "Printed Words" Dollar Amount)	_		
Supplemental Bid No. 3: NOT	APPLICABLE			
ADD: \$		Dollars		
(Insert Numerical Figures)	(Insert "Printed Words" Dollar Amount)	_		
Supplemental Bid No. 4: NOT APPLICABLE				
ADD: \$		Dollars		
(Insert Numerical Figures)	(Insert "Printed Words" Dollar Amount)	_		

#### 2.5 Bidder's Qualification Statement and Objective Criteria for Evaluating Bidders:

- 2.5.1 All Bidders: Download Section 00 45 14 General Contractor Bidder's Qualification Statement from BizNet for a template and instructions. Complete and upload Section 00 45 14 General Contractor Bidder's Qualification Statement to Biznet prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening. Information with regards to the General Contractor's Bidder's Qualification Statement is submitted and is made part of this Bid Proposal Form. Failure of a Bidder to answer any question or provide required information shall be grounds for the awarding authority to disqualify and reject the bid, pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes §4b-92.
- 2.5.2 All Bidders shall comply with Section 00 45 15 Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders. Note: Individual Specification Sections may contain General Contractor and/or Subcontractor Qualification requirements that exceed those in Section 00 45 15 Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders.

#### 2.6 Bidder's Pregualification Requirements for Projects Exceeding \$500,000:

All Bidders for Projects with estimated Construction Costs <u>greater</u> than \$500,000: Upload to BizNet a current copy of your Firm's "DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificate" and "Update (Bid) Statement" for the applicable Class of Work on page 1 of this Bid Proposal Form *prior* to the date and time of the Bid Opening. Failure to comply with this requirement shall cause rejection of the bid and shall not be considered a minor irregularity under C.G.S. § 4b-95. See Section 00 40 15 CT DAS Prequalification Forms for instructions on preparing and/or downloading your Firm's "DAS Contractor Prequalification Certificate" and "DAS Update (Bid) Statement".

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#### 2.7 Named Subcontractors and Classes of Work:

2.7.1 All Bidders for Projects with one or more Classes of Work checked in Table 2.7 below: Complete Table 2.7 according to the instructions below. Failure to properly provide all of the required information in Table 2.7 may cause rejection of the bid.

	Table 2.7: Named Subcontractors and Classes of Work:				
$\boxtimes$	☑ Electrical Work: Enter information in blue boxes below:				
	Complete Subcontractor Name:				
	Proposed Dollar Value of Subcontract: \$				
	HVAC Work: NOT APPLICABLE				
	Complete Subcontractor Name:				
	Proposed Dollar Value of Subcontract: \$				
	Masonry Work: NOT APPLICABLE				
	Complete Subcontractor Name:				
	Proposed Dollar Value of Subcontract: \$				
×	Plumbing Work: Enter information in blue boxes below:				
	Complete Subcontractor Name:				
	Proposed Dollar Value of Subcontract: \$				
×	Environmental Remediation: Enter information in blue boxes below:				
	Complete Subcontractor Name:				
	Proposed Dollar Value of Subcontract: \$				
×	Hazardous Materials Abatement: Enter information in blue boxes below:				
	Complete Subcontractor Name:				
	Proposed Dollar Value of Subcontract: \$				
2.7.	2 Instructions For Table 2.7:				
	Each Class of Work set forth in a separate section of the specifications pursuant to this Section shall be a subtrade designated in Table 2.7 of this Bid Proposal Form and shall be the matter of a subcontract.				
	When a box is checked in <b>Table 2.7</b> , the Bidder shall insert the name of the Subcontractor with the <b>largest</b> proposed Subcontract Value; this is known as the " <b>Named Subcontractor</b> ". The Bidder shall provide <u>all</u> of the information for each <u>checked</u> Class of Work.				
•	.3 If a Bidder intends to use a Subcontractor to perform any portion of the Named Classes of Work, including circumstances where the Subcontractor is a Small Business Enterprise (SBE) or a Minority Business Enterprise (MBE), then it must list the Subcontractor or SBE/MBE Subcontractor as the case may be, for such Class of Work. A Bidder may not substitute itself for any of the Named Classes of Work. The Bidder should not list itself as the Named Subcontractor if it intends to use a Subcontractor to perform any portion of the Classes of Work listed in Table 2.7. The Bidder should name the Subcontractor.				
-	.4 For each Class of Work specified in Table 2.7, the Bidder shall list the Subcontractor with the largest Proposed Dollar Value of Subcontract for each Class of Work as the Named Subcontractor and the Proposed Dollar Value of its Subcontract. If the Bidder intends to use more than one Subcontractor to perform a Class of Work, then it shall indicate the Subcontractor Name and Subcontract Value for the largest single Named Subcontractor.				
i	.5 If a Bidder customarily performs any of the specified Classes of Work and is Prequalified by DAS for the Class of Work at the time of the Bid Opening Date if the work is greater than \$500,000, the Bidder may list itself as a Subcontractor together with its price in the space provided in Table 2.7. Failure to properly provide all of the required information in Table 2.7 shall cause rejection of the bid.				
•	.6 If the Bidder does not name itself or a Subcontractor for a specified Class of Work, it shall be presumed that the Bidder intends to perform with its own employees all work in such specified classes. The Bidder shall be required to perform with its own employees all of the work of the specified class. Subcontracting any portion of such specified class of work subsequently, will be considered a violation of C.G.S. § 4b-95 and subject the Bidder to disqualification under C.G.S. § 4b-95(e).				
	In the event the Bidder either lists itself or is presumed to perform with its own employees all work in a specified class, no such sub-bid by a Bidder shall be considered unless the Bidder can show to the satisfaction of the awarding authority, based on objective criteria established for such purpose, that it customarily performs such subtrade work and is qualified.				

to do the character of work required by the applicable section of the specifications.

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2.8	Set Aside Requirements: (see Section 00 73 38 "CHRO Contract Compliance Regulations")
2.8.1	All <u>SBE/MBE</u> Bidders: Submit a current copy of your Firm's "DAS Set-Aside Certificate" with your Bid Proposal Form.
2.8.2	All Bidders shall be required to award not less than the percentage(s) stated on page 1 of this Bid Proposal Form to Subcontractors who are currently certified and eligible to participate under the State of Connecticut Set-Aside Program for SBE and/or MBE contractors, in accordance with C.G.S.§ 4a-60g. Failure to meet these requirements shall cause rejection of the bid.
2.9	Insurance Coverages: The limits of liability for the Insurance required for this project shall be those listed in Article 35 Contractors Insurance of Section 00 73 13 General Conditions. Also see Section 00 62 16 Certificate of Insurance.
2.9.1	Special Hazards Insurance:
	None is Required.
	"X-C-U" Coverage (explosion, collapse, and underground damage) shall be required in accordance with Article 35 Contractors Insurance of Section 00 73 13 General Conditions.
$\boxtimes$	Asbestos Abatement Insurance is required.
2.9.2	Builders Risk Insurance:
	None is Required.
	The Bidder shall be required to maintain Builder's Risk Insurance providing coverage for the entire Work at the project site, portions of the Work located away from the site but intended for use at the site, and portions of the Work in transit. Coverage shall be written on an All-Risk, Replacement Cost, and completed Value Form basis in an amount at least equal to the projected completed value of the Work and the policy shall state that the State of Connecticut shall be named as a loss payee not as an additional insured for these coverages.

#### 2.9.3 Commercial General Liability Insurance:

<u>NOTE:</u> There is a new requirement regarding **commercial general liability (CGL) insurance:** All selected firms are required to provide an endorsement to the CGL insurance stating that the State of Connecticut is an additional insured. Please be advised that a blanket endorsement <u>may not</u> be acceptable.

#### 2.9.4 Owners and Contractors Protective Liability Insurance:

The Bidder shall maintain **Owner's and Contractor's Protective Liability** insurance providing a total limit of \$1,000,000 for all damages arising out of bodily injury or death of persons in any one accident or occurrence and for all damages arising out of injury or destruction of property in any one accident or occurrence and subject to a total (aggregate) limit of \$2,000,000 for all damages arising out of bodily injury to or death of persons in all accidents or occurrences and out of injury to or destruction of property during the policy period. This coverage shall be for and in the name of the State of Connecticut.

#### 2.9.5 Umbrella Liability Insurance:

This project requires **Umbrella Liability Insurance.** The Bidder shall provide an endorsement to the Umbrella Liability Insurance stating that the State of Connecticut is an additional insured. Select the correct **Umbrella Limit** for this **Project's Contract Value** using the "Umbrella Liability Insurance Table" below.

0	,			
Umbrella Liability Insurance Table:				
	Contract Valu	ıe	Umbrella Limit	
\$1.00	to	\$500,000.00	\$1,000,000.00	
\$500,000.01	to	\$1,000,000.00	\$2,000,000.00	
\$1,000,000.01	to	\$10,000,000	\$5,000,000.00	
\$10,000,000.01	to	\$30,000,000	\$10,000,000.00	
\$30,000,000.01	to	\$80,000,000	\$15,000,000.00	
\$80,000,000.01	to	\$150,000,000	\$20,000,000.00	
\$150,000,000.01	to	\$300,000,000	\$25,000,000.00	

#### 3.0 Bid Proposal Acknowledgements:

The Bidder acknowledges and agrees to the following:

- 3.1 To Upload to BizNet Submit the Bid Proposal Form (all pages), All Other Bid Documents, Affidavits, and Certifications:
- 3.1.1 The Bidder acknowledges and agrees to electronically upload to DAS BizNet <u>all pages</u> of the <u>Bid Proposal Form</u>, <u>All Other Bid Documents</u>, <u>Affidavits</u>, <u>and Certifications</u>, as stated in as stated in <u>Section 00 21 13 Instructions to Bidders</u> and <u>Section 00 41 10 Bid Package Submittal Requirements</u>.
- Failure to upload any of the items marked with an asterisk (\*) in **Table 1** of **Section 00 41 10 Bid Package Submittal Requirements** *shall* cause rejection of the bid and *shall not* be considered a minor irregularity under **C.G.S.** § **4b-95**.
- 3.1.3 If there are any delays in the receipt of other documents then the Bid shall remain valid for the same additional number of days. For example, if the documents are submitted four (4) Calendar Days later; then the bid shall remain valid for ninety-four (94) Calendar Days.
- **3.1.4** Failure to submit the documents before the stated deadline **may** result in rejection of the bid at the sole discretion of the Commissioner of Administrative Services.

#### 3.2 To Hold Bid Price:

The Bidder acknowledges and agrees to hold the **Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid** in **Subsection 2.1** of this Bid Proposal Form for **ninety (90) Calendar Days** and any extensions caused by the Bidder's delays in required submissions. The Bidder and the State may mutually agree to extend this period. The agreement to extend the **ninety (90) Calendar Day** period may occur after the expiration of the original **ninety (90) Calendar Day** period.

#### 3.3 To Use and Accept Allowances:

When applicable to this Project, the Bidder acknowledges and agrees to accept and use the Allowances as shown in Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations of Division 01 General Requirements as part of the Proposed Lump Sum Base Bid listed in Subsection 2.1 of this Bid Proposal Form.

#### 3.4 To Use and Accept the Following Contingent Work:

- Unit Prices: When applicable to this Project, the Bidder acknowledges and agrees to accept and use the Units, Add
   Unit Prices, and Deduct Unit Prices as shown in Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations of Division 01 General Requirements in evaluating either additions to or deductions from the Work.
- Supplemental Bid: When applicable to this Project and if accepted by the Owner, the Bidder acknowledges and agrees to provide all labor, material and equipment to complete the Work in accordance with the Supplemental Bid described in Section 01 23 13 Supplemental Bids of Division 01 General Requirements and provided by the Bidder in Subsection 2.4.2 of this Bid Proposal Form.

#### 3.5 To Use the Named Subcontractors Listed in Table 2.7:

The Bidder <u>agrees</u> that each of the **Named Subcontractors** stated in **Table 2.7** of this Bid Proposal Form will be used for the **Class of Work** indicated, for **the Proposed Total Subcontract Value dollar amount stated**, <u>unless</u> a **substitution** is permitted by the awarding authority as provided for in and in accordance with C.G.S. § 4b-96, as amended.

#### 3.6 To Make Good Faith Efforts to Employ MBEs:

The Bidder acknowledges and agrees to make **good faith efforts** to employ **Minority Business Enterprises (MBEs)** as **Subcontractors** and **Suppliers** of materials under such Contract.

#### 3.7 To Submit a Certified Check or Bid Bond (if required):

The Bidder acknowledges and agrees to submit a **Certified Check** or **Standard Bid Bond** *prior* to the due date and time of the Bid Opening (if required). Download **Section 00 43 16 Standard Bid Bond** from BizNet for a template and instructions.

#### 3.8 To Accept the Current Prevailing Wage Rate Schedule:

The U. S. Secretary of Labor's latest decision and the State of Connecticut Department of Labor (DOL) Prevailing Wage Rate Schedule are all incorporated in the documents. The higher rate (Federal or State) for any given occupation shall prevail. At the time of bidding, the Bidder agrees to accept the current Prevailing Wage Rate Schedule, as well as the annual adjustment to the prevailing wage rate that is in effect each July 1st, as provided by DOL. See Section 00 73 44 Prevailing Wage Rates/Contractor's Wage Certification/Payroll Certification. Annual adjustments of prevailing wage rates will not be considered a matter for a contract amendment with DAS/CS.

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#### 3.0 Bid Proposal Acknowledgements (continued):

#### 3.9 To Comply With CHRO Requirements:

If applicable, the Apparent Low Bidder acknowledges and agrees to provide the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities with such information as is requested by the Commission concerning their **employment practices and procedures** as they relate to the current provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes governing Contract requirements within **fifteen (15) calendar days after** receipt of the "Request for the Affirmative Action Plan and Employment Information Form Letter" from the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement.

### 3.10 To Ensure Executive Order No. 11246 for Equal Employment Opportunity & Non-Segregated Facilities Has Been Met:

The Apparent Low Bidder acknowledges and agrees to ensure that Executive Order No. 11246 for Equal Employment Opportunity & Non-Segregated Facilities has been met for their firm and their Subcontractors. The Apparent Low Bidder also agrees to certify (if required) to the compliance of non-segregated facilities.

#### 3.11 To Obtain and Maintain Required Insurance Coverages:

The Bidder acknowledges and agrees to obtain and maintain the required Insurance Coverages and submit the Firm's "Certificate of Liability Insurance Acord® form" within ten (10) business days *after* receipt of the "Letter of Intent" from the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement, as discussed in Section 00 62 16 Certificate of Insurance and Article 35, "Contractors Insurance" in Section 00 73 13 General Conditions.

#### 3.12 | To Comply With Security Requirements for CT Department of Correction Facilities:

When applicable to this Project, the Bidder acknowledges and agrees to comply with Section 00 73 63 CT Department of Correction (CT DOC) Security Requirements for Contract Forces on CT DOC Facilities.

#### 3.13 To Ensure C.G.S. § 12-430 for Non-Resident Contractors Has Been Met:

If applicable, the Apparent Low Bidder acknowledges and agrees to provide either a copy of the "Notice of Verified Status" (Verification Letter) from the Connecticut Department of Revenue Services (DRS) (for Verified Nonresident General/Prime Contractors) or a copy of Form AU-965 "Acceptance of Surety Bond" from DRS (for Unverified Nonresident General/Prime Contractors) within ten (10) business days after receipt of the "Letter of Intent" from the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement which evidences that C.G.S. § 12-430 for non-resident contractors has been met, as described in Section 00 92 30 Procedures Regarding Taxation for Nonresident General/Prime Contractor and Subcontractors.

#### 3.14 | To Execute Contract:

If selected as the Prime Contractor, the Bidder acknowledges and agrees to **execute a Contract** in accordance with the terms of this **Bid Proposal Form** and the **Contract** within **fifteen (15) Calendar Days** (legal State holidays excluded) **after** notification thereof by the awarding authority. See **Section 00 52 03 Contract** for a sample.

#### 4.0 Confidentiality of Documents:

- **4.1** The **undersigned** agrees that if not selected as the Prime Contractor for this project, all plans and specifications in their possession for the project shall be destroyed.
- **4.2** The **undersigned** agrees that if selected as the Prime Contractor for this project:
- **4.2.1** The plans and specifications shall not be disseminated to anyone except for construction of this project.
- **4.2.2** The **following provision** shall be included in all of its contracts with subcontractors and sub-consultants:

"Any and all drawings, specifications, maps, reports, records or other documents associated with the contract shall only be utilized to the extent necessary for the performance of the work and duties under this contract. Said drawings, specifications, maps, reports, records and other documents may not be released to any other entity or person except for the sole purpose of the work described in this contract. No other disclosure shall be permitted without the prior written consent of DAS Construction Services. When any such drawings, specifications, maps, reports, records or other documents are no longer needed, they shall be destroyed."

Upon completion of the construction and the issuance of a certificate of occupancy, the plans and specifications shall be
 4.2.3 returned to DAS Construction Services, or destroyed, or retained in a secure location and not released to anyone without first obtaining the permission of DAS Construction Services.

#### 5.0 Bid Proposal Declarations:

I (we), the undersigned, hereby declare that I am (we are) the only person(s) interested in the Bid Proposal and that it is made without any connection with any other person making any Bid Proposal for the same work. No person acting for, or employed by, the State of Connecticut is directly or indirectly interested in this Bid Proposal, or in any Contract which may be made under it, or in expected profits to arise therefrom. This Bid Proposal is made without directly or indirectly influencing or attempting to influence any other person or corporation to bid or refrain from bidding or to influence the amount of the Bid Proposal of any other person or corporation. This Bid Proposal is made in good faith without collusion or connection with any other person bidding for the same work and this proposal is made with distinct reference and relation to the plans and specifications prepared for this Contract. I (we) further declare that in regard to the conditions affecting the Work to be done and the labor and materials needed, this Bid Proposal is based solely on my (our) own investigation and research and not in reliance upon any representations of any employee, officer or agent of the State.

	6.0 Duly Authorized Signature:						
Type of Business:	(Check Applicable Box)						
☐ Limited Liabilit	y Corporation (LLC)	□ Co	☐ Corporation (If Checked, Provide Corporate Seal Below)				
☐ Partnership							
☐ Sole Proprieto	or						
☐ Doing Busines	ss As (d/b/a)						
(If d/b/a box is che	cked provide complete name belo	ow) (Provid	(Provide exact corporate name from corporate seal below)				
(Do	ing Business As Name)		(Name On Corporate Seal)				
Signed:							
	(Month)	(Day)	(Year)				
Bidder's Signature:							
	(Duly Authorized)		(Title)				
	(Print Named)		(Date)				

#### **Bid Package Submittal Requirements:**

DAS ● Construction Services ● Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement 450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 1302 ● Hartford, CT 06103

# 1.1.1 On-Line Bidding: All Bidders shall electronically upload their Bid Package Documents to BizNet following the instructions in the DAS/CS publication, 6001 Construction On-line Bidding Instructions, available for download here: Go to the DAS Homepage (<a href="https://www.ct.gov/DAS">www.ct.gov/DAS</a>) > Doing Business With The State > State Building Construction > Publications and Forms > DAS Construction Services Library > 6000 Series > 6001 Construction On Line Bidding Instructions. 1.1.2 For questions, call 860-713-5783 or 860-713-5794.

#### 1.2 Bid Package Submittal Requirements:

All Bidders are required to **electronically upload Bid Package Documents** to BizNet **prior** to the date and time of the Bid Opening. Additional documents must be either **electronically uploaded** to BizNet **or** submitted as **paper copies** to the **appropriate Agency**. See Tables 1, 2, and 3 for specific submittal requirements.

- 1.2.1 All Bidders: See Table 1. All Documents in Table 1 must be electronically uploaded to BizNet.
- 1.2.2 Three (3) Apparent Lowest Bidders: See Table 2.
- **1.2.3** Apparent Low Bidder: See Table 3.

#### 1.3 Deadlines for Receipt of Bid Package Documents:

- **1.3.1 Table 1:** Bid Package Documents must be uploaded to BizNet *prior* to the date and time of the Bid Opening. Failure to upload to BizNet any of the items **marked with an asterisk (\*)** prior to the Bid Opening **shall** cause rejection of the bid and shall not be considered a minor irregularity under CGS 4b-95.
- **Tables 2 and 3:** See the tables for additional deadlines. Failure to submit the documents before the stated deadlines **may** result in rejection of the bid at the sole discretion of the Commissioner of Administrative Services.

#### 1.4 Delays in Receipt of Supportive Documents from the Three Apparent Lowest Bidders:

- **1.4.1** If there are any delays in the receipt of the supportive documents specified in Tables 2 and 3, then the Bids shall remain valid for the same additional number of days.
  - .1 For example, since the Three (3) Apparent Lowest Bidders are required to Hold The Bid Price for ninety (90) calendar days, if supportive documents are submitted four (4) calendar days later, then the bid shall remain valid for ninety-four (94) calendar days.
- **1.4.2** Failure to submit the documents before the stated deadline **may** result in rejection of the bid at the sole discretion of the Commissioner of Administrative Services.

	TABLE 1 ALL BIDDERS				
Construction Costs:  Less Than Greater Than \$500,000		The Bid Proposal Form, Other Bid Package Documents, Affidavits, and Certifications shall be electronically uploaded to BizNet by all Bidders prior to the Date and Time of the Bid Opening.	Form Location		
	В	id Proposal Form and Other Bid Package Documents			
$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	* Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form	BizNet		
$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	* Section 00 43 16 Standard Bid Bond or Certified Check	BizNet		
	$\boxtimes$	* DAS Prequalification Certificate	BizNet		
	$\boxtimes$	* DAS Update (Bid) Statement	BizNet		
	$\boxtimes$	* Section 00 45 14 General Contractor Bidder's Qualification Statement	BizNet		
$\boxtimes$		Section 00 40 14 Certificate (of authority)	BizNet		
$\boxtimes$		DAS Set-Aside Certificate	BizNet		
		Bidder Contract Compliance Monitoring Report	CHRO Website		
		Affidavits and Certifications			
$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	* Gift and Campaign Contribution Certification – OPM Ethics Form 1	BizNet		
$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	* Consulting Agreement Affidavit – OPM Ethics Form 5	BizNet		
$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	* Ethics Affidavit (Regarding State Ethics) – OPM Ethics Form 6	BizNet		
	$\boxtimes$	* Iran Certification – OPM Ethics Form 7	BizNet		
	$\boxtimes$	Nondiscrimination Certification – Form A, B, C, D, or E	BizNet		

<sup>\*</sup> **NOTE:** Failure to electronically upload any of the items marked above with an asterisk (\*) prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening **shall** cause rejection of the bid and shall not be considered a minor irregularity under CGS 4b-95.

	TABLE 2 THREE (3) APPARENT LOWEST BIDDERS					
Construc	tion Costs:	WHEN APPLICABLE:				
Less Than \$500,000	Greater Than \$500,000	Submit within ten (10) Calendar Days after receipt of the "Set-Aside Contractor Schedule Request" from the DAS/CS Procurement Unit:	Form Location			
	$\boxtimes$	Set-Aside Contractor Schedule for each subcontracted SBE and/or MBE firm(s) (See Section 00 73 27 Set-Aside Contractor Schedule for a sample Request.)	Email From DAS/CS Procurement Unit			
	$\boxtimes$	DAS Set-Aside Certificate(s) for each subcontracted SBE and/or MBE firm(s) listed in the Set-Aside Contractor Schedule.	Download from BizNet			
	$\boxtimes$	Section 00 45 17 Named Subcontractor Bidder's Qualification Statements for each Named Subcontractor listed in the Bid Proposal Form.	Copy from Project Manual			
	$\boxtimes$	DAS Prequalification Certificate(s) and Update (Bid) Statement(s) for each Named Subcontractor listed in the Bid Proposal Form with Subcontracts greater than \$500,000.	Download from BizNet			

	Subcontracts greater than \$500,000.				
	TABLE 3 APPARENT LOW BIDDER				
Construction Costs:  Less Than \$500,000 \$500,000 \$Form Local Form			Form Location		
Submit with	in <b>fifteen (15) ca</b>	lendar days after receipt of the "Request for the Affirmative Action Plan a Information Form Letter" from the DAS/CS Procurement Unit:	and <i>Employment</i>		
$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	If Contractor has 50 or more employees and/or the Project is equal to or greater than \$500,000, submit to CHRO: Affirmative Action Plan and Employment Information Form (DAS-45).	CHRO Website & BizNet		
	$\boxtimes$	Submit to DAS/CS Procurement Unit: Copy of Transmittal Letter to confirm the Affirmative Action Plan was filed with CHRO.	(copy of transmittal letter)		
	$\boxtimes$	Submit to CT Department of Labor: Contractors Wage Certification Form. See Section 00 73 44 Prevailing Wage Rates/Contractor's Wage Certification/Payroll Certification.	Copy from Project Manual		

## TABLE 3 APPARENT LOW BIDDER

(continued)

(continued)							
Construc	tion Costs:	Output to difficult and (40)					
Less Than \$500,000	Greater Than \$500,000		Submit within ten (10) business days after receipt of the "Letter of Intent" from the DAS/CS Procurement Unit:				
$\boxtimes$		Section 00 40 14 Certi	ficate (of authority)	Email From DAS/CS Procurement Unit			
$\boxtimes$		Section 00 52 03 Cont	ract	Email From DAS/CS Procurement Unit			
		Section 00 52 73 Subc	contract Agreement Form (Named & Listed)	Email From DAS/CS Procurement Unit			
	$\boxtimes$	=	Insurance Acord® form Insurance Certificate Form for details)	Email From DAS/CS Procurement Unit			
		abatement only)	s Abatement Liability Insurance (for asbestos 6.1 Asbestos Abatement Liability Insurance for	Email From DAS/CS Procurement Unit			
	$\boxtimes$		Performance Bond				
$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	Section 00 92 10:	Labor & Material Bond	Email From DAS/CS Procurement Unit			
		Additional Forms	Surety Sheet				
$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	Bidder's Certification: Financial Positio Corporate Structure					
	$\boxtimes$	Power of Attorney from	Surety Company				
	$\boxtimes$	Verified Nonresident Getheir "Notice of Verified Department of Revenue Unverified Nonresident of Form AU-965 "Acceding See Section 00 92 30 Feb.	Nonresident (Out of State) Contractors:  Verified Nonresident General/Prime Contractors must submit a copy of their "Notice of Verified Status" (Verification Letter) from the CT Department of Revenue Services (DRS).  Unverified Nonresident General/Prime Contractors must submit a copy of Form AU-965 "Acceptance of Surety Bond" from the DRS.  (See Section 00 92 30 Procedures Regarding Taxation for Nonresident				
		General/Prime Contract  Ethics Affidavit (Rega each Named Subcontra	BizNet				
$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	Threshold Projects Or License Number(s) for	CT Department of Consumer Protection				
$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	SEEC Form 10	SEEC Website				
$\boxtimes$	$\boxtimes$	Certificate of Legal Ex	Secretary of the State				

End of Section 00 41 10 Bid Package Submittal Requirements

PAGE 1 OF 1

	INSTRUCTIONS FOR CERTIFIED CHECK OR BID BOND (select one):
	All Bidders:
	Edit this page, print, sign, and scan to PDF. Upload the PDF form to BizNet.
	CERTIFIED CHECK OPTION: Prior to the Date and Time of the Bid Opening:
	(1) Check the box for "Certified Check Option";
	(2) Print, scan to PDF, and upload the PDF form to Biznet; and
	(3) Deliver the Certified Check, made payable to "Treasurer, State of Connecticut", to the following address:
	State of Connecticut
	Department of Administrative Services, Construction Services
	Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement
	450 Columbus Boulevard, North Tower, Suite 1302 Hartford, CT 06103-1835
<u> </u>	'
ΙШ	BID BOND OPTION (see template below): Prior to the Date and Time of the Bid Opening:
	(1) Check the box for "Bid Bond Option";
	(2) Complete the <b>Standard Bid Bond</b> (below), print, sign, scan to PDF, and upload the PDF Bid Bond to Biznet.

#### **Standard Bid Bond**

#### DAS **■** Construction Services **■** Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That we,									
				, he	reinaf	iter cal	led th	ne Princip	al,
of				, as	Princ	ipal,			
and								,hereina	ıfter
called the Surety, a corporation organized and existi	ng ur	der the la	aws of	the					
State of				, and	duly	author	rized	to transa	ct a
surety business in the State of Connecticut, as Sure	ty, are	held and	d firml	y bou	nd un	to the	State	of	
Connecticut, as Obligee, in the penal sum of ten (10)	perc	ent of the	amou	int of	the bi	d set f	orth i	n a	
proposal hereinafter mentioned,									
									<u> </u>
lawful money of the United States of America, for the the Principal and the Surety bind themselves, their									
jointly and severally, firmly by these presents.	iens,	executors	s, aui	111111311	ators	, succ	C3301	s and as	sigiis,
THE CONDITION OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH, Th						bmitte	d		
or is about to submit a proposal to the Obligee relate				-					
NOW, THEREFORE, if the said contract be awarded to may be specified, enter into the said contract in wi									
bonds, with surety acceptable to the Obligee, or if	the	Principal :	shall	fail to	do s	so, pay	/ to t	he Oblige	e the
damages which the Obligee may suffer by reason of this obligation shall be void, otherwise to remain in				ceedin	g the	penal	ty of	this bond	, then
SIGNED, SEALED AND DELIVERED this		day of				. 20			$\neg$
GIGHED, GEALED AND DELIVERED UNG		aay or				, 20			=
(Principal's Signature)	ł				Su	rety			
, , , , , , , ,	by					,			
(Print Name)	, ,	<u> </u>	Its a	ttorne	y in f	act Sig	ınatu	re	
Company Name				(1	Print N	lame)			

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#### **General Contractor Bidder's Qualification Statement**

DAS ■ Construction Services ■ Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

#### Instructions:

- All Bidders are required to upload this form to BizNet, properly completed, prior to the date and time of the Bid Opening.
- Failure of a Bidder to answer any question or provide required information shall be grounds for the awarding authority to disqualify and reject the bid, pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes §4b-92.
- If a question or request for information does not pertain to your organization in any way, use the symbol "NA" (Not Applicable).
- Attach additional information on 8 1/2" x 11" sheets with your letterhead as necessary and reference specific section and subsection numbers.
- NOTE: The Department reserves the right to request any additional or supplemental information

	nece	essary to complete its evaluation of a Bidder's qua	alifica	tion.			
1.0	Proj	ect Information:					
	1.1	DAS/CS Project Number:					
	1.2	Project Name:					
	1.3	Project Location:					
2.0	Proj	ects with Construction Costs Estimated T	о Ве	Greater than \$5	500,000:		
	. 8	Select the applicable Class of Work as stated	d in t	ne <b>00 11 16 Invit</b>	ation to Bid.		
		Select YES if your Firm has the applicable the Update (Bid) Statement or NO if it does not.	e <b>DA</b>	S Prequalification	on Certificate and		
		If YES, upload the applicable DAS Prequalification Certificate and Update (Bid) Statement to BizNet <i>prior</i> to the date and time of the Bid Opening.					
		Not Applicable - Construction Costs Les	s tha	an \$500,000			
		Class of Work:		DAS Prequalifica	have the applicable ation Certificate and d) Statement?		
	2.1	☐ General Building Construction (Group A):	]	YES 🗆	NO 🗆		
	2.2	☐ General Building Construction (Group B):	]	YES	NO 🗆		
	2.3	☐ General Building Construction (Group C):	]	YES 🗆	NO 🗆		
	2.4	General Trades (Interior Work Only):	]	YES	NO 🗆		
	2.5	☐ CPS Projects ONLY: Insert Class of Work		YES	NO 🗆		

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3.0	of Stat	<b>Present Legal Name:</b> (the <i>complete</i> <b>legal name</b> <i>exactly</i> as it appears with the <b>Secretary e registry</b> . The appropriate <b>title</b> must be used throughout the documents, for example:
	Genera Name:	l Partner, Member, Manager, Sole Member, etc.)
	ivaille.	
4.0	How m	nany years has your Firm been in business under its <b>Present Legal Name</b> ?
5.0	How m	any years has your Firm been in business as a General Contractor?
6.0		e <u>all</u> other <b>names</b> by which your Firm has been known and the <b>length of time</b> by each name:
	6.1	Years Months
	6.2	Years Months
	6.3	Years Months
7.0	This Fi	rm's Certification with the CT Secretary of State:
	Check Box	Type of Business Entity: Certification Year
		Corporation
		Partnership
		Sole Proprietorship
		Other:
		Oulei.
8.0	and Su a bidde numbe	resumes of all <b>supervisory personnel</b> , such as <b>Principals</b> , <b>Project Managers</b> , <b>uperintendents</b> , who will be directly involved with the project on which you are now er. Indicate their construction related training, certifications and licenses and the r of years of actual construction experience. Indicate the number of years of this construction experience which were in a Supervisory capacity.

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9.0	Nam	Named Subcontractor – Bidder Intends to Self-Perform:							
	inter	Check YES or NO for each "Named Subcontractor" Class of Work which your firm intends to perform with its own employees for this Contract; see Section 2.7 of Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form.							
	<b>NOTE</b> : For Projects with Construction Costs estimated to be greater than \$500,000, complete <b>Section 00 45 17 Named Subcontractor Bidder's Qualification Statement</b> for each <b>Named Subcontractor Class of Work</b> checked <b>YES</b> and submit within ten (10) calendar days <i>after</i> receipt of the "Set-Aside Contractor Schedule Request" from DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement.								
		□ Not Applicable – No Named Subcontractors &/or Not Self-Performing							
		Named Subcontractor Class of Work			Does your Firm intend to self-perform this Named Subcontractor Class of Work?				
	9.1	Electrical:		YES		NO			
	9.2	HVAC:		YES		NO			
	9.3	Masonry:		YES		NO			
	9.4 Plumbing:			YES		NO			
	9.5	Environmental Remediation:		YES		NO			
	9.6	Hazardous Materials Abatement:		YES		NO			
10.0	<ul> <li>Named Subcontractor - Class of Work Greater than \$500,000 and Self-Performing.</li> <li>Select the applicable Named Subcontractor Class of Work which your firm intends to perform with its own employees for this Contract.</li> <li>Select YES if your Firm has the applicable the DAS Prequalification Certificate and Update (Bid) Statement or NO if it does not.</li> <li>If YES, submit the applicable DAS Prequalification Certificate and Update (Bid Statement within ten (10) calendar days after receipt of the "Set-Aside Contracto Schedule Request" from DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement.</li> </ul>								
		Not Applicable – No Class of Work Great	er \$	500,000	&/or Not	Self-Pe	rforming		
		Named Subcontractor Class of Work Greater Than \$500,000			Does your Firm have the applicable DAS Prequalification Certificate and Update (Bid) Statement?				
	10.1	☐ Electrical:	)	YES		NO			
	10.2	☐ HVAC:		YES		NO			
	10.3	☐ Masonry:		YES		NO			
	10.4 Plumbing:			YES		NO			

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<u>all</u> bio	of the information listed below der does not make <b>all</b> requi	r Firm has completed in the <u>past five (5) years.</u> Provide w. DAS/CS may reject a bid as <b>non-responsive</b> if the ired pre-award submittals within the designated time as necessary <u>using the following format</u> :				
yea ag coi Se	IMPORTANT NOTE: <u>Two (2)</u> of the construction projects completed in the past five (5) years shall be (1) single project contracts that have reached substantial completion, not aggregate projects; (2) of commercial and/or institutional construction work (this includes compliance with general requirements); (3) within the Cost Estimate Range stated in Section 00 11 16 Invitation to Bid for this project; and (4) of the size and complexity of this Project. Failure to identify to <i>two</i> such projects <i>shall</i> result in rejection of the bid.					
11.1	Project Title:					
11.2	Project Location:					
11.3	Construction Start Date:					
11.4	Construction Finish Date:					
11.5	Describe the Scope of Work your Firm performed:					
11.6	Original Contract Amount:					
11.7	Final Contract Amount:					
11.8	Original Contract Duration (Calendar Days):					
11.9	Final Contract Duration (Calendar Days):					
11.10	Owner:					
11.11	Owner's Representative:	(Name) (Phone Number)				
11.12	Design Firm:	(Marie)				
11.13	Design Firm's Representative:					
		(Name) (Phone Number)				
12.0 References:  Furnish references from architects, engineers or owners indicating that your Firm has satisfactorily completed in a timely manner contract work for projects within the cost estimate range, size and complexity of this project. Provide explanations where delays have occurred. This information should cover work done over the past five years.						
13.0 Construction Scheduler:  For Projects greater than \$5 Million: Submit the name, resume and references of the Construction Scheduler in accordance with the requirements called for in Section 01 32 16.13 Critical Path Method Schedules of the General Requirements.  Not Applicable – Project Less Than \$5 Million						

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14.0	List and explain if your Firm has ever failed to complete a contract or if any officer or partner of your Firm has ever been an officer or partner of another organization that failed to complete a contract. Indicate below the circumstances leading to the project failure and the name of the company which provided the bonding for the failed contract(s):  Not Applicable
15.0	List and explain if your Firm has ever had a contract terminated, indicating the
	circumstances leading to the project termination of contract(s):  Not Applicable
16.0	List and explain all legal or administrative proceedings against your Firm or any officers, principals, partners, members, or employees of the organization currently pending or concluded adversely within the last five years, and any judicial or administrative sanctions that are still in effect against such organization, and any of its officers, principals, partners, members, or employees. (Exclude Occupational Safety and Health Act [OSHA] violations which are called for elsewhere in this statement). Add attachments as necessary.
	Not Applicable
17.0	List and explain any disbarments or suspensions that have been imposed on your Firm in the past five years or that were still in effect during the five year period or that are still in effect. Such list must include disbarments and suspensions of officers, principals, partners, members, and employees of your Firm:  Not Applicable
18.0	List and explain any other reason(s) that precludes your Firm or any officer, principal, partner, member, or employees thereof from bidding on a contract in Connecticut or any other jurisdiction:  Not Applicable
19.0	List and explain all willful or serious violations your Firm has had of any OSHA or of any standard, order or regulation promulgated pursuant to such act, during the three year period preceding the bid, provided such violations were cited in accordance with the provisions of any State Occupational Safety and Health Act or Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970. Indicate whether these were abated within the time fixed by the citation or whether the citation was appealed. If appealed what is the status or disposition. Add attachments as necessary.  Not Applicable

P	Δ	G	F	6	<b>n</b>	F	7

20.0	List and explain any criminal convictions your Firm has had related to the injury or death of any employee in the three-year period preceding the bid: Add attachments as necessary.  Not Applicable
	Trot Applicable
21.0	List and explain any changes in your Firm's financial condition or business organization, which might affect your Firm's ability to successfully complete this contract:
	Not Applicable
<u> </u>	
22.0	<b>NEW:</b> List and explain if your Firm has ever failed to submit an Affirmative Action Plan to the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities (CHRO). Indicate below the circumstances leading to the failure to submit the Affirmative Action Plan to CHRO:  Not Applicable
23.0	NEW: List and explain if your Firm's Affirmative Action Plan has ever been disapproved by CHRO or determined to be noncompliant. Indicate below the circumstances leading to the disapproval or finding of noncompliance of your Affirmative Action Plan by CHRO:  Not Applicable

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24. Signature					
Dated at					
Signed this	day of , 20				
Name of Firm:					
Firm Address:					
Signature:					
Print or Type Name:					
Title:					
	25. Notary Statement				
Mr./Mrs./Ms.	being duly sworn				
deposes and says tha	t he/she is the of				
	, and that the answers to the foregoing				
(Firm Name) questions and all statements therein contained are true and correct.					
Subscribed and sworn before me this day of , 20 , 20					
Notary Public					
My Commission Expires , 20					

End of Section
00 45 14 General Contractor Bidder's Qualification Statement

PAGE 1 OF 3

# Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders:

CT DAS ■ Construction Services ■ Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

The following items are established pursuant to Sections 4b-92, 4b-94 and 4b-95a of the Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) as amended.

The Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders (Section 00 45 15) are to assure that the State of Connecticut will secure the "lowest responsible and qualified bidder" who has the ability and capacity to successfully complete the Bid Proposal Form and the Work. Failure to comply with any portion of this requirement may cause rejection of the bid. Note: Individual Specification Sections may contain General Contractor and/or Subcontractor Qualification requirements that exceed those in Section 00 45 15 Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders.

THE BIDDER MUST HAVE OR HAVE COMPLETED THE FOLLOWING:

## 1.1 DAS Prequalification Requirements:

For Projects with Construction Costs greater than \$500,000, all Bidders shall upload to BizNet a valid Department of Administrative Services (DAS) **Prequalification Certificate** and **Update (Bid) Statement** *prior* to the date and time of the Bid Opening.

1.2	Evalu	Evaluation:				
	1.2.1 All Bidders shall upload to BizNet Section 00 45 14 General Contractor's Bidder Qualification Statement <i>prior</i> to the date and time of the Bid Opening.					
	1.2.2	If applicable, the Three (3) Lowest Bidders shall submit Section 00 45 17 Named Subcontractor's Bidder Qualification Statement(s) to DAS Construction Services (DAS/CS) Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement within ten (10) calendar days <i>after</i> receipt of the "Set-Aside Contractor Schedule Request" <i>from</i> DAS/CS.				
<b>1.2.3</b> The Bidder must demonstrate that the Bidder and, if applicable, its Named Subcontracto <b>objective criteria</b> for this specific project.						
that have reached substantial completion, not aggregate projection construction work (this includes compliance with general require within the Cost Estimate Range stated in Section 00 11 16 Invita		The <b>responses</b> to the Statement(s) must identify two (2) <b>projects completed</b> – single project contracts that have reached substantial completion, not aggregate projects – of commercial and/or institutional construction work (this includes compliance with general requirements) during the past five (5) years within the Cost Estimate Range stated in Section 00 11 16 <b>Invitation to Bid</b> for this project, and of the size and complexity of this project. The failure to identify to such projects shall result in rejection of the bid.				
	1.2.5	If the Bidder identifies two projects that meet the above criteria, the <b>State's evaluation</b> shall be based on the <b>performance record</b> of the prospective Bidder as a general, prime contractor and its named subcontractors during the course of the two (2) comparable projects, and not just the end result. The state will conduct the evaluation based on its interpretation of its objective criteria. <b>Evaluation criteria</b> shall include: Faithful and efficient performance; fulfilment of contract obligations; financial, managerial and technical abilities; and integrity and the absence of any conflicts of interest. Any one or all of the factors noted in this paragraph as well as in the other criteria set forth in this <b>Section 00 45 15</b> may be grounds for the determination by the State, in its sole discretion, of the Bidder's responsibility and qualifications necessary for the faithful performance of the work required of this project.				

#### 1.3 References:

Furnished **references from architects**, **engineers or owners** indicating that it has satisfactorily completed in a timely manner contract work for projects and provide explanations where delays have occurred. This information should cover work done over the **past five years**. Review of DAS/CS projects shall be included in the evaluation of the bidder's qualifications and anticipated future performance.

#### 1.4 Qualified Personnel:

- 1.4.1 Shown that it customarily employs or has on its payroll **supervisory personnel**, **qualified** to perform the work required for this project and to coordinate the work called for in the Bid Specifications.
- 1.4.2 If the project is for \$5 Million or more, submit the name, resume and references of the Construction Scheduler in accordance with the requirements called for in Section 01 32 16.13 Critical Path Method Schedules of the General Requirements.

#### 1.5 Past Performance:

Demonstrated a good track record of **past performance** on State or other projects relative to quantity, quality, timeliness, cost, cooperation and harmonious working relationships with subcontractors, suppliers and client agencies. DAS/CS will review the Bidders past performance ratings prepared by DAS/CS or prepared as part of the DAS Contractor Prequalification Program. This review may focus on the comments relative to: Quality of Supervision, Adherence to Contract Documents, On Time Project Completion, Subcontractor performance, and the handling of Change Orders. Unacceptable ratings for several criteria shall be sufficient cause to deem a bidder not responsible.

#### 1.6 Financial Responsibility:

Shown that it is **financially responsible** to perform the work as bid. If requested, additional financial information shall be provided. Prompt and proper payments to its subcontractors and material suppliers is a critical factor to be considered by DAS/CS.

#### 1.7 [Left Blank]

## 1.8 Equipment Requirements:

Shown that it owns or possesses, rented, or leased **equipment** of the type customarily required by contractors in the performance of contract work and that such equipment, if needed, is available for this project.

#### 1.9 Materials and Suppliers:

Purchased **materials** over the past three years from suppliers who customarily sell such materials in quantity to contractors.

#### 1.10 Physical Facilities:

Control of adequate **physical facilities** from which the work can be performed.

## 1.11 Compliance with Subcontractor Requirements:

Demonstrated that on **previous state projects** the bidder complied in good faith with the requirements of listing subcontractors as outlined in C.G.S. Sections 4b-93 and 4b-95.

#### 1.12 Threshold Building and Major Contractor Requirements:

Demonstrated that **all major subcontractors** are in compliance with the provisions of C.G.S. Section 20-341gg, as revised, concerning licensure requirements to perform work on any structure that exceeds the threshold limits contained in C.G.S. Section 29-276b, as revised.

#### 1.13 OSHA Requirements:

Proven that the Bidder has not been found to be in violation of three or more willful or serious violations of Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) regulations in the past three years.

PAGE 3 OF 3

## 1.14 Criminal Convictions and Injuries or Death of Employees:

Not received a **criminal conviction** related to the injury or death of any employee in the three-year period preceding the bid.

## 1.15 Legal or Administrative Proceedings:

Listed all **legal** (court and/or arbitration) or **administrative proceedings** currently pending as well as any legal (court and/or arbitration) or administrative proceeding related to procurement or performance of any public or private construction contracts which has concluded adversely within the last three years.

## 1.16 Contract Performance and Surety:

Identified any situations where: (1) the bidder failed to complete a construction contract; or (2) bonds were called during the past three years. If applicable, attach a sheet providing explanation including date(s) and location(s).

#### 1.17 State Tax Requirements:

Not been found to be in violation of any **state tax** requirements of the Connecticut Department of Revenue Services in the five (5)-year period preceding the bid.

#### 1.18 State and Federal Labor Requirements:

Not been found to be in violation of any State or Federal **labor laws** as required through the Department of Labor including violations of prevailing wage laws in the five (5)-year period preceding the bid.

## 1.19 Change Order Pricing and State Ethics:

Been found to be in compliance with all statutory and regulatory requirements. This Item shall include, but not be limited to, any DAS/CS determinations related to improper Change Order pricing relative to C.G.S. Section 1-101nn of The State Ethics Statutes.

#### 1.20 Internal Revenue Services (IRS) Requirements:

Not been found in violation of any of the **Internal Revenue Service Tax Requirements** regarding classification of employees and independent contractors in the five (5)-year period preceding the bid.

#### 1.21 Workers Compensation and Insurance Requirements:

Not been found to be in any violation of C.G.S. Section 31-288 relating to employee classification for purposes of Workers' Compensation insurance premiums in the five (5)-year period preceding the bid.

NOTE: The foregoing Item Numbers 1.13 and 1.14 are meant to comport with C.G.S. Section 31-57b.

End of Section 00 45 15 Objective Criteria Established for Evaluating Qualifications of Bidders

PAGE 1 OF 7

# Named Subcontractor Bidder's Qualification Statement

DAS I Construction Services I Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

#### Instructions:

- This Section is only applicable to Projects with Construction Costs Greater than \$500,000.00. See Subsection 2.7 Named Subcontractors and Classes of Work of 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form for applicability.
- If a question or request for information does not pertain to your organization in any way, use the symbol "NA" (Not Applicable). Attach additional information on 8 ½" x 11" sheets with your letterhead as necessary and reference specific subsection number.
- Submit this form for each of the Named Subcontractors, within ten (10) calendar days after receipt of the "Set-Aside Contractor Schedule Request" to:

State of Connecticut

Department of Administrative Services, Construction Services

Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

	450 Columbus Boulevard, Hartford, CT 06103	Suite 1302				
1.0	Project Information:					
	1.1 DAS/CS Project Number:					
	1.2 Project Name:					
	1.3 Project Location:					
2.0	Named Subcontractor Class of	Work:				
	Check the applicable Class of Wo	rk:				
	2.1 Electrical Work:					
	2.2 HVAC Work:					
	2.3 Masonry Work:					
	2.4 Plumbing Work:					
	2.5 Environmental Remediation	n:				
	2.6 Hazardous Materials Abate	ement:				
3.0	Subcontractor's Present Legal	Name:				
	Name:					

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4.0	How m	many years has the <b>Subcontractor</b> been in business under its <b>Present Legal Name</b> ?					
5.0	How mof Wor						
6.0	If the <b>Subcontractor</b> has not always been a Subcontractor for this Class of Work then list the trade(s) that your firm customarily performed prior to the time that you became a Subcontractor in this <b>Class of Work</b> :						
	6.1						
	6.2						
	6.3						
7.0	Indicate all other names by which this Subcontractor has been known and the length of time known by each name:						
	7.1	Years Months					
	7.2	Years Months					
	7.3	Years Months					
8.0		Ibcontractor's Certification with the CT Secretary of State:					
	Check Box	Type of Business Entity:  Certification Year					
		Corporation					
		Partnership					
		Sole Proprietorship					
		Other:					
		Other.					

9.0 Attach resumes of all supervisory personnel, such as Principals, Project Managers, and Superintendents, who will be directly involved with this project on which you are now a Named Subcontractor Bidder for a specific Class of Work. Indicate the number of years of construction experience and number of years of which they were in a Supervisory capacity.

10.0	List all sub-trades which your firm customarily performs with own employees – this table must be completed for electrical and plumbing trades for all projects.					
		Trade Name	License Holder Name	Connecticut D.C.P. License No.: Format: Prefix - Number - Suffix		
	10.1					
	10.2					
	10.3					
	10.4					
	10.5					

#### 11.0 Trade References:

Names, addresses and telephone numbers of several firms with whom your organization has regular business dealings (attach separate sheets as necessary).

12.0	infor not	mation listed below. DAS/CS	ur firm currently has under contract. Prove a may reject a bid as non-responsive if the submittals within the designated time pering the following format:	e bidder does
	12.1	Project Title:		
	12.2	Project Location:		
	12.3	Construction Start Date:		
	12.4	Construction Finish Date:		
	12.5	Describe the Scope of Work your Firm performed:		
	12.6	Original Contract Amount:		
	12.7	Final Contract Amount:		
	12.8	Original Contract Duration (Calendar Days):		
	12.9	Final Contract Duration (Calendar Days):		
	12.10	*Briefly describe any complaints about your Firm's quality control or construction management.		
		*Attach a separate sheet if more	space is required.	
	12.11	Owner:		
	12.12	Owner's Representative:	(Name)	(Phone Number)
	12.13	Design Firm:		
	12.14	Design Firm's Representative:	(Name)	(Phone Number)
	12.15	General Contractor:	(1.46.114)	
	12.16	G.C.'s Representative:		
			(Name)	(Phone Number)

13.0	ten liste req	(10) projects your firm has ed below. DAS/CS may reject	r firm has completed in the <b>past five (5)</b> y most recently completed. Provide <b>all</b> of a bid as <b>non-responsive</b> if the bidder do thin the designated time period. Attach a <b>ng format</b> :	the information bes not make <b>all</b>
	13.1	Project Title:		
	13.2	Project Location:		
	13.3	Construction Start Date:		
	13.4	Construction Finish Date:		
	13.5	Describe the Scope of Work your Firm performed:		
	13.6	Original Contract Amount:		
	13.7	Final Contract Amount:		
	13.8	Original Contract Duration (Calendar Days):		
	13.9	Final Contract Duration (Calendar Days):		
	13.10	*Briefly describe any complaints about your Firm's quality control or construction management.		
		*Attach a separate sheet if more	space is required.	
	13.11	Owner:		
	13.12	Owner's Representative:		
	13.13	Design Firm:	(Name)	(Phone Number)
	13.14	Design Firm's Representative:	(Name)	(Dhono Niverban)
	13.15	General Contractor:	(Name)	(Phone Number)
	13.16	G.C.'s Representative:		
			(Name)	(Phone Number)

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14.0	Has your Firm ever failed to complete a contract or has any officer or partner of your Firm ever been an officer or partner of another organization that failed to complete a contract? If so, indicate below the circumstances leading to the project failure and the name of the company which provided the bonding for the failed contract(s):  Not Applicable
15.0	List all legal or administrative proceedings currently pending or concluded adversely within the last five years which relate to procurement or performance of any public or private construction contracts. (Exclude Occupational Safety and Health Act [OSHA] violations which are called for elsewhere in this statement). Add attachment as necessary.  Not Applicable
16.0	List all willful or serious violations of any OSHA or of any standard, order or regulation promulgated pursuant to such act, during the three year period preceding the bid, provided such violations were cited in accordance with the provisions of any State Occupational Safety and Health Act or Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970. Indicate whether these were abated within the time fixed by the citation or whether the citation was appealed. If appealed what is the status or disposition. Add attachments as necessary.  Not Applicable
17.0	Has your Firm had any criminal convictions related to the injury or death of any employee in the three-year period preceding the bid? Please list any such convictions below. Add attachments as necessary.  Not Applicable

18. Signature									
Dated at									
Signed this	day of								
Name of Firm:									
Firm Address:									
	(Signature)								
	(Print or Type Name)								
	(Title)								
	(Title)								
	19. Notary Statement								
Mr./Mrs./Ms.	Mr./Mrs./Ms. being duly sworn								
deposes and says th	nat he/she is the of								
	(Position or Title)								
	, and that the answers to the foregoing  (Firm Name)								
	atements therein contained are true and correct.								
Subscribed and swo	rn before me this day of , 20 , 20								
Notary Public									
My Commission Exp	My Commission Expires , 20								

00 45 17 Named Subcontractor Bidder's Qualification Statement

#### Contract

## DAS ■ Construction Services ■ Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

Contract For:	
D	
Dated as of	by and between the <b>State of Connecticut</b> (herein called the
	(Month, Day, Year)
"State") acting he	rein by its Commissioner, Department of Administrative Services under the
provisions of the	Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) Sections 4-8, 4a-1, 4a-1a, 4a-2, 4b-1, and 4b-3,
as revised, and	(herein called the "Contractor").
	(Print Name of Contractor)

WITNESSETH, that the State and the Contractor in consideration of the hereinafter contained mutual promises and covenants, do hereby agree as follows:

#### 1. CONTRACT AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS:

The Invitation for Bids, the enumerated Plans, the Specifications and Amendments thereto, the Addenda, the Bid Proposal as accepted by the Commissioner, Department of Administrative Services, Order of Award, which Order is made a part of this Contract, the General Conditions, the General Requirements, the Contract and the Bonds shall form part of this Contract and the provisions thereof shall be as binding upon the parties as if they were fully set forth herein. The tables of contents, titles, headings, running headlines and marginal notes contained herein and in said Documents, are solely to facilitate to various provisions of the Contract Documents and in no way affect, limit, or cast light upon the interpretations of the provisions to which they refer. Whenever the term "Contract Documents" is used, it shall mean and include this Contract, the Invitation for Bids, the enumerated Plans, Specifications and Amendments thereto, the Addenda, the Bid Proposal as accepted by the Commissioner, Department of Administrative Services, the General Conditions, the General Requirements, the Bonds, the Notice to Bidders, the Wage Scales, the Supplementary Conditions, and the Insurance Certificates.

#### 2. SCOPE OF THE WORK:

The Contractor shall furnish all plant, labor, materials, supplies, equipment, and other facilities and things necessary or proper for or incidental to the work contemplated by this Contract as required by and in strict accordance with applicable Plans, Specifications and Amendments thereto, and Addenda (hereinafter enumerated), and as required by and in strict accordance with such changes as are ordered and approved pursuant to this Contract, and will perform all other obligations imposed on him by this Contract.

#### 3. ENUMERATION OF PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND ADDENDA:

The following is an enumeration of the Plans, Specifications, and Addenda:

Prepared By:		1
	(Print Name of Architect/Engineer Firm)	_ _
Plans and Specifications:		
Addenda:		]
COMPENSATION TO E	BE PAID THE CONTRACTOR	
The State will pay and	the Contractor will accept in full consideration for the performance	
of the Contractor's obli	gation hereunder the sum of:	
	Dollars and 00/100 (\$	)

#### 5. PROVISIONS REQUIRED BY LAW DEEMED INSERTED

Each and every provision of law and clause required by law to be inserted in this Contract shall be deemed to be inserted herein and the Contract shall be read and enforced as though it were included herein, and if through mistake or otherwise any such provision is not inserted, or is not correctly inserted, then upon the application of either party, the Contract shall forthwith be physically amended to make such insertion.

For all State contracts as defined in the **C.G.S. §9-612(f)(1)(C)**, having a value in a calendar year of \$50,000 or more or a combination or series of such agreements or contracts having a value of \$100,000 or more, the authorized signatory to this Agreement expressly acknowledges receipt of the State Elections Enforcement Commission's notice advising state contractors of campaign contribution and solicitation prohibitions, and will inform its principals of the contents of the notice. See **SEEC Form 10**.

Contractor hereby irrevocably assigns to the State of Connecticut all rights, title and interest in and to all Claims\* associated with this Contract that Contractor now has or may or will have and that arise under the antitrust laws of the United States, 15 USC Section 1, et seq. and the antitrust laws of the State of Connecticut, C.G.S. §35-24, et seq., including but not limited to any and all Claims for overcharges. This assignment shall become valid and effective immediately upon the accrual of a Claim without any further action or acknowledgment by the parties.

\*Definition of Claims associated with this Contract: "All actions, suits, claims, demands, investigations and proceedings of any kind, open, pending or threatened, whether mature, unmatured, contingent, known or unknown, at law or in equity, in any forum."

4.

**IN WITNESS WHEREOF,** the Commissioner, Department of Administrative Services for and on behalf of the State of Connecticut, and the Contractor have executed this contract on the day and year first written.

Attested By:			State Of Connecticut
WITNESS:		Ву:	
	(Signature)		(Signature)
Print Name:		Print Name:	Melody A. Currey
		lts:	Commissioner
WITNESS:			Department of Administrative Services
Deint Name	(Signature)	Data Chanada	
Print Name:		Date Signed:	
		Contractor:	SEAL
WITNESS:	(Signature)	Ву:	(Signature)
Print Name:	(Olgridiaro)	lts:	
Fillit Name.		Print Name:	, Duly Authorized
WITNESS:		Print Title:	
	(Signature)		
Print Name:		Date Signed:	

End of Section 00 52 03 Contract

# **Subcontract Agreement Form**

# DAS ■ Construction Services ■ Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

In accordance with the requirements of the Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) §4b-96, the Contractor selected for the Contract shall provide to each of its listed or substitute Named Subcontractors the relevant subcontract, along with a notice setting forth the time limit for execution of such subcontract. The Contractor selected for the Contract shall file with the State of Connecticut Department of Administrative Services (DAS) Construction Services Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement an executed copy of each subcontract within ten (10) days (Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays excluded) of presentation of the subcontract to each subcontractor. Each subcontract shall include at least the provisions set forth in the **Subcontract** form found in C.G.S. §4b-96 and shall follow the order of this **Subcontract Agreement Form**.

# C.G.S. §4b-96. Subcontract, form. Procedure on failure of subcontractor to execute subcontract. General bidder's responsibilities.

Within five days after being notified of the award of a general contract by the awarding authority, or, in the case of an approval of a substitute subcontractor by the awarding authority, within five days after being notified of such approval, the general bidder shall present to each listed or substitute subcontractor (1) a subcontract in the form set forth in this section and (2) a notice of the time limit under this section for executing a subcontract. If a listed subcontractor fails within five days, Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays excluded, after presentation of a subcontract by the general bidder selected as a general contractor, to perform his agreement to execute a subcontract in the form hereinafter set forth with such general bidder, contingent upon the execution of the general contract, the general contractor shall select another subcontractor, with the approval of the awarding authority. When seeking approval for a substitute subcontractor, the general bidder shall provide the awarding authority with all documents showing (A) the general bidder's proper presentation of a subcontract to the listed subcontractor and (B) communications to or from such subcontractor after such presentation. The awarding authority shall adjust the contract price to reflect the difference between the amount of the price of the new subcontractor and the amount of the price of the listed subcontractor if the new subcontractor's price is lower and may adjust such contract price if the new subcontractor's price is higher. The general bidder shall, with respect to each listed subcontractor or approved substitute subcontractor, file with the awarding authority a copy of each executed subcontract within ten days, Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays excluded, of presentation of a subcontract to such subcontractor. The subcontract shall be in the following form:

(See page 2 and page 3)

#### **SUBCONTRACT**

THIS AGREEMENT made this day of , 20, by and between a corporation organized and existing under the
laws of (a partnership consisting of ) (an individual doing business as ) hereinafter called the "Contractor" located at
(insert complete address), and a corporation organized and
existing under the laws of (a partnership consisting of ) (an individual doing business as ) hereinafter called the
"Subcontractor", located at (insert complete address)

WITNESSETH that the Contractor and the Subcontractor for the considerations hereafter named, agree as follows:

1. The Subcontractor agrees to furnish all labor and materials required for the completion of all work specified in Section No. of the specifications for (Name of Subtrade) and the plans referred to therein and addenda No., and for the (Complete title of project and the project number taken from the title page of the specifications) all as prepared by (Name of Architect or Engineer) for the sum of (\$) and the Contractor agrees to pay the Subcontractor said sum for said work. This price includes the following alternates:

Sup	plemental	No.	(s)	),	,	,	,	,	,	,	

- (a) The Subcontractor agrees to be bound to the Contractor by the terms of the hereinbefore described plans, specifications (including all general conditions stated therein which apply to his trade) and addenda No. , , , and , and , and to assume to the Contractor all the obligations and responsibilities that the Contractor by those documents assumes to the (Awarding Authority) , hereinafter called the "Awarding Authority", except to the extent that provisions contained therein are by their terms or by law applicable only to the Contractor.
- (b) The Contractor agrees to be bound to the Subcontractor by the terms of the hereinbefore described documents and to assume to the Subcontractor all the obligations and responsibilities that the Awarding Authority by the terms of the hereinbefore described documents assumes to the Contractor, except to the extent that provisions contained therein are by their terms or by law applicable only to the Awarding Authority.
- 2. The Contractor agrees to begin, prosecute and complete the entire work specified by the Awarding Authority in an orderly manner so that the Subcontractor will be able to begin, prosecute and complete the work described in this subcontract; and, in consideration thereof, upon notice from the Contractor, either oral or in writing, the Subcontractor agrees to begin, prosecute and complete the work described in this Subcontract in an orderly manner in accordance with completion schedules prescribed by the general contractor for each subcontract work item, based on consideration to the date or time specified by the Awarding Authority for the completion of the entire work.
- 3. The Subcontractor agrees to furnish to the Contractor, within a reasonable time after the execution of this subcontract, evidence of workers' compensation insurance as required by law and evidence of public liability and property damage insurance of the type and in limits required to be furnished to the Awarding Authority by the Contractor.
- 4. The Contractor agrees that no claim for services rendered or materials furnished by the Contractor to the Subcontractor shall be valid unless written notice thereof is given by the Contractor to the Subcontractor during the first forty (40) days following the calendar month in which the claim originated.
- 5. This agreement is contingent upon the execution of a general contract between the Contractor and the Awarding Authority for the complete work.

**IN WITNESS WHEREOF,** the parties hereto have executed this agreement the day and year first above-written.

Subcontractor							
		Ву:	Subcontractor  (Print Name)				
	SEAL	lts:	Duly Authorized				
ATTEST:	(Signature)		(Subcontractor Signature)				
Date:		Date:					
		Contractor					
		Ву	Contractor				
			(Print Name)				
	SEAL	lts	Duly Authorized				
ATTEST:	(Signature)		(Contractor Signature)				
Date:		Date:					

End of Section 00 52 73 Subcontract Agreement Form

ACORD CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE						DATE	MM.DD.YYYYY)		
THIS CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED AS A MATTER OF INFORMATION ONLY AND CONFERS NO RIGHTS UPON THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER. THIS CERTIFICATE DOES NOT AFFIRMATIVELY OR NEGATIVELY AMEND, EXTEND OR ALTER THE COVERAGE AFFORDED BY THE POLICIES BELOW. THIS CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE A CONTRACT BETWEEN THE ISSUING INSURER(S), AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OR PRODUCER, AND THE CERTIFICATE HOLDER.									
IMPORTANT: If the certificate holder the terms and conditions of the policy certificate holder in lieu of such endor	, cert	ain p	olicies may require an e						
PRODUCER				CONTA NAME:	CT				
				PHONE	n. Eutir		FAX (A.C. No:		
				E MAIL ADDRE	55		10-31-0		
								NAIC#	
				INSURER A:					
INSURED		-		INSURE					
Contractor's Legal Na	me a	and	Address	INSURE					
				INSURE					
				INSURE					
				INSURE					
COVERAGES CER	TIFIC	CATE	NUMBER:				REVISION NUMBER:		
THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE POLICIES INDICATED. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY R CERTIFICATE MAY BE ISSUED OR MAY EXCLUSIONS AND CONDITIONS OF SUCH	PERT POLI	AIN, CIES.	NT, TERM OR CONDITION THE INSURANCE AFFORD	OF AN	Y CONTRACT THE POLICIE REDUCED BY	OR OTHER IS S DESCRIBED PAID CLAIMS	DOCUMENT WITH RESPE	CT TO	WHICH THIS
NSR LTR TYPE OF INSURANCE	ADDL	SUUR	POLICY NUMBER		(MM/DD/YYYY)	(MM/DD/YYYY)	LIMI	rs	
GENERAL LIABILITY			Delian Name		Policy	Policy	EACH OCCURRENCE	\$	1,000,000
✓ COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY			Policy Number m	nust		Expiration	DAMAGE TO RENTED PREMISES (Ea occurrence)	8	100,000
CLAMS-MADE   ✓ OCCUR			be provided		Effective Date	Date must	MED EXP (Any one person)	8	5,000
_					must be	be	PERSONAL & ACY INJURY	s	1,000,000
						provided	GENERAL AGGREGATE	8	2,000,000
GENL AGGREGATE LIMT APPLIES PER POLICY					provided		PRODUCTS - COMPYOP AGG	\$	2,000,000
AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY			D-EN		Policy	Policy	COMBINED SINGLE LIMIT (Ea scodent)	s	1,000,000
✓ ANY AUTO			Policy Number m	nust	Effective	Expiration	BODILY INJURY (Per person)	\$	
ALL OWNED SCHEDULED			be provided		Date must	Date must	BODILY INJURY (Per accident)	8	
HIRED AUTOS AUTOS AUTOS AUTOS AUTOS					be provded	be	PROPERTY DAWAGE (Per accident)	\$	
Harris Harris						provided	V 47 310 4010	8	
UMBRELLA LIAD OCCUR							EACH OCCURRENCE	s	
EXCESS LIAD CLAIMS-MADE							AGGREGATE	\$	
DED RETENTION \$	1							8	
WORKERS COMPENSATION			5 ° N		Policy	Policy	✓ WC STATU- TORY LIMITS OTH		
AND EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY  ANY PROPRIETOR PARTNER EXECUTIVE  Y / N			Policy Number ma be provided	nust	Effective Date must	Expiration Date must	E.L. BACH ACCIDENT	8	100,000
OFFICERMENSER EXCLUDED? (Mandatory in NH)	N/A be						E.L. DISEASE - EA EMPLOYE	s	.100,000
If yes, describe under DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS below					be provided	be provided	E.L. DISEASE - POLICY LIMIT	8	500,000
							Bodilylinjury or Death (per occ.) Total		\$ 1,000,000
Owner's and Contractor's Protective Liability							Propety Damages Total (aggregate)		\$ 2,000,000
Builder's Risk (include here when applicable)									Completed Value
DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS / LOCATIONS / VEHIC	LES (	Attach a	ACORD 101, Additional Remarks	Schedule	, if more space is	required)			
Indicate Project Number and Title h	ere								
The State of Connecticut is an Add	itiona	al Ins	ured with respect to G	Senera	I Liability ar	nd Umbrella	a/Excess Liability Ins	urance	coverage.
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**End of Section** 00 62 16 Certificate of Insurance

# **Asbestos Abatement Liability Insurance**

DAS ■ Construction Services ■ Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

Contractor shall provide Asbestos Abatement Liability insurance with limits of no less than \$1,000,000.00 per occurrence. Such insurance shall include all operations associated with hazardous materials removal and shall be written on an occurrence basis form. The State of Connecticut shall be named as an Additional Insured.

Asbestos abatement coverage may alternatively be provided under a Commercial General Liability policy provided the policy is specifically endorsed to provide asbestos abatement coverage.

End of Section 00 62 16.1 Asbestos Attachment To Accord Form

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# ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS

WHENEVER THE FOLLOWING TERMS, OR PRONOUNS IN PLACE OF THEM, ARE USED THE INTENT AND MEANING SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS:

- **1.1 ACCEPTANCE:** The Owner's acknowledgement of the Work from the Contractor upon certification by the Construction Administrator and Architect or Engineer that all Work has been completed.
- **1.2 ADDITIONAL OR DELETED WORK:** Work required by the Department that, in the judgment of the Com-missioner, involves any addition to, deduction from, or modification of the Work required by the Contract Documents.
- **1.3 AGENCY:** The (User) Agency of the State of Connecticut having administrative authority of the facility in which the Work is being performed.
- 1.4 APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT, PARTIAL PAYMENT OR REQUISITION: Contractor's certified request for payment for completed portions of the Work and, if the Contract so provides, for materials or equipment suitably stored pending their incorporation into the Work.
- **1.5 ARCHITECT OR ENGINEER:** A sole proprietor, partnership, firm, corporation or other business organization under Contract with the Owner, commissioned to prepare Contract Drawings and Specifications, to advise the Owner and in certain cases, to perform regular inspections during construction and when authorized to perform the duties of the Construction Administrator.
- **1.6 AS-BUILT DRAWINGS:** Construction Drawings revised by the Contractor to show all significant Modifications made during the construction process.
- **1.7 BASE BID:** Monetary value stated in the Bid Proposal Form as the sum for which the Bidder offers to perform the Work described in the Bidding Documents, exclusive of adjustments for Supplemental Bids.
- **1.8 BID BOND:** Form of Bid Security executed by the Bidder as Principal and by a Surety to guarantee that the Bidder will enter into a Contract within a specified time and furnish any required bond as mandated by Connecticut General Statute Section 4b-92.
- **1.9 BIDDER:** A sole proprietor, partnership, firm, corporation or other business organization submitting a Bid on the Bid Proposal Form for the Work contemplated.
- **1.10 BIDDING DOCUMENTS:** Collectively, the Bidding Requirements and the proposed Contract Documents, including any addenda issued prior to receipt of Bids.
- **1.11 BID OR BID PROPOSAL FORM:** A complete and duly signed proposal to perform Work (or a designated portion thereof) for a stipulated sum submitted in accordance with the Bidding Documents.

- **1.12 BID SECURITY:** Certified check or Bid Bond submitted with Bid Proposal Form, which provides that the Bidder, if awarded the Contract, will execute such Contract in accordance with the requirements of the Bidding Documents.
- **1.13 BUILDER'S RISK INSURANCE:** A specialized form of property insurance which provides coverage for loss or damage to the Work pursuant to the Contract Documents.
- **1.14 CASH ALLOWANCE:** An amount established in the Contract Documents for inclusion in the Contract Sum to cover the cost of prescribed items not specified in detail, and as shown in the Allowance Schedule.
- **1.15 CERTIFICATE OF ACCEPTANCE:** A document issued by the Owner to the Contractor stating that all Work specified in the Certificate of Acceptance has been completed and accepted by the Owner.
- **1.16 CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE:** A document stating that for the portion of the Project completed, either the design portion or the construction portion, has been performed in substantial compliance with all applicable building codes.
- **1.17 CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY:** Document is-sued by the authority having jurisdiction certifying that all or a designated portion of a building is approved for its designated use
- **1.18 CERTIFICATE OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLE-TION:** A document prepared by the Architect or Engineer and approved by the Owner on the basis of an inspection stating:
  - **1.18.1** that the Work, or a designated portion thereof, is determined to be Substantially Complete;
  - 1.18.2 the date of Substantial Completion;
  - **1.18.3** the responsibilities of the Owner and the Contractor for security maintenance, heat, utilities, damage to the Work and insurance; and
  - **1.18.4** the time within which the Contractor shall complete the remaining Work.
- **1.19 CHANGE ORDER:** Written authorization signed by the Owner, authorizing a modification in the Work, an adjustment in the Contract Sum, or an adjustment in the Con-tract Time.
- **1.20 COMMISSIONER:** The State of Connecticut, Department of Construction Services (CT DCS) Commissioner acting directly or through specifically authorized CT DCS personnel or agent(s) having authority to perform duties defined in Article 25.
- **1.21 COMMISSIONING AGENT (CxA):** An independent entity under contract directly with the Owner or Owner's Representative responsible for performing the specified commissioning procedures.
- **1.22 CONSTRUCTION ADMINISTRATOR:** A sole proprietor, partnership, firm, corporation or other business organization, under Contract or employed by the Owner commissioned and/or authorized to oversee the fulfillment of all requirements

- of the Contract Documents. The authorized Construction Administrator may be a Department of Construction Services Assistant Project Manager, Department of Construction Services Project Manager, a Clerk of the Works, an Architect, a Consulting Architect, a Consulting Construction Administrator, a Consulting Engineer etc. or any other designee as authorized and identified by the Owner.
- **1.23 CONSTRUCTION CHANGE DIRECTIVE:** A written authorization signed by the Owner, directing a modification in the Work and stating a proposed basis for adjustment, if any, in the Contract Sum, Contract Time or both. Any Construction Change Directive effecting an adjustment to the Contract Sum or Contract Time shall result in a Change Order.
- **1.24 CONTRACT DOCUMENTS OR CONTRACT:** The Agreement between Owner and Contractor, Conditions of the Contract (General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, General Requirements and other Conditions), Drawings, Specifications, and Addenda issued prior to execution of the Contract, other documents listed in the Agreement and Modifications issued after execution of the Contract, all of which shall constitute the Contract.
- **1.25 CONTRACTOR OR GENERAL CONTRACTOR:** A sole proprietor, partnership, firm or Corporation, under direct Contract with the Department of Construction Services, responsible for performing the Work under the Contract Documents. Whenever the words "Contractor" or "General Contractor" are used it shall be understood to mean Contractor.
- **1.26 CONTRACTOR'S LIABILITY INSURANCE:** Insurance purchased and maintained by the Contractor that insures the Contractor for claims for property damage, bodily injury or death.
- **1.27 CONTRACT START DATE OR DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF THE WORK:** The date, specified by the Owner in the Notice to Proceed, on which the Contractor is required to start the Work.
- **1.28 CONTRACT SUM:** The sum stated in the Contract, which is the total amount payable by the Owner to the Contractor for performance of the Work under the Contract Documents.
- **1.29 CONTRACT TIME:** The period of time allotted in the Contract Documents for Substantial Completion of the Work, including authorized adjustments thereto. The Contract Time is the sum of all Working Days and Non-Working Days as further defined herein and specified in the Contract Documents.
- **1.30 DAY:** Whenever the word Day is used it shall be understood to mean calendar day stated on the Bidding Documents, unless stated otherwise.
- 1.31 DEPARTMENT OF CONSTRUCTION SERVICES (CT DCS) PROJECT MANAGER: The individual employed by the Owner, designated and authorized by the Commissioner, to be

- responsible for the overall management and oversight of the Project, and to represent the (User) Agency.
- **1.32 DIESEL VEHICLE EMMISSIONS CONTROL:** The reduction of air pollution emissions from diesel powered vehicles through the use of diesel engine emission control technologies.
- 1.33 EQUAL(S): Any deviation from the Specification which is defined as follows: A replacement for the specified material, device, procedure, equipment, etc., which is recognized and accepted as substantially equal to the first listed manufacturer or first listed procedure specified after review by the Architect/Engineer, and may be rejected or approved at the sole discretion of the Owner. All equals must be substantially equivalent to the first manufacturer or first procedure listed in the Specifications with reference to all of the following areas: the substance and function considering quality, workmanship, economy of operation, durability, and suitability for purposes intended; size, rating, and cost. The equal does not constitute a modification in the scope of Work, the Schedule, or Architect/Engineer's design intent of the specified material, device, procedure, equipment, etc.
- **1.34 FINAL INSPECTION:** Review of the Work by the Architect or Engineer and Owner to determine whether Acceptance has been achieved.
- **1.35 FINAL PAYMENT:** The last payment made by the Owner to the Contractor, made after notice of the Acceptance. Payment shall include the entire unpaid balance of the Contract Sum as adjusted by modifications.
- **1.36 GENERAL CONDITIONS:** The General Conditions of the Contract for Construction, part of Division 00 of the Specifications.
- **1.37 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS:** That part of the Contract Documents entitled General Requirements, which is Division 01 of the Specifications.
- 1.38 GUARANTEE: See Warranty.
- **1.39 LIQUIDATED DAMAGES:** A sum established in a Contract, usually as a fixed sum per Day, as the predetermined measure of damages to be paid to the Owner due to the Contractor's failure to complete the Work within the Contract Time.
- **1.40 LUMP SUM:** An item or category priced as a whole rather than broken down into its elements.
- **1.41 MOBILE SOURCE:** A source designed or constructed to move from one location to another during normal operation except portable equipment and includes, but is not limited to, automobiles, buses, trucks, tractors, earth moving equipment, hoists, cranes, aircraft, locomotives operating on rails, vessels for transportation on water, lawnmowers, and other small home appliances.
- **1.42 NON-WORKING DAYS:** All Saturdays, Sundays, Legal State Holidays (12), and any other Days identified in the

Contract Documents that the Contractor is not permitted to execute the Work. The restriction of Non-Working Days may be suspended upon the approval or direction of the Commissioner.

- **1.43 NOTICE TO BIDDER:** A notice contained in the Bidding Document informing prospective Bidders of the opportunity to submit Bids on a Project.
- **1.44 NOTICE TO PROCEED:** Written notice, issued by the Commissioner or the Commissioner's authorized representative, to the Contractor authorizing the Contractor to proceed with the Work and establishing the date for commencement of the Contract Time.
- **1.45 OWNER OR DEPARTMENT:** The State of Connecticut, Department of Construction Services acting through its Commissioner or specifically authorized Department personnel or agent.
- **1.46 OVERHEAD:** Indirect costs including: supervision (any position over the foreman), field and home office expense, insurance, and small tools and consumables.
- **1.47 PAYMENT, BOND, LABOR BOND OR MATERIAL BOND:** A bond in which the Contractor and the Contractor's surety guarantee to the Owner that the Contractor will pay for labor and materials furnished for use in the performance of the Contract, as required by Connecticut General Statutes Section 49-41.
- **1.48 PERFORMANCE BOND OR SURETY BOND:** A bond in which the Contractor and the Contractor's surety guarantee to the Owner that the Work will be performed in accordance with the Contract Documents, as required by Connecticut General Statutes Section 49-41.
- **1.49 PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATION:** A description of the desired results or performance of a product, material, assembly, procedure, or a piece of equipment with criteria for identifying the standard.
- **1.50 PLANS OR DRAWINGS:** All Drawings or reproductions of Drawings pertaining to the construction of the Work contemplated and its appurtenances.
- **1.51 PROJECT:** The total construction of which the Work performed under the Contract Documents may be the whole or a part.
- **1.52 PROJECT MANUAL:** The set of documents assembled for the Work which includes, but is not limited to, Contract Documents, Bidding Requirements, Sample Forms, General Conditions of the Contract for Construction, General Requirements, and the Specifications.
- **1.53 PROPRIETARY SPECIFICATION:** A specification that describes a product, procedure, function, material, assembly, or piece of equipment by trade name and/or by naming the manufacturer(s) or manufacturer's procedure, exact model number, item, etc., of those products acceptable to the Owner.

- **1.54 RETAINAGE:** A percentage of each Application for Payment and a percentage of the total Contract Sum retained by the Owner.
- **1.55 SCHEDULE:** A Critical Path Method (CPM) or Construction Schedule as required by the Contract Documents which shall be a diagram, graph or other pictorial or written Schedule showing all events expected to occur and operations to be performed and indicating the Contract Time, start dates, durations and finish dates as well as Substantial Completion and Acceptance of the Work, rendered in a form permitting determination of the optimum sequence and duration of each operation.
- **1.56 SCHEDULE OF VALUES:** A document furnished by the Contractor to the Architect or Engineer and Owner stating the portions of the Contract Sum allocated to the various portions of the Work, which is to be used for reviewing the Contractor's Applications for Payment.
- **1.57 SECONDARY SUBCONTRACTOR:** A sole proprietor, partnership, firm or Corporation under direct Contract with the Subcontractor to the General Contractor.
- **1.58 SENSITIVE RECEPTOR SITES:** Areas where concentrations of diesel emissions may be harmful to sensitive populations, including, but not limited to, hospitals, school and university buildings being occupied during a student semester, residential structures, daycare facilities, elderly housing, and convalescent facilities.
- **1.59 SHOP DRAWINGS:** Drawings provided to Architect or Engineer and Owner by a Contractor that illustrate construction, materials, dimensions, installation, and other pertinent information for the incorporation of an element or item into the construction as detailed Contract Documents.
- **1.60 SPECIFICATIONS:** The description, provisions and other requirements pertaining to the method and manner of performing the Work and/or to the quantities and quality of materials to be furnished under the Contract.
- **1.61 SUBCONTRACTOR:** A sole proprietor, partnership, corporation or other business organization under direct Contract with the Contractor supplying labor and/or materials for the Work at the site of the Project.
- **1.62 SUBMITTALS:** Documents including, but not limited to, samples, manufacturer's data, Shop Drawing, or other such items submitted to the Owner and Architect or Engineer by the Contractor for the purpose of approval or other action, as required by the Contract Documents.
- **1.63 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION:** The stage in the progress of the Work when the Work or designated portion thereof is sufficiently complete in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- **1.64 SUBSTITUTION:** Any deviation from the specified requirements, which is defined as follows: A replacement for

the specified material, device, procedure, equipment, etc., which is not recognized or accepted as equal to the first manufacturer or procedure listed in the Specification after review by the Architect/Engineer, and may be rejected or approved by the Owner. The Substitution is not equal to the specified requirement in comparison to the first manufacturer or first procedure listed in the Specifications in one or more of the following areas: the substance and function considering quality, workmanship, economy of operation, durability, and suitability for purposes intended; size, cost, and rating. The Substitution constitutes a modification in the scope of Work, the Schedule, or the Architect/Engineer's design intent of the specified material, device, procedure, equipment, etc.

- **1.65 SUPERINTENDENT:** The Contractor's representative at the site who is responsible for continuous field supervision, coordination, in, completion of the Work, and, unless another person is designated in writing by the Contractor to the Owner and the Construction Administrator, for the prevention of accidents.
- **1.66 SUPPLEMENTAL BID:** The monetary value stated in the Bid to be added to the amount of the Base Bid if the corresponding Work, as described in the Bidding Documents, is accepted.
- **1.67 SUPPLEMENTARY CONDITIONS:** An extension in the Bid to be added to the amount of the Base Bid if the corresponding Work, as described in the Bidding Documents, is accepted.
- **1.68 THRESHOLD LIMIT BUILDING:** Any proposed (new) structures or additions as defined by the Connecticut General Statutes Section 29-276b.
- **1.69 UNIT PRICE:** The monetary value stated by the Owner or the Contractor, as a price per unit of measurement for materials or services as described in the Contract Documents and/or Bidding Documents.
- **1.70 WARRANTY:** A written, legally enforceable assurance of specified quality or performance of a product or Work or of the duration of satisfactory performance.
- **1.71 WORK:** The construction and services required by the Contract Documents, and including all labor, materials, equipment and services provided or to be provided by the Contractor to fulfill the Contractor's obligations. The Work may constitute the whole or a part of the Project.

# ARTICLE 2 CONDITIONS OF WORK

2.1 The Contractor shall carefully examine and study the conditions under which the Work is to be performed and the site of the Work, and compare the Contract Documents with each other and to information furnished by the Owner including but not limited to the Plans and Specifications, the form of the Contract, General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, General Requirements, Bonds and all other Contract Documents associated with the Work.

- 2.2 The Contractor shall report to the Construction Administrator all errors, inconsistencies or omissions discovered. The Contractor shall not be liable to the Owner for damage resulting from errors, inconsistencies or omissions in the Contract Documents unless the Contractor recognized such errors, inconsistencies or omission and failed to report it to the Construction Administrator. If the Contractor performs any actions or construction activity knowing it involves an error, inconsistency or omission in the Contract Documents without notice to the Construction Administrator, the Contractor shall assume responsibility for such performance and related costs for the correction and shall not be allowed to submit any claim related to error, inconsistencies or omission.
- 2.3 The Contractor shall take field measurements and verify field conditions and shall carefully compare such field measurements and conditions and other information known to the Contractor with the Contract Documents before commencing activities. Errors, inconsistencies or omissions discovered shall be reported to the Construction Administrator at once; and it will be assumed that the Contractor has been satisfied as to all requirements of the Contract Documents. Any deterrent conditions at the site of the Work which are obvious and apparent upon examination of the site but are not indicated on the Plans shall be corrected by the Contractor without additional compensation.
- 2.4 In performing the Work, the Contractor must employ such methods or means as will not cause any interruption of or interference with the Work of any other Contractor, nor any inordinate disruption with the normal routine of the Owner, institution or Agency operating at the site.
- **2.5** No claims for additional compensation will be considered when additional costs result from conditions made known to, discovered by, or which should have been discovered by, the Contractor prior to Contract signing.
- **2.6** All Communications from the Contractor concerning proposed changes to the Contract Sum, Contract Time, or Work shall be in writing.
- **2.7** The Contractor shall perform the Work in accordance with the Contract Documents and approved Submittals pursuant to Article 5.

# ARTICLE 3 CORRELATION OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- **3.1** The Contract Documents are complementary, and what is called for by any one shall be as binding as if called for by all. Where discrepancies or conflict occur in the Contract Documents the following order of precedence shall be utilized:
  - **3.1.1** Amendments and addenda shall take precedence over previously issued Contract Documents.
  - **3.1.2** The Supplementary Conditions take precedence over the General Conditions.
  - **3.1.3** The General Conditions take precedence over the General Requirements.

- **3.1.4** The Specifications shall take precedence over the Plans.
- **3.1.5** Stated dimensions shall take precedence over scaled dimensions.
- **3.1.6** Large-scale detail Drawings shall take precedence over small-scale Drawings.
- **3.1.7** The Schedules contained in the Contract Documents shall take precedence over other data on the Plans.
- 3.2 Neither party to the Contract shall take advantage of any obvious error or apparent discrepancy in the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall give immediate written notification of any error or discrepancy discovered to the Construction Administrator, who shall take the necessary actions to obtain such corrections and interpretations as may be deemed necessary for the completion of the Work in a satisfactory and acceptable manner. The Contractor shall then promptly proceed under the direction of the Owner and the provisions of Article 13. The Contractor's failure to provide immediate notice shall mean the Contractor will not be entitled to any additional compensation, either monetary or Contract Time adjustment, with respect to any discrepancy.
- **3.3** Execution of the Contract by the Contractor is a representation that the Contractor has visited the site, become familiar with local conditions under which the Work is to be performed, and correlated personal observations with requirements of the Contract Documents.
- **3.4** Organization of the Specifications into divisions, sections and articles, and arrangement of Drawings, shall not control the Contractor in dividing the Work among Subcontractors or in establishing the extent of Work to be performed by any trade.
- **3.5** Unless otherwise stated in the Contract Documents, words which have well-known technical or construction industry meanings are used in the Contract Documents in accordance with such recognized meanings.

# ARTICLE 4 COMMENCEMENT AND PROGRESS OF WORK

- 4.1 The Work shall start upon the date given in the Notice to Proceed. The Contractor shall complete all the Work necessary for Final Payment, including but not limited to Substantial Completion, Contract close-out, testing and demonstration of all systems as required for Acceptance, punchlist Work, training and submission of Record Documents, manuals, Guarantees and Warranties as stated in the Contract Document.
- 4.2 Time is of the essence with respect to the Contract Time. By executing the Contract, the Contractor confirms and agrees that the Contract Time is a reasonable period to perform the Work. The Contractor shall proceed expeditiously with adequate forces and shall achieve Substantial Completion within the Contract Time. The Contractor may, at his discretion, plan to complete the Work and achieve Substantial Completion in less time than the Contract Time.

- notwithstanding, the Owner reserves the right to order Modifications to the Work in accordance with Article 13 at any time during the Contract Time.
- 4.4 The Contractor shall not be entitled to costs for delay due to Owner ordered Modifications or any other circumstances for the period of time between the Contractor's elected early completion and the end of the Contract Time. Such costs include, but are not limited to, extended home office costs, field office costs, or supervisory and management costs incurred in performance of the Work. Early completion of the Work shall not merit additional compensation.
- 4.5 If the Contractor is delayed at any time in the progress of Work by acts of God, such as fire or flood or any action, injunction or stop order issued by any court, judge or officer of the court or any other court action beyond the Owner's control, then the Contract Time may be extended by Change Order for such reasonable time as demonstrated by the Contractor's Schedule and as the Owner may determine that such event has delayed the Work. In any event, the granting of an extension of time shall be solely within the discretion of the Owner.
- **4.6** Except as otherwise may be provided herein, extensions of time shall be the Contractor's sole remedy for such delay. No payment or compensation of any kind shall be made to the Contractor for damages because of hindrance in the orderly progress of Work caused by the aforesaid causes.
- **4.7** The Contractor acknowledges that the Contract amount includes and anticipates any and all delays, whether avoidable or unavoidable, from said orders, which may issue from any court, judge, court officer, or act of God, and that such delays shall not, under any circumstances, be construed as compensable delays.
- **4.8** Any extension of the Contract Time shall be by Change Order pursuant to Article 13.
- **4.9** The Contractor shall employ a competent project manager who shall represent the Contractor. Communications given to the project manager shall be binding as if given to the Contractor. The project manager will be employed full time on the Project and be located and assigned to the Project site during and for the duration of the Work.
- **4.10** The Contractor shall employ a competent Superintendent and necessary assistants who will be in attendance at the project site during the performance of the Work.
- **4.11** Upon execution of the Contract, materials may be purchased. No material escalation costs will be valid or compensable unless the Owner directs, in writing, a delay in the procurement.

# ARTICLE 5 SUBMITTALS, PRODUCT DATA, SHOP DRAWINGS AND SAMPLES

4.3 The Contractor's early completion Schedule

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- **5.1** Contractor shall review, approve, and submit to the Construction Administrator all Submittals including but not limited to, product data, Shop Drawings, and samples, with such promptness as to cause no delay in the Work.
- **5.2** Correction or approval of such Submittals, Shop Drawings, product data and samples will be made with reasonable promptness by the Architect or Engineer. Approval will be general only and shall not relieve the Contractor from responsibility for errors in dimensions, for construction and field coordination of the Work or for any departure from the Contract Documents, unless such departure has received the Owner's written approval.
- **5.3** No Work governed by such Shop Drawings, Schedules or samples shall be fabricated, delivered or installed until approved by the Architect or Engineer.
- **5.4** No damages for delays or time extensions will be granted, even if approvals deviate from the approved Schedule.

## ARTICLE 6 SEPARATE CONTRACTS

- **6.1** The Owner reserves the right to perform Work in connection with the Contract with the Owner's own forces, or to let separate contracts relating to the Contract (Project) site or in connection with Work on adjoining sites. In such cases, the Contractor shall afford such parties reasonable opportunity for storage of materials and equipment and coordinate and connect the Work with the work on adjoining sites or other Projects, and shall fully cooperate with such parties in the matter required under Article 7 herein.
- **6.2** Contractors working in the same vicinity shall cooperate with one another and, in case of dispute, decision of the Owner shall be final and binding to all Contractors involved, including Contractors under separate Contracts.
- 6.3 The Contractor shall assume all liability, financial or otherwise, in connection with this Contract and shall protect and hold harmless the Owner from any and all damages or claims that may arise because of inconvenience or delay which the Contractor may cause other Contractors. If the Contractor experiences a loss because of the presence and operations of other Contractors working adjacent to or within the limits of the same Project, then as between the Owner and the Contractor, the Contractor shall bear such loss.
- **6.4** Insofar as possible, the Contractor shall arrange the Work and shall place and dispose of the materials being used so as not to interfere with the operations of other Contractors adjacent to or within the limits of the same Project. The Contractor shall join its Work with that of others in an acceptable manner, and perform the Work in proper accordance with that of the others.
- **6.5** In no event shall the Owner be responsible for any claim or damages that are the result of the Contractor's failure

to coordinate the Work with any other Contractor or Subcontractor.

## ARTICLE 7 COOPERATION OF TRADES

- 7.1 he Contractor shall be responsible for and shall control all activities of their Subcontractors. The Subcontractors shall consult and cooperate with one another. Each Subcontractor shall furnish all necessary information to other Subcontractors and shall lay out and install their own Work so as to avoid any delays or interference with the Work of others.
- **7.2** Any cost or changes, cutting and/or repairing, made necessary by the failure to observe the above requirements shall be borne by the party or parties responsible for such failure or neglect or their faulty Work installed.

### ARTICLE 8 DAMAGES

**8.1** The Liquidated Damages, provided in the Bidding Documents, will be assessed at two distinct times, as follows:

## 8.1.1 Liquidated Damages – Substantial Completion:

If the Contractor fails to achieve Substantial Completion of the Work by the Substantial Completion Date, and such delay is not otherwise excused under this Contract, then the Contractor agrees to pay to the Owner Liquidated Damages for the dollar amount specified in the Bid Proposal Form for this Project, for each Day beyond Substantial Completion that the Contractor fails to achieve Substantial Completion. The parties to this Contract acknowledge and agree that the actual damages that are to be anticipated as a result of the neglect, failure, or refusal of the Contractor to substantially complete the Project by the established Substantial Completion Date are uncertain in amount or extremely difficult to determine. Accordingly, the parties to this Contract do intend and in fact now agree to liquidate damages in advance and stipulate that the amount set forth in this subparagraph is reasonable and an appropriate remedy and is intended to constitute compensatory damages and does not constitute a penalty of any kind. The parties understand and agree that, by including a provision for Liquidated Damages in this Contract, or in pursuing any relief pursuant to such provision:

- .1 the parties do not intend to set a price for the privilege not to perform;
- .2 the availability of Liquidated Damages may not be relied upon as a basis for argument that the Owner has an adequate remedy at law; and
- **3** the remedies available to the Owner under this Agreement are cumulative and not exclusive.

### 8.1.2 Liquidated Damages – Acceptance:

If the Contractor fails to complete all of the Work required for Acceptance of the Work within ninety (90) Days of Substantial Completion then the Contractor agrees to pay to the Owner Liquidated Damages for the dollar amount specified in the Bid Proposal Form for each Day in excess of ninety (90) Days beyond the Substantial Completion Date that the Contractor fails achieve Acceptance. The parties to this Contract acknowledge and agree that the actual damages that are to be anticipated as a result of the failure of the Contractor to complete all of the Work required for Acceptance within ninety (90) Days of the established Substantial Completion Date are uncertain in amount or extremely difficult to determine. Accordingly, the parties to this Contract do intend and in fact now agree to liquidate damages in advance and stipulate that the amount set forth in this subparagraph is reasonable and an appropriate remedy and is intended to constitute compensatory damages and does not constitute a penalty of any kind. The parties understand and agree that, by including a provision for Liquidated Damages in this Contract, or in pursuing any relief pursuant to such provision:

- .1 the parties do not intend to set a price for the privilege not to perform;
- .2 the availability of Liquidated Damages may not be relied upon as a basis for argument that the Owner has an adequate remedy at law; and
- .3 the remedies available to the Owner under this Agreement are cumulative and not exclusive.
- **8.2** The Liquidated Damages or any portion thereof may be waived at the sole discretion of the Commissioner.
- **8.3** No payment by the Owner, either partial or final, shall be construed to waive the Owner's right to seek Liquidated Damages.
- 8.4 In the event a court determines that the Contract herein is null and void for any reason, Contractor agrees that Contractor will not seek or pursue any lawsuit or claim for damages, including, but not limited to, claims for loss of Overhead or anticipated profits, against the Owner and the Owner shall not be liable for any damages which Contractor may incur as a result of such decision. In addition, if the court enjoins the Owner from entering into or proceeding with the Contract herein, the Owner shall not be liable for any damages arising out of or relating to the award of such Contract which Contractor may have incurred as a result of the injunction.

## ARTICLE 9 MINIMUM WAGE RATES

**9.1** In accordance with the provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes Section 31-53, the following applies:

"The wages paid on an hourly basis to any person performing the work of any mechanic, laborer, or worker on the work herein contracted to be done and the amount of payment or contribution paid or payable on behalf of each such person to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (h) of this section, shall be at a rate equal to the rate customary or prevailing for the same work in the same trade or occupation in the town in which such public works project is being constructed. Any contractor who is not obligated by agreement

to make payment or contribution on behalf of such persons to any such employee welfare fund shall pay to each mechanic, laborer or worker as part of such person's wages the amount of payment or contribution for such person's classification on each payday."

**9.2** Each Contractor who is awarded a Contract on or after October 1, 2002 shall be subject to provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes, Section 31-53 as amended by Public Act 02-69, "An Act Concerning Annual Adjustments to Prevailing Wages."

No wage adjustment will be made to the Contract for any wage increase under this Article.

## ARTICLE 10 POSTING MINIMUM WAGE RATES

- **10.1** The Contractor shall post at conspicuous points on the site of the Contract a Schedule showing all determined wage rates for all trades and all authorized deductions, if any, from wages to be paid.
- **10.2** The Contractor shall provide weekly certified payrolls to the Owner for all persons working on the site.

### ARTICLE 11 CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULES

- **11.1** Unless otherwise specified in the Contract Documents, within twenty-one (21) Days from the Contract Start Date, the Contractor shall submit the following to the Owner for approval:
  - 11.1.1 A comprehensive Schedule of Submittals required by the Specifications. Said Schedule shall include Submittal dates, required approval dates and date material must be on site.
  - 11.1.2 The Contractor shall allow a minimum of 14 Days for the Owner and its agents' review of Submittals. No extension of the Contract Time shall be granted for revisions and resubmission. Further, the Contractor shall allow a minimum of eight weeks for testing and Acceptance of the Work by the Owner.
  - 11.1.3 When the Contract Documents specify a "CPM Schedule" a detailed Critical Path Method Schedule is required using software approved by the Owner and/or Construction Administrator with as many activities as necessary to make the Schedule an effective tool for planning and monitoring the progress of the Work. The Contractor shall show all pertinent activities requiring coordination between trades.
  - 11.1.4 When the Contract Documents specify a "Construction Schedule" a detailed Construction Schedule is required using software approved by the Owner as a horizontal bar chart with a separate bar for each major portion of the Work or operation to make the Schedule an effective

tool for planning and monitoring the progress of the Work.

- 11.2 Unless otherwise specified under the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall provide a monthly update of the CPM Schedule or Construction Schedule in the format required by the Owner as well as a disk of the updated Schedule and program. If, in the opinion of the Owner, the Work is falling behind Schedule, the Contractor shall submit a revised Schedule demonstrating a recovery plan to ensure Substantial Completion of the Work within the Contract Time.
- **11.3** Overtime, increased manpower, and additional shifts: If ordered by the Owner in writing, the Contractor shall work overtime, and/or add additional manpower and/or shifts:
  - **11.3.1** If the Contractor is not behind Schedule, the Owner will pay the Contractor the actual additional premium portion of the wages for overtime or additional shift work not included in the Contract price, but the Contractor shall not be entitled to Overhead and Profit.
  - **11.3.2** If the Contractor, through its sole or partial fault or neglect is behind Schedule, the Owner may order the Contractor, at the Contractor's expense, to increase its manpower or to work any overtime or additional shifts or take other action necessary to expedite the Work to meet the Project Schedule.
  - 11.3.3 If the Schedule is shown to be more than 21 Days behind in any critical activity, overtime, increase manpower and/or additional shifts shall be implemented immediately regardless of who is at fault. A disagreement over the cause of the impact will not relieve the Contractor from the obligation of complying with this Article. Once liability for the impact is determined, compensation will be determined in accordance with 11.3.1 or 11.3.2.
  - **11.3.4** The Owner reserves the right to suspend activity under Paragraph 11.3. Suspension shall be in writing and at the sole discretion of the Commissioner.
- **11.4** Requisitions for partial payment will not be processed until the Contractor has complied with this requirement.

### ARTICLE 12 PREFERENCE IN EMPLOYMENT

- 12.1 Should this Contract be for the construction or repair of any building, then in the employment of labor to perform the Work specified herein, preference shall be given to citizens of the United States, who are, and continuously for at least three (3) months prior to the date hereof, have been residents of the labor market area, as established by the State of Connecticut Labor Commissioner, in which such Work is to be done, and if no such qualified person is available, then to citizens who have continuously resided in the county in which the Work is to be performed for at least three (3) months prior to the date hereof, and then to citizens of the state who have continuously resided in the State at least three months prior to the date hereof.
- 12. Should this Contract be for a Construction Services

- Project other than for the construction, remodeling or repairing of public buildings covered by Connecticut General Statutes 31-52, then in the employment of mechanics, laborers or workmen to perform the Work specified herein, preference will be given to residents of the state who are, and continuously for at least six (6) months prior to the date hereof have been residents of this State, and if no such person is available then to residents of other states.
- 12.3 The provisions of this Article shall not apply where the state or any subdivision thereof may suffer the loss of revenue granted or to be granted from any Agency or Department of the federal government as a result of this Article or regulations related thereto.

## ARTICLE 13 COMPENSATION FOR CHANGES IN THE WORK

- 13.1 At any time, without invalidating the Contract and by a written order and without notice to the sureties, the Owner, through the Construction Administrator, may order modifications in the Work consisting of additions, deletions or other revisions. Upon request, the Contractor shall supply the Construction Administrator promptly with a detailed proposal for the same, showing quantities of and Unit Prices for the Work and that of any Subcontractor involved.
- 13.2 Modifications to the Work will be authorized by a written Change Order, or if necessary to expedite the Work, a written Construction Change Directive, issued by the Owner as provided for in Article 25. Change Orders and Construction Change Directives shall be processed in accordance with the terms of the Contract Documents. Upon receipt of the written Change Order, the Contractor shall proceed with the Work when and as directed.
- **13.3** If a Change Order makes the Work less expensive for the Contractor, the proper deductions shall be made from the Contract Sum, said deductions to be computed in accordance with the provisions listed in this Article 13.
- **13.4** The Contractor shall not be entitled to an extension of time if in the opinion of the Owner the Additional Work in conjunction with the Work can be performed without impact on the Contract Time.
- 13.5 The Contractor may request, and the Owner may grant additional Contract Time when, in the opinion of the Owner, the Contractor has demonstrated that the Additional Work cannot be performed in conjunction with the Work without impact on the original Substantial Completion and/or Acceptance (if applicable) date.
- **13.6** The amount of compensation to be paid to the Contractor for any Additional or Deleted Work that results in a Change Order shall be determined in one of the following manners:
  - 13.6.1 AMOUNT OF COMPENSATION FOR CHANGE ORDER COSTS: LABOR, EQUIPMENT, BENEFITS AND MATERIAL:

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**13.6.1.1 Unit Price:** As stated in the Contract Documents.

**13.6.1.2 Unit Price:** As subsequently agreed upon by the Contractor and Owner

13.6.1.3 Lump Sum: Agreed upon sum by the Owner and the Contractor. The Owner may rely on costs, prices, and documentation provided by the Contractor or Subcontractor in agreeing to a Lump Sum. If the Owner believes that additional information is necessary to substantiate the accuracy of the cost, the Owner reserves the right to request and receive additional information from the Contractor. The Lump Sum must be based upon the following itemized costs:

13.6.1.3.1 Labor: (Contractor's or Subcontractor's own forces) No Change Order Proposal shall be negotiated if the request is solely for the increased labor rate over those originally carried by the Contractor in its original bid. Additional foreman hours shall not be included unless additional crews are added and/or a compensable time extension is granted. Project Executive time shall not be included as a direct cost as it is part of the overhead mark-up allowed. Project manager hours shall not be included unless a compensable time extension is granted.

**13.6.1.3.2 Material:** (Actual cost to the Contractor or Subcontractor) Cost shall not be based upon list pricing unless it reflects the actual prices being paid and no discounts or other offsets are being received by the Contractor or Subcontractor. No Change Order Proposal shall be negotiated if the request is solely for the escalation of material prices over those originally carried by the Contractor in its original bid.

**13.6.1.3.3 Benefits:** (The established rates of the following benefit costs inherent to the particular labor involved):

**13.6.1.3.3.1** Workers Compensation.

**13.6.1.3.3.2** Federal Social Security.

**13.6.1.3.3.3** Connecticut Unemployment Compensation.

**13.6.1.3.3.4** Fringe Benefits.

**13.6.1.4 Rented Equipment:** (Used directly on the Work and by the Contractor's or Subcontractor's own forces).

**13.6.1.5 Owned Equipment:** (Used directly on the Work and by the Contractor's or Subcontractor's own forces). Daily rate is not to exceed 3% of the monthly rental rate as identified by a nationally recognized construction cost estimating guide or service.

#### 13.6.1.6 Small Tools:

Include items such as shovels, picks, rakes, ladders, and power tools which are expected to be utilized on a project. Trade related equipment, hand tools, and power tools normally supplied with the labor or are normally expected to be owned in the performance of the typical work for a trade are not compensable. These costs shall not be approved as part of the Direct Cost of a Change Order as they are included in the Contractor's overhead mark-up percentage.

**13.6.2 OVERHEAD AND PROFIT PERCENTAGES:** (Maximum allowable percentages applied to labor, equipment, and material)

**13.6.2.1** Contractor's mark-up for Work performed by its own forces:

Change Order Amount	Overhead and Profit
\$0 to \$ 5,000	20%
\$5,001 to \$15,000	17%
\$15,001 to \$25,000	15%
\$25,000 and greater	12%

**13.6.3 OVERHEAD AND PROFIT PERCENTAGES:** (Maximum allowable percentages applied to labor, equipment, benefits and material)

**13.6.3.1** Contractor's mark-up for Work performed by its Subcontractor's forces and not allowable for any subsidiary in which the Contractor has a majority ownership:

Change Order Amount	Overhead and Profit
\$0 and greater	6%

**13.6.4 OVERHEAD AND PROFIT PERCENTAGES:** (Maximum allowable percentages applied to labor, equipment, benefits and material) Subcontractor's mark-up for Work performed by its own forces:

Change Order Amount	Overhead and Profit
\$0 to \$ 5,000	20%
\$5,001 to \$15,000	17%
\$15,001 to \$25,000	15%
\$25,000 and greater	12%

**13.6.5 OVERHEAD AND PROFIT PERCENTAGES:** (Maximum allowable percentages applied to labor, equipment, benefits and material)

**13.6.5.1** Subcontractor's mark-up for Work performed by its Secondary Subcontractor's forces. Limited to one level (tier) below the Subcontractor and not allowable for any subsidiary in which the Subcontractor has a majority ownership.

Change Order Amount	Overhead and Profit
\$0 and greater	6%

### 13.7 BOND COSTS

13.7.1 Actual additional bonding costs associated with the value of the Change Order will be compensable only when supported by written documentation by the bonding company that the Change Order requires an increase to the original Performance, Payment, Labor or Material Bond.

**13.7.2** The Contractor shall notify the bonding company at each \$500,000 increase to the contract value as the cumulative result of change orders. A copy of the Consent of Surety must be provided to the Owner prior to the execution of any change order which exceeds each cumulative \$500,000.

**13.8** Trade discounts, rebates, and amounts received from the sales by the Contractor of surplus materials and equipment shall accrue to the Owner.

- **13.9** If the parties cannot agree upon a Lump Sum, then the Commissioner, through the Project Manager, may at the option of the Commissioner take the following action(s):
  - **13.9.1** Issue a Construction Change Directive for the Additional or Deleted Work. The amount of compensation shall be computed by the actual net costs to the Contractor determined by time and material or Unit Prices based upon the same information required in Subparagraphs 13.6.1.3.3.1 through 13.6.1.5:
    - **13.9.1.1 Labor:** (Contractor's or Subcontractor's own forces).
    - **13.9.1.2 Material:** (Used by Contractor's or Subcontractor's own forces).
    - **13.9.1.3 Benefits:** (The established rates of the following benefit costs inherent to the particular labor involved):
      - 13.9.1.3.1 Workers Compensation.
      - 13.9.1.3.2 Federal Social Security.
      - 13.9.1.3.3 Connecticut Unemployment Compensation.
      - 13.9.1.3.4 Fringe Benefits.
    - **13.9.1.4 Rented Equipment:** (Used directly on the Work and by the Contractor's or Subcontractor's own forces).
    - **13.9.1.5 Owned Equipment**: (Used directly on the Work and by the Contractor's or Subcontractor's own forces). Daily rate is not to exceed 3% of the monthly rental rate that can be identified by a nationally recognized construction cost estimating guide or service.
  - **13.9.2** Issue a Change Order adjusting the Contract Sum in the amount as determined by the Commissioner.
- **13.10** For any Change Order or Construction Change Directive the Contractor shall, when requested, promptly furnish in a form satisfactory to the Construction Administrator and the Owner a complete detailed accounting of all costs relating to the Additional Work, including but not limited to certified payrolls and copies of accounts, bills and vouchers to substantiate actual costs. Further, the Owner reserves the right to access and make copies of the Contractor's records at any time upon written request from the Commissioner.
- 13.11 Failure of the Contractor to negotiate in good faith issues of time and costs or failure to provide requested documentation within fourteen (14) Days, or a time period accepted by the Commissioner, shall constitute a waiver by the Contractor of any claim. In such cases the Owner may elect to issue a unilateral Change Order in an amount deemed to be fair and equitable by the Commissioner. The provisions hereof shall not affect the power of the Contractor to act in case of emergency, threatened injury to persons, or damage to Work on any adjoining property. In this case the Commissioner, through the Project Manager, shall issue a Change Order for such amount as the Commissioner finds to be reasonable cost of such Work.

## ARTICLE 14 DELETED WORK

- **14.1** Without invalidating any of the terms of the Contract, the Commissioner may order deleted from the Contract any items or portions of the Work deemed necessary by the Commissioner.
- **14.2** The compensation to be deducted from the Contract Sum for such deletions shall be determined in the manner provided for under the provisions of Article 13 or in the event none of the provisions of Article 13 are applicable then by the value as estimated by the Owner.

## ARTICLE 15 MATERIALS: STANDARDS

- **15.1** Unless otherwise specifically provided for in the Specifications, all equipment, materials and articles incorporated in the Work are to be new and of the best grade of their respective kinds for the purposes. Wherever in the Contract Documents a particular brand, make of material, device, or equipment is shown or specified, the first manufacturer listed in the specification section is to be regarded as the standard. When the specification is proprietary and only one manufacturer is listed, the Contractor shall use the named manufacturer and no Substitutions or Equals will be allowed.
- **15.2** Any other brand, make of material, device, equipment, procedure, etc. which is a deviation from the specified requirement is prohibited from use, but may be considered by the Owner for approval as an Equal or Substitution. The Contractor is to adhere to the specific requirements of the Contract Documents. Substitutions are discouraged and are only approved by the Commissioner as an exception.

### 15.3 Submittals – Equals and Substitution Requests:

- **15.3.1** Substitution of Materials and Equipment before Bid Opening. The Owner will consider requests for Equals or Substitutions, if made prior to the receipt of the Bid. The information on all materials shall be consistent with the information herein.
  - **15.3.1.1** Statement of Variances a statement of variances must list all features of the proposed Substitution which differ from the Drawings, Specifications and/or product(s) specified and must further certify that the Substitution has no other variant features. A request will be denied if submitted without sufficient evidence.
  - **15.3.1.2** Substitution Denial any Substitution request not complying with the above requirements will be denied. Substitution request sent after the deadline established in the Notice to Bidder will be denied.
  - **15.3.1.3** An addendum shall be issued to inform all prospective Bidders of any accepted Substitution in accordance with Owner's addenda procedures.
- 15.3.2 Substitution of Materials and Equipment After Bid Opening: Subject to the Architect or Engineer's determination, if the material or equipment is Equal to the

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one specified or pre-qualified and the CT DCS Project Manager's approval of such determination, Substitution of Material or Equipment may be allowed after the Letter of Award is issued only:

- **15.3.2.1** If the specified or pre-qualified item is delayed by unforeseeable contingencies beyond the control of the Contractor which would cause a delay in the Project completion;
- **15.3.2.2** If any specified or pre-qualified item is found to be unusable or unavailable due to a change by the manufacturer or other circumstances; or
- **15.3.2.3** If the Contractor desires to provide a more recently developed material, equipment, or manufactured model from the same named manufacturer than the one specified or pre-qualified; or **15.3.2.4** If the specified material and/or equipment inadvertently lists only a single manufacturer.
- **15.4** Contractor shall submit each request for Equal or Substitution to the Architect or Engineer who shall review each request and make the following recommendations to the Owner:
  - **15.4.1** Acceptance or non-acceptance of the adequacy of the submission and required back-up,
  - **15.4.2** Determination of the category of the request for Substitution or Equal, and
  - **15.4.3** Overall recommendation for approval or rejection of the Substitution or Equal. The determination of the category as a Substitution may be grounds for an immediate rejection by the Owner.
- 15.5 Approval of the Owner for each Equal or Substitution shall be obtained before the Contractor proceeds with the Work. The decision of the Commissioner, in this regard, shall be final and binding on the Contractor.
- 15.6 No extension of time will be allowed for the time period required for consideration of any Substitution or Equal. No extension of time will be allowed and no responsibility will be assumed by the Owner when a Contractor submits a request for Substitution or Equal, whether such request be approved or denied, and the Contractor shall not be entitled to any claim for damages for delay.
- **15.7** If the Contractor submits any request for an Equal or a Substitution, he shall bear the burden of proof that such requested Equal or Substitution meets the requirements of the Plans and Specifications.
- **15.8** The Contractor shall purchase no materials or supplies for the Work which is subject to any chattel mortgage or which are under a conditional sale or other agreement by which an interest is retained by the seller. The Contractor warrants that the Contractor has good title to all materials and supplies used by him in the Work.
- **15.9** All products and systems supplied to the State as a result of a purchase by a Contractor shall be certified that, to the best of the supplier's knowledge, there are no materials that are classified as hazardous materials being used within the assembly. Hazardous materials include, but are not limited

to, products such as asbestos, lead, and other materials that have proven to cause a health risk by their presence.

## ARTICLE 16 INSPECTION AND TESTS

- 16.1 The purpose of the inspections will be to assure that the Work is performed in accordance with the Contract Documents. These inspections shall include, but not be limited to, all inspections and testing as required by the Owner, and any authorities have jurisdiction.
- All material and workmanship, if not otherwise designated by the Specifications, shall be subject to inspection, examination and test by the Commissioner at any and all times during manufacture and/or construction and at any and all places where such manufacture and/or The Contract Documents construction is carried on. additionally identify the parties responsible for performing and paying for the required testing and inspections. All required tests performed in a laboratory will be obtained and paid for by the Owner, except when the tests show the Work to be defective. The Contractor shall pay for all the costs associated with re-tests and re-inspections for all tests and inspections which fail. The Owner will issue a deduct Change Order to recover said retesting costs from the Contractor. All other tests, unless otherwise specified, shall be made at the Contractor's expense. Notice of the time of all tests to be made at the site shall be given to all interested parties, including the Owner.
- **16.3** Without additional cost to the Owner, the Contractor shall promptly furnish facilities, labor and materials necessary to coordinate and perform operational tests and checkout of the Work. The Contractor shall furnish promptly all reasonable facilities, labor, and materials necessary to make all such testing safe and convenient.
- If, at any time before final payment and Acceptance of the Work, the Commissioner considers it necessary or advisable to examine of any portion of the Work already completed by removing or tearing out the same, the Contractor shall, upon request, furnish promptly all necessary facilities, labor, and materials. If such Work is found to be defective in any material respect, as determined by the Owner, because of a fault of the Contractor or any of the Contractor's Subcontractors, or if any Work shall have been covered without the approval or consent of the Commissioner (whether or not it is found to be defective), the Contractor shall be liable for testing costs and all costs of correction, including removal and/or demolition of the defective Work, including labor, material, and testing, including labor, material, re-testing or reinspecting, services of required consultants, additional supervision, the Commissioner's and the Construction Administrator's administrative costs, and other costs for services of other consultants.
- **16.5** Cost of Systems Commissioning Retesting: The cost to retest a pre-functional or functional test, if the Contractor is responsible for the deficiency, shall be the Contractor's. If the Contractor is not responsible, any cost

recovery for retesting costs shall be negotiated with the Contractor.

- 16.5.1 For a deficiency identified, not related to any pre-functional checklist or start-up fault, the following shall apply: The Commissioning Agent (CxA) and Construction Administrator will direct the retesting of the equipment once at no "charge" to the Contractor for their time. However, the Commissioning Agent's and Construction Administrator's time for additional testing will be charged to the Contractor.
- 16.5.2 The time for the Systems Commissioning Agent and Construction Administrator to direct any retesting required because a specific pre-functional checklist or start-up test item, reported to have been successfully completed, but determined during functional testing to be faulty, will be back charged to the Contractor.
- **16.5.3** Any required retesting by any Subcontractor shall not be considered a justified reason for a claim of delay or for a time extension by the Contractor.

## ARTICLE 17 ROYALTIES AND PATENTS

- 17.1 If the Contractor desires to use any design, device, material or process covered by a patent or copyright, the Contractor shall provide for such use by suitable legal agreement with the holder of said patent or copyright. The Contractor shall furnish a copy of this legal agreement to the Owner.
- 17.2 The Contractor shall indemnify and hold harmless the Owner and Construction Administrator for any costs, expenses and damage which it may be obliged to pay by reason of any infringement of a patent or a copyright, at any time during the prosecution or after the Final payment of the Work.

## ARTICLE 18 SURVEYS, PERMITS AND REGULATIONS

- **18.1** Unless otherwise provided for, the Contractor shall furnish surveys necessary for the execution of the Work. The Owner will furnish the Contractor with two base lines and a benchmark.
- **18.2** The Contractor shall obtain and pay for permits and licenses necessary for the execution of the Work and the occupancy and use of the completed Work.
- **18.3** The Contractor shall give all notices and comply with all laws, ordinances, rules and regulations including building and fire safety codes relating to the performance of the Work.
- 18.4 If underground utilities may be involved in part of the Work the Contractor is required to request "Call-Before-You-Dig" to verify the location of underground utilities at least (3) Working Days, as further defined under Paragraph 1.71 herein, prior to the start of any excavation. The Contractor shall also notify the Owner and Agency at least (3) Working Days prior to the start of any excavation. If "Call-Before-You-Dig" fails or refuses to respond to the Contractor's request, then the Contractor shall obtain the services of a qualified

underground utility locating firm, at no additional cost to the Owner, to verify locations of underground utilities prior to the start of any excavation. The Contractor shall be held responsible for providing safety, protecting the Work and protecting workmen as necessary to perform the Work. The Contractor shall be responsible for maintaining and protecting all original utility mark-out at no additional cost to the Owner.

## ARTICLE 19 PROTECTION OF THE WORK, PERSONS AND PROPERTY

- 19.1 The Contractor shall continuously and adequately protect the Work against damage from any cause, and shall protect materials and supplies furnished by the Contractor or Subcontractors, whether or not incorporated in the Work, and shall make good any damage unless it be due directly to errors in the Contract Documents or is caused by agents or employees of the Owner.
- **19.2** To the extent required by law, by public authority, or made necessary in order to safeguard the health and welfare of the personnel or occupants of any of the state institutions, the Contractor shall adequately protect adjacent property and persons, and provide and maintain all facilities, including but not limited, to passageways, guard fences, lights, and barricades necessary for such protection.
- 19.3 The Contractor shall take all necessary precautions for the safety of employees on the Work and shall comply with applicable provisions of federal and state safety laws and building codes to prevent accidents or injury to persons on, about, or adjacent to the premises where the Work is being performed. The Contractor shall also comply with the applicable provisions of the Associated General Contractors' "Manual of Accident Prevention in Construction", the standards of the Connecticut Labor Department and Occupational Safety and Hazard Association (OSHA).
- 19.4 The Contractor shall erect and properly maintain at all times, as required by the conditions and progress of the Work, all necessary safeguards for the protection of employees of the State and the public, and shall post danger signs warning against any dangerous condition or hazard created by such things as protruding nails, well holes, elevator hatchways, scaffolding, window openings, excavations, tripping hazards or slipping, stairways and falling materials.
- **19.5** The Contractor shall designate a qualified and responsible on-site staff person, whose duty shall be the prevention of accidents. The name and position of the designated person shall be reported to the Owner by the Contractor at the commencement of the Contract.
- 19.6 The Contractor shall at all times protect excavations, trenches, buildings, and all items of Work from damage by rain, water from melted snow or ice, surface water run off and subsurface water usual for the vicinity at the time of operations; and provide all pumps and equipment and enclosures to insure such protection.

- **19.7** The Contractor shall construct and maintain all necessary temporary drainage and provide all pumping necessary to keep excavation, basements, footings and foundations free of water.
- **19.8** The Contractor shall remove all snow and ice as may be required for access to the site and proper protection and prosecution of the Work.
- **19.9** The Contractor shall install bracing, shoring, sheathing, sheet piling, caissons and any other underground facilities as required for safety and proper execution of the Work, and shall remove this portion of the Work when no longer necessary.
- **19.10** During cold weather the Contractor shall protect all Work from damage. If low temperature makes it impossible to continue operations safely in spite of cold weather precautions, the Contractor may cease Work upon the written approval of the Commissioner.

## ARTICLE 20 TEMPORARY UTILITIES

**20.1** Unless expressly provided for otherwise in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall include in the proposed contract bid price as stated on the Bid Proposal Form, the costs of all temporary utilities required for Project completion and protection of the Work. Said temporary utilities include, but are not limited to, lighting, heating, cooling, electrical power, water, telephone, sanitary facilities, and potable water.

## ARTICLE 21 CORRECTION OF WORK

- 21.1 The Contractor shall promptly and without expense to the Owner remove from the premises all materials rejected by or unacceptable to the Commissioner as failing to conform to the Contract Documents, whether incorporated in the Work or not.
- 21.2 The Contractor shall promptly and without expense to the Owner replace any such materials, which do not conform to the Contract Documents, and shall bear the expense of making good all Work of other Contractors or Subcontractors destroyed or damaged by such removal or replacement.
- **21.3** If the Contractor, after receipt of notice from the Owner, shall fail to remove such rejected or unacceptable materials within a reasonable time as fixed in said notice, the Owner may remove and store such materials at the expense of the Contractor.
- 21.4 Such action shall not affect the obligation of the Contractor to replace and complete assembly and installation of the Work and to bear the expenses referred to above. Prior to the correction of rejected or unacceptable Work or if the Commissioner deems it inexpedient or undesirable to correct any portion of the Work which was rejected, deemed unacceptable, or not done in accordance with the Contract

Documents, the Contract Sum shall be reduced by such amount as, in the judgment of the Commissioner, shall be equitable.

- 21.5 No extension of time will be given to the Contractor for correction of rejected or unacceptable Work. All significant punchlist Work shall be completed before Substantial Completion is determined. The remaining minor punchlist Work, as determined by the Commissioner, shall be completed within ninety (90) Days of established Substantial Completion date.
- **21.6** Final Payment shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for the defects in material or workmanship.
- 21.7 Unless expressly provided for otherwise in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall remedy any rejected or unacceptable Work, and any Work found to be not conforming to the Contract Documents which is discovered within 18 Months after the date of Substantial Completion. The Contractor shall pay for any damage to other Work caused by such nonconforming Work or any damage created in correcting the nonconforming Work.

## ARTICLE 22 GUARANTEES and WARRANTIES

- **22.1** Unless expressly provided for otherwise in the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall provide a Warranty on the Work for an 18-Month period from the date of Substantial Completion. The Contractor shall warrant that the equipment, materials and workmanship are of good quality and new, unless permitted elsewhere by the Contract Documents, and that the Work shall be free from defects not inherent in the quality required or permitted and that the Work conforms to the Contract Documents.
- **22.2** Disclaimers and limitations from manufactures, Subcontractors, suppliers or installers to the Contractor shall not relieve the Contractor of the Warranty on the Work. The Contract Documents detail the related damages, reinstatement of Warranty, replacement cost and Owner's recourse.

## ARTICLE 23 CUTTING, FITTING, PATCHING, AND DIGGING

- **23.1** The Contractor will perform or will cause the Subcontractors to perform all cutting, fitting, or patching of the portion(s) of the Work that may be required to make the several parts thereof joined and coordinated in a manner satisfactory to the Commissioner and in accordance with the Plans and Specifications.
- 23.2 The responsibility for defective or ill-timed Work shall be with the Contractor, but such responsibility shall not in any way relieve the Subcontractor who performed such Work. Except with the consent of the Commissioner, neither the Contractor nor any of its Subcontractors shall cut or alter the Work of any other Contractor or Subcontractor.

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### ARTICLE 24 CLEANING UP

- **24.1** The Contractor shall, on a daily basis, keep the premises free from accumulations of waste material or rubbish.
- 24.2 Prior to Acceptance of the Work, the Contractor shall remove from and about the site of the Work, all rubbish, all temporary structures, tools, scaffolding, and surplus materials, supplies, and equipment which may have been used in the performance of the Work. If the Commissioner in his sole discretion determines that the Contractor has failed to clean the work site, the Owner may remove the rubbish and charge the cost of such removal to the Contractor. A deduct Change Order will be issued by the Owner to recover such cost.

## ARTICLE 25 ALL WORK SUBJECT TO CONTROL OF THE COMMISSIONER

- 25.1 The Commissioner hereby declares that the CT DCS Project Manager is the Commissioner's only authorized representative to act in matters involving the Owner's, and/or Architect's or Engineer's, ability to revoke, alter, enlarge or relax any requirement of the Contract Documents; to settle disputes between the Contractor and the Construction Administrator; and act on behalf of the Commissioner. In all such matters, the provisions of Articles 13 and 14 herein shall guide the CT DCS Project Manager.
- 25.2 In no event may the Contractor act on any instruction of the Agency without written consent of the Owner. In the event the Contractor acts without such consent, he does so at his own risk and at his own expense, not only for the Work performed, but for the removal of such Work as determined necessary by the Commissioner.
- **25.3** In the performance of the Work, The Contractor shall abide by all orders, directions, and requirements of the Commissioner at such time and places and by such methods and in such manner and sequence as the Commissioner may require.
- **25.4** The Commissioner shall determine the amount, quality, acceptability and fitness of all parts of the Work, shall interpret the plans, Specifications, Contract Documents and extra work orders and shall decide all other questions in connection with the Work.
- 25.5 The Contractor shall employ no plant, equipment, materials, methods, or persons to which the Commissioner objects and shall remove no plant materials, equipment, or other facilities from the site of the Work without the permission of the Commissioner. Upon request, the Commissioner shall confirm in writing any oral order, direction, requirement or determination.
- **25.6** In accordance with Section 4b-24 of the Connecticut General Statutes, the public auditors of the State of Connecticut and the auditors or accountants of the

Commissioner of Construction Services shall have the right to audit and make copies *of* the books of any Contractor employed by the Commissioner.

## ARTICLE 26 AUTHORITY OF THE CONSTRUCTION ADMINISTRATOR

- **26.1** The Construction Administrator employed by the Commissioner is authorized to inspect all Work for conformance to the Contract Documents. The Construction Administrator is authorized to reject all Work found to be defective, unacceptable and nonconforming to the Contract Documents. Such inspections and rejections may extend to all or any part of the Work, and to the preparation or manufacture of the material to be used.
- 26.2 The Construction Administrator is not empowered to revoke, alter, enlarge, or relax any requirements of the Contract Documents, or to issue instructions contrary to the Contract Documents. The Construction Administrator shall in no case act as foreman or perform other duties for the Contractor, nor shall the Construction Administrator interfere with the management of the Work by the Contractor. Any advice, which the Construction Administrator may give the Contractor, shall in no way be construed as binding the Commissioner or Owner in any way, nor releasing the Contractor from the fulfillment of the terms of the Contract.
- **26.3** In any dispute arising between the Contractor and the Construction Administrator with reference to inspection and rejection of the Work, the Construction Administrator may suspend Work on the non-compliant portion of the Work until the dispute can be referred to and decided by the Commissioner.

## ARTICLE 27 SCHEDULE OF VALUES, APPLICATION FOR PAYMENT

- 27.1 Immediately after the signing of the Contract, the Contractor shall furnish for the use of the Commissioner, as a basis for estimating partial payments, a certified Schedule of Values, totaling the Contract Sum and broken down into quantities and unit costs, as outlined in the Contract Documents and as directed by the Owner. The Schedule of Values must reflect true costs and be in sufficient detail to be an effective tool for monitoring the progress of the Work Upon request of the Commissioner; the Contractor shall supply copies of signed Contracts, vendor quotations, etc. as back up to the Schedule of Values.
- **27.2** Approval of the Schedule of Values by the Commissioner is required prior to any payment by the Owner.
- **27.3** The Schedule of Values shall include a breakdown of the Contractor's general condition costs.
- **27.3.1** Non-recurring costs, (i.e. Mobilization costs, utility hook-ups, temporary heat) will be paid at the time of occurrence.

- **27.3.2** Reoccurring costs will be paid in proportion to the percent of completion of the Project.
- **27.3.3** Further detail can be found in the General Requirements 01.29.76; paragraphs 1.3.B.4 for this project.
- **27.4** The Schedule of Values shall include a breakdown of Contract closeout costs including systems certification testing and acceptance, training, Warranties, Guarantees, As-Built Drawings and attic stock.
- **27.5** The Contractor shall make periodic applications for payment, which shall be subdivided into categories corresponding with the approved Schedule of Values and shall be in such numbers of copies as may be designated by the Commissioner.

## ARTICLE 28 PARTIAL PAYMENTS

- **28.1** Commissioner will examine the Contractor's Applications For Payments to determine, in the opinion of the Commissioner, the amounts that properly represent the value of the Work completed and the materials suitably stored on the site.
- **28.2** In making such Application For Payment for the Work, there shall be deducted <u>seven</u> and <u>one-half</u> percent (7.5%) of the amount of each Application for Payment to be retained by the Owner as Retainage until Final Completion.
  - The Commissioner has the sole discretion in 28.2.1 the determination of reduction in Retainage. At fifty percent (50%) completion of the Work the Owner shall issue a "Contractor's Performance Evaluation". If the Contractor receives a performance evaluation score of "Good" or better, then the Retainage withheld may be reduced to five percent (5%). All subsequent Applications for Payment shall be subject to five percent (5%) Retainage. Upon Substantial Completion, the Retainage may be reduced at the request of the Contractor and recommendation of the CT DCS Project Manager. In the event of a reduction in Retainage to below five percent (5%), the minimum Retainage withheld shall not be less than the CT DCS Project Manager's estimate of the remaining Work or two and one-half percent (2.5%), which ever is greater. All requests for Retainage Reduction shall be done on CT DCS Form 7048 General Contractor Retainage Reduction Request, which can be found at the end of the General Conditions.
  - **28.2.2** Subsequent to Substantial Completion, in limited circumstances, at the sole discretion of the Commissioner, a reduction of Retainage below Two and one-half percent (2.5%) may be considered.
  - **28.2.3** A "Good" Contractor's Performance Evaluation score shall be defined as a minimum total score of sixty percent (60%).
- **28.3** The decision of the Commissioner to reduce the Retainage rate will be based upon the Contractor's Performance Evaluation score for completed portions of the

- Work as set out above and other factors that the Commissioner may find appropriate as follows:
  - **28.3.1** The Contractor's timely submission of an appropriate and complete CPM Schedule or Construction Schedule and Schedule of Values, in compliance with the Contract requirements and the prompt resolution of the Owner's and/or Architect's or Engineer's comments on the submitted material resulting in an appropriate basis for progress of the Work.
  - **28.3.2** The Contractor's timely and proper submission of all Contract Document required submissions: including, but not limited to, Shop Drawings, material certificates and material samples and the prompt resolution of the Owners and/or Architect's or Engineer's comments on the submitted material, resulting in an appropriate progress of the Work.
  - **28.3.3** The Contractor's provision of proper and adequate supervision and home office support of the Project.
  - **28.3.4** The Work completed to date has been installed or finished in a manner acceptable to the Owner.
  - **28.3.5** The progress of the Work is consistent with the approved CPM Schedule or Construction Schedule.
  - **28.3.6** All approved credit change orders have been invoiced.
  - **28.3.7** All Change Order requests for pricing are current.
  - **28.3.8** The Contractor has and is maintaining a clean worksite in accordance with the Contract Documents.
  - **28.3.9** All Subcontractor payments are current at the time of reduction request.
  - **28.3.10** Contractor is compliant with set-aside provisions of the contract.
  - 28.3.2.11 Pursuant to C.G.S. Sec. 4a-101, the General Contractor shall compile evaluation information during the performance of the contract on each of its subcontractors who are performing work with a value in excess of five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000.00). The General Contractor shall complete and submit to the State of Connecticut Department of Construction Services (CT DCS) evaluations of each such subcontractor upon fifty percent (50%) completion of the project and upon Substantial Completion of the project. The General Contractor acknowledges that its failure to complete and submit these evaluations in a timely manner may, by statute; result in a delay in project funding and, consequently, payment to the General Contractor.
- **28.4** No payments will be made for improperly stored or protected materials or unacceptable Work.
- **28.5** At his or her sole discretion, the Commissioner may allow to be included in the monthly requisitions payment requests for materials and equipment stored off the site.
  - **28.5.1** In the event the Commissioner allows the Contractor to include in its requisitions payment requests for materials and equipment stored off the site, the Contractor shall also submit any additional bonds and/or insurance certificates relating to off-site stored materials

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and equipment, and follow such other procedures as may be required by the State to obtain the Commissioner's approval of such requests.

**28.5.2** The Architect or Engineer, or Construction Administrator shall have inspected said materials and equipment and recommended payment therefore. The Contractor shall pay for the cost of the Architect's or Engineer's, or Construction Administrator's time and expense in performing these inspection services.

# ARTICLE 29 DELIVERY OF STATEMENT SHOWING AMOUNTS DUE FOR WAGES, MATERIALS, AND SUPPLIES

- 29.1 For each Application for Payment under this Contract, the Owner reserves the right to require the Contractor and every Subcontractor to submit a written verified statement, in a form satisfactory to the Owner, showing in detail all amounts then due and unpaid by such Contractor or Subcontractor for daily or weekly wages to all laborers employed by it for the performance of the Work or to other persons for materials, equipment or supplies delivered at the site.
- **29.2** The term "laborers" as used herein shall include workmen, workwomen, and mechanics.
- **29.3** Failure to comply with this requirement may result in the Owner withholding the Application for Payment pursuant to Article 28.

## ARTICLE 30 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION AND ACCEPTANCE

### 30.1 Substantial Completion:

- **30.1.1** When the Contractor considers that the Work or a portion thereof is Substantially Complete, the Contractor shall request an inspection of said Work in writing to the Construction Administrator. The request shall certify that the Contractor has completed its own inspection prior to the request and that the Contractor is compliant with all requirements of Section 01 77 00 of the General Requirements. The request must also include a statement that a principal or senior executive of the Contractor is ready, willing and able to attend a walk through inspection with the Architect or Engineer.
- **30.1.2** Upon receipt of the request, the Architect or Engineer, Construction Administrator and Owner, will make an inspection to determine if the Work or designated portion thereof is Substantially Complete. A principal or senior executive of the Contractor shall accompany the Architect or Engineer during each inspection/re-inspection. If the inspection discloses any item, whether or not included on the inspection list, which is not in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall, before issuance of the Certificate of Substantial Completion, complete or correct such item.
- **30.1.3** The Contractor shall then submit a request for another inspection. The determination of Substantial Completion is solely within the discretion of the Owner. Any

costs for re-inspection beyond one, shall be at the expense of the Contractor and such costs will be recovered by issuance of a credit Change Order. When the Work or designated portion thereof is determined to be Substantially Complete, the Contractor will be provided a Certificate of Substantial Completion from the Owner. The Certificate of Substantial Completion shall establish the date when the responsibilities of the Contractor for security, maintenance, heat, utilities, damage to the Work, and insurance, are transferred to the Owner and shall fix the time within which the Contractor shall finish all items on the inspection list accompanying the Certificate. If the punch list is not complete in 90 Days, the Owner reserves the right to complete the outstanding punch list items with their own forces or by awarding separate contracts and to deduct the cost thereof from the amounts remaining due to the Contractor.

**30.1.4** The Certificate of Substantial Completion shall be signed by the Construction Administrator, Owner, and Architect or Engineer. Upon Substantial Completion of the Work or designated portion thereof and upon application by the Contractor and certification by the Construction Administrator and Architect or Engineer, the Owner shall make payment reflecting adjustment in Retainage, if any, for such Work or portion thereof as provided in the Contract Documents.

#### 30.2 Acceptance:

- **30.2.1** Upon completion of the Work, the Contractor shall forward to the Construction Administrator a written notice that the Work is ready for inspection and Acceptance.
- **30.2.2** When the Work has been completed in accordance with terms and conditions of the Contract Document as determined by the Owner a Certificate of Acceptance shall be issued by the Owner.

#### ARTICLE 31 FINAL PAYMENT

- **31.1** The Owner reserves the right to retain for a period of thirty (30) Days after filing of the Certificate of Acceptance the amount therein stated less all prior payments and advances whatsoever to or for the account of the Contractor.
- **31.2** All prior estimates and payments, including those relating to extra or additional Work, shall be subject to correction by the Final Payment.
- **31.3** No Application for Payment, Final or Partial, shall act as a release to the Contractor or the Contractor's sureties from any obligations under this Contract.
- **31.4** The Architect or Engineer and Construction Administrator will promptly issue the Certificate for Payment, stating that to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, and on the basis of their observations and inspections, the Work has been completed in accordance with terms and conditions of the Contract Documents and that the entire balance found to be due the Contractor and noted in said Final Payment is due and payable.

- **31.5** Final Payment shall not be released until a Certificate of Acceptance and a Certificate of Compliance have been issued.
- **31.6** Neither Final Payment nor any Retainage shall become due until the Contractor submits to the Owner the following:
  - **31.6.1** An affidavit that payrolls, bills for materials and equipment, and other indebtedness connected with the Work for which the Owner or the Owner's property might be responsible or encumbered (less amounts withheld by Owner) have been paid or otherwise satisfied.
  - **31.6.2** A certificate evidencing that insurance required by the Contract Documents to remain in force after Final Payment is currently in effect and will not be canceled or allowed to expire without at least 30 Days prior written notice to the Owner.
  - **31.6.3** A written statement that the Contractor knows of no substantial reason that the insurance will not be renewable to cover the period required by the Contract Documents.
  - **31.6.4** Written consent of surety, if any, to Final Payment.
  - 31.6.5 If required by the Owner, other data establishing payment or satisfaction of obligations, such as receipts, releases and waivers of liens, claims, security interests or encumbrances arising out of the Contract, to the extent and in such form as may be designated by the Owner. If a Subcontractor refuses to furnish a release or waiver required by the Owner, the Contractor may furnish a bond satisfactory to the Owner to indemnify the Owner against such lien. If such lien remains unsatisfied after payments are made, the Contractor shall refund to the Owner all money that the Owner may be compelled to pay in discharging such lien, including all costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

## ARTICLE 32 OWNER'S RIGHT TO WITHHOLD PAYMENTS

- **32.1** The Commissioner may withhold a portion of any Payment due the Contractor that may, in the judgment of the Commissioner, be necessary:
  - **32.1.1** To assure the payment of just claims then due and unpaid to any persons supplying labor or materials for the Work.
  - **32.1.2** To protect Owner from loss due to defective, unacceptable or non-conforming Work not remedied by the Contractor.
  - **32.1** To protect the Owner from loss due to injury to persons or damage to the Work or property of other Contractors, Subcontractors, or others caused by the act or neglect of the Contractor or any of its Subcontractors.
- **32.2** The Owner shall have the right to apply any amount withheld under this Article as the Owner may deem proper to satisfy protection from claims. The amount withheld shall be considered a payment to the Contractor.
- **32.3** The Owner has the right to withhold payment if the Contractor fails to provide accurate submissions of Submittals,

- up date the status including but not limited to the following: As-Built Drawings, request for information (RFI) log, Schedule, submittal log, Change Order log, certified payrolls and daily reports and all other requirement of the Contract Documents.
- **32.4** If a Subcontractor refuses to furnish a release or waiver required by the Owner, the Contractor may furnish a bond satisfactory to the Owner to indemnify the Owner against such lien. If such lien remains unsatisfied after payments are made, the Contractor shall refund to the Owner all money that the Owner may be compelled to pay in discharging such lien, including all costs and reasonable attorney's fees.

## ARTICLE 33 OWNER'S RIGHT TO STOP WORK OR TERMINATE CONTRACT

- **33.1** The Commissioner shall have the authority to suspend the Work wholly or in part, for such period or periods as the Commissioner considers being in the best interests of the State, or in the interests of public necessity, convenience or safety. During such periods the Contractor shall store all materials and equipment, in such a manner to prevent the materials and equipment from being damaged in any way, and the Contractor shall take precautions to protect the Work from damage.
- **33.1.1** If the Commissioner, in writing, orders the performance of all or any portion of the Work to be suspended or delayed for an unreasonable period of time (i.e. not originally anticipated, customary, or inherent in the construction industry) and the Contractor believes that additional compensation and/or Contract Time is due as a result of such suspension or delay, the Contractor shall submit to the Commissioner in writing a request for a Contract adjustment within 7 Days of receipt of the notice to resume Work. The request shall set forth the specific reasons and support for said adjustment.
- **33.1.2** The Commissioner shall evaluate any such requests received. If the Commissioner agrees that the cost and/or time required for the performance of the Contract has increased as a result of such suspension and that the suspension was caused by conditions beyond the control of and not the fault of the Contractor, its suppliers, or Subcontractors, and was not caused by weather, then the Commissioner will make a reasonable adjustment, excluding profit, of the Contract terms. The Commissioner will notify the Contractor of the determination as to what adjustments of the Contract, if any, that the Commissioner deems warranted.
- **33.1.3** No Contract adjustment will be made unless the Contractor has submitted the request for adjustment within the time prescribed.
- **33.1.4** No Contract adjustment will be made under this Article to the extent that performance would have been suspended or delayed by any other cause within the Contractor's control or by any factor for which the Contractor is responsible under the Contract; or that such an adjustment is provided for or excluded under other term or condition of this Contract.
- 33.2 Notwithstanding any provision or language in the

Contract to the contrary, the State may terminate the Contract whenever the Commissioner determines at his sole discretion that such termination is in the best interests of the State. Any such termination shall be effected by delivery to the Contractor of a written Notice of Termination specifying the extent to which performance of Work under the Contract is terminated, and the date upon which such termination shall be effective.

- **33.2.1** In the event of such termination, the Contractor shall be entitled to reasonable compensation as determined by the Commissioner, however, no claim for lost Overhead or profits shall be allowed.
- **33.2.2** All Work and materials obtained by the Contractor for the Work, that have been incorporated into the Work, inspected, tested as required, accepted by the Commissioner, and paid for by the State, shall become the property of the State.
- **33.2.3** Materials obtained by the Contractor for the Work that have been inspected, tested as required, and accepted by the Commissioner, and that are not incorporated into the Work, shall, at the option of the Commissioner, be purchased from the Contractor at actual cost as shown by receipted bills. To this cost shall be added all actual costs for delivery at such points of delivery as may be designated by the Commissioner, as shown by actual cost records.
- **33.2.4** Termination of the Contract shall not relieve the Contractor or its Surety of their responsibilities for the completed Work, nor shall it relieve the Contractor's Surety of its obligations to ensure completion of the Work and to pay legitimate claims arising out of Work.

## ARTICLE 34 SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING OF CONTRACT

- **34.1** The Contract or any portion thereof, or the Work provided for therein, or the right, title, or interest of the Contractor therein may not be sublet, sold, transferred, assigned, or otherwise disposed of to any person, firm, or corporation without the written consent of the Commissioner.
- **34.2** No person, firm, or corporation other than the Contractor to whom the Contract was awarded shall be permitted to commence Work at the site of the Contract until such consent has been granted.

## ARTICLE 35 CONTRACTOR'S INSURANCE

35.1 The Contractor shall not start Work under the Contract until they have obtained insurance as stated in SECTIONS 00 62 16 CERTIFICATE OF INSURANCE and 00 40 13 BID PROPOSAL FORM, subsections 4.4.2 and 4.4.3, of the Project Manual and until the insurance has been approved by the Owner. The Contractor shall not allow any Subcontractor to start Work until the same insurance has been obtained by the Subcontractor and approved by the Owner or the Contractor's insurance provides coverage on behalf of the Subcontractor. The Contractor shall send Certificates of Liability Insurance to the Bidding and Contracts Unit, Department of Construction Services, 165 Capitol Avenue, Room G-35, Hartford, CT 06106 unless otherwise directed in

writing. Presented below is a narrative summary of the insurance required.

- **35.1.1 Commercial General Liability** Insurance including contractual liability, products/completed operations, broad form property damage and independent Contractors. The limits shall be no less than \$1,000,000 each occurrence and \$2,000,000 annual aggregate. Coverage for hazards of explosion, collapse and underground (X-C-U) and for asbestos abatement when applicable to this Contract, must also be included when applicable to the Work to be performed. The State of Connecticut, the Department of Construction Services, and their respective officers, agents, and employees shall be named as an Additional Insured. This coverage shall be provided on a primary basis.
- **35.1.2** Owner's and Contractor's Protective Liability insurance providing a total limit of \$1,000,000 for all damages arising out of bodily injury or death of persons in any one accident or occurrence and for all damages arising out of injury or destruction of property in any one accident or occurrence and subject to a total (aggregate) limit of \$2,000,000 for all damages arising out of bodily injury to or death of persons in all accidents or occurrences and out of injury to or destruction of property during the policy period. This coverage shall be for and in the name of the State of Connecticut.
- **35.1.3 Automobile Liability** The operation of all motor vehicles including those owned, non-owned and hired or used in connection with the Contract shall be covered by Automobile Liability insurance providing for a total limit of \$1,000,000 for all damages arising out of bodily injuries to or death of all persons in any one accident or occurrence and for all damages arising out of injury to or destruction of property in any one accident or occurrence. In cases where an insurance policy shows an aggregate limit as part of the automobile liability coverage, the aggregate limit must be at least \$2,000,000. This coverage shall be provided on a primary basis. Should the Contractor not own any automobiles, the automobile & liability requirement shall be amended to allow the Contractor to maintain only hired and non-owned liability coverage.
- **35.1.4** Excess Liability (Other than Umbrella Form) insurance in the amount of \$5,000,000 for bids of \$1,000,000 \$10,000,000 and in the amount of \$10,000,000 for bids of \$10,000,001 \$20,000,000. Refer to Section 00 92 00 Amendments of the Project Manual for Excess Liability insurance requirements for bids exceeding \$20,000,000.
- **35.1.5** Workers' Compensation and Employer's Liability as required by Connecticut Law and Employers' Liability with a limit of not less than \$100,000 per occurrence, \$500,000 disease policy limit and \$100,000 disease each employee. When Work is on or contiguous to navigable bodies of waterways and ways adjoining, the Contractor shall include the Federal Act endorsement for the U.S. Longshoremen's and Harbor Workers Act.

- **35.1.6 Special Hazards Insurance**, if required, will be stated in SECTION 00 40 13 BID PROPOSAL FORM, subsection 4.4.2 of this Project Manual. This includes coverage for explosion, collapse or underground damage and for asbestos abatement when applicable to this Contract and shall be no less than \$1,000,000 each occurrence.
- **35.1.7 Builder's Risk Insurance**, if required, will be stated in Section 00 40 13 Bid Proposal Form, subsection 4.4.3 of this Project Manual.
- **35.1.8 Inland Marine/Transit Insurance**: With respect to property with values in excess of \$100,000 which is rigged, hauled or situated at the site pending installation, the Contractor shall maintain inland marine/transit insurance provided the coverage is not afforded by a Builder's Risk policy.
- **35.1.9** When required to be maintained, the Builder's Risk and/or Inland Marine/Transit Insurance policy shall endorse the State of Connecticut as a Loss Payee and the policy shall state it is for the benefit of and payable to the State of Connecticut.
- 35.2 Satisfying Limits Under an Umbrella Policy: If necessary, the Contractor may satisfy the minimum limits required above for either Commercial General Liability, Automobile Liability, and Employer's Liability coverage under an Umbrella or Excess Liability policy. The underlying limits may be set at the minimum amounts required by the Umbrella or Excess Liability policy provided the combined limits meet at least the minimum limit for each required policy. The Umbrella or Excess Liability policy shall have an Annual Aggregate at a limit not less than two (2) times the highest per occurrence minimum limit required above for any of the required coverages. The State of Connecticut shall be specifically endorsed as an Additional Insured on the Umbrella or Excess Liability policy, unless the Umbrella or Excess Liability policy provides continuous coverage to the underlying policies on a complete "Follow-Form" basis.
- **35.3** The Contractor shall, at its sole expense, maintain in full force and effect at all times during the life of the Contract or the performance of Work hereunder, insurance coverage as described herein. Certificates shall include a minimum thirty (30)-day endeavor to notify requirement to the Owner prior to any cancellation or non-renewal.
- **35.4** The Contractor shall be fully and solely responsible for any costs or expenses as a result of a coverage deductible, coinsurance penalty, or self-insured retention, including any loss not covered because of the operation of such deductible, coinsurance penalty, or self-insured retention.
- **35.5** The requirement contained herein as to types and limits of insurance coverage to be maintained by the Contractor are not intended to and shall not in any manner limit or qualify the liabilities and obligations assumed by the Contractor.

Hold Harmless Provisions: The Contractor shall at all times indemnify and save harmless the State of Connecticut, the Department of Construction Services, and their respective officers, agents, and employees, on account of any and all claims, damages, losses, litigation, expenses, counsel fees and compensation arising out of injuries (including death) sustained by or alleged to have been sustained by the officers, agents, and employees of said State or Department, or of the Contractor, his Subcontractor, or materialmen and from injuries (including death) sustained by or alleged to have been sustained by the public, any or all persons on or near the Work, or by any other person or property, real or personal (including property of said State or Department) caused in whole or in part by the acts, omissions, or neglect or the Contractor including, but not limited to, any neglect in safeguarding the Work or through the use of unacceptable materials in constructing the Work of the Contractor, any Subcontractor, materialman, or anyone directly employed by them or any of them while engaged in the performance of the Contract, including the entire elapsed time from the date of the Notice to Proceed or the actual Commencement Of The Work whichever occurs first until its completion as certified by the Department of Construction Services.

### ARTICLE 36 FOREIGN MATERIALS

- **36.1** Preference shall be given to articles or materials manufactured or produced in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, (the members of the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA)); and the products shall meet all of the referenced standards and Specifications for conditions of performance, quality, and price with duty being equal.
- **36.2** Only articles or materials manufactured or produced in the United States, Canada, and Mexico, (the members of the North American Free Trade Agreement (NAFTA)), will be allowed. The foregoing provisions shall not apply to foreign articles or materials required by the Contract Documents.

### ARTICLE 37 HOURS OF WORK

- 37.1 No person shall be employed to work or be permitted to work more than eight (8) hours in any Day or more than forty (40) hours in any week for any Work provided in the Contract, in accordance with Connecticut General Statute Section 31-57.
- **37.2** The operation of such limitation of hours of work may be suspended during an emergency, upon the approval of the Commissioner, in accordance with Connecticut General Statute Section 31-57.

### ARTICLE 38 CLAIMS

**38.1 General:** When filing a formal claim under Section 4-61 (referred to as "Section 4-61" below) of the Connecticut

General Statutes (as revised), either as a lawsuit in the Superior Court or as a demand for arbitration, the Contractor must follow the procedures and comply with the requirements set forth in this Article. This Section does not, unless so specified, govern informal claims for additional compensation which the Contractor may bring before the Department. The Contractor should understand, however, that the Department may need, before the Department can resolve such a claim, the same kinds of documentation and other substantiation that it requires under this Article. It is the intent of the Department to compensate the Contractor for actual increased costs caused by or arising from acts or omissions on the part of the Department that violate legal or contractual duties owed to the Contractor by the Department.

**38.2 Notice of Claim:** Whenever the Contractor intends to file a formal claim against the Department under Section 4-61, seeking compensation for additional costs, the Contractor shall notify the Commissioner in writing (in strict compliance with Section 4-61) of the details of said claim. Such written notice shall contain all pertinent information described in Paragraph 38.5 below.

Once formal notice of a claim under Section 4-61(b) (as revised) has been given to the Commissioner, the claimant may not change the claim in any way, in either concept or monetary amount, (1) without filing a new notice of claim and demand for arbitration to reflect any such change, and (2) without the minimum period of six months after filing of the new demand commencing again and running before any hearing on the merits of the claim may be held. The only exception to this limitation will be for damages that continue to accrue after submission of the notice, in ways described and anticipated in the notice.

- **38.3 Record Keeping:** The Contractor shall keep daily records of all costs incurred in connection with its Work on behalf of the Department. The daily records shall identify each aspect of the Project affected by matters related to any claim for additional compensation that the Contractor has filed, intends to file, or has reason to believe that it may file against the Department; the specific Project locations where Project work has been so affected; the number of people working on the affected aspects of the Project at the pertinent time(s); and the types and number of pieces of equipment on the Project site at the pertinent time(s). Any potential or anticipated effect on the Project's progress or Schedule which may result in a claim by the Contractor shall be noted contemporaneously with the cause of the effect, or as soon thereafter as possible.
- **38.4** Claim Compensation: The payment of any claim, or any portion thereof, that is deemed valid by the Department shall be made in accordance with the following provisions of this Article:
- **38.4.1** Compensable Items: The liability of the Department for claims will be limited to the following specifically identified items of cost, insofar as they have not otherwise been paid for by the Department, and insofar as they were caused solely by the actions or omissions of the Department or its agents (except that with regard to payment for extra work, the Department will pay to the Contractor the Overhead and profit percentages provided for in Article 13.):

- 38.4.1.1 Additional Project-site labor expenses.
- 38.4.1.2 Additional costs for materials.
- **38.4.1.3** Additional, unabsorbed Project-site Overhead (e.g., for mobilization and demobilization).
- 38.4.1.4 Additional costs for active equipment.
- **38.4.1.5** For each Day of Project delay or suspension caused solely by actions or omissions of the Department either:
  - **38.4.1.5.1** an additional ten percent (10%) of the total amount of the costs identified in Subparagraphs 38.4.1.1 through 38.4.1.4 above; except that if the delay or suspension period prevented the Contractor from incurring enough Project costs under Subparagraphs 38.4.1.1 through 38.4.1.4 during that period to require a payment by the Department that would be greater than the payment described in Subparagraph 38.4.1.5.2 below, then the payment for affected home office Overhead and profit shall instead be made in the following *per diem* amount:
  - **38.4.1.5.2** six percent (6%) of the original total Contract amount divided by the original number of Days of Contract Time. Payment under either 38.4.1.5.1 or 38.4.1.5.2 hereof shall be deemed to be complete and mutually satisfactory compensation for any unabsorbed home office overhead and any profit related to the period of delay or suspension.
- **38.4.1.6** Additional equipment costs. Only actual equipment costs shall be used in the calculation of any compensation to be made in response to claims additional Project compensation. equipment costs shall be based upon records kept in the normal course of business and in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Under no circumstances shall Blue Book or other guide or rental rates be used for this purpose (unless the Contractor had to rent the equipment from an unrelated party, in which case the actual rental charges paid by the Contractor, so long as they are reasonable, shall be used). Idle equipment, for instance, shall be paid for based only on its actual cost to the Contractor.
- **38.4.1.7** Subcontractor costs limited to, and determined in accordance with, Subparagraphs 38.4.1.1 through 38.4.1.5 above and applicable statutory and case law. Such Subcontractor costs may be paid for by the Department only: (a) in the context of an informal claims settlement; or (b) if the Contractor has itself paid or legally assumed, present unconditional liability for those Subcontractor costs.
- **38.4.2 Excusable But Not Compensable Items:** The Contractor may be allowed Days but the Department will have no liability for the following non-compensable items:
  - 38.4.2.1 Abnormal or unusually severe weather
  - 38.4.2.2 Acts of God
  - 38.4.2.3 Force Majeure
  - 38.4.2.4 Concurrent Delay

**38.4.3 Non-Compensable Items:** The Department will have no liability for the following specifically-identified noncompensable items:

38.4.3.1	Profit, in excess of that provided for
herein.	

- 38.4.3.2 Loss of anticipated profit.38.4.3.3 Loss of bidding opportunities.38.4.3.4 Reduction of bidding capacity.
- **38.4.3.5** Home office overhead in excess of that provided for in Subparagraph 38.4.1.5 hereof.
- **38.4.3.6** Attorneys fees, claims preparation expenses, or other costs of claims proceedings or resolution.
- **38.4.3.7** Subcontractor failure to perform **38.4.3.8** Any other consequential or indirect expenses or costs, such as tort damages, or any other form of expense or damages not provided for in these specifications or elsewhere in the Contract.
- **38.5** Required Claim Documentation: All claims shall be submitted in writing to the Commissioner, and shall be sufficient in detail to enable the Department to ascertain the basis and the amount of each claim, and to investigate and evaluate each claim in detail. As a minimum, the Contractor must provide the following information for each and every claim and sub-claim asserted:
  - **38.5.1** detailed factual statement of the claim, with all dates, locations and items of Work pertinent to the claim.
  - **38.5.2** A statement of whether each requested additional amount of compensation or extension of time is based on provisions of the Contract or on an alleged breach of the Contract. Each supporting or breached Contract provision and a statement of the reasons why each such provision supports the claim must be specifically identified or explained.
  - **38.5.3** Excerpts from manuals or other texts which are standard in the industry, if available, that support the Contractor's claim.
  - **38-5.4** The details of the circumstances that gave rise to the claim.
  - **38.5.5** The date(s) on which any and all events resulting in the claim occurred, and the date(s) on which conditions resulting in the claim first became evident to the Contractor.
  - **38.5.6** Specific identification of any pertinent document, and detailed description of the substance of any material oral communication, relating to the substance of such claim.
  - **38.5.7** If an extension of time is sought, the specific dates and number of Days for which it is sought, and the basis or bases for the extension sought. A critical path method, bar chart, or other type of graphical schedule that supports the extension must be submitted.
  - **38.5.8** When submitting any claim over \$50,000, the Contractor shall certify in writing, under oath and in accordance with the formalities required by the contract, as to the following:
    - **38.5.8.1** That supporting data is accurate and complete to the Contractor's best knowledge and belief;

- **38.5.8.2** That the amount of the dispute and the dispute itself accurately reflects what the Contractor in good faith believes to be the Department's liability;
- **38.5.8.3** The certification shall be executed by:
  - **38.5.8.3.1** If the Contractor is an individual, the certification shall be executed by that individual.
  - **38.5.8.3.2** If the Contractor is not an individual, the certification shall be executed by a senior company official in charge at the Contractor's plant or location involved or an officer or general partner of the Con-tractor having overall responsibility for the conduct of the Contractor's affairs.
- Auditing of Claims: All claims filed against the Department shall be subject to audit by the Department or its agents at any time following the filing of such claim. The Contractor and its Subcontractors and suppliers shall cooperate fully with the Department's auditors. Failure of the Contractor, its Subcontractors, or its suppliers to maintain and retain sufficient records to allow the Department or its agents to fully evaluate the claim shall constitute a waiver of any portion of such claim that cannot be verified by specific, adequate, contemporaneous records, and shall bar recovery on any claim or any portion of a claim for which such verification is not produced. Without limiting the foregoing requirements, and as a minimum, the Contractor shall make available to the Department and its agents the following documents in connection with any claim that the Contractor submits:
  - **38.6.1** Daily time sheets and foreman's daily reports.
  - **38.6.2** Union agreements, if any.
  - **38.6.3** Insurance, welfare, and benefits records.
  - 38.6.4 Payroll register.
  - 38.6.5 Earnings records.
  - 38.6.6 Payroll tax returns.
  - **38.6.7** Records of property tax payments.
  - **38.6.8** Material invoices, purchase orders, and all material and supply acquisition contracts.
  - **38.6.9** Materials cost distribution worksheets.
  - **38.6.10** Equipment records (list of company equipment, rates, etc.).
  - **38.6.11** Vendor rental agreements.
  - **38.6.12** Subcontractor invoices to the Contractor, and the Contractor's certificates of payments to Subcontractors.
  - 38.6.13 Subcontractor payment certificates.
  - 38.6.14 Canceled checks (payroll and vendors).
  - **38.6.15** Job cost reports.
  - 38.6.16 Job payroll ledger.
  - **38.6.17** General ledger, general journal (if used), and all subsidiary ledgers and journals, together with all supporting documentation pertinent to entries made in these ledgers and journals.
  - 38.6.18 Cash disbursements journals.

- **38.6.19** Financial statements for all years reflecting the operations on the Project.
- **38.6.20** Income tax returns for all years reflecting the operations on the Project.
- **38.6.21** Depreciation records on all company equipment, whether such records are maintained by the company involved, its accountant, or others.
- **38.6.22** If a source other than depreciation records is used to develop costs for the Contractor's internal purposes in establishing the actual cost of owning and operating equipment, all such other source documents.
- **38.6.23** All documents which reflect the Contractor's actual profit and overhead during the years that the Project was being performed, and for each of the five years prior to the commencement of the Project.
- **38.6.24** All documents related to the preparation of the Contractor's bid, including the final calculations on which the total proposed Contract bid price as stated in the Bid Proposal Form was based.
- **38.6.25** All documents which relate to the claim or to any sub-claim, together with all documents that support the amount of damages as to each claim or sub-claim.
- **38.6.26** Worksheets used to prepare the claim, which indicate the cost components of each item of the claim, including but not limited to the pertinent costs of labor, benefits and insurance, materials, equipment, and Subcontractors' damages, as well as all documents which establish the relevant time periods, individuals involved, and the Project hours and the rates for the individuals.
- **38.6.27** The name, function, and pertinent activity of each Contractor's or Subcontractor's official, or employee, in volved in or knowledgeable about events that give rise to, or facts that relate to, the claim.
- **38.6.28** The amount(s) of additional compensation sought and a break-down of the amount(s) into the categories specified as payable under Paragraph 38.4 above.
- **38.6.29** The name, function, and pertinent activity of each Department official, employee, or agent involved in or knowledgeable about events that give rise to, or facts that relate to, the claim.

## ARTICLE 39 DIESEL VEHICLE EMISSIONS CONTROL

- **39.1** The Contractor shall be responsible for compliance with the following provisions:
  - 39.1.1 All Contractor and Subcontractor diesel powered non-road construction equipment with engine horsepower (HP) ratings of 60 HP and above, that are on the Project or are assigned to the Contract for a period in excess of 30 consecutive Days, shall be retrofitted with emission control devices in order to reduce diesel emissions. In addition, all motor vehicles and/or construction equipment (both on-highway and non-road) shall comply with all pertinent State and Federal regulations relative to exhaust emission controls and safety.

- **39.1.2** Retrofit emission control devices shall consist of oxidation catalysts, or similar retrofit equipment control technology that is:
  - **39.1.2.1** Included on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) "Verified Technology List," as may be amended from time to time <a href="http://www.epa.gov/otaq/retrofit/retroverifiedlist.htm">http://www.epa.gov/otaq/retrofit/retroverifiedlist.htm</a> and
  - **39.1.2.** Verified by EPA to provide a minimum emissions reduction of 20% particulate matter ( $PM_{10}$ ), 40% carbon monoxide (CO), and 50% hydrocarbons (HC).
- **39.1.3** Construction shall not proceed until all diesel powered non-road construction equipment meeting the criteria in provision 39.1.1 have been retrofitted, unless the Commissioner grants a waiver under provision 39.2.
- **39.1.4** The Contractor shall at least monthly, assess which diesel powered non-road construction equipment are subject to these provisions. The Contractor shall notify the CT DCS Project Manager of any violations of these provisions.
- **39.1.5** Idling of delivery and/or dump trucks, or other diesel powered equipment shall be limited to three (3) minutes during non-active use in accordance with the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies Section 22a-74-18(b)(3)(C), which states, in part:

"[N]o person shall cause or allow a Mobile Source to operate for more than three (3) consecutive minutes when such Mobile Source is not in motion, except as follows:

- When a Mobile Source is forced to remain motionless because of traffic conditions or mechanical difficulties over which the operator has no control,
- When it is necessary to operate defrosting, heating or cooling equipment to ensure the safety or health of the driver or passengers,
- When it is necessary to operate auxiliary equipment that is located in or on the Mobile Source to accomplish the intended use of the Mobile Source, (To bring the Mobile Source to the manufacturer's recommended)
- When a Mobile Source is in queue to be inspected by U.S. military personnel prior to gaining access to a U.S. military installation."
- **39.1.6** All Work shall be conducted to ensure that no harmful effects are caused to adjacent Sensitive Receptor Sites. Diesel powered engines shall be located away from fresh air intakes, air conditioners, and windows.
- **39.1.7** If any diesel powered non-road construction equipment is found to be in non-compliance with these provisions by the CT DCS Project Manager, the Contractor will be issued a Non-Conformance Notice and given a 24 hour period in which to bring the equipment into compliance or remove it from the Project. The Contractor's failure to comply with these provisions shall be reason to withhold payment as described in Article 33.
- **39.1.8** Any costs associated with these provisions shall be included in the general cost of the contract. In addition, there shall be no time granted to the Contractor for compliance with these provisions. The Contractor's compliance with these provisions and any associated regulations shall not be grounds for a Change Order.

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**39.2** The Commissioner reserves the right to waive all or portions of these provisions at his/her discretion. The Contractor may request a waiver to all or portions of these provisions with written justification to the Commissioner as to why the Contractor cannot comply with these provisions. A waiver, to be effective, must be granted in writing by the Commissioner.

**END** 

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### **Appendix 1**



# 7048

	epartment of truction Serv			General C Retainage Reduction	Contractor n Request (SAMPLE)
То:			CT DCS Chief Engineer I Avenue, Hartford, CT 06106		Page 25 of 25
From:		(Insert GC's Name ), (			
Subjec	ct:	Project No. ( ) Re	eduction of Retainage at (	)% project completion	
retaina	ige to an a	amount of <u>insert writte</u>	en percent Percent (insert nu	ents, (insert GC's name) hereby request umerical percent%). The following list contract and has been verified by the General	f items required
	DAS Co	ntractor Performance E	valuation Score is a minimum o	of Sixty (60%) Percent.	
	Contract	requirements and the		chedule and Schedule of Values, in com ner's and/or A/E's comments on the su	
	Timely and proper submission of all Contract Document required submissions: including but not limited to Shop Drawings, material certificates and material samples and the prompt resolution of the Owner's and/or Architect's or Engineer's comments on the submitted material resulting in an appropriate progress of the Work.				
	Proper a	Proper and adequate supervision and home office support of the Project.			
	The Work completed to date has been installed or finished in a manner acceptable to the Owner.				
	The progress of the Work is consistent with the approved CPM Schedule.				
	All appro	oved credit Change Ord	ers have been invoiced.		
	All Chan	ge Order requests for p	ricing are current.		
	The Gen	neral Contractor has and	d is maintaining a clean worksit	e in accordance with the Contract Docume	nts.
	All Subc	ontractor payments are	current at the time of reduction	request.	
	General	Contractor is compliant	with set-aside provisions of the	e contract.	
Genera	al Contrac	tor Certification:			
Projec	t Manager	Recommendation:	(Written Name)	(Signature)	(Date)
			(Written Name)	(Signature)	(Date)
Approv	Allen V.	Herring, P.E. Chief Engineer			
				(Signature)	(Date)

CT DCS - 7048 (Rev. 12.02.11)

7000 - Construction Phase Forms



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# Supplementary Conditions of the Contract for Construction For Design - Bid - Build Department of Administrative Services ● Construction Services State of Connecticut

### 1.0 Supplementary Conditions:

- 1.1 These Supplementary Conditions modify the State of Connecticut, Department of Construction Services, Section 00 72 13 General Conditions of the Contract for Construction for Design Bid- Build (Rev. 03.26.12), and other provisions of the Contract Documents as indicated below. All provisions which are not so modified remain in full force and effect.
- 1.2 The terms used in these Supplementary Conditions which are defined in the Section 00 72 13 General Conditions of the Contract for Construction for Design Bid- Build (Rev. 03.26.12), have the meanings assigned to them in the General Conditions.
- 2.0 Section 00 72 13 General Conditions Of The Contract For Construction For Design Bid Build:
  - 2.1 ADD: Subsection 3.6 to ARTICLE 3, CORRELATION OF CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, as follows:
    - In accordance with Public Act No. 13-247 (Effective June 19, 2013), wherever the term "Commissioner of Construction Services" is used in the "Bidding Documents" or "Project Manual" the term "Commissioner of Administrative Services" shall be substituted in lieu thereof; and wherever the term "Department of Construction Services" is used in "Bidding Documents" or "Project Manual", the term "Department of Administrative Services" shall be substituted in lieu thereof.
  - 2.2 DELETE: Subsection 28.2 in its entirety from ARTICLE 28, PARTIAL PAYMENTS.

ADD: Subsection 28.2 to ARTICLE 28, PARTIAL PAYMENTS, as follows:

- 28.2 In making such Application For Payment for the Work, there shall not be more than <u>seven</u> and <u>one-half percent (7.5%)</u> deducted from the amount of each Application for Payment to be retained by the Owner as Retainage until Final Completion.
  - 28.2.1 At fifty percent (50%) completion of the Work the Retainage shall be reduced to five percent (5%). All subsequent Applications for Payment shall be subject to five percent (5%) Retainage. Upon Substantial Completion, and in the Commissioner's sole discretion and based upon the factors set forth in Section 28.3, the Retainage may be reduced upon the request of the Contractor and recommendation of the CT DAS Project Manager. In the event of a reduction in Retainage to below five percent (5%), the minimum Retainage withheld shall not be less than the CT DAS Project Manager's estimate of the remaining Work or two and one-half percent (2.5%), whichever is greater. All requests for Retainage Reduction shall be done on CT DAS Form 7048 General Contractor Retainage Reduction Request, which can be found at the end of the General Conditions.
  - **28.2.2** Subsequent to Substantial Completion, in limited circumstances, at the sole discretion of the Commissioner and based upon factors set forth in **subsection 28.3**, a reduction of Retainage below two **and one-half percent (2.5%)** may be considered.
  - **28.2.3** A "Good" Contractor's Performance Evaluation score shall be defined as a minimum total score of sixty percent (60%).
- 2.3 ADD Subsections Definitions to ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS, as follows:
  - 2.3.1 DELETE: 1.71 in its entirety from ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS.

ADD: Subsection 1.71 to ARTICLE 1 PARTIAL DEFINITIONS, as follows:

**1.71 WORK:** The construction and services required by the Contract Documents, and including all labor, materials, equipment and services provided or to be provided by the Contractor to fulfill the Contractor's obligations. The Work may constitute the whole or a part of the Project and "Work Phase".

ADD: Subsection 1.72 to ARTICLE 1 DEFINITIONS, as follows:

**1.72 WORK PHASE:** Construction of the Project by sequence or time intervals, which may include but not be limited to separate Construction Start Dates, Substantial Completion Dates, Application for Payments, Change Orders, Liquidated Damages, Retainage, and Subcontractors for each Work Phase.



Page 2 of 2

2.4 DELETE: Appendix 1 from Section 00 72 13.1 in its entirety.ADD: New Appendix 1 to Section 00 72 13.1 as follows:

			70.40
CONNECTION	SUT.		7048 General Contractor (GC)
			Retainage Reduction Request
THE STATE OF THE S	a de la companya de l		(Sample)
- O.Milki			Page 2 of 1
То:	Department of Administrative Ser Office of Legal Affairs, Policy and	vices (DAS) Construction Service	s
	450 Columbus Blvd, Suite 1302 –		
	Hartford, CT 06103		
From:	GC's Name		General Contractor (GC)
Subject	: DAS Project Number:	DAS Project Number	
	Reduction of Retainage at:	Written Percent	Percent ( ##.# %)
Date:	Click or tap to enter a date.		
In accord	dance with the General Conditions, Article	e 28 Progress Payments.	
	s Name		
	equests a reduction of retainage to an am	nount of Written Percent	Percent ( ##.# %)
•		<u>-</u>	
	owing list of items required under the Gell Contractor (GC).	neral Conditions is in compliance wi	th the terms of the contract and has been verified by the
	DAS Construction Services Contractor P	orformance Evaluation Spare is a m	inimum of Sixty (609/) Boroomt
뭐			, <del></del>
Timely submission of an appropriate and complete CPM Schedule and Schedule of Values, in compliance with the Contract requirements and the prompt resolution of the Owner's and/or A/E's comments on the submitted material resulting in an appropriate			
	basis for progress of the Work		
	certificates, material samples and the prompt resolution of the Owner's and/or A/E's comments on the submitted material resulting in an appropriate progress of the Work.		
ᅥ	Proper and adequate supervision and ho	ome office support of the Project.	
一一		**	otable to the Owner.
一一	The Work completed to date has been installed or finished in a manner acceptable to the Owner.  The progress of the Work is consistent with the approved CPM Schedule.		
	All approved credit Change Orders have been invoiced.		
	The GC has and is maintaining a clean w	vorksite in accordance with the Cont	ract Documents.
	All Subcontractor payments are current a	at the time of reduction request.	
	GC is compliant with set-aside provisions	s of the contract.	
Canaral	Contractor Contification.		
General	Contractor Certification:	(Written Name)	(Signature) (Date)
Project	Manager Recommendation:		
	a.iago: Nocommonaanom	(Written Name)	(Signature) (Date)
DAS Ch	ief Engineer or Authorized Representa	tive:	
		(Written Name)	(Signature) (Date)
		END	
CT DAS	- <b>7048</b> (Rev. 05.22.17)		7000 – Construction Phase Forms

**END OF SECTION** 

PAGE 1 OF 1

### **Set-Aside Contractor Schedule [SAMPLE ONLY]**

#### **VIA EMAIL**

Contractor Name Contractor Address City, State, Zip Code

### **BID OPENING DATE**

Re: DAS Project Description

DAS Project Number

Date:

#### **Dear Contractor:**

Section 00 45 17 Named Subcontractor Bidders Qualification Statement(s) is / (are) required for this project, only for your Named Subcontractors listed in Table 2.7 of your Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form.

No person whose subcontract exceeds five hundred thousand dollars in value may perform work as a subcontractor on a project, which project is estimated to cost more than five hundred thousand dollars and is paid for, in whole or in part, with state funds, *unless*, at the time of bid submission, the person is prequalified in accordance with the Connecticut General Statutes Section 4a-100, as amended. This includes the contractor's or substantial subcontractor's prequalification classifications, aggregate work capacity ratings and single project limits.

In accordance with **Subsection 2.9** "**Set-Aside Requirements**" of **Section 00 21 13 Instructions to Bidders**, you are required to *list* below the names of each *currently certified* **set-aside contractor** to be used for this project, along with the dollar *amount* to be paid each set-aside contractor.

The responsibility for listing a qualified and certified set-aside contractor rests solely with the bidder and not the State. Listing a set-aside contractor who does not qualify may be considered the same as not listing one at all and the bid may be considered non-responsive and subject to rejection.

Name	Address	* Amount	Indicate Whether: Subcontractor, Or Supplier, Or Both	** Class of Work
SAMPLE	SAMPLE	SAMPLE	SAMPLE	SAMPLE

<sup>\*</sup>Amount: The total dollar amount to be paid to the set aside contractors must not be less than the percentage(s) stated in the Bid Proposal Form.

#### **ATTACHMENTS:**

For Each of the Named Subcontractors:

Attach their Section 00 45 17 Named Subcontractor Bidders Qualification Statement(s)

For Each of the Named Set-Aside SBE/MBE Contractors:

Attach their DAS Set-Aside Certificate of Eligibility (SBE and/or MBE)

For Each of the Named Subcontractors With Subcontracts Greater Than \$500,000:

Attach their DAS Prequalification Certificate and Update (Bid) Statement for the Class of Work

Contractor Authorized Signature & Title	Date
This Form Must Be Received No Later Than	At:
State of Connecticut Department of Administrative Services, Construction Services Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement 450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 1302 Hartford, CT 06103	

<sup>\*\*</sup>Class of Work: Means the name of the trade work to be provided by the Subcontractor or Supplier.

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# State Of Connecticut Department of Administrative Services Construction Services

March 26, 2015

To: All Department of Administrative Services, Construction Services Contractors

Subject: Set-Aside Contract Laws

#### Dear Sir/Madam:

The administration of Governor Dannel P. Malloy is committed to supporting the subject programs by encouraging all contractors on State projects to improve their efforts in these areas.

State law requires contractors doing business with the State to demonstrate non-discrimination by making "good faith efforts" in both hiring and in sub-contracting practices General Statute Section (C.G.S. §) 4a-60.

What does "good faith efforts" mean? It means that you, as contractors, must act affirmatively. It is not good enough to say you can't find minorities and women. You must seek them out. That is the law, and the Department of Administrative Services (DAS) / Construction Services (CS) is committed to enforcing the law. At the same time, we are ready to assist you in making "good faith efforts."

DAS is required by C.G.S. § 4a-60g (b) and (c) to set aside projects (amounting to **twenty-five percent** (25%) of its annual contract awards) for small business and **twenty-five percent** (25%) of that amount for minority business enterprises. DAS may require any general contractor to set aside a portion of the contract for subcontractors who are small businesses or minority business enterprises in lieu of setting aside a project or in addition to setting aside a project.

Therefore, unless otherwise specified in the **Bid Proposal Form**, DAS will require contractors to subcontract **twenty-five percent (25%)** of the total contract value to small businesses certified by DAS and further will require contractors to subcontract 25% of that 25% to minority and women small contractors certified as minority business enterprises by DAS. These statutory goals represent the minimum values expected to be achieved by this program.

Together, we can meet the challenge of providing equal opportunity for minority and women-owned businesses and workers in our State. We expect superior results in the areas of affirmative action, equal employment opportunity, and set-aside contracts. The DAS standard in these areas is not just minimal effort. Our goal is to uphold the letter and the spirit of the law.

For more information on Non-Discrimination and Affirmative Action Provisions for State Contracts please visit the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities (CHRO) Website at <a href="https://www.ct.gov/chro.">www.ct.gov/chro.</a>

Sincerely yours,

Melody A. Currey Commissioner

PB:pb

AGE 2 OF 7

### Non-Discrimination and Affirmative Action Provisions for State Contracts

Section 1 CHRO – Contract Compliance Regulations Notification to Bidders:

- **1.1** The contract to be awarded is subject to contract compliance requirements mandated by:
  - 1.1.1 The Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) § 4a-60 and 4a-60a;
  - 1.1.2 C.G.S. § 46a-71(d) and 46a-81i (d) when the awarding agency is the State; and
  - 1.1.3 The Contract Compliance Regulations codified in the Regulations of Connecticut State Agencies (RSCA) §46a-68j-21 through 43, which establish a procedure for awarding all contracts covered by C.G.S. §4a-60 and 46a-71(d).
- 1.2 According to the **Contract Compliance Regulations §46a-68j-30(9)**, every agency awarding a contract subject to the contract compliance requirements has an obligation to "aggressively solicit the participation of legitimate minority business enterprises as bidders, contractors, subcontractors and suppliers of materials."
  - "Minority business enterprise" is defined in C.G.S §4a-60-as a small contractor or supplier of materials fifty-one (51%) percent or more of the capital stock or assets of which is owned by a person or persons:
  - **1.2.1** who are active in the daily affairs of the enterprise;
  - 1.2.2 who have the power to direct the management and policies of the enterprise; and
  - 1.2.3 who are members of a minority, as such term is defined in subsection (a) of C.G.S. §32-9n."
- 1.3 "Minority" groups are defined in C.G.S. §32-9n as:
  - **1.3.1** Black Americans, including all persons having origins in any of the Black African racial groups not of Hispanic origin;
  - **1.3.2** Hispanic Americans, including all persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race;
  - 1.3.3 Persons who have origins in the Iberian Peninsula, including Portugal, regardless of race;
  - 1.3.4 Women;
  - **1.3.5** Asian Pacific Americans and Pacific Islanders; or
  - **1.3.6** American Indians and persons having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and maintaining identifiable tribal affiliations through membership and participation or community identification.
  - 1.3.7 "Individuals with a disability" is also a minority business enterprise as provided by C.G.S. § 4a-60g (4).
- **1.4** The above "Minority business enterprise" definitions apply to the contract compliance requirements by virtue of **Contract Compliance** Regulations §46a-68j-21(11).

The awarding agency will consider the following factors when reviewing the bidder's qualifications under the contract compliance requirements:

- **1.4.1** the bidder's success in implementing an affirmative action plan;
- 1.4.2 the bidder's success in developing an apprenticeship program complying with RSCA §46a-68-1 to 46a-68-17, inclusive:
- **1.4.3** the bidder's promise to develop and implement a successful affirmative action plan;
- 1.4.4 the bidder's submission of employment statistics contained in the "Employment Information Form", indicating that the composition of its workforce is at or near parity when compared to the racial and sexual composition of the workforce in the relevant labor market area; and
- 1.4.5 the bidder's promise to set aside a portion of the contract for legitimate minority business enterprises. See Contract Compliance Regulations § 46a-68j-30(10) (E).

**Note:** The Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities **(CHRO)** "Employment Information Form" shall be submitted to the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement on behalf of the awarding agency, the Department of Administrative Services (DAS).

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Section 2 Non-Discrimination and other Contract Compliance Requirements:

Pursuant to C.G.S. § 4a-60 and §4a-60a and the RSCA §46a-68j-21 to 46a-68j-43, a contractor agrees to the following:

- 2.1 Not to discriminate or permit discrimination against any person or group of persons on the grounds of race, color, religious creed, age, marital status, national origin, ancestry, sex, sexual orientation, mental retardation, or physical disability including, but not limited to, blindness (unless it is shown that such disability prevents performance of the work involved) in the performance of a contract, in any manner prohibited by the federal and Connecticut anti-discrimination and contract compliance laws;
- 2.2 To undertake affirmative action which will insure that applicants with job-related qualifications are employed and that employees are treated, when employed, without regard to whether they belong to any of the groups identified in Paragraph # 1) above;
- 2.3 To include a statement that the contractor is an "affirmative action-equal opportunity employer", in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the contractor;
- To provide each labor union or representative of workers with which such contractor has a collective bargaining agreement and each vendor with which such contractor has a contract, a notice advising them of the contractor's commitments under C.G.S. § 4a-60 and §4a-60a. The notice is available by contacting CHRO:
- 2.5 To post copies of the notice referred to in item 4) in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants;
- To provide **CHRO** with such information requested by said agency, permit access to pertinent books, records, and accounts, concerning the employment practices and procedures of the contractor as relate to the provisions of **C.G.S. §4a-60**, **§4a-60a** and **§46a-56** and, cooperate fully with **CHRO**; and,
- 2.7 To include the language of C.G.S. § 4a-60 (a) and §4a-60a (a) in every subcontract or purchase order executed to fulfill any obligation of the contract with DAS.

Section 3 Affirmative Action Requirements for Certain Public Works Contracts for Construction:

Pursuant to C.G.S. § 46a-68c and §46a-68d and, the RSCA § 46a-68j-21 to 46a-68j-29, the following must file an affirmative action plan with the Commission:

- 3.1 A successful bidder on a <sup>1</sup> "public works contract" with a value of \$500,000 or more. The plan must be filed within thirty (30) days after a bid has been accepted by an awarding agency but before a contract is awarded. A plan may be filed in advance of or, at the same time as a bid is submitted.
- 3.2 A contractor with fifty (50) or more employees who has been awarded a "public works contract" in excess of \$50,000 in any fiscal year. A plan must be filed within thirty (30) days of the date a contract is awarded.

**CHRO** must review a plan within **sixty (60) days** of receipt and must either approve or reject a plan. Should **CHRO** approve an affirmative action plan, **CHRO** will issue a certificate of compliance. This certificate of compliance shall be proof of a successful bidder's or a contractor's eligibility to bid or be awarded contracts for a period of **two (2)** years from the date of the certificate. This certificate does not excuse a successful bidder or contractor from being monitored by the **CHRO** for implementation of its affirmative action plan or, from its reporting requirements under C.G.S. 46a-68e and § 46a-68f. (Refer to Section 6) Also, **CHRO** may revoke the certificate if a successful bidder or contractor does not implement its affirmative action plan.

Should **CHRO** opt to disapprove an affirmative action plan, **CHRO** must notify the successful bidder or contractor in writing within **ten (10) days** of the disapproval. The notice will state the reason for disapproval and may provide necessary proposals to bring the plan into compliance. The successful bidder or contractor must then submit a new or amended plan, within **thirty (30) days** of the date the notice of disapproval is mailed by **CHRO**.

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### Section 3 (Continued):

In addition, **CHRO** may conditionally approve an affirmative action plan for a successful bidder on a public works contract valued at \$500,000 or more. **CHRO** must notify the successful bidder in writing within **ten (10) days** of the conditional disapproval and state the reason for conditional approval and, may provide necessary proposals to bring the plan into compliance. The successful bidder must then submit a new or amended plan or, provide written assurances that it will amend its plan to conform to affirmative action requirements, within **thirty (30) days** of the date the notice is mailed by **CHRO**.

**Note:** The awarding agency (DAS) will provide a successful bidder or contractor with a copy of **CHRO**'s Affirmative Action Plan format. All sections of this Affirmative Action Plan format must be completed by the successful bidder or contractor and forwarded to **CHRO**. Also, the awarding agency (DAS) shall withhold **2%** of the total contract price per month from any payment made to a contractor until such time as the contractor has developed an affirmative action plan, which has been approved by **CHRO**.

1 "public works contract" means any agreement between any individual, firm or corporation and the state or any political subdivision of the state other than a municipality for construction, rehabilitation, conversion, extension, demolition or repair of a public building, highway or other changes or improvements in real property, or which is financed in whole or in part by the state, including, but not limited to, matching expenditures, grants, loans, insurance or guarantees.-C.G.S. § 46a-68b.

### Section 4 "Good Faith Efforts" to Include Minority Business Enterprises as Subcontractors":

In addition to, or in the absence of, any other subcontractor requirements included in this project, contractors are required to make <sup>2</sup> "**good faith efforts**" to include minority business enterprises in the work of this project as subcontractors (for services and/or material suppliers). For the purpose of identifying minority business enterprises, a minority business enterprise shall be a subcontractor which has a valid certification as such from DAS and/or a subcontractor for which an affidavit has been submitted by the contractor attesting that the subcontractor named as a minority business enterprise meets the minority business enterprise criteria set out in. **C.G.S. § 4a-60(b)**.

<sup>2</sup> "Good faith efforts" means "that degree of diligence which a reasonable person would exercise in the performance of legal duties and obligations" and includes, but is not limited to, the following factors: the contractor's employment and subcontracting policies and practices; affirmative advertising, recruitment, training, technical assistance activities and such other reasonable activities or efforts as CHRO may recommend to ensure the participation of minority business enterprises in state projects.

### Section 5 Set-Aside Program:

This contract may be subject to the provisions the **Set-Aside Program for Small Contractors** found at **C.G.S. § 4a-60g** and may be awarded only to a contractor certified as a small and/or minority business enterprise by DAS. The notification as to this special provision will be found in the **Bid Proposal Form** for this contract. The listing of eligible "Set-Aside" contractors is found on the <u>DAS Website for SBE or MBE Certification</u>. In the event that the **Set-Aside Program for Small Contractors** applies to this contract, the following special provisions will also apply:

### 5.1 Amount of Work Required to Be Done by "Set-Aside" Contractors

A contractor awarded a contract on a project pursuant to the provisions of **C.G.S.** § **4a-60g**, as amended, shall be required to perform not less than **thirty (30)** per cent of the work with his/her own forces and shall ensure that not less than **fifty (50)** per cent of the work be performed by contractors or subcontractors who are certified as small contractors or minority business enterprises pursuant to **C.G.S.** § **4a-60g**.

The primary product/service performed by contractors working on a contract awarded under **C.G.S. § 4a-60g** must be the same as the primary product/service described for the contractors on their "Certificate of Eligibility" which is provided to them by DAS.

### 5.2 Alternate Bonding Available to "Set Aside" Contractors

In lieu of a performance, bid, labor and materials or other required bond, a contractor or subcontractor awarded a contract under C.G.S. § 4a-60g may provide to the awarding authority (DAS) and the awarding authority shall accept a "Letter of Credit". Any such "Letter of Credit" shall be in an amount equal to ten per cent (10%) of the contract for any contract that is less than one hundred thousand (\$100,000) dollars, and in the amount of twenty-five per cent (25%) for any contract that is one hundred thousand (\$100,000) dollars or more.

### 5.3 Procedures to Follow Regarding Substitution of Named Project "Set-Aside" Subcontractors.

The awarding authority (DAS) may also require the contractor to set aside a portion of the contract for subcontractors who are eligible for set aside contracts. The awarding authority shall not permit substitution of a subcontractor for one named in accordance with the provisions of **C.G.S. § 4b-95** or substitution of a subcontractor for any designated sub-trade work bid to be performed by the contractor's own forces, except for good cause.

Pursuant to **C.G.S. § 4b-95**, the term **"good cause"** includes but is not limited to a subcontractor's or, where appropriate, a general contractor's:

- **5.3.1** Death or physical disability, if the listed subcontractor is an individual;
- **5.3.2** Dissolution, if a corporation or partnership;
- **5.3.3** Bankruptcy;
- **5.3.4** Inability to furnish any performance and payment bond shown on the bid form;
- 5.3.5 Inability to obtain, or loss of, a license necessary for the performance of the particular category of work;
- **5.3.6** Failure or inability to comply with a requirement of law applicable to contractors and subcontractors, or to subcontracts for construction, alteration, or repair projects;
- 5.3.7 Failure to perform his/her agreement to execute a subcontract under C.G.S. § 4b-96.

Any general contractor who violates any provision of C.G.S. § 4b-95 shall be disqualified from bidding on other contracts that are subject to the provisions of Chapter 60 - Construction and Alterations of State Buildings of the C.G.S, for a period not to exceed twenty-four (24) months, commencing from the date on which the violation is discovered, for each violation.

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Section 6	Contract Monitoring and Reporting:
	Contract Monitoring and Reporting.

- **CHRO** has the authority to monitor state contractors pursuant to **C.G.S.** § **46a-68e** and **46a-68f** and **RSCA-§46a-68j-23(3)**. In addition, under the **RSCA** §46a-68j-25(e) and 46a-68j-26 (g), **CHRO** has the authority to monitor the implementation of an affirmative action plan regarding:
  - **6.1.1** a successful bidder who has been awarded a public works contract valued at **\$500,000** or more and:
  - a contractor with **fifty (50)** or more employees who has been awarded a public works contract **in** excess of \$50,000 in any fiscal year.
- In order to monitor the implementation of these plans **CHRO** requires that the following contract monitoring reports be compiled and submitted:
  - **6.2.1 Monthly Employment Utilization Report** (**Form CHRO: 257**): A contractor, on behalf of itself and all subcontractors who perform work on the project during a given month, is required to report on the work hour participation of minority male and female workers in each trade category on the project. The report must be submitted to the contract awarding agency (**DAS**) and to the Commission by the 15<sup>th</sup> day following the end of each calendar month during the term of the onsite construction work of the project.

Website page: <a href="http://www.ct.gov/chro">http://www.ct.gov/chro</a>, then click on Forms, then click on Contract Compliance Forms and Reports.

**6.2.2** Quarterly Small Contractor and Minority Business Enterprise Payment Status Report (Form CHRO: 258). A contractor is required to report on the participation of small contractors or minority business enterprises identified to participate on the project. The report must be submitted to the contract awarding agency (DAS) and to the Commission by the 15<sup>th</sup> day following the end of each calendar quarter during the term of the on-site construction work of the project.

Website page: <a href="http://www.ct.gov/chro">http://www.ct.gov/chro</a>, then click on Forms, then click on Contract Compliance Forms and Reports.

- 6.2.3 In addition, the Commission expects that a contractor will designate an Equal Opportunity/Contract Compliance Officer for its public works project who will compile the above monthly and quarterly reports, as well as, undertake the following responsibilities for implementation of its project Affirmative Action Plan (AAP):
  - .1 Maintain a project Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) file to include all records, correspondence and other documentation relate to the project AAP.
  - .2 Communicate to and inform all project subcontractors, regardless of tier, and labor referral organizations (if applicable) about project equal employment and AAP commitments and performance requirements.
  - **.3** Participate in project job meetings to inform project subcontractors about project equal employment and AAP performance requirements.
  - .4 Track the use of employment recruitment sources identified in the project AAP regarding all employment opportunities with all subcontractors on the project. Also, maintain documentation of all contacts with these recruitment sources and their responses.

The Commission will forward a copy of the monthly and quarterly report to each contractor on a public works project.

### **NOTES:**

Bidders and state contractors may review the full text of the before referenced Connecticut General Statutes by accessing either the State Law Library's web site (<a href="http://www.cslib.org/psaindex.htm">http://www.cslib.org/psaindex.htm</a>) or the State Legislatures' web site (<a href="http://www.cga.ct.gov">http://www.cga.ct.gov</a>).

The full text of the RSCA 46a-68j-21 through 46a-68j-43 may be reviewed by accessing the Commission's web site:

(http://www.ct.gov/chro/cwp/view.asp?a=2525&Q=315900&chroPNavCtr=|#45679)

In the alternative, bidders or state contractors may request a copy of these state statutes and regulations by contacting the Commission at (860) 541-3400 (in Hartford) or 1 (800) 477-5737.

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**Section 7** CHRO Contract Compliance Forms:

The following CHRO Contract Compliance Forms are available on the CHRO Website:

- 7.1 Monthly Employment Utilization Report (Form CHRO-257 and CHRO-257a):
  - http://www.ct.gov/chro/lib/chro/257s.pdf
- 7.2 Cumulative Utilization Report (Form CHRO–257b:
  - http://www.ct.gov/chro/lib/chro/257b.pdf
- 7.3 Monthly Small Contractor & MBE Payment Status Report (Form CHRO-258a) <u>and</u> Quarterly Small Contractor & MBE Payment Status Report (Form CHRO-258):
  - http://www.ct.gov/chro/lib/chro/258s.pdf

End of Section 00 73 38 CHRO / Contract Compliance Regulations

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Minimum Rates and Classifications for Building Construction

## **Connecticut Department of Labor Wage and Workplace Standards Division**

By virtue of the authority vested in the Labor Commissioner under provisions of Section 31-53 of the General Statutes of Connecticut, as amended, the following pages are declared to be the prevailing rates and welfare payments and will apply only where the contract is advertised for bid within 20 days of the date on which the rates are established. Any contractor or sub-contractor not obligated by agreement to pay to the welfare and pension fund shall pay this amount to each employee as part of his hourly wage.

Project N	umber:	BI-MH-121	Project Town:	Bridgeport, CT
Project:	GBCMHC P	arking Garage Repairs		
1635 Central Avenue				
	Bridgeport,	СТ		

The following pages contain:

Contractors Wage Certification Form	1 page
Notice to all Mason Contractors reference Section 31-53 of C.GS. (Prevailing Wages)	1 page
Prevailing Wage Rates - English	15 pages
Informational Bulletin - Occupational Classifications	6 pages
Informational Bulletin – The 10-Hour OSHA Construction Safety and Health Course	2 pages
Footnotes	2 pages
Special Notice re: Wage Rate Adjustments	1 pages
Weekly Payroll Certification Form (WWS-CP1)	1 page
Fringe Benefits Explanation (P)	1 page
Weekly Payroll Certification Form (WWS-CP2)	1 page

As of: May 7, 2018





## THIS IS A PUBLIC WORKS PROJECT

**Covered by the** 

# PREVAILING WAGE LAW

CT General Statutes Section 31-53

If you have QUESTIONS regarding your wages CALL (860) 263-6790

Section 31-55 of the CT State Statutes requires every contractor or subcontractor performing work for the state to post in a prominent place the prevailing wages as determined by the Labor Commissioner.

# CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR WAGE AND WORKPLACE STANDARDS DIVISION

### **CONTRACTORS WAGE CERTIFICATION FORM**

**Construction Manager at Risk/General Contractor/Prime Contractor** 

I,	of
Officer, Owner, Authorized Rep.	Company Name
do hereby certify that the	
	Company Name
	Street
	City
and all of its subcontractors will pay all world	kers on the
Project Name and	nd Number
Street and Cit	y
the wages as listed in the schedule of prevail attached hereto).	ling rates required for such project (a copy of which is
	Signed
Subscribed and sworn to before me this	day of
Poturn to:	Notary Public
Return to:  Connecticut Department of I  Wage & Workplace Standar  200 Folly Brook Blvd.  Wethersfield, CT 06109	
Rate Schedule Issued (Date):	

### **Notice**

## To All Mason Contractors and Interested Parties Regarding Construction Pursuant to Section 31-53 of the Connecticut General Statutes (Prevailing Wage)

The Connecticut Labor Department Wage and Workplace Standards Division is empowered to enforce the prevailing wage rates on projects covered by the above referenced statute.

Over the past few years the Division has withheld enforcement of the rate in effect for workers who operate a forklift on a prevailing wage rate project due to a potential jurisdictional dispute.

The rate listed in the schedules and in our Occupational Bulletin (see enclosed) has been as follows:

#### **Forklift Operator:**

- Laborers (Group 4) Mason Tenders operates forklift solely to assist a mason to a maximum height of nine feet only.
- Power Equipment Operator (Group 9) operates forklift to assist any trade and to assist a mason to a height over nine feet.

The U.S. Labor Department conducted a survey of rates in Connecticut but it has not been published and the rate in effect remains as outlined in the above Occupational Bulletin.

Since this is a classification matter and not one of jurisdiction, effective January 1, 2007 the Connecticut Labor Department will enforce the rate on each schedule in accordance with our statutory authority.

Your cooperation in filing appropriate and accurate certified payrolls is appreciated.

Sec. 31-53b. Construction safety and health course. New miner training program. Proof of completion required for mechanics, laborers and workers on public works projects. Enforcement. Regulations. Exceptions. (a) Each contract for a public works project entered into on or after July 1, 2009, by the state or any of its agents, or by any political subdivision of the state or any of its agents, described in subsection (g) of section 31-53, shall contain a provision requiring that each contractor furnish proof with the weekly certified payroll form for the first week each employee begins work on such project that any person performing the work of a mechanic, laborer or worker pursuant to the classifications of labor under section 31-53 on such public works project, pursuant to such contract, has completed a course of at least ten hours in duration in construction safety and health approved by the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration or, has completed a new miner training program approved by the Federal Mine Safety and Health Administration in accordance with 30 CFR 48 or, in the case of telecommunications employees, has completed at least ten hours of training in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.268.

- (b) Any person required to complete a course or program under subsection (a) of this section who has not completed the course or program shall be subject to removal from the worksite if the person does not provide documentation of having completed such course or program by the fifteenth day after the date the person is found to be in noncompliance. The Labor Commissioner or said commissioner's designee shall enforce this section.
- (c) Not later than January 1, 2009, the Labor Commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54, to implement the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) of this section. Such regulations shall require that the ten-hour construction safety and health courses required under subsection (a) of this section be conducted in accordance with federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration Training Institute standards, or in accordance with Federal Mine Safety and Health Administration Standards or in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.268, as appropriate. The Labor Commissioner shall accept as sufficient proof of compliance with the provisions of subsection (a) or (b) of this section a student course completion card issued by the federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration Training Institute, or such other proof of compliance said commissioner deems appropriate, dated no earlier than five years before the commencement date of such public works project.
- (d) This section shall not apply to employees of public service companies, as defined in section 16-1, or drivers of commercial motor vehicles driving the vehicle on the public works project and delivering or picking up cargo from public works projects provided they perform no labor relating to the project other than the loading and unloading of their cargo.

History: P.A. 08-83 amended Subsec. (a) by making provisions applicable to public works project contracts entered into on or after July 1, 2009, replacing provision re total cost of work with reference to Sec. 31-53(g), requiring proof in certified payroll form that new mechanic, laborer or worker has completed a 10-hour or more construction safety course and adding provision re new miner training program, amended Subsec. (b) by substituting "person" for "employee" and adding "or program", amended Subsec. (c) by adding "or in accordance with Federal Mine

Safety and Health Administration Standards" and setting new deadline of January 1, 2009, deleted former Subsec. (d) re "public building", added new Subsec. (d) re exemptions for public service company employees and delivery drivers who perform no labor other than delivery and made conforming and technical changes, effective January 1, 2009.

## **Minimum Rates and Classifications for Building Construction**

**ID#**: B 24765

## **Connecticut Department of Labor Wage and Workplace Standards Division**

By virtue of the authority vested in the Labor Commissioner under provisions of Section 31-53 of the General Statutes of Connecticut, as amended, the following are declared to be the prevailing rates and welfare payments and will apply only where the contract is advertised for bid within 20 days of the date on which the rates are established. Any contractor or subcontractor not obligated by agreement to pay to the welfare and pension fund shall pay this amount to each employee as part of his/her hourly wages.

Project Number: BI-MH-121 Project Town: Bridgeport

State#: FAP#:

CLASSIFICATION	<b>Hourly Rate</b>	Benefits
1a) Asbestos Worker/Insulator (Includes application of insulating materials, protective coverings, coatings, & finishes to all types of mechanical systems; application of firestopping material for wall openings & penetrations in walls, floors, ceilings	38.25	27.96
1b) Asbestos/Toxic Waste Removal Laborers: Asbestos removal and encapsulation (except its removal from mechanical systems which are not to be scrapped), toxic waste removers, blasters.**See Laborers Group 7**		
1c) Asbestos Worker/Heat and Frost Insulator	39.00	28.76

Project: GBCMHC Parking Garage Repairs At 1635 Central Avenue		
2) Boilermaker	38.34	26.01

3a) Bricklayer, Cement Mason, Concrete Finisher (including caulking), Stone Masons	33.48	32.06 + a
3b) Tile Setter	34.90	25.87
3c) Terrazzo Mechanics and Marble Setters	31.69	22.35
3d) Tile, Marble & Terrazzo Finishers	26.70	21.75
3e) Plasterer	33.48	32.06

30.05	20.10	
30.30	20.10	
30.55	20.10	
30.55	20.10	
30.55	20.10	
	30.30 30.55 30.55	30.30 20.10 30.55 20.10

Project: GBCMHC Parking Garage Repairs At 1635 Central Avenue		
4e) Group 6: Blasters, nuclear and toxic waste removal.	31.80	20.10
4f) Group 7: Asbestos/lead removal and encapsulation (except it's removal from mechanical systems which are not to be scrapped).	31.05	20.10
4g) Group 8: Bottom men on open air caisson, cylindrical work and boring crew.	28.38	20.10
4h) Group 9: Top men on open air caisson, cylindrical work and boring crew.	27.86	20.10
4i) Group 10: Traffic Control Signalman	16.00	20.10
5) Carpenter, Acoustical Ceiling Installation, Soft Floor/Carpet Laying, Metal Stud Installation, Form Work and Scaffold Building, Drywall Hanging, Modular-Furniture Systems Installers, Lathers, Piledrivers, Resilient Floor Layers.	32.60	25.34

5a) Millwrights	33.14	25.74
6) Electrical Worker (including low voltage wiring) (Trade License required: E1,2 L-5,6 C-5,6 T-1,2 L-1,2 V-1,2,7,8,9)	38.27	25.00 + 3% of gross wage
7a) Elevator Mechanic (Trade License required: R-1,2,5,6)	51.71	32.645+a+b
LINE CONSTRUCTION		
Groundman	26.50	6.5% + 9.00
Linemen/Cable Splicer	48.19	6.5% + 22.00

Project: GBCMHC Parking Garage Repairs At 1635 Central Avenue		
8) Glazier (Trade License required: FG-1,2)	36.28	20.45 + a
9) Ironworker, Ornamental, Reinforcing, Structural, and Precast Concrete Erection	35.47	33.39 + a
OPERATORS		
Group 1: Crane handling or erecting structural steel or stone, hoisting engineer 2 drums or over, front end loader (7 cubic yards or over), work boat 26 ft. and over and Tunnel Boring Machines. (Trade License Required)	39.30	24.05 + a
Group 2: Cranes (100 ton rate capacity and over); Excavator over 2 cubic yards; Piledriver (\$3.00 premium when operator controls hammer); Bauer Drill/Caisson. (Trade License Required)	38.98	24.05 + a
Group 3: Excavator; Backhoe/Excavator under 2 cubic yards; Cranes (under 100 ton rated capacity), Grader/Blade; Master Mechanic; Hoisting Engineer (all types of equipment where a drum and cable are used to hoist or drag material regardless of motive power of operation), Rubber Tire Excavator (Drott-1085 or similar); Grader Operator; Bulldozer Fine Grade. (slopes, shaping, laser or GPS, etc.). (Trade License Required)	38.24	24.05 + a

Group 4: Trenching Machines; Lighter Derrick; Concrete Finishing Machine; CMI Machine or Similar; Koehring Loader (Skooper).	37.85	24.05 + a
Group 5: Specialty Railroad Equipment; Asphalt Paver; Asphalt Reclaiming Machine; Line Grinder; Concrete Pumps; Drills with Self Contained Power Units; Boring Machine; Post Hole Digger; Auger; Pounder; Well Digger; Milling Machine (over 24" Mandrell)	37.26	24.05 + a
Group 5 continued: Side Boom; Combination Hoe and Loader; Directional Driller; Pile Testing Machine.	37.26	24.05 + a
Group 6: Front End Loader (3 up to 7 cubic yards); Bulldozer (rough grade dozer).	36.95	24.05 + a
Group 7: Asphalt roller, concrete saws and cutters (ride on types), vermeer concrete cutter, Stump Grinder; Scraper; Snooper; Skidder; Milling Machine (24" and under Mandrell).	36.61	24.05 + a
Group 8: Mechanic, grease truck operator, hydroblaster; barrier mover; bower stone spreader; welding; work boat under 26 ft.; transfer machine.	36.21	24.05 + a

35.78	24.05 + a
33.74	24.05 + a
33.74	24.05 + a
33.68	24.05 + a
33.10	24.05 + a
31.96	24.05 + a
	33.74 33.68 33.10

Group 15: Generator Operator; Compressor Operator; Pump Operator; Welding Machine Operator; Heater Operator.	31.55	24.05 + a
Group 16: Maintenance Engineer/Oiler.	30.90	24.05 + a
Group 17: Portable asphalt plant operator; portable crusher plant operator; portable concrete plant operator.	35.21	24.05 + a
Group 18: Power safety boat; vacuum truck; zim mixer; sweeper; (Minimum for any job requiring a CDL license).	32.79	24.05 + a
PAINTERS (Including Drywall Finishing)		
10a) Brush and Roller	32.72	20.45

Tigoot.		
10b) Taping Only/Drywall Finishing	33.47	20.45
10c) Paperhanger and Red Label	33.22	20.45
10e) Blast and Spray	35.72	20.45
11) Plumber (excluding HVAC pipe installation) (Trade License required: P-1,2,6,7,8,9 J-1,2,3,4 SP-1,2)	41.62	30.36
12) Well Digger, Pile Testing Machine	37.26	24.05 + a
Roofer: Cole Tar Pitch	41.00	16.50 + a

Roofer: Slate, Tile, Composition, Shingles, Singly Ply and Damp/Waterproofing	39.50	16.50 + a
15) Sheetmetal Worker (Trade License required for HVAC and Ductwork: SM-1,SM-2,SM-3,SM-4,SM-5,SM-6)	42.66	41.24
16) Pipefitter (Including HVAC work) (Trade License required: S-1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8 B-1,2,3,4 D-1,2,3,4, G-1, G-2, G-8 & G-9)	41.62	30.36
TRUCK DRIVERS		
17a) 2 Axle	29.13	22.32 + a
17b) 3 Axle, 2 Axle Ready Mix	29.23	22.32 + a

Project: GBCMHC Parking Garage Repairs At 1635 Central Avenue		
17c) 3 Axle Ready Mix	29.28	22.32 + a
17d) 4 Axle, Heavy Duty Trailer up to 40 tons	29.33	22.32 + a
17e) 4 Axle Ready Mix	29.38	22.32 + a
17f) Heavy Duty Trailer (40 Tons and Over)	29.58	22.32 + a
17g) Specialized Earth Moving Equipment (Other Than Conventional Type on-the-Road Trucks and Semi-Trailers, Including Euclids)	29.38	22.32 + a
18) Sprinkler Fitter (Trade License required: F-1,2,3,4)	43.92	15.84 + a

Project: Obcline Faiking Garage Repairs At 1003 Central Avenue		
19) Theatrical Stage Journeyman	25.76	7.34

Welders: Rate for craft to which welding is incidental.

\*Note: Hazardous waste removal work receives additional \$1.25 per hour for truck drivers.

\*\*Note: Hazardous waste premium \$3.00 per hour over classified rate

ALL Cranes: When crane operator is operating equipment that requires a fully licensed crane operator to operate he receives an extra \$4.00 premium in addition to the hourly wage rate and benefit contributions:

- 1) Crane handling or erecting structural steel or stone; hoisting engineer (2 drums or over)
- 2) Cranes (100 ton rate capacity and over) Bauer Drill/Caisson
- 3) Cranes (under 100 ton rated capacity)

Crane with 150 ft. boom (including jib) - \$1.50 extra

Crane with 200 ft. boom (including jib) - \$2.50 extra

Crane with 250 ft. boom (including jib) - \$5.00 extra

Crane with 300 ft. boom (including jib) - \$7.00 extra

Crane with 400 ft. boom (including jib) - \$10.00 extra

All classifications that indicate a percentage of the fringe benefits must be calculated at the percentage rate times the "base hourly rate".

Apprentices duly registered under the Commissioner of Labor's regulations on "Work Training Standards for Apprenticeship and Training Programs" Section 31-51-d-1 to 12, are allowed to be paid the appropriate percentage of the prevailing journeymen hourly base and the full fringe benefit rate, providing the work site ratio shall not be less than one full-time journeyperson instructing and supervising the work of each apprentice in a specific trade.

The Prevailing wage rates applicable to this project are subject to annual adjustments each July 1st for the duration of the project.

Each contractor shall pay the annual adjusted prevailing wage rate that is in effect each July 1st, as posted by the Department of Labor.

It is the contractor's responsibility to obtain the annual adjusted prevailing wage rate increases directly from the Department of Labor's website.

The annual adjustments will be posted on the Department of Labor's Web page: www.ct.gov/dol. For those without internet access, please contact the division listed below.

The Department of Labor will continue to issue the initial prevailing wage rate schedule to the Contracting Agency for the project.

All subsequent annual adjustments will be posted on our Web Site for contractor access.

Contracting Agencies are under no obligation pursuant to State labor law to pay any increase due to the annual adjustment provision.

Effective October 1, 2005 - Public Act 05-50: any person performing the work of any mechanic, laborer, or worker shall be paid prevailing wage

All Person who perform work ON SITE must be paid prevailing wage for the appropriate mechanic, laborer, or worker classification.

All certified payrolls must list the hours worked and wages paid to All Persons who perform work ON SITE regardless of their ownership i.e.: (Owners, Corporate Officers, LLC Members, Independent Contractors, et. al)

Reporting and payment of wages is required regardless of any contractual relationship alleged to exist between the contractor and such person.

~~Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clause (29 CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

Please direct any questions which you may have pertaining to classification of work and payment of prevailing wages to the Wage and Workplace Standards Division, telephone (860)263-6790.

# Information Bulletin Occupational Classifications

The Connecticut Department of Labor has the responsibility to properly determine "job classification" on prevailing wage projects covered under C.G.S. Section 31-53(d).

Note: This information is intended to provide a sample of some occupational classifications for guidance purposes only. It is not an all-inclusive list of each occupation's duties. This list is being provided only to highlight some areas where a contractor may be unclear regarding the proper classification. If unsure, the employer should seek guidelines for CTDOL.

Below are additional clarifications of specific job duties performed for certain classifications:

#### • ASBESTOS WORKERS

Applies all insulating materials, protective coverings, coatings and finishes to all types of mechanical systems.

#### ASBESTOS INSULATOR

Handle, install apply, fabricate, distribute, prepare, alter, repair, dismantle, heat and frost insulation, including penetration and fire stopping work on all penetration fire stop systems.

#### • BOILERMAKERS

Erects hydro plants, incomplete vessels, steel stacks, storage tanks for water, fuel, etc. Builds incomplete boilers, repairs heat exchanges and steam generators.

 BRICKLAYERS, CEMENT MASONS, CEMENT FINISHERS, MARBLE MASONS, PLASTERERS, STONE MASONS, PLASTERERS. STONE MASONS, TERRAZZO WORKERS, TILE SETTERS

Lays building materials such as brick, structural tile and concrete cinder, glass, gypsum, terra cotta block. Cuts, tools and sets marble, sets stone, finishes concrete, applies decorative steel, aluminum and plastic tile, applies cements, sand, pigment and marble chips to floors, stairways, etc.

#### • <u>CARPENTERS, MILLWRIGHTS. PILEDRIVERMEN. LATHERS. RESILEINT FLOOR</u> LAYERS, DOCK BUILDERS, DIKERS, DIVER TENDERS

Constructs, erects, installs and repairs structures and fixtures of wood, plywood and wallboard. Installs, assembles, dismantles, moves industrial machinery. Drives piling into ground to provide foundations for structures such as buildings and bridges, retaining walls for earth embankments, such as cofferdams. Fastens wooden, metal or rockboard lath to walls, ceilings and partitions of buildings, acoustical tile layer, concrete form builder. Applies firestopping materials on fire resistive joint systems only. Installation of curtain/window walls only where attached to wood or metal studs. Installation of insulated material of all types whether blown, nailed or attached in other ways to walls, ceilings and floors of buildings. Assembly and installation of modular furniture/furniture systems. Free-standing furniture is not covered. This includes free standing: student chairs, study top desks, book box desks, computer furniture, dictionary stand, atlas stand, wood shelving, two-position information access station, file cabinets, storage cabinets, tables, etc.

#### LABORER, CLEANING

• The clean up of any construction debris and the general (heavy/light) cleaning, including sweeping, wash down, mopping, wiping of the construction facility and its furniture, washing, polishing, and dusting.

#### • DELIVERY PERSONNEL

- If delivery of supplies/building materials is to one common point and stockpiled there, prevailing wages <u>are not required</u>. If the delivery personnel are involved in the distribution of the material to multiple locations within the construction site then they would have to be paid prevailing wages for the type of work performed: laborer, equipment operator, electrician, ironworker, plumber, etc.
- An example of this would be where delivery of drywall is made to a building and the delivery personnel distribute the drywall from one "stockpile" location to further sub-locations on each floor. Distribution of material around a construction site is the job of a laborer or tradesman, and not a delivery personnel.

#### • **ELECTRICIANS**

Install, erect, maintenance, alteration or repair of any wire, cable, conduit, etc., which generates, transforms, transmits or uses electrical energy for light, heat, power or other purposes, including the Installation or maintenance of telecommunication, LAN wiring or computer equipment, and low voltage wiring. \*License required per Connecticut General Statutes: E-1,2 L-5,6 C-5,6 T-1,2 L-1,2 V-1,2,7,8,9.

#### • ELEVATOR CONSTRUCTORS

Install, erect, maintenance and repair of all types of elevators, escalators, dumb waiters and moving walks. \*License required by Connecticut General Statutes: R-1,2,5,6.

#### • FORK LIFT OPERATOR

Laborers Group 4) Mason Tenders - operates forklift solely to assist a mason to a maximum height of nine (9) feet only.

Power Equipment Operator Group 9 - operates forklift to assist any trade, and to assist a mason to a height over nine (9) feet.

#### GLAZIERS

Glazing wood and metal sash, doors, partitions, and 2 story aluminum storefronts. Installs glass windows, skylights, store fronts and display cases or surfaces such as building fronts, interior walls, ceilings and table tops and metal store fronts. Installation of aluminum window walls and curtain walls is the "joint" work of glaziers and ironworkers, which require equal composite workforce.

#### • <u>IRONWORKERS</u>

Erection, installation and placement of structural steel, precast concrete, miscellaneous iron, ornamental iron, metal curtain wall, rigging and reinforcing steel. Handling, sorting, and installation of reinforcing steel (rebar). Metal bridge rail (traffic), metal bridge handrail, and decorative security fence installation. Installation of aluminum window walls and curtain walls is the "joint" work of glaziers and ironworkers which require equal composite workforce.

#### INSULATOR

• Installing fire stopping systems/materials for "Penetration Firestop Systems": transit to cables, electrical conduits, insulated pipes, sprinkler pipe penetrations, ductwork behind radiation, electrical cable trays, fire rated pipe penetrations, natural polypropylene, HVAC ducts, plumbing bare metal, telephone and communication wires, and boiler room ceilings.

#### LABORERS

Acetylene burners, asphalt rakers, chain saw operators, concrete and power buggy operator, concrete saw operator, fence and guard rail erector (except metal bridge rail (traffic), decorative security fence (non-metal).

installation.), hand operated concrete vibrator operator, mason tenders, pipelayers (installation of storm drainage or sewage lines on the street only), pneumatic drill operator, pneumatic gas and electric drill operator, powermen and wagon drill operator, air track operator, block paver, curb setters, blasters, concrete spreaders.

#### PAINTERS

Maintenance, preparation, cleaning, blasting (water and sand, etc.), painting or application of any protective coatings of every description on all bridges and appurtenances of highways, roadways, and railroads. Painting, decorating, hardwood finishing, paper hanging, sign writing, scenic art work and drywall hhg for any and all types of building and residential work.

#### • LEAD PAINT REMOVAL

- Painter's Rate
  - 1. Removal of lead paint from bridges.
  - 2. Removal of lead paint as preparation of any surface to be repainted.
  - 3. Where removal is on a Demolition project prior to reconstruction.
- Laborer's Rate
  - 1. Removal of lead paint from any surface NOT to be repainted.
  - 2. Where removal is on a TOTAL Demolition project only.

#### • PLUMBERS AND PIPEFITTERS

Installation, repair, replacement, alteration or maintenance of all plumbing, heating, cooling and piping. \*License required per Connecticut General Statutes: P-1,2,6,7,8,9 J-1,2,3,4 SP-1,2 S-1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8 B-1,2,3,4 D-1,2,3,4.

#### • POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS

Operates several types of power construction equipment such as compressors, pumps, hoists, derricks, cranes, shovels, tractors, scrapers or motor graders, etc. Repairs and maintains equipment. \*License required, crane operators only, per Connecticut General Statutes.

#### ROOFERS

Covers roofs with composition shingles or sheets, wood shingles, slate or asphalt and gravel to waterproof roofs, including preparation of surface. (demolition or removal of any type of roofing and or clean-up of any and all areas where a roof is to be relaid.)

#### • SHEETMETAL WORKERS

Fabricate, assembles, installs and repairs sheetmetal products and equipment in such areas as ventilation, air-conditioning, warm air heating, restaurant equipment, architectural sheet metal work, sheetmetal roofing, and aluminum gutters. Fabrication, handling, assembling, erecting, altering, repairing, etc. of coated metal material panels and composite metal material panels when used on building exteriors and interiors as soffits, facia, louvers, partitions, canopies, cornice, column covers, awnings, beam covers, cladding, sun shades, lighting troughs, spires, ornamental roofing, metal ceilings, mansards, copings, ornamental and ventilation hoods, vertical and horizontal siding panels, trim, etc. The sheet metal classification also applies to the vast variety of coated metal material panels and composite metal material panels that have evolved over the years as an alternative to conventional ferrous and non-ferrous metals like steel, iron, tin, copper, brass, bronze, aluminum, etc. Fabrication, handling, assembling, erecting, altering, repairing, etc. of architectural metal roof, standing seam roof, composite metal roof, metal and composite bathroom/toilet partitions, aluminum gutters, metal and composite lockers and shelving, kitchen equipment, and walk-in coolers. To include testing and air -balancing ancillary to installation and construction.

#### • SPRINKLER FITTERS

Installation, alteration, maintenance and repair of fire protection sprinkler systems. \*License required per Connecticut General Statutes: F-1,2,3,4.

#### • TILE MARBLE AND TERRAZZO FINISHERS

Assists and tends the tile setter, marble mason and terrazzo worker in the performance of their duties.

#### • TRUCK DRIVERS

~How to pay truck drivers delivering asphalt is under <u>REVISION</u>~

Truck Drivers are requires to be paid prevailing wage for time spent "working" directly on the site. These drivers remain covered by the prevailing wage for any time spent transporting between the actual construction location and facilities (such as fabrication, plants, mobile factories, batch plant, borrow pits, job headquarters, tool yards, etc.) dedicated exclusively, or nearly so, to performance of the contract or project, which are so located in proximity to the actual construction location that it is reasonable to include them. \*License required, drivers only, per Connecticut General Statutes.

#### For example:

- Material men and deliverymen are not covered under prevailing wage as long as they are not directly involved in the construction process. If, they unload the material, they would then be covered by prevailing wage for the classification they are performing work in: laborer, equipment operator, etc.
- Hauling material off site is not covered provided they are not dumping it at a location outlined above.
- Driving a truck on site and moving equipment or materials on site would be considered covered work, as this is part of the construction process.

Any questions regarding the proper classification should be directed to:
Public Contract Compliance Unit
Wage and Workplace Standards Division
Connecticut Department of Labor
200 Folly Brook Blvd, Wethersfield, CT 06109
(860) 263-6543.

## **Informational Bulletin**

# THE 10-HOUR OSHA CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND HEALTH COURSE

(applicable to public building contracts entered into *on or after July 1, 2007*, where the total cost of all work to be performed is at least \$100,000)

- (1) This requirement was created by Public Act No. 06-175, which is codified in Section 31-53b of the Connecticut General Statutes (pertaining to the prevailing wage statutes);
- (2) The course is required for public building construction contracts (projects funded in whole or in part by the state or any political subdivision of the state) entered into on or after July 1, 2007;
- (3) It is required of private employees (not state or municipal employees) and apprentices who perform manual labor for a general contractor or subcontractor on a public building project where the total cost of all work to be performed is at least \$100,000;
- (4) The ten-hour construction course pertains to the ten-hour Outreach Course conducted in accordance with federal OSHA Training Institute standards, and, for telecommunications workers, a ten-hour training course conducted in accordance with federal OSHA standard, 29 CFR 1910.268;
- (5) The internet website for the federal OSHA Training Institute is <a href="http://www.osha.gov/fso/ote/training/edcenters/fact\_sheet.html">http://www.osha.gov/fso/ote/training/edcenters/fact\_sheet.html</a>;
- (6) The statutory language leaves it to the contractor and its employees to determine who pays for the cost of the ten-hour Outreach Course;
- (7) Within 30 days of receiving a contract award, a general contractor must furnish proof to the Labor Commissioner that all employees and apprentices performing manual labor on the project will have completed such a course;
- (8) Proof of completion may be demonstrated through either: (a) the presentation of a *bona fide* student course completion card issued by the federal OSHA Training Institute; *or* (2) the presentation of documentation provided to an employee by a trainer certified by the Institute pending the actual issuance of the completion card;
- (9) Any card with an issuance date more than 5 years prior to the commencement date of the construction project shall not constitute proof of compliance;

- (10) Each employer shall affix a copy of the construction safety course completion card to the certified payroll submitted to the contracting agency in accordance with Conn. Gen. Stat. § 31-53(f) on which such employee's name first appears;
- (11) Any employee found to be in non-compliance shall be subject to removal from the worksite if such employee does not provide satisfactory proof of course completion to the Labor Commissioner by the fifteenth day after the date the employee is determined to be in noncompliance;
- (12) Any such employee who is determined to be in noncompliance may continue to work on a public building construction project for a maximum of fourteen consecutive calendar days while bringing his or her status into compliance;
- (13) The Labor Commissioner may make complaint to the prosecuting authorities regarding any employer or agent of the employer, or officer or agent of the corporation who files a false certified payroll with respect to the status of an employee who is performing manual labor on a public building construction project;
- (14) The statute provides the minimum standards required for the completion of a safety course by manual laborers on public construction contracts; any contractor can exceed these minimum requirements; and
- (15) Regulations clarifying the statute are currently in the regulatory process, and shall be posted on the CTDOL website as soon as they are adopted in final form.
- Any questions regarding this statute may be directed to the Wage and Workplace Standards Division of the Connecticut Labor Department via the internet website of <a href="http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/wgwkstnd/wgemenu.htm">http://www.ctdol.state.ct.us/wgwkstnd/wgemenu.htm</a>; or by telephone at (860)263-6790.

THE ABOVE INFORMATION IS PROVIDED EXCLUSIVELY AS AN EDUCATIONAL RESOURCE, AND IS NOT INTENDED AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR LEGAL INTERPRETATIONS WHICH MAY ULTMATELY ARISE CONCERNIG THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE STATUTE OR THE REGULATIONS.

### Connecticut Department of Labor Wage and Workplace Standards Division FOOTNOTES

Please Note: If the "Benefits" listed on the schedule for the following occupations includes a letter(s) (+ a or + a+b for instance), refer to the information below.

Benefits to be paid at the appropriate prevailing wage rate for the listed occupation.

If the "Benefits" section for the occupation lists only a dollar amount, disregard the information below.

## Bricklayers, Cement Masons, Cement Finishers, Concrete Finishers, Stone Masons (Building Construction) and

(Residential- Hartford, Middlesex, New Haven, New London and Tolland Counties)

a. Paid Holiday: Employees shall receive 4 hours for Christmas Eve holiday provided the employee works the regularly scheduled day before and after the holiday. Employers may schedule work on Christmas Eve and employees shall receive pay for actual hours worked in addition to holiday pay.

#### **Elevator Constructors: Mechanics**

- a. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veterans' Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, plus the Friday after Thanksgiving.
- b. Vacation: Employer contributes 8% of basic hourly rate for 5 years or more of service or 6% of basic hourly rate for 6 months to 5 years of service as vacation pay credit.

#### **Glaziers**

a. Paid Holidays: Labor Day and Christmas Day.

#### **Power Equipment Operators**

(Heavy and Highway Construction & Building Construction)

a. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Good Friday, Memorial day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day, provided the employee works 3 days during the week in which the holiday falls, if scheduled, and if scheduled, the working day before and the working day after the holiday. Holidays falling on Saturday may be observed on Saturday, or if the employer so elects, on the preceding Friday.

#### **Ironworkers**

a. Paid Holiday: Labor Day provided employee has been on the payroll for the 5 consecutive work days prior to Labor Day.

#### **Laborers (Tunnel Construction)**

a. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day. No employee shall be eligible for holiday pay when he fails, without cause, to work the regular work day preceding the holiday or the regular work day following the holiday.

#### **Roofers**

a. Paid Holidays: July 4<sup>th</sup>, Labor Day, and Christmas Day provided the employee is employed 15 days prior to the holiday.

#### **Sprinkler Fitters**

a. Paid Holidays: Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day, provided the employee has been in the employment of a contractor 20 working days prior to any such paid holiday.

#### **Truck Drivers**

(Heavy and Highway Construction & Building Construction)

a. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas day, and Good Friday, provided the employee has at least 31 calendar days of service and works the last scheduled day before and the first scheduled day after the holiday, unless excused.

#### - SPECIAL NOTICE -

To: All State and Political Subdivisions, Their Agents, and Contractors

Connecticut General Statute 31-55a - Annual adjustments to wage rates by contractors doing state work.

Each contractor that is awarded a contract on or after October 1, 2002, for (1) the construction of a state highway or bridge that falls under the provisions of section 31-54 of the general statutes, or (2) the construction, remodeling, refinishing, refurbishing, rehabilitation, alteration or repair of any public works project that falls under the provisions of section 31-53 of the general statutes shall contact the Labor Commissioner on or before July first of each year, for the duration of such contract, to ascertain the prevailing rate of wages on an hourly basis and the amount of payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each mechanic, laborer or worker employed upon the work contracted to be done, and shall make any necessary adjustments to such prevailing rate of wages and such payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each such employee, effective each July first.

- The prevailing wage rates applicable to any contract or subcontract awarded on or after October 1, 2002 are subject to annual adjustments each July 1st for the duration of any project which was originally advertised for bids on or after October 1, 2002.
- Each contractor affected by the above requirement shall pay the annual adjusted prevailing wage rate that is in effect each July 1st, as posted by the Department of Labor.
- It is the *contractor's* responsibility to obtain the annual adjusted prevailing
  wage rate increases directly from the Department of Labor's Web Site. The
  annual adjustments will be posted on the Department of Labor Web page:
  www.ctdol.state.ct.us. For those without internet access, please contact the
  division listed below.
- The Department of Labor will continue to issue the initial prevailing wage rate schedule to the Contracting Agency for the project. All subsequent annual adjustments will be posted on our Web Site for contractor access.

Any questions should be directed to the Contract Compliance Unit, Wage and Workplace Standards Division, Connecticut Department of Labor, 200 Folly Brook Blvd., Wethersfield, CT 06109 at (860)263-6790.

[New] In accordance with Section 31-53b(a) of the C.G.S. each contractor shall provide a copy of the OSHA 10 Hour Construction Safety and Health Card for each employee, to be attached to the first certified payroll on the project.

In accordance with Con Certified Payrolls with a shall be submitted month	statem	ent of con	npliance	_	PAYRO	OLL CE	CRTIFIC	CATIO		PUBLIC	C WORKS PI	ROJECTS	_	Connecticut Department of Labor Wage and Workplace Standards Division 200 Folly Brook Blvd. Wethersfield, CT 06109				ion	
CONTRACTOR NAME A	AND A	DDRESS:									SUBCONTRACTOR NAME & ADDRESS WORKER'S COMPENSATION POLICY #					2			
PAYROLL NUMBER	Week-l Da	_	PROJECT NAME & A	ADDRESS											EFFECTIVE EXPIRATION				
PERSON/WORKER,	APPR	MALE/	WORK		DA	Y AND DA	ATE			Total ST	BASE HOURLY	TYPE OF	GROSS PAY	TO	OTAL DEDUC	CTIONS		GROSS PAY FOR	
		FEMALE AND RACE*	CLASSIFICATION  Trade License Type & Number - OSHA 10 Certification Number	S N	T HOURS W	W	TH	F	S	Hours  Total O/T Hours	RATE TOTAL FRINGE BENEFIT PLAN CASH	FRINGE BENEFITS Per Hour 1 through 6 (see back)	FOR ALL WORK PERFORMED	FICA	FEDERAL WITH- HOLDING	STATE WITH-	LIST OTHER	THIS PREVAILING RATE JOB	CHECK # AND NET PAY
											\$ Base Rate  \$ Cash Fringe  \$ Base Rate  \$ Cash Fringe  \$ Cash Fringe  \$ Cash Fringe	1. \$ 2. \$ 3. \$ 4. \$ 5. \$ 6. \$ 1. \$ 2. \$ 3. \$ 4. \$ 5. \$ 6. \$ 1. \$ 2. \$ 3. \$ 4. \$ 5. \$ 6. \$ 1. \$ 2. \$ 3. \$ 4. \$ 5. \$ 6. \$ 1. \$ 2. \$ 3. \$ 4. \$ 5. \$ 6. \$ 5. \$ 6. \$ 7. \$ 7. \$ 7. \$ 7. \$ 7. \$ 7. \$ 7. \$ 7							
12/9/2013		*IF REQU	IIDED								\$ Base Rate \$ Cash Fringe	1. \$ 2. \$ 3. \$ 4. \$ 5. \$ 6. \$							
WWS-CP1		п къд									*SEE REVERSE	SIDE					P	AGE NUMBER	OF

## \*FRINGE BENEFITS EXPLANATION (P):

Bona fide benefits paid to approved plans, funds or programs, except those required by Federal or State Law (unemployment tax, worker's compensation, income taxes, etc.).

Please specify the type of benefits provided:	
1) Medical or hospital care	
2) Pension or retirement	5) Vacation, holiday
3) Life Insurance	6) Other (please specify)
CERTIFIED STA	ATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE
For the week ending date of	
I,of	, (hereafter known as
Employer) in my capacity as	(title) do hereby certify and state:
Section A:	
1 1 1	re been paid the full weekly wages earned by them during neral Statutes, section 31-53, as amended. Further, I
a) The records submitted are true and	d accurate;
contributions paid or payable on behadefined in Connecticut General Status of wages and the amount of payment person to any employee welfare fund	echanic, laborer or workman and the amount of payment or alf of each such person to any employee welfare fund, as tes, section 31-53 (h), are not less than the prevailing rate or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each such , as determined by the Labor Commissioner pursuant to ites, section 31-53 (d), and said wages and benefits are not quired by contract;
, , ,	all of the provisions in Connecticut General Statutes, pplicable for state highway construction);
, .	worker's compensation insurance policy for the duration of rage has been provided to the contracting agency;
gift, gratuity, thing of value, or compound indirectly, to any prime contractor, premployee for the purpose of improper	ekbacks, which means any money, fee, commission, credit, ensation of any kind which is provided directly or rime contractor employee, subcontractor, or subcontractor rely obtaining or rewarding favorable treatment in n connection with a prime contractor in connection with a tractor; and
	a certified payroll which he knows to be false is a class D te fined up to five thousand dollars, imprisoned for up to
- ·	ppy of the construction safety course, program or fied payroll required to be submitted to the contracting sons name first appears.
(Signature)	(Title) Submitted on (Date)

Weekly Payroll Certification For Public Works Projects (Continued)

## PAYROLL CERTIFICATION FOR PUBLIC WORKS PROJECTS

Week-Ending Date:

Contractor or Subcontractor Business Name:

## WEEKLY PAYROLL

PERSON/WORKER, APPR MALE/ WORK DAY AND DATE Total ST BASE HOURLY TYPE OF GROSS PAY TOTAL DEDUCTIONS GROSS PAY	AY FOR
ADDRESS and SECTION RATE FEMALE CLASSIFICATION S M T W TH F S Hours RATE FRINGE FOR ALL WORK FEDERAL STATE THIS PRE	VAILING CHECK # AND
% AND BENEFITS PERFORMED RATE	E JOB NET PAY
RACE* Trade License Type TOTAL FRINGE Per Hour THIS WEEK	
& Number - OSHA Total BENEFIT PLAN 1 through 6 FICA WITH- WITH- OTHER	
10 Certification Number HOURS WORKED EACH DAY O/T Hours CASH (see back) HOLDING HOLDING	
2. \$	
Base Rate 3. \$	
4. \$	
5. \$	
Cash Fringe 6. \$	
1.\$	
Base Rate 3. \$	
4. \$	
5. \$	
Cash Fringe 6. \$	
1. \$	
Base Rate 3. \$	
4. \$	
Cash Fringe 6. \$	
Cash Fringe   0. 5   1. \$	
Base Rate 3. \$	
5. \$	
Cash Fringe 6. \$	
\$ <u>2. \$</u>	
Base Rate 3. \$	
4. \$	
5. \$	
Cash Fringe 6. \$	

\*IF REQUIRED

12/9/2013 WWS-CP2

NOTICE: THIS PAGE MUST BE ACCOMPANIED BY A COVER PAGE (FORM # WWS-CP1)

PAGE NUMBER \_\_\_\_OF

PAGE 1 OF 7

## Additional Forms to Be Submitted After Bond Commission Funding Approval

**DAS** ■ Construction Services ■ Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

Table of Contents	No. of Pages
Performance Bond	2
Labor And Material Bond	2
Surety Sheet	1
Bidder's Certification: Financial Position and Corporate Structure	1

PAGE 2 OF 7

PERFORMANCE BOND Know All Men by These Presents								
THAT				_				of the
Town of				, County				and
State of				, as Princip	al (hereina	fter called the Prin	cipal),	
and				, ,				
,					onnecticut)	(Insert place of Buas Surety(ies) (her Obligee) in the full	reinafter called	the Surety)
(\$ Connecticut	to the which r	aymant wall	<b>_</b>	·		ted States, to be		
	•	•	<del>-</del>			Gurety (ies) binds it		
assigns joint	tly and severall	y firmly by the	ese presents.	- '				
Signed, s	sealed and deli	vered this			day of		20	<b>]</b> .
	Т	HE CONE	DITION OF	THIS OBL	IGATION	N IS SUCH TH	HAT	
WHERE	AS said Princ	ipal will enter	into a certain v	written contrac	t with said (	Obligee, to be date	ed-the	
	day of		20	, which writ	ten , as am	ended, contract sh	nall provide for th	ne following:
Project <sup>-</sup>	Title:							
Project I	Location:							
Contrac	t Number:							
Project I	Number:			]				

which contract, including any hereafter made extension, modification or alteration thereof, together with all plans and specifications now made or which may hereafter be made in extension, modification or alteration thereof, is hereby referred to, incorporated in, and made a part of this bond as though herein fully set forth.

**NOW, THEREFORE**, if the said Principal shall well and truly keep, perform and execute all the undertaking, covenants, terms, conditions, and agreements of said contract, as it may be extended, modified or altered, and during the *period* of any guaranty required under the contract, according to its provisions on his or its part to be kept and performed or shall indemnify and reimburse the Obligee for any loss that it may suffer through the failure of the Principal to faithfully observe and perform each and every obligation and duty imposed upon the Principal by the said contract, as it may be extended, modified or altered, at the time and in the manner therein specified, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise it shall remain and be in full force and effect.

Any alterations which may be made in the terms of the contract, or in the work done or to be done under it, or the giving by the Obligee of any extension of time for the performance of the contract or any other forbearance on the part of either the Obligee or the Principal, one to the other, shall not in any way release the Principal, and/or the Surety(ies) or either of them, their representatives, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns from liability hereunder, and notice to the Surety(ies) of any such alteration, modification, extension or forbearance is hereby specifically and absolutely waived.

In the event that the Surety(ies) assumes the contract or obtains a bid or bids for completion of the contract, the Surety(ies) shall ensure that the contractor chosen to complete the contract is prequalified pursuant to section 4a-100 of the Connecticut General Statutes, in the requisite classification and has the aggregate work capacity rating and single project limit necessary to complete the contract.

PAGE 3 OF 7

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the said Principal has caused this instrument to be signed by its/their attorney in written.	hereunto set his / its hand and seal, and the said Surety(ies) has/have fact and its corporate seal to be hereunto affixed, the day and year first
Witness as to Principle  (Print Name)  (Print Name)	SEAL  Duly Authorized
Witness as to Surety  (Print Name)	by
(Print Name)	no anomey in fact

**Note:** If more than one surety, add additional lines for additional surety name and address, person signing and title, and two witnesses. Obtain Power of Attorney for each surety.

#### End Performance Bond

PAGE 4 OF 7

LABOR AND MATERIAL BOND Know All Men by These Presents				
THAT	of the			
Town of	, County and			
State of	, as Principal (hereinafter called the Principal),			
and				
	(Insert place of Business)			
	in the State Of Connecticut) as Surety(ies) (hereinafter called the Surety)			
are held and firmly bound unto the State of Connec	ecticut (hereinafter called the Obligee) in the full penal sum of			
(\$ Dollars	rs, lawful money of the United States, to be paid to said State of			
Connecticut, to the which payment well and truly to	be made and done, the said Principal binds himself, his heirs, executors,			
administrators and assigns (or itself, its successors	s and assigns), and the said Surety (ies) binds itself, its successors and			
assigns jointly and severally firmly by these presents	ts.			
Circular and delivered this	dough 20			
Signed, sealed and delivered this	day of 20			
THE CONDITION O	OF THIS OBLIGATION IS SUCH THAT			
WHEREAS said Principal will enter into a certain	ain written contract with said Obligee, to be dated the			
day of 20	, which written, as amended, contract shall provide for the following:			
Project Title:				
Project Location:				
Contract Number:				
Project Number:				

which contract, including any hereafter made extension, modification or alteration thereof, together with all plans and specifications now made or which may hereafter be made in extension, modification or alteration thereof, is hereby referred to, incorporated in, and made a part of this bond as though herein fully set forth.

**NOW, THEREFORE**, if the said Principal shall promptly pay for all materials furnished and labor supplied or performed in the prosecution of the work included in and under the aforesaid contract, as it may be extended, modified or altered, and/or required by the General Statutes of Connecticut, as amended, whether or not the material or labor enters into and becomes a component part of the real asset, then this obligation shall be null and void, otherwise it shall remain and be in full force and effect. This bond is provided pursuant to Section 49-41 et seq. of the General Statutes of Connecticut and shall be governed thereby.

Any party, whether a subcontractor or otherwise, who furnishes materials or supplies or performs labor or services in the prosecution of the work under said contract, as it may be extended, modified or altered, and who is not paid therefor, may bring a suit on this bond in the name of the person suing and prosecute the same to final execution and judgment for such sum or sums as may be justly due.

Any alterations which may be made in the terms of the contract, or in the work done or to be done under it, or the giving by the Obligee of any extension of time for the performance of the contract or any other forbearance on the part of either the Obligee or the Principal, one to the other, shall not in any way release the Principal, and/or the Surety(ies) or either of them, their representatives, heirs, executors, administrators, successors or assigns from liability hereunder, and notice to the Surety(ies) of any such alteration, modification, extension or forbearance is hereby specifically and absolutely waived.

PAGE 5 OF 7

shall ensure that the contractor chosen to complete the	et or obtains a bid or bids for completion of the contract, the Surety(ies) contract is prequalified pursuant to section 4a-100 of the Connecticut ne aggregate work capacity rating and single project limit necessary to
	s hereunto set his / its hand and seal, and the said Surety(ies) has/have fact and its corporate seal to be hereunto affixed, the day and year first
Witness as to Principle	SEAL
(Print Name)	, Its Duly Authorized
(Print Name)	
Witness as to Surety	SEAL
	by
(Print Name)	Its attorney in fact
(Print Name)	

**Note:** If more than one surety, add additional lines for additional surety name and address, person signing and title, and two witnesses. Obtain Power of Attorney for each surety.

End Labor and Material Bond

PAGE 6 OF 7

# Surety Sheet State Of Connecticut

State Of Connecticut
Department of Administrative Services, Construction Services
Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement
450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 1302
Hartford, CT 06103

1.	Surety Company	
	Name of Surety Co.:	
	Address of Home Office:	
	Telephone Number:	
2.	Agent	
	Name of Surety Co.:	
	Address of Agency:	
	Telephone Number:	
	Attorney-In-Fact:	
	Telephone Number:	
	DAS Project Number:	
	Contractor's Name:	

End Surety Sheet

PAGE 7 OF 7

Bidder's Certification: Financial Position and Corporate Structure				
(Your Name)	(Name Of Company)			
information in the bid is true, that there has been no or corporate structure since its most recent prequal	certifies under penalty of false statement that the substantial change in the bidder's financial position ification certificate was issued or renewed pursuant anges noted in the update statement, and that the erson.			
(Signature)				
(Print Name)				
(Date)				
(DAS Project Number)				

End Bidder's Certification: Financial Position and Corporate Structure

End of Section 00 92 10 Additional Forms To Be Submitted After Bond Commission Funding Approval

PAGE 1 OF 2

## Procedures Regarding Taxation For Nonresident General / Prime Contractor and Subcontractors

## DAS ■ Construction Services ■ Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement

According to Connecticut General Statutes § 12-430(7), there are two types of Nonresident Contractors and Subcontractors (*Verified* or *Unverified*) who are required to furnish security for Connecticut taxes arising from jobs performed in Connecticut.

Detailed information can be found by visiting the Connecticut Department of Revenue Services (DRS) website at <a href="https://www.ct.gov/drs">www.ct.gov/drs</a>:

- Under the "For Businesses" title, click on "Withholding Tax"";
- Click on "Registering";
- · Click on "5. What tax types do I need to register for with DRS";
- · Read the information for "Out-of-State" contractors.
- · Click on "SN 2012(2)" for the "Procedure Governing Nonresident Contractors".

Forms can be downloaded from the DRS website (www.ct.gov/drs) as follows:

- · Click on "Forms" at the top of the page;
- Under "Current Year Forms":
  - Click on "Miscellaneous Tax Forms";
  - o Click on "Bond Forms"
- Download the appropriate form.

For questions regarding the nonresident contractor bond law, call DRS at 860-541-7538.

#### 1.0 Verified Nonresident Contractors and Subcontractors

Verified Nonresident Contractors are treated just like Resident Contractors. A Verified Nonresident General or Prime Contractor is not required to file a surety bond with DRS. A Verified Nonresident Subcontractor is not required for the General or Prime Contractor to hold back a portion of the amount owed the Subcontractor under the contract.

1.1	Verific	cation Procedure for General/Prime Contractors and Subcontractors:
	1.1.1	Register with DRS via REG-1 for all appropriate taxes.
	1.1.2	Submit Form AU-960 "Nonresident Contractor Request for Verified Contractor Status" to DRS. If you have a 3 year filing history with DRS and no delinquencies, then just complete Part I & Part I, otherwise go to Part III.
	1.1.3	Submit Form AU-961 "Verification Bond" to DRS.
	1.1.4	If Verified by DRS, submit " <b>Notice of Verified Status</b> " (Verification Letter issued by DRS) to the Connecticut Department of Administrative Services / Construction Services (DAS/CS) Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement as specified in Section 00 41 00 Bid Proposal Form.

## 2.0 Unverified Nonresident Contractors and Subcontractors (for Contracts Greater Than \$250,000):

The requirements for Unverified Nonresident Contractors and Unverified Nonresident Subcontractors (for Contracts greater than \$250,000) are different for General/Prime Contractors and their Subcontractors:

2.1	Unver	Unverified Nonresident General or Prime Contractors:				
	2.1.1	Submit Form AU-964 "Surety Bond and Release" to DRS. The Unverified Nonresident General/Prime Contractor is required to file a good and valid surety bond with DRS using Form AU-964 "Surety Bond and Release" for 5% of the contract price to secure payment of required taxes by both the General/Prime Contractor and its Subcontractors.				
	2.1.2	The General/Prime Contractor must provide proof to DAS/CS that they have posted a good and valid surety bond with DRS by providing a copy of <b>Form AU-965</b> " <b>Acceptance of Surety Bond</b> " that verifies acceptance of the bond by DRS*.				

2.2	Unver	Unverified Nonresident Subcontractors:					
	<ul> <li>2.2.1 The Resident or Verified or Unverified Nonresident General/Prime Contractor is required hold back 5% of its payments to the Unverified Nonresident Subcontractor. The General Contractor must keep the hold-backs in a special fund in trust for the state.</li> <li>2.2.2 The Unverified Nonresident Subcontractor can request that the money be released from General/Prime Contractor by submitting Form AU-967 "Request for Certification Compliance" to DRS. It must be signed by the General/Prime Contractor and the Nonresident Subcontractor and submitted to DRS within 90 days of the completion date.</li> </ul>						
	2.2.3 If Form AU-968 "Certificate of Compliance" is issued by DRS, DRS will instru General/Prime Contractor holding back the 5% to release the withheld amount of Nonresident Subcontractor. If the "Certificate of Compliance" is denied or not requested 90 days of the completion date of the contract, the General/Prime Contractor holding the 5% will remit the withheld amount on their own Sales & Use tax returns.						
	<b>2.2.4</b> The 5% holdback does not take the place of any tax returns due from the UnveriNonresident Contractor.						
	2.2.5 The General/Prime Contractor must give the Unverified Nonresident Subcontractor was notice of the hold-back requirements by the time the Subcontractor begins work under contract.						

<sup>\*</sup>Document(s) must be submitted to the DAS/CS Office of Legal Affairs, Policy, and Procurement as specified in Section 00 41 00 "Bid Proposal Form".

## **End of Section**

00 92 30 Procedures Regarding Taxation For Nonresident General/Prime Contractor & Subcontractors

### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

**A.** Construction Documents and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 WORK COVERED BY CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

**A. Project Number** BI-MH-121 is entitled GBCMHC Parking Garage Repairs. It is located in Bridgeport, Connecticut. It is to be completed and ready for use by the Owner and Agency within the Contract Time specified in Division 00 Section 00 11 16 "Invitation To Bid".

## **B.** The Project Description:

- 1. There is an existing parking garage in need of selective demolition, repairs, and reconstruction. The single structural parking deck is approximately 19,363 SF per level. The structure is steel framed with a cast-in-place concrete deck and perimeter precast concrete panels. There is a single level of on-grade parking below the elevated structural deck. The demolition scope includes Hazardous Materials Abatement referenced in other specification sections and identified, but not limited to, available material included in Division 50.
- 2. The structural cast-in-place concrete slab on steel deck must be completely removed.
- **3.** The perimeter precast panels will be removed and replaced with new precast panels.
- **4**. The existing steel framed structure will be cleaned, repaired, reinforced, and prepared as noted in the contract documents.
- **5.** A new formed, cast-in-place, reinforced, concrete structural slab will be constructed over the steel framed structure (replacing the existing slab).
- **6.** New precast concrete panels will be installed along the perimeter of the parking deck after all the structural steel modifications, reinforcing, and preparation is completed. Security grills will be installed around the perimeter below the new precast panels.
- 7. The existing stairwells will remain but will receive new handrails, guardrails, doors, and windows. Some stair treads and landings will be replaced. The existing surfaces will be cleaned, cracks will be repaired, and all surfaces will be painted.
- **8.** New overhead coiling doors will be installed to control access to the lower level parking. New gate controllers will be installed to control parking to the upper level parking.
- **9.** New site lighting will be installed to replace existing lighting. Security cameras will also be installed.

- 10. There will be a new storm drainage system installed adjacent to the garage which will collect storm water from the site. It will connect to an existing storm drainage manhole in the city street.
- 11. New parking will be constructed adjacent to the restored garage and above the new storm drainage detention system. This new on-grade parking will be paved and communicate with the parking on the replaced structural slab
- 12. New storm drainage must be installed from the project site to an existing storm manhole at the intersection of White Street and Huron Street. All work in the street must comply with, and be approved by the City of Bridgeport. The contractor is responsible for all permits, bonds and fees. The contractor is responsible for coordinating inspection of all storm drainage work in White Street as well as providing the City of Bridgeport project as-built drawings per their requirements.
- **13.** The Authority Having Jurisdiction for a Project that does not exceed the Threshold limitations and is <u>not</u> a Connecticut State University System 2020 Project, as defined by the Connecticut General Statutes, is the CT Office of the State Building Inspector.
- **14.** The project site is very restricted. The contractor may need to park and store materials off site. Encroaching on the facilities parking areas or public streets will not be allowed. The contractor should become familiar with the site and its restrictions prior to submitting a bid.
- **C. Project Location:** The address for the project is 1635 Central Avenue in Bridgeport, CT. The existing garage is bordered by Grant Street, Sheridan Street, and Mead Street in Bridgeport, Connecticut. The new storm drainage will connect down White Street.

#### D. Owner and Agency:

- **1.** Owner: The Owner is the State of Connecticut, Department of Administrative Services.
- **2.** The authorized representative for the Owner is Daniel Wagoner, DCS Assistant Project Manager. The DCS Project Manager is located at Suite 1201, 450 Columbus Boulevard, Hartford, CT, 06106. Phone: (860) 713-5614; Fax: (860) 713-7261]; Email: <a href="mailto:daniel.wagoner@ct.gov">daniel.wagoner@ct.gov</a>.
  - **a.** The DCS Project Manager is the authorized representative for the Department of Administrative Services Commissioner to act in matters involving revoking, altering, enlarging or relaxing any requirement of the contract documents.
- **3.** Agency: The Connecticut State (User) Agency is DMHAS.
- **4.** The Agency Representative is Steven Hecimovich. The Agency Representative's title is Director of Engineering Services. The Agency Representative is located at Connecticut Valley Hospital, 1000 Silver St., Middletown, Connecticut, 06457. Phone: (860) 262-5301; Fax: (860) 262-5307; E-mail: <a href="mailto:Steven.Hecimovich@ct.gov">Steven.Hecimovich@ct.gov</a>.
  - **a.** The Agency Representative has the administrative authority for the facility and or site where the work is being performed but does not have the authority to change the contract documents or direct the contractor.

#### E. Architect and Engineer:

- **1.** The Engineering Firm is BVH Integrated Services, PC, and is located at 206 West Newberry Road, Bloomfield, CT.
- **2.** The Engineer or their accredited representative is referred to in the Contract Documents as "Architect" or "Architects" or "Engineer" or "Engineers" or by pronouns which imply them. As information for the Contractor, the Architect's or Engineer's status is defined as follows:
  - **a.** The Engineer will not make interpretations or decisions directly to the Contractor. All interpretations or decisions will be conveyed through the Construction Administrator to the Project Manager.
  - **b.** As the authorized representative of the Department of Administrative Services Commissioner, the Engineer is responsible for review of shop drawings, materials, and equipment intended for the work, in accordance with the "General Conditions", and the "Supplementary Conditions."
- **3.** Wherever the Architect or Engineer is mentioned in the documents in connection with an administrative function, it shall include the Construction Administrator in that function except for shop drawings.

#### F. Construction Administrator:

- 1. The Construction Administrator is To Be Determined.
  - **a.** The Construction Administrator is referred to in the Contract Documents as "Construction Administrator" or by pronouns which imply it. All communications concerning the project will be directed through the Construction Administrator or a designated representative(s).
- **2.** As information to the Contractor, the Construction Administrator's status is defined as follows:
  - **a.** The Construction Administrator is the Owner's Agent who will, among other things, monitor the General Contractor's performance, scheduling and construction, process shop drawings, material, and equipment submittals, review and process periodic billings, review and recommend cost changes.
- **3.** The Construction Administrator will process all requests for information, interpretations and decisions regarding the meaning and intent of the Contract Documents, consulting with appropriate parties prior to rendering the interpretations or decisions for the Project manager to the Contractor. All such requests and replies shall be in writing.
- **G.** Work Includes but is not limited to the following:
  - 1 Site Construction, Landscaping, Site Utilities;
  - 2 Storm drainage, and repaving city streets;
  - 3 Cast-in-Place Concrete, Architectural Precast Concrete;

- 4 Masonry;
- 5 Structural Steel, Miscellaneous Metals;
- 6 Rough Carpentry;
- 7 Waterproofing, Insulation, Roofing, Sheet metal, and Joint Sealants;
- 8 Doors and Frames, Overhead Doors, Aluminum Windows, Hardware,
- 9 Plumbing, HVAC, and Controls;
- 10 Electrical and Fire Alarm Systems
- **H.** The Contractor will include in his bid, all items required in order to carry out the intent of the Work as described, shown and implied in the Contract Documents.
- I. It shall be the Contractor's responsibility upon discovery to immediately notify the Construction Administrator, in writing, of errors, omissions, discrepancies, and instances of noncompliance with applicable codes and regulations within the documents, and of any work which will not fit or properly function if installed as indicated on the Contract Documents. Any additional costs arising from the Contractor's failure to provide such notification shall be borne by the Contractor.
- **J.** The Work will be constructed under a single lump sum prime general contract.

#### 1.3 CONTRACTOR USE OF PREMISES

- **A.** Use of the Site: Limit use of the premises to work in areas indicated. Confine operations to areas within contract limits indicated. Do not disturb portions of the site beyond the areas in which the Work is indicated.
  - **1. Owner Occupancy:** Allow for Owner occupancy and use by the public of the existing facility.
  - **2.** The Contractor shall confine his operations including storage of materials, supplies, equipment, and apparatus to the areas bounded by the contract limits indicated and as directed in the Contract Documents.
  - 3. Existing roads, drives, walks, and parking areas which are not within the contract limit line are to be kept free and clear at all times. All deliveries for the project are to be scheduled and may require traffic control along the route and around the project site. All Contractors are to check all existing roadways for accessibility and clearances for deliveries of all large material and equipment. They shall inform the Construction Administrator at least 72 hours in advance of these deliveries so they can be coordinated with the Agency so appropriate traffic control, etc. can be provided. Do not use these areas for parking or storage of materials. Schedule deliveries to minimize space and time requirements for storage of materials and equipment on-site.
  - **4.** The Contractor shall be responsible for keeping the premises clean and shall pick up rubbish and debris and promptly remove from site.
  - 5. There will be No Parking for the Contractor's employees on the site.

- **6.** The Contractor shall comply with local working hour restrictions, unless specifically approved otherwise in writing by the Owner.
- **7.** No signs, other than those approved by the Construction Administrator, will be visible on the premises.
- **C.** Use of the Existing Building: The contractor and employees will not be allowed access to the existing building.
- **D. Parking:** Parking on and around this project area is a concern of the Owner and the City.

The contractor and employees will not be allowed to use any parking spaces on the site. All existing parking spaces and loading dock area must remain open and available for the owner and visitors at all times.

Any parking spaces along the street that may be lost, impacted, or required by this project shall be reviewed and approved by the City of Bridgeport before any activity begins.

The contractor should consider finding and using offsite parking for all contractors and sub-contractors.

Construction access may also impact parking along the streets and must be coordinated and approved by the City before any activity begins.

## 1.7 OCCUPANCY REQUIREMENTS

- **A. Full Agency Occupancy During Construction:** The Owner reserves the right to allow the Agency to occupy the site and existing building during the entire construction period. Cooperate with the Agency during construction operations to minimize conflicts and facilitate Agency usage. Perform the Work so as not to interfere with the Agency's operations.
  - 1. The existing building on this property is a health facility that will remain open to the public throughout the project duration. Access to and from the building must not be impeded by the work of this project.
  - 2. Provide adequate building and fire code egress from the building during the renovation process and/or as indicated on the Contract Documents. The Contractor will be responsible to maintain and protect egress ways during the construction sequence as required and/or indicated in the Contract documents. Contractor shall be responsible for preparing egress plans for Owner approval and for Office of State Building Official and Office of State Fire Marshal for approval if required.

#### 1.8 PRODUCTS ORDERED IN ADVANCE

A. None.

## 1.9 OWNER-FURNISHED PRODUCTS

A. None.

#### 1.10 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

#### A. Examination of Site:

- 1. It is not the intent of the Documents to show all existing conditions. All contractors are advised to attend the Pre-bid Conference prior to submitting their Bid Proposals. This is the only official opportunity to visit and examine the site with the Owner, Agency, Engineer, and Construction Administrator.
- 2. The project site is very restricted. The contractor may need to park and store materials off site. Encroaching on the facilities parking areas or public streets will not be allowed. The contractor should become familiar with the site and its restrictions prior to submitting a bid.
- 3. Contractors should investigate and satisfy themselves as to the conditions affecting the work, including but not restricted to those bearing upon transportation, disposal, handling and storage of materials, availability of labor, water, electric power, uncertainties of weather, roads or similar physical conditions of the ground, the character of equipment, and facilities needed preliminary to and during the prosecution of the Work. The Contractor should further satisfy himself as to the character, quality, and quantity of surface and subsurface materials or obstacles to be encountered insofar as this information is reasonably ascertainable from an inspection of the site, as well as from information presented by the Contract Documents. Any failure by the Contractor to acquaint himself with the available information shall not relieve him from the responsibility for estimating properly the difficulty and cost of successfully performing the Work.
- **4.** If tests have been done for Asbestos containing Material (ACM), and/or Lead Containing Material (LBP), the results are referenced in Section 00 30 00 Available Information.
- 5. Tests have not been done for Work Involving "Products Containing Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic Chemicals" (PBT's) such as Polychlorinated Biphenols (PCB's), Di-2-ethylhexyl Phthalate (DEHP) and Mercury, but Division 01 Section 01 35 16 "Alteration Project Procedures" states exposure limits and removal responsibility.

#### 6. Subsurface Geotechnical Investigations:

- **a.** Boring logs have been prepared for the site of this work and are on the plans.
- **b.** A Geotechnical Report has been prepared for this project and is referenced in Section 00 30 00 Available Information.
  - 1) The Contractor must interpret the Geotechnical Report (s) according to his own judgement and acknowledges that he is not relying upon the data as accurately describing the subsurface conditions which may be found to exist.
  - 2) The Contractor further acknowledges that he assumes all risk contingents upon the nature of the subsurface conditions, which shall be actually encountered by him in performing the Work of this Contract.

3) The Contractor should visit the site and become acquainted with all existing conditions and may make their own subsurface investigations to satisfy themselves as to the subsurface conditions. Such investigations shall be conducted only under time schedules and arrangements approved in advance by the Owner.

#### 7. Subsurface Contaminated Soils Investigations:

- **a.** If a Contaminated Soils Report has been prepared for this Project it would be referenced in Section 00 30 00 Available Information.
- **b.** The Contractor shall be responsible for the excavation, staging, loading, transportation, and disposal of the Contaminated Soils indicated in the Contaminated Soils Report. See Division 01 Section 02 80 00, "Contaminated Materials Excavation, Staging, Loading, Transportation and Disposal" for additional technical specifications and Contractor responsibilities.
- c. If the Contractor should encounter any material suspected or known to contain Contaminated Soils that was not previously identified in the Contaminated Soils Report and assigned as the Contractor's responsibility, the Contractor should immediately notify the Owner of same. It is the State's' responsibility to have the material tested and abated (if necessary). The Owner will respond within two (2) calendar days after receiving the Contractor's written request for testing the suspect material. The Owner shall arrange for the remediation and disposal of all Contaminated Soils (if necessary) within a reasonable time period, i.e. within seven (7) calendar days.
- **d.** No attempt has been made to locate hazardous material associated with existing site utilities, though it is presumed that at least some asbestos may be discovered associated with underground piping during the course of site and site utilities work. If and when such materials appear, the Contractor shall notify the Owner, who shall direct additional work outside of this Contract to assist in cutting up and disposing of same. The Contractor shall assist the hazardous materials contractor(s) with excavating, heavy lifting, and the like at no additional cost to the Owner.

#### **B. Pre-Bid Conference:**

1. A Pre-Bid Conference and tour of the site will be conducted as scheduled in Division 00 Section 00 11 16 "Invitation to Bid". This scheduled conference is the only official opportunity for the bidders to tour the site with the Owner, Engineer, Construction Administrator, and Agency

#### C. Project Documents:

- 1. The Specifications and Drawings are intended to describe and illustrate the materials and labor necessary for the work of this Project.
- 2. Throughout the Technical Specifications, the Connecticut Department of Transportation Standard Specifications for Roads, Bridges, and Incidental

Construction Form 816, current edition including any interim and supplemental specifications are referenced. Where so referenced the requirements set forth therein are applicable and made a part hereof. Copies of Form 816 are available from the Connecticut Department of Transportation at a nominal charge.

#### D. Scope Review:

- 1. Prior to signing a Contract with the State, DCS will conduct a full scope review with the apparent Low Bidder to ensure that all of the requirements have been included within the bid. This scope review will highlight all of the specific requirements of the project, a review of the DCS procedures and all of the Technical sections of the contract documents.
- 2. This process will ensure that all of the scope of work included in the contract documents has indeed been included.

## E. Drawings, Electronic Data Storage Devices, and Specifications Furnished:

- 1. The Contractor shall receive one (1) set of AutoCAD compatible drawing files (latest version) at no cost on or about the time of execution of the Contract from the Engineer. Additional sets of AutoCAD compatible drawing files (latest version) on Electronic Data Storage Devices from the Engineer at the cost of their reproduction, to the contractor.
- 2. The General Contractor will be given Ten (10) sets of the Contract Documents on or about the time of execution of the Contract, free of charge. If additional copies are wanted, they will be available at the direct additional cost of their reproduction, to the contractor.

#### F. Construction Responsibility:

- The Contractor shall be responsible for his construction means, methods, techniques, sequences, and procedures employed in the performance of his work and shall have full responsibility for his failure to carry out any part of his work in accordance with the contract Documents.
- **G.** The Contractor shall request approval from the Owner to work overtime. Said request shall be made forty (48) hours in advance. All costs for overtime are included in the Contract Sum as stated in Division 00 Section 00 41 00 "Bid Proposal Form."

#### H. PMWeb Project Management:

- **1.** DCS is using PMWeb as the project management collaborative software tool for this project.
- 2. The General Contractor is required to utilize PMWeb for the duration of this project and shall provide all project information via this program management software. This includes, but is not limited to contracts, applications for payment, change orders, change order proposals, requests for information, etc.

- **3.** The DCS Project Manager shall arrange for training. This training is for the General Contractor's Staff, the DCS project Manager, the Construction Administrator, the A/E, and their representatives.
- **4.** DCS will be establishing a project specific email "file" address for this project. The General Contractor shall send an electronic "file" copy of all project documents to this email address, to include but not limited to all project correspondence, project emails, forms, etc.
- 5. The General Contractor is required to scan all documents that contain wet (ink) signatures and send a copy of those documents electronically to the DCS Project Manager and the project specific email "file" address. The hard copy of the wet signature documents shall be transmitted as directed by the DCS Project Manager. This includes, but is not limited to all contracts, change orders, applications for payment, closeout documentation, etc.
- I. Pursuant to C.G.S. Sec. 4a-101, the General Contractor shall compile evaluation information during the performance of the contract on each of its subcontractors who are performing work with a value in excess of five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000.00). The General Contractor shall complete and submit to DCS evaluations of each such subcontractor upon fifty percent (50%) completion of the project and upon Substantial Completion of the project. The General Contractor acknowledges that its failure to complete and submit these evaluations in a timely manner may, by statute, result in a delay in project funding and, consequently, payment to the General Contractor. The General Contractor agrees to indemnify and hold the State harmless from any loss, damage, or expense that results from or is caused by the General Contractor's failure to complete and submit the evaluations to DCS in accordance with this provision.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

**PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)** 

END OF SECTION 01 11 00

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#### **PART 1 - GENERAL**

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Contract Documents and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, other Division 01 Specification Sections, and Section 00 41 00 "Bid Proposal Form" apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Allowances.
  - 2. Unit Prices.
- **B. Related Sections:** The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:

Section 01 26 00 Contract Modification Procedures.

Section 01 29 76 Progress Payment Procedures.

Section 01 77 00 Closeout Procedures.

Section 01 35 16 Alteration Project Procedures.

Section 02 41 19 Selective Demolition

Section 02 81 00 Transportation and Disposal of Regulated Soil

Section 02 82 13 Asbestos Abatement

Section 02 83 00 Lead Remediation Specifications

Section 02 83 13 Lead Paint Activity

Section 31 10 00 Site Clearing

Section 31 20 00 Site Earth Moving

Section 31 20 05 Sedimentation and Erosion Control

#### 1.3 ALLOWANCES

A. None.

## 1.4 UNIT PRICES - GENERAL

- **A.** This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for unit prices.
- **B. Related Sections:** The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Division 01 Section 01 26 00 "Contract Modification Procedures" for procedures for submitting and handling Change Orders.

**2.** Division 01 Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures" for procedures for submitting Application for Payments.

#### C. Definitions:

1. Unit Price: Amount the General Contractor acknowledges in the Bid Proposal Form as a price per unit of measurement for materials or services as described in the Bidding Documents or in the Contract Documents.

#### **D. Procedures:**

- 1. Unit Prices included in the Contract Documents are to be used for determining compensation to the Contractor or Owner for changes to the scope of the work indicated in the Contract Documents, and included in the Lump Sum Contract Price. Special Unit Prices are for items complete, in place, and shall be inclusive of furnishing and installing of all material, labor, trucking, overhead, profit, equipment, hoisting, excavation, stockpiling, loading, engineering, scaffolding, power hookups, protection, shop drawings, taxes, permits, appliances, delivery, disposal, insurance, supervision, cost of bond, etc. and shall remain in effect until completion of the Contract.
- **2. Unit Price:** Is identified by the Owner as a price per unit of measurement for materials or services added to or deducted from the Contract Sum by appropriate modification, if the estimated quantities of Work required by the Contract Documents are increased or decreased.
  - a. Should the amount of the Work required be increased or decreased because of changes in the work ordered in writing by the Project Manager, the Contractor agrees that the following supplemental UNIT PRICES will be decreased 10% for a reduction of work. Each Unit Price shall include all equipment, tools, labor, permits, fees, etc., incidental to the completion of the work involved. All items marked with an asterisk (\*) in the unit price schedules shall include the completion of the excavation, formation and compaction of sub-grade and the disposal of surplus or unsuitable materials in accordance with the Plans and Specifications or as directed by the Construction Administrator.
- **3.** The Owner reserves the right to reject the Contractor's measurement of work-in-place that involves use of established unit prices, and to have this work measured, at the Owner's expense, by an independent surveyor acceptable to the Contractor.
- **4. Defect Assessment:** Replace the Work, or portions of the Work, not conforming to the specified requirements. If, in the opinion of the Architect/Engineer, it is not practical to remove and replace the work the Architect/Engineer will direct an appropriate remedy or adjust the payment.
- 5. Unit Price Schedule: A "Unit Price Schedule" is included at the end of this Section. Specification Sections referenced in the Schedule contain requirements for materials described under each unit price.

#### 1.5 UNIT PRICE SCHEDULES

- **A.** Unit Price Schedule Earth and Rock Excavation: This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the following unit prices and provisions are to be included in and become part of this Contract to be used in evaluating additions to or deductions from the work called for in the specifications and/or plans.
  - 1. Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in these documents, Contractors are to assume that all excavation is earth; however, if unspecified rock is encountered, it will be paid for at the given unit prices listed in Paragraph "C". Rock prices are net in that allowances for reduced quantities of earth are also included in the unit prices. The prices given include all costs for overhead, profit and rock surveys.
  - 2. Wherever rock to be excavated is encountered, the Contractor shall strip or expose the rock to such an extent that in the Owner's opinion the necessary measurements can be taken. The Contractor shall provide the Owner with a survey by a licensed land surveyor indicating top of rock elevations at points of intersection on a rectilinear grid with lines spaced sufficiently close to show accurately the rock surface contours. At the Owner's option, an additional survey may be furnished by the Owner from a licensed surveyor.
  - **3.** If the conditions of the excavation work indicated are clearly of a special nature, the Contractor may ask the Owner for reconsideration of the established unit prices and if granted, the unit prices will not apply, and prices will be negotiated in accordance with Article 13 of the General Conditions.

#### **B.** Definitions:

- 1. "EARTH" is defined as excavation shall include removal of all materials other than 'water' and 'rock'.
- 2. "ROCK" is defined as a boulder of one cubic yard or more in volume (1/2 cubic yard for a boulder in trenches), and rock in definite ledge formation and masonry structures of one cubic yard or more in volume, the removal of which requires the use of mechanical equipment or the use of explosives. Rock removed by scarification or ripping method is considered as a separate classification under Paragraph 4.c.(1).
- **3. "ORIGINAL GRADE"** is defined as being the grade which exists at the time of Contract Award.
- **4.** "ROUGH GRADE" is defined as being the completed surface of required excavations greater than 13' in width.
- **5.** "MASS" excavation is to be considered as an open area whose minimum horizontal dimensions exceed 13'.
- **6.** "TRENCH" is defined as excavation is defined as the removal of material from areas 13 feet or less in its minimal horizontal dimensions and below the elevation of rough grade or original grade, whichever is lower.

#### C. Procedures:

- 1. Rock Excavation in Trenches: Basis for Horizontal Measurement:
  - **a. Horizontal Measurements:** Will be taken between the vertical planes as defined below.
  - **b.** The Minimum Width of Trenches in Rock: Will be taken as 3' 0".
  - **c.** Excavation For Walls Or Piers With Footings: The measurements will be taken parallel to and one foot outside of the edges of the concrete footings as called for in the plans (i.e. for 4' 0" footing, rock will be taken as 6' 0" in width).
  - **d.** Excavation For Walls Or Piers Without Footings: The limits of the excavation will be 1' 6" outside of the line of concrete at bottom as shown or called for in the plans (i.e. for a wall with a bottom thickness of 1' 0", the width of the trench will be considered to be 4' 0"). (Caissons are excluded from these measurements).
  - **e.** Excavation for Pipe Lines: Will be measured at 2' 0" more than the nominal inside diameter of the pipe but in no case less than 3' 0" wide.
  - **f.** Excavation For Tanks, Vaults, Manholes, Pits, Etc.: Will be measured as 2' 0" greater in both length and width or diameter than the actual exterior dimensions of the structures and this excavation is considered to be trench only if any measured horizontal dimensions is 13' or less.
  - **g.** No allowance will be made for rock removed beyond the above limits.

#### 2. Rock Excavation in Trenches - Basis for Vertical Measurement:

- **a.** To determine depth of trench, vertical measurements will be taken from original grade or rough grade, (whichever is applicable), to the bottom of required excavation. These measurements will define the maximum depths for payments.
- **b.** To determine quantity of rock in trench, vertical measurements will be taken from the top of rock as encountered in the trench to 12" below the bottom of required rock excavation. Any over excavation below the required elevation shall be filled with concrete or other material as specified at no cost to the Owner.
- **c.** No allowance will be made for rock removed beyond the above limits.
- 3. Earth Excavation in Trenches Basis of Measurement: (Horizontal & Vertical): The basis of measurements and allowance limit for earth excavation in trenches is identical to that indicated for rock excavation in trenches, except that there will be no allowance for 12" below the required elevation. In addition the following will prevail:

## a. Maximum allowable widths for earth excavation in trenches without shoring:

Trench I	<b>Depth - Classification</b>	Add To Nominal ID Of Pipe Or To Footing Width	
	0 ft 6 ft.	3 ft.	
Over	6 ft 10 ft.	5 ft.	
Over	10 ft 15 ft.	7 ft.	
Below 15 ft	t deep the width of the tr	ench shall be based on the individual case	

Below 15 ft. deep the width of the trench shall be based on the individual case. The final depth of trench will determine the actual width for payment.

- **b.** If shoring is required the measurement shall be taken between the exterior walls of the shoring not to exceed 4' plus the I.D. of the pipe (for all depths).
- **c.** To determine quantity of earth in trench, vertical measurements will be taken from the original or rough grade to actual bottom of earth excavation required.
- 4. Unit Prices Earth and Rock Excavation (Basis for Payment): Prices include backfill with excavated material if it is suitable. Prices also include all excavation and disposal of all surplus or unsuitable material. Where replacement with the excavated material is prohibited or a particular backfill material is specified, the cost of the delivered replacement material in a volume equal to the above excavation pay limits minus the volume of the items installed in the trench shall be paid for a prior negotiated price. Prices do not include costs of shoring and de-watering but do include sloping for sides of excavation. Payment and credit amounts shall be determined in the following manner: Widths and depths of trench excavation as indicated. The total quantity of earth or rock excavation encountered in each depth payment category shall be paid for at its respective unit price as shown below. For example, in a 15' trench the first 6' will be paid for at the 0' 6' price; the next 4' will be paid for at the over 6' 10' price and the next 5' will be paid for at the over 10' 15' price. Thus three different price brackets will prevail.

a.	EAR	TH EXCAVATIO	N - HAND	UNIT	\$ ADD	\$ DEDUCT
	(1)	In Trenches - 0'.	- 6'.	C.Y.	36.00	28.80
	(2)	In Trenches Belov	w 6' Deep,	Prices Must	Be Negotiated	
			Before Work Is Started.			
b.	EAR	TH EXCAVATION	N - MACHINE	UNIT	\$ ADD	\$ DEDUCT
	(1)	Open Area	All Depths	C.Y.	18.81	15.05
	(2)	In trenches	0' - 4' deep	C.Y.	14.27	11.40
		Over	0' - 10' deep	C.Y.	19.71	15.75
		Over	0' - 15' deep	C.Y.	35.00	28.00
		Over	0 - 20' deep	C.Y.	75.00	60.00

c.	ROC	K EXCAVA	ATION	UNIT	\$ ADD	\$ DEDUCT	
	(1)	Open Area	s, Rock Removed By				
		Ripping (A	ny Amount),				
		Net Rock		C.Y.	103.50	82.80	
	(2)	Open Areas	s, With Explosives -				
		Net Rock	Total Quantity Up To 100	C.Y.	126.00	100.80	
			Total Quantity Up To 1,000	C.Y.	60.00	48.00	
			Total Quantity Up To 1,000 or more	C.Y.	28.00	22.40	
	(3)	In Tranchae	s, Boulders, Remove By				
	(3)	Machine	·	C.Y.	45.00	36.00	
	(4)	In Trenches Machine	s, Ripping Of Rock By	C.Y.	105.00	84.00	
	(5)	In trenches, with explosives					
		Net Rock	0' - 4' Deep	C.Y.	95.60	76.50	
	(6)	In trenches	, with explosives				
		Net Rock	0' - 10' Deep	C.Y.	125.00	100.00	
	(7)		, with explosives				
		Net Rock	0 - 15' Deep	C.Y.	150.00	120.00	
	(8)	In trenches	, with explosives				
		Net Rock	Over 15' - 10' Deep	C.Y.	200.00	160.00	
	(9)	In trenches	, with explosives -				
		Net Rock	0 - 20' Deep,	Prices Must	Be Negotiate Of Work.	d Before Start	
	(10)	Jack Holes Lift/Elevato	(For Hydraulic	L.F.			
	(11)	,			1		
		Net Rock	es rue i fomblica	C.Y.	125.00	100.00	
	(12)	Trench Exc	eavation -	<b></b>	123.00	100.00	
			es Are Prohibited				
			Vith Rock Splitters				
			Iammer or Hoe Ram	C.Y.	150.00	120.00	

#### **D.** Unit Price Schedule - Miscellaneous:

**A. Related Documents:** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### B. Base Bid Unit Prices – Miscellaneous:

	1. Unit Price Schedule – Miscellaneous Items						
Section Number &/or Drawing Number	Item Description	Base Bid Quantity	Unit of Measure- ment		\$ Add Unit Price		\$ Deduct Unit Price
[Division 5]	Replace stair tread pans and concrete infill	12	EA	\$	800	\$	500
[Division 3]	Epoxy inject existing concrete cracks	500	LF	\$	15	\$	12
[Division 3]	Repair surface pockets and honeycombing with patching mortar	100	SF	\$	15	\$	12

**2.** Unit Prices shall be negotiated if there is a change in scope of work.

## C. Unit Price Schedule – Miscellaneous:

1.	MIS	CELLANEOUS Items	UNIT	\$ ADD	\$ DEDUCT
	a.	Structural fill	CY	\$15.00	\$12.00
	b.	1" Overlay patching	SF	\$0.75	\$0.60
	c.	Bituminous Lip Curb	LF	\$5.50	\$4.40
	d.	Concrete Curbing	LF	\$25.00	\$20.00
	e.	Granite curbing- straight	LF	\$46.00	\$37.00
	f.	Granite curbing- curved	LF	\$50.00	\$40.00
	g.	Concrete Sidewalk	SF	\$15.00	\$12.00

2. Unit Prices shall be negotiated if there is a change in scope of work.

#### F. Unit Price Schedule – Environmental Remediation:

**A.** Related Documents: Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, other Division 01 Specification Sections, and Technical Specifications apply to this Section.

#### **B.** Unit Price Schedule – Environmental Remediation:

1.	ENVIRONMENTAL REMEDIATION ITEMS		Base Bid Quantity (CY)	Base Bid Quantity (TON) (CY x 1.5)	\$ ADD/ DEDUCT PER TON
	ER-01	Removal of Hazardous Soil/Fill Material (per 1 ton)	0	0	\$380
	ER-02	Removal of Contaminated Soil/Fill Material (per 1 ton)	0	0	\$120
	ER-03	Removal of Polluted Soil/Fill Material (per 1 ton)	1,833 CY	2,800 tons	\$60

## G. Unit Price Schedule – Hazardous Building Materials Abatement:

**A.** Related Documents: Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, other Division 01 Specification Sections, and Technical Specifications apply to this Section.

## B. Unit Price Schedule – Hazardous Building Materials Abatement:

1.	ASBESTO	OS ABATEMENT	UNIT	\$ ADD/ DEDUCT
	AR-001	CLEAN-UP OF ACM DEBRIS BY HEPA VACUUMING	SF	\$0.23
	AR-002	REMOVAL OF PIPE INSULATION INCLUDING FITTINGS (FULL CONTAINMENT - < 6" DIA)	LF	\$1.63
	AR-003	REMOVAL OF PIPE INSULATION INCLUDING FITTINGS(FULL CONTAINMENT - 6" - 12" DIA)	LF	\$2.68
	AR-004	REMOVAL OF PIPE INSULATION INCLUDING FITTINGS(FULL CONTAINMENT - >12" DIA)	LF	\$3.65
	AR-005	GLOVE BAG REMOVAL OF PIPE OR FITTING INSULATION (MINI- CONTAINMENT - FIRST 25)	EA	\$26.05

1.	ASBESTO	OS ABATEMENT	UNIT	\$ ADD/ DEDUCT
	AR-006	GLOVE BAG REMOVAL OF PIPE OR FITTING INSULATION (MINI- CONTAINMENT - QUANTITY BETWEEN 25-50)	EA	\$20.56
	AR-007	GLOVE BAG REMOVAL OF PIPE OR FITTING INSULATION (MINI- CONTAINMENT - QUANTITY IN EXCESS OF 50)	EA	\$18.30
	AR-008	REMOVAL OF EQUIPMENT INSULATION	SF	\$3.81
	AR-009	REMOVAL OF HVAC DUCT INSULATION	SF	\$3.81
	AR-010	REMOVAL OF HVAC DUCT SYSTEM FLEXIBLE CONNECTOR	SF	\$2.77
	AR-011	REMOVAL OF RESILIENT FLOORING INCLUDING MASTIC	SF	\$1.05
	AR-012	REMOVAL OF RESILIENT FLOORING (NO MASTIC)	SF	\$0.67
	AR-013	REMOVAL OF SPRAYED ON FIREPROOFING	SF	\$2.61
	AR-014	REMOVAL OF PLASTER CEILING SYSTEM (INCLUDING BLACK IRON AND METAL LATH)	SF	\$2.68
	AR-015	REMOVAL OF ACOUSTIC OR METAL PAN CEILING SYSTEM (INCLUDING GRID )	SF	\$1.74
	AR-016	REMOVAL OF ACOUSTIC CEILING PANELS (CLEAN GRID FOR REUSE)	SF	\$1.45
	AR-017	REMOVAL OF ACOUSTIC PLASTER FINISH MATERIAL (SCRAPE)	SF	\$2.45
	AR-018	PATCH AND/OR SEAL DAMAGED INSULATION	SF	\$1.05
	AR-019	REMOVAL OF CONTAMINATED SOIL (2" DEPTH)	SF	\$1.69
	AR-020	REMOVAL OF TRANSITE MATERIAL	SF	\$0.92
	AR-021	REMOVAL OF ROOFING OR ROOF FLASHING MATERIAL	SF	\$1.34

1.	ASBESTO	OS ABATEMENT	UNIT	\$ ADD/ DEDUCT
	AR-022	REMOVAL OF UNDERGROUND PIPE OR PIPE INSULATION (INCLUDING HAND EXCAVATION)	LF	\$10.75
	AR-023	REMOVAL OF CARPET OVER RESILIENT FLOORING	SF	\$0.83
	AR-024	REMOVAL OF WALL BASE AND MASTIC	LF	\$0.95
	AR-025	REMOVAL OF DRYWALL PARTITION (INCLUDING WALL FRAMING)	SF	\$0.90
	AR-026	REMOVAL OF CMU WALL	SF	\$1.82
	AR-027	PREP WORK AREA	SF	\$1.09
	AR-028	SOLID BARRIERS OR ACCESS TUNNELS (2"x4"@16", 1/2" PLYWOOD)	SFSA	\$1.26
	AR-029	SELECTIVE DEMOLITION TO ACCESS CONCEALED ACM	SF	\$1.11
	AR-030	REMOVAL OF FLOOR LEVELING MATERIAL	SF	\$0.79

2.	LEAD-BASED PAINT ABATEMENT		UNIT	\$ ADD/ DEDUCT
	SP-001	REMOVE LOOSE PAINT FROM WALLS OR CEILINGS (WET SCRAPING OR BRUSHING)	SF	\$0.89
	SP-002	STRIP PAINT FROM FLAT SURFACES	SF	\$2.93
	SP-003	STRIP PAINT FROM COLUMNS AND STRUCTURAL FRAMING MEMBERS	SF	\$3.68
	SP-004	STRIP PAINT FROM STAIR TREADS, RISERS AND STRINGERS	SF	\$5.08
	SP-005	STRIP PAINT FROM TRIM	LF	\$2.82
	SP-006	STRIP PAINT FROM DOORS (DOOR OPENING SIZE)	SF	\$4.54
	SP-007	STRIP PAINT FROM WINDOW (WINDOW SIZE)	SF	\$7.08

2.	LEAD-BA	SED PAINT ABATEMENT	UNIT	\$ ADD/ DEDUCT
	SP-008	STRIP PAINT FROM RADIATOR	SF	\$8.75
	SP-009	STRIP PAINT FROM HANDRAIL	LF	\$7.35
	SP-010	STRIP PAINT FROM PIPING	SF	\$6.30
	SP-011	CLEAN-UP OF MATERIALS CONTAINING LEAD (DIRT, BUILDING DEBRIS, ETC.)	CF	\$3.43
	SP-012	HEPA VACUUMING AND WASHING SURFACE (SMOOTH SURFACE)	SF	\$0.63
	SP-013	HEPA VACUUMING AND WASHING SURFACE (POROUS SURFACE)	SF	\$1.05
	SP-014	REMOVE EXTERIOR SOIL (6" DEPTH)	SF	\$4.50

3.	PCBS IN BUILDING MATERIAL ABATEMENT		UNIT	\$ ADD/ DEDUCT
	HM-001	REMOVE LOOSE PCB CONTAMINATED CAULK (WET SCRAPING OR BRUSHING)	LF	\$6.20
	HM-002	REMOVE PCB CONTAMINATED CAULK AND 6 INCHES OF BUILDING MATERIALS	LF	\$28.00
	HM-003	REMOVE PCB CONTAMINATED CAULK AND 12 INCHES OF BUILDING MATERIALS	LF	\$37.00
	HM-004	REMOVE INTACT PCB CONTAMINATED CAULK WITH NO REMOVAL OF BUILDING MATERIALS	LF	\$8.50
	HM-005	STRIP PAINT FROM FLAT SURFACES	SF	\$2.94
	HM-006	HEPA VACUUMING AND WASHING SURFACE (SMOOTH SURFACE)	SF	\$0.60
	HM-007	HEPA VACUUMING AND WASHING SURFACE (POROUS SURFACE)	SF	\$1.05

3.	PCBS IN BUILDING MATERIAL ABATEMENT		UNIT	\$ ADD/ DEDUCT
	HM-008	REMOVE EXTERIOR SOIL (6" DEPTH)	SF	\$4.88
	HM-009	EXCAVATE, TRANSPORT, AND DISPOSE OF PCB CONTAMINATED SOIL (1 TON)	TON	\$400

4.	MOLD ABATEMENT		UNIT	\$ ADD/ DEDUCT
	IAQ-001	CLEANING AND HEPA VACUUMING OF CONTAMINATED COMPONENTS OR MATERIALS	SF	\$0.61
	IAQ-002	REMOVAL OF CONTAMINATED PIPE INSULATION	LF	\$0.61
	IAQ-003	REMOVAL OF CONTAMINATED BUILDING INSULATION	SF	\$0.61
	IAQ-004	REMOVAL OF CONTAMINATED HVAC DUCT OR EQUIPMENT INSULATION	SF	\$0.61
	IAQ-005	REMOVAL OF CONTAMINATED CARPET	SF	\$0.88
	IAQ-006	REMOVAL OF CONTAMINATED DRYWALL PARTITION (INCLUDING WALL FRAMING)	SF	\$1.05
	IAQ-007	REMOVAL OF CONTAMINATED PLASTER	SF	\$1.87
	IAQ-008	REMOVAL OF CONTAMINATED SUSPENDED CEILING PANELS	SF	\$0.59
	IAQ-009	PREP WORK AREA	SF	\$0.99
	IAQ-010	SOLID BARRIERS OR ACCESS TUNNELS (2"x4"@16", 1/2" PLYWOOD)	SFSA	\$2.09
	IAQ-011	SELECTIVE DEMOLITION TO ACCESS CONTAMINATED COMPONENTS OR MATERIALS	SF	\$1.15

5.	REWORK ITEMS DURING ABATEMENT ACTIVITIES			\$ ADD/ DEDUCT
	RW-001	REINSULATE PIPE 1" THICK FIBERGLAS ASJ	SF	\$2.83
	RW-002	REINSULATE PIPE 1 1/2" THICK FIBERGLAS ASJ	SF	\$3.62
	RW-003	REINSULATE PIPE 2" THICK FIBERGLAS ASJ	SF	\$4.30
	RW-004	REINSULATE PIPE FITTING 1" THICK FIBERGLAS ASJ	EA	\$4.37
	RW-005	REINSULATE PIPE FITTING 1 1/2" THICK FIBERGLAS ASJ	EA	\$5.34
	RW-006	REINSULATE PIPE FITTING 2" THICK FIBERGLAS ASJ	EA	\$6.50
	RW-007	REINSULATE MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT 3 PCF, 2" THICK	SF	\$3.50
	RW-008	REINSULATE HVAC DUCT SYSTEM (FLEXIBLE DUCT WRAP) 0.75 PCF, 1 1/2" THICK	SF	\$2.25
	RW-009	REINSULATE HVAC DUCT SYSTEM (RIGID BOARD) 3 PCF, 1 1/2" THICK	SF	\$6.00
	RW-010	REPLACE HVAC DUCT SYSTEM FLEXIBLE CONNECTOR	SF	\$7.83
	RW-011	REPLACE TRIM COMPONENT (WOOD CASING, JAMB, APRON, ETC.)	LF	\$1.26
	RW-012	REPLACE INTERIOR DOOR (SOLID CORE FLUSH OR 6-PANEL PINE)	EA	\$207.50
	RW-013	REPLACE WINDOW (SASH ONLY)	EA	\$207.50
	RW-014	REPLACE WINDOW (COMPLETE UNIT INCLUDING FRAME)	EA	\$375.00
	RW-015	PAINT FLAT SURFACES (PRIMER + FINISH COAT)	SF	\$0.27
	RW-016	PAINT COLUMNS AND STRUCTURAL FRAMING MEMBERS (PRIMER + FINISH COAT)	SF	\$2.89

5.	REWORK ACTIVIT	K ITEMS DURING ABATEMENT IES	UNIT	\$ ADD/ DEDUCT
	RW-017	PAINT STAIR TREADS, RISERS AND STRINGERS (PRIMER + FINISH COAT)	SF	\$2.89
	RW-018	PAINT HANDRAIL (PRIMER + FINISH COAT)	LF	\$0.27
	RW-019	PAINT TRIM COMPONENT (CASING, JAMB, APRON, ETC., PRIMER + FINISH COAT)	LF	\$0.83
	RW-020	PAINT DOORS (DOOR OPENING SIZE - INCLUDES BOTH FACES PRIMER + FINISH COAT)	SF	\$1.67
	RW-021	PAINT WINDOW (INCLUDES INTERIOR & EXTERIOR PRIMER + FINISH COAT)	SF	\$1.97
	RW-022	PAINT RADIATOR (PRIMER + FINISH COAT)	SF	\$2.97
	RW-023	PAINT PIPING (PRIMER + FINISH COAT)	LF	\$0.29
	RW-024	REPLACE EXTERIOR SOIL (6" LOAM AND SEED)	SF	\$7.19
	RW-025	ASPHALT PAVING	SF	\$3.43

6.	MISCELLANEOUS ABATEMENT ITEMS		UNIT	\$ ADD/ DEDUCT
	MI-001	MOBILIZATION (1 PER WORK AREA)	EA	\$262.50
	MI-002	WORKER DECON (1 PER WORK AREA)	EA	\$262.50
	MI-003	CONTAINMENT BARRIERS TO SEPARATE THE WORK AREA (SOFT BARRIER)	SF	\$1.02
	MI-004	CONTAINMENT BARRIERS TO SEPARATE THE WORK AREA (HARD BARRIER)	SF	\$2.55
	MI-005	TEMP ELECTRICAL CONNECTION (LICENSED ELECTRICIAN)	EA	\$450.00
	MI-006	TEMP ELECTRICAL GENERATOR	DY	\$375.00

6.	MISCELI	LANEOUS ABATEMENT ITEMS	UNIT	\$ ADD/ DEDUCT
	MI-007	DISPOSAL OF ACM WASTE (INCLUDES TRANSPORTATION)	CY	\$60.00
	MI-008	DISPOSAL OF HAZARDOUS WASTE MATERIAL (INCLUDES TRANSPORTATION)	TON	\$380.00
	DISPOSAL OF CONSTRUCTION MI-009 DEBRIS (INCLUDES TRANSPORTATION)		TON	\$30.00
MI-010 ABATEMENT SUPERV		ABATEMENT SUPERVISOR (LICENSED)	HR	\$81.00
	MI-011	STAND-BY ABATEMENT PERSONNEL (EACH LICENSED WORKER)	HR	\$74.00
	MI-012	ENCAPSULATION UTILIZING LIQUID COATING SYSTEM	SF	\$0.69
	MI-013	ENCAPSULATION UTILIZING HEAVY BODIED REINFORCED COATING SYSTEM	SF	\$1.03
	MI-014	FIXED SCAFFOLDING	SF	\$16.00
	MI-015	EXCAVATION TO EXPOSE UNDERGROUND PIPE	CY	\$25.00
	MI-016	PROJECT NOTIFICATION AND FEES	EA	\$0.00
	MI-017	PROJECT BOND ( 3% OF CONTRACT)	EA	\$0.00

7.		ENT REPLACEMENT DURING ENT ACTIVITIES	UNIT	\$ ADD/ DEDUCT
	CR-001	REMOVE TRIM COMPONENT (CASING, BASE, APRON, ETC.)	LF	\$0.49
	CR-002	REMOVE DOOR (DOOR ONLY)	SF	\$0.27
	CR-003	REMOVE DOOR (INCLUDING JAMB, NO TRIM)	SF	\$0.61
	CR-004	REMOVE WINDOW (SASH ONLY)	SF	\$0.40
	CR-005	REMOVE WINDOW (COMPLETE UNIT INCLUDING FRAME)	SF	\$0.92
	CR-006	REMOVE RADIATOR	SF	\$0.77
	CR-007	REMOVE MISCELLANEOUS ITEM	CF	\$7.56

**PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)** 

**PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)** 

**End of Section 00 30 00 Contract Considerations** 

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

**A.** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 **SUMMARY**

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for handling requests for equals and substitutions made after award of the Contract.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" specifies requirements for submitting the Contractor's Construction Schedule and the Submittal Schedule.
  - 2. Division 01 Section 01 42 20 "Reference Standards and Definitions" specifies the applicability of industry standards to products specified.
  - 3. Division 01 Section 01 60 00 "Product Requirements" specifies requirements governing the Contractor's selection of products and product options.

# 1.3 <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

- **A.** Definitions in this Article do not change or modify the meaning of other terms used in the Contract Documents.
- **B. Equals or Substitutions General:** Changes in products, materials, equipment, and methods of construction required by the Contract Documents proposed by the Contractor after award of the Contract.

### 1.4 **SUBMITTALS**

- **A. Equals and Substitution Request Submittals:** The Owner will consider requests for equals or substitutions if made prior to the Receipt of the Competitive Bid. The information on all materials shall be consistent with the information herein. After the contract award, substitutions will be considered for materials or systems specified that are no longer available. It will not be considered if the product was not purchased in a reasonable time after award. The Contractor shall submit all equal and substitutions requests on the "**Equal or Substitute Product Request**" Form, an example is shown at the end of this Section and the Form is available from the Construction Representative (CA). See Article 15 in the General Conditions for further refinement and information.
- **B.** The Contractor is required to prepare and submit three (3) copies of the required data for the first manufacturer listed or procedure listed in the specifications section with reference to all of the following areas: the substance and function considering quality, workmanship, economy of operation, durability and suitability for purposes intended including the size, rating performance, LEED® compliance, and cost. All submissions must include all the required data for the first listed manufacturer or procedure as specified, as well as the required data for the proposed Equal or Substitution. This will

enable the Owner and Architect to determine that the proposed Equal or Substitution is or is not substantially equal to the first listed manufacturer or procedure.

- 1. Identify the product or the fabrication or installation method to be replaced in each request. Include related Specification Section and Drawing numbers.
- **2.** Provide complete documentation showing compliance with the requirements for equals or substitutions, and the following information, as appropriate:
  - a. Coordination information, including a list of changes or modifications needed to other parts of the Work and to construction performed by the Owner and separate contractors that will be necessary to accommodate the proposed Equal or Substitution.
  - **b.** A detailed comparison chart of significant qualities of the proposed substitution with those of the Work specified. Significant qualities may include elements, such as performance, weight, size, strength, durability, and visual effect.
  - **c.** Product Data, including Shop Drawings and descriptions of products and fabrication and installation procedures.
  - **d.** Samples, where applicable or requested.
  - **e.** A statement indicating the effect on the Contractor's Construction Schedule or CPM Schedule compared to the schedule without approval of the Equal or Substitution. Indicate the effect on overall Contract Time.
  - **f.** Cost information, broken down, including a proposal of the net change, if any in the Contract Sum.
  - **g.** The Contractor's certification that the proposed Equal or Substitution conforms to requirements in the Contract Documents in every respect and is appropriate for the applications indicated.
  - **h.** The Contractor's waiver of rights to additional payment or time that may subsequently become necessary because of the failure of the Equal or Substitution to perform adequately.
- 3. Architect's Action: If necessary, the Architect will request additional information or documentation for evaluation within seven (7) days of receipt of the original request for equal or substitution request. The Architect will notify the Construction Administrator who will notify the Owner of recommended acceptance or rejection of the proposed equal or substitution, within fourteen (14) days of receipt of the request, or seven (7) days of receipt of additional information or documentation, whichever is later. The Construction Administrator will give final acceptance or rejection by the Owner not less than seven (7) days after notification.
  - **a.** Any request deemed an "Equal" and accepted by the Construction Administrator, Architect, Owner, and Agency will result in written notification to the Contractor and will <u>not</u> be in the form of a change order for an "Equal".
  - **b.** Any request deemed a "Substitution" and rejected or approved by Construction Administrator, Architect, and Owner may result in written notification to the

Contractor and may be in the form of a change order if the "Substitution" is approved.

#### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### **2.1 EQUAL OR SUBSTITUTIONS**

- **A. Conditions:** The Architect will consider the Contractor's request for Equal or Substitution of a product or method of construction when one or more of the following conditions are satisfied, as determined by the Architect. If the following conditions are not satisfied, the Architect will return the requests to the Construction Administrator without action except to record noncompliance with these requirements.
  - 1. The proposed request does not require extensive revisions to the Contract Documents.
  - **2.** The proposed request is in accordance with the general intent of the Contract Documents.
  - **3.** The proposed request is timely, fully documented, and/or properly submitted.
  - **4.** The proposed request can be provided within the Contract Time. However, the Architect will not consider the proposed request if it is a result of the Contractor's failure to pursue the Work promptly or coordinate activities properly.
  - 5. The proposed request will offer the Owner a substantial advantage, in cost, time, energy conservation, or other considerations, after deducting additional responsibilities the Owner must assume. However, if the proposed request requires the Owner to incur additional responsibilities, including but not limited to, additional compensation to the Architect for redesign and evaluation services, increased cost of other construction by the Owner or similar considerations, then the Owner will have just cause to reject the request for Equal or Substitution.
  - **6.** The proposed request can receive the necessary approvals, in a timely manner, required by governing authorities having jurisdiction.
  - **7.** The proposed request can be provided in a manner that is compatible with the Work as certified by the Contractor.
  - **8.** The proposed request can be coordinated with the Work as certified by the Contractor.
  - **9.** The proposed request can uphold the warranties required by the Contract Documents as certified by the Contractor.
- **B.** The Contractor's submission and the Architect's review of Submittals, including but not limited to, Samples, Manufacturer's Data, Shop Drawings, or other such items, which are not clearly identified as a request for an Equal or Substitution, will not be considered or accepted as a valid request for an Equal or Substitution, nor does it constitute an approval.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)**

**END OF SECTION 01 25 00** 



CT DCS - 7001 (Rev: 01.09.13)

# 7001 Equal or Substitute Product Request

Construction Services				
	Page 1 of 1			
Request Phase Pre-Bid Post Bid (See Article	15 Materials: Standards, General Conditions)			
	Dated:			
To: State of Connecticut CTDCS Project No.				
Department of Construction Services Project Name / Location				
Cel Int. A 20 27				
References: Specification(s): Section(s):	Paragraph(s):			
Drawing(s): Drawing(s) No(s):	Detail(s) No(s):			
Contractually Specified Product:				
Contractor Proposed Product:				
Proposed Product is : Equal: ☐ Substitute: ☐	Model No.:			
See attached data for <b>both</b> specified and proposed products as requ				
Data attached: Drawings: ☐ Product Data: ☐	Reports: Samples:			
Tests:  Other:				
Reason(s) for not providing the Specified Product:				
Similar Installation:	er . a			
	litect:			
Address: O Date Inst	wner: alled:			
Date inst				
Will proposed substitution impact other parts of the				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(es ☐ If yes attach explanation. (es ☐ by number of Days			
Actual Dollar Savings to the State of Connecticut if substitution is acc	-			
The Undersigned Certifies that the proposed Request for an Equal or	1204 1 <del>1 10</del>			
requirements of Division 01 General Requirements, Section 01 25 00 Subs	titution Procedures .			
Request Submitted By General Contractor / CMR:				
	(Firm's Typed Name)			
ву:				
(Typed Name) (Title)	(Signature) (Date)			
CONTRACTOR / CMR Send copies to DCS PM: DCA /OR:				
Consultantia Paulau Thia Substitution Paguastia	=			
FAND OF BOARD TO THE THE STATE OF THE STATE	Received on (Date):			
Approved: (Submittals in accordance with Div. 01 General Procedures.)	ai Requirements, Section 01 33 00 Submittai			
Approved as Noted: (Submittals in accordance with Div. 01 General	al Requirements, Section 01 33 00 Submittal			
Procedures.)  ☐ Rejected: Use Specified Materials.				
Rejected: Request Not Received Within Specified Tir	ne Period - Use Specified Materials.			
Reviewed Issued By:				
	(Signature) (Date)			
	ief Architect			
If Approved: As noted by Consultant,  DCS Chief Architect:				
DCS Chief Architect:  Copies: Project File Red R2	(Date)			

7000 - Construction Phase Forms

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section specifies administrative and procedural requirements for handling and processing contract modifications.
- B. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Division 01 Section 01 20 00 "Contract Considerations" for administrative requirements governing use of Unit Prices.
  - 2. Division 01 Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures" for administrative procedures for handling requests for substitutions made after award of the Contract.
  - 3. Division 01 Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures" for administrative procedures governing Applications for Payment.
  - 5. Division 01 Section 01 32 16.13 "CPM Schedules" for requirements for CPM scheduling and reporting progress of work.
  - 6. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" for requirements for submittal of the Construction Progress Schedule or CPM Schedule.
  - 7. General Requirements "Article 13" "Change Orders".

### 1.3 REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

- A. In the event that the Contractor or subcontractor, at any tier, determines that some portion of the drawings, specifications, or other contract documents requires clarification or interpretation by the Architect, the Contractor shall submit a "Request for Information" in writing to the Architect via the Construction Administrator. "Requests for Information" may only be submitted by the Contractor and shall only be submitted on the "Request for Information" forms as required by the Owner.
  - 1. In the "Request for Information", the Contractor shall clearly and concisely set forth the issue for which clarification or interpretation is sought and why a response is needed from the Architect.
  - 2. In the "Request for Information", the Contractor shall set forth an interpretation or understanding of the requirement along with reasons why such an understanding was reached.
  - 3. The Owner acknowledges that this is a complex project. Based upon the owner's past experience with projects of similar complexity, the Owner anticipates that there will probably be some "Requests for Information" on this project.

- 4. The Architect will review all "Requests for Information" to determine whether they are valid "Requests for Information". If it is determined that the document is not a valid "Request for Information", it will be returned to the Contractor, unreviewed as to content, for resubmittal on the proper form and in the proper manner.
- 5. A "Requests for Information Response" shall be issued within seven (7) days of receipt of the request from the Contractor unless the Owner determines that a longer time is necessary to provide an adequate response. If a longer time is determined necessary by the Owner, the Owner will, within seven (7) days of receipt of the request, notify the Contractor of the anticipated response time. If the Contractor submits a "Request for Information" on an activity with seven (7) days or less of float on the current project schedule, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any time extension due to the time it takes the Architect to respond to the request provided that the Architect responds within the seven (7) days set forth above.
- 6. A "Request for Information Response" from Architect will not change any requirement of the Contract Documents. In the event the Contractor believes that the "Request for Information Response" will cause a change to the requirements of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall within five (5) Days give written notice to the Construction Administrator stating that the Contractor believes the "Request for Information Response" will result in a "Change Order" and the Contractor intends to submit a "Change Order Proposal" request. Failure to give such written notice five (5) Days shall waive the Contractor's right to seek additional time or cost under the requirement these Requirements.

### 1.4 MINOR CHANGES IN THE WORK

A. The Architect, through the Construction Administrator, will issue supplemental instructions authorizing minor changes in the Work, not involving adjustment to the Contract Sum or Contract Time, on the "Supplemental Instructions" form as required by the Owner.

#### 1.5 PROPOSAL REQUEST

- A. Architect/Owner-Initiated Requests For Proposals: The Architect or Owner will issue a detailed description of proposed changes in the Work via the Construction Administrator that will require adjustment to the Contract Sum or Contract Time. If necessary, the description will include supplemental or revised Drawings and Specifications. Such requests shall be on a "Proposal Request" form as required by the Owner.
  - 1. "Proposal Request" is issued for information only. Do not consider them as an instruction either to stop work in progress or to execute the proposed change.
  - 2. Within (14) days of receipt of a "Proposal Request", submit a "Change Order Proposal" with the required information necessary to execute the change to the Construction Administrator for the Architect's/Owner's review.

- a. Include a list of quantities of products required and unit costs, with the total amount of purchases to be made. Where requested, furnish survey data to substantiate quantities.
- b. Indicate applicable delivery charges, equipment rental, and amounts of trade discounts.
- c. Include a statement indicating the effect the proposed change in the Work will have on the Contract Time.
- d. The Agency is tax exempt. All Contractor and Subcontractor services provided under your Contract with the State of Connecticut may not be exempt from taxes. The Department of Revenue Services can guide you as to which services are exempt and which are not. Please contact the State of Connecticut, Department of Revenue Services at 1-800-382-9463 or 860-541-3280.
- e. Dollar values shown on the Schedule of Values shall not be the governing (or deciding) final amounts for change orders involving either additional charges or deletions.

### 1.6 CHANGE ORDER PROPOSAL

- A. When either a "Request for Information" from the Contractor or a "Proposal Request" from the Architect or Owner results in conditions that may require modifications to the Contract, the Contractor may propose changes by submitting a request for a "Change Order Proposal" to the Architect via the Construction Administrator on forms as required by the Owner. These forms shall also include "Change Order Proposal Worksheets" as required by the Owner.
  - 1. Include statements outlining the reasons for the change and the effect of the change on the Work. Provide a complete description of the proposed change. Indicate the effect of the proposed change on the Contract Sum and Contract Time.
  - 2. Include a list of quantities of products required and unit costs, with the total amount of purchases to be made. Where requested, furnish survey data to substantiate quantities as directed by Article 13 of the General Conditions of the Contract for Construction.
  - 3. Indicate applicable delivery charges, equipment rental, and amounts of trade discounts.
  - 4. Comply with requirements in Division 01 Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures" if the proposed change requires an equal or substitution of one product or system for a product or system specified.
  - 5. The State of Connecticut construction contract has the following tax exemptions:
    - a. Purchasing of materials which will be physically incorporated and become a permanent part of the project.
    - b. Tools, supplies and equipment used in fulfilling the construction contract are not exempt.

- c. Services that are resold by the contractor are exempt, i.e. if a General Contractor hires a plumber, carpenter or electrician, a resale certificate may be issued to the subcontractor because these services are considered to be integral and inseparable component parts of the building contract
- C. "Change Order Request" Forms: Use "Change Order Proposal" and "Change Order Proposal Worksheets" forms as required by Owner.
- D. A "Change Order Proposal" cannot be submitted without either prior submission of a "Request for Information" from the Contractor or as a response to a "Proposal Request" submitted by the Architect or Owner.
- E. Any "Change Order Request" submitted without a prior submittal of a "Request for Information" or as a response to a "Proposal Request" will be immediately rejected and returned to the Contractor.

# 1.7 CONSTRUCTION CHANGE DIRECTIVE

# A. "Construction Change Directive":

When the Owner and the Contractor disagree on the terms of a "Change Order Proposal" resulting from either a "Request for Information" or "Proposal Request", then the Architect through the Construction Administrator may issue a "Construction Change Directive" on a "Construction Change Directive" form as authorized by the Owner. The "Construction Change Directive" instructs the Contractor to proceed with a change in the Work, for subsequent inclusion in a "Change Order".

- 1. The "Construction Change Directive" contains a complete description of the change in the Work. It also designates the method to be followed to determine change in the Contract Sum or Contract Time.
- 2. Contractor must proceed with the Work once a "Construction Change Directive" is issued
- 3. The change in the Contract Sum and Contract Time resulting from the issuance of a "Construction Change Directive" will be based on "Time & Material" or "Unit Prices".
- 4. Issuance of "Construction Change Directive" does not guarantee payment for the Work described in the "Construction Change Directive".
- B. Documentation: The Contractor shall maintain detailed records on a time and material basis of work required by the "Construction Change Directive".
  - 1. After completion of the change, submit an itemized account and supporting data necessary to substantiate cost and time adjustments to the Contract.
  - 2. The final value shall be negotiated based on the supporting data to determine the value of the work.

### 1.8 CHANGE ORDER PROCEDURES

A. Upon the Owner's approval of a Contractor's "Change Order Proposal", the Construction Administrator will issue a "Change Order" for signatures of the Architect, Owner and the Contractor on a "Change Order" form as required by the Owner.

# **PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)**

# **PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)**

END OF SECTION 01 26 00

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#### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section specifies procedures for preparation and submittal of the Contractor's Applications for Payment.
- **B.** Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section.
  - 1. Notice to Bidders: Article 10
  - **2.** General Conditions: Articles: 27 "Schedule of Values, Application for Payment"; 28 "Partial Payments"; 31 "Final Payment"; and 32 "Owner's Right to Withhold Payments".
  - **3.** Division 01 Section 01 32 16.13 "CPM Schedules" for requirements for CPM scheduling and reporting progress of work.
  - **4.** Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures".
  - **5.** Division 01 Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures" for requirements for Final Payment.

#### 1.3 SCHEDULE OF VALUES

- **A. Coordination:** Coordinate preparation of the "Schedule of Values" with preparation of the CPM Schedule or Construction Schedule. Use "Schedule of Values" form as required by the Owner
  - 1. Submit the "Schedule of Values" to the Construction Administrator at the earliest possible date but no later than **twenty-one** (21) days after Contract Start Date.
  - **2. Sub-schedules:** Where Work is separated into phases requiring separately phased payments, provide sub-schedules showing values correlated with each phase of payment.
- **B. Format and Content:** Use the Project Manual Table of Contents as a guide to establish the format for the "Schedule of Values". Provide at least one line item for each Specification Section on electronic media printout.
  - **1. Identification:** Project identification on the Schedule of Values shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
    - a. Owner
    - b. Project Number
    - c. Project Name

- d. Project Location
- e. Contractor's name and address.
- **2.** Arrange the "Schedule of Values" in tabular format as required by the Owner, containing separate columns including, but not limited to, the following Items:
  - a. Item Number.
  - b. Description of Work with Related Specification Section or Division Number.
  - c. Scheduled Values broken down by description number, type material, units of each material.
    - 1) Include break down of General Condition requirements, i.e. bonds, insurance premiums, taxes, job mobilization, temporary facilities, field supervision and layout, operation and maintenance manuals, punch list activities, project record documents, demonstration and training, overhead, and profit as separate line items.
  - d. Name of subcontractor.
  - e. Name of manufacturer or fabricator.
  - f. Name of supplier.
  - g. Retainage.
  - h. Contract sum in sufficient detail.
- **3.** Percentage of Contract Sum to nearest one-hundredth percent, adjusted to total 100 percent.
- **4.** Provide a breakdown of the Contract Sum in sufficient detail to facilitate continued evaluation of Applications for Payment and progress reports. Coordinate with the Project Manual Table of Contents. Break principal subcontract amounts down into several line items. In addition, the following items listed below must be included.
  - **a.** Site Logistics Plan (01 29 76) a lump sum at 1/20 of one percent of the base bid total project cost at the time of submission of this plan.
  - **b.** Coordination Drawings (01 31 00) a lump sum of this cost for payment at the submittal of this product a minimum cost of  $1/10^{th}$  of one percent of the base bid total project cost or \$5,000 whichever is greater..
  - **c.** Photographic Documentation (01 32 33) a monthly cost of up to \$1,000 per month to be paid each month upon receipt of the photographs or forfeit of that month's payment.
  - **d.** Submittal Schedule (01 33 00) a lump sum payment calculated at 1/20<sup>th</sup> of 1% of the base bid total project cost upon receipt of the schedule
  - **e.** Waste Collection & Cleaning (01 50 00) a monthly cost. A minimum payment of \$1,000 to \$3,000 (based on size & complexity of the project) with forfeit of that monthly payment if not done.

- **f. As-Built Updates (01 31 00)** a monthly cost, a minimum payment of up to \$1,000 with forfeit of that monthly payment if not done.
- **g.** Schedule (01 32 16) For the Base Schedule a lump sum payment or 40% of the total schedule budget, with the remainder paid on an even payment over the duration of the project.
- **h. Schedule (01 32 16.13)** a lump sum payment upon receipt of the base line schedule. A payment of 40% of the total amount of the total cost which is to be calculated at 1/8<sup>th</sup> of one percent of the base bid total project cost. Monthly updates using the remainder of the cost divided evenly over the accepted schedule duration with a forfeit of the monthly payment of the update is not received on time.

Any forfeited amounts being withheld by the CA for non-performance will be adjusted at the final payment by a credit change order to the owner.

- 5. Round amounts to nearest whole dollar; the total shall equal the Contract Sum.
- **6. Unit-Cost Allowances:** Show the line-item value of unit-cost allowances, as a product of the unit cost, multiplied by the measured quantity. Estimate quantities from the best indication in the Contract Documents.
- **7. General Conditions:** Show line items for indirect costs and margins on actual costs only when such items are listed individually in Applications for Payment. Each item in the Schedule of Values and Applications for Payment shall be complete. Include the total cost and proportionate share of general overhead and profit margin for each item.
  - a. Temporary facilities and other major cost items that are not direct cost of actual work-in-place may be shown either as separate line items in the Schedule of Values or distributed as general overhead expense, at the Contractor's option.

## 1.4 APPLICATIONS FOR PAYMENT

- A. Each Application for Payment shall be consistent with previous applications and payments as certified by the Architect and Construction Administrator and paid for by the Owner.
  - 1. The initial "Application for Payment", the "Application for Payment" at time of "Substantial Completion", and the final "Application for Payment", involve additional requirements.
- B. Payment-Application Terms: The Owner will process monthly progress payments. The Contractor may submit applications for payment on a monthly basis.
- C. Payment-Application Forms: Use the "Application for Payment" form as required by the Owner. Present the required information on electronic media printout or Owner approved form; multiple pages should be used if required.
  - 1. For each item, provide a column including but not limited to the following items:
    - a. Item Number.

- **b.** Description of Work and Related Specification Section or Division.
- **c.** Scheduled Value, break down by units of material and units of labor.
- **d.** Work Completed from previous application.
- e. Work Completed this period.
- **f.** Materials presently stored.
- **g.** Total Completed and stored to date of application.
- **h.** Percentage of Completion.
- i. Balance to Finish.
- **j.** Retainage.
- **D. Application Preparation:** Complete every entry on the Application form. At the time of Final Payment only, include an executed Application form by a person authorized to sign legal documents on behalf of the Contractor. The Construction Administrator will return incomplete Applications without action.
  - 1. Entries shall match data on the "Schedule of Values".
  - **2.** Include amounts of Change Orders issued prior to the last day of the construction period covered by the application.
- **E.** Transmittal: Except for final payment, submit to the Construction Administrator by a method ensuring receipt within forty-eight (<u>48</u>) hours. One (<u>1</u>) complete, signed and notarized original of each Application for Payment, including lien waivers and similar attachments when required, along with six (<u>6</u>) copies. For Final Payment, nine (<u>9</u>) complete, signed and notarized copies shall be submitted.
  - 1. Transmit each copy with a transmittal form listing attachments and recording appropriate information related to the application, in a manner acceptable to the Architect.
- **F. Applications for Payment**: Administrative actions and submittals, that must precede or coincide with submittal of the first Application for Payment and all subsequent Application for Payments including, but not limited to, the following items:
  - **1.** List of subcontractors and suppliers' name, FEIN/Social Security numbers, and Connecticut Tax Registration Numbers.
  - 2. List of principal suppliers and fabricators.
  - 3. Schedule of Values.
  - **4.** Contractor's Construction Schedule (preliminary if not final).
  - **5.** Schedule of principal products.
  - **6.** Submittal Schedule (preliminary if not final).
  - 7. List of Contractor's staff assignments.
  - **8.** List of Contractor's principal consultants.

- **9.** Copies of all applicable permits.
- **10.** Copies of authorizations and licenses from governing authorities for performance of the Work.
- 11. Proof that subcontractors have been paid amounts included on the Contractor's Application for Payment within thirty (30) days after the Owner has paid the Contractor for the particular Application for Payment in accordance with Connecticut General Statute § 49-41a (a)(1).
- 12. Releases of Lien from subcontractors with amounts included on the Contractor's Application for Payment when Contractor has been paid by the Owner for the particular Application for Payment but the subcontractors have not been paid.
- **13.** Proof that as-built documents are updated as required by Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures.
- **14.** Initial as-built survey and damage report, if required.
- **15.** Update the "Contractor's Master Subcontract Agreement List" and submit copies all recently executed Subcontract Agreements in accordance with CGS § 4b-96.
  - **15.1.** The "Contractor's Master Subcontract Agreement List" shall list all Subcontract Agreements in order of Contract Sum magnitude (from high to low) in the following format:

Contractor's Master Subcontract Agreement List				
Subcontractor Name	Minority Or Small Business Designation	Trade	Address	Contract Sum

**16.** In accordance with CGS § 42-158j (b):

Each payment requisition submitted shall include a statement showing the status of all pending construction change orders, other pending change directives and approved changes to the original contract or subcontract. Such statement shall identify the pending construction change orders and other pending change directives, and shall include the date such change orders and directives were initiated, the costs associated with their performance and a description of any work completed. As used in this section, "pending construction change order" or "other pending change directive" means an authorized directive for extra work that has been issued to a contractor or a subcontractor and identified by an official Change Order Number or Construction Change Directive Number assigned by the State of Connecticut.

**G. Application for Payment at Substantial Completion:** Following issuance of the Certificate of Substantial Completion submit an Application for Payment form; use the

form as required by the Owner. Present the required information on electronic media printout as applicable that include, but are not limited, to the following:

- 1. This application shall reflect Certificates of Partial Substantial Completion issued previously for Owner occupancy of designated portions of the Work.
- **2.** Administrative actions and submittals that shall precede or coincide with this application include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - **2.1** Occupancy permits and similar approvals.
  - **2.2** Warranties (guarantees) and maintenance agreements.
  - **2.3** Test/adjust/balance records.
  - **2.4** Maintenance instructions.
  - **2.5** Meter readings.
  - **2.6** Startup performance reports.
  - **2.7** Changeover information related to Owner's occupancy, use, operation, and maintenance.
  - **2.8** Final cleaning.
  - **2.9** Application for reduction of retainage and consent of surety.
  - **2.10** Advice on shifting insurance coverage.
  - **2.11** Final progress photographs.
  - **2.12** List of incomplete Work, recognized as exceptions to Architect's Certificate of Substantial Completion.
- **H. Final Payment Application:** Administrative actions and submittals that must precede or coincide with submittal of the final Application for Payment include, but are not limited, to the following:
  - 1. Completion of Project Closeout requirements.
  - **2.** Completion of list of items remaining to be completed as indicated on the attachment to the Certificate of Substantial Completion.
  - 3. Ensure that unsettled claims will be settled.
  - **4.** Ensure that incomplete Work is not accepted and will be completed in accordance with a schedule prepared by the Contractor which is acceptable to the Owner.
  - **5.** Transmittal of required Project construction records to the Owner (including as-built documents specified in Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures").
  - **6.** Certified property survey.
  - 7. Proof that taxes, fees, and similar obligations were paid.
  - **8.** Removal of temporary facilities and services.
  - **9.** Removal of surplus materials, rubbish, and similar elements (Reference Section 01 74 19 "Construction Waste Management & Disposal").

- **10.** Change of door locks to Owner's access.
- **11.** The requirements of the General Conditions and Supplementary Conditions for Final Acceptance, Final Completion, Final Inspection, and Final Payment.
- **12.** Asbestos, lead or other hazardous material manifests.
- **13.** Completion of "Building Contractor Reporting Form" as supplied by Department of Construction Services, for all Contractors, Subcontractors, Vendors, Suppliers, etc. who work on the Contract. The form includes the following information:
  - a. Contractor/Subcontractor name.
  - **b.** FEIN/Social Security Numbers
  - c. Connecticut Tax Registration Numbers
  - **d.** Type of work
  - e. Name of business and address
  - **f.** Remittance address.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

**PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)** 

**END OF SECTION 01 29 76** 

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## 01 30 00 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS

**A. Summary:** Section 01 30 00 Administrative Requirements contains the following Subsections:

01 31 13	Project Coordination	Not Used
01 31 19	<b>Project Meetings</b>	Not Used
01 32 16	<b>Construction Progress Schedules</b>	Not Used
01 32 33	Photographic Documentation	Not Used
01 33 00	<b>Submittal Procedures</b>	Not Used
01 35 16	<b>Alteration Project Procedures</b>	Not Used
01 35 19	<b>Confined Space Entry</b>	Not Used
01 35 53	<b>Security Procedures</b>	Not Used

#### 01 31 13 PROJECT COORDINATION

- **A.** Related Documents: Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- **B. Related Sections:** The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this section.
  - **1. Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures"** submission of Schedule of Values and Applications for payment.

#### C. Construction Administrator:

1. The Construction Administrator is identified in Division 01 Section 01 12 19 "Contract Interface".

#### 2. Construction Mobilization:

- **2.1** Cooperate with the Construction Administrator in the allocation of mobilization areas of the site, for field offices and sheds, for agency facility access, traffic, and parking facilities.
- **2.2** During Construction, coordinate use of site and facilities through the Construction Administrator.
- 2.3 Comply with Construction Administrators procedures for intraproject communications; submittals, reports and records, schedules, coordination drawings, and recommendations; and resolution of ambiguities and conflicts.
- **2.4** Comply with instructions of the Construction Administrator for use of temporary utilities and construction facilities.
- 2.5 Coordinate field engineering layout as specified in Division 01Section 01 71 23 "Field Engineering" for work under the instructions of the Construction Administrator.

- **D.** Coordinate construction operations included in various Sections of these Specifications to assure efficient and orderly installation of each part of the Work. Coordinate construction operations included under different Sections that depend on each other for proper installation, connection, and operation.
  - 1. Schedule construction operations in the sequence required to obtain the best results where installation of one part of the Work depends on installation of other components, before or after its own installation.
  - 2. Coordinate installation of different components to assure maximum accessibility for required maintenance, service, and repair.
  - **3.** Make provisions to accommodate items scheduled for later installation.
- **E.** Where necessary, prepare memoranda for distribution to each party involved, outlining special procedures required for coordination. Include such items as required notices, reports, and attendance at meetings.
  - 1. Prepare similar memoranda for the Construction Administrator, Owner and separate contractors where coordination of their work is required.
- **F. Administrative Procedures:** Coordinate scheduling and timing of required administrative procedures with other construction activities to avoid conflicts and assure orderly progress of the Work. Such administrative activities include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Preparation of schedules. (on site and off site)
  - 2. City of Bridgeport requirements for work in the street.
  - 3. Installation and removal of temporary facilities.
  - 4. Delivery and processing of submittals.
  - 5. Progress meetings.
  - 6. Project closeout activities.

### **G.** General Coordination Provisions:

- 1. Inspection of Conditions: Require the Installer of each major component to inspect both the substrate and conditions under which Work is to be performed and coordinate such inspections with the Construction Administrator and authorities having jurisdictions. If unsatisfactory conditions exist notify the Construction Administrator immediately. Do not proceed until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in an acceptable manner.
- 2. The Contractor shall coordinate temporary enclosures with required inspections and tests to minimize the necessity of uncovering completed construction for that purpose.

### 2.1 Coordination Drawings:

- **2.1.1** The Structural Steel Subcontractor will create the framing plan/coordination drawing to be used for construction.
- **2.1.2** The Precast Concrete Subcontractor will superimpose his piping layout on the coordination drawing.
- **2.1.3** The Plumbing subcontractor will superimpose all the plumbing information on the coordination drawing by drawing his piping (include pitch) on the coordination drawing.
- **2.1.4** The Electrical subcontractor will complete the coordination drawing. Said information to include but not necessary limited to cable trays, equipment, lighting, conduits, bus duct, etc.
- **2.1.5** The Construction Administrator will review the completed coordination drawing for general compliance and then submit it to the Architect for his review. All subcontractors shall rework the Mylar drawings until all systems are properly coordinated.
- **3.** The Construction Administrator will meet with the Contractor on all major items of coordination.
- 4. See also Division 00 General Conditions, Article 7 "Cooperation of Trades".

### 01 31 19 PROJECT MEETINGS

**A.** Related Documents: Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### **B.** Pre-construction Conference:

- 1. The Contractor will attend a Pre-construction Conference before starting construction, as scheduled by the Construction Administrator convenient to the Owner, the Construction Administrator, Architect, and Contractor. This meeting will take place within **fourteen** (14) Calendar Days after the written Notice to Proceed and before the Contract Start Date. Hold the conference at the Project Site or another convenient location as directed by the Construction Administrator. The Construction Administrator shall conduct the Pre-construction Conference to review the Contractor and Subcontractor responsibilities and personnel assignments.
- **2. Attendees:** Authorized representatives of the Construction Administrator, Owner, Architect, and their consultants; the Contractor and its superintendent; major subcontractors; agency; and other

- concerned parties shall attend the Mandatory conference. All participants at the conference shall be familiar with the Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work.
- **3. Agenda:** Discuss items of significance that could affect progress, including the following:
  - **3.1** Tentative construction schedule:
  - **3.2** Critical work sequencing;
  - **3.3** Progress meeting schedule;
  - **3.4** Designation of responsible personnel;
  - **3.5** Procedures for processing submittals, RFI's, CCD's, field decisions and Change Orders;
  - **3.6** Inspection requirements
  - **3.7** Special Inspection requirements
  - **3.8** Work in the city streets
  - **3.9** City of Bridgeport requirements
  - **3.10** Procedures for processing Applications for Payment;
  - **3.11** Distribution of Contract Documents:
  - **3.12** Submittal of Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples;
  - **3.13** Preparation of record documents;
  - **3.14** Use of the premises and surrounding streets;
  - **3.15** Requirements of this HIPPA site;
  - **3.16** Parking availability;
  - **3.17** Office, work, and storage areas;
  - **3.18** Equipment deliveries and priorities;
  - **3.19** Safety procedures;
  - **3.20** First aid;
  - **3.21** Security;
  - **3.22** Housekeeping;
  - **3.23** Working hours;
  - **3.24** Excavated material and demolition material

## **C.** Progress Meetings:

1. The Construction Administrator will conduct progress meetings, biweekly, at the Project Site or at regular intervals as agreed upon at the Pre-construction Conference. The Construction Administrator will notify the Owner, the Architect, and the Contractor of the scheduled Progress Meeting dates. Coordinate dates of Progress Meetings with preparation of Application for Payment requests.

- 2. Attendees: In addition to representatives of the Contractor, Construction Administrator, Owner and the Architect, subcontractor, supplier, or other entity concerned with current progress or involved in planning, coordination, or performance of future activities may be requested to attend these meetings on an as needed basis. All participants at the meeting shall be familiar with the Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work. The Contractor shall include the site superintendent as a minimum.
- **3. Agenda:** Progress Meetings shall review and correct or approve minutes of the previous Progress Meeting. Review other items of significance that could affect progress. Include topics for discussion as appropriate to the status of the Project.
  - 2.1 Construction Schedule: Review progress since the last Progress Meeting. Determine where each activity is in relation to the required Contractor's "Construction Schedule" and whether each activity is on time or ahead or behind Schedule. Determine how Work that is behind Schedule will be expedited; secure commitments from parties involved to do so. Discuss whether Schedule revisions are required to insure that current and subsequent activities will be completed within the Contract Time.
  - 3.2 Review the present and future needs of each entity present
- **Reporting:** The Construction Administrator will distribute minutes of the meeting to each party present, promptly and before the next scheduled meeting, and to parties who should have been present.
- **5.** A schedule of regular Project Meetings will be established at the Preconstruction Conference.

#### 01 32 16 CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS SCHEDULES

#### A. Related Documents

1. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### B. Summary

- 1. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the preparation, submittal, and updating of the Contractor's construction schedules and reporting progress of the Work.
  - **1.1.** Refer to the General Conditions and the Agreement for definitions and specific dates of Contract Time.
- **2.** This Section includes the following:
  - **2.1.** Format.

- **2.2.** Content.
- **2.3.** Revisions to schedules.
- **2.4.** Submittals.
- **2.5.** Distribution.
- **3. Related Sections**: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 3.1 Division 01 Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures" specifies requirements for submitting Schedule of Values and Application for Payments.
  - 3.2 Division 01 Section 01 31 19 "Project Meetings" specifies requirements for submitting and distributing meeting and conference minutes.
  - 3.3 Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" specifies requirements for submitting the Submittal Schedule.
  - **3.4** Division 01 Section 01 45 00 "Quality Control" specifies requirements for submitting inspection and test reports.
  - 3.5 Division 01 Section 01 60 00 "Product Requirements" specifies requirements for submitting the list of products.

#### C. Definitions

1. Construction Schedule: A method of planning and scheduling a construction project utilizing a horizontal bar chart with a separate bar for each major portion of the Work or operation to make the schedule an effective tool for planning and monitoring the progress of the work.

### D. Quality Assurance

- **1. The Contractor's Consultant:** Retain a consultant to provide planning, evaluating, and reporting by CPM scheduling.
  - **1.1. In-House Option:** The Owner may waive the requirement to retain a consultant if the Contractor can demonstrate that:
    - **1.1.1.** The Contractor has the computer equipment required to produce construction schedules.
    - **1.1.2.** The Contractor employs skilled personnel with experience in construction scheduling and reporting techniques.
  - **1.2. Program:** Use Microsoft Project latest version.
  - **1.3. Standards:** Comply with procedures contained in AGC's "Construction Planning & Scheduling."

# E. Preliminary Schedule

1. Preliminary Gantt schedule is to be prepared by the General Contractor and submitted to the Construction Administrator within seven (7) days

- of award of contract. This schedule is to cover all items of Work from the start of the project up to the completion of the project. This schedule must be revised when the actual schedule of significant items varies more than one week from the proposed schedule.
- 2. Prepare and submit a coordinated comprehensive schedule for work on the state of Connecticut property and work beyond the property in the City of Bridgeport streets.

#### F. Construction Schedule Format

- 1. **Format:** Utilize a horizontal bar chart (Gantt) with a separate bar for each major portion of the Work or operation, identifying first work day of each week.
- **2. Program:** Use Microsoft Project, latest version.
- **Sequence of Listings:** Utilize the Table of Contents of this Project Manual and the chronological order of the start of each item of work.
- **4. Scale and Spacing:** Provide space for notations and revisions.
- **5. Sheet Size:** To be coordinated with Construction Administrator.
- **6. Weather Days Allowance:** The Contractor shall include as a separate identifiable activity on the Critical Path of the Construction Schedule, and activity labeled "Weather Days Allowance." Insert this activity immediately prior to the substantial completion milestone.
  - 6.1 The Contractor shall be fully responsible for determining the number of weather delay days to be included in the Construction Schedule. This determination shall be based on the normal anticipated weather for the project location and the nature of the project work. The Construction Schedule shall be based on the contractor's determined weather delay allowance. The weather delay activity shall be included in the construction schedule immediately prior to the Substantial Completion milestone.
  - 6.2 The <u>minimal</u> allowed duration of the Weather Days Allowance shall be calculated as follows (decimals rounded to nearest whole number):

- 6.3 The Contractor shall insert an activity in the Critical Path of the Construction Schedule to reflect weather day occurrences when weather days are experienced and accepted by the Owner. Identify this activity as a weather delay.
- 6.4 The Contractor shall reduce duration of Weather Days Allowance activity as weather delays are experienced and

inserted into the schedule. Remaining weather days in Weather Day Allowance at completion of project is considered float. Weather delay, when justified, are considered allowable, non-compensable.

#### G. Content

- 1. Show complete sequence of construction by activity, with dates beginning and completion of each element of construction.
- **2.** Identify each item by specification section numbers.
- **3.** Identify work of separate phases and other logically grouped activities.
- **4.** Show accumulated percentages of completion of each item, and total percentage of Work completed, as of the first day of each month.
- 5. Provide separate schedule of submittal dates for shop drawings, product data, and samples, Owner/Agency furnished products and any products identified as under Allowances, and dates reviewed submittals will be required from Architect/Engineer. Indicate decision dates for selection of finishes.
- **6.** Indicate delivery dates for Owner/Agency furnished products and any products identified as under Allowances.
- 7. Indicate critical path with original baseline indicated.
- **8.** Coordinate content with Schedule of Values specified in Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures."

#### H. Submittals and Revisions to Schedules

- 1. An initial bar graph schedule is to be prepared by the General Contractor and submitted to the Construction Administrator. Refer to Article 1.5.
- 2. Indicate progress of each activity to date of submittal, and projected completion date of each activity.
- **3.** Identify activities modified since previous submittal, major changes in scope, and other identifiable changes.
- **4.** Provide narrative report to define problem areas, anticipated delays, and impact on Schedule. Report corrective action taken, or proposed, and its effect.
- 5. Schedules must be revised monthly and when the actual schedule of significant items varies more than seven (7) days from the proposed schedule.
- **6.** Submit revised Construction Schedules for each Application for Payment.
- **7.** Submit four (4) copies of the Construction Schedule to the Construction Administrator.

#### I. Distribution

- 1. Distribute copies of the Construction Schedules to Construction Administrator, Architect, Owner, Subcontractors, suppliers, and other concerned parties.
- 2. Instruct recipients to promptly report, in writing, problem anticipated by projections indicated in schedules.

#### 01 32 33 PHOTOGRAPHIC DOCUMENTATION

- **A.** Related Documents: Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- **B. Related Sections:** The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this section
  - **Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures"** submission of Schedule of Values and Applications for payment.
- C. On the date the work is begun and every thirty (30) days thereafter (typically at the end of the month- until the work is at least 95 percent complete), the Contractor shall have photographs of the construction taken by a professional photographer or an individual approved by the Owner.
- D. Photographs: Provide a digital camera to take twenty-four (24) or more photos each time. Deliver 1 sets of photo files on CD-ROM and one set of prints to the Construction Administrator for DAS/CS. Label each CD-ROM with project name and the date the photographs were taken. With each submittal provide an index sheet of digital photos and where the photos were taken.
- E. As photographs are a record of the work progress, they shall be taken each month, whether or not they show work done during the preceding month. Deliver digital photos to the Construction Administrator within ten (10) Calendar Days of their taking.

#### 01 33 00 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

**A.** Related Documents: Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### B. Summary

- 1. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for submittals required for performance of the Work, including but not limited to the following:
  - **1.1** Submittal schedule.
  - **1.2** Shop Drawings.
  - **1.3** Product Data.
  - **1.4** Samples.

- **1.5** Quality assurance submittals.
- **1.6** Proposed "Substitutions/Equals".
- **1.7** Warrantee samples.
- **1.8** Coordination Drawings.
- **1.9** O & M Manuals
- 2.0 Test reports
- C. Administrative Submittals: Refer to other Division 01 Sections and other Contract Documents for requirements for administrative submittals. Separate submittals will be required for both the State of Connecticut and the City of Bridgeport (for work beyond the property line). Requirements for each may be different and should be reviewed before submitting. Such submittals include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Permits.
  - 2. Applications for Payment.
  - 3. Performance and payment bonds.
  - 4. Contractor's construction schedule.
  - 5. Daily construction reports.
  - 6. Construction Photographs.
  - 7. Insurance certificates.
  - 8. List of subcontractors.
  - 9. Subcontractors/Suppliers FEIN #'s and Connecticut tax registration #.
- **D. Related Sections:** The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Division 01 Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures" specifies requirements for submittal of requests for equals and substitutions.
  - 2. Division 01 Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures" specifies requirements for submittal of the Schedule of Values.
  - **3.** Division 01 Section "Project Coordination" 01 31 13 for Project Coordination documents.
  - **4.** Division 01 Section 01 31 19 "Project Meetings" specifies requirements for submittal and distribution of meeting and conference minutes.
  - 5. Division 01 Section 01 32 16 "Construction Progress Schedules" for requirements for construction scheduling and reporting progress of work.
  - 6. Division 01 Section 01 32 33 "Photographic Documentation" specifies requirements for submittal of periodic construction photographs.

- 7. Division 01 Section 01 45 00 "Quality Control" specifies requirements for submittal of inspection and test reports and mockups.
- **8.** Division 01 Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures" specifies requirements for submittal of Project Record Documents and warranties at project closeout.
- **9.** Division 01 Section 01 78 30 "Warranties and Bonds".

#### E. Definitions

- 1. Coordination Drawings show the relationship and integration of different construction elements that require careful coordination during fabrication or installation to fit in the space provided or to function as intended and as identified in the Specification Divisions 02 through 49.
  - 1.1 Preparation of Coordination Drawings is specified in Division 01 Section 01 31 13 "Project Coordination" and may include components previously shown in detail on Shop Drawings or Product Data.
- 2. Field samples are full-size physical examples erected on-site to illustrate finishes, coatings, or finish materials. Field samples are used to establish the standard by which the Work will be judged.
- 3. Mockups are full-size assemblies for review of construction, coordination, testing, or operation; they are not Samples.

#### F. Submittal Procedures

- 1. Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities. Transmit each submittal sufficiently in advance of performance of related construction activities to avoid delay.
  - **1.1** Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchasing, testing, delivery, other submittals, and related activities that require sequential activity.
  - 1.2 Coordinate transmittal of different types of submittals for related elements of the Work so processing will not be delayed by the need to review submittals concurrently for coordination.
    - **1.2.1** The Architect reserves the right to withhold action on a submittal requiring coordination with other submittals until all related submittals are received.
    - **1.2.2** The Architect reserves the right to reject incomplete submitted packages.
  - **1.3 Processing:** To avoid the need to delay installation as a result of the time required to process submittals, allow sufficient time for submittal review, including time for re-submittals.

- **1.3.1** Allow fourteen (14) calendar days for initial review. Allow additional time if the Architect must delay processing to permit coordination with subsequent submittals.
- **1.3.2** If an intermediate submittal is necessary, process the same as the initial submittal.
- **1.4** Electronic submittals for Engineers' review shall be sent to: <a href="mailto:submittals@bvhis.com">submittals@bvhis.com</a>
- **1.5** Allow fourteen (14) calendar days for reprocessing each submittal.
- 1.6 No extension of Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals to the Architect sufficiently in advance of the Work to permit processing.
- **2. Submittal Preparation:** Place a permanent label, title block or 8-1/2 inches x 11 inches cover page approved by the Architect, on each submittal for identification. Indicate the name of the entity that prepared each submittal on the label or title block.
  - 2.1 The minimum number of copies required for each submittal shall be seven (7) or as determined otherwise at the preconstruction conference or by the Construction Administrator.
  - 2.2 Provide a space approximately 4 inches by 5 inches on the label, beside the title block or on the cover page on Shop Drawings to record the Contractor's review and approval markings and the action taken.
  - 2.3 Include the following information on the label for processing and recording action taken.
    - **2.3.1** Project Name and State of Connecticut Project Number.
    - **2.3.2** Date.
    - **2.3.3** Name and address of the Architect and Construction Administrator.
    - **2.3.4** Name and address of the Contractor.
    - **2.3.5** Name and address of the subcontractor.
    - **2.3.6** Name and address of the supplier.
    - **2.3.7** Name of the manufacturer.
    - **2.3.8** Number and title of appropriate Specification Section.
    - **2.3.9** Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
    - **2.3.10** Indicate either initial or resubmittal.
    - **2.3.11** Indicate deviations from Contract Documents.
    - **2.3.12** Indicate if "equal" or "substitution".

- 3. Submittal Transmittal: Package each submittal appropriately for transmittal and handling. Transmit each submittal from the Contractor to the Architect using a transmittal form. Copy the Construction Administrator on the transmittal. The Architect will return all submittals to the Contractor after action is taken with a complete copy of the submittal package and one complete copy of the submittal package. The Architect will not accept submittals received from sources other than the Contractor.
  - 3.1 On the transmittal, record relevant information and requests for data. On the form, or separate sheet, record deviations from Contract Document requirements, including variations and limitations. Include Contractor's certification that information complies with Contract Document requirements.

#### **G.** Submittal Schedule:

- 1. After development and review by the Owner and Architect acceptance of the Contractor's Construction or CPM schedule prepare a complete schedule of submittals. Submit the schedule to the Construction Administrator within thirty (30) Calendar Days of Contract Award.
  - 1.1 Coordinate Submittal Schedule with the list of subcontracts, Schedule of Values, and the list of products as well as the Contractor's Construction or CPM Schedule.
  - **1.2** Prepare the schedule in chronological order. Provide the following information:
    - **1.2.1** Schedule date for the initial submittal.
    - **1.2.2** Related section number.
    - **1.2.3** Submittal category (Shop Drawings, Product Data, or Samples).
    - **1.2.4** Name of Subcontractor.
    - **1.2.5** Description of the part of Work covered.
    - **1.2.6** Scheduled date for resubmittal.
    - **1.2.7** Scheduled date for the Architect's final release of approval.
- 2. Submittal Schedule: Submit a schedule of submittals, arranged in chronological order by dates required by construction schedule. Include time required for review, ordering, manufacturing, fabrication, and delivery when establishing dates. Include additional time required for making corrections or modifications to submittals noted by the Architect and additional time for handling and reviewing submittals required by those corrections.
  - **2.1** Coordinate submittal schedule with list of subcontracts, the schedule of values, and Contractor's construction schedule.

- 2.2 Initial Submittal: Submit concurrently with start-up construction schedule. Include submittals required during the first 60 days of construction. List those submittals required to maintain orderly progress of the Work and those required early because of long lead time for manufacture or fabrication.
- **2.3** Final Submittal: Submit concurrently with the first complete submittal of Contractor's construction schedule.
  - **2.3.1** Submit revised submittal schedule to reflect changes in current status and timing for submittals.
- **3. Coordination:** Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities.
  - **3.1** Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchasing, testing, delivery, other submittals, and related activities that require sequential activity.
  - **3.2** Submit all submittal items required for each specification section concurrently unless partial submittals for portions of the Work are indicated on approved submittal schedule.
  - 3.3 Submit action submittals and informational submittals required by the same specification section as separate packages under separate transmittals.
  - 3.4 Coordinate transmittal of different types of submittals for related parts of the Work so processing will not be delayed because of need to review submittals concurrently for coordination.
    - **3.4.1** Architect and Construction Administrator reserve the right to withhold action on a submittal requiring coordination with other submittals until related submittals are received.
  - 3.5 **Processing Time:** Allow time for submittal review, including time for resubmittals, as follows. Time for review shall commence on Architect's receipt of submittal. No extension of the Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals enough in advance of the Work to permit processing, including resubmittals.
    - **3.5.1 Initial Review:** Allow **fourteen (14)** Calendar Cays for initial review of each submittal. Allow additional time if coordination with subsequent submittals is required. Architect will advise Contractor when a submittal being processed must be delayed for coordination with related submittals not yet received. Additional time will be required if processing

- must be delayed to permit review of related subsequent submittals.
- **3.5.2 Intermediate Review:** If intermediate submittal is necessary, process it in same manner as initial submittal.
- **3.5.3 Resubmittal Review:** Allow fourteen (14) Calendar Days for review of each resubmittal.
- 3.5.4 Mass Submittals: Six (6)\_or more submittals in one (1) Calendar Day or twenty (20) or more submittals in seven (7) Calendar Days. If "Mass Submittals" are received, Architect's review time stated above may be extended as necessary to perform proper review. Architect will review "Mass Submittals based upon priority determined by Architect after consultation with Owner and Contractor.
- **3.6 Distribution:** Following response to the initial submittal, print and distribute copies to the Construction Administrator, Architect, Owner, subcontractors, and other parties required to comply with submittal dates indicated. Post copies in the Project meeting room and field office.
  - **3.6.1** When revisions are made, distribute to the same parties and post in the same locations. Delete parties from distribution when they have completed their assigned portion of the Work and are no longer involved in construction activities.
- **3.7 Schedule Updating:** Revise the schedule after each meeting or activity where revisions have been recognized or made. Issue the updated schedule concurrently with the report of each meeting.

## **H.** Daily Construction Reports

- 1. Prepare a daily construction report recording the following information concerning events at the site, and submit duplicate copies to the Construction Administrator at weekly intervals:
  - **1.1** List of subcontractors at the site.
  - **1.2** Approximate count of personnel at the site.
  - **1.3** High and low temperatures, general weather conditions.
  - **1.4** Accidents and unusual events.
  - **1.5** Meetings and significant decisions.
  - **1.6** Stoppages, delays, shortages, and losses.
  - **1.7** Meter readings and similar recordings.
  - **1.8** List of equipment on site and identify if idle or in use.

- **1.9** Orders and requests of governing authorities.
- **1.10** Change Orders received, start and end dates.
- **1.11** Services connected, disconnected.
- **1.12** Equipment or system tests and startups.
- **1.13** Partial Completion's, occupancies.
- **1.14** Substantial Completion's authorized.
- **1.15** Equals or Substitutions approved or rejected.
- **1.16** Testing agency personnel and tests performed.

# I. Shop Drawings

- 1. Submit newly prepared information drawn accurately to scale. Highlight, encircle, or otherwise indicate deviations from the Contract Documents. Do not reproduce Contract Documents or copy standard information as the basis of Shop Drawings. Standard information prepared without specific reference to the Project is not a Shop Drawing.
- 2. Shop Drawings include fabrication and installation Drawings, setting diagrams, schedules, patterns, templates and similar Drawings. Include the following information:
  - **2.1** Dimensions.
  - **2.2** Identification of products and materials included by sheet and detail number.
  - **2.3** Compliance with specified standards.
  - **2.4** Notation of coordination requirements.
  - **2.5** Notation of dimensions established by field measurement.
  - 2.6 Sheet Size: Except for templates, patterns and similar full-size Drawings, submit Shop Drawings on sheets at least 8-1/2 by 11 inches but no larger than 36 by 48 inches.
    - **2.6.1** Submit one (1) reproducible media and seven (7) prints as directed by the Construction Administrator. The Contractor's submittal shall identify the specification section and/or drawing number applicable to the submittal.
    - **2.6.2** Details shall be large scale and/or full size.
- 3. The Contractor shall review the Shop Drawings, stamp with this approval, and submit them with reasonable promptness and in orderly sequence so as to cause no delay in his Work or in the Work of any subcontractor. Shop Drawings shall be properly identified as specified for item, material, workmanship, and project number. At the submission, the Contractor shall inform the Architect, in writing of any

- deviation in the shop drawings from the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- **4.** Electronic submittals for Engineers' review should be sent to: submittals@bvhis.com
- 5. The Architect will review and comment on shop drawings with reasonable promptness so as to cause no delay, but only for conformance with the design concept of the project and with the information given in the Contract Documents. Refer to Article 5 of the General Conditions. Shop Drawings received by the Architect that indicate insufficient study of drawings and specifications, illegible portions or gross errors, will be rejected outright. Such rejections shall not constitute an acceptable reason for granting the Contractor additional time to perform the work.
- 6. The Contractor shall make any corrections required by the Architect and shall resubmit the required number of corrected copies of Shop Drawings until fully reviewed.
- 7. Upon final review submit four (4) additional prints, same as submitted, for use by the Construction Administrator.
- 8. The Architect's review and comments on Shop Drawings shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for any deviation from the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- **9.** Only final reviewed Shop Drawings are to be used on the Project site.
- The Work installed shall be reviewed in accordance with the Shop 10. Drawings and the drawings and specifications. Final Review of the Shop Drawings by the Architect shall constitute acceptance by the State and the Architect of a variation or departure that is **clearly** If the contractor believes notations made by the Architect/Engineer increases the value or scope of the CD's, the contractor must provide written notice to the Construction Administrator within seven (7) days of this issue. Final reviewed Shop Drawings shall not replace or be used as a vehicle to issue or incorporate change orders or substitutions. Substitutions shall be submitted in accordance with Division 01 Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures".

# J. Shop Drawings For Fire Protection Systems

1. Shop drawings for fire protection systems shall comply with all of the requirements in the section above "Shop Drawings" In addition Sprinkler system shop drawings and hydraulic calculations must be stamped by a professional engineer licensed in the State of Connecticut and must include the DAS/CS project number. **Two (2)** sets of information [as noted in this Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures"] shall be submitted to the State's Insurance Carrier (SIC),

and **one** (1) set shall be submitted to the Office of State Fire Marshal (OSFM):

#### 1.1 Office of State Fire Marshal:

CT Department of Administrative Services Construction Services Office of State Fire Marshal 450 Columbus Boulevard, Suite 1304 Hartford, Connecticut 06103 Phone: (860) 713-5750

### **1.2** State Insurance Carrier (SIC):

FM Global Boston Operations Plan Review 1175 Boston-Providence Turnpike PO Box 9102 Norwood, MA 02062 Tel: (781) 440-8241 or FAX (781) 440-8742 bostonleadengineer@fmglobal.com

- 2. Before the shop drawings are submitted to SIC or OSFM, the Architect/Engineer's fire protection consultant must review the sprinkler design for compliance with the code, OSFM, and FM Global requirements.
- 3. The State Insurance Carrier (SIC) requires **two (2)** weeks prior notice of a sprinkler system acceptance test.

### **K.** Shop Drawings For Roofing Systems:

- 1. Construction Phase Requirements: During product submittals and shop drawing review for Roofing Systems the Consultant shall verify FM Global requirements are satisfied for all relevant components. The DAS/CS PM and Construction Administer for the Project shall submit the Contractor's roofing systems product information and shop drawings to the Consultant and FM Global. Shop drawings for roofing systems shall comply with all of the requirements in the section above "Shop Drawings". Two (2) sets of information [as noted in this Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures"] shall be submitted to the State's Insurance Carrier (SIC):
  - 1.1 FM Global Boston Operations
    Plan Review
    1175 Boston-Providence Turnpike
    PO Box 9102
    Norwood, MA 02062
    Tel: (781) 440-8241 or FAX (781) 440-8742
    bostonleadengineer@fmglobal.com

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- 2. The State Insurance Carrier (SIC) requires **two** (2) weeks prior notice of roofing system shop drawing reviews.
- 3. See Section 00 31 33.15 General Statement For FM Global Checklist For Roofing Systems and Section 50 60 00 FM Global Checklist for Roofing Systems.

### L. Shop Drawings For City of Bridgeport Systems:

- 1. Construction Phase Requirements: During product submittals and shop drawing review for any work in city streets all items shall be submitted for review by the design engineer and the city engineer.
- 2. The project engineer and the city engineer shall each have 14 days to review each submittal.
- **3.** All submittals must be noted approved for construction before work begins.

#### M. Product Data

- 1. Collect Product Data into a single submittal for each element of construction or system. Product Data includes printed information, schedules, such as manufacturer's installation instructions, catalog cuts, standard color charts, roughing-in diagrams and templates, standard wiring diagrams, and performance curves.
  - 1.1 Mark each copy to show applicable choices and options. Where printed Product Data includes information on several products that are not required, mark copies to indicate the applicable information. Include the following information:
    - **1.1.1** Manufacturer's printed recommendations.
    - **1.1.2** Compliance with trade association standards.
    - **1.1.3** Compliance with recognized testing agency standards.
    - **1.1.4** Application of testing agency labels and seals.
    - **1.1.5** Notation of dimensions verified by field measurement.
    - **1.1.6** Notation of coordination requirements.
  - 1.2 Do not submit Product Data until compliance with requirements of the Contract Documents has been confirmed.
  - **1.3 Preliminary Submittal:** Submit a preliminary single copy of Product Data where selection of options is required.
  - **1.4 Submittals:** Submit seven (7) copies of each required submittal; submit five (5) copies where required for maintenance manuals. The Architect will retain one (1) and will return the other marked with action taken and corrections or modifications required.

- **1.4.1** Electronic submittals for Engineers' review should be sent to: submittals@bvhis.com
- **1.4.2** Unless noncompliance with Contract Document provisions is observed, the submittal may serve as the final submittal.
- **1.5 Distribution:** Furnish copies of final submittal to installers, subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers, fabricators, and others required for performance of construction activities. Show distribution on transmittal forms.
  - **1.5.1** Do not proceed with installation until a copy of Product Data is in the Installer's possession.
  - **1.5.2** Do not permit use of unmarked copies of Product Data in connection with construction.

## M. Samples

- 1. Submit full-size, fully fabricated Samples cured and finished as specified and physically identical with the material or product proposed. Samples include partial sections of manufactured or fabricated components, cuts or containers of materials, color range sets, and swatches showing color, texture, and pattern.
  - 1.1 Store, mount or display Samples on site in the manner to facilitate review of qualities indicated. Prepare Samples to match the Architect's sample. Include the following:
    - **1.1.1** Specification Section number and reference.
    - **1.1.2** Generic description of the Sample.
    - **1.1.3** Sample source.
    - **1.1.4** Product name or name of the manufacturer.
    - **1.1.5** Compliance with recognized standards.
    - **1.1.6** Availability and delivery time.
  - 1.2 Submit Samples for review of size, kind, color, pattern, and texture. Submit Samples for a final check of these characteristics with other elements and a comparison of these characteristics between the final submittal and the actual component as delivered and installed.
    - **1.2.1** Where variation in color, pattern, texture, or other characteristic is inherent in the material or product represented, submit at least three (3) multiple units that show approximate limits of the variations.
    - **1.2.2** Refer to other Specification Sections for requirements for Samples that illustrate workmanship, fabrication techniques, details of assembly, connections, operation, and similar construction characteristics.

- **1.2.3** Refer to other Sections for Samples to be returned to the Contractor for incorporation in the Work. Such Samples must be undamaged at time of use. On the transmittal, indicate special requests regarding disposition of Sample submittals.
- **1.2.4** Samples not incorporated into the Work, or otherwise designated as the Owner's property, are the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the site prior to Substantial Completion.
- **1.3 Preliminary Submittals:** Submit a full set of choices where Samples are submitted for selection of color, pattern, texture, or similar characteristics from a range of standard choices, unless otherwise noted in specification section.
  - **1.3.1** The Architect will review and return preliminary submittals with the Architects notation, indicating selection and other action.
- **1.4 Submittals:** Except for Samples illustrating assembly details, workmanship, fabrication techniques, connections, operation, and similar characteristics, submit three (3) sets. The Architect will return one (1) set marked with the action taken.
- **1.5** Maintain sets of Samples, as returned, at the Project Site, for quality comparisons throughout the course of construction.
  - **1.5.1** Unless noncompliance with Contract Document provisions is observed, the submittal may serve as the final submittal.
  - **1.5.2** Sample sets may be used to obtain final acceptance of the construction associated with each set.
- **2. Distribution of Samples:** Prepare and distribute additional sets to subcontractors, manufacturers, fabricators, suppliers, installers, and others as required for performance of the Work. Show distribution on transmittal forms.
  - **2.1** Field samples are full-size examples erected on-site to illustrate finishes, coatings, or finish materials and to establish the Project standard.
    - **2.1.1** Comply with submittal requirements to the fullest extent possible. Process transmittal forms to provide a record of activity.

#### N. Quality Assurance Submittals

1. Submit quality-control submittals, including design data, certifications, manufacturer's instructions, manufacturer's field reports, and other quality-control submittals as required under other Sections of the Specifications.

- **2. Certifications:** Where other Sections of the Specifications require certification that a product, material, or installation complies with specified requirements, submit a notarized certification from the manufacturer certifying compliance with specified requirements.
  - 2.1 Signature: Certification shall be signed by an officer of the manufacturer or other individual authorized to sign documents on behalf of the company.
- **3. Inspection and Test Reports:** Requirements for submittal of inspection and test reports from independent testing agencies are specified in Division 01 Section 01 45 00 "Quality Control."

### O. Architect's Action:

- 1. Except for submittals for the record or information, where action and return is required, the Architect will review each submittal, mark to indicate action taken, and return promptly.
  - **1.1** Compliance with specified characteristics is the Contractor's responsibility.
- **2. Action Stamp:** The Architect will stamp each submittal with a uniform, action stamp. The Architect will mark the stamp appropriately to indicate the action taken, as follows:
  - **2.1 Final Unrestricted Release:** When the Architect marks a submittal "Approved for fabrication," the Work covered by the submittal may proceed provided it complies with requirements of the Contract Documents. Final payment depends on that compliance.
  - **2.2 Final-But-Restricted Release:** When the Architect marks a submittal "Incorporate Notations," the Work covered by the submittal may proceed provided it complies with notations or corrections on the submittal and requirements of the Contract Documents. Submit corrected copies for record. Final payment depends on that compliance.
  - **2.3 Returned for Resubmittal:** When the Architect marks a submittal "Rejected, or Revise and Resubmit," do not proceed with Work covered by the submittal, including purchasing, fabrication, delivery, or other activity. Revise or prepare a new submittal according to the notations; resubmit without delay. Repeat if necessary to obtain different action mark.
    - **2.3.1** Do not use, or allow others to use, submittals marked "Rejected, or Revise and Resubmit" at the Project Site or elsewhere Work is in progress.
  - **2.4 Other Action:** Where a submittal is for information or record purposes or special processing or other activity, the Architect will return the submittal marked "Action Not Required."

**3. Unsolicited Submittals:** The Architect will discard unsolicited submittals without action.

#### 01 35 16 ALTERATION PROJECT PROCEDURES

**A.** Related Documents: Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### B. Summary

- 1. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for performing alteration and renovation Work.
- **2. Related Sections:** The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - **2.1** Division 00 Section 00 30 00 "General Statements for Available Information" for information that is available in addition to the Bidding Documents for review by bidders. Such information may include an existing conditions survey, contaminated soil reports, contaminated groundwater reports, hazardous building material reports, geotechnical data, etc.
  - **2.3** Division 01 Section 01 73 29 "Cutting and Patching" for procedures for cutting and patching.
  - **2.4** Division 01 Section 01 74 19 "Construction Waste Management & Disposal" for the requirements for waste management goals, waste management plan and waste management plan implementation.
  - **2.5** Division 02 Section 02 41 19 "Selective Demolition" for demolition of selected portions of the building for alterations.
  - **2.7** Refer to other Sections for specific requirements and limitations applicable to performing alteration Work with individual parts of the Work.
  - **2.8** Requirements of this Section apply to mechanical and electrical installations. Refer to Division 21, 22, 23 and 26 Sections for other requirements and limitations applicable to renovation Work by mechanical and electrical installations.

# C. Products For Patching And Extending Work:

- 1. New Materials: As specified in product sections; match existing Products and Work .for patching and extending Work.
- **2. Type and Quality of Existing Products:** Determine by inspecting and testing Products where necessary, referring to existing Work as a standard.

## D. Salvageable Materials

1. None.

### E. Inspection, Testing, and Abatement

#### 1. General:

- 1.1 Observe all existing conditions prior to submitting a bid. Include in the bid, existing conditions and their impact, particularly to cost and health and safety of workers and occupants, and proper function and operation of the facility. Be aware of other work being performed. Failure to visit the site shall in no way provide relief from the necessity of furnishing materials or performing any work that may be required to complete the work in accordance with the Contract Documents without additional cost to the Owner. All site visits shall be scheduled with the Owner.
- 1.2 The quantities, locations and the extent of work indicated are best estimates, which are limited by the physical constraints imposed by occupancy of the facility. Consider all aspects of the substrates within the identified plan area. Material information and quantities were obtained from site surveys. Accordingly, variations (plus or minus 10 percent) in quantities within the limits of the work area are considered as having no impact on contract sum and contract performance period. Where additional abatement work is required beyond the above variations, the contract sum and contract performance period shall be adjusted under provisions of Division 01 of the Specifications.
- **1.3** Verify that demolition is complete and areas are ready for installation of new Work.
- **1.4** Beginning of restoration Work means acceptance of existing conditions.

### 2. Project Procedures for Work Involving Lead-Based Paint (LBP):

- 2.1 The Contractor is responsible for abating all Lead-Based Paint (LBP) prior to the start of any Work involving renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair (if necessary), unless noted differently below or specified differently elsewhere.
- 2.2 The Contractor shall conduct all demolition and removal Work, specified in the Technical Specifications Sections of this Project Manual, in conformance with the regulations as specified in this Section 01 35 16 Alteration Project Procedures and as specified in Section 02 83 13 Lead Paint Activity.
- 2.3 If testing for LBP has been conducted at the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair then the results of the LBP testing are summarized in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available

- Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections. Under no circumstance shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for determining the extent of LBP. The Contractor shall be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- 2.4 If the Contractor should encounter any material suspected or known to contain LBP that was not previously identified and assigned as the Contractor's responsibility, then the Contractor should immediately notify the Construction Administrator in writing of same. It is the State's responsibility to have the material tested and abated (if necessary). The Owner will respond within four (4) Calendar Days after receiving the Contractor's written request to the Construction Administrator for testing the suspect material. If necessary, the Contractor will abate LBP within a reasonable time period after the Owner's issuance of a Change Order for the additional abatement work.
  - **2.4.1** When the Owner requests the Contractor undertake the responsibilities for the abatement and disposal of the LBP, then the compensation to the Contractor by Owner for the Work shall be determined by the "Unit Prices" stated in Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations.
- 2.5 Exposure levels for lead in the construction industry are regulated by 29 CFR 1926.62. Construction activities disturbing surfaces containing lead-based paint (LBP) which are likely to be employed, such as sanding, grinding, welding, cutting and burning, have been known to expose workers to levels of lead in excess of the Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL). Conduct demolition and removal Work specified in the technical sections of this specification in conformance with these regulations. In addition, construction debris/waste may be classified as hazardous waste. Disposal of hazardous waste material shall be in accordance with 40 CFR Parts 260 through and Connecticut Hazardous Waste Management Regulations Section 22a-209-1; 22a-209-8(c); 22a-449(c)-11; and 22a-449(c)-100 through 110.
- 2.7 If this facility was constructed prior to 1978 it is likely to have painted surfaces containing lead-based paint.

- 3. Project Procedures for Work Involving Asbestos Containing Material (ACM):
  - 3.1 The Contractor is responsible for abating all Asbestos Containing Material (ACM) that is visible and accessible.
  - 3.2 In demolition projects, every attempt should be made by the Contractor to remove all ACM.
  - 3.3 If testing for asbestos has been conducted at the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair then the results of the asbestos testing are summarized in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections. Under no circumstance shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for determining the extent of asbestos. The Contractor shall be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the Work.
  - 3.4 If the Contractor should encounter any material suspected or known to contain asbestos not previously identified and assigned as the Contractor's responsibility, then the Contractor should immediately notify the Construction Administrator in writing of same. It is the Owner's responsibility to have the material tested and abated (if necessary). The Owner will respond within twenty four (24) hours after receiving the Contractor's written request to the Construction Administrator for testing the suspect material. If necessary, the Contractor will abate ACM within a reasonable time period after the Owner's issuance of a Change Order for the additional abatement work.
    - 3.4.1 When the Owner requests the Contractor undertake the responsibilities for the abatement and disposal of the ACM, then the compensation to the Contractor by Owner for the Work shall be determined by the "Unit Prices" stated in Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations.
  - 3.5 No attempt has been made to locate hazardous material associated with existing site utilities, though it is presumed that at least some asbestos may be discovered associated with underground piping during the course of site and site utilities work. If and when such materials appear, the Contractor shall notify the Owner, who shall direct additional work outside of this Agreement to assist in cutting up and disposing of same. The Contractor shall assist the hazardous materials

contractor(s) with excavating, heavy lifting, and the like at no additional cost to the Owner.

- 4. Project Procedures for Work Involving Universal Waste (Products Containing Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic Chemicals" (PBTs) such as Polychlorinated Biphenols (PCBs), Di-2-ethylhexyl Phthalate (DEHP), and Mercury):
  - 4.1 The Contractor is responsible for abating all products containing Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic Chemicals" (PBTs) such as Polychlorinated Biphenols (PCBs), Di-2-ethylhexyl Phthalate (DEHP), and Mercury prior to the start of any Work involving renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair (if necessary), unless noted differently below or specified differently elsewhere.
  - 4.2 If a Universal Waste inventory for PBTs has been conducted at scheduled for renovation, facility demolition. reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair then the results of the inventory are summarized in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections. Under no circumstance shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for determining the extent of PBT's. The Contractor shall be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the Work
  - 4.3 If the Contractor should encounter any PBTs that were not previously identified and assigned as the Contractor's responsibility, then the Contractor should immediately notify the Construction Administrator in writing of same. It is the State's responsibility to have the material tested and abated (if necessary). The Owner will respond within four (4) Calendar Days after receiving the Contractor's written request to the Construction Administrator for testing the suspect material. If necessary, the Contractor will abate PBTs within a reasonable time period after the Owner's issuance of a Change Order for the additional abatement work.
  - 4.4 Exposure Levels for PBTs such as PCBs, DEHP, and mercury in the construction industry are regulated by 29 CFR 1910.1200 and 29 CFR 1926.28 et. al. Demolition and removal work may expose workers in excess of the respective Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL). Conduct demolition and removal work specified in the technical sections of these specifications in conformance with these regulations.
  - **4.5** Examples of PBT materials include fluorescent light fixtures and exit signs, ballasts, high density discharge (HID) lamps,

- certain types of construction products containing vinyl, and mercury containing electrical switches and thermostats. For the purposes of this paragraph, PCB's in building material such as caulk and glazing or any other type of material not listed above is not applicable to this paragraph.
- 4.6 Construction debris/waste may be classified as hazardous waste. Disposal of all hazardous materials shall be in accordance with but not limited to applicable provisions of 40 CFR Parts 761 Subpart K, 761, and 761.65 and the Connecticut General Hazardous Waste Statute Sec. 22a-454.
- 5. Project Procedures for Work Involving Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) in Building Materials:
  - 5.1 If this facility was constructed between 1950 and 1978, it is likely to have caulk and/or glazing containing PCBs.
  - 5.2 The Contractor is responsible for abating all Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) in Building Materials prior to the start of any Work involving construction, renovation or demolition (if necessary), unless noted differently below or specified differently elsewhere.
  - 5.3 The Contractor shall conduct all demolition and removal Work, specified in the Technical Specifications Sections of this Project Manual, in conformance with the regulations as specified in Section 01 35 16 Alteration Project Procedures and as specified in Section 02 61 23 Removal and Disposal of PCB Contaminated Soils and Section 02 84 33 Removal and Disposal of PCBs.
  - 5.4 If the Owner has tested the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction alteration, remodeling or repair for PCBs in Building Materials such as caulk and glazing or other types of material, then the results are located in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections; otherwise the Owner assumes such materials do not warrant testing. It is the Owner's responsibility to have the material tested, not the Contractor, subcontractors or anyone working on behalf of the Contractor.
  - 5.5 In the case where the Owner has a survey of locations with results and if the Contractor should encounter new areas of the subject material already identified by the survey, then he should immediately notify the Construction Administrator in writing of same. It is the State's responsibility to have the material tested and abated (if necessary). The Owner will

respond within four (4) Calendar Days after receiving the Contractor's written request to the Construction Administrator for testing the suspect material. [If necessary, the Contractor will abate PCBs in Building Materials within a reasonable time period after the Owner's issuance of a Change Order for the additional abatement work.

- 5.5.1 When the Owner requests the Contractor undertake the responsibilities for the abatement and disposal of the PCBs in Building Materials, then the compensation to the Contractor by Owner for the Work shall be determined by the "Unit Prices" stated in Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations.
- 5.6 The work shall be performed by persons who are knowledgeable, qualified, and trained in the removal, treatment, handling, and disposal of PCB contaminated wastes and the subsequent cleaning of the affected environment. These Specifications govern all work activities that disturb PCB-containing caulk and glazing and associated building material. All activities shall be performed in accordance with, but not limited to, OSHA Regulation 29 CFR 1926, the United States Environmental Protection Agency's PCB Regulation 40 CFR Part 761, Connecticut General Statutes 22a-463 through 469 inclusive, and the PCB Site Remedial Plan where applicable.

#### 6. Project Procedures for Work Involving Mold:

- 6.1 The Contractor is responsible for abating all Mold (any form of fungi, including mold or mildew, and myotoxins, spores, scents or by-products produced or released by fungi) prior to the start of any Work involving renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair (if necessary), unless noted differently below or specified differently elsewhere.
- 6.2 The Contractor shall conduct all demolition and removal Work, specified in the Technical Specifications Sections of this Project Manual, in conformance with the regulations as specified in Section 01 35 16 Alteration Project Procedures and Section 02 85 00 Mold and Other Hazardous Materials Remediation Specifications.
- 6.3 If the Owner has tested the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction alteration, or remodeling for Mold, then the results are located in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections. Under no circumstance shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for

- determining the extent of Mold. It is the Contractor's responsibility to verify all materials and field conditions prior to renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair that may affect the performance of their Work.
- 6.4 If the Contractor should encounter any material suspected or known to contain Mold that was not previously identified and assigned as the Contractor's responsibility, he should immediately notify the Construction Administrator in writing of same. It is the State's responsibility to have the material tested and abated (if necessary). The Owner will respond within four (4) Calendar Days after receiving the Contractor's written request to the Construction Administrator for testing the suspect material. If necessary, the Contractor will abate Mold within a reasonable time period after the Owner's issuance of a Change Order for the additional abatement work.
  - **6.4.1** When the Owner requests the Contractor undertake the responsibilities for the abatement and disposal of Mold, then the compensation to the Contractor by Owner for the Work shall be determined by the "Unit Prices" stated in Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations.
- 6.5 Disposal of all hazardous materials shall be in accordance with but not limited to applicable provisions of 40 CFR Parts 761 Subpart K, 761, and 761.65 and the Connecticut General Hazardous Waste Statute Sec. 22a-454.
- **7.** See also General Conditions Article 23 "Cutting, Fitting, Patching and Digging".

### F. Preparation:

- 1. Cut, move, or remove items as are necessary for access to alterations and renovation Work. Replace and restore at completion.
- 2. Remove unsuitable material not marked for salvage, such as rotted wood, corroded metals, and deteriorated masonry and concrete. Replace materials as specified for finished Work.
- **3.** Remove debris and abandoned items from area and from concealed spaces.
- **4.** Prepare surface and remove surface finishes to provide for proper installation of new Work and finishes.
- 5. Close openings in exterior surfaces to protect existing Work and salvage items from weather and extremes of temperature and humidity. Insulate ductwork and piping to prevent condensation in exposed areas.

#### **G.** Installation:

- 1. Coordinate Work of alterations and renovations to expedite completion and if required sequence Work to accommodate Owner occupancy.
- 2. Remove, cut and patch Work in a manner to minimize damage and to provide restoring Products and finishes to original and or specified condition in accordance with Section 01 73 29 "Cutting and Patching".
- 3. Refinish visible existing surfaces to remain in renovated rooms and spaces, to specified condition for each material, with neat transition to adjacent finishes in accordance with Section 01 73 29 "Cutting and Patching".
- 4. In addition to specified replacement of equipment and fixtures, restore existing plumbing, heating, ventilation, air conditioning, electrical, systems to full operational condition.
- **5.** Recover and refinish Work that exposes mechanical and electrical Work exposed accidentally during the Work.
- **6.** Install Products as specified in individual sections.

#### H. Transitions:

- 1. Where new Work abuts or aligns with existing, perform a smooth and even transition. Patch work to match existing adjacent Work in texture and appearance.
- 2. When finished surfaces are cut so that a smooth transition with new Work is not possible, terminate existing surface along a straight line at a natural line of division and make recommendation to Architect/Engineer.

### I. Adjustments:

- 1. Where removal of partitions or walls result in adjacent spaces becoming one, rework floors, walls, and ceilings to a smooth plane without breaks, steps, or bulkheads.
- **2.** Where a change of plane of ½ inch in 12 inches or more occurs, request recommendation from Architect/Engineer for providing a smooth transition.
- **3.** Trim existing doors as necessary to clear new floor finish. Refinish trim as required.
- 4. Fit Work at penetrations of surfaces as specified in Section 01 73 29 "Cutting and Patching".

#### J. Repair of Damaged Surfaces:

- 1. Patch or replace portions of existing surfaces that are damaged, lifted, discolored, or showing imperfections.
- **2.** Repair substrate prior to patching finish.

#### K. Finishes:

- **1.** Finish surfaces as specified in individual Product sections.
- 2. Finish patches to produce uniform finish and texture over entire area. When finish cannot be matched, refinish entire surface to nearest intersections.

# L. Cleaning:

1. In addition cleaning specified in Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures", clean Agency occupied areas of Work.

#### 01 35 19 CONFINED SPACE ENTRY

- **A.** Related Documents: Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- **B.** Summary: If the work involves "Confined Space Entry" then the Owner has identified confined spaces associated with this project (see Division 00 Section 00 30 00 "General Statements for Available Information".), The Owner has established a permit-required, confined space entry program. Confined spaces that affect the Work of this Project will be defined in accordance with the requirements of OSHA, 29 CFR 1910.146 "Permit-Required Confined Spaces", and the Owner's confined space Entry Plan. In the event that the Contractor must perform work within a permitted "confined space" as defined by Federal OSHA regulations, the Contractor will comply with all safety and monitoring requirements imposed by OSHA relative to work within the permitted confined space.

#### C. Definitions:

- 1. Acceptable Entry Conditions: means the conditions that must exist in a permit space to allow entry and to ensure that employees involved with a permit-required confined space entry can safely enter into and work within the space.
- **2. Confined Space:** means a space that:
  - 2.1 Is large enough and so configured that an employee can bodily enter and perform assigned work; and
  - 2.2 Has limited or restricted means for entry or exit (for example, tanks, vessels, silos, storage bins, hoppers, vaults, and pits are spaces that may have limited means of entry.); and
  - **2.3** Is not designed for continuous employee occupancy.
- **Entry:** means the action by which a person passes through an opening into a permit-required confined space. Entry includes ensuing work activities in that space and is considered to have occurred as soon as any part of the entrant's body breaks the plane of an opening into the space.

- **4. Permit-Required Confined Space** (Permit Space): means a confined space that has one or more of the following characteristics:
  - **4.1** Contains or has a potential to contain a hazardous atmosphere;
  - **4.2** Contains a material that has the potential for engulfing an entrant;
  - 4.3 Has an internal configuration such that an entrant could be trapped or asphyxiated by inwardly converging walls or by a floor which slopes downward and tapers to a smaller cross-section; or
  - **4.4** Contains any other recognized serious safety or health hazard.
- **Permit-Required Confined Space Program** (Permit Space Program): means the employer's overall program for controlling, and, where appropriate, for protecting employees from, permit space hazards and for regulating employee entry into permit spaces.
- **6. Permit System:** means the employer's written procedure for preparing and issuing permits for entry and for returning the permit space to service following termination of entry.
- **D.** All proposed entries must be reviewed and approved, in advance, by the Owner and Construction Administrator prior to the Contractor's entry into a permitted confined space.
- **E.** All such compliance measures will be at the Contractor's expense and performed with their own equipment. The Owner reserves the right to suspend the Contractor's operations for any violation of the above-mentioned confined space regulations.
- **F.** The Contractor shall be responsible for obtaining the Permit at no additional cost to the Owner.

#### 01 35 53 SECURITY PROCEDURES

- **A.** Related Documents: Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- **B.** Provide a security program and facilities to protect work, existing facilities, and Owner's operations from unauthorized entry, vandalism, and theft. Coordinate with Owner's security program.
- C. The General Contractor shall be solely responsible for damage, loss, or liability due to theft or vandalism.
- D. Identification Badges for General Contractor's Personnel and Visitors:
  - 1. The General Contractor will provide each person working or visiting at the site with an identification badge, bearing the name of the General Contractor, subcontractors, design professionals, and a number. As badges are assigns, a record shall be kept by the General Contractor

- and given to the Construction Administrator and User Agency Administrator. Update and correct the records of all badges issued on a semi-monthly basis.
- 2. Badges are to be worn on outer garment where visible at all times while at the construction site, return them to the General Contractor's field office at the end of each day and pick them up there each morning.
- **E. Parking Stickers:** All vehicles parking in the General Contractor's parking lot and those used around the site require an ID sticker. They will be issued by the User Agency. Each General Contractor shall apply for parking stickers through the Construction Administrator no more than semi-monthly and shall keep record of all stickers issued.

End Section 01 30 00 Administrative Requirements

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

**A.** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section includes administrative and supervisory requirements necessary for coordinating construction operations including, but not necessarily limited to, the following:
  - 1. General project coordination procedures.
  - **2.** Conservation.
  - **3.** Coordination Drawings, including Site Logistics Plans.
  - **4.** Administrative and supervisory personnel.
  - **5.** Cleaning and protection.
- **B. Related Sections:** The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Division 01 Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures" for Schedule of Values items
  - **2.** Division 01 Section 01 31 19 "Project Meetings" for progress meetings, coordination meetings, and pre-installation conferences.
  - **3.** Division 01 Section 01 32 16.13 "CPM Schedules" for requirements for CPM scheduling and reporting progress of work.
  - **4.** Division 01 Section 01 50 00 "Temporary Facilities and Controls".
  - **5.** Division 01 Section 01 60 00 "Product Requirements" for coordinating general installation.
  - **6.** Division 01 Section 01 71 23 "Field Engineering" specifies procedures for field engineering services, including establishment of benchmarks and control points.
  - **7.** Division 01 Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures" for coordinating contract closeout.

## 1.3 CONSTRUCTION ADMINISTRATOR

#### A. Construction Administrator:

**1.** The Construction Administrator is identified in Division 01 Section 01 11 00 "Summary of Work".

#### 2. Construction Mobilization:

- **a.** Cooperate with the Construction Administrator in the allocation of mobilization areas of the site, for field offices and sheds, for agency facility access, traffic, and parking facilities.
- **b.** During Construction, coordinate use of site and facilities through the Construction Administrator.
- **c.** Comply with Construction Administrator's procedures for intra-project communications; submittals, reports and records, schedules, coordination drawings, and recommendations; and resolution of ambiguities and conflicts.
- **d.** Comply with instructions of the Construction Administrator for use of temporary utilities and construction facilities.
- **e.** Coordinate field engineering layout as specified in Division 01 Section 01 71 23 "Field Engineering" for work under the instructions of the Construction Administrator.

#### 1.4 COORDINATION

- **A.** Coordinate construction operations included in various Sections of these Specifications to assure efficient and orderly installation of each part of the Work. Coordinate construction operations included under different Sections that depend on each other for proper installation, connection, and operation.
  - 1. Schedule construction operations in the sequence required to obtain the best results where installation of one part of the Work depends on installation of other components, before or after its own installation.
  - **2.** Coordinate installation of different components to assure maximum accessibility for required maintenance, service, and repair.
  - **3.** Make provisions to accommodate items scheduled for later installation.
- **B.** Where necessary, prepare memoranda for distribution to each party involved, outlining special procedures required for coordination. Include such items as required notices, reports, and attendance at meetings.
  - 1. Prepare similar memoranda for the Construction Administrator, Owner and separate contractors where coordination of their work is required.
- **C. Administrative Procedures:** Coordinate scheduling and timing of required administrative procedures with other construction activities to avoid conflicts and assure orderly progress of the Work. Such administrative activities include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Preparation of schedules.
  - **2.** Installation and removal of temporary facilities.
  - **3.** Delivery and processing of submittals.
  - **4.** Progress meetings.

- **5.** Project closeout activities.
- **6.** As-Builts coordinate monthly meetings to assure up-dates being performed

### 1.5 **SUBMITTALS**

- **A. Coordination Drawings:** Prepare coordination drawings to complete detailed coordination of systems and components and to integrate information about fabrication and installation.
  - 1. Thoroughly prepare coordination drawings, as further stipulated in Part 3 "Execution", reviewing all contract documents and consulting with all entities contributing to or involved with each portion of the work under consideration.
    - **a.** Show the relationship of all components shown on any separate Shop Drawings.
    - **b.** Indicate required desired installation sequences.
    - **c.** Comply with requirements contained in Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures".
  - **2.** Prepare coordination drawings for installation of all products and materials fabricated by separate entities.
  - **3.** Prepare coordination drawings where limited space availability necessitates maximum utilization of space for efficient installation of different components, including but not limited to: all site-utility entry points; all exposed drain pipes, all lights, all overhead doors and housings, all floor drains, trench drains, and roof drains, all ceiling and roof cavities in all areas; all electrical, telecommunications and mechanical rooms; and all such other conditions required to coordinate the work.
  - **4.** Prepare a Site Logistics Plan(s) showing: The entire project area and limits; all routes into and out of site; all staging and stockpiling and lay-down areas; all crane locations and truck loading areas; all truck traffic routes to and from the site; all temporary street closures and all temporary traffic flow modifications; all aspects of phasing/staging; all parking, paving and fencing; and all specific provisions to satisfy requirements of Division 01 Sections, including but not limited to Field Engineering and Temporary Facilities and Controls. The Site Logistics Plan shall coincide with and complement the general staging plans and site plans outlined in the contract bidding documents. It is intended that the General Contractor shall present this refined plan for approval by the Construction Administrator. The fencing shown on this plan is required for all phases. Exact placement and timing of installations and removals will be reviewed and approved by the Construction Administrator prior to An additional allotment of various fencing is specified in implementation. Division 32, which the Contractor shall provide, install, and relocate at various intervals, for installation and removal by the General Contractor per the direction of the project's Construction Administrator. This staging and logistics plan will require refinement and change for each phase/stage of the project. The Site Logistics Plan(s) shall be drawn at a scale no smaller than 1"=40' and shall be submitted as stipulated

- in Division 01 Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures", but in no case later than (30) days after Notice to Proceed.
- **5.** Prepare coordination drawings showing locations of surface recesses and voids, as well as offsets and breaks, requiring filling and/or feathering, both those initially visible and those discovered during the course of work. Review with Owner and Architect to obtain direction for filling and feathering. Revise drawing(s) to record directions for same for field and record purposes.
- **B. Staff Names:** Prior to the contract start date, submit a list of the Contractor's principal staff assignments, including the superintendent, project safety officer, and other personnel in attendance at the Project Site. Identify individuals and their duties and responsibilities. List their addresses and telephone numbers.
  - 1. Post copies of the list in the Project meeting room, the temporary field office, and at each temporary telephone.
  - 2. Provide resumes of each staff member proposed for the Project. This shall include the Project Manager, Project Superintendent and Safety Officer.

### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)**

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### 3.1 GENERAL COORDINATION PROVISIONS

- **A.** Inspection of Conditions: Require the Installer of each major component to inspect both the substrate and conditions under which Work is to be performed and coordinate such inspections with the Construction Administrator and authorities having jurisdictions. If unsatisfactory conditions exist notify the Construction Administrator immediately. Do not proceed until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected in an acceptable manner.
- **B.** The Contractor shall coordinate temporary enclosures with required inspections and tests to minimize the necessity of uncovering completed construction for that purpose.
- C. Coordination Drawings: Before construction work can begin, the Contractor shall submit to the Architect coordination drawings in the form of (a) reproducible (vellum) transparencies at not less than 1/4-inch scale, a PDF file of all drawings, and (b) CAD files of the coordination drawings on CDROM. Such drawings will be required throughout all areas for trades as described below. These drawings shall show resolutions of trade conflicts in congested areas. The Architect will supply base drawings (with the title blocks removed), including floor plans, reflected ceiling plans, and structural framing plans, in the form of electronic CAD files on CDROM, using the AutoCAD release edition specified with the files, to the General Contractor for distribution to the trades for use in developing the coordination drawings. Each trade contractor shall create separate layers within the CAD files to show the work of their trade. Prepare coordination drawings as follows:

- 1. The STRUCTURAL subcontractor shall initiate 1/4-inch scale drawings done on AutoCAD (latest version) showing all framing, slabs, precast, piping, lighting, and ducts in plan and section. These must be reviewed and approved before other trade submittals are created and submitted.
- 2. The Plumbing subcontractor shall then add layers to superimpose his piping layout (including pitch) on the coordination drawings.
- **3.** The storm drainage subcontractor shall then add layers to complete the coordination drawing by drawing his piping (including pitch) on the coordination drawings picking up each pipe and elevation provided by the plumbing subcontractor.
- **4.** The HVAC subcontractor shall then add layers to superimpose his piping layout (including pitch) on the coordination drawings.
- 5. The Electrical subcontractor shall then add layers to superimpose all the electrical information on the coordination drawings. Said information is to include but not necessarily be limited to cable trays, equipment, lighting, conduits, bus duct, etc. Show space allowances reserved for work under other contracts, such as audio-visual wiring and equipment.
- **6.** Contractors for specialties, furnishings, equipment and special construction shall add layers to show their work to assure full coordination of all systems.
- 7. The Construction Administrator shall review the completed coordination drawings for general compliance and then submit them to the Architect for his review. All subcontractors shall rework the drawings until all systems are properly coordinated.
- 8. The General Construction Contractor shall indicate Architectural/Structural conflicts or obstacles and coordinate to suit the overall construction schedule. The General Construction Contractor shall locate all precut and prefabricated holes and openings in structural steel on the CAD coordination drawing files as required for all work. The Contractor shall coordinate these holes and openings with the structural steel fabricator during the structural steel shop drawing development phase. Coordination to take place on schedule so as to permit shop fabrication of all structural steel holes and openings. The Owner will not be held responsible for the costs associated with field fabrication of structural openings resulting from the lack of timely and thorough coordination.
- 9. The General Construction Contractor shall expedite all drawing work and coordinate to suit the construction schedule. The General Construction Contractor shall then review these drawings and compare them with the Architectural, Structural, Equipment, and other drawings and determine that all of the work can be installed without undue interference. Prior to the submittal to the Architect, areas of potential conflict shall be brought to the attention of the General Construction Contractor who shall convene a coordination meeting of all parties involved, for the purpose of resolving all utility conflicts. The General Construction Contractor shall supervise and direct corrective measures and have all trades sign acceptance of the drawings. Submit four (4) hard copies of each drawing to the Architect and two (2) copies to the

Construction Administrator for the record, and only after all conflicts have been accommodated.

- **10.** If the coordination meeting fails to resolve coordination conflicts, the General Construction Contractor shall indicate the nature of such conflicts in a detailed RFI, proposing the most economical solution.
- 11. The General Construction Contractor shall not permit work by trades to proceed in a given bay or area until all trade foremen agree on the exact arrangements for each room or area. If a given trade proceeds prior to trades approval, then if necessary, that trade shall revise their work, if necessary, at no extra cost, in order to permit other trades to proceed.
- **12.** Submit all coordination drawings electronically, in addition to hard copy.
- **D.** The Construction Administrator will meet with the General Construction Contractor on all major items of coordination.

## 3.2 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- **A.** Clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials in place, during handling and installation. Apply protective covering, where required, to assure protection from damage or deterioration.
- **B.** Clean and provide maintenance on completed construction as construction per manufacturers requirements through the remainder of the construction period. Adjust and lubricate operable components to assure operability without damaging effects.
- **C.** Limiting Exposures: Supervise construction operations to assure that no part of the construction, completed or in progress, is subject to harmful, dangerous, damaging, or otherwise deleterious exposure during the construction period. Where applicable, such exposures include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Excessive static or dynamic loading.
  - **2.** Excessive internal or external pressures.
  - **3.** Excessively high or low temperatures.
  - **5.** Excessively high or low humidity.
  - **6.** Air contamination or pollution.
  - **7.** Water or ice.
  - 8. Solvents.
  - 9. Chemicals.
  - **10.** Light.
  - 11. Radiation.
  - **12.** Puncture.
  - 13. Abrasion.

- **14.** Heavy traffic.
- 15. Soiling, staining, and corrosion.
- 16. Bacteria.
- 17. Rodent and insect infestation.
- 18. Combustion.
- 19. Electrical current.
- **20.** High-speed operation.
- 21. Improper lubrication.
- 22. Unusual wear or other misuse.
- **23.** Contact between incompatible materials.
- **24.** Destructive testing.
- 25. Misalignment.
- **26.** Excessive weathering.
- **27.** Unprotected storage.
- 28. Improper shipping or handling.
- **29.** Theft.
- **30.** Vandalism.

END OF SECTION 01 31 00

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## PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

**A.** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section specifies administrative and procedural requirements for project meetings, including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Start Date meeting (establishes start date)
  - 2. Pre-construction conferences.
  - 3. Pre-installation conferences.
  - 4. Progress meetings.
  - 5. Special meetings (if needed)
  - 6. Safety
  - 7. Coordination
  - 8. As-built drawings review
  - 9. And as required
- **B. Related Sections:** The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Division 01 Section 01 31 00 "Project Management and Coordination" for procedures for coordinating project meetings with other construction activities.
  - **2.** Division 01 Section 01 32 16.13 "CPM Schedules" for requirements for CPM scheduling and reporting progress of work.
  - **3.** Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" for submitting the Construction Schedule or CPM Schedule.
  - **4.** Division 01 Section 01 35 26 "Government Safety Requirements specifies the requirements for safety plans, reports, and investigation submittals.
  - **5.** Division 03 Section 03 41 00 "Precast Concrete Panels" for pre-installation/erection conferences.
  - **6.** Division 07 Section 07 53 23 "EPDM Roofing" for pre-construction conferences.

# 1.3 PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE

**A.** The Contractor will attend a pre-construction conference before starting construction, as scheduled by the Construction Administrator convenient to the Owner, the Construction Administrator, Architect, and Contractor. This meeting will take place at least fourteen (14) days prior to official Start Date. Hold the conference at the Project Site or another

- convenient location as directed by the Construction Administrator. The Construction Administrator shall conduct the Pre-construction Conference to review the Contractor and Subcontractor responsibilities and personnel assignments.
- **B.** Attendees: Authorized representatives of the Construction Administrator, Owner, City, Architect, and their consultants; the Structural Steel contractor, Concrete contractor, Precast Concrete contractor, Demolition contractor, the General Contractor and its superintendent; major subcontractors; agency; and other concerned parties shall attend the conference. All participants at the conference shall be familiar with the Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work. All superintendants and/or project managers must be present.
- **C. Agenda:** Discuss items of significance that could affect progress, including the following:
  - 1. Tentative construction schedule.
  - 2. Critical work sequencing.
  - 3. Progress meeting schedule.
  - 4. Designation of responsible personnel.
  - 5. The RFI and Submittal process.
  - 6. Procedures for processing field decisions and Change Orders.
  - 7. Procedures for processing Applications for Payment.
  - 8. Distribution of Contract Documents.
  - 9. Submittal of Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples.
  - 10. Preparation of record documents.
  - 11. Use of the premises.
  - 12. Street restrictions and traffic control.
  - 13. Parking availability.
  - 14. Deliveries and priorities.
  - 15. Safety procedures.
  - 16. First aid.
  - 17. Security.
  - 18. Housekeeping.
  - 19. Working hours.

## 1.4 PRE-INSTALLATION/CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCES

A. The Contractor will schedule a pre-installation conference(s) at the Project Site before each construction activity that requires coordination with other construction. The Contractor shall be responsible to notify in writing the Construction Administrator and the appropriate Subcontractor(s), etc., of the date and time of all Pre-installation/Construction Conferences. Notification shall be at least seven (7) days, prior to the Conference. The Contractor shall be

responsible for coordination and attendance of all Subcontractors, etc., involved in or affected by the installation for all Pre-installation/Construction Conferences.

- **B.** Attendees: The Construction Administrator, Contractor, Subcontractors, Owner and Architect, the installer and representatives of manufacturers and fabricators involved in or affected by the installation, and its coordination or integration with other materials and installations that have preceded or will follow, shall attend the meeting. The Contractor shall advise all attendees of the scheduled Pre-installation/Construction Conferences dates.
- **C.** Review the progress of other construction activities and preparations for the particular activity under consideration at each Pre-installation/Construction Conference, including but not limited to the following requirements:
  - 1. Contract Documents.
  - 2. Options.
  - 3. Related Change Orders.
  - 4. Purchases.
  - 5. Deliveries.
  - 6. Shop Drawings, Product Data, and quality-control samples.
  - 7. Review of mockups.
  - 8. Possible conflicts.
  - 9. Compatibility problems.
  - 10. Time schedules.
  - 11. Weather limitations.
  - 12. Manufacturer's recommendations.
  - 13. Warranty requirements.
  - 14. Compatibility of materials.
  - 15. Acceptability of substrates.
  - 16. Temporary facilities.
  - 17. Space and access limitations.
  - 18. Governing regulations.
  - 19. Safety.
  - 20. Inspecting and testing requirements.
  - 21. Required performance results.
  - 22. Recording requirements.
  - 23. Protection.

- 24. Security.
- **D.** The Construction Administrator will record significant discussions and agreements and disagreements of each Pre-installation/Construction Conference, and the approved schedule. The Construction Administrator will promptly distribute the record of the Pre-installation/Construction Conference to all attendees.
- **E.** The Contractor shall not proceed with the installation/construction if the conference cannot be successfully concluded. The Contractor shall be responsible to initiate whatever actions are necessary to resolve impediments to performance of Work and schedule and reconvene another Pre-installation/Construction Conference at the earliest feasible date. Failure of the contractor to resolve impediments to the performance of the work will not result in an extension of days.

### 1.5 PROGRESS MEETINGS

- **A.** The Construction Administrator will conduct progress meetings, bi-weekly, at the Project Site or at regular intervals as agreed upon at the Pre-construction Conference. The Construction Administrator will notify the Owner, the Architect, and the Contractor of the scheduled Progress Meeting dates. Coordinate dates of Progress Meetings with preparation of Application for Payment requests.
- **B.** Attendees: In addition to representatives of the Contractor, Construction Administrator, Owner, City. and the Architect, subcontractor, supplier, or other entity concerned with current progress or involved in planning, coordination, or performance of future activities may be requested to attend these meetings on an as needed basis. All participants at the meeting shall be familiar with the Project and authorized to conclude matters relating to the Work. The Contractor shall include the site superintendent as a minimum.
- **C. Agenda:** Progress Meetings shall review and correct or approve minutes of the previous Progress Meeting. Review other items of significance that could affect progress. Include topics for discussion as appropriate to the status of the Project.
  - 1. CPM Schedule: Review progress since the last Progress Meeting. Determine where each activity is in relation to the required Contractor's "CPM Schedule" and whether each activity is on time or ahead or behind Schedule. Determine how Work that is behind Schedule will be expedited; secure commitments from parties involved to do so. Discuss whether Schedule revisions are required to insure that current and subsequent activities will be completed within the Contract Time.
  - 2. Review the present and future needs of each entity present, including the following:
    - a. Interface requirements.
    - b. Time.
    - c. Sequences.
    - d. Status of submittals.
    - e. Deliveries.

- f. Off-site fabrication problems.
- g. Off site storage.
- h. Access.
- i. Site utilization.
- j. Temporary facilities and services.
- k. Hours of work.
- 1. Hazards and risks.
- m. Housekeeping.
- n. Quality and work standards.
- o. Change Orders.
- **p.** Documentation of information for payment requests.
- **D. Reporting:** The Construction Administrator will distribute minutes of the meeting to each party present, promptly and before the next scheduled meeting, and to parties who should have been present.

### 1.6 SUBCONTRACTOR/COORDINATION/SAFETY MEETINGS

- **A.** The Contractor shall conduct Subcontractor/coordination meetings.
- **B.** The Contractor shall conduct a separate safety meeting after the safety plan is submitted. The Contractor shall take meeting minutes. These minutes shall be made available upon request. The Contractor shall notify the Construction Administrator of the times and dates of these meetings, who may elect to attend these meetings as an observer when necessary. A minimum of one safety meeting will be held per month.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 01 31 19

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#### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

**A.** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for the preparation, submittal, and maintenance of the Contractor's computerized progress schedule, reporting progress of the Work, and Contract time adjustments, including the following:
  - 1. Preliminary schedule.
  - **2.** Baseline schedule.
  - **3.** Two (2) week look ahead schedules.
  - **4.** Schedule revisions.
  - **5.** Recovery schedules.
  - 6. Narratives.
  - 7. Schedule time extensions.
- **B.** The above listed Project schedules shall be used for evaluating all issues related to time for this Contract. The Project schedules shall be updated in accordance with the requirements of this Section to reflect the actual progress of the Work and the Contractor's current plan for the timely completion of the Work. The Project schedules shall be used by the Owner and Contractor for the following purposes as well as any other purpose where the issue of time is relevant:
  - 1. To communicate to the Owner the Contractor's current plan for carrying out the Work;
  - **2.** To identify work paths that are critical to the timely completion of the Work;
  - **3.** To identify upcoming activities on the Critical Path(s);
  - **4.** To evaluate the best course of action for mitigating the impact of unforeseen events;
  - **5.** As the basis for analyzing the time impact of changes in the Work;
  - **6.** As a reference in determining the cost associated with increases or decreases in the Work;
  - 7. To identify when submittals will be submitted to the Owner;
  - **8.** To prioritize the Owner's review of submittals;
  - **9.** To document the actual progress of the Work;
  - 10. To evaluate resource requirements of the Contractor and the Owner;
  - 11. To integrate the Work with the operational requirements of the Owner's facilities;

- **12.** To facilitate efforts to complete the Work in a timely manner.
- **13.** To document the history of the Work.
- **B.** Refer to the General Conditions and the Agreement for definitions and specific dates of Contract Time.
- **C. Related Sections**: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Division 01 Section 01 11 00 "Summary of Work" specifies the scope of work for the various phases, requirements regarding the Contractor's use of premises, occupancy requirements, products ordered in advance, and Owner furnished products.
  - **2.** Division 01 Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures" specifies requirements for handling requests for equals and substitutions.
  - **3.** Division 01 Section 01 26 00 "Contract Modification Procedures" specifies requirements for handling and processing contract modifications.
  - **4.** Division 01 Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures" specifies requirements for submitting Schedule of Values and Application for Payments.
  - **5.** Division 01 Section 01 31 00 "Project Management and Coordination" specifies requirements for coordinating construction operations.
  - **6.** Division 01 Section 01 31 19 "Project Meetings" specifies requirements for submitting and distributing meeting and conference minutes.
  - **7.** Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" specifies requirements for submitting the monthly computerized progress schedule.
  - **8.** Division 01 Section 01 45 00 "Quality Control" specifies requirements for submitting inspection and test reports.
  - **9.** Division 01 Section 01 50 00 "Temporary Facilities and Controls" specifies requirements for temporary utilities, support facilities, and security protection.
  - **10.** Division 01 Section 01 60 00 "Product Requirements" specifies requirements for submitting the list of products.
  - **11.** Division 01 Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures" specifies requirements for Contract closeout.

#### 1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- **A.** Critical Path Method (CPM): A method of planning and scheduling a construction project where activities are arranged based on activity relationships and network calculations determine when activities can be performed and the critical path of the Project.
- **B.** Critical Path: The longest continuous chain of activities through the network at a given data date for the Schedule to a Contract Milestone or Contract Completion. Where the path to a specific Milestone has become negative, the Critical Path shall be the longest continuous chain of activities with the greatest amount of negative float.

- **C. Near Critical Path:** Any continuous series of activities through the network to the Contract Milestone or the Contract Completion Date where the Total Float of the activity at the data date along that path is within fifteen (15) days of the Total Float possessed by the activity at the data date along the Critical Path.
- **D. Network Diagram:** A graphic diagram of a network schedule, showing the activities and activity relationships.
- **E.** Activity: A discrete part of a project that can be identified for planning, scheduling, monitoring, and controlling the construction project. Activities included in a construction schedule consume time and resources.
  - 1. Critical activities are activities on the critical path.
  - 2. Predecessor activity is an activity that must be completed before a given activity can be started.
- **F.** Event: An event is the starting or ending point of an activity.
- **G. Milestone:** A key or critical point in time for reference or measurement.
- **H. Float:** Is the measure of leeway in activity performance. Accumulative float time belongs to the Owner.
  - 1. Free float is the amount of time an activity can be delayed without adversely affecting the early start of the following activity.
  - **2.** Total float is the measure of leeway in starting or completing an activity without adversely affecting the planned project completion date.
- **I. Total Float:** The number of days from the late finish date (LF) to the early finish date (EF) of an activity at a given data date for the Schedule. When the LF is later than the EF, the Total Float shall be positive. When the LF and the EF are the same, the Total Float shall be zero. When the LF is earlier than the EF, the Total Float shall be negative. Unless otherwise specified all references to "float" shall mean "Total Float."
- **J. Fragnet:** The sequence of new activities and/or activity revisions, logic or resource changes that are proposed to be added to the existing schedule to demonstrate the influence of impacts to the schedule. The Fragnet shall identify the predecessors to the new activities and demonstrate the impacts to successor activities.

### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

#### A. Construction Scheduler:

1. The Contractor is required to employ or retain the services of an individual skilled in construction scheduling ("Construction Scheduler"). For projects with a Contract value greater than five (5) million dollars, the Construction Scheduler shall have at least five (5) years of verifiable experience as the person primarily responsible for preparing and maintaining detailed project schedules on projects of the same or similar size and nature as this project. The Construction Scheduler is required to attend meetings pertaining to scheduling and progress of the work including all progress meetings.

- **2.** Within five (5) days after the Notice of Award, the Contractor shall provide a statement to the Owner with the following:
  - **a.** Identification, qualifications, and experience of the Contractor's Construction Scheduler and all other members of the Contractor's scheduling staff.
  - **b.** References of not less than two (2) previous projects on which the Contractor's Construction Scheduler has utilized CPM scheduling.
- 3. The Owner reserves the right to disapprove any Construction Scheduler candidate proposed for the project and/or remove, without rights to work on the project, any member of the Contractor's scheduling staff that is, in the Owner's opinion, not qualified. In case of disapproval, the Contractor shall resubmit the qualifications and references of the proposed alternate Construction Scheduler within ten (10) days. The Contractor must have its Construction Scheduler approved prior to the issuance of the Notice to Proceed and the submission of any schedule.
- 4. Should the Construction Scheduler leave the employ of the Contractor or be reassigned or relieved of his/her responsibilities as the Construction Scheduler on the project, the Contractor will be required to submit the qualifications of the proposed replacement Construction Scheduler within 10 days after the date the former Construction Scheduler is no longer responsible for his/her duties on this Project.

#### **B.** Scheduling Software:

- 1. For Contracts greater than five (5) million dollars, the Contractor shall use the latest version of Primavera Project Planner as the scheduling software system for use on this Project.
- 2. The Contractor shall provide one (1) licensed copy of the scheduling software to the Owner's CA for their use, registered in the Owner's name, complete with the entire manufacturer's manual, within five (5) days after the Contract award. The software manuals and license shall become the permanent property of the Owner.

#### 1.5 CPM SCHEDULE FORMAT/CONTENT

- **A. Format:** All Schedules required by this section shall be computer generated, critical path method (CPM) networks utilizing the precedence diagram method of scheduling.
- **B. Electronic Schedule Naming:** The Contractor shall not submit any two (2) schedule files with the same file name. File names shall be in accordance with the following requirements:
  - 1. Proposed/Final Preliminary Schedules shall be named P001, P002, P003, etc.
  - 2. Proposed/Final Baseline Schedules shall be named B001, B002, B003, etc.
  - **3.** Final Updated Schedules shall be named U001, U002, U003, etc. Any revisions that are required at a particular update on a data date shall be numbered UA01, UB01, UC01, etc.
- **C. Activity Identification:** Each activity in the Project schedules shall have an activity Identifier (activity ID). The Contractor is encouraged to utilize the activity ID to contain

- a structure enabling easy identification of work type, location, subcontractor, etc. The activity ID of an existing activity shall not be modified or assigned to another activity.
- **D. Activity Description:** The activity description shall identify the scope of the activity and shall include a verb or work function (i.e. form, pour, execute, etc.), an object (i.e. slab, footing, wall, etc.), and location (i.e., first floor, roof, etc.). There shall not be any two activities with the same activity description. It shall not be necessary to investigate activity code assignments or logic relationships to identify the scope of an activity. For example, the description "Pour Footing" will not be acceptable. The description "Pour Footing West Wall, Section 2" will be acceptable. The terms "Miscellaneous," "Misc." and other vague adjectives shall not be used in an activity description. The Contractor shall standardize the use of terms and their spelling in all activity descriptions. Abbreviation used in activity descriptions shall be consistent with the abbreviations used throughout the Contract Documents and summarized on the Contract Drawings.
- **E. Work Activities:** The Contractor shall include activities for work in the following list:
  - 1. Mobilization.
  - 2. All required submittals and submittal review.
  - **3.** Equipment and materials procurement/fabrication/delivery.
  - **4.** Installing/operating temporary heat and utilities.
  - **5.** Preliminary testing of equipment, instrumentation and controls.
  - **6.** Final testing, including preparation time.
  - **7.** Substantial Completion: Substantial completion activity shall meet all requirements set forth in Division 01 Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures".
  - **8.** Punch list work.
  - **9.** Operation and maintenance training.
  - 10. Demobilization.
  - 11. Final cleaning.
  - **12.** Issuance of Certificate of Occupancy.
  - 13. Project Specific Issues (If Warranted).
- **F. Maximum Activity Durations:** The Contractor shall prepare schedule utilizing activity durations in terms of days. Do not exceed twenty-one (21) day duration on activities except concrete curing, submittal review and equipment fabrication and deliveries. Where duration of continuous work exceeds twenty-one (21) days, subdivide activities by location or other sub-element of the work. At the request of the Owner, the Contractor shall substantiate the need for specific activities having longer durations than stated herein. If the Contractor fails to substantiate this need, then the Contractor shall modify activity durations and the corresponding work scope of the activities to the satisfaction of the Owner.

- **G. Activity Dates:** Early and late start and finish dates of activities shall be calculated for each activity based upon the schedule data date, actual dates, schedule logic, schedule constraints, calendars and original duration or remaining duration, in accordance with the software to calculate incorrect early and late, start and finish dates, the Contractor shall be responsible to identify all such errors and to determine correct dates consistent with the parameters specified in this Section.
- **H. Activity Predecessors and Successors:** Every activity shall have logically assigned predecessors and successors in conformance with the requirements of this Section. Unless otherwise specified, Notice to Proceed shall be the only activity in the Project Schedules without a predecessor. Unless otherwise specified, Acceptance and each Contract Milestone(s) shall be the only activity in the Project Schedules without a successor.
- **I. Activity Constraints:** Activity Constraints can affect activity float calculations and shall not be used unless accepted by the Owner. The imposition of a date constraint on any activity shall only be permitted when the Contractor demonstrates the need for such a constraint to the satisfaction of the Owner.
- **J. Imposed Project Finish Date:** The imposed project finish date shall be the Contract Completion date, or if the Contractor plans an early completion date, the date it plans to complete the Work.
- **K.** Negative Float: Negative float is calculated when the user imposes a finish date or other constraint on the schedule and when an activity can only finish after its late finish date. The Contractor shall remove the imposed finish date and/or constraint causing the negative float when directed to do so by the Owner.
- **L. Activity Codes:** The schedules shall contain activity code classifications and code values. The coding structure shall, at a minimum, include code fields for the following: Phase, Area, Location, Type of Work, Submittal/Procurement, Construction, Responsibility, Original/Extra Work, and Division. All activities in the schedule must have non-blank values for the required codes.
- M. Calendars: The planning unit for the Work shall be days. The global calendar shall contain all union holidays. The Contractor shall coordinate holidays to be observed with the Owner and incorporate them into the schedule as non-working days. This Calendar shall be a 5-day work week, Monday through Friday. Every activity shall be assigned a working day calendar based on when the activity is planned to occur and when it is contractually permitted to occur. The Contractor shall define and submit additional working day calendars for acceptance by the Owner that are necessary for completion of work in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. Only Owner defined or Owner accepted working day calendars shall be utilized in the Project Schedules.
- **N. Logic:** The Contractor shall be responsible for developing the logic of the Preliminary, Baseline and Recovery Schedules and for updating that logic each month to accurately

reflect the progress of the Work to-date and the Contractor's current plan for the timely completion of the Work.

- 1. The following criteria shall form the basis for assembly of the schedule logic:
  - **a.** Which activity must be completed before a subsequent activity can be started?
  - **b.** Which activities can be done concurrently?
  - **c.** Which activities must be started immediately following a completed activity?
  - **d.** What major economic facility or manpower restrictions are required for sequencing these activities?
- 2. All paths through the Project schedules shall proceed in the direction representing the progression of time. Activity lag duration shall not have a negative value unless the Contractor substantiates to the satisfaction of the Owner that this is the best representation of reality. The use of activity lags shall be kept to a minimum. The Contractor shall eliminate lags by creating new activities, when the creation of new activities will perform the same function of the lag and when requested to do so by the Owner.
- **3.** Redundant ties to preceding activities in a sequential series of activities will not be permitted. For example, if activity C is the successor in a finish-start relationship to activity B, and activity B is the successor in a finish-start relationship to activity A, then activity A shall not have a redundant finish-start relationship to activity C. A tie representing a different constraint will not be considered redundant. For example, a logic tie showing that the completion of the work scope of a predecessor is required before the successor can start is different from a logic tie representing a resource limitation and will not be considered redundant.
- 4. The Contractor is required to use manpower and equipment restraints, separately noted, to optimize and level manpower and equipment requirements. Such resource leveling shall reflect a reasonable plan for accomplishing the Work. The individual activities involved may be sequenced within the limits of the available Total Float. However, when this leveling technique is used in establishing the initial schedule, it shall be reflected in the logic with restraints identified as "restraint for manpower or equipment leveling purposes only." Critical or near Critical Paths resulting from the use of manpower restraints shall be kept to a minimum.
- **5.** All activities with resource restraints shall be supplemented with resource loading information as noted in Paragraph G.
- **6.** The Contractor shall correct all incorrect logic relationships in the Schedule Updates to eliminate any out-of-sequenced logic. The Contractor shall make all changes in the logic or other adjustments found to be incorrect by the Owner.
- **O. Progress Data:** Actual start and finish dates shall not be automatically updated by default mechanisms that may be included in the CPM scheduling software systems. The primary source of actual starts and finishes and period percentage completes shall be by field verification. The Contractor is to insure that progress is based of a current estimate

of remaining duration to complete the Work and not the activity percent complete which calculates the remaining duration based on the original estimated duration.

#### P. Submittals:

- 1. Each submission that is required by the Contract Documents shall have a corresponding activity, for the preparation and review and approval at the submission. When the Contractor plans on making a submission in parts, each part of the submission shall have corresponding preparation and review and approval activities.
- **2.** The timing, sequencing and duration of all submitted review and approval activities shall be in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- **3.** All submissions designated "Revise and Resubmit" shall require that the Contractor insert new submittal preparation and review and approved activities with appropriate logic into the schedule.
- **4.** When submittal receives a partial approval and the partial approval is sufficient to enable the commencement of a successor activity, then the original submittal activity shall be broken down into multiple activities as necessary to accurately reflect the logic of the Contractor's current plan.
- 5. When multiple items are included in a single submittal, the "Review and Approve" activity for the submittal shall be a predecessor to every activity representing the fabrication and delivery of any of the materials.
- **Q. Delivery Activities:** The schedules shall include activities for all fabrication and delivery work except for short lead time items. "Short lead time" shall be defined as a period of fourteen (14) days or less from placement of order to delivery of material to the project site. Activities representing the delivery of materials or equipment for more than one (1) installation activity will permitted in accordance with the following conditions.
  - 1. The material delivery activity shall be a predecessor to the first activity representing the installation of the material in each area.
  - 2. When partial deliveries are received and those deliveries are adequate to enable the commencement of some, but not all, successor activities, then the original delivery activity shall be broken down into multiple activities as necessary to accurately reflect the logic of the Contractor's current plan.
- **R. Inspections/Testing:** The Contractor shall include an activity for each inspection and test required by the various officials and agencies, including the Building Inspector, and Fire Marshall. The Contractor shall schedule these activities in accordance with the availability of the corresponding agency/official.
- **S.** Progress Override/Retained Logic: The Contractor shall use retained logic to calculate all schedules required by this section. The use of progress override is not allowed without prior approval of the Owner.
- **T. Weather Days Allowance:** The Contractor shall include as a separate identifiable activity on the Critical Path, and activity labeled "Weather Days Allowance." Insert this activity immediately prior to the substantial completion milestone.

- 1. The Contractor shall be fully responsible for determining the number of weather delay days to be included in the CPM Schedule. This determination shall be based on the normal anticipated weather for the project location and the nature of the project work. The CPM Schedule shall be based on the contractor's determined weather delay allowance, immediately prior to the Substantial Completion milestone.
- **2.** The <u>minimal</u> allowed duration of the Weather Days Allowance shall be calculated as follows (decimals rounded to nearest whole number):

Contract Time						
(Calendar	multiplied	7	equals	Weather	<b>Days</b>	Allowance
Days)	_ by			(Calendar Days)		
365	_					

- **3.** The Contractor shall insert an activity in the Critical Path to reflect weather day occurrences when weather days are experienced and accepted by the Owner. Identify this activity as a weather delay.
- **4.** The Contractor shall reduce duration of Weather Days Allowance activity as weather delays are experienced and inserted into the schedule. Remaining weather days in Weather Day Allowance at completion of project is considered float. Weather delay, when justified, are considered allowable, non compensable.
- **U. Regulatory/Third Party Approvals:** The Contractor shall include activities in its schedule for all approvals required by regulatory agencies or other third parties.
- V. Resource Loading: The Contractor shall resource load the schedules when required by this Specification and/or if requested to do so by the Owner. When required, the schedules shall be resource loaded for both the Contractor and all of its subcontractors as detailed below or as otherwise directed by the Owner. The Contractor may propose additional or alternative resource loading for the Owner review and acceptance. Defining a resource shall consist of identifying the resource name, resource description, unit of measure, and calendar assignment.
  - **1. Labor Resources:** Labor shall refer to all craft labor including foreman. Labor shall be measured in person-days. The labor resource definitions shall be consistent with the subcontractor work scope.
  - **2. Construction Equipment Resources:** The planned use of equipment requiring a licensed operator shall be reflected in equipment resource assignments to activities.
  - **3. Limits on Resources:** The Contractor shall indicate in its Narrative the expected amount of resource and shall define the normal or expected usage along with a maximum limit available to the Contractor. Resource limits may vary for different stages of the work. Resource limits shall be revised to reflect the Contractor's current plan for the timely completion of the work.

## W. Activity Logs:

- 1. Activities that are modified or added by change order shall be identified in the activity log. The change order number, as issued by the Owner, and the date the activity was modified or added shall be clearly recorded.
- **2.** Activities affected by logic changes, resource changes, duration changes and calendar changes shall be identified in the activity log. The date the activity was modified, the nature of the change and the reason for the change shall be clearly recorded.

# 1.6 PRELIMINARY SCHEDULE AND PRELIMINARY SCHEDULE UPDATES

- **A.** For projects with a construction cost estimate over five (5) million dollars, the Contractor shall submit a Preliminary Schedule and Preliminary Schedule Updates. The Notice to Proceed will not be issued and the Contractor will not be allowed to start work at the Project site until the Preliminary Schedule has been submitted and accepted.
- **B.** The Preliminary Schedule shall contain a detailed plan of operations for the first 90 days of Work after receipt of the Notice to Proceed.
- C. The Construction Administrator and General Contractor shall meet after receipt of Preliminary Schedule to review and make necessary adjustments. Contractor shall submit a revise Preliminary Schedule incorporating the adjustments with five (5) days after meeting.
- **D.** All Work contemplated beyond the first ninety (90) days shall be shown in sufficient detail such that the Critical Path and all Contract Milestones may be identified.
- **E.** The Preliminary Schedule shall be updated monthly during first ninety (90) days after issuance of the Notice to Proceed. The first update of the Preliminary Schedule shall show the progress on the actual Notice to Proceed date and shall be submitted to the Construction Administrator within five (5) days after the issuance of the Notice to Proceed. Subsequent updates shall show the progress through the last day of the month and shall be submitted to the Construction Administrator by the fifth business day of each month.
- **F.** Preliminary Schedule Update revisions that are required as a result of review comments by the Construction Administrator shall be submitted within five (5) days of the General Contractor's receipt of the Construction Administrator's comments. The data date of the revised Preliminary Schedule Update shall remain on the first day of the month.
- **G.** The General Contractor shall not be permitted to make any schedule revisions (besides progress) to the Preliminary Schedule Update unless approved by the Construction Administrator. When schedule revisions are required, the General Contractor shall submit a Schedule Revision per Article 1.11.

### 1.7 BASELINE SCHEDULE

**A.** For projects with a construction cost estimate over five (5) million dollars, the General Contractor shall submit the proposed Baseline Schedule to the Construction Administrator for all the work of the project within forty-five (45) days after issuance of

- the Notice to Proceed. The Accepted Preliminary Schedule shall be incorporated unchanged, as first ninety (90) days activity in the General Contractor's Baseline Schedule.
- **B.** The proposed Baseline Schedule shall show sequence and interdependence of all activities required for complete performance of all Work, beginning with date of Notice to Proceed and concluding with date of final completion of the Contract. The Baseline Schedule shall depict the work as bid and as planned as of the Notice to Proceed. The data date shall be the actual date of the Notice to Proceed.
- C. The Construction Administrator and the General Contractor shall meet after the Construction Administrator's receipt of the Baseline Schedule to review and make necessary adjustments. Should adjustments be required, the General Contractor shall submit a revised Baseline Schedule within five (5) days after the meeting and receipt of the Construction Administrator's comments. Subsequent follow-up meetings and resubmissions may continue until the Construction Administrator accepts the Baseline Schedule.
- **D.** The General Contractor shall require each major Trade Contractor and major supplier to submit in writing a statement certifying that the major Trade Contractor or major supplier has concurred with the General Contractor's Baseline Schedule, the major Trade Contractor's or major supplier's related schedule has been incorporated accurately, including the duration of activities and crew allocations. The definition of a "major Trade Contractor" is one (1) that provides services valued in excess of five (5) percent of the Contract value. The definition of "major supplier" is one (1) that provides material(s) or services valued in excess of one (1) percent of the Contract value. Failure of the General Contractor to provide the required information will delay the approval of the Baseline Schedule.

#### 1.8 SCHEDULE UPDATES

- A. The General Contractor shall update and progress the CPM Schedule through the last day of each month (the Data Date is the first day of the month). Updating and progressing the CPM Schedule shall be completed and submitted by the fifth business day each month. Except as otherwise authorized by the Construction Administrator, monthly submissions received after the due date are considered late.
- **B.** The first update will consist of the approved Baseline Schedule updated as of the first day of the first month which starts after ninety (90) days from the Notice to Proceed. Subsequent monthly Schedule Updates will be the previous month's approved Schedule Update or approved Revision Schedule updated to reflect progress over the last month. Schedule revisions, apart from updating the status of the remaining durations and percent completes of the various work activities will not be permitted in the Schedule Update.
- C. The Contractor shall create a copy of the previous month Schedule Update for the purpose of updating and progressing it. The schedule shall be updated to show the work actually accomplished during the preceding month, the actual time consumed for each activity, and the estimated time remaining for any activity that has been started but not

- completed. The updating of the percent complete and the remaining duration of any activity shall be independent functions; program features that calculate one of these parameters from the other shall be disabled.
- **D.** The General Contractor shall make the necessary adjustments to the Schedule Update in accordance with the Construction Administrator's Schedule Update review comments and shall re-submit the Schedule Update within five (5) days after receipt of those comments.
- **E.** The General Contractor shall prepare the monthly Schedule Updates every month starting on the month described above through the actual substantial completion date.

### 1.9 TWO-WEEK LOOK AHEAD SCHEDULES

- **A.** The General Contractor shall be required to produce and submit to the Construction Administrator a Two-Week Look Ahead Schedule, to be updated and submitted the first day of each week. Except as otherwise authorized by the Owner, submissions received after the due date are considered late.
- **B.** The Two-Week Look Ahead Schedule may be a CPM schedule or a bar chart; it shall be consistent with the previously approved Schedule Update or approved Schedule Revision.

#### 1.10 SCHEDULE REVISIONS

- **A.** If, at any time, the General Contractor alters its logic, original durations, or descriptions, adds activities or activity codes, or in any way modifies the accepted Preliminary Schedule, accepted Preliminary Schedule Update, Baseline Schedule or Schedule Update, the General Contractor must notify the Construction Administrator of the change(s), in writing and submit a Revision Schedule to the Construction Administrator for review.
- **B.** The preparation and submission of Revision Schedules will also be required to reflect any Contract Modifications that were approved and Construction Change Directives that were issued during the preceding period and any extra or changed work that the General Contractor has started during the preceding period.
- **C.** With each Revision Schedule, the General Contractor shall submit a written narrative explaining the nature of the change(s), the schedule, the reason for the change(s) and the impact on the schedule as a result of the change(s).
- D. All changes (i.e. duration changes, logic changes, new logic, new or modified activities changes in work sequence, etc.) shall be recorded and a note added to the activity log. The record shall include at a minimum, the date and the reason for the change, and description of the change.
- **E.** The required Revisions Schedules and Narratives are in addition to the regular Schedule Update. They shall be separate submittals and shall be noted as Schedule Revisions.
- **F.** Proposed Revision Schedules shall be submitted by the fifth day of the month and shall reflect status as of the first day of the month.

- G. The Construction Administrator and General Contractor shall meet after the Construction Administrator's receipt of the Revision Schedule and Narrative to review and make necessary adjustments. Should adjustments be required, the General Contractor shall submit a revised Revision Schedule to the Construction Administrator within five (5) days after the meeting and receipt of the Construction Administrator Comments. Subsequent follow-up meetings and resubmissions may continue until after the Construction Administrator accepts the Revision Schedule.
- **H.** Only upon acceptance of a revision to the Schedule by the Construction Administrator shall the revision be reflected in the next Schedule Update and Two-Week Look-Ahead Schedule.
- **I.** The Construction Administrator reserves the right to accept or reject any schedule revisions proposed by the General Contractor.

### 1.11 RECOVERY SCHEDULES

- **A.** If, in opinion of the Owner, a Schedule Update indicates that the General Contractor has fallen behind schedule, or that a revision in sequence or operations may be necessary for any other reason, the General Contractor shall within seven (7) days of receiving a written request to perform "Recovery" from the Construction Administrator, immediately institute all necessary steps to improve his progress and shall submit such revised network diagrams, tabulations, operational plans and any supplementary information, as may be deemed necessary by the Owner, to demonstrate the manner in which an acceptance rate of progress will be regained.
- **B.** Should the General Contractor's "Recovery" efforts not demonstrate an ability to regain an acceptable rate of progress, the Construction Administrator may require the development of a "Recovery Schedule" and the General Contractor shall submit the Recovery Schedule within twenty-one (21) days of receiving a written request for the Recovery Schedule from the Construction Administrator. The Recovery Schedule is to be supplemented with resource allocations for every task activity and include time-scaled resource histograms. The resource allocations shall be shown to a level of detail that facilitates report generations based on labor crafts and equipment classes for the General Contractor and Trade Contractors. The General Contractor shall use average composite crews to display the labor loading of onsite construction activities. The General Contractor shall optimize and level labor to reflect a reasonable plan for accomplishing the Work of the Contract and to assure that resources are not over allocated in multiple concurrent activities. The time-scaled resource histograms shall show labor crafts and equipment classes to be utilized on the Contract.
- **C.** In addition to required submittals, the "Recovery Schedule" submission will also include a Narrative as detailed herein, a time-scaled resource histogram and a Monthly Resources Loading Summary Report (tabular) indicating the peak number of resources required for each activity.

- **D.** The Construction Administrator shall be the sole judge as to whether the Recovery Schedule is sufficiently detailed. Upon acceptance of this Recovery Schedule, it shall form the basis of the new Monthly Schedule Updates going forward.
- **E.** No additional compensation will be allowed for Recovery Schedules required to overcome delays caused in whole or in part by the General Contractor.

### 1.12 NARRATIVES

- **A.** The General Contractor shall prepare and submit a Narrative to accompany the Baseline Schedule, Preliminary Schedule and each Preliminary Schedule Update and Monthly Schedule Update. The Narratives shall include:
  - 1. Identification of the update period, the data date and the schedule file name.
  - **2.** A description of the current Critical and Near Critical Paths activities that are supposed to start or to be worked on over the coming month.
  - 3. Changes to the Critical Path, intermediate and completion Milestones
  - **4.** Description of problem areas.
  - **5.** Current or anticipated delays:
    - **a.** Cause of delay.
    - **b.** Impact of delay on other activities, Milestones, and completion dates.
    - **c.** Corrective action and schedule adjustments to correct the delay.
  - **6.** A discussion of work completed during the period.
  - **7.** A comparison of the planned versus schedule progress early on and near Critical Path activities that were to have been worked on over the last month.
  - **8.** A description of any interdependencies between the General Contractor's Schedule and any work by other Contractors, third parties, and/or the Owner and its representatives.
  - **9.** A description of the current status of float created by any previous or ongoing compensable or excusable delays, whether or not the General Contractor has utilized any of this float over the last period by purposefully slowing down (pacing) and any request to utilize this float over the coming period.
  - **10.** An explanation of how adverse weather has been addressed in Schedule and an accounting of the Weather Day Allowance delineating the activities incorporated into the Schedule to account of work days lost due to weather and the resultant decrease in the duration of the Weather Day Allowance.
  - **11.** A description of planned labor resources to be utilized to complete critical and near Critical Path work as requested by the Construction Administrator.
  - **12.** A description of actual and potential equipment resource limitations.

### 1.13 NETWORK FILES, GRAPHICAL OUTPUT AND REPORTS

- **A.** With each Preliminary Schedule, Preliminary Schedule Update, Baseline Schedule, Schedule Update, Revision Schedule and Recovery Schedule required by these specifications, the General Contractor shall submit to the Construction Administrator the following schedule reports/graphics/files:
  - **1.** Three (3) compact disc sets that each include:
    - **a.** A compressed back up of the entire schedule.
    - **b.** Gantt charts in Adobe Acrobat PDF file format, formatted to fit ANSI Size D paper (610mm x 914mm) (24" x 36"), and showing the Activity ID, Activity Description, Original Duration, Remaining Duration, Total Float, Early Start and Finish Dates, and Calendar ID. Types of Gantt Charts to be included are:
      - i. The project critical (longest) path.
      - ii. The Project near Critical Path (excluding Critical Path activities).
      - iii. All uncompleted work activities as of the data date.
  - 2. Reports in Adobe Acrobat PDF file format, formatted to fit 216mm x 279mm (8½" x 11") size paper, to include:
    - **a.** A listing of all activities, by activity code, with early & late starts and Total Float.
    - **b.** A Claim Digger Report that details all changes between the current schedule submittal and the previous month's update submittal.
    - **c.** Detailed Predecessor/Successor Report which included a listing of all activities that immediately precede and immediately succeed that activity in the schedule logic.
  - **3.** Three (3) paper copies of each Gantt Charts in color and report on the paper size specified above.
- **B.** Schedule submittals will only be considered complete when all materials have been submitted.

### 1.14 FLOAT/CRITICAL PATH

- **A.** With the exception of the Float described in Paragraphs B and C, Float is not for the exclusive use or benefit of either the Construction Administrator or the General Contractor but is an expiring resource available to all parties acting in good faith as needed to meet any Contract Milestone(s).
- **B.** As float is an expiring resource, if the Work is delayed on the Critical Path due to an excusable delay (either compensable or non-compensable) or by any delay for which responsibility has not yet been agreed upon, the General Contractor may not use any float created by such delay on any other path without the express written approval of the Construction Administrator or unless at the time of the float consumption a time extension had been issued for the delay that created the float being consumed. Use of such float on any parallel path without the approval of the Construction Administrator

- shall be construed as a concurrent inexcusable delay to any delay caused by the Construction Administrator.
- C. It is acknowledged and agreed by the General Contractor that Construction Administrator caused delays on the project may be offset by Construction Administrator caused time savings (including, but not limited to: Critical Path submittals returned in less time than allowed for in the Contract, approval of substitution requests which result in a savings of time along the Critical Path for the General Contractor, etc.). In such an event, the General Contractor shall not be entitled to receive an extension of time or delay damages until the Construction Administrator caused time savings are exceeded and the Contract completion date also exceeded.

# 1.15 EARLY COMPLETION

- A. Should General Contractor submit a Preliminary Schedule, Baseline Schedule, Schedule Update or Schedule Revision showing Project Completion more than twenty (28) days prior to Contract Completion Date, the Construction Administrator may issue a Change Order, at no cost to Owner, revising the time of performance of Work and Contract completion date to match General Contractor's schedule. Contract Milestone dates, if any, shall be adjusted accordingly. The assessment of liquidated damages shall be measured based on the new Milestone and Contract completion dates.
- **B.** Should any monthly Schedule Update show the project completion earlier than current Contract completion date, the General Contractor shall show early completion time as schedule activity, identified as "Project Float." This float shall be available for use by either party as per the provisions of Article 1.14. The Owner shall not liable for any damages as a result of utilizing this float.

### 1.16 CONTRACT TIME EXTENSIONS

#### A. Mitigation of Delays:

- 1. The General Contractor shall be responsible to develop mitigation measures for all delays regardless of responsibility for the delays and to identify all time and cost impacts to the work associated with those mitigation measures. Unless circumstances otherwise require, the General Contractor shall not pursue mitigation action for which it expects the Owner to be liable prior to notifying the Owner and receiving Construction Administrator authorization to proceed with the mitigation action. Any action taken by the General Contractor prior to receiving approval from the Construction Administrator shall be at the General Contractor's risk.
- 2. When the need for mitigation arises to ensure timely completion, the General Contractor shall review all uncompleted activities on the Critical and Near Critical Paths to the Contract Completion Date for errors in scope, duration, and logic and for the feasibility of performing in parallel work currently scheduled sequentially.
- 3. Whenever it is possible for the General Contractor to mitigate delay without added cost, the Contractor shall do so. The Contractor shall mitigate all delays as efficiently and economically as possible, with the objective of minimizing both the time and cost

impact of the delay regardless of responsibility for the delay. The Owner will not be liable for damages which the Contractor could have avoided by reasonable means such as prudent scheduling of the work and judicious handling of forces, equipment or plant. The Owner will not be liable for damages incurred by the Contractor during any period of time when the Contractor has failed to provide notification of delay in accordance with the Contract requirements when having the notification at the specified time could have influenced the Owner's decision or actions.

# **B.** Time Impact Analysis:

- 1. If the General Contractor believes that a proposed change will impact the Project Completion Date or interim Milestones, the Contractor shall submit an analysis with its Change Order Proposal demonstrating the delay to the Critical Path. This analysis shall be in the form of a Time Impact Analysis (TIA).
- 2. The Time Impact Analysis shall consist of: 1) a Fragnet of the portion of the schedule that will be affected by the incorporation of the change, which shall include the new activities, revised logic and durations associated with the proposal change; 2) a narrative explanation of how the proposed change would impact the schedule; 3) an impact schedule which shall be developed by incorporating the Fragnet and required changes, including any delay mitigation measures, into the most recent accepted schedule update and; 4) electronic copies of the Fragnet and impact schedule.
- **3.** The General Contractor shall submit its TIA in sufficient time to allow it to be incorporated into a Revision Schedule prior to the change order work proceeding, allowing the Owner thirty (30) days after receipt of the TIA and all the supporting information required with the Change Order Proposal to approve or reject the analysis.
- **4.** Upon agreement on the schedule impact due to the proposed change and the issuance of a time extension, the General Contractor shall incorporate the agreed upon Fragnet/schedule revisions in the next monthly update.
- 5. The Owner reserves the right to have the General Contractor proceed with the change order related work without agreeing on the time associated with it and to measure the actual schedule impact via Contemporaneous Period Analysis.
- **6.** In cases where the General Contractor has not submitted a TIA with its Change Order Proposal for a particular proposed change, the Contractor agrees that the particular proposed change has no impact on the Contract Completion Date or interim Milestones and no time extension is required.

# C. Contemporaneous Period Analysis:

1. When an accepted Schedule Update indicates the project has been delayed beyond the current Contract Completion Date and the General Contractor believes it is entitled to an extension of time, the Contractor shall prepare and submit to the Owner a Contemporaneous Period Analysis (CPA) demonstrating the delay(s) to the Critical Path at the time of the delay, mitigation measures taken or proposed by the Contractor and request an extension of time.

- **2.** The General Contractor's CPA and time extension request shall be submitted prior to the submission of the next Schedule Update.
- **3.** The request shall indicate the amount of time requested, the period when the delay was experienced and an explanation as to the cause of the delay.
- **4.** The CPA shall quantify the delay by comparing the completion dates and Milestone dates on an update by update basis, starting with the update just prior to the delaying event and ending with the update just after the conclusion of the delaying event. Only the accepted schedules/Schedule Updates shall be used in the CPA. The CPA shall determine the cause of the delay by correlating slippage with various unforeseen events.
- 5. The CPA will consist of: 1) an update by update accounting of all delay(s) during the period in question; 2) an update by update narrative explanation of how the delay(s) affected the completion date or would have affected the completion date but for other concurrent delay(s); 3) chronologies of the issues affecting the schedule period in question; and 4) a day by day accounting and description of the unanticipated work/work stoppage on the Critical Path and/or path in question; 5) a Gantt chart comparing the as-planned schedule just prior to the start of the delay to the actual asbuilt for the path(s) in question.
- **D.** The Owner may require the General Contractor to correct errors in its TIA or CPA at anytime, whether or not the schedules have been accepted and/or time extension issued and agreed upon. Should the errors affect the outcome of the TIA or CPA, the Owner reserves the right to adjust the time extension accordingly. Generally, a schedule will be found to be in error if it does not properly reflect the sequencing, timing and durations of all the work and required events as well as mitigation efforts contemplated or which should have been contemplated at the time of the data date of the schedule.
- **E.** Time Extensions will be granted only to the extent that equitable adjustments for the activity or activities affected exceed or exceeded the total or remaining float along the Critical path or activities at the time of the actual delay. Actual delays in activities which do not affect the Critical Path work or which do not move the General Contractor's planned completion date beyond the Contract completion date or current completion date as affected by previous delays, will not be the basis for an adjustment to the Contract time. Time Extensions shall not be granted until a delay occurs that is:
  - 1. Beyond control of and without fault of or negligence of the General Contractor and the major Trade Contractors or Suppliers at any time.
  - **2.** Extends the actual performance of the work beyond the Contract completion date or other specified Interim Milestones.
- **E.** Should a non-compensable excusable delay be concurrent with one or more compensable delays, the General Contractor and Owner agree that the net result is a non-compensable, excusable delay to the extent the delay is caused by the non-compensable event.
- **F.** The General Contractor shall have no claim for damages of any kind, or extensions or increase to the Contract time(s) or Contract Milestone(s), or adjustments of Contract

Price on account of any delay, interruption or suspension of the Work or any portion thereof (herein after collectively referred to as "Delay"), due to whatever cause unless the prerequisites of this Subsection are met. The requirements of this Subsection are in addition to and not in lieu of the requirements of any other applicable subsection.

#### 1.17 REVIEW AND ACCEPTANCE OF PROJECT SCHEDULE SUBMITTALS

- **A.** The Construction Administrator shall review schedule submittals for conformance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. Schedule review comments by the Construction Administrator may address whether items of Work are omitted, activity durations are reasonable or that the level of labor, materials, and equipment, the means, methods, timing, and sequencing of the Work are practicable. The planning, scheduling or execution of the Work and the accuracy of any Project Schedule shall remain the sole responsibility of the General Contractor.
- **B.** During the review of any of the submissions required by this section, if any of the following conditions are discovered the submittal shall be returned by the Construction Administrator without further review for correction and re-submittal:
  - **1.** The submittal is incomplete.
  - 2. The submittal does not comply with the specified format.
  - **3.** A component of the submittal has not been prepared in accordance with all of the requirements of this section.
  - **4.** The quality of the submittal indicates that the General Contractor has failed to perform an internal quality control review prior to submission.
  - **5.** There is an inconsistency between electronic files and printed material.
- C. It is the General Contractor's responsibility to ensure that all Project Schedules are in compliance with all of the requirements of the Contract Documents. The Construction Administrator's failure to return a submittal shall not be construed to mean that the submittal is in compliance with the requirements of the Contract Documents. The Construction Administrator, at its discretion, may choose to complete a submittal review even though the submittal fails to meet one of more of the conditions for rejection stated herein.
- **D.** The acceptance of any Project Schedule by the Construction Administrator does not constitute acceptance or approval of any change to the requirements of the Contract Documents including but not limited to any mandated construction sequences. The Construction Administrator is not responsible for any erroneous assumptions or information in any Project Schedules regardless of origin.
- **E.** The General Contractor shall be responsible for all delays due to its failure to submit complete submittals in accordance with the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- **F.** The Schedule submitted will not be considered acceptable until all of the Construction Administrator's comments are incorporated into the schedule to the Construction Administrator's satisfaction.

- **G.** Errors in any Project Schedule accepted by the Construction Administrator, including but not limited to activity durations, relationships between activities, resource allocation or other float suppression techniques that do not accurately reflect the work may be identified at any time and once identified shall be corrected by the General Contractor.
- **H.** Construction Administrator's acceptance of a Schedule Update shall not constitute the approval of a time extension should the Project Completion Date or Contract Milestone(s) be shown as delayed.
- I. Notwithstanding any review, review comments, acceptance, scheduling assistance or direction to change an/or revise any schedule by the Construction Administrator, the schedules shall at all times be the General Contractor's schedule for performing the Work and not be considered as any Construction Administrator direction constituting a change unless the Contractor gives appropriate notice and the other Contract provisions for determining merit and entitlement are met.

#### 1.18 PAYMENT

- **A.** When the General Contractor submits its schedule of values in accordance with the General Conditions, it shall include a amount for the scheduling work associated with this section, this cost to be paid in accordance with section (01 29 76).
- **B.** Failure of the General Contractor to submit a Baseline Schedule or Revised Baseline Schedule for any portion of the work in accordance with this specification may result in the withholding all Contract payment until the schedule is submitted to, and accepted for compliance with the specification and reasonableness, by the Construction Administrator.
- **C.** In the event the project extends beyond the original completion date by more than 30 days, and a time extension is granted to the General Contractor, the Construction Administrator may require additional CPM updates which will be paid at the per month cost for the Scheduling Update services.

#### 1.19 DISTRIBUTION

- **A.** Distribute copies of the computer generated schedules to Construction Administrator, Architect, Owner, Subcontractors, suppliers, and other concerned parties.
- **B.** Instruct recipients to promptly report, in writing, problem anticipated by projections indicated in schedules.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)**

**END OF SECTION 01 32 16.13** 

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

**A.** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

# 1.2 **SUMMARY**

- **A.** This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for construction photographs.
- **B. Related Sections:** The following Section contains requirements that relate to construction photographs:
  - 1. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" specifies general requirements for submitting digital construction photographs.

# 1.3 **SUBMITTALS**

- **A. Photographs:** Provide twenty-four (24) or more photos each time. Deliver two (2) sets of photo files on CD-ROM and one (1) set of prints (8x10) to the Construction Administrator for the Department.
- **B. Extra Sets**: When requested by the Owner, the photographer shall prepare extra sets of prints or CD-ROMs. The photographer shall distribute these directly to the designated parties who will pay the costs for the extra sets directly to the photographer.

### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- **A.** Engage a qualified commercial photographer to take photographs during construction.
- **B. Photographer's Qualifications:** Photographer shall be an individual of established reputation who has been regularly engaged as a professional photographer for not less than three (3) years.

### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### 2.1 PHOTOGRAPHIC COPIES

- **A.** On the date the work is begun and every fourteen (14) days thereafter (until the work is at least 95 percent complete), the Contractor shall have digital photographs of the construction taken by a professional photographer.
- **B. Identification:** Label each CD-ROM with project name and date the photographs were taken. With each submittal provide an applied label, rubber-stamped or index sheet with the following information:
  - 1. Name of the Project.
  - 2. Name and address of the photographer.

- **3.** Name of the Engineer.
- **4.** Name of the Contractor.
- **5.** Date the photographs were taken.
- **6.** Vantage Point: Description of vantage point, in terms of location, direction (by compass point), and elevation or story of construction.

### PART 3 – EXECUTION

# 3.1 PRECONSTRUCTION PHOTOGRAPHS

- **A.** Before starting construction, take digital photos of the site and surrounding properties from different points of view, as selected by the Construction Administrator.
  - 1. Take digital photos in sufficient number to show existing site conditions before starting Work.
  - 2. Take digital photos of adjacent existing buildings either on or adjoining the property in sufficient detail to record accurately the physical conditions at the start of construction.
  - **3.** Any deficiencies or damage observed along the streets, adjacent properties, the project area, or related areas must be photographed and documented before any construction related activity begins.

### 3.2 PHOTOGRAPHIC REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Construction Administrator shall select the vantage points for each shot to best show the status of construction and progress since the last photos were taken.
- B. As the digital photographs are a record of the work progress, they shall be uploaded to a location accessible to the owner and design team for immediate download and review. Notifications shall be sent each time files are uploaded. Deliver the CD-ROMs and prints within ten (10) days of their taking.
- C. Provide and coordinate the use of photographic software to assure that the photos are viewable by all interested parties.

**END OF SECTION 01 32 33** 

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

**A.** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for submittals required for performance of the Work, including but not limited to the following:
  - 1. Submittal schedule.
  - 2. Shop Drawings.
  - 3. Product Data.
  - 4. Samples.
  - 5. Quality assurance submittals.
  - 6. Proposed "Substitutions/Equals".
  - 7. Warrantee samples.
  - 8. Coordination Drawings.
  - 9. O & M Manuals
- **B.** Administrative Submittals: Refer to other Division 01 Sections and other Contract Documents for requirements for administrative submittals. Such submittals include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Permits.
  - 2. Applications for Payment.
  - 3. Performance and payment bonds.
  - 4. Contractor's construction schedule.
  - 5. Daily construction reports.
  - 6. Construction Photographs.
  - 7. Insurance certificates.
  - 8. List of subcontractors.
  - 9. Subcontractors/Suppliers FEIN number's and Connecticut tax registration number.
- **C. Related Sections:** The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - **1.** Division 01 Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures" specifies requirements for submittal of requests for equals and substitutions.

- **2.** Division 01 Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures" specifies requirements for submittal of the Schedule of Values.
- **3.** Division 01 Section 01 31 00 "Project Management and Coordination" specifies requirements governing preparation and submittal of required Coordination Drawings.
- **4.** Division 01 Section 01 31 19 "Project Meetings" specifies requirements for submittal and distribution of meeting and conference minutes.
- **5.** Division 01 Section 01 32 16.13 "CPM Schedules" for requirements for CPM scheduling and reporting progress of work.
- **6.** Division 01 Section 01 32 33 "Photographic Documentation" specifies requirements for submittal of periodic construction photographs.
- **7.** Division 01 Section 01 35 26 "Government Safety Requirements specifies the requirements for safety plans, reports, and investigation submittals.
- **8.** Division 01 Section 01 45 00 "Quality Control" specifies requirements for submittal of inspection and test reports and mockups.
- **9.** Division 01 Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures" specifies requirements for submittal of Project Record Documents and warranties at project closeout.
- 10. Division 01 Section 01 78 30 "Warranties and Bonds".

# 1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- **A.** Coordination Drawings show the relationship and integration of different construction elements that require careful coordination during fabrication or installation to fit in the space provided or to function as intended and as identified in the Specification Divisions 02 through 49.
  - 1. Preparation of Coordination Drawings is specified in Division 01 Section 01 31 00 "Project Management and Coordination" and may include components previously shown in detail on Shop Drawings or Product Data.
- **B.** Field samples are full-size physical examples erected on-site to illustrate finishes, coatings, or finish materials. Field samples are used to establish the standard by which the Work will be judged.
- **C.** Mockups are full-size assemblies for review of construction, coordination, testing, or operation; they are not Samples.

### 1.4 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES

- **A.** Electronic submittals are preferred and should be submitted to: Submittals@bvhis.com.
- **B.** Coordination: Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities. Transmit each submittal sufficiently in advance of performance of related construction activities to avoid delay.

- 1. Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchasing, testing, delivery, other submittals, and related activities that require sequential activity.
- **2.** Coordinate transmittal of different types of submittals for related elements of the Work so processing will not be delayed by the need to review submittals concurrently for coordination.
  - **a.** The Architect reserves the right to withhold action on a submittal requiring coordination with other submittals until all related submittals are received.
  - **b.** The Architect reserves the right to reject incomplete submitted packages.
- **3.** Processing: To avoid the need to delay installation as a result of the time required to process submittals, allow sufficient time for submittal review, including time for resubmittals.
  - **a.** Allow fourteen (14) days for initial review. Allow additional time if the Architect must delay processing to permit coordination with subsequent submittals.
  - **b.** If an intermediate submittal is necessary, process the same as the initial submittal.
  - **c.** Allow fourteen (14) days for reprocessing each submittal.
  - **d.** No extension of Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals to the Architect sufficiently in advance of the Work to permit processing.
- **C. Submittal Preparation:** Place a permanent label, title block or 8-1/2 inches x 11 inches cover page approved by the Architect, on each submittal for identification. Indicate the name of the entity that prepared each submittal on the label or title block.
  - 1. When required, the minimum number of hard copies required for each submittal shall be seven (7) or as determined otherwise at the pre-construction conference or by the Construction Administrator. (Electronic submittals are preferred.
  - **2.** Provide a space approximately 4 inches by 5 inches on the label, beside the title block or on the cover page on Shop Drawings to record the Contractor's review and approval markings and the action taken.
  - **3.** Include the following information on the label for processing and recording action taken.
    - a. Project Name and State of Connecticut Project Number.
    - b. Date.
    - c. Name and address of the Architect, Construction Administrator, and Owner Representative.
    - d. Name and address of the Contractor.
    - e. Name and address of the subcontractor.
    - f. Name and address of the supplier.
    - g. Name of the manufacturer.

- h. Number and title of appropriate Specification Section.
- i. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
- j. Indicate either initial or resubmittal.
- k. Indicate deviations from Contract Documents.
- 1. Indicate if "equal" or "substitution".
- **D. Submittal Transmittal:** Package each submittal appropriately for transmittal and handling. Transmit each submittal from the Contractor to the Architect using a transmittal form. Copy the Construction Administrator on the transmittal. The Architect will return all submittals to the Contractor after action is taken with a complete copy of the submittal package and one complete copy of the submittal package. The Architect will not accept submittals received from sources other than the Contractor.
  - 1. On the transmittal, record relevant information and requests for data. On the form, or separate sheet, record deviations from Contract Document requirements, including variations and limitations. Include Contractor's certification that information complies with Contract Document requirements.

# 1.6 SUBMITTAL SCHEDULE

- **A.** After development and review by the Owner and Architect acceptance of the Contractor's CPM schedule prepare a complete schedule of submittals. Submit the schedule to the Construction Administrator within fourteen (14) days of Contract Award.
  - 1. Coordinate Submittal Schedule with the list of subcontracts, Schedule of Values, and the list of products as well as the Contractor's Construction or CPM Schedule.
  - 2. Prepare the schedule in chronological order. Provide the following information:
    - **a.** Schedule date for the initial submittal.
    - **b.** Related section number.
    - **c.** Submittal category (Shop Drawings, Product Data, or Samples).
    - d. Name of Subcontractor.
    - e. Description of the part of Work covered.
    - **f.** Scheduled date for resubmittal.
    - **g.** Scheduled date for the Architect's final release of approval.
- **B. Submittal Schedule:** Submit a schedule of submittals, arranged in chronological order by dates required by construction schedule. Include time required for review, ordering, manufacturing, fabrication, and delivery when establishing dates. Include additional time required for making corrections or modifications to submittals noted by the Architect and additional time for handling and reviewing submittals required by those corrections.
  - 1. Coordinate submittal schedule with list of subcontracts, the schedule of values, and Contractor's Contractor's CPM Schedule.

- 2. Initial Submittal: Submit concurrently with start-up construction schedule. Include submittals required during the first 30 days of construction. List those submittals required to maintain orderly progress of the Work and those required early because of long lead time for manufacture or fabrication.
- **3. Final Submittal:** Submit concurrently with the first complete submittal of Contractor's construction schedule.
  - **a.** Submit revised submittal schedule to reflect changes in current status and timing for submittals.
- **C. Coordination:** Coordinate preparation and processing of submittals with performance of construction activities.
  - 1. Coordinate each submittal with fabrication, purchasing, testing, delivery, other submittals, and related activities that require sequential activity.
  - **2.** Submit all submittal items required for each specification section concurrently unless partial submittals for portions of the Work are indicated on approved submittal schedule.
  - **3.** Submit action submittals and informational submittals required by the same specification section as separate packages under separate transmittals.
  - **4.** Coordinate transmittal of different types of submittals for related parts of the Work so processing will not be delayed because of need to review submittals concurrently for coordination.
    - **a.** Architect and Construction Manager reserve the right to withhold action on a submittal requiring coordination with other submittals until related submittals are received.
- **D. Processing Time:** Allow time for submittal review, including time for resubmittals, as follows. Time for review shall commence on Architect's receipt of submittal. No extension of the Contract Time will be authorized because of failure to transmit submittals enough in advance of the Work to permit processing, including resubmittals.
  - 1. Initial Review: Allow fifteen 15 days for initial review of each submittal. Allow additional time if coordination with subsequent submittals is required. Architect will advise Contractor when a submittal being processed must be delayed for coordination with related submittals not yet received. Additional time will be required if processing must be delayed to permit review of related subsequent submittals.
  - 2 Intermediate Review: If intermediate submittal is necessary, process it in same manner as initial submittal.
  - **3. Resubmittal Review:** Allow fifteen 15 days for review of each resubmittal.
  - **4. Mass Submittals:** Six (6) or more submittals in one (1) day or twenty (20) or more submittals in one (1) week. If "Mass Submittals" are received, Architect's review time stated above may be extended as necessary to perform proper review. Architect will review "Mass Submittals based upon priority determined by Architect after consultation with Owner and Contractor.

- **E. Distribution:** Following response to the initial submittal, print and distribute copies to the Construction Administrator, Architect, Owner, subcontractors, and other parties required to comply with submittal dates indicated. Post copies in the Project meeting room and field office.
  - 1. When revisions are made, distribute to the same parties and post in the same locations. Delete parties from distribution when they have completed their assigned portion of the Work and are no longer involved in construction activities.
- **A. Schedule Updating:** Revise the schedule after each meeting or activity where revisions have been recognized or made. Issue the updated schedule concurrently with the report of each meeting.

### 1.7 DAILY CONSTRUCTION REPORTS

- **A.** Prepare a daily construction report recording the following information concerning events at the site, and submit duplicate copies to the Construction Administrator at weekly intervals:
  - 1. List of subcontractors at the site.
  - 2. Approximate count of personnel at the site.
  - 3. High and low temperatures, general weather conditions.
  - 4. Accidents and unusual events.
  - 5. Meetings and significant decisions.
  - 6. Stoppages, delays, shortages, and losses.
  - 7. Meter readings and similar recordings.
  - 8. List of equipment on site and identify if idle or in use.
  - 9. Orders and requests of governing authorities.
  - 10. Change Orders received, start and end dates.
  - 11. Services connected, disconnected.
  - 12. Equipment or system tests and startups.
  - 13. Partial Completion's, occupancies.
  - 14. Substantial Completion's authorized.
  - 15. Equals or Substitutions approved or rejected.

### 1.8 **SHOP DRAWINGS**

**A.** Submit newly prepared information drawn accurately to scale. Highlight, encircle, or otherwise indicate deviations from the Contract Documents. Do not reproduce Contract Documents or copy standard information as the basis of Shop Drawings. Standard information prepared without specific reference to the Project is not a Shop Drawing.

- **B.** Shop Drawings include fabrication and installation Drawings, setting diagrams, schedules, patterns, templates and similar Drawings. Include the following information:
  - 1. Dimensions.
  - 2. Identification of products and materials included by sheet and detail number.
  - **3.** Compliance with specified standards.
  - **4.** Notation of coordination requirements.
  - **5.** Notation of dimensions established by field measurement.
  - **6.** Sheet Size: Except for templates, patterns and similar full-size Drawings, submit Shop Drawings on sheets at least 8-1/2 by 11 inches but no larger than 36 by 48 inches.
  - 7. Electronic submittals are preferred. If paper submittals are provided, submit one (1) reproducible media and seven (7) prints as directed by the Construction Administrator. The Contractor's submittal shall identify the specification section and/or drawing number applicable to the submittal.
  - **8.** Details shall be large scale and/or full size.
- C. The Contractor shall review the Shop Drawings, stamp with this approval, and submit them with reasonable promptness and in orderly sequence so as to cause no delay in his Work or in the Work of any subcontractor. Shop Drawings shall be properly identified as specified for item, material, workmanship, and project number. At the submission, the Contractor shall inform the Architect, in writing of any deviation in the shop drawings from the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- **D.** The Architect will review and comment on shop drawings with reasonable promptness so as to cause no delay, but only for conformance with the design concept of the project and with the information given in the Contract Documents. Refer to Article 5 of the General Conditions. Shop Drawings received by the Architect that indicate insufficient study of drawings and specifications, illegible portions or gross errors, will be rejected outright. Such rejections shall not constitute an acceptable reason for granting the Contractor additional time to perform the work.
- **E.** The Contractor shall make any corrections required by the Architect and shall resubmit the required number of corrected copies of Shop Drawings until fully reviewed.
- **F.** Upon final review submit four (4) additional prints, same as submitted, for use by the Construction Administrator.
- **G.** The Architect's review and comments on Shop Drawings shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for any deviation from the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- H. Only final reviewed Shop Drawings are to be used on the Project site.
- I. The Work installed shall be reviewed in accordance with the Shop Drawings and the drawings and specifications. Final Review of the Shop Drawings by the Architect shall constitute acceptance by the State and the Architect of a variation or departure that is clearly identified. If the contractor believes notations made by the A/E increases the

value or scope of the CD's, the contractor must provide written notice to the CA within seven (7) days of this issue. Final reviewed Shop Drawings shall not replace or be used as a vehicle to issue or incorporate change orders or substitutions. Substitutions shall be submitted in accordance with Division 01 Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures".

#### 1.10 PRODUCT DATA

- **A.** Collect Product Data into a single submittal for each element of construction or system. Product Data includes printed information, schedules, such as manufacturer's installation instructions, catalog cuts, standard color charts, roughing-in diagrams and templates, standard wiring diagrams, and performance curves.
  - 1. Mark each copy to show applicable choices and options. Where printed Product Data includes information on several products that are not required, mark copies to indicate the applicable information. Include the following information:
    - a. Manufacturer's printed recommendations.
    - b. Compliance with trade association standards.
    - c. Compliance with recognized testing agency standards.
    - d. Application of testing agency labels and seals.
    - e. Notation of dimensions verified by field measurement.
    - f. Notation of coordination requirements.
  - **2.** Do not submit Product Data until compliance with requirements of the Contract Documents has been confirmed.
  - **3. Preliminary Submittal:** Submit a preliminary single copy of Product Data where selection of options is required.
  - **4. Submittals:** Electronic submittals are preferred and should be sent to: <a href="mailto:Submittals@bvhis.com">Submittals@bvhis.com</a>. If paper copies are provided, submit seven (7) copies of each required submittal; submit five (5) copies where required for maintenance manuals. The Architect will retain one (1) and will return the other marked with action taken and corrections or modifications required.
    - **a.** Unless noncompliance with Contract Document provisions is observed, the submittal may serve as the final submittal.
  - **5. Distribution:** Furnish copies of final submittal to installers, subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers, fabricators, and others required for performance of construction activities. Show distribution on transmittal forms.
    - **a.** Do not proceed with installation until a copy of Product Data is in the Installer's possession.
    - **b.** Do not permit use of unmarked copies of Product Data in connection with construction.

#### 1.11 SAMPLES

- **A.** Submit full-size, fully fabricated Samples cured and finished as specified and physically identical with the material or product proposed. Samples include partial sections of manufactured or fabricated components, cuts or containers of materials, color range sets, and swatches showing color, texture, and pattern.
  - 1. Store, mount or display Samples on site in the manner to facilitate review of qualities indicated. Prepare Samples to match the Architect's sample. Include the following:
    - a. Specification Section number and reference.
    - b. Generic description of the Sample.
    - c. Sample source.
    - d. Product name or name of the manufacturer.
    - e. Compliance with recognized standards.
    - f. Availability and delivery time.
  - 2. Submit Samples for review of size, kind, color, pattern, and texture. Submit Samples for a final check of these characteristics with other elements and a comparison of these characteristics between the final submittal and the actual component as delivered and installed.
    - **a.** Where variation in color, pattern, texture, or other characteristic is inherent in the material or product represented, submit at least three (3) multiple units that show approximate limits of the variations.
    - **b.** Refer to other Specification Sections for requirements for Samples that illustrate workmanship, fabrication techniques, details of assembly, connections, operation, and similar construction characteristics.
    - **c.** Refer to other Sections for Samples to be returned to the Contractor for incorporation in the Work. Such Samples must be undamaged at time of use. On the transmittal, indicate special requests regarding disposition of Sample submittals.
    - **d.** Samples not incorporated into the Work, or otherwise designated as the Owner's property, are the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the site prior to Substantial Completion.
  - **3. Preliminary Submittals:** Submit a full set of choices where Samples are submitted for selection of color, pattern, texture, or similar characteristics from a range of standard choices, unless otherwise noted in specification section.
    - **a.** The Architect will review and return preliminary submittals with the Architects notation, indicating selection and other action.
  - **4. Submittals:** Except for Samples illustrating assembly details, workmanship, fabrication techniques, connections, operation, and similar characteristics, submit three (3) sets. The Architect will return one (1) set marked with the action taken.

- **5.** Maintain sets of Samples, as returned, at the Project Site, for quality comparisons throughout the course of construction.
  - a. Unless noncompliance with Contract Document provisions is observed, the submittal may serve as the final submittal.
  - b. Sample sets may be used to obtain final acceptance of the construction associated with each set.
- **B. Distribution of Samples:** Prepare and distribute additional sets to subcontractors, manufacturers, fabricators, suppliers, installers, and others as required for performance of the Work. Show distribution on transmittal forms.
  - 1. Field samples are full-size examples erected on-site to illustrate finishes, coatings, or finish materials and to establish the Project standard.
    - **a.** Comply with submittal requirements to the fullest extent possible. Process transmittal forms to provide a record of activity.

### 1.12 QUALITY ASSURANCE SUBMITTALS

- **A.** Submit quality-control submittals, including design data, certifications, manufacturer's instructions, manufacturer's field reports, and other quality-control submittals as required under other Sections of the Specifications.
- **B.** Certifications: Where other Sections of the Specifications require certification that a product, material, or installation complies with specified requirements, submit a notarized certification from the manufacturer certifying compliance with specified requirements.
  - **1. Signature:** Certification shall be signed by an officer of the manufacturer or other individual authorized to sign documents on behalf of the company.
- **C. Inspection and Test Reports:** Requirements for submittal of inspection and test reports from independent testing agencies are specified in Division 01 Section 01 45 00 "Quality Control."

### 1.13 ARCHITECT'S ACTION

- **A.** Except for submittals for the record or information, where action and return is required, the Architect will review each submittal, mark to indicate action taken, and return promptly.
  - 1. Compliance with specified characteristics is the Contractor's responsibility.
  - 2. Incomplete submittals will not be reviewed and returned without approval.
  - **3.** Substitution submittals will not be reviewed until the required Substitution Procedures have been fulfilled and a complete submittal has been properly submitted.
- **B.** Action Stamp: The Architect will stamp each submittal with a uniform, action stamp. The Architect will mark the stamp appropriately to indicate the action taken, as follows:
  - 1. Final Unrestricted Release: When the Architect marks a submittal "Furnish As Submitted," the Work covered by the submittal may proceed provided it complies

- with requirements of the Contract Documents. Final payment depends on that compliance.
- **2. Final-But-Restricted Release:** When the Architect marks a submittal "**Furnish As Corrected**," the Work covered by the submittal may proceed provided it complies with notations or corrections on the submittal and requirements of the Contract Documents. Submit corrected copies for record. Final payment depends on that compliance.
- **3. Returned for Resubmittal:** When the Architect marks a submittal "**Rejected, or Revise and Resubmit**" do not proceed with Work covered by the submittal, including purchasing, fabrication, delivery, or other activity. Revise or prepare a new submittal according to the notations; resubmit without delay. Repeat if necessary to obtain different action mark.
  - **a.** Do not use, or allow others to use, submittals marked "Rejected, or Revise and Resubmit" at the Project Site or elsewhere where Work is in progress.
- **4. Other Action**: Where a submittal is for information or record purposes or special processing or other activity, the Architect will return the submittal marked "Reviewed For Record, or No Exceptions."
- **C. Unsolicited Submittals:** The Architect will discard unsolicited or submittals without action.

**PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)** 

PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

END OF SECTION 01 33 00

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### **PART 1 - GENERAL**

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

**A.** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Division 00 General Conditions of the Contract for Construction for Design-Bid-Build and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for performing alteration and renovation Work.
- **B.** Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Division 00 Section 00 30 00 "General Statements for Available Information" for information that is available in addition to the Bidding Documents for review by bidders. Such information may include an existing conditions survey, contaminated soil reports, contaminated groundwater reports, hazardous building material reports, geotechnical data, etc.
  - **2.** Division 01 Section 01 31 00 "Project Management and Coordination" for procedures for coordinating cutting and patching with other construction activities.
  - **3.** Division 01 Section 01 73 29 "Cutting and Patching" for procedures for cutting and patching.
  - **4.** Division 01 Section 01 74 19 "Construction Waste Management & Disposal" for the requirements for waste management goals, waste management plan and waste management plan implementation.
  - **5.** Division 02 Section 02 41 19 "Selective Demolition" for demolition of selected portions of the building for alterations.
  - **6.** Division 02 Section 02 81 00 Transport and Disposal of Hazardous Materials.
  - 7. Division 02 Section 02 82 13 Asbestos Abatement.
  - **8.** Division 02 Section 02 83 13 Lead Paint Activity.
  - **9.** Division 50 00 00 "Project-Specific Available Information" for information that is referenced in Section 00 30 00 "General Statements for Available Information"
  - **10.** Refer to other Sections for specific requirements and limitations applicable to performing alteration Work with individual parts of the Work.
  - 11. Requirements of this Section apply to mechanical and electrical installations. Refer to Division 21, 22, 23 and 26 Sections for other requirements and limitations applicable to renovation Work by mechanical and electrical installations.

#### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### 2.1 PRODUCTS FOR PATCHING AND EXTENDING WORK

- **A.** New materials: As specified in product sections; match existing Products and Work for patching and extending Work.
- **B.** Type and Quality of Existing Products: Determine by inspecting and testing Products where necessary, referring to existing Work as a standard.

#### 2.2 SALVAGEABLE MATERIALS

A. None.

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 INSPECTION

#### A. General:

- 1. Observe all existing conditions prior to submitting a bid. Include in the bid, existing conditions and their impact, particularly to cost and health and safety of workers and occupants, and proper function and operation of the facility. Be aware of other work being performed. Failure to visit the site shall in no way provide relief from the necessity of furnishing materials or performing any work that may be required to complete the work in accordance with the Contract Documents without additional cost to the Owner. All site visits shall be scheduled with the Owner.
- 2. The quantities, locations and the extent of work indicated are best estimates, which are limited by the physical constraints imposed by occupancy of the facility. Consider all aspects of the substrates within the identified plan area. Material information and quantities were obtained from site surveys. Accordingly, variations (plus or minus 10 percent) in quantities within the limits of the work area are considered as having no impact on contract sum and contract performance period. Where additional abatement work is required beyond the above variations, the contract sum and contract performance period shall be adjusted under provisions of Division 01 of the Specifications.
- **3.** Verify that demolition is complete and areas are ready for installation of new Work.
- **4.** Beginning of restoration Work means acceptance of existing conditions.

### B. Project Procedures for Work Involving Lead-Based Paint (LBP):

- 1. The **Contractor** is responsible for abating all **Lead-Based Paint** (**LBP**) prior to the start of any Work involving renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair (if necessary), unless noted differently below or specified differently elsewhere.
- 2. The Contractor shall conduct all demolition and removal Work, specified in the Technical Specifications Sections of this Project Manual, in conformance with the

- regulations as specified in this **Section 01 35 16 Alteration Project Procedures** and as specified in **02 83 13 Lead Paint Activity**.
- 3. If testing for LBP has been conducted at the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair, then the results of the LBP testing are summarized in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections. Under no circumstance shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for determining the extent of LBP. The Contractor shall be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- 4. If the Contractor should encounter any material suspected or known to contain LBP that was not previously identified and assigned as the Contractor's responsibility, then the Contractor should immediately notify the Construction Administrator in writing of same. It is the State's responsibility to have the material tested and abated (if necessary). The Owner will respond within four (4) Calendar Days after receiving the Contractor's written request to the Construction Administrator for testing the suspect material. If necessary, the Contractor will abate LBP within a reasonable time period after the Owner's issuance of a Change Order for the additional abatement work.
  - 4.1 When the Owner requests the Contractor undertake the responsibilities for the abatement and disposal of the LBP, then the compensation to the Contractor by Owner for the Work shall be determined by the "Unit Prices" stated in Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations.
- 5. Exposure levels for lead in the construction industry are regulated by 29 CFR 1926.62. Construction activities disturbing surfaces containing lead-based paint (LBP) which are likely to be employed, such as sanding, grinding, welding, cutting and burning, have been known to expose workers to levels of lead in excess of the Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL). Conduct demolition and removal Work specified in the technical sections of this specification in conformance with these regulations. In addition, construction debris/waste may be classified as hazardous waste. Disposal of hazardous waste material shall be in accordance with 40 CFR Parts 260 through 271 and Connecticut Hazardous Waste Management Regulations Section 22a-209-1; 22a-209-8(c); 22a-449(c)-11; and 22a-449(c)-100 through 110.
- **6.** The Contractor's Work shall be based on a child under the age of six (6) years in residence; the Work shall also be in accordance with Connecticut Regulations Section 19a-111-1 through 11.
- 7. If this facility was constructed **prior to 1978** it is likely to have painted surfaces containing lead-based paint.
- **8.** In accordance with the United States Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Lead-Based Paint Renovation, Repair, and Painting Program (RRP) issued by the EPA on April 22, 2008, as amended, and regulated by 40 CFR 745, contractors

performing renovation, repair and painting projects that disturb lead-based paint in homes, child care facilities, and schools built before 1978 must be certified and must follow specific work practices to prevent lead contamination. EPA requires that firms performing renovation, repair, and painting projects that disturb lead-based paint in pre-1978 homes, child care facilities and schools be certified by EPA and that they use certified renovators who are trained by EPA-approved training providers to follow lead-safe work practices. The Contractor must be a Renovation Firm that has completed an EPA Lead-Safe Certification Program and be certified to conduct lead-based paint activities and renovations under the RRP rule. The Contractor shall have at least one "Certified Renovator" assigned to jobs where LBP is disturbed.

# C. Project Procedures for Work Involving Asbestos Containing Material (ACM):

- 1. The **Contractor** is responsible for abating all **Asbestos Containing Material (ACM)** that is visible and accessible.
- 2. In **demolition projects**, **every attempt** should be made by the **Contractor** to **remove** all **ACM**.
- 3. If testing for asbestos has been conducted at the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair, then the results of the asbestos testing are summarized in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections. Under no circumstance shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for determining the extent of asbestos. The Contractor shall be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- 4. If the Contractor should encounter any material suspected or known to contain asbestos not previously identified and assigned as the Contractor's responsibility, then the Contractor should immediately notify the Construction Administrator in writing of same. It is the Owner's responsibility to have the material tested and abated (if necessary). The Owner will respond within twenty four (24) hours after receiving the Contractor's written request to the Construction Administrator for testing the suspect material. If necessary, the Contractor will abate ACM within a reasonable time period after the Owner's issuance of a Change Order for the additional abatement work.
  - **4.1** When the **Owner** requests the **Contractor** undertake the responsibilities **for** the **abatement and disposal of the ACM**, then the compensation to the Contractor by Owner for the Work shall be determined by the "Unit Prices" stated in **Section 01 20 00 Contract Considerations.**
- 5. No attempt has been made to locate hazardous material associated with existing site utilities, though it is presumed that at least some asbestos may be discovered associated with underground piping during the course of site and site utilities work. If and when such materials appear, the Contractor shall notify the Owner, who shall direct additional work outside of this Agreement to assist in cutting up and disposing

of same. The Contractor shall assist the hazardous materials contractor(s) with excavating, heavy lifting, and the like at no additional cost to the Owner.

- D. Project Procedures for Work Involving Universal Waste (Products Containing Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic Chemicals" (PBTs) such as Polychlorinated Biphenols (PCBs), Di-2-ethylhexyl Phthalate (DEHP), and Mercury):
  - 2. The Contractor is responsible for abating all Hazardous Materials, Wastes, Items, and Universal Wastes, including products containing Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic Chemicals" (PBTs) such as Polychlorinated Biphenols (PCBs), Di-2-ethylhexyl Phthalate (DEHP), and Mercury prior to the start of any Work involving renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair (if necessary), unless noted differently below or specified differently elsewhere.
  - 2. If a Hazardous Materials, Wastes, Items, and Universal Wastes Inventory has been conducted at the facility scheduled for renovation, demolition, reconstruction, alteration, remodeling, or repair, then the results of the inventory are summarized in Division 50 00 00 Project-Specific Available Information, Section 50 30 00 Hazardous Building Materials Inspection and Inventory at the end of the Technical Specification Sections. Under no circumstance shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for determining the extent of Hazardous Materials, Wastes, and Items and Universal Wastes. The Contractor shall be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the Work
  - 3. If the Contractor should encounter any Hazardous Materials, Wastes, and Items and Universal Wastes that were not previously identified and assigned as the Contractor's responsibility, then the Contractor should immediately notify the Construction Administrator in writing of same. It is the State's responsibility to have the material tested and abated (if necessary). The Owner will respond within four (4) Calendar Days after receiving the Contractor's written request to the Construction Administrator for testing the suspect material. If necessary, the Contractor will abate Hazardous Materials, Wastes, and Items and Universal Wastes within a reasonable time period after the Owner's issuance of a Change Order for the additional abatement work.
  - **4.** Exposure Levels for PBTs such as PCBs, DEHP, and mercury in the construction industry are regulated by 29 CFR 1910.1200 and 29 CFR 1926.28 et. al. Demolition and removal work may expose workers in excess of the respective Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL). Conduct demolition and removal work specified in the technical sections of these specifications in conformance with these regulations.
  - **5.** Examples of Hazardous Materials, Wastes, and Items and Universal Wastes include, but are not limited to, fluorescent light fixtures and exit signs, ballasts, high-intensity discharge (HID) lamps, certain types of construction products containing vinyl, mercury containing electrical switches, gauges, and thermostats; PCB Capacitors, refrigerants, pressurized cylinders, smoke/carbon dioxide detectors, used electronics,

- batteries, transformer/hydraulic fluids/oils, and miscellaneous household hazardous waste.
- 6. For the purposes of this paragraph, PCB's in building material such as caulk and glazing or any other type of material not listed above is not applicable to this paragraph.
- **7.** Construction debris/waste may be classified as hazardous waste. Disposal of all hazardous materials shall be in accordance with but not limited to applicable provisions of 40 CFR Parts 761 Subpart K, 761, and 761.65 and the Connecticut General Hazardous Waste Statute Sec. 22a-454.
- E. See also General Conditions Article 23 "Cutting, Fitting, Patching and Digging".

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- **A.** Cut, move, or remove items as are necessary for access to alteration and renovation Work. Replace and restore at completion.
- **B.** Remove unsuitable material not marked for salvage, such as rotted wood, corroded metals, and deteriorated masonry and concrete. Replace materials as specified for finished Work.
- **C.** Remove debris and abandoned items from area and from concealed spaces.
- **D.** Prepare surface and remove surface finishes to provide for proper installation of new Work and finishes.
- **E.** Close openings in exterior surfaces to protect existing Work from weather and extremes of temperature and humidity. Insulate ductwork and piping to prevent condensation in exposed areas.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- **A.** Coordinate alteration and renovation Work to expedite completion, and if required sequence Work to accommodate Owner occupancy.
- **B.** Remove, cut and patch Work in a manner to minimize damage and to provide restoring products and finishes to original and or specified condition in accordance with Section 01 73 29 "Cutting and Patching".
- **C.** Recover and refinish Work that exposes mechanical and electrical Work exposed accidentally during the Work.
- **D.** Install products as specified in individual specification sections.

## 3.4 TRANSITIONS

**A.** Where new Work abuts or aligns with existing, perform a smooth and even transition. Patch work to match existing adjacent Work in texture and appearance.

**B.** When finished surfaces are cut so that a smooth transition with new Work is not possible, terminate existing surface along a straight line at a natural line of division and make recommendation to Architect/Engineer.

#### 3.5 ADJUSTMENTS

- **A.** Where removal of partitions or walls result in adjacent spaces becoming one, rework floors, walls, and ceilings to a smooth plane without breaks, steps, or bulkheads.
- **B.** Where a change of plane of <u>1/4-inch</u> in <u>(12) inches</u> or more occurs, request recommendation from Architect/Engineer for providing a smooth transition.
- **C.** Trim existing doors as necessary to clear new floor finish. Refinish trim as required.
- **D.** Fit Work at penetrations of surfaces as specified in **Section 01 73 29 "Cutting and Patching".**

#### 3.6 REPAIR OF DAMAGED SURFACES

- **A.** Patch or replace portions of existing surfaces that are damaged, lifted, discolored, or showing imperfections.
- **B.** Repair substrate prior to patching finishes.

#### 3.7 FINISHES

- **A.** Finish surfaces as specified in individual product specification sections.
- **B.** Finish patches to produce uniform finish and texture over entire area. When finish cannot be matched, refinish entire surface to nearest intersections.

#### 3.8 CLEANING

A. In addition to cleaning specified in Section 01 50 00 "Temporary Facilities and Controls", clean Agency occupied areas of Work.

END OF SECTION 01 35 16

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## PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

**A.** Construction Documents and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This guide specification covers construction safety requirements and requirements for the protection of people, property, and resources. It is intended for use in construction, renovation, and demolition projects for the State of Connecticut Department of Construction Services (CT DCS).
- **B.** Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 Submittal Procedures specifies the requirements for submittal requirements;
  - 2. Division 01 Section 01 31 19 "Project Meetings" specifies requirements for submittal and distribution of meeting and conference minutes.

## 1.2 REFERENCES

**A.** The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to in the text by the basic designation only.

AMERICAN SOCIE www.asse.org/publica	TY OF SAFETY ENGINEERS (ASSE/SAFE) ations/
ASSE/SAFE A10.32	(2004) Fall Protection
ASSE/SAFE A10.34	(2001; R 2005) Protection of the Public on or Adjacent to
	Construction Sites
ASSE/SAFE Z359.1	(2007) Safety Requirements for Personal Fall Arrest
	Systems, Subsystems and Components
AMERICAN SOCIE	TY OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERS (ASME)
www.asme.org/Codes	<u>s/</u>
ASME B30.22	(2005) Articulating Boom Cranes
ASME B30.3	(2004) Construction Tower Cranes
ASME B30.5	(2004) Mobile and Locomotive Cranes
ASME B30.8	(2004) Floating Cranes and Floating Derricks
	•

NATIONAL FIRE www.nfpa.org/	PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (NFPA)
NFPA 10	(2007) Portable Fire Extinguishers
NFPA 51B	(2009) Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding,
	Cutting, and Other Hot Work
NFPA 241	(2004) Safeguarding Construction, Alteration, and
	Demolition Operations
NFPA 70	(2008) National Electrical Code
NFPA 70E	Standard for Electrical Safety in the Workplace
CODE OF FEDER	AL REGULATIONS (CFR)
	federal-register/cfr/
10 CFR	Standards for Protection Against Radiation
29 CFR 1910	Occupational Safety and Health Standards
29 CFR 1910.28	Safety Requirements For Scaffolding.
29 CFR 1910.146	Permit-required Confined Spaces
29 CFR 1910.147	Control Of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout)
29 CFR 1910.178	Powered industrial trucks.
29 CFR 1915	Confined and Enclosed Spaces and Other
29 CFR 1926	Safety and Health Regulations for Construction
29 CFR 1926.500	Fall Protection
29 CFR 1926.550	Cranes and Derricks
US Army Core of I	Engineers (USACE)
www.iwr.usace.arn	ı <mark>y.mil</mark>
EM 385-1-1	Safety, and Health Requirements Manual (2008),

## 1.3 SUBMITTALS

**A.** An "O" followed by "A" indicates that the Owner acceptance; submittals not having an "O" designation are for Contractor Quality Control approval.

## **B.** Submittal Procedures:

- 1. Preconstruction Submittals:
  - a. Accident Prevention Plan (APP): "O, A";
  - **b.** Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA); "O, A";
  - c. Crane Critical Lift Plan; "O, A";
  - **d.** Proof of qualification for Crane Operators; O, A.
- **2. Test Reports:** Submit reports as their incidence occurs, in accordance with the requirements of the paragraph entitled, "Reports."
  - a. Accident Reports;
  - **b.** Monthly Exposure Reports;
  - c. Crane Reports;

- **d.** Regulatory Citations and Violations;
- e. Gas Protection.
- 3. Certificates:
  - a. Confined Space Entry Permit;
  - **b.** Hot work permit;
  - **c.** License Certificates.
  - **d.** Certificate of Compliance Crane

#### 1.4 **DEFINITIONS**

- **A.** Competent Person. A competent person is one who is capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards in the surroundings or working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous, or dangerous to employees, and who has authorization to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them.
- **B.** Competent Person for Fall Protection. A person who is capable of identifying hazardous or dangerous conditions in the personal fall arrest system or any component thereof, as well as their application and use with related equipment, and has the authority to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate the hazards of falling.
- C. Confined Space: A space which by design has limited openings for entry and exit, unfavorable natural ventilation which could contain or produce dangerous air contaminants, and which is not intended for continuous employee occupancy. Confined spaces include, but are not limited to storage tanks, process vessels, pits, silos, vats, degreasers, reaction vessels, boilers, ventilation and exhaust ducts, sewers, tunnels, underground utility vaults, and pipelines.
- **D. High Visibility Accident:** Any mishap which may generate publicity and/or high visibility.
- **E. Medical Treatment;** Medical treatment includes treatment administered by a physician or by registered professional personnel under the standing orders of a physician. Medical treatment does not include first aid treatment even through provided by a physician or registered personnel.
- **F. Operating Envelope:** The area surrounding any crane. Inside this "envelope" is the crane, the operator, riggers and crane walkers, rigging gear between the hook and the load, the load and the crane's supporting structure (ground, rail, etc.).
- **G. Qualified Person for Fall Protection:** A person with a recognized degree or professional certificate and with extensive knowledge, training and experience in the field of fall protection; who is capable of performing design, analysis, and evaluation of fall protection systems and equipment.

- **H. Recordable Injuries or Illnesses:** Any work-related injury or illness that results in:
  - 1. Death, regardless of the time between the injury and death, or the length of the illness;
  - 2. Days away from work (any time lost after day of injury/illness onset);
  - **3.** Restricted work;
  - **4.** Transfer to another job;
  - 5. Medical treatment beyond first aid;
  - **6.** Loss of consciousness; or
  - 7. A significant injury or illness diagnosed by a physician or other licensed health care professional, even if it did not result in (1) through (6) above.
- I. Weight Handling Equipment (WHE) Accident: A WHE accident occurs when any one or more of the six elements in the operating envelope fails to perform correctly during operation, including operation during maintenance or testing resulting in personnel injury or death; material or equipment damage; dropped load; derailment; two-blocking; overload; and/or collision, including unplanned contact between the load, crane, and/or other objects. A dropped load, derailment, two-blocking, overload and collision are considered an accident even though no material damage or injury occurs. A component failure (e.g., motor burnout, gear tooth failure, bearing failure) is not considered an accident solely due to material or equipment damage unless the component failure results in damage to other components (e.g., dropped boom, dropped load, roll over, etc.).]

#### 1.5 REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

A. In addition to the detailed requirements included in the provisions of this Section see, Division 01, Section 01 42 20 "Reference Standards and Definitions" for other state laws, criteria, rules and regulations. Submit matters of interpretation of standards to the appropriate administrative agency for resolution before starting work. Where the requirements of this specification, applicable laws, criteria, regulations, and referenced documents vary, the most stringent requirements govern.

#### 1.6 SITE QUALIFICATIONS, DUTIES, AND MEETINGS

A. Personnel Qualifications:

#### B. Site Safety and Health Officer (SSHO):

1. Provide a Site Safety and Health Officer (SSHO) at the work site at all times to perform safety and occupational health management, surveillance, inspections, and safety enforcement for the Contractor. The Contractor Quality Control (QC) person cannot be the SSHO on this project, even though the QC has safety inspection responsibilities as part of the QC duties. Meet the following requirements within the SSHO:

Level 4: A minimum of ten (10) years safety work of a progressive nature with at least 5 years of experience on similar projects. 30-hour OSHA construction safety class or equivalent within the last five (5) years. An average of at least 24 hours of formal safety training each year for the past 5 years with training for competent person status for at least the following areas of competency: Excavation; Scaffolding; Fall protection; Confined space; Health hazard recognition, evaluation and control of chemical, physical and biological agents; Personal protective equipment and clothing to include selection, use and maintenance.

Level 5 & Level 6: Would also be acceptable.

## C. Certified Safety Professional (CSP):

Provide a Certified Safety Professional (CSP) at the work site to perform safety and occupational health management, surveillance, inspections, and safety enforcement for the Contractor. The CSP shall be the safety and occupational health "competent person" as defined by this section. The CSP shall have no other duties than safety and occupational health management, inspections, and/or industrial hygiene.

## E. Crane Operators:

Meet the crane Operators and Crane operation requirements of the Connecticut Bureau of License and Permits – Cranes, Department of Construction Services, Office of State Fire Marshal pursuant to C.G.C § 29-221 through 29-230. Provide proof of current license and qualification. For more information visit the CT DCS Website <a href="www.ct.gov/dcs">www.ct.gov/dcs</a> and click on "Office of the State Fire Marshall" or call (860) 685-8470.

#### F. Personnel Duties:

### 1. Site Safety and Health Officer (SSHO):

- **a.** Conduct daily safety and health inspections and maintain a written log which includes area/operation inspected, date of inspection, identified hazards, recommended corrective actions, estimated and actual dates of corrections. Attach safety inspection logs to the Contractors' daily report.
- **b.** Conduct mishap investigations and complete required reports. Maintain the **OSHA Form 300 and Daily Production** reports for prime and subcontractors. For more information visit the OSHA website at <a href="https://www.osha.gov">www.osha.gov</a>.
- **c.** Maintain applicable safety reference material on the job site.
- **d.** Attend the pre-construction conference, pre-work meetings including preparatory inspection meeting, and periodic in-progress meetings.
- e. Implement and enforce accepted APPS and AHAs.
- **f.** Maintain a safety and health deficiency tracking system that monitors outstanding deficiencies until resolution. Post a list of unresolved safety and health deficiencies on the safety bulletin board.
- **g.** Ensure sub-contractor compliance with safety and health requirements.

Failure to perform the above duties will result in dismissal of the superintendent and/or SSHO, and a project work stoppage. The project work stoppage will remain in effect pending approval of a suitable replacement.

## 2. Certified Safety Professional (CSP:

- **a.** Perform safety and occupational health management, surveillance, inspections, and safety enforcement for the project.
- **b.** Perform as the safety and occupational health "competent person" as defined by this section.
- **c.** Be on-site. whenever work or testing is being performed.
- **d.** Conduct and document safety inspections.
- **e.** Shall have no other duties other than safety and occupational health management, inspections, and enforcement on this contract.

If the CSP is appointed as the SSHO all duties of that position shall also be performed.

## **G.** Meetings:

## 1. Preconstruction Conference:

- **a.** Contractor representatives who have a responsibility or significant role in accident prevention on the project shall attend the preconstruction conference. This includes the project superintendent, site safety and health officer, quality control supervisor, or any other assigned safety and health professionals who participated in the development of the **Accident Prevention Plan** (APP); (including the **Activity Hazard Analyses** (AHAs), and special plans, program and procedures associated with it).
- **b.** Discuss the details of the submitted APP to include incorporated plans, programs, procedures and a listing of anticipated AHAs that will be developed and implemented during the performance of the contract. This list of proposed AHAs will be reviewed at the conference and an agreement will be reached between the Contractor and the Owner's Representative(s) as to which phases will require an analysis. In addition, establish a schedule for the preparation, submittal, review, and acceptance of AHAs to preclude project delays.
- **c.** Deficiencies in the submitted APP will be brought to the attention of the Contractor at the preconstruction conference, and the Contractor shall revise the plan to correct deficiencies and re-submit it for acceptance. Do not begin work until there is an accepted APP.

#### 2. Safety Meetings:

Safety meetings shall be conducted to review past activities, plan for new or changed operations, review pertinent aspects of appropriate AHA (by trade),

- establish safe working procedures for anticipated hazards, and provide pertinent safety and health training and motivation.
- **a.** Meetings shall be conducted at least once a month for all supervisors on the project location and at least once a week for all workers by supervisors or foremen.
- **b.** Meetings shall be documented, including the date, persons in attendance, subjects discussed, and names of individual(s) who conducted the meeting. Documentation shall be maintained and copies furnished to the Construction Administrator (CA) on request.
- **c.** The Construction Administrator (CA) shall be informed of all scheduled meetings in advance and be invited to attend.

## 1.7 ACCIDENT PREVENTION PLAN (APP):

- **A.** Use a qualified person to prepare the written site-specific APP.
  - 1. Prepare the APP in accordance with the format and requirements of US Army Core of Engineers (USACE), Safety, and Health Requirements Manual, EM 385-1-1, or as approved by the CA and as supplemented herein. Cover all paragraphs and subparagraph elements in USACE EM 385-1-1, Appendix A, "Minimum Basic Outline for Accident Prevention Plan" or as approved by the CA. The USACE Safety, and Health Requirements Manual, EM 385-1-1 is available at the USACE Website www.iwr.usace.army.mil.
  - 2. Specific requirements for some of the APP elements are described in "B" below. The APP shall be job-specific and address any unusual or unique aspects of the project or activity for which it is written.
- Include any portions of the Contractor's overall safety and health program. Include any portions of the Contractor's overall safety and health program referenced in the APP in the applicable APP element and made site-specific. The Owner considers the Prime General Contractor to be the "controlling authority" for all work site safety and health of the subcontractors. Contractors are responsible for informing their subcontractors of the safety provisions under the terms of the contract and the penalties for noncompliance, coordinating the work to prevent one craft from interfering with or creating hazardous working conditions for other crafts, and inspecting subcontractor operations to ensure that accident prevention responsibilities are being carried out. The APP shall be signed by the person and firm (senior person) preparing the APP, the Contractor, the on-site superintendent, the designated site safety and health officer and any designated Certified Safety Professional (CSP) and/or Certified Industrial Hygienist (CIH).
- C. Submit the APP to the CT DCS Project Manager and Construction Administrator Fourteen (14) Calendar Days prior to the date of the preconstruction conference for acceptance. Work cannot proceed without an accepted APP. Once accepted by the CT DCS Project Manager and Construction Administrator, the APP and attachments

will be enforced as part of the contract. Disregarding the provisions of this contract or the accepted APP will be cause for stopping of work, at the discretion of the CT DCS Project Manager and Construction Administrator, until the matter has been rectified. Once work begins, changes to the accepted APP shall be made with the knowledge and concurrence of the CT DCS Project Manager and Construction Administrator, project superintendent, Site Safety and Health Officer (SSHO) and quality control manager. Should any hazard become evident, stop work in the area, secure the area, and develop a plan to remove the hazard. Notify the CT DCS Project Manager and Construction Administrator within Twenty (24) hours of discovery. Eliminate/remove the hazard. In the interim, take all necessary action to restore and maintain safe working conditions in order to safeguard onsite personnel, visitors, the public (as defined by American Society of Safety Engineers, ASSE/SAFE A10.34 - Protection of the Public on or Adjacent to Construction Sites, see <a href="https://www.asse.org">www.asse.org</a>) and the environment.

Copies of the accepted plan will be maintained at the CA's office at the job site. Continuously reviewed and amended the APP, as necessary, throughout the life of the contract. Incorporate unusual or high-hazard activities not identified in the original APP as they are discovered.

#### **D.** APP Contents:

The contents of the Accident Prevention Plan (APP) shall be in accordance with **Appendix A** of the US Army Corps of Engineers, **EM 385-1-1 Safety and Health Requirements Manual**, Appendix A, Minimum Basic Outline for Accident Prevention Plans or as approved by the CA. For more information visit the USACE Website at www.usace.army.mil/Library.

1.8 ACTIVITY HAZARD ANALYSIS (AHA): Activity Hazard Analyses (AHAs) define the activities being performed and identify the sequences of work, the specific hazards anticipated, site conditions, equipment, materials, and the control measures to be implemented to eliminate or reduce each hazard to an acceptable level of risk. The Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) format shall be in accordance with US Army Corps of Engineers, EM 385-1-1 Safety and Health Requirements Manual or as approved by the CA.

#### **A.** Submittals:

- 1. Submit initial AHA to CA for review at least 14 Calendar Days prior to the start of each phase. Format subsequent AHAs as amendments to the APP. The analysis should be used during daily inspections to ensure the implementation and effectiveness of the activity's safety and health controls.
- 2. The AHA list will be reviewed monthly at the Contractor supervisory safety meeting and updated as necessary when procedures, scheduling, or hazards change. Develop the activity hazard analyses using the project schedule as the basis for the activities performed. Any activities listed on the project schedule will

require an AHA. The AHAs will be developed by the contractor, supplier or subcontractor and provided to the prime contractor for submittal to the CA.

## 1.9 <u>DISPLAY OF SAFETY INFORMATION</u>

Within 1 Calendar Day after commencement of work, erect a safety bulletin board at the job site. Include and maintain information on safety bulletin board as required by US Army Corps of Engineers, **EM 385-1-1 Safety and Health Requirements Manual**, Section 01.A.06 or as approved by the CA. Additional items required to be posted include:

- **A.** Confined space entry permit.
- **B.** Hot work permit.
- **C.** Crane permit
- **D.** Street permt(s)
- **E.** Others (as required)

### 1.10 SITE SAFETY REFERENCE MATERIALS

Maintain safety-related references applicable to the project, including those listed in the article "References." Maintain applicable equipment manufacturer's manuals.

### 1.11 EMERGENCY MEDICAL TREATMENT

Contractors will arrange for their own emergency medical treatment. The Owner has no responsibility to provide emergency medical treatment.

#### 1.12 REPORTS

## A. Accident Reports

1. Conduct an accident investigation for recordable injuries and illnesses, and property damage accidents resulting in at least <u>Two Thousand</u> Dollars (\$2,000) in damages, to establish the root cause(s) of the accident, complete "Accident Report Form" approved by the CA. Provide the report to the CA within 5 Calendar Days of the accident.

#### **B.** Accident Notification

Notify the CA as soon as practical, but not later than four hours, after any accident meeting the definition of Recordable Injuries or Illnesses or High Visibility Accidents, property damage equal to or greater than \$2,000, or any weight handling equipment accident.

- **1.** Within notification include the following:
  - a. contractor name;
  - b. contract title:
  - c. type of contract;
  - d. name of activity,

- e. installation or location where accident occurred;
- f. date and time of accident;
- g. names of personnel injured;
- h. extent of property damage, if any; extent of injury, if known, and brief description of accident to include type of construction equipment used, Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) used, etc.. Preserve the conditions and evidence on the accident site until the U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration (USDOL-OSHA) investigation team arrives on-site and USDOL-OSHA investigation is conducted.

## C. Monthly Exposure Reports

Monthly exposure reporting to the CA is required to be attached to the monthly Application for Payment request. This report is a compilation of employee-hours worked each month for all site workers, both prime and subcontractor. Provide on a form approved by the CA.

## **D.** Crane Reports

Submit crane inspection reports on a form approved by the CA and as specified herein with Daily Reports of Inspections.

#### E. HOT WORK

Hot Work shall only be performed in accordance with the requirements of NFPA 51B "Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting and Other Hot Work Standard.

#### 1. Definitions:

- **a. Hot Work:** Work involving burning, welding, or a similar operation that is capable of initiating fires or explosions. Examples listed by NFPA include arc welding, oxygen- fuel gas welding, open-flame soldering, brazing, thermal spraying, oxygen cutting, and arc cutting.
- **b. Permit Authorizing Individual (PAI).** Means the individual designated by the General Contractor to authorize hot work. The PAI is permitted to be, among others, the General Contractor's project executive, supervisor, foreperson, or designated safety administrator. The PAI CANNOT be the hot work operator, except as permitted in **NFPA 51B**. The PAI is aware of the fire hazards involved and is familiar with the provisions of this standard.
- **2. Permit:** Submit and obtain a written permit from the PAI prior to performing "Hot Work" (welding, cutting, etc.) or operating other flame-producing/spark producing devices, from the PAI. CONTRACTORS ARE REQUIRED TO MEET ALL CRITERIA BEFORE A PERMIT IS ISSUED. The General Contractor will provide at least six (6) twenty (20) pound 4A:20 BC rated

- extinguishers for normal "Hot Work". All extinguishers shall be current inspection tagged, approved safety pin and tamper resistant seal.
- 3. Fire Watch: It is also mandatory to have a designated FIRE WATCH for any "Hot Work" done at this activity. The Fire Watch shall be trained in accordance with NFPA 51B Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work and remain on-site for a minimum of 30 minutes after completion of the task or as specified on the hot work permit. When starting work in the facility, require personnel to familiarize themselves with the location of the nearest fire alarm boxes and place in memory the local fire department emergency phone number(s). ANY FIRE, NO MATTER HOW SMALL, SHAL BE REPORTED TO THE LOCAL FIRE DEPARTMENT, **GENERAL** CONTRACTOR'S AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE. AND OWNER'S CA IMMEDIATELY.

## 1.13 FACILITY OCCUPANCY CLOSURE

Streets, walks, and other facilities occupied and used by the state User Agency shall not be closed or obstructed without written permission from the CA.

## 1.18 SEVERE STORM PLAN

In the event of a severe storm warning, the Contractor must:

- **A.** Secure outside equipment and materials and place materials that could be damaged in protected areas.
- **B.** Check surrounding area, including roof, for loose material, equipment, debris, and other objects that could be blown away or against existing facilities.
- **C.** Ensure that temporary erosion controls are adequate.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS (Not Used)

## PART 3 EXECUTION

## 3.1 CONSTRUCTION AND/OR OTHER WORK

Comply with the Connecticut State Building and Fire Safety Codes, OSHA regulations, and other references regulations. The most stringent standard prevails.

## 3.1.2 HAZARDOUS MATERIAL EXCLUSIONS

Notwithstanding any other hazardous material used in this contract, radioactive materials or instruments capable of producing ionizing/non-ionizing radiation (with the exception of radioactive material and devices used in accordance with **USACE EM 385-1-1** such as nuclear density meters for compaction testing and laboratory equipment with radioactive sources) as well as materials which contain asbestos, mercury or polychlorinated biphenyls,

di-isocynates, lead-based paint are prohibited. The CA, upon written request by the Contractor, may consider exceptions to the use of any of the above excluded materials.

## 3.1.3 UNFORESEEN HAZARDOUS MATERIAL

**A.** Related Section: Division 01, Section 01 35 16, Alteration Project Procedures.

## 3.2 PRE-OUTAGE COORDINATION MEETING

Contractors are required to apply for utility outages at least twenty-one (21) Calendar Days in advance. As a minimum, the request should include the location of the outage, utilities being affected, duration of outage and any necessary sketches. Special requirements for electrical outage requests are contained elsewhere in this specification section. Once approved, and prior to beginning work on the utility system requiring shut down, attend a pre-outage coordination meeting with the CA, User Agency Representative, and Public Utilities representative to review the scope of work and the lock-out/tag-out procedures for worker protection. No work will be performed on energized electrical circuits unless proof is provided that no other means exist.

## 3.3 SAFETY LOCKOUT/TAGOUT PROCEDURES

- A. The General Contractor shall ensure that each employee is familiar with and complies with these procedures and OSHA 29 CFR 1910.147 Control Of Hazardous Energy (Lockout/Tagout).
  - 1. The General Contractor's "Authorized Employee" shall apply lockout/tagout tags and take other actions that, because of experience and knowledge, are known to be necessary to make the particular equipment safe to work on.
  - 2. No person, regardless of position or authority, shall operate any switch, valve, or equipment that has an official lockout/tagout tag attached to it, nor shall such tag be removed except as provided in this section.
  - 3. No person shall work on any equipment that requires a lockout/tagout tag unless he, his immediate supervisor, project leader, or a subordinate has in his possession the stubs of the required lockout/tagout tags. Only qualified personnel shall perform work on electrical circuits.
  - 4. A supervisor who is required to enter an area protected by a lockout/tagout tag will be considered a member of the protected group provided he notifies the holder of the tag stub each time he enters and departs from the protected area.
  - 5. Identification markings on building light and power distribution circuits shall not be relied on for established safe work conditions.
  - 6. Before clearance will be given on any equipment other than electrical (generally referred to as mechanical apparatus), the apparatus, valves, or systems shall be secured in a passive condition with the appropriate vents, pins, and locks. Pressurized or vacuum systems shall be vented to relieve differential pressure completely. Vent valves shall be tagged open during the course of the work. Where dangerous gas or fluid systems are involved, or in areas where the

environment may be oxygen deficient, system or areas shall be purged, ventilated, or otherwise made safe prior to entry.

## B. Tag Placement

Lockout/tagout tags shall be completed in accordance with the regulations printed on the back thereof and attached to any device which, if operated, could cause an unsafe condition to exist. If more than one group is to work on any circuit or equipment, the employee in charge of each group shall have a separate set of lockout/tagout tags completed and properly attached. When it is required that certain equipment be tagged, the State of Connecticut Authority Having Jurisdiction will review the characteristics of the various systems involved that affect the safety of the operations and the work to be done; take the necessary actions, including voltage and pressure checks, grounding, and venting, to make the system and equipment safe to work on; and apply such lockout/tagout tags to those switches, valves, vents, or other mechanical devices needed to preserve the safety provided. This operation is referred to as "Providing Safety Clearance."

## C. Tag Removal

When any individual or group has completed its part of the work and is clear of the circuits or equipment, the supervisor, project leader, or individual for whom the equipment was tagged shall turn in his signed lockout/tagout tag stub to the Contractor. That group's or individual's lockout/tagout tags on equipment may then be removed on authorization by the Contractor.

## 3.4 FALL HAZARD PROTECTION AND PREVENTION PROGRAM

Establish a fall protection and prevention program, for the protection of all employees exposed to fall hazards. Within the program include company policy, identify responsibilities, education and training requirements, fall hazard identification, prevention and control measures, inspection, storage, care and maintenance of fall protection equipment and rescue and evacuation procedures.

#### A. Training

Institute a fall protection training program. As part of the Fall Hazard Protection and Prevention Program, provide training for each employee who might be exposed to fall hazards. Provide training by a competent person for fall protection in accordance with **USACE EM 385-1-1**, Section 21.A.16.

#### **B.** Fall Protection Equipment and Systems

Enforce use of the fall protection equipment and systems designated for each specific work activity in the Fall Protection and Prevention Plan and/or AHA at all times when an employee is exposed to a fall hazard. Protect employees from fall hazards as specified in **USACE EM 385-1-1**, section 21. In addition to the required fall protection systems, safety skiff, personal floatation devices, life rings etc., are required when working above or next to water in accordance with **USACE EM 385-**

1-1, paragraphs 05.H. and 05.I. Personal fall arrest systems are required when working from an articulating or extendible boom, swing stages, or suspended platform. In addition, personal fall arrest systems are required when operating other equipment such as scissor lifts if the work platform is capable of being positioned outside the wheelbase. The need for tying-off in such equipment is to prevent ejection of the employee from the equipment during raising, lowering, or travel. Fall protection must comply with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.500, Fall Protection, Subpart M, and ASSE/SAFE A10.32, Fall Protection.

## 1. Personal Fall Arrest Equipment

Personal fall arrest equipment, systems, subsystems, and components shall meet ASSE/SAFE Z359.1, Safety Requirements for Personal Fall Arrest Systems, Subsystems and Components. Only a full-body harness with a shock-absorbing lanyard or self-retracting lanyard is an acceptable personal fall arrest body support device. Body belts may only be used as a positioning device system (for uses such as steel reinforcing assembly and in addition to an approved fall arrest system). Harnesses shall have a fall arrest attachment affixed to the body support (usually a Dorsal D-ring) and specifically designated for attachment to the rest of the system. Only locking snap hooks and carabiners shall be used. Webbing, straps, and ropes shall be made of synthetic fiber. The maximum free fall distance when using fall arrest equipment shall not exceed 1.8 m 6 feet. The total fall distance and any swinging of the worker (pendulum-like motion) that can occur during a fall shall always be taken

#### 2. Fall Protection for Roofing Work

Implement fall protection controls based on the type of roof being constructed and work being performed. Evaluate the roof area to be accessed for its structural integrity including weight-bearing capabilities for the projected loading.

- **a.** Low Sloped Roofs:
  - (i) For work within 6 feet (6 feet (1.8 m) of an edge, on low-slope roofs, Protect personnel from falling by use of personal fall arrest systems, guardrails, or safety nets.
  - (ii) For work greater than (6 feet (1.8 m) from an edge, erect and install warning lines in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.500, Fall Protection.
- **b.** Steep-Sloped Roofs: Work on steep-sloped roofs requires a personal fall arrest system, guardrails with toe-boards, or safety nets. This requirement also includes residential or housing type construction.

### 3. Existing Anchorage

Certified (or re-certified) by a qualified person for fall protection existing anchorages, to be used for attachment of personal fall arrest equipment in accordance with ASSE/SAFE Z359.1, Safety Requirements for Personal Fall Arrest Systems, Subsystems and Components. Exiting horizontal lifeline anchorages must be certified (or re-certified) by a registered professional engineer with experience in designing horizontal lifeline systems.

#### 4. Horizontal Lifelines

Design, install, certify and use under the supervision of a qualified person horizontal lifelines for fall protection as part of a complete fall arrest system which maintains a safety factor of 2 (OSHA 29 CFR 1926.500 Fall Protection).

## 5. Guardrails and Safety Nets

Design, install and use guardrails and safety nets in accordance with 29 CFR 1926, Safety and Health Regulations for Construction Subpart M.

#### 6. Rescue and Evacuation Procedures

When personal fall arrest systems are used, the contractor must ensure that the mishap victim can self-rescue or can be rescued promptly should a fall occur. Prepare a Rescue and Evacuation Plan and include a detailed discussion of the following: methods of rescue; methods of self-rescue; equipment used; training requirement; specialized training for the rescuers; procedures for requesting rescue and medical assistance; and transportation routes to a medical facility. Include the Rescue and Evacuation Plan within the Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) for the phase of work, in the Fall Protection and Prevention (FP&P) Plan, and the Accident Prevention Plan (APP).

## 3.5 SCAFFOLDING

- A. The Contractor shall provide all employees with a safe means of access to the work area on the scaffold in accordance with **OSHA 29 CFR 1910.28 Safety Requirements**For Scaffolding and as contained in this section.
  - 1. Climbing of any scaffold braces or supports not specifically designed for access is prohibited.
  - **2.** Access scaffold platforms greater than 20 feet (6 m) maximum in height by use of a scaffold stair system.
  - **3.** Do not use vertical ladders commonly provided by scaffold system manufacturers for accessing scaffold platforms greater than 20 feet (6 m) maximum in height.
  - **4.** The use of an adequate gate is required.

- **5.** Ensure that employees are qualified to perform scaffold erection and dismantling.
- **6.** Do not use scaffold without the capability of supporting at least four times the maximum intended load or without appropriate fall protection as delineated in the accepted fall protection and prevention plan.
- **7.** Stationary scaffolds must be attached to structural building components to safeguard against tipping forward or backward.
- **8.** Give special care to ensure scaffold systems are not overloaded. Side brackets used to extend scaffold platforms on self-supported scaffold systems for the storage of material are prohibited.
- 9. The first tie-in shall be at the height equal to 4 times the width of the smallest dimension of the scaffold base. Place work platforms on mud sills. Scaffold or work platform erectors shall have fall protection during the erection and dismantling of scaffolding or work platforms that are more than six feet. Delineate fall protection requirements when working above six feet or above dangerous operations in the Fall Protection and Prevention (FP&P) Plan and Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) for the phase of work.

#### B. Stilts

The use of stilts for gaining additional height in construction, renovation, repair or maintenance work is **PROHIBITED**.

#### 3.6 EQUIPMENT

## A. Material Handling Equipment

Material Handling Equipment shall be in accordance with **OSHA 29 CFR 1910.178 Powered Industrial Trucks** and as contained in this section.

- 1. Material handling equipment such as forklifts shall not be modified with work platform attachments for supporting employees unless specifically delineated in the manufacturer's printed operating instructions.
- **2.** The use of hooks on equipment for lifting of material must be in accordance with manufacturer's printed instructions.
- **3.** Operators of forklifts or power industrial trucks shall be licensed in accordance with OSHA.

#### **B.** Weight Handling Equipment

- 1. Equip cranes and derricks as specified in **ASME B30.5** or **ASME B30.22** or **ASME B30.8** as applicable.
- **2.** Comply with the crane manufacturer's specifications and limitations for erection and operation of cranes and hoists used in support of the work.

- Perform erection under the supervision of a designated person (as defined in **ASME B30.5**). Perform all testing in accordance with the manufacturer's recommended procedures.
- 3. Comply with **ASME B30.5** for mobile and locomotive cranes, **ASME B30.22** for articulating boom cranes, ASME B30.3 for construction tower cranes, and **ASME B30.8** for floating cranes and floating derricks.
- **4.** Under no circumstance shall a Contractor make a lift at or above
- 5. When operating in the vicinity of overhead transmission lines, operators and riggers shall be alert to this special hazard and follow the requirements of **ASME B30.5** or **ASME B30.22** as applicable.
- 6. Do not crane suspended personnel work platforms (baskets) unless the Contractor proves that using any other access to the work location would provide a greater hazard to the workers or is impossible. Do not lift personnel with a line hoist or friction crane.
- 7. Inspect, maintain, and recharge portable fire extinguishers as specified in NFPA 10, Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers.
- **8.** All employees must keep clear of loads about to be lifted and of suspended loads.
- **9.** Use cribbing when performing lifts on outriggers.
- **10.** The crane hook/block must be positioned directly over the load. Side loading of the crane is prohibited.
- 11. A physical barricade must be positioned to prevent personnel from entering the counterweight swing (tail swing) area of the crane.
- 12. Certification records which include the date of inspection, signature of the person performing the inspection, and the serial number or other identifier of the crane that was inspected shall always be available for review by CA.
- 13. Written reports listing the load test procedures used along with any repairs or alterations performed on the crane shall be available for review by CA.
- **14.** Certify that all crane operators have been trained in proper use of all safety devices (e.g. anti-two block devices).

#### C. USE OF EXPLOSIVES

Explosives shall not be used or brought to the project site.

# 3.7 EXCAVATIONS

A. Perform soil classification by a competent person in accordance with 29 CFR 1926 Safety and Health Regulations for Construction.

#### 1. Utility Locations

All underground utilities in the work area must be positively identified by and coordinated in accordance with **Division 00**, **General Conditions**, **Article 18 Surveys**, **Permits**, **And Regulations**. All underground utilities in the work area must be positively identified by a private utility locating service and

coordinated with the public utility company. Any markings made during the utility investigation must be maintained by the general Contractor throughout the contract.

## 2. Utility Location Verification

The Contractor must physically verify underground utility locations by hand digging using wood or fiberglass handled tools when any adjacent construction work is expected to come within three feet of the underground system. Digging within Two (2) feet of a known utility must not be performed by means of mechanical equipment; hand digging shall be used. If construction is parallel to an existing utility expose the utility by hand digging every 100 feet if parallel within Five (5) feet (1.5 m) of the excavation.

## 3. Shoring Systems

Trench and shoring systems must be identified in the accepted safety plan and AHA. Manufacture tabulated data and specifications or registered engineer tabulated data for shoring or benching systems shall be readily available onsite for review. Job-made shoring or shielding must have the registered professional engineer stamp, specifications, and tabulated data. Extreme care must be used when excavating near direct burial electric underground cables.

## 4. Trenching Machinery

Operate trenching machines with digging chain drives only when the spotters/laborers are in plain view of the operator. Provide operator and spotters/laborers training on the hazards of the digging chain drives with emphasis on the distance that needs to be maintained when the digging chain is operating. Keep documentation of the training on file at the project site.

#### 3.8 UTILITIES WITHIN CONCRETE SLABS

**A.** Utilities located within concrete slabs or pier structures, bridges, and the like, are extremely difficult to identify due to the reinforcing steel used in the construction of these structures. Whenever contract work involves concrete chipping, saw cutting, or core drilling, the existing utility location must be coordinated with utility company in addition to a private locating service. Outages to isolate utility systems must be used in circumstances where utilities are unable to be positively identified. The use of historical drawings does not alleviate the contractor from meeting this requirement.

#### 3.9 ELECTRICAL

## A. Conduct of Electrical Work

Underground electrical spaces must be certified safe for entry before entering to conduct work. Cables that will be cut must be positively identified and de-energized prior to performing each cut. Positive cable identification must be made prior to submitting any outage request for electrical systems. Arrangements are to be coordinated with the CA and utility company for identification. The CA will not accept an outage request until the Contractor satisfactorily documents that the circuits have been clearly identified. Perform all high voltage cable cutting remotely using

hydraulic cutting tool. When racking in or live switching of circuit breakers, no additional person other than the switch operator will be allowed in the space during the actual operation. Plan so that work near energized parts is minimized to the fullest extent possible. Use of electrical outages clear of any energized electrical sources is the preferred method. When working in energized substations, only qualified electrical workers will be permitted to enter. When work requires Contractor to work near energized circuits as defined by the **NFPA 70**, high voltage personnel must use personal protective equipment that includes, as a minimum, electrical hard hat, safety shoes, insulating gloves with leather protective sleeves, fire retarding shirts, coveralls, face shields, and safety glasses. In addition, provide electrical arc flash protection for personnel as required by **NFPA 70E**. Insulating blankets, hearing protection, and switching suits may also be required, depending on the specific job and as delineated in the Contractor's AHA.

#### **B.** Portable Extension Cords

Size portable extension cords in accordance with manufacturer ratings for the tool to be powered and protected from damage. Immediately remove from service all damaged extension cords. Portable extension cords shall meet the requirements of **NFPA 70.** 

## 3.10 WORK IN CONFINED SPACES

- A. Comply with the requirements in OSHA 29 CFR 1910.146 and OSHA 29 CFR 1926.21(b) (6). Any potential for a hazard in the confined space requires a permit system to be used.
  - 1. Entry Procedures. Prohibit entry into a confined space by personnel for any purpose, including hot work, until the qualified person has conducted appropriate tests to ensure the confined or enclosed space is safe for the work intended and that all potential hazards are controlled or eliminated and documented. All hazards pertaining to the space shall be reviewed with each employee during review of the AHA.
  - 2. Forced air ventilation is required for all confined space entry operations and the minimum air exchange requirements must be maintained to ensure exposure to any hazardous atmosphere is kept below its' action level.
  - **3.** Sewer wet wells require continuous atmosphere monitoring with audible alarm for toxic gas detection.

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### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 **DEFINITIONS**

- **A. General:** Basic contract definitions are included in the General Conditions of the Contract for Construction.
- **B.** "Indicated": The term "indicated" refers to graphic representations, notes, or schedules on the Drawings, or other paragraphs or Schedules in the Specifications, and similar requirements in the Contract Documents. Terms such as "shown," "noted," "scheduled," and "specified" are used to help the reader locate the reference. Location is not limited to this term.
- **C.** "Directed": Terms such as "directed," "requested," "authorized," "selected," "approved," "required," and "permitted" mean directed by the Architect, requested by the Architect, and similar phrases.
- **D.** "Approved": The term "approved," when used in conjunction with the Architect's action on the Contractor's submittals, applications, and requests, is limited to the Architect's duties and responsibilities as stated in the Conditions of the Contract.
- **E.** "Regulations": The term "regulations" includes laws, ordinances, statutes, and lawful orders issued by authorities having jurisdiction, as well as rules, conventions, and agreements within the construction industry that control performance of the Work.
- **F.** "Furnish": The term "furnish" means supply and deliver to the Project Site, ready for unloading, unpacking, assembly, installation, and similar operations.
- **G.** "Install": The term "install" describes operations at the Project Site including the actual unloading, unpacking, assembly, erecting, placing, anchoring, applying, working to dimension, finishing, curing, protecting, cleaning, and similar operations.
- **H.** "Provide": The term "provide" means to furnish and install, complete and ready for the intended use.
- **I.** "Installer": An installer is the Contractor or another entity engaged by the Contractor, either as an employee, subcontractor, or contractor of lower tier, to perform a particular construction activity, including installation, erection, application, or similar operations. Installers are required to be experienced in the operations they are engaged to perform.
  - 1. The term "experienced," when used with the term "installer," means having a minimum of five (5) previous projects similar in size and scope to this Project, being familiar with the special requirements indicated, and having complied with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

- 2. Trades: Using terms such as "carpentry" does not imply that certain construction activities must be performed by accredited or unionized individuals of a corresponding generic name, such as "carpenter." It also does not imply that requirements specified apply exclusively to tradespersons of the corresponding generic name.
- **3. Assigning Specialists:** Certain Sections of the Specifications require that specific construction activities shall be performed by specialists who are recognized experts in those operations. The specialists must be engaged for those activities, and their assignments are requirements over which the Contractor has no option. However, the ultimate responsibility for fulfilling contract requirements remains with the Contractor.
  - a. This requirement shall not be interpreted to conflict with enforcing building codes and similar regulations governing the Work. It is also not intended to interfere with local trade-union jurisdictional settlements and similar conventions.
- **J.** "Project Site" is the space available to the Contractor for performing construction activities, either exclusively or in conjunction, with others performing other Work as part of the Project. The extent of the Project Site is shown on the Drawings and may or may not be identical with the description of the land on which the Project is to be built.
- **K.** "Testing Agencies": A testing agency is an independent entity engaged to perform specific inspections or tests, either at the Project Site or elsewhere, and to report on and, if required, to interpret results of those inspections or tests.

## 1.3 SPECIFICATION FORMAT AND CONTENT EXPLANATION

- **A. Specification Format:** These Specifications are organized into Divisions and Sections based on CSI's "MasterFormat" 49-Division format and numbering system.
- **B. Specification Content:** This Specification uses certain conventions regarding the style of language and the intended meaning of certain terms, words, and phrases when used in particular situations or circumstances. These conventions are explained as follows:
  - 1. Abbreviated Language: Language used in Specifications and other Contract Documents is abbreviated. Words and meanings shall be interpreted as appropriate. Words implied, but not stated, shall be interpolated, as the sense requires. Singular words will be interpreted as plural and plural words interpreted as singular where applicable as the context of the Contract Documents indicates.
  - 2. Streamlined Language: The Specifications generally use the imperative mood and streamlined language. Requirements expressed in the imperative mood are to be performed by the Contractor. At certain locations in the Text, subjective language is used for clarity to describe responsibilities that must be fulfilled indirectly by the Contractor or by others when so noted.
    - **a.** The words **"shall be"** are implied where a colon (:) is used within a sentence or phrase.

#### 1.4 INDUSTRY STANDARDS

- **A. Applicability of Standards:** Except where the Contract Documents include more stringent requirements, applicable construction industry standards have the same force and effect as if bound or copied directly into the Contract Documents to the extent referenced. Such standards are made a part of the Contract Documents by reference.
- **B. Publication Dates:** Comply with the standards in effect as of the date of the Contract Documents unless a specific date is indicated in the Contract Documents or the governing regulations cited herein.
- C. Conflicting Requirements: Where compliance with two (2) or more standards is specified and the standards establish different or conflicting requirements for minimum quantities or quality levels, comply with the most stringent and highest quality requirement. Request a decision from the Architect before proceeding on requirements that are different but apparently equal, and where it is uncertain which requirement is the most stringent.
  - 1. Minimum Quantity or Quality Levels: The quantity or quality level shown or specified shall be the minimum acceptable. The actual installation may comply exactly with the minimum quantity or quality specified, or it may exceed the minimum within reasonable limits. To comply with these requirements, indicated numeric values are minimum or maximum, as appropriate, for the context of the requirements. Request a clarification from the Architect regarding uncertainties before proceeding.
- **D.** Copies of Standards: Each entity engaged in construction on the Project is required to be familiar with industry standards applicable to its construction activity. Copies of applicable standards are not bound with the Contract Documents.
  - 1. Where copies of standards are needed to perform a required construction activity, the Contractor shall obtain copies directly from the publication source.
- **E. Abbreviations and Names:** Trade association names and titles of general standards are frequently abbreviated. Where such acronyms or abbreviations are used in the Specifications or other Contract Documents, they mean the recognized name of the trade association, standards-generating organization, authorities having jurisdiction, or other entity applicable to the context of the text provision. Refer to Thompson Gale's "Encyclopedia of Associations," available in most libraries.

## 1.5 GOVERNING REGULATIONS AND AUTHORITIES

- **A.** Copies of Regulations: Obtain copies of the "latest applicable State Codes" and the following regulations and retain at the Project Site to be available for reference by parties who have a reasonable need during submittals, planning, and progress of the Work, until Substantial Completion.
- **B.** For a list of the "latest applicable State Codes" and how they can be obtained see <a href="https://www.ct.gov/dcs">www.ct.gov/dcs</a> (Connecticut Department of Administrative Services Division of

Construction Services website) and click on "Office of State Building Inspector". Also visit the <a href="https://www.ctdol.state.ct.us">www.ctdol.state.ct.us</a> Connecticut Department of Labor website.

## 1.6 SUBMITTALS

**A. Permits, Licenses, and Certificates:** For the Owner's records, submit copies of permits, licenses, certifications, inspection reports, releases, jurisdictional settlements, notices, receipts for fee payments, judgments, correspondence, records, and similar documents.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

PART 3 – EXECUTION (Not Applicable)

**END OF SECTION 01 42 20** 

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for quality-control services.
- B. Quality-Control services include fire alarm acceptance testing, inspections, tests, and related actions, including reports performed by Contractor, by independent agencies, and by governing authorities. They do not include contract enforcement activities performed by the Owner.
- C. Inspection and testing services are required to verify compliance with requirements specified or indicated. These services do not relieve Contractor of responsibility for compliance with Contract Document requirements.
- D. Requirements of this Section relate to customized fabrication and installation procedures, not production of standard products.
  - 1. Specific quality-control requirements for individual construction activities are specified in the Sections that specify those activities. Requirements in those Sections may also cover production of standard products.
  - 2. Specified inspections, tests, and related actions do not limit Contractor's quality-control procedures that facilitate compliance with Contract Document requirements.
  - 3. Requirements for Contractor to provide quality-control services required by Architect, Owner, or authorities having jurisdiction are not limited by provisions of this Section.
- E. Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" specifies requirements for development of a schedule of required tests and inspections.
  - 2. Division 01 Section 01 73 29 "Cutting and Patching" specifies requirements for repair and restoration of construction disturbed by inspection and testing activities.
  - 3. Division 01 Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures", specific requirements for contract closeout procedures.

## 1.3 **RESPONSIBILITIES**

A. Contractor Responsibilities: Unless otherwise indicated as the responsibility of another identified entity, the Owner, through the Construction Administrator, shall provide inspections, tests, and other quality-control services specified elsewhere in the Contract

Documents and required by authorities having jurisdiction. All tests required by the individual specification sections are required to be scheduled and notification given to the Construction Administrator 24/48 hours in advance of the test/inspection as applicable. Costs for these services are not included in the Contract Sum.

- 1. Where individual Sections specifically indicate that certain inspections, tests, and other quality-control services are the Contractor's responsibility, the Contractor shall employ and pay a qualified independent testing agency to perform quality-control services. Costs for these services are included in the Contract Sum.
- 2. Where individual Sections specifically indicate that certain inspections, tests, and other quality-control services are the Owner's responsibility, the Owner will employ and pay a qualified independent testing agency to perform those services.
  - a) Such services include Special Inspections as required by the latest edition of the "Connecticut State Building Code".
  - b) Where the Owner has engaged a testing agency for testing and inspecting part of the Work, and the Contractor is also required to engage an entity for the same or related element, the Contractor shall not employ the entity engaged by the Owner. The Owner will engage the services of a qualified Special Inspector for this project. The Special Inspector, as a representative of the Owner, shall document and confirm compliance with the provisions of the Connecticut State Building Code for Special Inspections.
  - c) Materials and assemblies for this project will be tested and construction operations inspected as the work progresses. Failure to detect any defective work or material shall not in any way prevent later rejection when such defect is discovered nor shall it obligate the State for final acceptance.
  - d) The Owner's use of testing and inspection services shall in no way relieve the Contractor of the responsibility to furnish materials and finished construction in full compliance with the Contract Documents and the Connecticut State Building Code.
- B. Retesting: The Contractor is responsible for retesting where results of inspections, tests, or other quality-control services prove unsatisfactory and indicate noncompliance with Contract Document requirements, regardless of whether the original test was Contractor's responsibility.
  - 1. The cost of retesting construction, revised or replaced by the Contractor, is the Contractor's responsibility where required tests performed on original construction indicated non-compliance with Contract Document requirements.
  - 2. The Owner will issue a credit change order to cover all costs incurred related to all retests/re-inspections due to non-compliance to the Contract Documents, including but not limited to the Owner's costs and the Consultant's costs.
- C. Associated Services: Cooperate with agencies performing required inspections, tests, and similar services, and provide reasonable auxiliary services as requested. Notify the

Agency sufficiently in advance of operations to permit assignment of personnel. Auxiliary services required include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. Provide access to the Work.
- 2. Furnish incidental labor and facilities necessary to facilitate inspections and tests.
- 3. Take adequate quantities of representative samples of materials that require testing or assist the agency in taking samples.
- 4. Provide facilities for storage and curing of test samples.
- 5. Deliver samples to testing laboratories.
- 6. Provide an approved design mix proposed for use for material mixes that require control by the testing agency.
- 7. Provide security and protection of samples and test equipment at the Project Site.
- D. Duties of the Testing Agency: The independent testing agency engaged to perform inspections, sampling, and testing of materials and construction specified in individual Sections shall cooperate with the Construction Administrator, Architect and the Contractor in performance of the testing agency's duties. The testing agency shall provide qualified personnel to perform required inspections and tests.
  - 1. The testing agency shall notify the Construction Administrator and the Contractor promptly of irregularities or deficiencies observed in the Work during performance of its services.
  - 2. The testing agency is not authorized to release, revoke, alter, or enlarge requirements of the Contract Documents or approve or accept any portion of the Work.
  - 3. The testing agency shall not perform any duties of the Contractor.
- E. Owner will pay for the services of an independent testing agency laboratory to perform inspections, tests and other services required by the Specifications except as noted below, listed for which the Owner will issue a deduct change order to cover the cost associated with these tests:
  - 1. When the Contractor notifies the Construction Administrator and/or Testing Agency less than 24 hours before the expected time of testing.
  - 2. When the Contractor requires testing for his own convenience.
  - 3. When the Contractor schedules a test and is not ready for the required test.
- F. Submit reports of tests that are part of the submittal requirements which indicate compliance or non-compliance with the specified standard.
- G. See also General Conditions Article 16 "Inspections & Tests".
- H. Fire Alarm/Acceptance Testing Procedures:
  - 1. For buildings exceeding the threshold limit, the fire alarm testing shall be as the authority having jurisdiction shall dictate. This will be as determined by the State Fire Marshals Office.

- 2. For buildings that do not exceed the threshold limit, the fire alarm testing shall be as the authority having jurisdiction shall dictate. This will be determined by the Department of Construction Services requirements as set below:
  - a. Protective Signaling Systems: All protective signaling systems shall meet with acceptance testing requirements of the applicable standards listed in Section 7-6.1.4. NFPA 101/2003 and NFPA 13/2002.
  - b. Prior Test Notification: At least five (5) working days prior to testing, the Fire Alarm Contractor shall notify (in writing) the following people of the proposed date the acceptance tests are to be performed (Also, see Part 2 of Certificate of Compliance).
    - Department of Construction Services Team Representative
    - General Contractor
    - Engineer of Record
    - Equipment Supplier Representative
    - Sprinkler Contractor
  - c. Certificates of Compliance:
    - 1) A Fire Alarm System Inspection and Testing Certification and Description form shall be prepared for each system (See NFPA 72/2002 Chapter 7 and Figure 7-5.2.2).
    - 2) Parts 1 and 3 through 9, shall be completed after the system is installed and the installation of the wiring has been checked. Every alarm device must also be pre-tested to ensure proper operation and correct annunciation at each remote annunciator and control panel. Part 1 of the form (Certification of System Installation) shall be signed by the fire alarm contractor. The signed and completed preliminary copies of the Certification form shall be forwarded to all parties along with the Prior Test Notification.
    - 3) Part 2, of each applicable form, shall be completed after the operational tests have been completed.
    - 4) After the completion of the operational acceptance tests and sign-off of test witness (with stipulations noted), final copies of the Certificates shall be forwarded to the Department of Construction Services Representatives.

#### d. Tests:

- 1) All tests shall be conducted in accordance with the Manufacturer's Testing Recommendations.
- 2) All testing equipment, apparatus (i.e. sound level decibel meter, 2-way radio communication, test devices, ladders, tools, lighting, etc.) and personnel shall be supplied by the Fire Alarm Contractor and Sprinkler Contractor.

- e. System Documentation: Every system shall include the following documentation, which shall be delivered to the Department of Construction Services Representatives upon final acceptance of the system. An owner's manual or manufacturer's installation instructions covering all system equipment, including the following:
  - 1) A detailed narrative description of the system inputs, evacuation signaling, ancillary functions, annunciation, intended sequence of operations, expansion capability, application considerations, and limitations.
  - 2) Operator's instructions for basic systems operations including alarm acknowledgment, system reset, interpreting system output (LED's CRT display, and printout), operation of manual evacuation signaling and ancillary function controls, changing printer paper, etc.
  - 3) A detailed description of routine maintenance and testing as required and recommended and as would be provided under a maintenance contract, including testing and maintenance instructions for each type of device installed. This information should include:
    - (a) A listing of individual system components that require periodic testing and maintenance.
    - (b) Step by step instructions detailing the requisite testing and maintenance procedures and the intervals at which those procedures should be performed.
    - (c) A schedule that correlates the testing and maintenance procedures required by paragraph (2) above and with the listing required by paragraph (1) above.
  - 4) Detailed troubleshooting instructions for each type of trouble condition recognized by the system, including opens, grounds, parity errors, "loop failures," etc. These instructions should include a list of all trouble signals, and step by step instructions describing how to isolate those problems and correct them (or call for service as appropriate).
  - 5) A service directory, including a list of names and telephone numbers for those who should be called to service the system.

## f. As-Built Drawings:

1) The Contractor will produce two (2) sets of as-built drawings and specifications for the fire alarm system, indicating the location (and programmed address, if applicable) of all devices and appliances, the wiring sequences, wiring methods, connection of the components, and sequence of operation of the protective signaling system as installed, shall be given to the Department of Construction Services representatives. This shall be in Accordance with NFPA 72. Refer also to Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures".

## 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Unless the Contractor is responsible for this service, the independent testing agency shall submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each inspection, test, or similar service to the Construction Administrator. If the Contractor is responsible for the service, submit a certified written report, in duplicate, of each inspection, test, or similar service through the Contractor.
  - 1. Submit additional copies of each written report directly to the governing authority, when the authority so directs.
  - 2. Report Data: Written reports of each inspection, test, or similar service include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Date of issue.
    - b. Project title and number.
    - c. Name, address, and telephone number of testing agency.
    - d. Dates and locations of samples and tests or inspections.
    - e. Names of individuals making the inspection or test.
    - f. Designation of the Work and test method.
    - g. Identification of product and Specification Section.
    - h. Complete inspection or test data.
    - i. Test results and an interpretation of test results.
    - i. Ambient conditions at the time of sample taking and testing.
    - k. Comments or professional opinion on whether inspected or tested Work complies with Contract Document requirements.
    - 1. Name and signature of laboratory inspector.
    - m. Recommendations on re-testing.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Qualifications for Service Agencies: Engage inspection and testing service agencies, including independent testing laboratories, that are pre-qualified as complying with the National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program and that specialize in the types of inspections and tests to be performed.
  - 1. Each independent inspection and testing agency engaged on the Project shall be authorized by authorities having jurisdiction to operate in the state where the Project is located.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

## 3.1 REPAIR AND PROTECTION

- A. General: Upon completion of inspection, testing, sample taking and similar services, repair damaged construction and restore substrates and finishes. Comply with Contract Document requirements for Division 01 Section 01 73 29 "Cutting and Patching."
- B. Protect constructions exposed by or for quality-control service activities, and protect repaired construction.
- C. Repair and protection is Contractor's responsibility, regardless of the assignment of responsibility for inspection, testing, or similar services.

END OF SECTION 01 45 00

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#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

**A.** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including Division 00 General Conditions of the Contract for Construction for Design-Bid-Build and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section includes requirements for identification badges, parking stickers, construction facilities and temporary controls, including temporary utilities, support facilities, and security and protection.
- **B.** Temporary utilities include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - **1.** Temporary water service and distribution.
  - **2.** Temporary electric power and lighting services.
  - **3.** Temporary sanitary facilities, including drinking water.
  - **4.** Storm and sanitary sewer.
  - **5.** Storm water pollution control.
- **C.** Support facilities include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Field offices Contractor, Subcontractor, Owner, and Construction Administrator.
  - 2. Storage and fabrication sheds.
  - 3. Temporary roads and paving.
  - 4. Dewatering facilities and drains.
  - 5. Temporary enclosures.
  - 6. Temporary lifts, hoists and elevator use.
  - 7. Temporary project identification signs.
  - 8. Temporary exterior lighting.
  - 9. Collection and disposal of waste and cleaning.
  - 10. Temporary Environmental Controls.
  - 11. Stairs.
- **D.** Security and protection facilities include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Temporary fire protection.
  - 2. Security for site and Agency.
  - 3. Barricades, warning signs, and lights.

- 4. Enclosure fence.
- 5. Security enclosure and lockup.
- 6. Protection.
- 7. Environmental protection.
- 8. Traffic ways.
- 9. Identification badges for Contractor's personnel.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- **A. Temporary Utilities:** Submit reports of tests, inspections, meter readings, and similar procedures performed on temporary utilities.
- **B.** Implementation and Termination Schedule: Within twenty-one (21) days of the date established for commencement of the Work, submit a schedule indicating implementation and termination of each temporary utility.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- **A. Regulations:** Comply with industry standards and applicable laws and regulations of authorities having jurisdiction including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Building and fire code requirements.
  - 2. Health and safety regulations.
  - 3. Utility company regulations.
  - 4. Police, fire department, and rescue squad rules.
  - 5. Environmental protection regulations.
  - 6. Americans with Disabilities Act.
- **B.** Standards: OSHA. Comply with NFPA 241 "Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alteration, and Demolition Operations," ANSI A10 Series standards for "Safety Requirements for Construction and Demolition," and NECA 200 "Recommended Practice for Installing and Maintaining Temporary Electric Power at Construction Sites."
  - 1. Electrical Service: Comply with NEMA, NECA, and UL standards and regulations for temporary electric service. Install service in compliance with NFPA 70 "National Electric Code."
- **C. Inspections:** Arrange for authorities having jurisdiction to inspect and test each temporary utility before use. Obtain required certifications and permits.

### 1.6 **PROJECT CONDITIONS**

**A. Temporary Utilities:** Prepare a schedule indicating dates for implementation and termination of each temporary utility. At the earliest feasible time, when acceptable

- to the Owner, the Construction Administrator will direct the change over from use of temporary service to use of permanent service.
- **B.** Conditions of Use: Keep temporary services and facilities clean and neat in appearance. Operate in a safe and efficient manner. Relocate temporary services and facilities as the Work progresses. Do not overload facilities or permit them to interfere with progress. Take necessary fire-prevention measures. Do not allow hazardous, dangerous, or unsanitary conditions, or public nuisances to develop or persist on-site.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS

- **A. General:** Provide new materials. If acceptable to the Architect, the Contractor may use undamaged, previously used materials in serviceable condition. Provide materials suitable for use intended.
- **B.** Lumber and Plywood: Comply with requirements in Division 06 Section 06 10 00 "Rough Carpentry."
  - 1. For signs and directory boards, provide 3/4-inch exterior grade, Grade A-B Fir plywood. Mount sign on preservative treated Fir posts.
    - **a.** Project sign shall be 4' x 8' painted and supported on 4-inch x 4-inch posts, of a design to be provided by the Owner via the Construction Administrator.
  - **2. Vision Barriers:** Provide minimum 1/2-inch thick exterior plywood.
  - **3.** For safety barriers, sidewalk bridges, and similar uses, provide minimum 5/8-inch thick exterior plywood.
- **C. Paint:** Comply with requirements of Division 09 Section 09 91 13 "Exterior Painting."
  - 1. For sign and directory boards applying graphics, provide exterior-grade alkyd gloss enamel over exterior primer unless otherwise indicated.
- **D. Tarpaulins:** Provide waterproof, fire-resistant, UL-labeled tarpaulins with flame-spread rating of 15 or less. For temporary enclosures, provide translucent, nylon-reinforced, laminated polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride, fire-retardant tarpaulins.
- **E. Water:** Provide potable water approved by local health authorities.
- **F. Enclosure Fencing:** Provide 0.120-inch thick, galvanized 2-inch chain link fabric fencing eight (8) feet high galvanized steel pipe posts, 1-1/2 inches knuckle both bottom and top I.D. for line posts and 2-1/2 inches I.D. for corner posts.

#### 2.2 EQUIPMENT

- **A. General:** Provide new equipment. If acceptable to the Architect, the Contractor may use undamaged, previously used equipment in serviceable condition. Provide equipment suitable for use intended.
  - 1. The Contractor shall furnish tools, apparatus and appliances, hoists and/or cranes and power for same, scaffolding, runways, ladders, temporary supports and bracing and similar work or material necessary to insure convenience and safety in the execution of the Contract except where this is otherwise specified in any Specification Section. All such items shall meet the approval of the Owner but responsibility for design, strength and safety shall remain with the Contractor. All such items shall comply with Federal OSHA regulations and applicable codes, statutes, rules and regulations, including compliance with the requirements of the current edition of the "Manual of Accident Prevention in Construction" published by the Associated General Contractors (AGC) and the standards of the State Labor Department.
  - 2. Staging, exterior and interior, required for the execution of this Contract, shall be furnished, erected, relocated if necessary and removed by the General Contractor. Staging shall be maintained in a safe condition without charge to and for the use of all trades as needed.
- **B. Water Hoses:** Provide 3/4-inch, heavy-duty, abrasion-resistant, flexible rubber hoses with pressure rating greater than the maximum pressure of the water distribution system. Provide adjustable shutoff nozzles at hose discharge and backflow preventers.
- C. Electrical Outlets: Provide properly configured, NEMA-polarized outlets to prevent insertion of 110- to 120-Volt plugs into higher voltage outlets. Provide receptacle outlets equipped with ground-fault circuit interrupters, reset button, and pilot light for connection of power tools and equipment.
- **D. Electrical Power Cords:** Provide grounded extension cords. Use hard-service cords where exposed to abrasion and traffic. Provide waterproof connectors to connect separate lengths of electric cords if single lengths will not reach areas where construction activities are in progress. Do not exceed safe length-voltage ratio.
- **E.** Lamps and Light Fixtures: Provide general service lamps of wattage required for adequate illumination. Provide guard cages or tempered-glass enclosures where exposed to breakage. Provide exterior fixtures where exposed to moisture.
- **F. Heating Units:** Provide temporary heating units that have been tested and labeled by UL, FM, or another recognized trade association related to the type of fuel being consumed.
- **G. Temporary Field Offices:** Provide prefabricated or mobile units with lockable entrances, operable windows, and serviceable finishes. Provide heated and airconditioned units on foundations adequate for normal loading.

- **H.** Temporary Toilet Units: The Agency will NOT allow the toilets located in the facility for Contractor use. The contractor must provide self-contained, single-occupant toilet units of the chemical, aerated recirculation, or combustion type. Provide units properly vented and fully enclosed with a glass-fiber-reinforced polyester shell or similar nonabsorbent material. The location of all temporary toilet units must be approved by the facility and remain locked at all times when not in use.
- **I. Fire Extinguishers:** Provide hand-carried, portable, UL-rated, Class A fire extinguishers for temporary offices and similar spaces. In other locations, provide hand-carried, portable, UL-rated, Class ABC, dry-chemical extinguishers or a combination of extinguishers of NFPA-recommended classes for the exposures.
  - 1. Comply with NFPA 10 and NFPA 241 for classification, extinguishing agent, and size required by location and class of fire exposure.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- **A.** Use qualified personnel for installation of temporary facilities. Locate facilities where they will serve the Project adequately and result in minimum interference with performance of the Work. Relocate and modify facilities as required.
- **B.** Provide each facility ready for use when needed to avoid delay. Maintain and modify as required. Do not remove until facilities are no longer needed or are replaced by authorized use of completed permanent facilities.

#### C. Storm Water Pollution Control:

- 1. Assume responsibility for storm water pollution control by completing and submitting to the Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection (DEEP) a "General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewaters from Construction Activities" (DEEP-WPED-GP-015) registration and the Stormwater Pollution Control Plan (SPCP); and conform to the general permit requirements. The Contractor shall serve as the *Developer*, *Permittee*, *Registrant*, and *Applicant*, as the case may be.
- 2. The Contractor shall submit to DEEP the general permit registration form and the SPCP at least sixty (60) days prior to the commencement of activity involving total soil disturbance area of one (1) to twenty (20) acres or ninety (90) days prior to the commencement of activity involving a total soil disturbance area greater than twenty (20) acres. The Contractor shall submit the registration and SPCP to DEEP prior to Contract Award and within the applicable timeframes listed above. The Owner shall be responsible for the registration fee.

- 3. Conform to the SPCP included in the Contract Documents or use another plan, prepared at the Contractor's expense, which has been approved by the Owner and the DEEP.
- 4. The "General Permit for the Discharge of Stormwater and Dewatering Wastewater from Construction Activities" "draft" registration and SPCP are attached to the technical Section 312005 Sedimentation and Erosion Control.
- 5. At the completion of the construction project, the Contractor shall submit to the DEEP a "Notice of Termination" (DEEP-PED-NOT-015) per the general permit. Concurrent with this Notice of Termination, the Contractor shall submit a "License Transfer Form" (DEEP-APP-006) to DEEP transferring the registration to the Agency.
  - The Contractor shall be responsible for preparing and obtaining the necessary information and signatures for the License Transfer Form. The proposed transferee (new registrant) shall be the Agency. The new billing contact shall be the Owner. The Owner shall be responsible for the transfer fee.
- 6. Prior to submitting the Notice of Termination, the Contractor shall submit to the Agency copies of the SPCP, all reports required by the general permit, all inspection records, and records of all data used to complete the registration for the general permit.
- 7. For sites involving total soil disturbance of less than one (1) acre, the Contractor shall be responsible for sediment and erosion control and utilize best management practices as identified in the "2002 Connecticut Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control" (DEEP Bulletin 34), as amended, and any sediment and erosion control plans prepared for the project.

#### 3.2 TEMPORARY UTILITY INSTALLATION

- **A. General:** Engage the appropriate local utility company to install temporary service or connect to existing service. Where company provides only part of the service, provide the remainder with matching, compatible materials and equipment. Comply with company recommendations.
  - 1. Arrange with company and existing users for a time when service can be interrupted, if necessary, to make connections for temporary services.
  - **2.** Provide adequate capacity at each stage of construction. Prior to temporary utility availability, provide trucked-in services.
  - **3.** Obtain easements to bring temporary utilities to the site where the Owner's easements cannot be used for that purpose.
  - **4. Use Charges:** All cost or use charges for temporary facilities and utilities are to be borne by the Contractor.

## **B.** Temporary Water Service and Distribution:

- 1. Install water service and distribution piping of sizes and pressures adequate for construction until permanent water service is in use.
  - **a. Sterilization:** Sterilize temporary water piping prior to use.
- 2. Water for construction purposes may be taken from the existing service. The Contractor shall provide connections, approved backflow prevention device, meter and pipe to the water main or nearest hydrant, subject to the approval of the Owner. Upon completion of work, the Contractor shall remove the temporary connections and backfill if necessary. If new water service is installed before construction is complete, the new system may be used provided it is returned to the Owner in as-new condition. The Contractor shall pay for the water used, as metered.

## C. Temporary Electric Power and Lighting Services:

- 1. Power and lighting may be taken from the Owner, but the contractor must hook up and restore that power at the contractor's expense.
- 2. Provide temporary poles, if needed, to extend the line to as required. If permanent power lines have been installed before beginning project, then temporary lines can be brought in from the last pole.
- 3. Provide service required for construction with branch wiring and distribution boxes located to provide power and lighting by construction-type extension cords. Meter shall be provided and installed by the Contractor.
- **4.** The Contractor shall pay all costs of temporary power and light.
- **Temporary Lighting:** When overhead floor or roof deck has been installed, provide temporary lighting with local switching. Install and operate temporary lighting that will fulfill security and protection requirements without operating the entire system. Provide temporary lighting that will provide adequate illumination for construction operations and traffic conditions.

#### D. Temporary Heating, Cooling and Ventilating:

- 1. Provide temporary heat required by construction activities for curing or drying of completed installations or for protection of installed construction from adverse effects of low temperatures or high humidity. Select safe equipment that will not have a harmful effect on completed installations or elements being installed. Coordinate ventilation requirements to produce the ambient condition required and minimize consumption of energy.
  - **a.** Use of gasoline-burning space heaters, open flame, or salamander heating units is prohibited.
- **E.** Temporary Sanitary Facilities, Including Drinking Water: Temporary sanitary facilities include temporary toilets, wash facilities, and drinking-water fixtures. Comply with regulations and health codes for the type, number, location, operation,

and maintenance of fixtures and facilities. Install where facilities will best serve the Project's needs.

- 1. Provide toilet tissue, wash basins with water, soap and paper towels, paper cups, and similar disposable materials for each facility. Provide covered waste containers for used material. The Contractor shall maintain the facilities in a sanitary condition.
- **2. Toilets:** The Contractor shall install self-contained chemical toilet units. Shield toilets to ensure privacy. Use of pit-type privies will not be permitted. Provide separate facilities for male and female personnel.
- **3. Water Coolers:** Where power is accessible, provide electric hot/cold water coolers to maintain dispensed cold water temperature at 45 to 55 degrees F. Provide bottled water service and cup supplies and maintain in a clean sanitary condition.
- **F. Storm Water Pollution Control:** Provide earthen embankments and similar barriers in and around excavations and sub-grade construction, sufficient to prevent flooding by runoff of storm water from heavy rains.

## 3.3 SUPPORT FACILITIES INSTALLATION

- **A. General:** Locate field offices, storage sheds, and other temporary construction and support facilities in designated area as shown on the Contract Documents. Final placement of the trailers is to be approved by the Construction Administrator.
  - 1. The GC will be limited to one shared trailer on the site. The shared trailer must have a private, lockable, office for the State's CA staff of at least 150 square feet with direct access/egress. In addition, the shared trailer must have a meeting area with a conference table and chairs for at least 10 people.
  - 2. Maintain support facilities until Final Completion. Remove prior to Final Completion with permission from the Owner.
- **B.** Field Offices: Provide insulated, weathertight temporary offices of sufficient size to accommodate required office personnel at the Project Site. Keep all offices clean and orderly, sweep weekly and remove rubbish on a daily basis. Furnish and equip offices as follows:
  - 1. The Contractor shall provide an office for their own use and a method to contact them by e-mail and telephone at any point and time.
  - 2. Owner and Construction Administrator's Field Offices / Equipment: The General Contractor shall provide a field office for the Owner and Construction Administrator. The trailer shall have ample natural light, heating of sufficient capacity to maintain 70 degrees (F) in winter and air conditioning of sufficient capacity to maintain 75 degrees (F) in summer. The operational noise level of the supplied HVAC systems shall be low enough so as not to impede the

conducting of meetings. The General Contractor shall provide a 5-lb. ABC fire extinguisher and an OSHA- approved first aid kit. The General Contractor shall provide the following furniture, and equipment which will remain his property. The furniture may be used but shall be in good condition as judged by the Owner and Construction Administrator.

2.1	The General Contractor shall provide a lockable chemical toilet(s) with toilet tissue for the owners' use. The General Contractor shall maintain the facility in a sanitary condition. (See Section 01 52 19 Temporary Sanitary Facilities).
2.2	One (1) Lockable, double-pedestal, office desk, with two executive chairs.
2.3	One (1) Plan table.
2.4	Ten (10) Conference chairs and One (1) conference table (approx. 5 feet x 12 feet).
2.5	One (1) Wall mounted, cork display boards (3 feet x 4 feet)
2.6	Two (2) Wall mounted, white, wipe-off board, with markers (3 feet x 4 feet). One in the CA office and one in the conference room area.
2.7	One (1) File cabinets (lockable four drawer letter size).
2.8	One (1) Bookshelf each with 10 linear feet x 12 inch wide shelving.
2.9	One (1) Large capacity waste receptacles.
2.10	One (1) Color Copier/Fax Machine with dedicated telephone line approved by Owner and shared with the contractor. The copier shall be located in the conference room area and also serve as they printer for all computers in the trailer.
2.11	A cable service provider system (dedicated to computer use) with high-speed Internet connection (50Mbps or faster). The trailer shall be wired for two computers in each office and the shared copier/fax.

- 7. When the Contractor supplies the trailer they shall equip the trailer with a water cooler for hot and cold water.
- C. Storage and Fabrication Sheds: Install storage and fabrication sheds sized, furnished, and equipped to accommodate materials and equipment involved, including temporary utility service. Sheds may be open shelters or fully enclosed spaces within the building or elsewhere on-site.
  - 1. Storage sheds for tools, materials and equipment shall be weathertight with heat, lighting and ventilation for products requiring controlled conditions.
  - **2.** Remove temporary materials, equipment services and construction before Substantial Completion.

- 3. Clean and repair damage caused by installation or use of temporary facilities. Restore existing facilities used during construction to specified or original condition.
- **D.** Temporary Roads and Paving: Construct and maintain temporary roads and paving to support the indicated loading adequately and to withstand exposure to traffic during the construction period. Locate temporary paving for roads, storage areas, and parking where the same permanent facilities will be located. Review proposed modifications to permanent paving with the Construction Administrator and Architect.
  - **1.** Provide paving for pedestrian access and parking for field offices.
  - **2.** Paving: Comply with Division 32 Section 32 12 16 "Asphalt Paving" for construction and maintenance of temporary paving.
  - 3. Coordinate temporary paving development with sub-grade grading, compaction, installation and stabilization of sub-base and installation of base and finish courses of permanent paving.
  - 4. Install temporary paving to minimize the need to rework the installations and to result in permanent roads and paved areas without damage or deterioration when occupied by the Owner.
  - 5. Extend temporary paving in and around the construction area as necessary to accommodate delivery and storage of materials, equipment usage, administration, and supervision.
- **E. Dewatering Facilities and Drains:** For temporary drainage and dewatering facilities and operations not directly associated with construction activities included under individual Sections, comply with dewatering requirements of applicable Division 31 Sections. Where feasible, utilize the same facilities. Maintain the site, excavations, and construction free of water.
- **F. Temporary Enclosures**: Provide temporary enclosures for protection of construction, in progress and completed, from exposure, foul weather, other construction operations, and similar activities.
  - 1. Where heat is needed and the permanent building enclosure is not complete, provide temporary enclosures where there is no other provision for containment of heat. Coordinate enclosure with ventilating and material drying or curing requirements to avoid dangerous conditions and effects.
  - 2. Install tarpaulins securely, with incombustible wood framing and other materials. Close openings of 25-sq ft or less with plywood or similar materials.
  - 3. Close openings through floor or roof decks and horizontal surfaces with load-bearing, wood-framed construction.

**4.** Where temporary enclosure exceeds 100-sq ft in area, use UL-labeled, fire-retardant-treated material for framing and main sheathing.

## G. Temporary Lifts, and Hoists Use:

- 1. Provide facilities for hoisting materials and employees. Truck cranes and similar devices used for hoisting materials are considered "tools and equipment" and not temporary facilities.
- **H.** Temporary Project Identification Signs: Prepare project identification and other signs of size indicated. Install signs where indicated to inform the public and persons seeking entrance to the Project. Support on posts or framing of preservative-treated wood or steel. Do not permit installation of unauthorized signs.
  - **1. Project Sign:** Engage an experienced sign painter to apply graphics. Comply with details to be furnished by the Construction Administrator.
    - **a. Temporary Tripod Frame**: For groundbreaking ceremonies only, provide a temporary tripod for the sign illustrated and described below. Make the tripod of 12 ft long 2" x 4"s (Stud Grade), beveled and bolted at the top. Provide approximately 5-ft between legs at grade. Provide a 6-ft long, 2" x 4" seat for the sign; locate 5-ft above grade and nail in place. Nail sign at four (4) places where edges intersect tripod legs. Drive a 24" long, pointed 2" x 4" stake into the earth next to each leg and nail to legs.
    - Administrator for the proper wording for the project sign. Fabricate sign of 3/4" Exterior Grade A-B Fir plywood. Mount sign on preservative treated Fir posts. The Owner shall provide design, color selection and illustration of the Project Sign. Paint both sides and all edges of sign and the posts with two (2) coats of exterior, white, alkyd primer. Paint the border and letters with "bulletin" (sign) paint. Letter sizes, colors and related information are given on the illustration below. A self-adhesive decal of the State seal will be furnished at the Contract signing. Erect the sign within two (2) weeks after execution of the Contract and remove the sign within one (1) week after completion of the project.
    - **c. Project Sign Detail:** Sign letter sizes, fonts, colors and related information are shown in the illustration available for download from the on-line DCS Library (3000 Series Design Phase Forms).
- **I. Temporary Exterior Lighting:** Install exterior yard and sign lights so signs are visible when Work is being performed.

## J. Collection and Disposal of Waste and Cleaning:

- 1. Collect waste within the contract limit line from construction areas daily. Provide separate containers for proper waste recycling. Comply with requirements of NFPA 241 for removal of combustible waste material and debris. Enforce requirements strictly. Do not hold materials more than seven (7) days during normal weather or three (3) days when the temperature is expected to rise above 80 degrees F. Handle hazardous, dangerous, or unsanitary waste materials separately from other waste by containerizing properly. Dispose of material lawfully.
- **2.** Maintain areas under Contractor's control free of waste materials, debris and rubbish. Maintain in a clean and orderly condition.
- **3.** Remove debris and rubbish from site daily.
- **4.** Control cleaning operations so that dust and other particulates will not adhere to wet or newly coated surfaces.
- **K.** Temporary Environmental Controls: Contractor is to provide the following controls.
  - 1. Rodent and Pest Control: Before deep foundation work has been completed, retain a local exterminator or pest control company to recommend practices to minimize attraction and harboring of rodents, roaches, and other pests. Employ this service to perform extermination and control procedures at regular intervals so the Project will be free of pests and their residues at materials.
  - **2.** Dust Control (construction and demolition).
  - **3.** Noise Control.
  - **4.** Erosion and Sediment Control.
  - **5.** Pollution Control.
  - **6.** Traffic Control.
- **L. Stairs:** Until permanent stairs are available, provide temporary stairs where ladders are not adequate. Cover finished permanent stairs with a protective covering of plywood or similar material so finishes will be undamaged at the time of acceptance.

# 3.4 SECURITY AND PROTECTION FACILITIES INSTALLATION (listed in Paragraph 1.2 D)

- **A.** Except for use of permanent fire protection as soon as available, do not change over from use of temporary security and protection facilities to permanent facilities until Substantial Completion, or longer, as requested by the Owner.
- **B. Temporary Fire Protection:** Until fire-protection needs are supplied by permanent facilities, install and maintain temporary fire-protection facilities of the types needed

to protect against reasonably predictable and controllable fire losses. Comply with NFPA 10 "Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers" and NFPA 241 "Standard for Safeguarding Construction, Alterations, and Demolition Operations."

- 1. Provide and locate fire extinguishers where convenient and effective for their intended purpose, but not less than one extinguisher on each floor at or near each usable stairwell.
- **2.** Store combustible materials in containers in fire-safe locations.
- 3. Maintain unobstructed access to fire extinguishers, fire hydrants, temporary fire-protection facilities, stairways, and other access routes for fighting fires. Prohibit smoking in hazardous fire-exposure areas.
- **4.** Provide supervision of welding operations, combustion-type temporary heating units, and similar sources of fire ignition.
- 5. The Contractor, during construction, shall be responsible for loss or damage by fire to the work of the Contract until completion. Any fire used within the structure for working purposes shall be extinguished when not in use. Bitumen or tar shall be melted on the ground only. No flammable material shall be stored in the structure in excess of amounts allowed by the authorities. No gasoline shall be stored in or close to the building at any time. The Contractor shall assign a responsible employee to be in charge of fire protection measures.
- 6. If an EPDM or other single-ply roof is included in the work that requires cleaning of mating surfaces of laps with gasoline, limit amount of gasoline on roof to two (2) gallons which shall be in UL listed containers. Also provide one 30 B:C fire extinguisher within 75 feet of any point on the roof.
- **C. Permanent Fire Protection:** At the earliest feasible date in each area of the Project, complete installation of the permanent fire-protection facility, including connected services, and place into operation and use. Instruct key personnel on use of facilities.

## **D.** Security for Site and Agency:

- 1. Provide security program and facilities to protect work, existing facilities and the Owner and Agency's operations from unauthorized entry, vandalism and theft. Coordinate with the Owner's and Agency's security program.
- **2.** The Contractor shall be solely responsible for damage, loss or liability due to theft or vandalism.
- **E. Barricades, Warning Signs, and Lights:** Comply with standards and code requirements for erection of structurally adequate barricades. Paint with appropriate colors, graphics, and warning signs to inform personnel and the public of the hazard being protected against. Where appropriate and needed, provide lighting, including flashing red or amber lights.

- 1. Provide covered walkways as required by governing authorities for public rights-of-way and for public access to existing buildings.
- 2. Provide steel road plates and other protective measures for all open trenches. Access for driveways, sidewalks, and emergency vehicles must be available at all times.
- 3. Barriers and enclosures shall be in conformance with code requirements. Do not block egress from occupied buildings unless necessary to further the work of the Contract. In this case, secure the Owners approval of an alternate egress plan.
- **4.** See also General Conditions Article 19, "Protection of the Work, Persons and Property".
- **F. Enclosure Fences:** Before excavation begins, install an enclosure fence with lockable entrance gates. Locate where indicated on the Construction Documents, or enclose the entire site or the portion determined sufficient to accommodate construction operations. Install in a manner that will prevent people, dogs, and other animals from easily entering the site, except by the entrance gates.
  - 1. Provide chain link construction fencing with posts set in a compacted mixture of gravel and earth. Use existing fence to the extent possible.
- **G. Security Enclosure and Lockup:** Install substantial temporary enclosure of partially completed areas of construction. Provide locking entrances to prevent unauthorized entrance, vandalism, theft, and similar violations of security. Provide keys to the Construction Administrator.
  - 1. **Storage:** Where materials and equipment must be stored, and are of value or attractive for theft, provide a secure lockup. Enforce discipline in connection with the installation and release of material to minimize the opportunity for theft and vandalism.

#### H. Protection:

- 1. Protect buildings, equipment, furnishings, grounds and plantings from damage. Any damage shall be repaired or otherwise made good at no expense to the Owner.
- 2. Provide protective coverings and barricades to prevent damage. The Contractor shall be held responsible for, and must make good at his own expense, any water or other type of damage due to improper coverings. Protect the public and building personnel from injury.
- **3.** Provide temporary protection for installed products. Control traffic in immediate area to minimize damage.
- **4.** Provide protective coverings for walls, projections, jambs, sills and soffits of openings. Protect finished floors and stairs from traffic, movement of heavy

- objects and storage. Prohibit traffic and storage on waterproofed and roofed surfaces and on lawn and landscaped areas.
- **5.** See also General Conditions Article 19, "Protection of the Work, Persons and Property".
- **I. Environmental Protection:** Provide protection, operate temporary facilities, and conduct construction in ways and by methods that comply with environmental regulations, and minimize the possibility that air, waterways, and subsoil might be contaminated or polluted or that other undesirable effects might result.

## J. Traffic Ways:

- 1. The Contractor may use on-site paved roads and parking areas but shall not encumber same or their access. Public highways shall not be blocked by standing trucks, parked cars, material storage, construction operations, or in any other manner.
- 2. Public roads and existing paved roads, drives and parking areas on Owner's property shall be kept free from scrap or debris due to construction operations and any damage to their surface caused by the Contractor shall be repaired by him at his own expense.
- 3. If the work of the Contract affects public use of any street, road, highway or thoroughfare, the Contractor shall confer with the police authority having jurisdiction to determine if and how many police are needed for public safety in addition to any barriers and signals that may be needed. The Contractor will be responsible for payment of any needed traffic controls, barriers, and police services.

### K. Identification Badges for Contractor's Personnel, Visitors:

- 1. The Contractor will provide each person working or visiting at the site with an identification badge, bearing the name of the Contractor and a number. As badges are assigned, a record shall be kept by the Contractor and given to the Construction Administrator and Agency Administrator. Update and correct the records of all badges issued on a semi-monthly basis.
- 2. Badges are to be worn on outer garment where visible at all times while at the construction site, return them to the Contractor's field office at the end of each day and pick them up there each morning.

### 3.5 OPERATION, TERMINATION, AND REMOVAL

**A. Supervision:** Enforce strict discipline in use of temporary facilities. Limit availability of temporary facilities to essential and intended uses to minimize waste and abuse

- **B. Maintenance:** Maintain facilities in good operating condition until removal. Protect from damage by freezing temperatures and similar elements.
  - 1. Maintain operation of temporary enclosures, heating, cooling, humidity control, ventilation, and similar facilities on a 24-hour basis where required to achieve indicated results and to avoid possibility of damage.
  - **2.** Protection: Prevent water-filled piping from freezing. Maintain markers for underground lines. Protect from damage during excavation operations.
- C. Termination and Removal: Unless the Architect/CA requests that it be maintained longer, remove each temporary facility when the need has ended, when replaced by authorized use of a permanent facility, or no later than Substantial Completion. Complete or, if necessary, restore permanent construction that may have been delayed because of interference with the temporary facility. Repair damaged Work, clean exposed surfaces, and replace construction that cannot be satisfactorily repaired.
  - 1. Materials and facilities that constitute temporary facilities are the Contractor's property. The Owner reserves the right to take possession of project identification signs.
  - 2. Remove temporary paving not intended for or acceptable for integration into permanent paving. Where the area is intended for landscape development, remove soil and aggregate fill that do not comply with requirements for fill or subsoil in the area. Remove materials contaminated with road oil, asphalt and other petrochemical compounds, and other substances that might impair growth of plant materials or lawns. Repair or replace street paving, curbs, and sidewalks at the temporary entrances, as required by the governing authority.
  - **3.** At Substantial Completion, clean and renovate permanent facilities used during the construction period including, but not limited to, the following:
    - **a.** Clean the site and street areas affected by this scope of work.

END OF SECTION 01 50 00

### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes general protection and pruning of existing trees and plants that are affected by execution of the Work, whether temporary or permanent construction.

## 1.3 <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

- A. Caliper: Diameter of a trunk measured by a diameter tape at a height 6 inches above the ground for trees up to and including 4-inch size at this height and as measured at a height of 12 inches above the ground for trees larger than 4-inch size.
- B. Plant-Protection Zone: Area surrounding individual trees, groups of trees, shrubs, or other vegetation to be protected during construction and indicated on Drawings.
- C. Tree-Protection Zone: Area surrounding individual trees or groups of trees to be protected during construction and defined by a circle concentric with each tree with a radius 1.5 times the diameter of the drip line unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Vegetation: Trees, shrubs, groundcovers, grass, and other plants.

## 1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at the Project site.
  - 1. Review methods and procedures related to temporary tree and plant protection including, but not limited to, the following:
    - a. Tree-service firm's personnel, and equipment needed to make progress and avoid delays.
    - b. Arborist's responsibilities.
    - c. Quality-control program.
    - d. Coordination of Work and equipment movement with the locations of protection zones.
    - e. Trenching by hand or with air spade within protection zones.
    - f. Field quality control.

## 1.5 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings:
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and locations of protection-zone fencing and signage, showing relation of equipment-movement routes and material storage locations with protection zones.
  - 2. Detail fabrication and assembly of protection-zone fencing and signage.
  - 3. Indicate extent of trenching by hand or with air spade within protection zones.
- C. Samples: For each type of the following:
  - 1. Organic Mulch: 1-quartvolume of organic mulch; in sealed plastic bags labeled with composition of materials by percentage of weight and source of mulch.
  - 2. Protection-Zone Fencing: Assembled Samples of manufacturer's standard size made from full-size components.
  - 3. Protection-Zone Signage: Full-size Samples of each size and text, ready for installation.
- D. Tree Pruning Schedule: Written schedule detailing scope and extent of pruning of trees to remain that interfere with or are affected by construction.
  - 1. Species and size of tree.
  - 2. Location on site plan. Include unique identifier for each.
  - 3. Reason for pruning.
  - 4. Description of pruning to be performed.
  - 5. Description of maintenance following pruning.

## 1.6 <u>INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Qualification Data: For arborist and tree service firm.
- B. Certification: From arborist, certifying that trees indicated to remain have been protected during construction according to recognized standards and that trees were promptly and properly treated and repaired when damaged.
- C. Maintenance Recommendations: From arborist, for care and protection of trees affected by construction during and after completing the Work.
- D. Existing Conditions: Documentation of existing trees and plantings indicated to remain, which establishes preconstruction conditions that might be misconstrued as damage caused by construction activities.

- 1. Use sufficiently detailed photographs or video recordings.
- 2. Include plans and notations to indicate specific wounds and damage conditions of each tree or other plants designated to remain.
- E. Quality-control program.

## 1.7 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Arborist Qualifications: Licensed arborist in jurisdiction where Project is located.
- B. Tree Service Firm Qualifications: An experienced tree service firm that has successfully completed temporary tree and plant protection work similar to that required for this Project and that will assign an experienced, qualified arborist to Project site during execution of the Work.
- C. Quality-Control Program: Prepare a written program to systematically demonstrate the ability of personnel to properly follow procedures and handle materials and equipment during the Work without damaging trees and plantings. Include dimensioned diagrams for placement of protection zone fencing and signage, the arborist's and tree-service firm's responsibilities, instructions given to workers on the use and care of protection zones, and enforcement of requirements for protection zones.

### 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. The following practices are prohibited within protection zones:
  - 1. Storage of construction materials, debris, or excavated material.
  - 2. Moving or parking vehicles or equipment.
  - 3. Foot traffic.
  - 4. Erection of sheds or structures.
  - 5. Impoundment of water.
  - 6. Excavation or other digging unless otherwise indicated.
  - 7. Attachment of signs to or wrapping materials around trees or plants unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Do not direct vehicle or equipment exhaust toward protection zones.
- C. Prohibit heat sources, flames, ignition sources, and smoking within or near protection zones and organic mulch.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Backfill Soil: Planting soil (imported) of suitable moisture content and granular texture for placing around tree; free of stones, roots, plants, sod, clods, clay lumps, pockets of coarse sand, concrete slurry, concrete layers or chunks, cement, plaster, building debris, and other extraneous materials harmful to plant growth.
- B. Organic Mulch: Free from deleterious materials and suitable as a top dressing for trees and shrubs, consisting of one of the following:

1. Type: Shredded hardwood.

2. Size Range: 3 inches maximum.

3. Color: Natural.

- C. Protection-Zone Fencing: Fencing fixed in position and meeting the following requirements:
  - 1. Plastic Protection-Zone Fencing: Plastic construction fencing constructed of high-density extruded and stretched polyethylene fabric with 2-inch maximum opening in pattern and weighing a minimum of 0.4 lb/ft.; remaining flexible from minus 60 to plus 200 deg F; inert to most chemicals and acids; minimum tensile yield strength of 2000 psi and ultimate tensile strength of 2680 psi; secured with plastic bands or galvanized-steel or stainless-steel wire ties; and supported by tubular or T-shape galvanized-steel posts spaced not more than 96 inches apart.

a. Height: 48 inches.

b. Color: High-visibility orange, nonfading.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 <u>EXAMINATION</u>

- A. Erosion and Sedimentation Control: Examine the site to verify that temporary erosionand sedimentation-control measures are in place. Verify that flows of water redirected from construction areas or generated by construction activity do not enter or cross protection zones.
- B. Prepare written report, endorsed by arborist, listing conditions detrimental to tree and plant protection.

## 3.2 **PREPARATION**

- A. Locate and clearly identify trees, shrubs, and other vegetation to remain or to be relocated. Tie a 1-inchblue vinyl tape around each tree trunk at 54 inches above the ground.
- B. Protect tree root systems from damage caused by runoff or spillage of noxious materials while mixing, placing, or storing construction materials. Protect root systems from ponding, eroding, or excessive wetting caused by dewatering operations.
- C. Tree-Protection Zones: Mulch areas inside tree-protection zones and other areas indicated. Do not exceed indicated thickness of mulch.
  - 1. Apply 4-inchuniform thickness of organic mulch unless otherwise indicated. Do not place mulch within 6 inches of tree trunks.

## 3.3 PROTECTION ZONES

- A. Protection-Zone Fencing: Install protection-zone fencing along edges of protection zones before materials or equipment are brought on the site and construction operations begin in a manner that will prevent people, vehicles, materials, and animals from easily entering protected areas except by entrance gates. Construct fencing so as not to obstruct safe passage or visibility at vehicle intersections where fencing is located adjacent to pedestrian walkways or in close proximity to street intersections, drives, or other vehicular circulation.
  - 1. Posts: Set or drive posts into ground one-third the total height of the fence without concrete footings. Where a post is located on existing paving or concrete to remain, provide appropriate means of post support acceptable to Architect.
- B. Maintain protection zones free of weeds and trash.
- C. Maintain protection-zone fencing in good condition as acceptable to Architect and remove when construction operations are complete and equipment has been removed from the site.
  - 1. Do not remove protection-zone fencing, even temporarily, to allow deliveries or equipment access through the protection zone.
  - 2. Temporary access is permitted subject to preapproval in writing by arborist if a root buffer effective against soil compaction is constructed as directed by arborist. Maintain root buffer so long as access is permitted.

## 3.4 <u>EXCAVATION</u>

- A. General: Excavate at edge of protection zones and for trenches indicated within protection zones according to requirements in Section 312000 "Earth Moving" unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Trenching within Protection Zones: Where utility trenches are required within protection zones, excavate under or around tree roots by hand or with air spade, or tunnel under the roots by drilling, auger boring, or pipe jacking. Do not cut main lateral tree roots or taproots; cut only smaller roots that interfere with installation of utilities. Cut roots as required for root pruning. If excavating by hand, use narrow-tine spading forks to comb soil and expose roots.
- C. Redirect roots in backfill areas where possible. If encountering large, main lateral roots, expose roots beyond excavation limits as required to bend and redirect them without breaking. If encountered immediately adjacent to location of new construction and redirection is not practical, cut roots approximately 3 inches back from new construction and as required for root pruning.
- D. Do not allow exposed roots to dry out before placing permanent backfill. Provide temporary earth cover or pack with peat moss and wrap with burlap. Water and maintain in a moist condition. Temporarily support and protect roots from damage until they are permanently relocated and covered with soil.

## 3.5 ROOT PRUNING

- A. Prune tree roots that are affected by temporary and permanent construction. Prune roots as follows:
  - 1. Cut roots manually by digging a trench and cutting exposed roots with sharp pruning instruments; do not break, tear, chop, or slant the cuts. Do not use a backhoe or other equipment that rips, tears, or pulls roots.
  - 2. Cut Ends: Coat cut ends of roots more than 1-1/2 inchesin diameter with an emulsified asphalt or other coating formulated for use on damaged plant tissues and that is acceptable to arborist.
  - 3. Temporarily support and protect roots from damage until they are permanently redirected and covered with soil.
  - 4. Cover exposed roots with burlap and water regularly.
  - 5. Backfill as soon as possible according to requirements in Section 312000 "Earth Moving."
- B. Root Pruning at Edge of Protection Zone: Prune tree roots 6 inchesinside of the protection zone by cleanly cutting all roots to the depth of the required excavation.

C. Root Pruning within Protection Zone: Clear and excavate by hand or with air spade to the depth of the required excavation to minimize damage to tree root systems. If excavating by hand, use narrow-tine spading forks to comb soil to expose roots. Cleanly cut roots as close to excavation as possible.

## 3.6 <u>CROWN PRUNING</u>

- A. Prune branches that are affected by temporary and permanent construction. Prune branches as directed by arborist.
  - 1. Prune to remove only injured, broken, dying, or dead branches unless otherwise indicated. Do not prune for shape unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Do not remove or reduce living branches to compensate for root loss caused by damaging or cutting root system.
  - 3. Pruning Standards: Prune trees according to ANSI A300 (Part 1).
- B. Unless otherwise directed by arborist and acceptable to Architect, do not cut tree leaders.
- C. Cut branches with sharp pruning instruments; do not break or chop.
- D. Do not paint or apply sealants to wounds.
- E. Provide subsequent maintenance pruning during Contract period as recommended by arborist.
- F. Chip removed branches and dispose of off-site.

### 3.7 <u>REGRADING</u>

- A. Lowering Grade: Where new finish grade is indicated below existing grade around trees, slope grade beyond the protection zone. Maintain existing grades within the protection zone.
- B. Lowering Grade within Protection Zone: Where new finish grade is indicated below existing grade around trees, slope grade away from trees as recommended by arborist unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Root Pruning: Prune tree roots exposed by lowering the grade. Do not cut main lateral roots or taproots; cut only smaller roots. Cut roots as required for root pruning.
- C. Raising Grade: Where new finish grade is indicated above existing grade around trees, slope grade beyond the protection zone. Maintain existing grades within the protection zone.

D. Minor Fill within Protection Zone: Where existing grade is 2 inchesor less below elevation of finish grade, fill with backfill soil. Place backfill soil in a single uncompacted layer and hand grade to required finish elevations.

## 3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

A. Inspections: Engage a qualified arborist to direct plant-protection measures in the vicinity of trees, shrubs, and other vegetation indicated to remain and to prepare inspection reports.

## 3.9 REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

- A. General: Repair or replace trees, shrubs, and other vegetation indicated to remain or to be relocated that are damaged by construction operations, in a manner approved by Architect.
  - 1. Submit details of proposed pruning and repairs.
  - 2. Perform repairs of damaged trunks, branches, and roots within 24 hours according to arborist's written instructions.
  - 3. Replace trees and other plants that cannot be repaired and restored to full-growth status, as determined by Architect.
- B. Trees: Remove and replace trees indicated to remain that are more than 25 percent dead or in an unhealth condition before the end of the corrections period or are damaged during construction operations that Architect determines are incapable of restoring to normal growth pattern.
  - 1. Small Trees: Provide new trees of same size and species as those being replaced for each tree that measures 6 inchesor smaller in caliper size.
  - 2. Large Trees: Provide one new tree of 6-inch caliper size for each tree being replaced that measures more than 6 inchesin caliper size.
    - a. Species: As selected by Owner.
  - 3. Plant and maintain new trees as directed by State-approved nursery.
- C. Excess Mulch: Rake mulched area within protection zones, being careful not to injure roots. Rake to loosen and remove mulch that exceeds a 4-inchuniform thickness to remain.
- D. Soil Aeration: Where directed by Architect, aerate surface soil compacted during construction. Aerate 10 feetbeyond drip line and no closer than 36 inchesto tree trunk. Drill 2-inch diameter holes a minimum of 12 inches deep at 24 inches o.c. Backfill holes with an equal mix of augered soil and sand.

## 3.10 <u>DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS AND WASTE MATERIALS</u>

A. Disposal: Remove excess excavated material, displaced trees, trash, and debris and legally dispose of them off Owner's property.

**END OF SECTION 01 56 39** 

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#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

**A.** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements governing the Contractor's selection of products for use in the Project.
- **B. Related Sections:** The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Division 01 Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures" specifies administrative procedures for handling requests for substitutions made after award of the Contract.
  - 2. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" specifies requirements for submittal of the Contractor's Construction Schedule and the Submittal Schedule.
  - 3. Division 01 Section 01 42 20 "Reference Standards and Definitions" specifies the applicability of industry standards to products specified.

#### 1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- **A.** Definitions used in this Article are not intended to change the meaning of other terms used in the Contract Documents, such as "specialties," "systems," "structure," "finishes," "accessories," and similar terms. Such terms are self-explanatory and have well-recognized meanings in the construction industry.
  - 1. "Products" are items purchased for incorporation in the Work, whether purchased for the Project or taken from previously purchased stock. The term "product" includes the terms "material," "equipment," "system," and terms of similar intent.
    - a. "Named Products" are items identified by the manufacturer's product name, including make or model number or other designation, shown or listed in the manufacturer's published product literature, which is current as of the date of the Contract Documents.
  - 2. "Materials" are products substantially shaped, cut, worked, mixed, finished, refined or otherwise fabricated, processed, or installed to form a part of the Work.
  - 3. "Equipment" is a product with operational parts, whether motorized or manually operated, that requires service connections, such as wiring or piping.

#### 1.4 **OUALITY ASSURANCE**

**A. Source Limitations:** To the fullest extent possible, provide products of the same kind from a single source.

- **B.** Compatibility of Options: When the Contractor is given the option of selecting between two (2) or more products for use on the Project, the product selected shall be compatible with products previously selected, even if previously selected products were also options.
- **C. Nameplates:** Except for required labels and operating data, do not attach or imprint manufacturer's or producer's nameplates or trademarks on exposed surfaces of products that will be exposed to view in occupied spaces or on the exterior.
  - 1. Labels: Locate required product labels and stamps on concealed surfaces or, where required for observation after installation, on accessible surfaces that are not conspicuous.
  - 2. Equipment Nameplates: Provide a permanent nameplate on each item of service-connected or power-operated equipment. Locate on an easily accessible surface that is inconspicuous in occupied spaces. The nameplate shall contain the following information and other essential operating data:
    - a. Name of product and manufacturer.
    - b. Model and serial number.
    - c. Capacity.
    - d. Speed.
    - e. Ratings.

### 1.5 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- **A.** Deliver, store, and handle products according to the manufacturer's recommendations, using means and methods that will prevent damage, deterioration, and loss, including theft.
  - 1. Schedule delivery to minimize long-term storage at the site and to prevent overcrowding of construction spaces.
  - 2. Coordinate delivery with installation time to assure minimum holding time for items that are flammable, hazardous, easily damaged, or sensitive to deterioration, theft, and other losses.
  - 3. Deliver products to the site in an undamaged condition in the manufacturer's original sealed container or other packaging system, complete with labels and instructions for handling, storing, unpacking, protecting, and installing. Store products in accordance with manufacturers' instructions and maintain within temperature and humidity range required by manufacturer.
  - 4. Inspect products upon delivery to ensure compliance with the Contract Documents and to ensure that products are undamaged and properly protected.
  - 5. Store products at the site in a manner that will facilitate inspection and measurement of quantity or counting of units.

- 6. Store heavy materials away from the Project structure in a manner that will not endanger the supporting construction.
- 7. Store products subject to damage by the elements above ground, under cover in a weathertight enclosure, with ventilation adequate to prevent condensation.
- 8. For exterior storage of fabricated products, place on sloped supports above ground. Cover products subject to deterioration with impervious sheet covering; provide ventilation to avoid condensation.
- 9. Store loose granular material on solid surfaces in a well-drained area; prevent mixing with foreign matter.
- 10. Arrange storage to provide access for inspection. Periodically inspect to insure products are undamaged and are maintained under required conditions. Keep log showing date, time and problems, if any.
- 11. Stone, masonry units and similar materials shall be stored on platforms or dry skids and shall be adequately covered and protected against damage.
- 12. Materials and equipment shall be delivered, stored and handled to prevent intrusion of foreign matter and damage by weather or breakage. Packaged materials shall be delivered and stored in original, unbroken packages.
- 13. Promptly inspect shipments to assure that products comply with requirements, that quantities are correct and products are undamaged.
- 14. Packages, materials and equipment showing evidence of damage will be rejected and replaced at no additional cost to the Owner.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 PRODUCT SELECTION

- **A. General Product Requirements:** Provide products that comply with the Contract Documents, that are undamaged and, unless otherwise indicated, new at the time of installation.
  - 1. Provide products complete with accessories, trim, finish, safety guards, and other devices and details needed for a complete installation and the intended use and effect.
  - 2. Standard Products: Where available, provide standard products of types that have been produced and used successfully in similar situations on other projects.
- **B. Product Selection Procedures:** The Contract Documents and governing regulations govern product selection. Procedures governing product selection include the following:
  - 1. Semi-proprietary Specification Requirements: Where Specifications name two (2) or more products or manufacturers, provide one (1) of the products indicated. Comply with the requirements of Division 01 Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures."
  - 2. Descriptive Specification Requirements: Where Specifications describe a product or assembly, listing exact characteristics required, with or without use of a brand or

- trade name, provide a product or assembly that provides the characteristics and otherwise complies with Contract requirements.
- 3. Compliance with Standards, Codes, and Regulations: Where Specifications only require compliance with an imposed code, standard, or regulation, select a product that complies with the standards, codes, or regulations specified.
- 4. Visual Selection: Where specified product requirements include the phrase "...as selected from manufacturer's standard colors, patterns, textures..." or a similar phrase, select a product and manufacturer that complies with other specified requirements. The Architect will select the color, pattern, and texture from the product line selected.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

## 3.1 INSTALLATION OF PRODUCTS

- **A.** Comply with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations for installation of products in the applications indicated. Anchor each product securely in place, accurately located and aligned with other Work.
  - 1. Clean exposed surfaces and protect as necessary to ensure freedom from damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 01 60 00

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 **SUMMARY**

- **A. General:** This Section specifies administrative and procedural requirements for field engineering services including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Land survey work.
  - 2. Civil Engineering services.
  - 3. Structural steel repairs.
  - 4. Concrete construction.
  - 5. Damage surveys.
  - 6. Geo-technical monitoring.
  - 7. City of Bridgeport requirements.
- **B. Related Sections:** The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Division 01 Section 01 31 00 "Project Management and Coordination" for procedures for coordinating field engineering with other construction activities.
  - 2. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" for submitting Project record surveys.
  - 3. Division 01 Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures" for submitting final property survey with Project Record Documents and recording of Owner-accepted deviations from indicated lines and levels.

## 1.3 **SUBMITTALS**

- **A.** Certificates: Submit a certificate from the Connecticut Registered Land Surveyor stating that the control information furnished by the Owner is accurate or identify inaccuracies, if they exist. The Contractor shall not take advantage of errors, which may be included in the control information. Stakes and markings shall be preserved.
- **B. Final Property Survey:** Prepare and submit 10 hard copies, PDF (in PMWeb), and CDROM's of the final property survey that includes all new drainage and utility work. Include locations, elevations, inverts, sizes, offsets, as-built parking areas including the garage addition, fencing, sidewalks, etc.
- **C. Project Record Documents:** Submit a record of Work performed and record survey data as required under provisions of "Submittals" and "Project Closeout" Sections.

#### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- **A.** Provide field engineering services to establish and record grades, lines and elevations.
- **B.** The Contractor shall retain a Land Surveyor registered by the State of Connecticut to confirm State furnished base lines and benchmarks, lay out the garage addition, verify existing steel elevations, verify finished grades, layout underground utility lines, layout storm drainage, and other site work to establish and record the necessary elevations, at no additional cost to the State.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

## 3.1 EXAMINATION

- **A.** Verify layout information shown on the Drawings, in relation to the property survey and existing benchmarks. Notify the Construction Administrator of any discrepancies immediately in writing before proceeding to lay out the Work. Locate and protect existing benchmarks and base line. Preserve permanent reference points during construction.
  - 1. Do not change or relocate benchmarks or base line without prior written approval. Promptly report lost or destroyed reference points or requirements to relocate reference points because of necessary changes in grades or locations.
  - 2. Promptly replace lost or destroyed Project baseline benchmarks. Base replacements on the original survey control points.
- **B.** Establish and maintain a sufficient quantity of (minimum of 2) permanent benchmarks on the site, referenced to data established by Owner supplied information.
  - 1. Record benchmark locations, with horizontal and vertical data, on Project Record Documents.
- **C. Existing Utilities and Equipment:** The existence and location of underground and other utilities and construction indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning sitework, investigate and verify the existence and location of underground utilities and other construction.
  - 1. Prior to construction, verify the location and invert elevation at points of connection of sanitary sewer, storm sewer, and water-service piping. Notify the Construction Administrator of any discrepancies prior to proceeding.

#### 3.2 PERFORMANCE

**A.** Work from lines and levels established by the property survey. Establish benchmarks and control points to set lines and levels at each story of construction and elsewhere as needed to locate each element of the Project. Calculate and measure required dimensions

within indicated or recognized tolerances. Do not scale Drawings to determine dimensions.

- 1. Advise entities engaged in construction activities of benchmarks and control points for their use.
- 2. As construction proceeds, check every major element for line, level, and plumb.
- **B.** Surveyor's Log: Maintain a surveyor's log of control and other survey work. Make this log available for reference.
  - Record deviations from required lines and levels, and advise the Construction Administrator when deviations that exceed indicated or recognized tolerances are detected. On Project Record Drawings, record deviations that are accepted and not corrected.
  - 2. On completion of foundation walls, major site improvements, underground utilities, and other Work requiring field-engineering services, prepare a certified survey showing dimensions, locations, angles, elevations of construction, as-built locations and site work.
- **C. Site Improvements:** Locate and lay out site improvements, including pavements, stakes for grading, fill and topsoil placement, utility slopes, and invert elevations.
- **D. Building Lines and Levels:** Locate and lay out batter boards for structures, building foundations, column grids and locations, floor levels, and control lines and levels required for mechanical and electrical work.
- **E.** Verify and record all precast panels: Before removing the existing precast panels each should be surveyed and identified by location for storage and re-installation.
- **F. Verify structural steel:** Immediately after the existing structural parking deck has been removed all existing structural steel should be surveyed for elevation and location.
- **G. Verify existing storm drainage:** The inverts and location of the existing storm manhole in White Street should be verified before ordering materials, and before trench layout and excavation begins.
- **H. Existing Utilities:** Furnish information necessary to adjust, move, or relocate existing structures, utility poles, lines, services, or other appurtenances located in or affected by construction. Coordinate with local authorities having jurisdiction.
- **I. Final Property Survey:** Prepare a final property survey showing significant features (real property) for the Project. Include on the survey a certification, signed by the surveyor, that principal metes, bounds, lines, and levels of the Project are accurately positioned as shown on the survey. Final copies shall be provided to the Owner and saved in PMWeb. (AutoCAD & PDF versions)
- **J. Final utility Survey:** Prepare a final utility survey with as-built information for all storm and sanitary services and file copies with the City. Once accepted by the City, copies shall be provided to the Owner and saved in PMWeb. (AutoCAD & PDF versions)

#### END OF SECTION 01 71 23

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## PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

**A.** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for cutting and patching.
- **B. Related Sections:** The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Division 01 Section 01 31 00 "Project Management and Coordination" for procedures for coordinating cutting and patching with other construction activities.
  - **2.** Division 01 Section 01 35 16 "Alteration Project Procedures" for procedures for coordinating cutting and patching with other construction activities.
  - **3.** Division 02 Section 02 41 19 "Selective Structure Demolition" for demolition of selected portions of the building for alterations.
  - **4.** Refer to other Sections for specific requirements and limitations applicable to cutting and patching individual parts of the Work.
    - **a.** Requirements of this Section apply to mechanical and electrical installations. Refer to Division 22, 23, 26, and 33 Sections for other requirements and limitations applicable to cutting and patching mechanical and electrical installations, storm drainage, and other utilities.

## 1.3 **SUBMITTALS**

- **A. Cutting and Patching Proposal:** Submit a proposal to the Construction Administrator describing procedures well in advance of the time cutting and patching will be performed and if the Owner's Representative and/or Architect/Engineer requires approval of these procedures before proceeding. Request approval to proceed. Include the following information, as applicable, in the proposal:
  - 1. Describe the extent of cutting and patching required. Show how it will be performed and indicate why it cannot be avoided.
  - 2. Describe anticipated results in terms of changes to existing construction. Include changes to structural elements and operating components as well as changes in the building's appearance and other significant visual elements.
  - **3.** Describe affects to integrity of weather exposed or moisture resistant element.
  - **4.** Describe affects to efficiency, maintenance, or safety of any operational element.
  - **5.** Describe affects to Work of Owner or separate contractor.

- **6.** List products to be used and firms or entities that will perform Work.
- 7. Indicate dates when cutting and patching will be performed.
- **8.** Describe temporary bracing and supports.
- **9. Utilities:** List utilities that cutting and patching procedures will disturb or affect. List utilities that will be relocated and those that will be temporarily out of service. Indicate how long service will be disrupted.
- **10.** Where cutting and patching involves adding reinforcement to structural elements, submit details and engineering calculations sealed by an Engineer registered in the State of Connecticut showing integration of reinforcement with the original structure.
- 11. Approval by the Construction Administrator to proceed with cutting and patching does not waive the Architect/Engineer of Record's rights to later require complete removal and replacement of unsatisfactory Work.

## 1.4 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- **A. Requirements for Structural Work:** Do not cut and patch structural elements in a manner that would change their load-carrying capacity or load-deflection ratio.
  - 1. Obtain approval from the Engineer of the cutting and patching proposal before cutting and patching the following structural elements:
    - a. Foundation construction.
    - b. Bearing and retaining walls.
    - c. Structural concrete.
    - d. Structural steel.
    - e. Lintels.
    - f. Structural decking.
    - g. Precast concrete panel supports.
    - h. Miscellaneous structural metals.
    - i. Piping, ductwork, vessels, and equipment.
- **B.** Operational Limitations: Do not cut and patch operating elements or related components in a manner that would result in reducing their capacity to perform as intended. Do not cut and patch operating elements or related components in a manner that would result in increased maintenance or decreased operational life or safety.
  - 1. Obtain Engineer's approval of the cutting and patching proposal before cutting and patching the following operating elements or safety related systems:
    - a. Primary operational systems and equipment.
    - b. Water, moisture, or vapor barriers.
    - c. Membranes and flashings.
    - d. Fire protection systems.

- e. Control systems.
- f. Electrical wiring systems.
- **C. Visual Requirements:** Do not cut and patch construction exposed on the exterior or in occupied spaces in a manner that would, in the Architect's opinion, reduce the building's aesthetic qualities. Do not cut and patch construction in a manner that would result in visual evidence of cutting and patching. Remove and replace construction cut and patched in a visually unsatisfactory manner.

## 1.5 WARRANTY

**A. Existing Warranties:** Replace, patch, and repair material and surfaces cut or damaged by methods and with materials in such a manner as not to void any warranties required or existing.

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### 2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

- **A.** Use materials identical to existing materials. For exposed surfaces, use materials that visually match existing adjacent surfaces to the fullest extent possible if identical materials are unavailable or cannot be used. Use materials whose installed performance will equal or surpass that of existing materials.
- **B.** The Contractor shall install sleeves, inserts and hangers furnished by the trades needing same.

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

## 3.1 <u>INSPECTION</u>

- **A.** Examine surfaces to be cut and patched and conditions under which cutting and patching is to be performed before cutting. If unsafe or unsatisfactory conditions are encountered, notify the Construction Administrator and Architect, before proceeding with corrective action.
- **B.** Openings and chases may not be shown on the Drawings. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to examine the Architectural, Electrical, Heating, Cooling, Ventilating and Plumbing Drawings and to provide chases, channels or openings where needed.
  - 1. After installing Work into openings, channels and/or chases, the Contractor shall close same. If finishes are to be restored, the new Work shall match the original and shall be done by the trade customarily responsible for the particular kind of Work.
- C. The Contractor shall verify dimensions for built-in Work and/or Work adjoining that of other trades before ordering any material or doing any Work. Discrepancies shall be submitted to the Construction Administrator before proceeding with the Work.
- **D.** See also General Conditions Article 23 "Cutting, Fitting, Patching & Digging".

## 3.2 PREPARATION

- **A.** Temporary Support: Provide temporary support of Work to be cut.
- **B.** Protection: Protect existing construction during cutting and patching to prevent damage. Provide protection from adverse weather conditions for portions of the Work that might be exposed during cutting and patching operations.
- **C.** Avoid interference with use of adjoining areas or interruption of free passage to adjoining areas.
- **D.** Avoid cutting existing pipe, conduit, or ductwork serving the building but scheduled to be removed or relocated until provisions have been made to bypass them.

## 3.3 PERFORMANCE

- **A. General:** Employ skilled workmen to perform cutting and patching. Proceed with cutting and patching at the earliest feasible time and complete without delay.
  - 1. Cut existing construction to provide for installation of other components or performance of other construction activities and the subsequent fitting and patching required to restore surfaces to their original condition.
  - 2. Do perform cutting and patching to integrate elements of Work. Provide penetrations of existing surfaces. Provide samples for testing. Seal penetrations through floors, walls, ceilings and roofs, as applicable; restore or preserve fire-rated and smokebarrier construction. Construction and finishes shall match original Work.
- **B.** Cutting: Cut existing construction using methods least likely to damage elements retained or adjoining construction. Where possible, review proposed procedures with the original Installer; comply with the original Installer's recommendations.
  - 1. In general, where cutting, use hand or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping. Cut holes and slots as small as possible, neatly to size required, and with minimum disturbance of adjacent surfaces. Temporarily cover openings when not in use.
  - **2.** To avoid marring existing finished surfaces, cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces.
  - **3.** Cut through concrete and masonry using a cutting machine, such as a Carborundum saw or a diamond-core drill.
  - **4.** Comply with requirements of applicable Division 32 Sections where cutting and patching requires excavating and backfilling.
  - **5.** Where services are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, by-pass utility services, such as pipe or conduit, before cutting. Cut-off pipe or conduit in walls or partitions to be removed. Cap, valve, or plug and seal the remaining portion of pipe or conduit to prevent entrance of moisture or other foreign matter after by-passing and cutting.

- **C. Patching:** Patch with durable seams that are as invisible as possible. Comply with specified tolerances.
  - 1. Where feasible, inspect and test patched areas to demonstrate integrity of the installation.
  - 2. Restore exposed finishes of patched areas and extend finish restoration into retained adjoining construction in a manner that will eliminate evidence of patching and refinishing.
  - **3.** Where removing walls or partitions extends one finished area into another, patch and repair floor and wall surfaces in the new space. Provide an even surface of uniform color and appearance. Remove existing floor and wall coverings and replace with new materials, if necessary, to achieve uniform color and appearance.
    - **a.** Where patching occurs in a smooth painted surface, extend final paint coat over entire unbroken surface containing the patch after the area has received primer and second coat.
  - **4.** Patch, repair, or re-hang existing ceilings as necessary to provide an even-plane surface of uniform appearance.

## 3.4 CLEANING

**A.** Clean areas and spaces where cutting and patching are performed. Completely remove paint, mortar, oils, putty, and similar items. Thoroughly clean piping, conduit, and similar features before applying paint or other finishing materials. Restore damaged pipe covering to its original condition.

END OF SECTION 01 73 29

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## **PART 1 - GENERAL**

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

**A.** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- **A.** This Section includes requirements for waste management goals, waste management plan and waste management plan implementation.
- **B.** Related Sections: The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Division 01 Section 01 11 00 "Summary of Work".
  - 2. Division 01 Section 01 20 00 "Price and Payment Procedures".
  - 3. Division 01 Section 01 25 00 "Substitution Procedures".
  - **4.** Division 01 Section 01 31 19 "Project Meetings".
  - 5. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures".
  - **6.** Division 01 Section 01 45 00 "Quality Control".
  - 7. Division 01 Section 01 50 00 "Temporary Facilities and Controls".
  - **8.** Division 01 Section 01 60 00 "Product Requirements".
  - **9.** Division 01 Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures".

## 1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- **A. Construction Waste:** Solid wastes such as building materials, packaging and rubble resulting from construction, paving and infrastructure.
- **B. Demolition Waste:** Solid wastes such as concrete, wood, brick, plaster, roofing materials, wallboard, metals, carpeting, insulation, and clean fill resulting from demolition or selective demolition of structures.
- **C. Recyclable Materials:** Products and materials that can be recovered and remanufactured into a new product. Recyclable materials include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Metals (ferrous and non-ferrous), including banding, metal studs, ductwork, and piping.
  - 2. Asphaltic concrete paving.
  - **3.** Portland cement concrete.
  - **4.** Gypsum products.
  - **5.** Paper and cardboard.
  - **6.** Wood products, including structural, finish, crates, and pallets.
  - **7.** Brick and masonry.

- **9.** Plastics.
- **10.** Copper wiring.
- **D. Recycling Facility:** A business that specializes in collecting, handling, processing, distributing, or remanufacturing waste materials generated by new construction projects, into products or materials that can be used for this project or by others.
- **E. Salvage and Reuse:** Existing usable product or material that can be saved and reused in some manner on the project site. Materials for reuse must be approved by the Architect. Materials that can be salvaged and reused must comply with applicable technical specifications and include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Dimensional lumber and other wood products.
  - 2. Structural steel.
  - 3. Soil.
  - 4. Masonry products.
  - **5**. Plants.
- **F. Salvage for Resale:** Existing usable product that can be saved and removed intact (as is) from the project site to another site for resale to others without remanufacturing.

#### 1.4 WASTE MANAGEMENT GOALS

- **A.** The Owner has established that this Project shall generate the least amount of waste possible and that processes that ensure the generation of as little waste as possible due to error, poor planning, breakage, mishandling, contamination, or other factors shall be employed.
- **B.** The Contractor shall use all means available to divert the greatest extent practical and economically feasible, construction waste from landfills and incinerators.
- **C.** Of the inevitable waste that is generated, as many of the waste materials as economically feasible shall be reused, salvaged, or recycled. Waste disposal in landfills shall be minimized.
- **D.** Recycle and/or salvage a minimum of 75 percent of non-hazardous construction and demolition waste by weight of the total solid waste generated by the Project.
- **E.** With regard to these goals the Contractor shall develop, for the Architect's review, a Waste Management Plan for this Project.
- **F.** Take a pro-active, responsible role in management of construction waste and require all subcontractors, vendors, and suppliers to participate in the effort. Establish a construction waste management program that includes the following categories:
  - **1.** Minimizing packaging waste.
  - 2. Salvage and reuse.
  - **3.** Salvage for resale or donation.
  - **4.** Recycling.

**5.** Disposal.

## 1.5 **SUBMITTALS**

- **A. Draft Waste Management Plan:** Within 30 days after receipt of Notice of Award of Bid, or prior to any waste removal, whichever occurs sooner, the Contractor shall submit three (3) copies of a Draft Waste Management Plan to the Construction Administrator.
- **B. Final Waste Management Plan:** Once the Owner has determined which of the recycling options addressed in the Draft Waste Management Plan are acceptable, the Contractor shall submit within 10 days three (3) copies of a Final Waste Management Plan.
- **C. Progress Reports:** Submit three (3) copies of monthly progress reports, at the same time as the Application for Payment, documenting the following:
  - 1. Material category.
  - 2. Point of waste generation.
  - **3.** Total quantity of waste in tons.
  - 4. Quantity of waste salvaged, in tons.
  - **5.** Quantity of waste recycled, in tons.
  - **6.** Total quantity of waste recovered (salvaged plus recycled) in tons.
  - 7. Total quantity of waste recovered (salvaged plus recycled) as a percentage of total waste.
- **D. Calculations:** Submit three (3) copies of calculations indicating the end-of-project rates for salvage, recycling, and disposal as a percentage of total waste generated by the Project prior to Substantial Completion.

#### E. Record Submittals:

- **1. Donations:** Indicate which salvageable materials were donated, who they were donated to, and whether the recipient is tax exempt. Submit documentation indicating receipt of donations.
- **2. Sales:** Indicate which salvageable materials were sold, who they were sold to, and whether the recipient is tax exempt. Submit documentation indicating receipt of materials.
- **3. Recycling:** Indicate which materials were recycled and the name of the facility licensed to accept them. Submit documentation such as manifests, weight tickets, receipts, and invoices.
- **4. Waste Disposal:** Indicate which materials were accepted as waste by landfills and incinerator facilities licensed to accept them. Submit documentation indicating receipt of materials.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- **A. Regulatory Requirements:** Comply with regulations of State of Connecticut Department of Environment Protection, Waste Management Bureau Recycling Program.
- **B.** Waste Management Conference: Review and discuss the waste management plan, requirements for documenting quantities of each type of waste and its disposition, procedures for materials separation, procedures for periodic collection and transportation to recycling and disposal facilities. Review waste management requirements for each trade. Verify availability of containers and bins needed to avoid delays.

## 1.7 WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN

- A. Draft Waste Management Plan: Include the following in the Draft Plan:
  - 1. Analysis of the proposed jobsite waste to be generated, including types and quantities.
  - **2.** Landfill Options: The name of the landfill(s) where trash will be disposed of, the applicable landfill tipping fee(s), and the projected cost of disposing of all Project waste in the landfill(s).
  - **3. Alternatives to Landfilling:** A list of each material proposed to be salvaged, reused, or recycled during the course of the Project, the proposed local market for each material, and the estimated net cost savings or additional costs resulting from separating and recycling (versus landfilling) each material. "Net" means that the following have been subtracted from the cost of separating and recycling:
    - a. Revenue from the sale of recycled or salvaged materials and
    - **b.** Landfill tipping fees saved due to diversion of materials from the landfill. The list of these materials is to include, at a minimum, the following materials:
      - i) Cardboard.
      - ii) Clean dimensional wood.
      - iii) Beverage containers.
      - iv) Land clearing debris.
      - v) Concrete.
      - vi) Bricks.
      - vii) Concrete Masonry Units (CMU).
      - viii) Asphalt.
      - ix) Metals from banding, stud trim, ductwork, piping, rebar, roofing, other trim, steel, iron, galvanized sheet steel, stainless steel, aluminum, copper, zinc, lead, brass, and bronze.
- **B. Resources for Development of Waste Management Plan:** The following sources may be useful in developing the Draft Waste Management Plan:
  - 1. Recycling Haulers and Markets: Local haulers and markets for recyclable materials. For more information, contact the State of Connecticut Department of

Environmental Protection, Waste Management Bureau Recycling Program, (860) 424-3365,

www.dep.state.ct.us/wst/recycle/ctrecycle.htm.

- **C. Final Waste Management Plan:** The Final Waste Management Plan shall contain the following:
  - 1. Analysis of the proposed jobsite waste to be generated, including types and quantities.
  - **2. Landfill Options:** The name of the landfill(s) where trash will be disposed of, the applicable landfill tipping fee(s), and the projected cost of disposing of all Project waste in the landfill(s).
  - **3. Alternatives to Landfilling:** A list of the waste materials from the Project that will be separated for reuse, salvage, or recycling.
  - **4. Meetings:** A description of the regular meetings to be held to address waste management. Refer to Section 01 31 19 "Project Meetings".
  - **5. Materials Handling Procedures:** A description of the means by which any waste materials identified in item (3) above will be protected from contamination, and a description of the means to be employed in recycling the above materials consistent with requirements for acceptance by designated facilities.
  - **6. Transportation:** A description of the means of transportation of the recyclable materials (whether materials will be site-separated and self-hauled to designated centers, or whether mixed materials will be collected by a waste hauler and removed from the site) and destination of materials.

## 1.8 WASTE MANAGEMENT PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

- **A. Manager:** The Contractor shall designate an on-site party (or parties) responsible for instructing workers and overseeing and documenting results of the Waste Management Plan for the Project.
- **B. Distribution:** The Contractor shall distribute copies of the Waste Management Plan to the Job Site Foreman, each Subcontractor, the Owner, and the Architect.
- **C. Instruction:** The Contractor shall provide on-site instruction of appropriate separation, handling, and recycling, salvage, reuse, and return methods to be used by all parties at the appropriate stages of the Project.
- **D.** Separation Facilities: The Contractor shall lay out and label a specific area to facilitate separation of materials for potential recycling, salvage, reuse, and return. Recycling and waste bin areas are to be kept neat and clean and clearly marked in order to avoid contamination of materials.
- **E. Hazardous Wastes:** Hazardous wastes shall be separated, stored, and disposed of according to local regulations.
- **F. Application for Progress Payments:** The Contractor shall submit with each Application for Progress Payment a Summary of Waste Generated by the Project. Failure

to submit this information shall render the Application for Payment incomplete and shall delay Progress Payment. The Summary shall be submitted on a form acceptable to the Owner and shall contain the following information:

- 1. The amount (in tons or cubic yards) of material landfilled from the Project, the identity of the landfill, the total amount of tipping fees paid at the landfill, and the total disposal cost. Include manifests, weight tickets, receipt, and invoices.
- 2. For each material recycled, reused, or salvaged from the Project: the amount (in tons or cubic yards), the date removed from the jobsite, the receiving party, the transportation cost, the amount of any money paid or received for the recycled or salvaged material, and the net total cost or savings of salvage or recycling of each material shall be indicated. Attach manifests, weight tickets, receipts, and invoices.

## PART 2 – PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

## PART 3 – EXECUTION

#### 3.1 PLAN IMPLEMENTATION

- **A.** Implement the waste management plan as approved by Owner.
- **B.** Provide training of workers, contractors, subcontractors, and suppliers on proper waste management procedures.
  - 1. Distribute waste management plan to all parties involved in the Project within three (3) days of submittal return.
  - 2. Distribute plan to parties when they first begin working on the Project site. Review plan procedures and locations established for salvage, recycling, and disposal.

## 3.2 SEPARATION OF RECYCLABLE WASTE MATERIALS

- **A.** Provide the necessary containers and bins, to facilitate the waste management program, that are clearly and appropriately marked. Prevent contamination of recyclable materials from incompatible products and materials. Separate construction waste at the project site by one of the following methods:
  - 1. Source Separated Method: Waste products and materials, that are recyclable, are separated from trash and sorted into appropriately marked separate containers and then transported to the respective recycling facility for further processing. Trash is transported to a landfill or incinerator.
  - **2. Co-Mingled Method:** All construction waste is placed into a single container and then transported to a recycling facility where the recyclable materials are sorted and processed and the remaining trash is transported to a landfill or incinerator.
  - **3.** Other methods proposed by the Contractor and approved by the Owner.

## **END OF SECTION 01 74 19**

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 **SUMMARY**

- **A.** This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for contract closeout including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Inspection procedures.
  - 2. Project record document submittal.
  - 3. Operation and maintenance manual submittal.
  - 4. Submittal of warranties.
  - 5. Final cleaning.
- **B. Related Sections:** The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Division 01 Section 01 11 00 "Summary of Work".
  - 2. Division 01 Section 01 29 76 "Progress Payment Procedures".
- **C.** Closeout requirements for specific construction activities may be included in the appropriate Sections in Divisions 02 through 49.

## 1.3 SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

- **A. General:** Basic contract definitions are included in Article 1 of the General Conditions of the Contract for Construction.
- **B. Preliminary Procedures:** Before requesting inspection for Certification of Substantial Completion, complete the following. List exceptions in the request.
  - 1. In the Application for Payment that coincides with, or first follows, the date Substantial Completion is claimed, show 100 percent completion for the portion of the Work claimed as substantially complete.
    - a. Include supporting documentation for completion as indicated in these Contract Documents and a statement showing an accounting of changes to the Contract Sum.
    - b. If 100 percent completion cannot be shown, include a list of incomplete items, the value of incomplete construction, and reasons the Work is not complete.
  - 2. Advise the Owner of pending insurance changeover requirements.
  - 3. Submit specific warranties, workmanship bonds, maintenance agreements, final certifications, and similar documents.

- 4. Obtain and submit releases enabling the Owner unrestricted use of the Work and access to services and utilities. Include occupancy permits, certificates of compliance, operating certificates, and similar releases.
- 5. Submit record drawings, maintenance manuals, damage or settlement surveys, property surveys, and similar final record information.
- 6. Deliver tools, spare parts, extra stock, and similar items.
- 7. Make final changeover of permanent locks and transmit keys to the Owner. Advise the Owner's personnel of changeover in security provisions.
- 8. Demonstrate, thru operation and testing, the functions of all systems and/or equipment to the satisfaction of the Owner for compliance to the Contract. Complete testing of systems and instruction of the Owner's operation and maintenance personnel. Discontinue and remove temporary facilities from the site, along with mockups, construction tools, and similar elements.
- 9. Complete final cleanup requirements.
- C. Inspection Procedures: The Contractor shall be ready and prepared when they request a Substantial Completion inspection. If the inspection reveals that the work is not complete, that there are extensive punchlist items that will take more than forty-five (45) days to complete and as the items listed in Article 1.3 above are not complete, the Construction Administrator, Architect, and Owner will determine the inspection has failed.
- **D.** The Contractor is responsible for all costs to re-inspect due to a failed inspection. The Owner will issue a deduct change order to cover all costs for re-inspection.
  - 1. The Architect will repeat inspection when requested and assured that the Work is substantially complete.
  - 2. Results of the completed inspection will form the basis of requirements for final acceptance.

## 1.4 <u>ACCEPTANCE</u>

- **A. Preliminary Procedures:** Before requesting final inspection for "Certificate of Acceptance" and final payment, complete the following. List exceptions in the request.
  - 1. Submit the final payment request with releases and supporting documentation not previously submitted and accepted. Include insurance certificates for products and completed operations where required.
  - 2. Submit an updated final statement, accounting for final additional changes to the Contract Sum.
  - 3. Submit a certified copy of the Architect's final inspection list of items to be completed or corrected, endorsed and dated by the Architect. The certified copy of the list shall state that each item has been completed or otherwise resolved for acceptance and shall be endorsed and dated by the Architect.

- 4. Submit final meter readings for utilities, a measured record of stored fuel, and similar data as of the date of Substantial Completion or when the Owner took possession of and assumed responsibility for corresponding elements of the Work.
- 5. Submit consent of surety to Final Payment.
- 6. Submit evidence of final, continuing insurance coverage complying with insurance requirements.
- 7. Touch up and otherwise repair and restore marred, exposed finishes, including touchup painting.
- **B. Re-inspection Procedure:** The Inspection Group will re-inspect the Work upon receipt of notice from the Construction Administrator that the Work, including inspection list items from earlier inspections, has been completed, except for items whose completion is delayed under circumstances acceptable to the Owner.
  - 1. Upon completion of re-inspection, the Construction Administrator will prepare a Certificate of Acceptance. If the Work is incomplete, the Construction Administrator will advise the Contractor of Work that is incomplete or of obligations that have not been fulfilled but are required for final acceptance.

## 1.5 AS-BUILT DOCUMENT SUBMITTALS

- **A. General:** The Contractor shall not use As-built Drawings for construction purposes. Protect contractor As-built Drawings from deterioration and loss in a secure, fire-resistant location. Provide access to As-built Drawings for the Architect's reference during normal working hours. Keep documents current; do not permanently conceal any work until required information has been recorded. **IMPORTANT NOTE:** Failure to keep As-built Documents current is sufficient cause to withhold progress payments.
  - 1. The Contractor shall also hire the services of a Surveyor registered in the State of Connecticut to conduct a final survey to determine the location and elevation of all exterior underground utility lines and to record the results, and update the electronic survey file using AutoCAD (2016 or newer).
  - 2. The record of exterior underground utilities shall be made at the time of installation on Mylar film drawing and an electronic survey file using AutoCAD (2016 or newer). The drawing shall bear the seal of the Land Surveyor and a statement of accuracy. Electronic files shall be provided for record.
- **B. As-built Drawings:** The Contractor shall maintain one (1) clean, complete undamaged set of blue or black line white-prints of Contract Drawings and Shop Drawings. Mark the set to show the actual installation where the installation varies substantially from the Work as originally shown. Mark which drawing is most capable of showing conditions fully and accurately. Where Shop Drawings are used, record a cross-reference at the corresponding location on the Contract Drawings. Give particular attention to concealed elements that would be difficult to measure and record at a later date. Update As-built Drawings on a monthly basis coincident with the submittal of the Application for Payment.

- 1. Mark record sets with erasable pencil to distinguish between variations in separate categories of the Work.
- 2. Mark all new information that is not shown on Contract Drawings.
- 3. Note related change-order numbers where applicable.
- 4. Organize record drawing sheets into manageable sets. Bind sets with durable-paper cover sheets; print suitable titles, dates, and other identification on the cover of each set.
- 5. Upon completion of the work, the Contractor shall submit Record Drawings to the Construction Administrator for the Owner's Records who will pass them on to the Architect or Engineer for transferring the changes to the Record Drawing Mylar Tracings.
- 6. Submit electronic format data of all Coordination Drawings as required by the Owner, at no additional cost.
- 7. Refer to Section 01 45 00 "Quality Control" Article 1.3 for required as-built drawings and specifications for fire alarm systems.
- **C. Record Specifications:** The Contractor shall maintain one (1) complete copy of the Project Manual, including Addenda. Include with the Project Manual one (1) copy of other written construction documents, such as Change Orders and modifications issued in printed form during construction.
  - 1. Mark these documents to show substantial variations in actual Work performed in comparison with the text of the Specifications and modifications.
  - 2. Give particular attention to equals and substitutions and selection of options and information on concealed construction that cannot otherwise be readily discerned later by direct observation.
  - 3. Note related record drawing information and Product Data.
  - 4. Upon completion of the Work, submit Record Specifications to the Construction Administrator for the Owner's records.
- **D. Record Product Data:** The Contractor shall maintain one (1) copy of each Product Data submittal. Note related Change Orders and markup of record drawings and Specifications.
  - 1. Mark these documents to show significant variations in actual Work performed in comparison with information submitted. Include variations in products delivered to the site and from the manufacturer's installation instructions and recommendations.
  - 2. Give particular attention to concealed products and portions of the Work that cannot otherwise be readily discerned later by direct observation.
  - 3. Upon completion of markup, submit complete set of Record Product Data to the Construction Administrator for the Owner's records.

- **E. Record Sample Submitted:** Immediately prior to Substantial Completion, the Contractor shall meet with the Construction Administrator, Architect and the Owner's personnel at the Project Site to determine which Samples are to be transmitted to the Owner for record purposes. Comply with the Owner's instructions regarding delivery to the Owner's Sample storage area.
- **F. Miscellaneous Record Submittals:** Refer to other Specification Sections for requirements of miscellaneous record keeping and submittals in connection with actual performance of the Work. Immediately prior to the date or dates of Substantial Completion, complete miscellaneous records and place in good order. Identify miscellaneous records properly and bind or file, ready for continued use and reference. Submit to the Construction Administrator for the Owner's records.
- **G. Maintenance Manuals:** Organize operation and maintenance data into suitable sets of manageable size. Bind properly indexed data in individual, heavy-duty, 2-inch, 3-ring, vinyl-covered binders, with pocket folders for folded sheet information. Mark appropriate identification on front and spine of each binder according to Division 01. Included but not limited to the following types of information:
  - 1. Spare parts list.
  - 2. Copies of warranties.
  - 3. Wiring diagrams.
  - 4. Recommended "turn-around" cycles.
  - 5. Inspection procedures.
  - 6. Shop Drawings and Product Data.
  - 7. Fixture lamping schedule.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

## **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

## 3.1 CLOSEOUT PROCEDURES

- **A. Operation and Maintenance Instructions:** Arrange for each Installer of equipment that requires regular maintenance to meet with the Owner's personnel to provide instruction in proper operation and maintenance. Provide instruction by manufacturer's representatives if installers are not experienced in operation and maintenance procedures. Include a detailed review of the following items:
  - 1. Maintenance manuals.
  - 2. Record documents.
  - 3. Spare parts and materials.
  - 4. Tools.

- 5. Lubricants.
- Fuels.
- 7. Identification systems.
- 8. Control sequences.
- 9. Hazards.
- 10. Cleaning.
- 11. Warranties and bonds.
- 12. Maintenance agreements and similar continuing commitments.

#### 3.2 FINAL CLEANING

- **A. General:** The General Conditions require general cleaning during construction. Regular site cleaning is included in Division 01 Section 01 50 00 "Temporary Facilities and Controls."
- **B.** Cleaning: Employ professional cleaners for final cleaning. Clean each surface or unit to the condition expected in a normal, commercial building cleaning and maintenance program. Comply with manufacturer's instructions.
  - 1. Complete the following cleaning operations before requesting inspection for Certification of Substantial Completion and Certification of Occupancy.
  - 2. Interior:
    - a. Remove labels that are not permanent labels.
    - b. Clean transparent materials, including mirrors and glass in doors and windows. Remove glazing compounds and other substances that are noticeable vision-obscuring materials. Replace chipped or broken glass and other damaged transparent materials. Remove paint spots; wash and polish glass.
    - c. Clean exposed interior hard-surfaced finishes to a dust-free condition, free of stains, films, and similar foreign substances. Restore reflective surfaces to their original condition. Leave concrete floors broom clean.
    - d. Wash washable surfaces. Remove excess lubrication and other substances. Clean plumbing fixtures to a sanitary condition. Clean light fixtures and lamps.
    - e. Clean and polish finish hardware.
    - f. Clean and polish tile and other glazed surfaces.
    - g. Vacuum and/or dust walls, lighting fixtures, ceiling diffusers and other wall items.
    - h. Remove defacements, streaks, fingerprints and erection marks.

#### 3. Exterior:

a. Clean the site, including landscape development areas, of rubbish, litter, and other foreign substances. Sweep paved areas broom clean; remove stains, spills, and

- other foreign deposits. Rake grounds that are neither paved nor planted, to a smooth, even-textured surface.
- b. Clean exposed exterior hard-surfaced finishes to a dust-free condition, free of stains, films, and similar foreign substances.
- c. Clean roofs, gutters and downspouts.
- d. Remove waste and surplus materials, rubbish and construction equipment and facilities from the site, and deposit it legally elsewhere.
- e. Clean transparent materials, including mirrors and glass in doors and windows. Remove glazing compounds and other substances that are noticeable vision-obscuring materials. Replace chipped or broken glass and other damaged transparent materials. Remove paint spots; wash and polish glass.
- **C. Pest Control:** Engage an experienced, licensed exterminator to make a final inspection and rid the work of rodents, insects, and other pests. Provide results of final inspection in writing.
- **D. Removal of Protection:** Remove temporary protection and facilities installed for protection of the Work during construction.
- **E. Compliance:** Comply with regulations of authorities having jurisdiction and safety standards for cleaning. Do not burn waste materials. Do not bury debris or excess materials on the Owner's property. Do not discharge volatile, harmful, or dangerous materials into drainage systems. Remove waste materials from the site and dispose of lawfully.
  - 1. Where extra materials of value remain after completion of associated Work, they become the Owner's property. Dispose of these materials as directed by the Construction Administrator.
  - 2. Leave garage clean and ready for occupancy. If the Contractor fails to clean up, the Owner may do so, with the cost charged to the Contractor. The Owner will issue a credit change order to cover the costs.

END OF SECTION 01 77 00

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#### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

**A.** Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 **SUMMARY**

- **A.** This Section includes administrative and procedural requirements for warranties required by the Contract Documents, including manufacturer's standard warranties on products and special warranties.
  - 1. Refer to the General Conditions for terms of the Contractor's period for correction of the Work.
- **B. Related Sections:** The following Sections contain requirements that relate to this Section:
  - 1. Division 01 Section 01 33 00 "Submittal Procedures" specifies procedures for submitting warranties.
  - 2. Division 01 Section 01 77 00 "Closeout Procedures" specifies contract closeout procedures.
  - 3. Divisions 02 through 49 Sections for specific requirements for warranties on products and installations specified to be warranted.
  - 4. Certifications and other commitments and agreements for continuing services to Owner are specified elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
- **C. Disclaimers and Limitations:** Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve the Contractor of the warranty on the Work that incorporates the products. Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve suppliers, manufacturers, and subcontractors required to countersign special warranties with the Contractor.

## 1.3 WARRANTY REQUIREMENTS

- **A. Related Damages and Losses:** When correcting failed or damaged warranted construction, remove and replace construction that has been damaged as a result of such failure or must be removed and replaced to provide access for correction of warranted construction.
- **B. Reinstatement of Warranty:** When Work covered by a warranty has failed and been corrected by replacement or rebuilding, reinstate the warranty by written endorsement. The reinstated warranty shall be equal to the original warranty with an equitable adjustment for depreciation.
- **C. Replacement Cost:** Upon determination that Work covered by a warranty has failed, replace or rebuild the Work to an acceptable condition complying with requirements of

- the Contract Documents. The Contractor is responsible for the cost of replacing or rebuilding defective Work regardless of whether the Owner has benefited from use of the Work through a portion of its anticipated useful service life.
- **D. Owner's Recourse:** Expressed warranties made to the Owner are in addition to implied warranties and shall not limit the duties, obligations, rights, and remedies otherwise available under the law. Expressed warranty periods shall not be interpreted as limitations on the time in which the Owner can enforce such other duties, obligations, rights, or remedies.
  - 1. Rejection of Warranties: The Owner reserves the right to reject warranties and to limit selection to products with warranties not in conflict with requirements of the Contract Documents.
- **E.** Where the Contract Documents require a special warranty, or similar commitment on the Work or part of the Work, the Owner reserves the right to refuse to accept the Work, until the Contractor presents evidence that entities required to countersign such commitments are willing to do so.
- **F.** The Contractor shall guarantee all materials and workmanship for a period of **eighteen** (18) months from the date of Substantial Completion of the Work. In addition, the Contractor shall furnish the warranties listed below. Submit four (4) copies of each to the Construction Administrator in the supplier's standard form or in the form given below if there is no standard form available.
- **G. Specification/Warranty Table:** The General Contractor shall provide for all warranties as shown in the Specification/Warranty table:

Specification / Warranty Table							
Item No.	Section No.		Specification Product/Warranty				
1.	07	075323	Single-Ply Membrane Roofing, Base Flashing and Insulation:  25 Year unlimited, materials and installation [the manufacturer's no dollar limit (NDL) warranty], and;  Year General Contractor's warranty for installation.				
2.	07	071800	Traffic coating: 5 Year material and workmanship.				
3.	07	071326	Waterproofing: 10 Year material and workmanship.				

4.	07	079513.19	Parking Deck Expansion Joint Covers:
			Year material and workmanship, including
			weathertightness.
5.	07	079200	Exterior - Interior Caulking and Sealants:
			5 Year material and workmanship.
6.	08	083326	Overhead Doors (coiling or sectional):
			5 Year material and workmanship.
7.	08	087100	Closers, Locksets, Exit Bolts:
			Longest term offered by manufacturer for grade/class
			of particular item, material and workmanship.
8.	08	088000	Insulating glass:
			10 Year against failure of hermetic seal, interpane
			dusting, or misting including replacement of unit.
9.	08	084113	Windows:
			5 Year material and workmanship including
			weathertightness.
10.	08	088000	Laminated Glass:
_			10 Year against delamination.
11.	11		Traffic Control Gates, Card Readers, and
			Intercoms
		111200	5 Year material and workmanship.
12.	<b>26</b>	262416	Switchboards and Panels:
			5 Years, material and installation,
13.	32	329200	Plant Material, Turf and Grasses:
			24 Months, material and installation, and growth.

**H.** Submit certification that finish materials are fire rated as specified.

I. Form of Warranty: Warranties shall be submitted in following format:

Warranty						
Commissioner: (Insert Commissioner's Name) Department of Administrative Services Division of Construction Services 165 Capitol Avenue Hartford, Connecticut 06106						
	Project Number: (Insert DAS Project Number) Project Title: (Insert Project Title)					
	I (We) hereby warranty					
the	work on the referenced project for a years period of					
from	, against failures of workmanship and materials in 20 accordance					
with the requirements of Section , , , of the Specifications.  Page Paragraph						
Insta	aller  Subcontractor  Vendor/Suppliers Manufacturer  Manufacturer					
Installer or Subcontractor or Vendor/Suppliers or Manufacturer Name:						
Installer or Subcontractor or Vendor/Suppliers or Manufacturer Signature:						
General Contractor's Name						
General Contractor's Signature:						
or						
General Contractor's Authorized Agent Signature:						

- **J.** Bonds shall be by approved Surety Companies, made out to the Commissioner, Department of Administrative Services on companies' standard form.
- **K.** Warranties, Guarantees, or bonds supplied by the General Contractor's Subcontractors or Vendors/Suppliers or Manufacturers shall reference the project name, number, and location and be certified by the General Contractor to be for the product and installation on the project and must be countersigned by the General Contractor.
- **L.** Bonds shall be by approved Surety Companies, made out to the Commissioner, Department of Construction Services, on company's standard form.
- **M.** Guarantees, warranties or bonds supplied by Subcontractors, Suppliers or Manufacturers shall reference the project name, number, and location and be certified by the Contractor to be for the product and installation on the project and must be countersigned by the Contractor.

## 1.4 **SUBMITTALS**

- **A.** Submit written warranties prior to the date certified for Substantial Completion. If the Architect's Certificate of Substantial Completion designates a commencement date for warranties other than the date of Substantial Completion for the Work, or a designated portion of the Work, submit written warranties upon request of the Architect.
- **B.** Forms for special warranties are included in this Section. Prepare a written document utilizing the appropriate form, ready for execution by the Contractor, or by the Contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or manufacturer. Submit a draft to the Owner, through the Construction Administrator, for approval prior to final execution.
  - 1. Refer to Divisions 02 through 49 Sections for specific content requirements and particular requirements for submitting special warranties.
- **C. Form of Submittal:** At Final Completion compile two (2) copies of each required warranty properly executed by the Contractor, or by the Contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or manufacturer. Organize the warranty documents into an orderly sequence based on the table of contents of the Project Manual.
- **D.** Bind warranties and bonds in heavy-duty, commercial-quality, durable 3-ring, vinyl-covered loose-leaf binders, thickness as necessary to accommodate contents, and sized to receive 8-1/2-by-11-inch paper.
  - 1. Provide heavy paper dividers with celluloid covered tabs for each separate warranty. Mark the tab to identify the product or installation. Provide a typed description of the product or installation, including the name of the product, and the name, address, and telephone number of the Installer.
  - 2. Identify each binder on the front and spine with the typed or printed title "WARRANTIES," Project title or name, and name of the Contractor.
  - 3. When warranted construction requires operation and maintenance manuals, provide additional copies of each required warranty, as necessary, for inclusion in each required manual.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Applicable)

# **PART 3 - EXECUTION (Not applicable)**

**END OF SECTION 01 78 30** 

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 **SUMMARY**

#### A. Section Includes:

- 1. Demolition and removal of selected portions of building or structure.
- 2. Demolition and removal of selected site elements.

## B. Related Requirements:

- 1. Section 01 10 00 "Summary" for restrictions on use of the premises, Owner-occupancy requirements, and phasing requirements.
- 2. Section 01 56 39 "Temporary Tree and Plant Protection" for temporary protection of existing trees and plants that are affected by selective demolition.
- 3. Section 01 73 29 "Cutting and Patching."
- 4. Section 01 35 16 "Alteration Project Procedures" for general protection and work procedures for alteration projects.
- 5. Section 31 10 00 "Site Clearing" for site clearing and removal of above- and below-grade improvements not part of selective demolition.
- 6. State Demolition Code.
- 7. C.G.S. 29-402. License for demolition business.
- 8. C.G.S. 29-404. Local building official to administer State Demolition Code.
- 9. C.G.S. 29-406. Permit for demolition of particular structure from the local building official.
- 10. C.G.S. 4a-100. Prequalification of contractors and substantial subcontractors.
  - a. "Subcontractor" means a person who performs work with a value in excess of twenty-five thousand dollars for a contractor pursuant to contract for work for the state or a municipality which is estimated to cost more than five hundred thousand dollars.
- 11. DAS Contractor Classification requirements for "Demolition Contractors".

## 1.3 <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

A. Remove: Detach items from existing construction and dispose of them off-site unless indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.

- B. Remove and Salvage: Detach items from existing construction, in a manner to prevent damage, and store.
- C. Remove and Reinstall: Detach items from existing construction, in a manner to prevent damage, prepare for reuse, and reinstall where indicated.
- D. Existing to Remain: Leave existing items that are not to be removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.
- E. Demolition: Work customarily performed by a building wrecking contractor including the razing of buildings or parts of buildings major guttering of buildings or removal of structural elements of a building. The removal of portions, flooring, windows, etc., incidental to a renovation or remodeling project is NOT within this category. To prequalify for demolition, you must have a Demolition Certificate of Registration through the State of Connecticut Department of Administration Services Office of State Fire Marshal.
- F. Dismantle: To remove by disassembling or detaching an item from a surface, using gentle methods and equipment to prevent damage to the item and surfaces; disposing of items unless indicated to be salvaged or reinstalled.

## 1.4 MATERIALS OWNERSHIP

- A. Unless otherwise indicated, demolition waste becomes property of Contractor.
- B. Historic items, relics, antiques, and similar objects including, but not limited to, cornerstones and their contents, commemorative plaques and tablets, and other items of interest or value to Owner that may be uncovered during demolition remain the property of Owner.
  - 1. Carefully salvage in a manner to prevent damage and promptly return to Owner.

## 1.5 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Predemolition Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
  - 1. Inspect and discuss condition of construction to be selectively demolished.
  - 2. Review structural load limitations of existing structure.
  - 3. Review and finalize selective demolition schedule and verify availability of materials, demolition personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
  - 4. Review requirements of work performed by other trades that rely on substrates exposed by selective demolition operations.
  - 5. Review areas where existing construction is to remain and requires protection.

## 1.6 <u>INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Qualification Data: For refrigerant recovery technician.
- B. Engineering Survey: Submit engineering survey of condition of building.
- C. Proposed Protection Measures: Submit report, including Drawings, that indicates the measures proposed for protecting individuals and property for environmental protection, for dust control and for noise control. Indicate proposed locations and construction of barriers.
- D. Schedule of Selective Demolition Activities: Indicate the following:
  - 1. Detailed sequence of selective demolition and removal work, with starting and ending dates for each activity. Ensure Owner's on-site operations are uninterrupted.
  - 2. Interruption of utility services. Indicate how long utility services will be interrupted.
  - 3. Coordination for shutoff, capping, and continuation of utility services.
  - 4. Use of elevator and stairs.
  - 5. Coordination of Owner's continuing occupancy of portions of existing building and of Owner's partial occupancy of completed Work.
- E. Predemolition Photographs or Video: Show existing conditions of adjoining construction, including finish surfaces, that might be misconstrued as damage caused by demolition operations. Comply with Section 013233 "Photographic Documentation." Submit before Work begins.
- F. Warranties: Documentation indicating that existing warranties are still in effect after completion of selective demolition.

## 1.7 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

A. Inventory: Submit a list of items that have been removed and salvaged.

## 1.8 <u>FIELD CONDITIONS</u>

- A. Owner will occupy portions of building immediately adjacent to selective demolition area. Conduct selective demolition so Owner's operations will not be disrupted.
- B. Conditions existing at time of inspection for bidding purpose will be maintained by Owner as far as practical.
- C. Notify Architect of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with selective demolition.

- D. Hazardous Materials: It is not expected that hazardous materials will be encountered in the Work.
  - 1. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner before start of the Work.
  - 2. If suspected hazardous materials are encountered, do not disturb; immediately notify Architect and Owner. Hazardous materials will be removed by Owner under a separate contract.
- E. Utility Service: Maintain existing utilities indicated to remain in service and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.
  - 1. Maintain fire-protection facilities in service during selective demolition operations.

## 1.9 COORDINATION

A. Arrange selective demolition schedule so as not to interfere with Owner's operations.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Standards: Comply with ASSE A10.6 and NFPA 241.
- C. Comply with all State of Connecticut & City of Bridgeport requirements for demolition and handling, transporting & disposing of demolition materials.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 **EXAMINATION**

- A. Verify that utilities have been disconnected and capped before starting selective demolition operations.
- B. Review Project Record Documents of existing construction or other existing condition and hazardous material information provided by Owner. Owner does not guarantee that existing conditions are same as those indicated in Project Record Documents.
- C. Perform an engineering survey of condition of building to determine whether removing any element might result in structural deficiency or unplanned collapse of any portion of structure or adjacent structures during selective building demolition operations.

- 1. Perform surveys as the Work progresses to detect hazards resulting from selective demolition activities.
- D. Verify that hazardous materials have been remediated before proceeding with building demolition operations.
- E. Survey of Existing Conditions: Record existing conditions by use of measured drawings and preconstruction photographs or video.
  - 1. Comply with requirements specified in Section 01 32 33 "Photographic Documentation."
  - 2. Inventory and record the condition of items to be removed and salvaged. Provide photographs or video of conditions that might be misconstrued as damage caused by salvage operations.
  - 3. Before selective demolition or removal of existing building elements that will be reproduced or duplicated in final Work, make permanent record of measurements, materials, and construction details required to make exact reproduction.

## 3.2 <u>UTILITY SERVICES AND MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS</u>

- A. Existing Services/Systems to Remain: Maintain services/systems indicated to remain and protect them against damage.
- B. Existing Services/Systems to Be Removed, Relocated, or Abandoned: Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off utility services and mechanical/electrical systems serving areas to be selectively demolished.
  - 1. Arrange to shut off utilities with utility companies.
  - 2. If services/systems are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, provide temporary services/systems that bypass area of selective demolition and that maintain continuity of services/systems to other parts of building.
  - 3. Disconnect, demolish, and remove fire-suppression systems, plumbing, and HVAC systems, equipment, and components indicated on Drawings to be removed.
    - a. Piping to Be Removed: Remove portion of piping indicated to be removed and cap or plug remaining piping with same or compatible piping material.
    - b. Piping to Be Abandoned in Place: Drain piping and cap or plug piping with same or compatible piping material and leave in place.
    - c. Equipment to Be Removed: Disconnect and cap services and remove equipment.
    - d. Equipment to Be Removed and Reinstalled: Disconnect and cap services and remove, clean, and store equipment; when appropriate, reinstall, reconnect, and make equipment operational.

- e. Equipment to Be Removed and Salvaged: Disconnect and cap services and remove equipment and deliver to Owner.
- f. Ducts to Be Removed: Remove portion of ducts indicated to be removed and plug remaining ducts with same or compatible ductwork material.
- g. Ducts to Be Abandoned in Place: Cap or plug ducts with same or compatible ductwork material and leave in place.

## 3.3 PROTECTION

- A. Temporary Protection: Provide temporary barricades and other protection required to prevent injury to people and damage to adjacent buildings and facilities to remain.
  - 1. Provide protection to ensure safe passage of people around selective demolition area and to and from occupied portions of building.
  - 2. Provide temporary weather protection, during interval between selective demolition of existing construction on exterior surfaces and new construction, to prevent water leakage and damage to structure and interior areas.
  - 3. Protect walls, ceilings, floors, and other existing finish work that are to remain or that are exposed during selective demolition operations.
  - 4. Cover and protect furniture, furnishings, and equipment that have not been removed.
  - 5. Comply with requirements for temporary enclosures, dust control, heating, and cooling specified in Section 01 50 00 "Temporary Facilities and Controls."
- B. Temporary Shoring: Design, provide, and maintain shoring, bracing, and structural supports as required to preserve stability and prevent movement, settlement, or collapse of construction and finishes to remain, and to prevent unexpected or uncontrolled movement or collapse of construction being demolished.
  - 1. Strengthen or add new supports when required during progress of selective demolition.
  - 2. All temporary shoring & bracing shall be designed by the contractors Professional Engineer licensed in the State of Connecticut.
- C. Remove temporary barricades and protections where hazards no longer exist.

# 3.4 <u>SELECTIVE DEMOLITION, GENERAL</u>

- A. General: Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:
  - 1. Proceed with selective demolition systematically, from higher to lower level. Complete selective demolition operations above each floor or tier before disturbing supporting members on the next lower level.

- 2. Neatly cut openings and holes plumb, square, and true to dimensions required. Use cutting methods least likely to damage construction to remain or adjoining construction. Use hand tools or small power tools designed for sawing or grinding, not hammering and chopping. Temporarily cover openings to remain.
- 3. Cut or drill from the exposed or finished side into concealed surfaces to avoid marring existing finished surfaces.
- 4. Do not use cutting torches until work area is cleared of flammable materials. At concealed spaces, such as duct and pipe interiors, verify condition and contents of hidden space before starting flame-cutting operations. Maintain portable fire-suppression devices during flame-cutting operations.
- 5. Maintain fire watch during and for at least 4 hours after flame-cutting operations.
- 6. Maintain adequate ventilation when using cutting torches.
- 7. Remove decayed, vermin-infested, or otherwise dangerous or unsuitable materials and promptly dispose of off-site.
- 8. Remove structural framing members and lower to ground by method suitable to avoid free fall and to prevent ground impact or dust generation.
- 9. Locate selective demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.
- 10. Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly. Comply with requirements in Section 01 74 19 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."
- B. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct selective demolition and debris-removal operations to ensure minimum interference with roads, streets, walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.
- C. Removed and Salvaged Items:
  - 1. Clean salvaged items.
  - 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning. Identify contents of containers.
  - 3. Store items in a secure area until delivery to Owner.
  - 4. Transport items to Owner's storage area off-site designated by Owner.
  - 5. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
- D. Removed and Reinstalled Items:
  - 1. Clean and repair items to functional condition adequate for intended reuse.
  - 2. Pack or crate items after cleaning and repairing. Identify contents of containers.
  - 3. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
  - 4. Reinstall items in locations indicated. Comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials necessary to make item functional for use indicated.
- E. Existing Items to Remain: Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition. When permitted by Architect, items may be

removed to a suitable, protected storage location during selective demolition and cleaned and reinstalled in their original locations after selective demolition operations are complete.

## 3.5 <u>SELECTIVE DEMOLITION PROCEDURES FOR SPECIFIC MATERIALS</u>

- A. Concrete: Demolish in small sections. Using power-driven saw, cut concrete to a depth of at least 3/4 inch at junctures with construction to remain. Dislodge concrete from reinforcement at perimeter of areas being demolished, cut reinforcement, and then remove remainder of concrete. Neatly trim openings to dimensions indicated.
- B. Concrete: Demolish in sections. Cut concrete full depth at junctures with construction to remain and at regular intervals using power-driven saw, and then remove concrete between saw cuts.
- C. Masonry: Demolish in small sections. Cut masonry at junctures with construction to remain, using power-driven saw, and then remove masonry between saw cuts.
- D. Concrete Slabs-on-Grade: Saw-cut perimeter of area to be demolished, and then break up and remove.
- E. Resilient Floor Coverings: Remove floor coverings and adhesive according to recommendations in RFCI's "Recommended Work Practices for the Removal of Resilient Floor Coverings. Do not use methods requiring solvent-based adhesive strippers.
- F. Roofing: Remove no more existing roofing than what can be covered in one day by new roofing and so that building interior remains watertight and weathertight. See Division 07 for new roofing requirements.
  - 1. Remove existing roof membrane, flashings, copings, and roof accessories.
  - 2. Remove existing roofing system down to substrate.

## 3.6 <u>DISPOSAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS</u>

- A. Remove demolition waste materials from Project site and dispose of them in an EPA-approved construction and demolition waste landfill acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Recycle or dispose of them according to Section 01 74 19 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."
  - 1. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
  - 2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
  - 3. Remove debris from elevated portions of building by chute, hoist, or other device that will convey debris to grade level in a controlled descent.

- 4. Comply with requirements specified in Section 01 74 19 "Construction Waste Management and Disposal."
- B. Burning: Do not burn demolished materials.

## 3.7 <u>CLEANING</u>

A. Clean adjacent structures and improvements of dust, dirt, and debris caused by selective demolition operations. Return adjacent areas to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.

## 3.8 <u>SELECTIVE DEMOLITION SCHEDULE</u>

- A. Remove: all structural concrete slabs and elements noted on the contract documents.
- B. Remove and Reinstall: The existing precast concrete panels for reinstallation..
- C. Existing to Remain: The existing structural framing and stair towers.

END OF SECTION 02 41 19

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Section 028100 - Transport and Disposal of Hazardous Materials

#### PART 1 GENERAL

#### 1.1 SCOPE

- A. Work under this item shall include the management (handling and disposal) of regulated items and all associated work by persons who are employed by a CTDEEP permitted Spill Contractor and trained/certified in accordance with OSHA hazard communication requirements. Regulated items include hazardous and other materials and wastes the disposal of which is restricted by Federal and/or State laws and regulations and which may be a component of equipment or other items located on-site. Regulated items include those listed herein, or additional similar items identified on site by the Engineer/Construction Manager. Work under this item does not include asbestos containing materials, lead paint, contaminated or hazardous soils.
- B. Activities shall be performed in accordance with, but not limited to, the current revision of the USEPA & CTDEEP Hazardous Waste Regulations (40 CFR 260-282, 22a-209 and 22a-449(c)), USEPA PCB Regulations (40 CFR 761), CTDEEP PCB Regulations (22a-463 through 469), USEPA Protection of Stratospheric Ozone (40 CFR 82), OSHA Hazard Communication (29 CFR 1910.1200), OSHA Hazardous Waste & Emergency Response Regulations (29 CFR 1910.120), USDOT Hazardous Materials Regulation (49 CFR 171-180), OSHA, RCRA, CERCLA, CAA, TSCA, and all other laws and regulations.
- C. The work activities include the removal, handling, packing, labeling, transport, manifesting, and recycling or disposal of various regulated items at the Project site prior to beginning planned renovation/demolition activities.
- D. The Contractor is responsible for verifying actual locations and quantities of the items with hazardous/regulated material/waste constituents and for their proper handling and disposal. The recycling or proper disposal, as appropriate, of all regulated items shall be completed prior to the initiation of any demolition or renovation activities.
- E. Deviations from the Specifications require the written approval of the Engineer/Owner.

#### 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Prior to demolition, properly remove, handle, pack, label, transport, manifest and recycle or dispose of the regulated items from those listed below:

#### **GBCMHC GARAGE**

The following hazardous/regulated materials, wastes, items have been identified at the GBCMHC Garage:

- Connecticut Regulated Waste (CRW)
  - PCB ballasts/DEHP ballasts
  - Chemical waste solids fire extinguishers

- Chemical waste liquids antifreeze, landscape equipment, various loose items, flammable cabinet contents
- Oil-drums, various pieces of landscape equipment/generators
- PCB/Oil-transformer
- Universal Waste (UW)
  - Hg lamps fluorescent bulbs, exit signs, emergency lights, flood lights
  - Hg ampoules/switches fire alarm
  - Batteries emergency lighting
  - Used electronics (printed circuit boards/CRTs) (i.e. control pads/panels/boxes, radio antenna "bulb", wi-fi, security camera, camera, electrical panel box, intercoms, emergency call boxes, phone, computer network jacks, electronic ballasts, exit signs, emergency lights, microwave, fire alarms, motion sensors, smoke detectors, duct smoke detectors.
  - Ignitable (I)
    - Diesel fuel –storage tank
    - Gasoline-storage cans

#### Note:

Many of the items listed may not be impacted by the renovation or may have been removed from the building prior to the renovation beginning. The contractor shall verify which items are the contractor's responsibility. The contractor will properly quantify, remove, pack and ship to the proper facility.

Contractor shall make every effort to recycle hazardous materials rather than dispose of them to promote waste minimization efforts required under RCRA and LEEDS (Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design)

B. Upon discovery of any previously unidentified regulated items during demolition/renovation activities, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Engineer and work shall cease in that area until the Engineer can determine the extent of any impact and proper handling procedures are implemented.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS AND NOTICES

- A. Seven (7) days prior to commencement of work involving the management of regulated items, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer/Owner for approval, the following documentation:
  - 1. Regulated Items Handling and Disposal Work Plan and Schedule, to include:
  - 2. Spill prevention, containment, and cleanup contingency measures to be implemented.
  - 3. Copy of Spill Contractor Permit registration issued by the CTDEEP.
  - 4. Ozone depleting substance service technician certification (as applicable).
  - 5. Hazard communication training for all employees performing this work.

- 6. List of waste handling equipment to be used in performing the work, to include cleaning, volume reduction, storage and transport equipment.
- 7. Requirements for acceptance of wastes at the facilities, and confirmation from the treatment or disposal facility that the materials have met the acceptance requirements and have been properly classified.
- 8. A program and schedule for waste containment, removal and disposal. Wastes shall be cleaned up and containerized daily.
- 9. Provisions for submitting detailed delivery tickets and/or waste manifests, signed and dated by an agent of the landfill, certifying the amount of materials delivered to the landfill, and within 30 days of delivery of the regulated materials.
- 10. A program for ensuring documentation of accurate disposal quantities, including recording of scale calibration and truck weight.
- 11. Names, locations, qualifications and 24-hour points of contact of the treatment facilities, recycling facilities and/or disposal facilities the Contractor intends to use to receive each type of regulated item.
- 12. Names, locations, qualifications, and 24-hour points of contact of the Hazardous Material Transporter(s) the Contractor intends to use to transport hazardous materials from this Project.
- 13. Treatment, Recycling and/or Disposal facilities permits and USEPA ID#'s for accepting the waste Contractor intends to transport to that destination.
- 14. Hazardous Material Transporter USDOT Certificate of Registration for each transporter.
- 15. Hazardous Waste Transporter Permit for the State of Connecticut, the destination state(s), and all other applicable states for each transporter.
- B. At least seven (7) days prior to the start of work that will generate RCRA hazardous waste above conditionally exempt small quantities, the Contractor shall obtain from the Engineer/CTDEEP a temporary EPA Hazardous Waste Generators ID number, for use in manifesting the waste.
- C. Within thirty (30) days after completion of the on-site project work, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer copies of the following completed documents:
  - 1. Certified Hazardous Waste Manifests
  - Waste Shipment Records/Bills of Lading
  - 3. Recycling Receipts
  - 4. Certificates of Destruction
- D. Documents 1 through 4 must include the signature of an authorized disposal facility representative acknowledging receipt of hazardous materials.

#### PART 2 PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. All materials shall be suitable for the management of regulated items and shall meet all applicable federal, state and local regulations. Such materials include, but are not limited to, proper containers, packing materials, labels, signs, shipping papers, personal protective equipment (PPE) and spill kits.
- B. The Contractor shall provide fire retardant polyethylene sheet in roll size to minimize the frequency of joints shall be delivered to job site with factory label indicating four (4) or six (6) mil.
- C. The Contractor shall provide containers that are impermeable and both air and watertight.
- D. The Contractor shall provide labels and signs that shall conform to OSHA, USEPA, CTDEEP and DOT Standards.
- E. The Contractor shall provide DOT approved containers for proper transport and disposal/recycling of hazardous materials.

#### 2.2 TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. The Contractor shall provide tools and equipment that are suitable for hazmat removal.
- B. The Contractor shall maintain a spill kit for cleaning up spills that occur during handling of hazardous materials.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Contractor's OSHA Competent Person shall be in control on the job site at all times during hazardous material management work activities. This person must be capable of identifying existing hazards, possess the authority to implement corrective measures to reduce/eliminate the hazards, comply with applicable Federai, State and Local regulations that mandate work practices, and be capable of performing the work of this contract. All employees who perform regulated material management related work shall be properly trained and qualified to perform such duties.
- B. All labor, materials, tools, equipment, services, testing, insurance, and incidentals which are necessary or required to perform the work in accordance with applicable governmental regulations, industry standards and codes, and these specifications, shall be provided by the Contractor.
- C. Ladders and/or scaffolds shall be in compliance with OSHA requirements, and of adequate length, strength and sufficient quantity to support the scope of work. Use of

- ladders/scaffolds shall be in conformance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926 Subpart L and X requirements.
- D. Work performed at heights exceeding six feet (6') shall be performed in accordance with the OSHA Fall Protection Standard 29 CFR 1926 Subpart M including the use of fall arrest systems as applicable.
- E. Inventory data from investigative surveys throughout the buildings are included herein and are presented for informational purposes only. Under no circumstances shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for determining the quantities or extent of the regulated items to be managed. The Contractor shall be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the work. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for concurrence any additional items not listed herein that it believes to be regulated items included under this item. However, compliance with applicable requirements is solely the responsibility of the Contractor.
- F. The Engineer will provide a Project Monitor to monitor the activities of the Contractor and inspect the work required. Environmental sampling shall be conducted as deemed necessary by the Engineer. Spill areas shall be cleaned by the Contractor until accepted by the Engineer. The Engineer may sample the spill area to demonstrate Contractor compliance with an acceptable standard.

#### 3.2 PERSONNEL PROTECTION

- A. Prior to commencing work, the Contractor shall provide hazard communication training to all employees as necessary in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.59 and 29 CFR 1910.1200 and instruct all workers in all aspects of personnel protection, work procedures, emergency procedures and use of equipment including procedures unique to this project. Worker health and safety protocols that address potential and/or actual risk of exposure to site specific hazards are solely the responsibility of the Contractor.
- B. The Contractor shall provide respiratory protection that meets the requirements of OSHA as required in 29 CFR 1910.134 and 29 CFR 1926.1000. A formal respiratory protection program, including appropriate medical surveillance, must be implemented in accordance with OSHA standards. The Contractor shall, as necessary, conduct exposure assessment air sampling, analysis and reporting to ensure the workers are afforded appropriate respiratory protection.
- C. The Contractor shall provide and require all workers to wear appropriate personnel protective equipment, including protective clothing, gloves, eye protection and respiratory protection, as required, within regulated work areas which exceed OSHA Personnel Exposure Limits (PELs) or when handling hazardous materials.

### 3.3 REGULATED ITEM MANAGEMENT WORK PRACTICES - GENERAL

- A. The Contractor shall not begin work until the Project Monitor is on-site.
- B. Prior to beginning work on-site, the Contractor shall prepare waste characterization profile forms for each type of waste stream to be generated and forward such forms to the Engineer

- for review, approval and signature. Upon approval, the Contractor shall forward such forms to the appropriate disposal facilities for acceptance.
- C. The Contractor shall utilize all appropriate engineering controls and safety and protective equipment while performing the work in accordance with OSHA, USEPA, USDOT, CTDEEP and Connecticut Department of Public Health DPH regulations.
- D. The Contractor shall employ work practices so as to minimize the disturbance of the constituents in the regulated items, and prevent breakage and spills. In the event of a spill, the Contractor shall cordon off the area and notify the Engineer. The Contractor is responsible to have spills and the effected areas decontaminated to the acceptance of the Engineer by personnel trained in hazardous waste operator emergency response.
- E. The Contractor shall carefully and properly remove, handle, pack, label and manifest all of the regulated items in waste containers specified and suitable to contain the waste in accordance with all federal and state regulations.
- F. Prior to transportation and recycling and/or disposal, all proper USEPA, OSHA, CTDEEP and USDOT labels and placards shall be affixed to the waste containers and hazardous materials shipping papers such as waste manifests/bills of lading shall be completed.

#### 3.4 MERCURY THERMOSTATS/SWITCHES/GAUGES - SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Mercury thermostats/switches/gauges and other assorted controls may contain a small quantity of mercury in an ampoule. Mercury ampoules are regulated under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), which is administered by the USEPA and mercury thermostats are considered a Universal Waste according to 40 CFR Part 273.
- B. The Contractor shall remove the ampoules from thermostats/switches/gauges without breaking and dispose of whole ampoules at an approved recycling facility. Damaged ampoules shall be disposed of as a hazardous waste at an approved TSD facility for destruction, or an approved recycling facility.
- C. To prevent mercury-containing ampoules from breaking, ampoules must be properly packed for storage and transportation by the Contractor in DOT approved containers.
- D. The containers containing the universal waste mercury ampoules must be properly labeled by the Contractor with the words "Universal Waste Mercury Thermostats" in accordance with USEPA 40 CFR Part 273. Pre-printed labels that meet USEPA/DOT regulations are recommended for high-volume disposal.
- E. The Contractor shall prepare a non-hazardous waste manifest or bill of lading for each shipment, and shall ensure the Engineer receives a copy of the completed manifest verifying that the mercury thermostats were properly recycled or destroyed.

#### 3.5 FLUORESCENT LAMPS - SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Fluorescent, neon, mercury vapor, halogen and high-intensity discharge (HID) lamps contain a small quantity of mercury. Mercury is regulated under the Resource

- Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), which is administered by the USEPA and mercury lamps are considered a Universal Waste according to 40 CFR Part 273.
- B. The Contractor shall remove lamps from fixtures without breaking and dispose of whole lamps at an approved recycling facility. Damaged lamps shall be disposed of as a hazardous waste at an approved TSD facility for destruction, or an approved recycling facility.
- C. To prevent used lamps from breaking, lamps must be properly packed for storage and transportation by the Contractor in crush-proof boxes. When stacking boxes of used lamps for storage the contractor should avoid crushing the bottom boxes. Broken lamps are considered Hazardous Waste and shall be placed into a UN approved poly drum, rather than Universal Waste, and shall be treated as such.
- D. The boxes or containers containing the universal hazardous waste lamps must be properly labeled by the Contractor with the words "Universal Waste Lamps" in accordance with USEPA 40 CFR Part 273. Pre-printed labels that meet USEPA/DOT regulations are recommended for high-volume disposal.
- E. The Contractor shall prepare a non-hazardous waste manifest or bill of lading for each shipment, and shall ensure the Engineer receives a copy of the completed manifest verifying that the lamps were properly recycled or destroyed.

### 3.6 BALLASTS - SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Retain the services of a licensed electrician to disconnect the power from active lights prior to ballast removal. Conform to all OSHA lock-out/tag-out procedures.
- B. Ballasts that contain PCBs are regulated under TSCA (40 CFR 761.60(b)(2)(ii)).
- C. Inspect each light ballast for a label. Oil filled ballasts without a "No PCB" label shall be assumed to contain PCBs and managed as such. Fluorescent and HID oil filled ballasts which are labeled "No PCBs" may contain DEHP and shall be managed the same way as PCB ballasts, properly packed for recycling/destruction as hazardous waste. All other oil filled ballasts shall be assumed to be PCB containing. Newer non-oil filled ballasts are electronic and shall be segregated for management as universal waste used electronics as described below.
- D. Inspect each light fixture/ballast for evidence of PCB leakage. Leaking PCB units can be identified typically by a clear to yellow, oily liquid, the PCB oil itself, or an oily tar-like substance, the liquefied potting material of the ballast. All materials (fixture housing, wires, etc.) including the ballast that contact this substance are considered PCB waste, and are subject to TSCA requirements and must be removed for proper disposal in accordance with EPA 40 CFR 761. Where leaking ballasts are identified ensure the space is properly ventilated when removing the ballasts and impacted materials and proper PPE is employed. Place 6-mil poly sheeting beneath the light fixtures to ensure no further contamination of the spaces while dismantling the affected ballast/lighting fixture.

- E. Intact fluorescent and HID PCB ballasts that are not leaking shall be recycled by an approved TSCA recycling facility. Leaking PCB-containing ballasts must be incinerated at a USEPA-approved high-temperature incinerator.
- F. Ballasts shall be placed in DOT approved drums containing a sorbent material for proper transport, with segregation maintained between intact ballasts and leaking ballasts and associated impacted materials.
- G. All waste drums shall be identified with the following yellow label:

## CAUTION Contains PCBs (Polychlorinated Biphenyls)

- H. A uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest must be prepared by the Contractor and accompany the waste wherever it travels. Each handler of the waste must sign the manifest and keep one copy. When the waste reaches its destination, the owner of that facility returns a copy of the manifest to the generator to confirm that the waste arrived. The Contractor shall ensure the Engineer receives a completed copy of the waste manifest as well as provide the Engineer with documents verifying destruction of the PCBs whether they are incinerated at high temperatures or recycled.
- I. Any spills of PCB liquid/oil shall be immediately reported to the Engineer and cleaned up, along with assessment of impact to affected substrates/soils and decontamination in accordance with EPA 40 CFR 761 at no cost to the Engineer/Owner.

### 3.7 PCB CAPACITORS – SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Equipment with PCB containing capacitors shall have the capacitors removed for proper disposal prior to the disposal of the bulk equipment.
- B. Procedures for handling, packing and disposal of PCB containing capacitors shall be equivalent to those listed in Section 3.6.

### 3.8 "MISC. HOUSEHOLD HAZARDOUS WASTES" - SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Many "miscellaneous household hazardous waste" products contain regulated or hazardous wastes due to their constituents. These products may be either USEPA listed hazardous wastes (F, K, U & P wastes), exhibit a characteristic of USEPA hazardous waste (ignitable D001, corrosive D002, reactive D003, or toxic D004 to D043), or be defined as Universal Wastes (certain pesticides) or Connecticut Regulated or Special Wastes. (CR01 to CR05).
- B. The Contractor shall properly gather, pack, label, transport, manifest and recycle/dispose of the "household hazardous waste" products at the site in accordance with USEPA and CTDEEP Hazardous Waste Regulations.
- 3.9 REFRIGERANTS (CFCs) SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Equipment with refrigerants (Freon, CFCs, HCFCs, etc.) shall have the refrigerant recovered in accordance with USEPA 40 CFR Part 82 (Protection of Stratospheric Ozone) by persons trained in the performance of this work as an EPA Ozone Depleting Substance (ODS) Service Technician prior to disposal of the equipment. This may entail the removal of the equipment off-site for refrigerant recovery on recovery on-site.
- B. The Contractor shall provide documentation that the refrigerant has been properly recovered and recycled or treated.

#### 3.10 PRESSURIZED CYLINDER – SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Contractor shall securely transport the pressurized cylinders to a recycling facility following DOT transportation regulations for recovery of any remaining gas/chemical and proper cylinder reuse/disposal.
- B. The Contractor shall complete a bill of lading for the transport of such cylinders.

#### 3.11 SMOKE/CO DETECTORS - SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Ionization smoke and carbon monoxide (CO) detectors contain a low-level radioactive source which emits alpha particles, and also may contain electronic circuit boards.
- B. The Contractor shall securely pack and transport the smoke/CO detectors to a recycling facility and/or manufacturer following DOT transportation regulations for recovery/reuse of any remaining radioactive source and used electronic circuit boards.
- C. The Contractor shall prepare a bill of lading for each shipment.

### 3.12 USED ELECTRONICS - SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Used electronic equipment containing cathode ray tubes (CRTs) and/or circuit boards often contain various quantities of heavy metals such as lead, silver and cadmium which are regulated under RCRA. Used electronics are considered a Universal Waste according to CTDEEP 22a-449(c)-113.
- B. The Contractor shall remove the used electronic equipment, securely pack, transport and dispose of whole at an approved reclamation/recycling facility for recovery/reuse of any remaining components in accordance with USEPA RCRA and CTDEEP waste management requirements.
- C. The containers containing the used electronics must be properly labeled by the Contractor with the words "Universal Waste Used Electronics" in accordance with CTDEEP 22a-449(c)-113.
- D. The Contractor shall prepare a non-hazardous waste manifest or bill of lading for each shipment, and shall ensure the Engineer receives a copy of the completed manifest verifying that the used electronics were properly recycled or destroyed.

#### 3.13 BATTERIES – SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Batteries containing nickel-cadmium, lithium-ion and/or lead acids are regulated under the USEPA RCRA Hazardous Waste Regulations as Universal Waste under 40 CFR Part 273.
- B. The Contractor shall properly gather, pack, label, transport, manifest and dispose of the Universal Waste Batteries at the site in accordance with USEPA and CTDEEP Hazardous Waste Regulations in approved DOT containers.
- C. Batteries showing evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage shall be contained in closed containers compatible with the contents of the battery.
- D. Batteries must be sorted by type in order to send them to the appropriate destination facilities for recycling or treatment.
- E. The Contractor shall label the containers in accordance with USEPA 40 CFR Part 273 with the words "Universal Waste Batteries".

#### 3.14 TRANSFORMER/HYDRAULIC FLUIDS/OILS – SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Contractor shall remove the hydraulic fluid/oil from the transformer/hydraulic piston/equipment item for proper disposal using personnel appropriately trained for such duties, including cutting open the container to ensure all residual fluids, products and sludges are properly cleaned out.
- B. Hydraulic fluids/oils may contain PCBs. The Contractor shall be responsible for determining if PCBs are present in the fluid.
- C. If PCBs are present in the fluid, the Contractor shall dispose of the fluid in accordance with the USEPA PCB Regulations (40 CFR Part 761).
- D. If no PCBs are present in the fluid, the Contractor shall dispose of the fluid as CTDEEP Regulated Waste Oil in accordance with CTDEEP Regulations and USEPA Waste Oil Regulations (40 CFR Part 279).
- E. If a spill of PCB fluid occurs, the Contractor shall be responsible for having the spill and the effected areas decontaminated by personnel trained in emergency hazmat response. The Engineer shall then conduct clearance sampling at the Contractors expense following the USEPA Guidance Document "Verification of PCB Spill Cleanup by Sampling and Analysis", and in accordance with EPA 40 CFR 761.

#### 3.15 WASTE DISPOSAL/RECYCLING

- A. Efforts shall be made to recycle the constituents of the regulated items rather than dispose of them in accordance with the waste minimization efforts required under RCRA.
- B. RCRA hazardous waste shall not be stored on the job site in excess of 90 calendar days from the accumulation start date.

- C. Connecticut Regulated Waste shall not be transported to a RCRA or TSCA permitted facility for disposal, unless otherwise allowed by the Engineer in writing.
- D. All non-RCRA hazardous waste materials, regulated waste materials and recyclable waste items shall be manifested separately from RCRA and TSCA hazardous waste, and documented properly on non-hazardous waste manifests, waste shipment records, bills of lading or other appropriate shipping papers for transportation to the recycling and/or disposal facility.
- E. The Contractor shall prepare each lab pack list and shipping document (manifests, waste shipment records, bills of lading, etc.) with all of the required information completed (including types of waste, proper shipping name, categories, packing numbers, amounts of waste, etc.) in accordance with applicable federal and state regulations. The document will be signed by an authorized agent representing the Owner as the Generator for each load that is packed to leave the site.
- F. All waste containers shall be appropriately labeled following applicable USEPA and USDOT standards, including the date the items were placed into the container.
- G. The Contractor shall forward the appropriate original copies of shipping papers to the Engineer/Owner the same day the regulated items leave the project site.
- H. All vehicles departing the site transporting hazardous materials shall display proper USDOT placards, as appropriate for the type of waste being transported.

**END OF SECTION 028100** 

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#### TABLE 6 INVENTORY OF ADDITIONAL HAZARDOUS/REGULATED MATERIALS, WASTES AND ITEMS IDENTIFIED BRIDGÉPORT MENTAL HEALTH CENTER BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT

Quantity	Size	e Material/Item General Location		Potential Hazard	
Ten (10)		Halogen bulbs	Upper level	UW – Hg lamps	
Ten (10)		Halogen ballasts	Upper level	CRW – PCB ballasts	
Thirteen (13)		Fluorescent bulbs	Upper level	UW – Hg lamps	
Thirteen (13)		Fluorescent ballasts	Upper level	CRW – PCB ballasts	
Four (4)		Cameras	Upper level	UW – used electronics (printed circuit boards)	
One (1)		Intercom	Upper level	UW – used electronics (printed circuit boards)	
One (1)		Emergency call box	Upper level	UW – used electronics (printed circuit boards)	
One (1)		Intercom	Lower level	UW used electronics (printed circuit boards)	
Three (3)		Cameras	Lower level	UW – used electronics (printed circuit boards)  UW – batteries (Lithium-ion battery)	
One hundred eighty (180)	i	Fluorescent bulbs	Lower level	UW – Hg lamps	
One (1)	275 gal	Diesel fuel tank	Lower level	I	
One (1)	5 gal	Gas tank	Lower level	I	
One (1)	i gal	Antifreeze	Lower level	CRW - waste chemical liquid	
One (1)		WD-40	Lower level	CRW – oil	
Unknown		Ballasts	Lower level	CRW – PCB ballasts	
Four (4)		Exit signs	Lower level	UW – used electronics (printed circuit boards) UW – Hg lamp	
Three (3)		Exit signs	D/C stairwell	UW – used electronics (printed circuit boards) UW – Hg lamp	

CRW- Connecticut Regulated Waste - PCBs (CR01), Oils (CR02/CR03), waste chemical liquids - antifreeze, latex & solvent paints, sludges, etc. (CR04), waste chemical solids (CR05)

UW- Universal Waste (batteries, thermostat ampoules, fluorescent lamps, used electronics)

IH- Inhalation hazard (silicas, etc.)

I- Ignitable - may contain ingredients which are ignitable (materials which have a flashpoint <140°F) (D001)

C- Corrosive - may contain ingredients which are alkaline or acidic (materials with a PH<2 or >12.5) (D002)

Toxic - may contain ingredients which are harmful if swallowed or which release vapors that can cause irritation

R- Reactive – may contain ingredients which are unstable, react violently with water or are explosive (D003)

# TABLE 6 (, ... continued) INVENTORY OF ADDITIONAL HAZARDOUS/REGULATED MATERIALS, WASTES AND TIEMS IDENTIFIED BRIDGEPORT MENTAL HEALTH CENTER BRIDGEPORT; CONNECTICUT

Potential Hazard **Quantity** Size Material/Item **General Location** UW – Hg lamps Six (6) Fluorescent bulbs D/C stairwell CRW - PCB ballasts Three (3) **Ballasts** D/C stairwell UW - used electronics (printed One (1) Emergency callbox D/C stairwell circuit boards) Lower Level CRW - waste chemical solid One (1) Fire extinguisher Storage Lower Level UW - Hg lamps Eight (8) Bulbs Storage Lower Level CRW - PCB ballasts Four (4) **Ballasts** Storage Loose items: gas, antifreeze, Lower Level Various CRW - waste chemical liquid Storage Lower Level Various Items in flammable cabinet Storage UW – used electronics (printed Lower Level One (1) Alarm box circuit boards) Storage CRW - oil, antifreeze. transmission fluid, washer Lower Level Various Landscape equipment fluid, etc Storage I - gasoline Lower Level CRW - oil Various Generators Storage 455 Lower Level CRW - oil One (1) Oil drums gal Storage UW - used electronics (printed Four (4) Electronic boxes Electrical Room circuit boards) UW - Hg lamps One (1) Halogen Electrical Room UW - Hg lamps Six (6) Fluorescent bulbs B/C stairwell CRW - PCB ballasts Three (3) Ballasts B/C stairwell UW - used electronics (printed Emergency callbox One (1) B/C stairwell circuit boards)

CRW- Connecticut Regulated Waste – PCBs (CR01), Oils (CR02/CR03), waste chemical liquids - antifreeze, latex & solvent paints, sludges, etc. (CR04), waste chemical solids (CR05)

UW- Universal Waste (batteries, thermostat ampoules, fluorescent lamps, used electronics)

IH- Inhalation hazard (silicas, etc.)

I- Ignitable - may contain ingredients which are ignitable (materials which have a flashpoint <140°F) (D001)

C- Corrosive - may contain ingredients which are alkaline or acidic (materials with a PH<2 or >12.5) (D002)

T- Toxic - may contain ingredients which are harmful if swallowed or which release vapors that can cause irritation

R- Reactive – may contain ingredients which are unstable, react violently with water or are explosive (D003)

# TABLE 6 (...continued) INVENTORY OF ADDITIONAL HAZARDOUS/REGULATED MATERIALS, WASTES AND ITEMS IDENTIFIED BRIDGEPORT MENTAL HEALTH CENTER BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT

Quantity			General Location	Potential Hazard	
One (1)		Exit sign	B/C stairwell  B/C stairwell  UW – used electronic circuit boards UW – Hg lam		
One (1)		Transformer	Storage Room – B/C stair	CRW – oil	
Three (3)		Electrical boxes	Storage Room – B/C stair	UW – used electronics (printed circuit boards)	
One (1)		Electronic box	Storage Room – B/C stair	UW – used electronics (printed eircuit boards)	

CRW- Connecticut Regulated Waste - PCBs (CR01), Oils (CR02/CR03), waste chemical liquids - antifreeze,

latex & solvent paints, sludges, etc. (CR04), waste chemical solids (CR05)

UW- Universal Waste (batteries, thermostat ampoules, fluorescent lamps, used electronics)

IH- Inhalation hazard (silicas, etc.)

I- Ignitable - may contain ingredients which are ignitable (materials which have a flashpoint <140°F) (D001)

C- Corrosive - may contain ingredients which are alkaline or acidic (materials with a PH<2 or >12.5) (D002)

Toxic - may contain ingredients which are harmful if swallowed or which release vapors that can cause irritation

R- Reactive - may contain ingredients which are unstable, react violently with water or are explosive (D003)

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Section 028213 – Asbestos Abatement

#### **PART 1 GENERAL**

#### 1.1 SCOPE

- A. Work under this item shall include the abatement of asbestos containing materials (ACM) and associated work by persons who are knowledgeable, qualified, trained and licensed in the removal, treatment, handling, and disposal of ACM and the subsequent cleaning of the affected environment. ACM shall include material composed of any type of asbestos in amounts greater than one percent (1%) by weight. The Contractor performing this work shall possess a valid Asbestos Abatement Contractor license issued by the Connecticut Department of Public Health (CTDPH). Where areas to be abated contain materials with PCBs and asbestos the workers shall follow this Specification as well as Specification 02 84 33.
- B. These Specifications govern all work activities that disturb asbestos containing materials. All activities shall be performed in accordance with, but not limited to, the current revision of the OSHA General Industry Standard for Asbestos (29 CFR 1926.1001), the OSHA Asbestos in Construction Regulations (29 CFR 1926.1101), the USEPA Asbestos National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) Regulations (40 CFR Part 61 Subpart M), the CTDPH Standards for Asbestos Abatement, Licensure and Training (19a-332a-1 through 16, 20-440-1 through 9 & 20-441), and the CTDEEP Special Waste Disposal Regulations (22a-209-8(i)).
- C. The asbestos abatement work shall include the removal and disposal of all ACM as identified on the Contract drawings and Specifications prior to the planned renovation/demolition project. The Connecticut Department of Administration Services Division of Construction Services (CTDAS/CTDCS) will retain the services of a State of Connecticut licensed Project Monitor for protection of its interests and those using the building.
- D. Deviations from these Specifications require the written approval of the Engineer and Owner.
- E. The Contractor may elect to utilize an Alternative Work Practice (AWP), if approved by the CTDPH and the Engineer/Owner prior to the initiation of the abatement activities. An AWP is a variance from certain CTDPH asbestos regulatory requirements, which must provide the equivalent or a greater measure of asbestos emission control than the standard work practices prescribed by the CTDPH.

#### 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. The following details the extent of each phase of operation designated for this project. Phase areas may be combined or divided at the direction of the Engineer/Construction Manager. Proceed through the sequencing of the work phases under the direction of the Engineer/Construction Manager.

B. The asbestos abatement work shall include the removal of asbestos-containing materials as specified herein. This abatement project was designed by Mr. Donald LePage, a State of Connecticut licensed Asbestos Project Designer (#000233).

#### Phase 1-Parking Garage – Exterior

#### Includes the removal of:

- WG1-Exterior grey putty-like window glazing associated with Stair 1 and Stair 2 window systems, C-side windows only.
- Exterior Wall Waterproofing Tar/Vapor Barrier-Stair 1 C/D sides, Stair 2 B/C/D sides below grade, Garage B/C sides below grade.
- EJ2-Black expansion joint material-A Side driveway, between asphalt and concrete curbs.

#### **Notes:**

- The extent of the Exterior Wall Waterproofing/Tar Vapor Barrier is unknown. It was sampled on the exterior of the C/D corner of Stair 2. Exploratory excavation should be completed in areas where the grade/earth is higher than the ground floor slab and is in contact with the exterior wall to determine the extent of the material.
- Refer to drawings ASB1, ASB2, ASB3, ASB4

A regulated area(s) shall be established at the perimeter of the work area(s), and access shall be controlled by the Contractor. A remote personnel decontamination unit shall be utilized. Removal shall be undertaken in accordance with OSHA Class II and USEPA Asbestos NESHAP requirements. Visual inspection shall be performed by project monitor prior to work area being deregulated. No containment required for exterior abatements.

#### Phase 2-Parking Garage-Interior-Stair 2 Guardroom

#### **Includes the removal of:**

• FT1-Brown 12"x12" floor tile.

#### Notes

- Associated glue/mastic is not asbestos containing.
- Refer to drawing ASB4

Contractor shall be responsible for removal of all walls, ceilings, trim work, carpeting, etc., necessary in order to access the ACM. Asbestos removal shall be performed under full containment conditions with a pressure differential and contiguous decontamination system in accordance with CTDPH 19a-332a-5, 6 and 7, OSHA Class II and USEPA NESHAP requirements. Re-occupancy air clearance testing shall utilize Phase Contrast Microscopy (PCM) or Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) analysis, as applicable per CTDPH 19a-332a-12.

#### Phase 3-Parking Garage-Interior-Ground Level of Stair 1

#### Includes the removal of:

• EJ2-Black expansion joint material-around entire perimeter of the ground level of Stair 1, between the slab and wall.

#### Notes:

Refer to drawing ASB1

Contractor shall be responsible for removal of all walls, ceilings, trim work, carpeting, etc., necessary in order to access the ACM. Asbestos removal shall be performed under full containment conditions with a pressure differential and contiguous decontamination system in accordance with CTDPH 19a-332a-5, 6 and 7, OSHA Class II and USEPA NESHAP requirements. Re-occupancy air clearance testing shall utilize Phase Contrast Microscopy (PCM) or Transmission Electron Microscopy (TEM) analysis, as applicable per CTDPH 19a-332a-12.

#### 1.3 SUBMITTALS AND NOTICES

- A. The Contractor shall submit, in accordance with CTDPH Standard 19a-332a-3, proper notification using the prescribed form, to the Commissioner, State of Connecticut, Department of Public Health not fewer than ten (10) days prior to the commencement of work as follows:
  - 1. Asbestos abatement projects involving greater than ten (10) linear feet (LF) or twenty-five (25) square feet (SF) of ACM (friable or non-friable) within a facility (i.e. interior abatement) and/or greater than 10 LF or 25 SF of friable ACM outside a facility, require an Asbestos Abatement Notification.
  - 2. At sites scheduled for demolition, asbestos abatement of exterior non-friable ACM or interior abatement involving less than 10 LF or 25 SF of ACM (friable or non-friable), and/or exterior abatement involving less than 10 LF or 25 SF of friable ACM require a Demolition Notification. In most cases, the Demolition Contractor is responsible for filing the Demolition Notification not fewer than ten (10) days prior to the commencement of demolition. However, if a portion of the demolition activities are scheduled to be conducted in conjunction with and/or under the supervision of an Asbestos Abatement Contractor (i.e. in the event of a structure which has been condemned, structurally damaged, and/or deemed unsafe for asbestos abatement activities); then it is the responsibility of the Asbestos Abatement Contractor to submit the Demolition Notification.

- 3. In the event that an Asbestos Abatement Notification has been submitted and the subject facility is scheduled for demolition, a separate Demolition Notification form does not need to be submitted. In such cases, the submission of the Asbestos Abatement Notification form shall be deemed as satisfying the requirement for the notification of the demolition of the facility.
- 4. The Contractor filing the proper notification is responsible for all associated fees.
- 5. If the Contractor intends to dispose of ACM waste within the State of Connecticut, a copy of the Asbestos Abatement/Demolition Notification must also be submitted to the Department of Environmental Protection, Solid Waste Management Unit, and the Contractor must obtain a CTDEEP Special Waste Disposal authorization.
- B. Any Alternative Work Practice (AWP) specifically described in these Specifications is preapproved and is to be utilized at all times. Additional AWP methods may be used if
  approved by CTDPH and the Engineer/Owner. Should the Contractor desire to use AWP
  procedures that have not been pre-approved, the Contractor shall submit in writing a
  description of the proposed methods to the Engineer/Owner and CTDPH for review and
  approval. Alternative procedures shall provide equivalent or greater protection than
  procedures which they replace. The Contractor is responsible for all fees associated with
  filing AWP applications which have not been pre-approved. Submission of AWP
  applications requires a CTDPH Project Designer License. The Contractor shall not proceed
  with any AWP other than those listed in this Specification without approval from both the
  CTDPH and the Engineer/Owner.
- C. Seven (7) working days prior to the commencement of asbestos abatement work (Preabatement Meeting), the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer/Owner for review and acceptance and/or acknowledgment of the following:
  - 1. Copies of all required notifications.
  - 2. AWP applications/approvals.
  - 3. Permits and licenses for the removal, transport, and disposal of asbestos-containing or contaminated materials, including a CTDPH valid asbestos removal contractor's license.
  - 4. Documentation dated within the previous twelve (12) months, certifying that all employees have received USEPA Model Accreditation Plan approved asbestos worker/supervisor training in the proper handling of materials that contain asbestos; understand the health implications and risks involved, including the illnesses possible from exposure to airborne asbestos fibers; understands the use and limits of respiratory equipment to be used; and understands the results of monitoring of airborne quantities of asbestos as related to health and respiratory equipment as indicated in 29 CFR 1926.1101 on an initial and annual basis, and copies of all employees CTDPH asbestos worker and/or supervisor licenses.
  - 5. Documentation from the Contractor, typed on company letterhead and signed by the Contractor, certifying that all employees listed herein have received the following:

- a. Medical monitoring within the previous twelve (12) months, as required in 29 CFR 1926.1101
- b. Respirator fit testing within the previous twelve (12) months, as detailed in 29 CFR 1910.134 (for all employees who must also don a tight-fitting face piece respirator)
- 6. Copies of the EPA/State-approved certificates for the proposed asbestos landfill.
- 7. Name and qualifications of the Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor. This individual shall be the OSHA Competent Person for the abatement activities, shall have a minimum of three years working experience as an Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor, shall be capable of identifying existing asbestos hazards and shall have the authority to implement corrective measures to eliminate such hazards. The Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor shall be on-site at all times asbestos abatement is occurring, shall comply with applicable Federal, State and Local regulations which mandate work practices, and shall be capable of performing the work of this contract.
- D. No abatement shall commence until a copy of all required submittals have been received and found acceptable to the Engineer. Those employees added to the Contractor's original list will be allowed to perform work only upon submittal to, and receipt of, all required paperwork by the Engineer.
- E. Provide the Engineer/Owner, within 30 days of completion of asbestos abatement, a compliance package; which shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
  - 1. Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor job log;
  - 2. OSHA personnel air sampling data and exposure assessments;
  - 3. Completed waste shipment records.

#### 1.4 SEQUENCE OF WORK

- A. The Contractor shall proceed in accordance with the sequence of work as directed by the Engineer/Construction Manager. Work shall be divided into convenient Work Areas, each of which is to be completed as a separate unit.
- B. The Contractor shall use the following sequence for the asbestos abatement work:
  - 1. Release of work area to Contractor.
  - 2. A visual inspection of the work area to determine pre-existing damage to facility components.
  - 3. Removal of all moveable objects from the Work Areas undergoing abatement by the Contractor.
  - 4. All temporary utilities required for the project shall be on site and operational prior to the initiation of asbestos work.

- 5. Abatement of all asbestos-containing materials by the Contractor.
- 6. Final visual inspections by the Project Monitor.
- 7. Air sampling by the Project Monitor for re-occupancy.
- 8. Cleanup by the Contractor. Work Areas must be returned to their original condition or as directed by the Engineer/Project Monitor.
- 9. Removal of waste from the site.

#### **PART 2 PRODUCTS**

#### 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. All materials shall be delivered to the job site in the original packages, containers, or bundles bearing the name of the manufacturer, the brand name and product technical description.
- B. No damaged or deteriorating materials shall be used. If material becomes contaminated with asbestos, the material shall be decontaminated or disposed of as asbestos-containing waste material. The cost to decontaminate and dispose of this material shall be at the expense of the Contractor.
- C. Fire retardant polyethylene sheet shall be in roll size to minimize the frequency of joints, with factory label indicating four (4) or six (6) mil thickness.
- D. Six (6) mil polyethylene disposable bags shall have pre-printed OSHA/EPA/DOT labels and shall be transparent.
- E. Tape (or equivalent) capable of sealing joints in adjacent polyethylene sheets and for the attachment of polyethylene sheets to finished or unfinished surfaces must be capable of adhering under both dry and wet conditions.
- F. Surfactant is a chemical wetting agent added to water to improve penetration and shall consist of fifty (50) percent polyoxyethylene ether and fifty (50) percent polyoxyethylene ester, or equivalent. The surfactant shall be mixed with water to provide a concentration one (1) ounce surfactant to five (5) gallons of water, or as directed by the manufacturer.
- G. Spray equipment must be capable of mixing necessary chemical agents with water, generating sufficient pressure and volume; and equipped with adequate hose length to access all necessary work areas.
- H. Mechanical mastic removal equipment shall be suitable for the application and shall be operated in a manner which prevents damage to the underlying floor. Sanders, grinders, wire brushes and needle-gun type removal equipment shall be equipped with a High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) filtered vacuum dust collection system.
- I. Containers for storage, transportation and disposal of asbestos containing waste material shall be impermeable and both air and watertight.

- J. Labels and warning signs shall conform to OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101, USEPA 40 CFR Part 61.152, and USDOT 49 CFR Part 172 as appropriate.
- K. Encapsulant, a material used to chemically entrap asbestos fibers to prevent these fibers from becoming airborne, shall be of the type which has been approved by the Engineer. Use shall be in accordance with manufacturer's printed technical data. The encapsulant shall be clear and must be compatible with new materials being installed, if any.
- L. Glovebag assembly shall be manufactured of six (6) mil transparent polyethylene or PVC with two (2) inward projecting long sleeve gloves, an internal pouch for tools, and an attached labeled receptacle for waste.
- M. Mastic removal chemicals shall be low odor and non-citrus based, with a flash point in excess of 140° F.
- N. Any planking, bracing, shoring, barricades and/or temporary sheet piling, necessary to appropriately perform work activities shall conform to all applicable federal, state and local regulations.
- O. Air filtration devices and vacuum units shall be equipped with HEPA filters.

#### 2.2 TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Air monitoring equipment of the type and quantity required to monitor operations and conduct personnel exposure surveillance shall conform to OSHA requirements.
- B. Protective clothing, respirators, filter cartridges, air filters and sample filter cassettes shall be provided in sufficient quantities for the project.
- C. Electrical equipment, protective devices and power cables shall conform to all applicable codes.
- D. Shower stalls and plumbing shall include sufficient hose length and drain system or an acceptable alternate. Showers shall be equipped with hot and cold or warm running water. One shower stall shall be provided for each eight workers. Water is filtered through a 5 micron and a 10 micron filter prior to being discharged into the city sewer/sanitary system.
- E. The Contractor may need to supply electrical power to the site by either fuel operated generator(s) or temporary restoration of electrical service. Electrical power supply will be sufficient for maintaining in operation all equipment required for this project throughout the duration of the project.
- F. Exhaust air filtration units shall be equipped with HEPA filters capable of providing sufficient air exhaust to create a minimum pressure differential of 0.02 inches of water column, and to allow a sufficient flow of air through the area providing 4 air changes per hour. An automatic warning system shall be incorporated into the equipment to indicate pressure drop or unit failure. No air movement system or air filtering equipment shall discharge unfiltered air outside the Regulated Area. The Contractor shall provide actual

- airflow measurement of filtration units while the unit is in place and calculate actual air exchange rates.
- G. Pressure differential monitoring equipment shall be provided to ensure exhaust air filtration devices provide the minimum pressure differential required between the Work Area and occupied areas of the facility.
- H. Vacuum units, of suitable size and capabilities for the project, shall have HEPA filters capable of trapping and retaining at least 99.97 percent of all monodispersed particles of three micrometers in diameter or larger.
- I. Ladders and/or scaffolds shall be of adequate length, strength and sufficient quantity to support the work schedule.
- J. Other materials such as lumber, nails and hardware necessary to construct and dismantle the decontamination enclosures and the barriers that isolate the Work Area shall be provided as appropriate for the work.
- K. Spray equipment shall be capable of mixing wetting agent with water and capable of generating sufficient pressure and volume. Hose length shall be sufficient to reach all of the Regulated area.
- L. Mechanical mastic removal equipment shall be suitable for the application and shall be operated in a manner which prevents excessive damage to the underlying floor.

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

#### 3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Abatement Contractor/Subcontractor shall possess a valid State of Connecticut Asbestos Contractor License. Should any portion of the work be subcontracted, the subcontractor must also possess a valid State of Connecticut Asbestos Contractor License. The Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor employed by the Contractor shall be in control on the job site at all times during asbestos abatement work. All employees of the Contractor who shall perform work (i.e. Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor, Asbestos Abatement Worker) shall be properly certified/licensed by the State of Connecticut to perform such duties.
- B. All labor, materials, tools, equipment, services, testing, insurance (with specific coverage for work on asbestos), and incidentals which are necessary or required to perform the work in accordance with applicable governmental regulations, industry standards and codes, and these Specifications shall be provided by the Contractor. The Contractor shall be prepared to work all shifts and weekends throughout the course of this project.
- C. Prior to beginning work, the Engineer and Contractor shall perform a visual survey of each work area and review conditions at the site for safety reasons. In addition, the Contractor shall instruct all workers in all aspects of personnel protection, work procedures, emergency evacuation procedures and use of equipment including procedures unique to this project.

#### D. The Contractor shall:

- 1. Shutdown and isolate heating, cooling, and ventilating air systems to prevent contamination and fiber dispersal to the other areas of the building.
- 2. Shut down and lock out electrical power, including all receptacles and light fixtures, when feasible. The use or isolation of electrical power will be coordinated with all other ongoing uses of electrical power at the site.
- 3. Coordinate all power and fire alarm isolation with the appropriate representatives.
- 4. When necessary, provide temporary power and adequate lighting and ensure safe installation of electrical equipment, including ground fault protection and power cables, in compliance with applicable electrical codes and OSHA requirements. The Contractor is responsible for proper connection and installation of electrical wiring.
- E. If sufficient electrical service is unavailable, the Contractor may need to supply electrical power to the site by fuel operated generator(s). Electrical power supply shall be sufficient for all equipment required for this project in operation throughout the duration of the project. If the Contractor elects to supply electrical power to the work site through the use of generators, the Contractor shall ensure that each work area is a manageable size such that removal, final cleaning and reoccupancy testing can be accomplished within one work shift while negative air machines are operating.
- F. Negative pressure must be continuously maintained in each work area, until the area achieves satisfactory reoccupancy criteria and is approved by the Project Monitor to be deregulated. Negative air pressure must be maintained twenty-four (24) hours per day and the Contractor shall establish temporary electrical service to the site, rather than utilize generators.
- G. Water service may not be available at the site. Contractor shall supply sufficient water for each shift to operate the decontamination shower units as well as to maintain the work areas adequately wet.
- H. Ladders and/or scaffolds shall be in compliance with OSHA requirements, and of adequate length, strength and sufficient quantity to support the scope of work. Use of ladders/scaffolds shall be in conformance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926 Subpart L and X requirements.
- I. Work performed at heights exceeding six feet (6') shall be performed in accordance with the OSHA Fall Protection Standard 29 CFR 1926 Subpart M including the use of fall arrest systems as applicable.
- J. Data provided regarding asbestos sampling conducted throughout the structure(s) is for informational purposes only. Under no circumstances shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for determining the presence and location of all asbestos containing materials. The Contractor shall verify all field conditions affecting performance of the work as described in these Specifications in accordance with OSHA, USEPA,

- USDOT, CTDPH and CTDEEP standards. Compliance with the applicable requirements is solely the responsibility of the Contractor.
- K. The Engineer will provide a Project Monitor to oversee the activities of the Contractor. No asbestos work shall be performed until the Project Monitor is on-site. Pre-abatement, during abatement and post-abatement air sampling will be conducted as deemed necessary by the Project Monitor. Waste stream testing will be performed, as necessary, by the Project Monitor prior to waste disposal.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION OF WORK AREA ENCLOSURE SYSTEM

- A. Pre-clean the work areas using HEPA filtered equipment (vacuum) and/or wet methods as appropriate, collecting and properly containing all dust and debris as asbestos-containing/asbestos contaminated waste. Vacuum units, of suitable size and capabilities for the project, shall have HEPA filters capable of trapping and retaining at least 99.97 percent of all monodispersed particles of three micrometers in diameter or larger. Do not use methods that raise dust, such as dry sweeping or vacuuming with equipment not equipped with HEPA filters.
- B. After pre-cleaning, movable objects shall be removed from the work areas with the utmost care to prevent damage of any kind and relocated to a temporary storage location coordinated with the Engineer. The Contractor is responsible for protecting all fixed objects that are permanent fixtures or are too large to remove and remain inside the Regulated Area. Fixed objects shall be enclosed with one layer of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting sealed with tape.
- C. Where non-ACM insulation exists within a Regulated Area, the Contractor has the option of removing the non-ACM insulation material and disposing of as ACM debris, or decontaminating and protecting non-ACM insulation material with two (2) layers of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting. Any non-ACM insulation removed shall be replaced with new material of equal or better quality at the Contractor's expense.

#### 3.3 WORKER DECONTAMINATION ENCLOSURE SYSTEM

- A. The Contractor shall establish contiguous to the Regulated Area, a Worker Decontamination Enclosure System consisting of Equipment Room, Shower Room and Clean Room in series, as detailed below. Access to the Regulated Area shall only be through this enclosure.
- B. Access between rooms in the Worker Decontamination Enclosure System shall be through airlocks. Other effective designs are permissible. The Clean Room, Shower Room and Equipment Room located within the Worker Decontamination Enclosure, shall be contiguously connected with taped airtight edges, thus ensuring the sole source of airflow originates from outside the regulated areas, once the negative pressure differential within the Regulated Area is established.
- C. The Clean Room shall be adequately sized to accommodate workers and shall be equipped with a suitable number of hooks, lockers, shelves, etc., for workers to store personal articles and clothing. Changing areas of the Clean Room shall be suitably screened from areas occupied by the public.

D. The Shower Room shall be of sufficient capacity to accommodate the number of workers. One shower stall shall be provided for each eight (8) workers. Showers shall be equipped with hot and cold or warm running water through the use of electric hot water heaters supplied by the Contractor. No worker or other person shall leave a Regulated Area without showering. Shower water shall be collected and filtered using best available technology and dumped down an approved sanitary drain. Shower stalls and plumbing shall include sufficient hose length and drain system or an acceptable alternate.

#### 3.4 EQUIPMENT DECONTAMINATION ENCLOSURE SYSTEM

- A. The Contractor shall establish contiguous to the Regulated Area an Equipment/Waste Removal Decontamination Enclosure System consisting of two (2) totally enclosed chambers divided by a double flap curtained opening. Other effective designs are permissible. This enclosure must be constructed so as to ensure that no personnel enter or exit through this unit.
- B. The Contractor shall ensure that no personnel or equipment be permitted to leave the Regulated Area until proper decontamination procedures (including HEPA vacuuming, wet wiping and showering) to remove all asbestos debris have occurred. No asbestoscontaminated materials or persons shall enter the Clean Room.

#### 3.5 SEPARATION OF WORK AREAS FROM OCCUPIED AREAS

- A. Seal off all windows, doorways, skylights, ducts, grilles, diffusers, vents, light fixtures, electrical receptacles, suspended ceiling tile systems and any other openings between the Regulated Area and the uncontaminated areas outside of the Regulated Area, including the outside of the building, with critical barriers consisting of a minimum of one (1) layer of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting securing the edges with tape. Doorways and corridors which will not be used for passage during work and separate the regulated areas from occupied areas must be sealed with fixed critical barriers constructed of 2" x 4" wood or metal framing 16" O.C., with ½" plywood on the occupied side and two layers of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting on the Regulated Area side to prevent unauthorized access or air flow.
- B. The Contractor shall create a negative pressure differential in the range of 0.02 to 0.04 inches of water column between the Regulated Area and surrounding areas by the use of acceptable negative air pressure equipment. Exhaust air filtration units shall be equipped with HEPA filters capable of providing sufficient air exhaust to create a minimum pressure differential of 0.02 inches of water column, and to allow a sufficient flow of air through the area providing 4 air changes per hour. The Contractor shall provide a sufficient quantity of HEPA air filters to maintain the pressure differential throughout the duration of the project. An automatic warning system shall be incorporated into the equipment to indicate pressure drop or unit failure. Continuously monitor the pressure differential between the Regulated Area and surrounding area to ensure exhaust air filtration equipment maintains a minimum pressure differential of 0.02 inches of water column. The Contractor shall provide actual air flow measurement of filtration units while the unit is in place and calculate actual air exchange rates. No air movement system or air filtering equipment shall discharge unfiltered air outside the Regulated Area.

- C. A Negative Pressure Enclosure (NPE) shall be constructed via covering of floor and wall surfaces with polyethylene sheeting sealed with tape. Polyethylene shall be applied alternately to floors and walls. Cover floors first, with a layer of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting, so that polyethylene extends at least twelve (12) inches up on wall. Cover wall with a layer of four (4) mil polyethylene sheeting to twelve (12) inches beyond the wall/floor intersection, thus overlapping the floor material by a minimum of twenty-four (24) inches. Repeat the process for the second layer of polyethylene. There shall be no seams at wall-to-floor joints. Protect carpet and floor tile with two additional layers of six (6) mil reinforced polyethylene in addition to the prior two layers required.
- D. Conspicuously label and maintain emergency and fire exits from the Regulated Area satisfactory to fire officials.
- E. Post warning signs meeting the specifications of OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1001 and 29 CFR 1926.1101 at each Regulated Area. In addition, signs shall be posted at all approaches to Regulated Areas so that an employee or building occupant may read the sign and take the necessary protective steps before entering the area. Additional signs may require posting following construction of workplace enclosure barriers.

#### 3.6 ALTERNATE EXTERIOR NON-FRIABLE ASBESTOS SET-UP PROCEDURES

A. In lieu of the establishment of a negative pressure enclosure (NPE) system as described by CTDPH Sections 19a-332a-5(c), 5(d), 5(e), and 5(h), non-friable ACM will be removed from exterior work areas within an outdoor Regulated Area(s). The regulated work area will be established by the use of appropriately labeled barrier tape and postings in compliance with CTDPH 19a-332a-5(a) as well as OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101. A remote personnel decontamination unit as specified in Section 19a-332a-6 will be required. This method shall only be utilized provided exposure assessment air sampling data collected during the removal of the exterior non-friable materials indicates that the exposure levels during removal of such materials do not exceed 0.1 asbestos f/cc. Should exposure assessment air sampling data exceed this level, and engineering efforts to reduce the airborne fiber levels not be successful in reducing the levels to less than 0.1 f/cc, removal shall occur within these areas under full containment conditions.

#### 3.7 ALTERNATE "SPOT REPAIR" ASBESTOS PROCEDURES

A. In lieu of the establishment of a negative pressure enclosure (NPE) system as described by CTDPH Sections 19a-332a-5(c), 5(d), 5(e), and 5(h), less than 3 LF or 3 SF of ACM will be removed as a "spot repair" in accordance with CTDPH Section 19a-332a-10. A regulated area will be established by the use of appropriately labeled barrier tape and postings in compliance with CTDPH 19a-332a-5(a) as well as OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101. A remote personnel decontamination unit as specified in Section 19a-332a-6 will be required. Air-tight barriers will be constructed to assure that asbestos fibers released during abatement activities are contained within the work area. (Glovebags are permitted, as specified below.) ACM will be adequately wet prior to disturbance and remain wet until placed in leak-tight container. Following abatement, clean-up methods within the work area will include HEPA-filtered vacuuming or wet cleaning techniques until no visible residue remains.

- B. Glovebags utilized to perform "spot repair" activities on asbestos containing pipe insulation/mudded fitting insulation, in conformance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.1101(g)(5)(ii), shall be:
  - 1. constructed of 6 mil poly, seamless at bottom, unmodified
  - 2. installed so that it completely covers the circumference of pipe or other structure where work is to be done, with impermeable dropcloths placed on all surfaces beneath the work area
  - 3. smoke-tested for leaks and sealed, as needed
  - 4. used only once, may not be moved
  - 5. used only on surfaces with temperatures <150°F
  - 6. collapsed by removing air via HEPA-vacuum, prior to disposal
  - 7. adhered to surfaces which are intact, surfaces with loose and friable material shall be sealed in two layers of 6 mil poly or otherwise rendered intact
  - 8. capable of sustaining integrity at connection site to attached waste bag, which must have equivalent of sliding valve for disconnection (as applicable)
  - 9. performed by a minimum of two (2) persons
- C. Glovebags may also be used for "spot repair" abatement procedures involving additional materials (e.g. floor tile/linoleum, transite, etc.) provided that the glovebag is capable of fully enclosing the material to be removed.

#### 3.8 PERSONNEL PROTECTION

- A. The Contractor shall utilize all appropriate engineering controls and safety and protective equipment while performing the work in accordance with OSHA, USEPA, USDOT, CTDEEP and CTDPH regulations.
- B. The Contractor shall provide and require all workers to wear protective clothing in the Regulated Areas where asbestos fiber concentrations may reasonably be expected to exceed the OSHA established Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) or where asbestos contamination exists. Protective clothing shall include impervious coveralls with elastic wrists and ankles, head covering, gloves and foot coverings.
- C. Respiratory protection shall be provided and selection shall conform to the requirements of OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and 29 CFR 1926.1101 as well as the requirements of the CTDPH regulations and 42 CFR Part 84. A formal respiratory protection program must be implemented in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.1101 and 29 CFR 1910.134.
- D. All other necessary personnel protective equipment (i.e. hardhat, work boots, safety glasses, hearing protection, etc.) required to perform the asbestos abatement work activities shall conform to all applicable federal, state and local regulations.
- E. All other qualified and authorized persons entering into a Regulated Area (i.e. Project Monitor, Regulatory Agency Representative) shall adhere to the requirements of personnel protection as stated in this section.

#### 3.9 ASBESTOS ABATEMENT PROCEDURES

- A. The Asbestos Abatement Site Supervisor, as the OSHA Competent Person shall be at the site at all times.
- B. The Contractor shall not begin abatement work until authorized by the Project Monitor, following a pre-abatement visual inspection.
- C. All workers and authorized persons shall enter and leave the Regulated Area through the Worker Decontamination Enclosure System, leaving contaminated protective clothing in the Equipment Room for reuse or disposal of as asbestos contaminated waste. No one shall eat, drink, smoke, chew gum or tobacco, or apply cosmetics while in a Regulated Area.
- D. During removal, the Contractor shall spray asbestos materials with amended water using airless spray equipment capable of providing a "mist" application to reduce the release of airborne fibers. Spray equipment shall be capable of mixing wetting agent with water and capable of generating sufficient pressure and volume. Hose length shall be sufficient to reach all of the Regulated Area. Do not "flood" the area with hose type water supply equipment with the potential to create water releases from the regulated area.
- E. The Contractor shall continue to spray the asbestos materials with amended water, as necessary, throughout removal activities to ensure the asbestos materials remain adequately wet. The asbestos materials shall not be allowed to dry out.
- F. In order to minimize airborne asbestos concentrations inside the Regulated Area, the Contractor shall remove the adequately wetted asbestos in manageable sections. In addition, asbestos materials removed from any elevated level shall be carefully lowered to the floor.
- G. The Contractor shall promptly place the adequately wet asbestos material in disposal containers (six (6) mil polyethylene bags/fiber drum/poly-lined dumpsters, etc.) as it is removed. Large components removed intact may be wrapped in two (2) layers of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting secured with tape. As the disposal containers are filled, the Contractor shall promptly seal the containers, apply caution labels and clean the containers before transportation to the equipment decontamination area. Bags shall be securely sealed to prevent accidental opening and leakage by taping in gooseneck fashion. Small components and asbestos-containing waste with sharp-edged components (e.g. nails, screws, metal lath, tin sheeting) which could tear polyethylene bags and sheeting shall be placed in clean drums and sealed with locking ring tops. All waste containers shall be leaktight, (typically consisting of two layers of 6 mil poly (or bags)), and shall be properly labeled and placarded with OSHA Danger labels, DOT shipping labels, markings and placards and USEPA NESHAP generators labels. Containers shall be decontaminated by wet cleaning and HEPA vacuuming within the equipment decontamination area prior to exiting the regulated area. Wet clean each container thoroughly before moving to Holding Area.
- H. If at any time during asbestos removal, the Project Monitor should suspect contamination of areas outside the Regulated Area, the Contractor shall immediately stop all abatement work and take steps to decontaminate these areas and eliminate causes of such contamination. Unprotected individuals shall be prohibited from entering contaminated areas until air sampling and/or visual inspections determine decontamination.

I. After completion of abatement work, all surfaces from which asbestos has been removed shall be wet brushed, using a nylon brush, wet wiped and sponged or cleaned by an equivalent method to remove all visible material (wire brushes are not permitted). During this work the surfaces being cleaned shall be kept wet. Cleaning shall also include the use of HEPA filtered vacuum equipment.

#### 3.10 CLEAN-UP PROCEDURES

- A. The Contractor shall also remove and containerize all visible accumulations of asbestos-containing and/or asbestos-contaminated debris which may have splattered or collected on the polyethylene engineering controls/barriers.
- B. The Contractor shall clean surfaces of contaminated containers and equipment thoroughly by vacuuming with HEPA filtered equipment and wet sponging or wiping before moving such items into the Equipment Decontamination Enclosure System for final cleaning and removal to uncontaminated areas.
- C. The Contractor shall remove contamination from the exteriors of the air filtration devices, scaffolding, ladders, extension cords, hoses and other equipment inside the Regulated Area. Cleaning may be accomplished by brushing, HEPA vacuuming and/or wet cleaning. The Contractor shall wet wipe the Regulated Area beginning at the point farthest away from the negative air filtration units using cotton rags or lint free paper towels. Rags and towels shall be disposed of after each use. Workers should avoid the use of dirty rags to insure proper cleaning of surfaces. Mop the entire floor with a clean mop head and amended water. Water shall be changed frequently. For those Regulated Areas where lead is also disturbed, the cleaning shall also include a wet washing with a high phosphate detergent solution and HEPA vacuuming. Waste water shall be filtered using best available technology into leak-proof containers prior to being transported to a sanitary sewer for discharge.
- D. Once the Regulated Area surfaces have dried, the Project Monitor shall perform a thorough post abatement visual inspection utilizing protocols from the ASTM Standard E1368-90 Standard Practice for Visual Inspection of Asbestos Abatement Projects. All surfaces within the Regulated Area, including but not limited to ledges, beams, and hidden locations shall be inspected for visible residue. Evidence of asbestos contamination identified during this inspection will necessitate further cleaning as heretofore specified. The area shall be re-cleaned at the Contractor's expense, until the standard of cleaning is achieved.
- E. Once the area has received a satisfactory post-abatement visual inspection, any equipment, tools or materials not required for completion of the work, shall be removed by the Contractor from the Regulated Area. Negative air filtration devices shall remain in place and operating for the remainder of the clean-up operation.
- F. Following the post-abatement visual, the Contractor shall apply a lock-down encapsulant to all surfaces within the Regulated Area from which asbestos has been removed and the cleaned inner layer of polyethylene.

#### 3.11 AIR MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Contractor shall:
  - 1. Provide air monitoring equipment including sample filter cassettes of the type and quantity required to properly monitor operations and personnel exposure surveillance throughout the duration of the project.
  - 2. Conduct personnel exposure assessment air sampling, as necessary, to assure that workers are using appropriate respiratory protection in accordance with OSHA Standard 1926.1101. Documentation of air sampling results must be recorded at the work site within twenty-four (24) hours and shall be available for review until the job is complete.
- B. The Project Monitor, acting as the representative of the Engineer during abatement activities, will:
  - 1. Collect air samples in accordance with the current revision of the NIOSH 7400 Method of Air Sampling for Airborne Asbestos Fibers while overseeing the activities of the Abatement Contractor. Frequency and duration of the air sampling during abatement will be representative of the actual conditions at the abatement site. The size and configuration of the asbestos project will be a factor in the number of samples required to monitor the abatement activities and shall be determined by the Project Monitor. The following schedule of samples may be collected by the Project Monitor:
    - a. Pre-Abatement (Optional)
      - i. Background areas
      - ii. Area(s) adjacent to Work Area(s)
      - iii. Work Area(s)
    - b. During Abatement (Optional)
      - i. At the exhaust of air filtering device
      - ii. Within Regulated Area(s)
      - iii. Area(s) adjacent to Regulated Areas(s) (exterior to critical barriers)
      - iv. At the Decontamination Enclosure System
    - c. Post-Abatement (reoccupancy air clearance testing) (**REOUIRED**)
      - i. Interior Regulated NPE Area At least five (5) per homogenous area

Abatement Activity	Pre- Abatement	During Abatement	Post- Abatement
Greater than 160 SF/260 LF – Interior	PCM	PCM	TEM
Greater than 3 LF/3 SF and Less than 160 SF/260 LF – Interior	РСМ	PCM	PCM
Spot Removal and Glovebag Procedures (<3 LF/3 SF)		PCM	

- 7. For an asbestos abatement project with more than one homogeneous Regulated Area, the release criterion shall be applied independently to each Regulated Area.
- 8. These clearance sampling procedures may also be implemented for exterior NPE work areas at the discretion of the Engineer.

#### 3.13 POST ABATEMENT WORK AREA DEREGULATION

- A. The Contractor shall remove all remaining polyethylene, including critical barriers, and Decontamination Enclosure Systems leaving negative air filtration devices in operation. HEPA vacuum and/or wet wipe any visible residue which is uncovered during this process. All waste generated during this disassembly process shall be discarded as ACM waste.
- B. A final visual inspection of the work area shall be conducted by the Competent Person and the Project Monitor to ensure that all visible accumulations of suspect materials have been removed and that no equipment or materials associated with the abatement project remain.
- C. The Contractor shall restore all work areas and auxiliary areas utilized during work to conditions equal to or better than original. Any damage caused during the performance of the work activity shall be repaired by the Contractor at no additional expense to the Engineer.

#### 3.14 WASTE DISPOSAL

- A. Unless otherwise specified, all removed materials and debris resulting from execution of this project shall become the responsibility of the Contractor and removed from the premises. Materials not scheduled for reuse shall be removed from the site and disposed of in accordance with all applicable Federal, State and Local requirements.
- B. Waste removal dumpsters and cargo areas of transport vehicles shall be lined with a layer of six (6) mil polyethylene sheeting to prevent contamination from leaking or spilled containers. Floor sheeting shall be installed first, and shall be extended up sidewalls 12-inches. Wall sheeting shall overlap floor sheeting 24-inches and shall be taped into place.
- C. OSHA "Danger" signs must be attached to vehicles used to transport asbestos-containing waste prior to loading ACM waste. The signs must be posted so that they are plainly visible.
- D. Waste haulers and disposal facilities utilized shall match those indicated on the submitted CTDPH notification.
- E. Ensure all waste containers (bags, drums, etc.) are properly packed, sealed and labeled with USEPA NESHAP generator labels, OSHA danger labels and DOT shipping labels. For each shipment of ACM waste, the Contractor shall complete an EPA-approved asbestos waste shipment record.
- F. Authorized representatives signing waste shipment records on behalf of the generator must have USDOT Shipper Certification training in accordance with HMR 49 CFR Parts 171-180.

- G. Transport vehicles hauling ACM waste shall have appropriate USDOT placards visible on all four (4) sides of the vehicle.
- H. The Contractor shall dispose of asbestos-containing and/or asbestos contaminated material at an EPA authorized site and must be in compliance with the requirements of the Special Waste Provisions of the Office of Solid Waste Management, Department of Environmental Protection, State of Connecticut, or other designated agency having jurisdiction over solid waste disposal.
- I. Any asbestos-containing and/or asbestos-contaminated waste materials which also contain other hazardous contaminants shall be disposed of in accordance with the EPA's Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), CTDEEP and ConnDOT requirements. Materials may be required to be stored on-site and tested by the Project Monitor to determine proper waste disposal requirements.

END OF SECTION 02 82 13

## TABLE 1 BULK SAMPLE SUMMARY OF SUSPECT ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIALS BRIDGEPORT MENTAL HEALTH CENTER BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT

Sample No.		Homogeneous Material	% and Type Asbestos	
1	Stair 2 Roof	C1 – Light tan perimeter roof cap caulk original	ND	
2	Stair 1 Roof	C1 – Light tan perimeter roof cap caulk original	ND*	
3	Stair 2 Roof	C2 – Light grey replacement caulk perimeter roof cap	ND	
4	Stair 1 Roof	C2 – Light grey replacement caulk perimeter roof cap	ND*	
5	Stair 1 EXT	C3 – Thick grey caulk exterior at base of stairwell walls	ND	
6	Stair 2 EXT	C3 – Thick grey caulk exterior at base of stairwell walls	ND*	
7	Stair 2 A Side EXT Window	C4 – White brittle snappy window caulk	ND	
8	Stair 2 D Side EXT Window	C4 – White brittle snappy window caulk	ND*	
9	Stair 2 D Side EXT	C5 – Patch caulk adjacent to stairwell door	ND	
10	Stair 2 D Side EXT	C5 – Patch caulk adjacent to stairwell door	ND*	
11	C Side Stair 1 EXT	C6 – Grey window caulk	ND	
12	Stair 2 C Side INT	C6 – Grey window caulk	ND*	
13	UL Deck Field	C7 – Grey caulk perimeter and field of concrete deck	ND	
14	C Side UL Deck Perimeter	C7 – Grey caulk perimeter and field of concrete deck	ND	
15	A Side UL Deck Perimeter	C7 – Grey caulk perimeter and field of concrete deck	ND*	
16	A Side UL Gutter	C8 – Light grey gutter caulk	ND	
17	C Side UL Gutter	C8 – Light grey gutter caulk	ND*	
18	Electrical Room Door	C9 – Light grey door frame caulk	ND	
19	Electrical Room Door	C9 – Light grey door frame caulk	ND*	
20	Stair 2 C Side EXT	WG1 – Grey putty like window glaze (original)	3% chrysotile	
21	Stair 1 C Side EXT	WG1 – Grey putty like window glaze (original)	NA/PS	

NA/PVA Not analyzed/positive via inseparable association with a confirmed positive ACM NA/PS Not analyzed/positive stop, homogeneous to sample proven to contain asbestos

ND<1% Non-detected, less than 1% NAD No asbestos detected

NAD No asbestos detected

+ Although found to be negative by analysis, material is homogeneous to a determined ACM and therefore must be considered positive

NOB material; result confirmed by TEM analyses

\* Analyzed by EPA/600/R-93/116 with gravimetric reduction

## TABLE 1 (...continued) BULK SAMPLE SUMMARY OF SUSPECT ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIALS BRIDGEPORT MENTAL HEALTH CENTER BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT

Sample No.	Sample Location		
22	Stair 2 C Side EXT	WG2 – Grey/White window glaze caulk like	ND
23	Stair 1 C Side EXT	WG2 – Grey/White window glaze caulk like	ND*
24	Stair 2	DWG1 – Grey putty like door window glaze in windows that have wire mesh and windows that do not contain wire mesh	ND
25	Stair 1	DWG1 – Grey putty like door window glaze in windows that have wire mesh and windows that do not contain wire mesh	ND*
26	Stair 2 D Side EXT	EJ1 – Tan building expansion joint caulk	ND
27	Stair 1	EJ1 – Tan building expansion joint caulk	ND
28	Foundation B Side	EJ1 – Tan building expansion joint caulk	ND*
29	LL Stair 1	EJ2 – Expansion joint material between slab and wall	10% chrysotile
30	LL Stair 1	EJ2 – Expansion joint material between slab and wall	NA/PS
31	Ramp Upper Deck Junction EJ3 – Black expansion tar material between ramp and upper deck		ND
32	Ramp Upper Deck Junction	FI3 - Black expansion for material	
33	LL B Side	EJ4 – Cellulose fiber like expansion joint material at base of concrete column piers	ND
34	LL D Side	EJ4 – Cellulose fiber like expansion joint material at base of concrete column piers	ND*
35	CD Corner EXT Stair 2	DP1 – Black tar like sheet damp proofing	10% chrysotile
36	CD Corner EXT Stair 2	DP1 – Black tar like sheet damp proofing	NA/PS
27	Stair 2 UL Guard Room	FT1 – Brown floor tile	5% chrysotile
37	Stan 2 OL Guard Room	Yellow glue associated with FT1	ND
38	Stair 2 UL Guard Room	FT1 – Brown floor tile	NA/PS
30	Stan 2 OL Guard Room	Yellow glue associated with FT1	ND*

NA/PVA Not analyzed/positive via inseparable association with a confirmed positive ACM NA/PS Not analyzed/positive stop, homogeneous to sample proven to contain asbestos

ND<1% Non-detected, less than 1% NAD No asbestos detected

+ Although found to be negative by analysis, material is homogeneous to a determined ACM and therefore must be considered positive

NOB material; result confirmed by TEM analyses

\* Analyzed by EPA/600/R-93/116 with gravimetric reduction

## TABLE 1 (...continued) BULK SAMPLE SUMMARY OF SUSPECT ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIALS BRIDGEPORT MENTAL HEALTH CENTER BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTIGUT

Sample No.	Sample Location Homogeneous Material		% and Type Asbestos	
39	Stair 2 UL Guard Room	CBG1 – Yellow cove base glue associated with 4 inch cove base	ND	
40	Stair 2 UL Guard Room	CBG1 – Yellow cove base glue associated with 4 inch cove base	ND*	
		SHR1 – White sheetrock	ND	
41	Stair 2 UL Guard Room	White joint compound associated with SHR1	ND	
		SHR1 – White sheetrock	ND	
42	Stair 2 LL Storage Room	White joint compound associated with SHR1	ND	
43	Stair 1 Roof	PF1 – Asphaltic perimeter flashing with tar flashing cement	ND	
44	Stair 2 Roof	PF1 – Asphaltic perimeter flashing with tar flashing cement	ND*	
45	Stair 2 Roof	RCT1 – Black tar coating on perimeter roof cap	ND	
46	Stair 1 Roof	RCT1 – Black tar coating on perimeter roof cap	ND*	
47	Stair 1 Roof	RF1 – Built up roofing	ND	
48	Stair 2 Roof	RF1 – Built up roofing	ND*	
49	Stair 1 Roof	RF2 – Tar coating between insulation and corrugated metal decking	ND	
50	Stair 2 Roof	RF2 – Tar coating between insulation and corrugated metal decking	ND*	
51	UL D Side	CT1 – Tar coating between concrete deck and metal corrugated of UL parking area	ND	
52	UL B Side	CT1 – Tar coating between concrete deck and metal corrugated of UL parking area	ND*	

NA/PVA Not analyzed/positive via inseparable association with a confirmed positive ACM NA/PS Not analyzed/positive stop, homogeneous to sample proven to contain asbestos

ND<1% Non-detected, less than 1% NAD No asbestos detected

+ Although found to be negative by analysis, material is homogeneous to a determined ACM and therefore must be considered positive

NOB material; result confirmed by TEM analyses

\* Analyzed by EPA/600/R-93/116 with gravimetric reduction

## TABLE 2 IDENTIFIED ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIALS (>1%) BRIDGEPORT MENTAL HEALTH CENTER BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT

Material	Sampled- Assumed (mo/yr)	General Location	NESHAP Category	AHERA Category	Estimated Quantity
WG1 – Grey putty like window glaze (original)	Sampled 6/17	Stair 2 C-Side exterior, Stair 1 C- side exterior	Category II Non-friable	Miscellaneous	3 Window systems (28 panes)
EJ2 – Expansion joint material between slab and wall	Sampled 6/17	Lower Level Stair 1 & Driveway o/s Overhead Doors	Category II Non-friable	Miscellaneous	80 LF
FT1 – Brown floor tile	Sampled 6/17	Stair 2 Upper Level Guard Room	Category I Non-friable	Miscellaneous	40 SF
Exterior Wall Waterproofing Tar	Sampled 6/17	Below grade on Exterior Wall- Garage, B,C sides- Stairwell 2, B,C,D sides	Category II Non-friable	Miscellaneous	700 SF

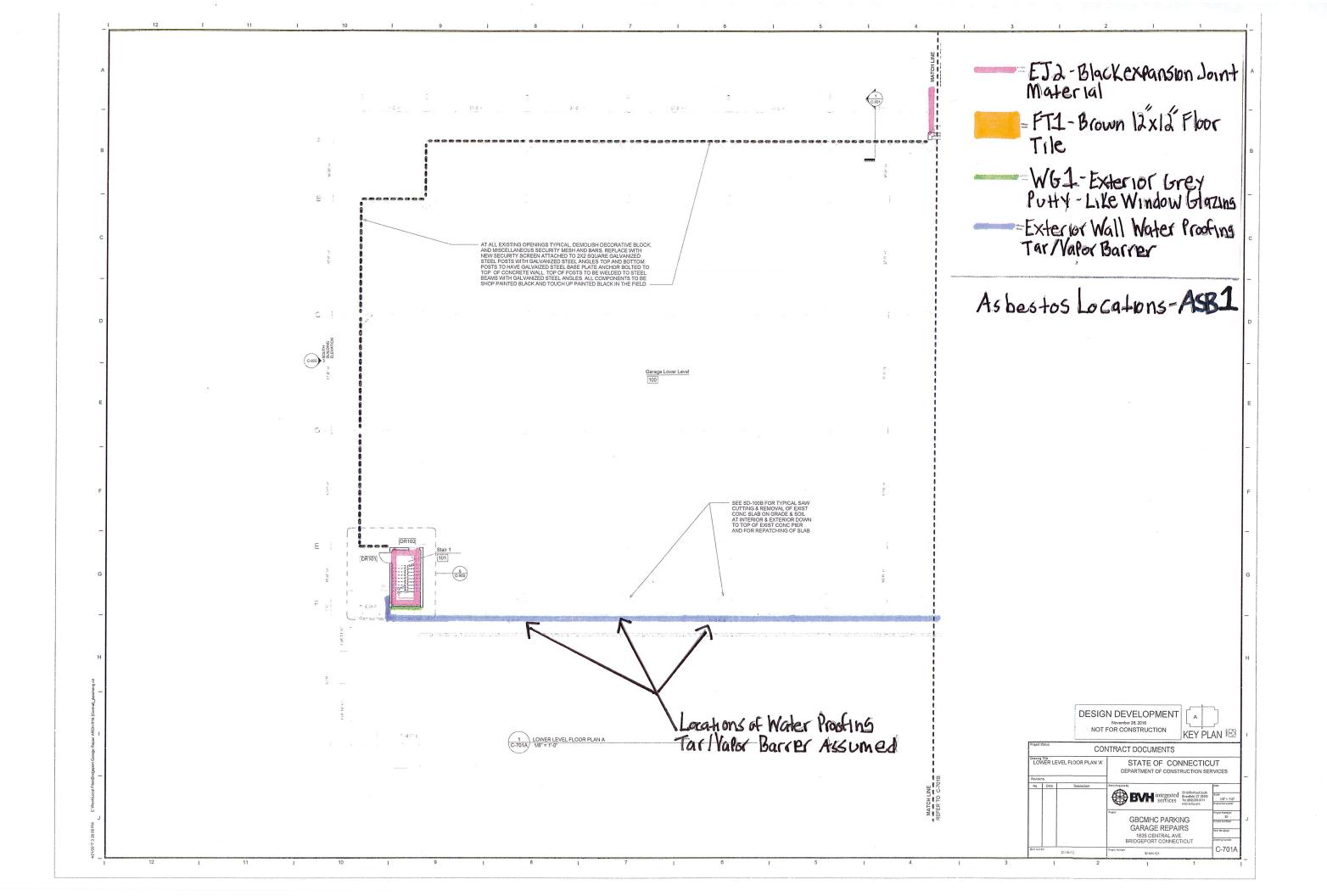
# TABLE 3 CONFIRMED NON-ASBESTOS CONTAINING MATERIALS BRIDGEPORT MENTAL HEALTH CENTER BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT

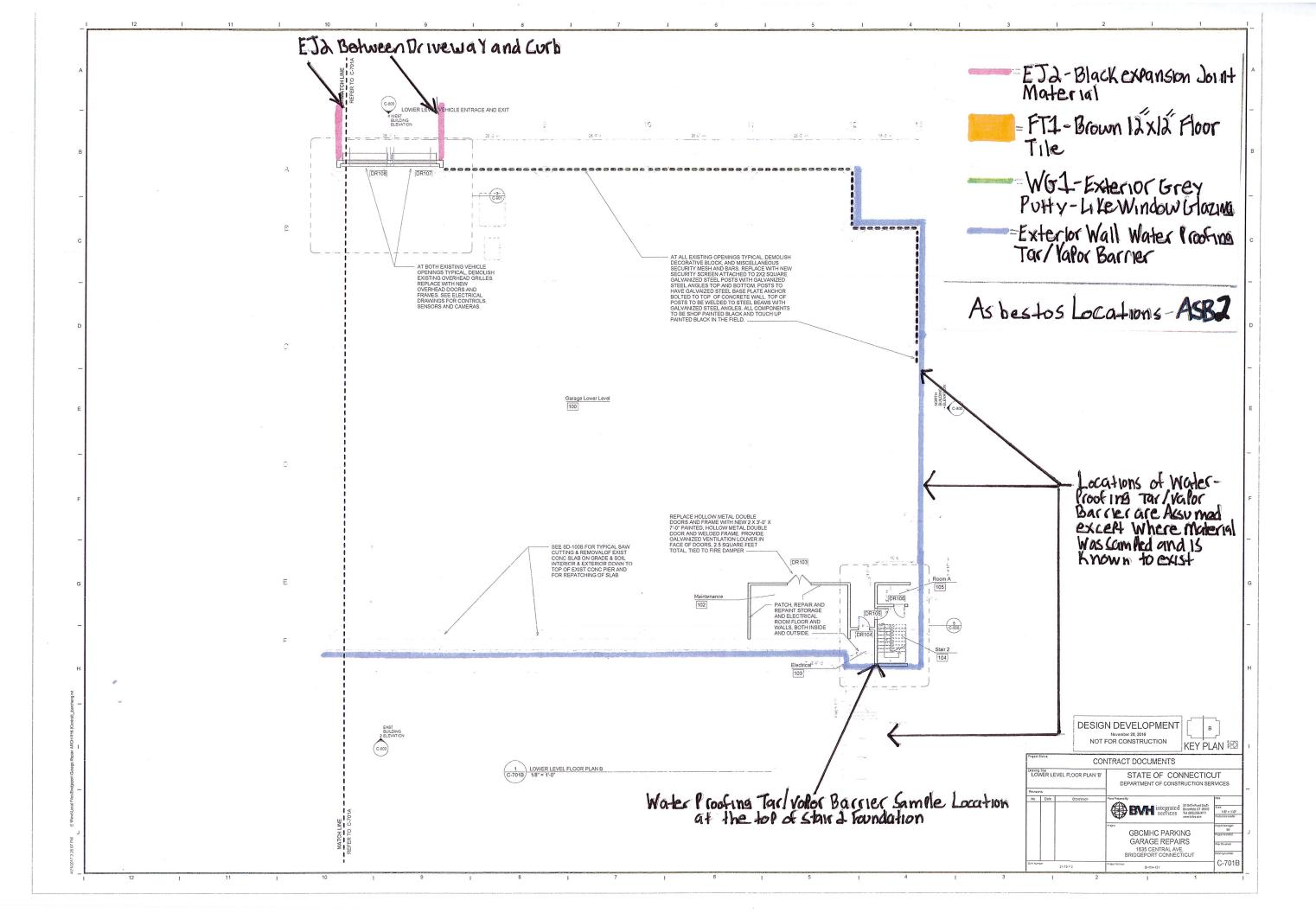
Material	General Location
C1 – Light tan perimeter roof cap caulk original	Stair 1 Roof, Stair 2 Roof
C2 - Light grey replacement caulk perimeter roof cap	Stair 1 Roof, Stair 2 Roof
C3 – Thick grey caulk exterior at base of stairwell	Stair 1 exterior upper level-A side and B side, Stair 2
walls	exterior upper level- A-side & D-side
C4 – White brittle snappy window caulk	Stair 2 A-side exterior window, Stair 2 D-side exterior window & above door
C5 – Patch caulk adjacent to stairwell door	Stair 2 D-side exterior
C6 – Grey window caulk	C Side Stair 1 exterior and interior, Stair 2 C side exterior and interior
C7 – Grey caulk perimeter and field of concrete deck	Upper Level Deck Perimeter & Field
C8 – Light grey gutter caulk	Upper Level Perimeter
C9 – Light grey door frame caulk	Electrical Room Door
WG2 – Grey/White window glaze caulk like	Stair 1 C-side exterior, Stair 2 C-side exterior
DWG1 – Grey putty like door window glaze in windows that have wire mesh and windows that do not contain wire mesh	Stair 1, Stair 2
EJ1 - Tan building expansion joint caulk	Throughout exterior and interior of Lower Level perimeter walls, Stairwells interior and exterior
EJ3 – Black expansion tar material between ramp and upper deck	Ramp/Upper Deck Junction
EJ4 – Cellulose fiber like expansion joint material at base of concrete column piers	Lower Level at concrete base/slab junction of all columns
Yellow glue associated with FT1 – Brown floor tile*	Stair 2 Upper Level Guard Room
CBG1 – Yellow cove base glue associated with 4 inch cove base	Stair 2 Upper Level Guard Room
SHR1 – White sheetrock/white joint compound	Stair 2 Upper Level Guard Room, Stair 2 Lower Level Storage Room
PF1 – Asphaltic perimeter flashing with tar flashing cement	Stair 1 Roof, Stair 2 Roof
RCT1 – Black tar coating on perimeter roof cap	Stair 1 Roof, Stair 2 Roof
RF1 – Built up roofing	Stair 1 Roof, Stair 2 Roof – top layer
RF2 – Tar coating between insulation and corrugated metal decking	Stair 1 Roof, Stair 2 Roof – under RF1 and cellulose insulation on corrugated metal decking
CT1 – Tar coating between concrete deck and metal corrugated of UL parking area	Upper Level Deck-throughout-between slab and corrugated metal decking

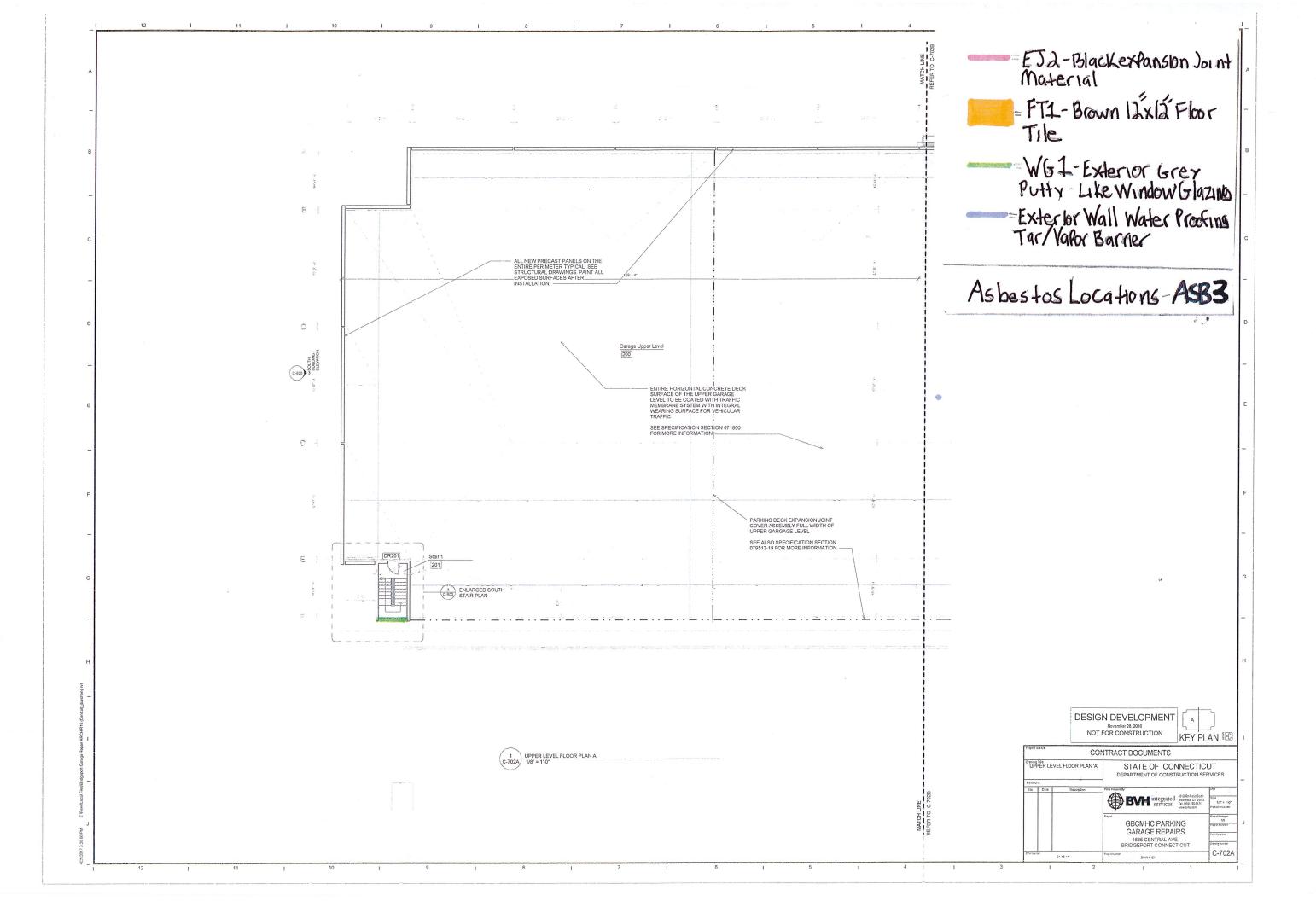
<sup>\*</sup>However, associated layers are positive

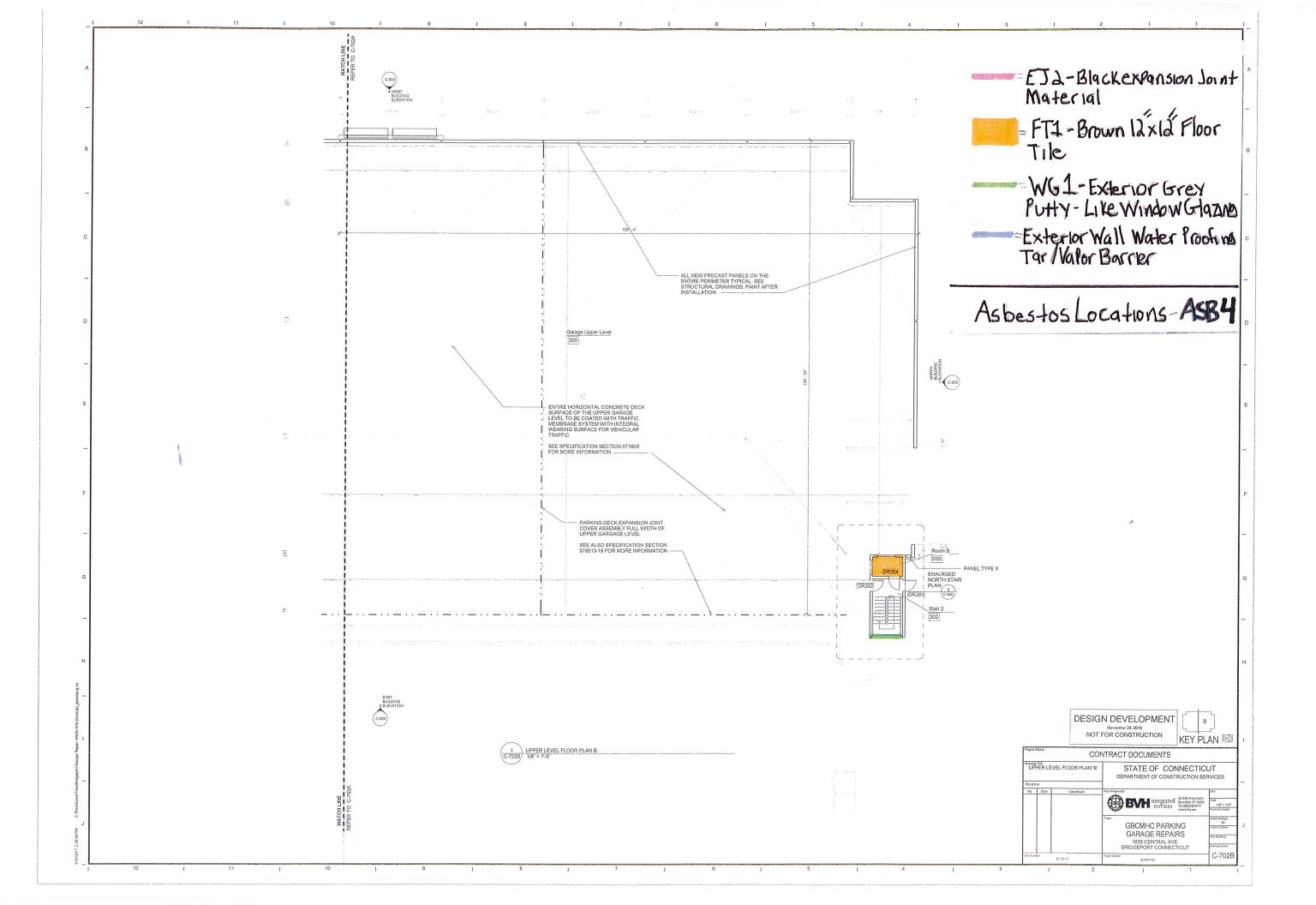
AHERA Categories = thermal system insulation (TSI), surfacing material or miscellaneous NESHAP Categories = friable, category I non-friable or category II non-friable Friable = crumbled, pulverized or reduced to powder by hand pressure when dry Category I Non-friable = packings, gaskets, resilient floor covering and asphalt roofing Category II Non-friable = all non-friable that is not Category I

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Section 028313 - Lead Paint Activity

#### **PART 1: GENERAL**

#### 1.1 SCOPE

- A. Work under this item shall include the special handling measures and work practices required for renovation and demolition (construction) activities impacting various materials containing or covered by lead paint, including the loading, transportation and final off-site disposal of non-hazardous and/or hazardous lead construction and demolition waste, the recycling of metallic components covered with lead paint, and the subsequent cleaning of the affected environment. Lead paint includes paint found to contain <u>any</u> detectable amount of lead by Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometry (AAS) or X-Ray Fluorescence (XRF).
- B. All activities shall be performed in accordance with, but not limited to, the current revision of the OSHA Lead in Construction Regulations (29 CFR 1926.62), the USEPA RCRA Hazardous Waste Regulations (40 CFR Parts 260 through 274), the CTDEEP Hazardous Waste Regulations (22a-209-1 and 22a-449(c)) and the USDOT Hazardous Materials Regulations (49 CFR Parts 171 through 180).
- C. All activities shall be performed by individuals with appropriate levels of OSHA lead awareness and hazard communication training and shall supervised by the Contractors Competent Person on the job site at all times. The Contractors Competent Person is one who is capable of identifying existing and predictable hazards in the surroundings or working conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to employees, and who has authorization to take prompt corrective measures to eliminate them.
- D. Hazardous lead debris shall be transported from the Project by a licensed hazardous waste transporter and disposed of at an EPA permitted hazardous waste facility within 90 days from the date of generation.
- E. Deviations from these Specifications require the written approval of the Engineer/Owner.

#### 1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

- A. All work impacting the lead painted materials identified below shall be conducted within an established Regulated Area with a remote wash facility/decontamination system and the OSHA Lead in Construction Standard. In accordance with 29 CFR 1926.62, engineering controls and work practices shall be utilized to prevent the spread of lead dust and debris beyond the Regulated Area and limit the generation of airborne lead. All wastes containing lead paint shall be properly contained and secured for storage, transportation and disposal.
- B. Data for random lead testing conducted on surfaces throughout the buildings as well as any waste characterization results are available from the Engineer for informational purposes only. Under no circumstances shall this information be the sole means used by the Contractor for determining the extent of lead painted materials. The Contractor shall

be responsible for verification of all field conditions affecting performance of the work as described in these Specifications in accordance with OSHA, USEPA, USDOT and CTDEEP standards. Compliance with the applicable requirements is solely the responsibility of the Contractor.

- C. The Contractor shall conduct exposure assessments for all tasks which impact lead paint in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.62(d) and shall implement appropriate personal protective equipment until negative exposure assessments are developed.
- D. The following details the extent of each phase of operation designated for this project. Phase areas may be combined or divided at the direction of the Engineer/Construction Manager. Proceed through the sequencing of the work phases under the direction of the Engineer/Construction Manager.

## Non-metallic Components To Be Impacted - OSHA

Low levels (<1.0 mg/cm²) of lead paint were identified on various non-metallic components throughout the structure including the concrete slabs, concrete foundation, concrete bases of columns and CMU interior stairwell walls. All work impacting those materials shall be conducted within an established lead control (regulated) area with a remote handwash facility/decontamination system in accordance with OSHA Lead in Construction Standards. In accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.62, engineering controls and work practices shall be utilized to prevent the spread of lead dust and debris beyond the Regulated area and limit the generation of airborne lead. Any waste generated is presumed as non-hazardous per CTDEEP/USEPA clarification memo of January 26, 2004 which is applicable due to all XRF readings of these materials being <1.0 mg/cm².

## Metal Components To Be Impacted - OSHA

Lead paint has been identified on the beams, columns, door casings, corrugated metal decking, drain pipes, bollards, guardrails, railings and light posts. All work impacting those materials shall be conducted within an established lead control (regulated) area with a remote handwash facility/decontamination system in accordance with OSHA Lead in Construction Standards. In accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.62, engineering controls and work practices shall be utilized to prevent the spread of lead dust and debris beyond the Regulated area and limit the generation of airborne lead. All steel and metal waste generated from the work shall be segregated and recycled as scrap metal at an approved scrap metal recycling facility. The recycling of scrap metal (regardless of LBP concentration) is exempt from USEPA RCRA and CTDEEP Hazardous Waste Regulation.

## Surface Preparations - OSHA

Surface preparation techniques such as sanding, sandblasting, scraping, etc. which are utilized on surfaces coated with lead paint must be conducted in accordance with the OSHA worker protection and USEPA RCRA/CTDEEP waste disposal standards. All work impacting those materials shall be conducted within an established lead control (regulated) area with a remote handwash

facility/decontamination system in accordance with OSHA Lead in Construction Standards. In accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.62, engineering controls and work practices shall be utilized to prevent the spread of lead dust and debris beyond the Regulated Area and limit the generation of airborne lead. All wastes containing lead paint shall be properly contained and secured for storage, transportation and disposal.

E. Segregate all steel and metal components generated from the renovation/demolition of the buildings, regardless of lead content, for recycling as scrap metal. Recycling of lead painted metal is exempt from regulation by the USEPA and CTDEEP as hazardous waste.

## 1.3 SUBMITTALS AND NOTICES

- A. Prior to the start of <u>any</u> work that will generate hazardous lead waste above conditionally exempt small quantities (greater than 100 kg/month or greater than 1000 kg at any time), the Contractor shall obtain from the Engineer/CTDEEP a temporary EPA Hazardous Waste Generators ID, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer.
- B. Prior to the generation of any hazardous waste, provide a copy of the USEPA permit for disposal of hazardous lead bearing waste for each proposed hazardous waste treatment storage disposal facility. Also provide a copy of each proposed hazardous waste transporters current USDOT Certificate of Registration and current Hazardous Waste Transporter permits for the State of Connecticut, the hazardous waste destination state and any other applicable states.
- C. Fifteen (15) working days prior to beginning work that impacts lead paint, the Contractor shall submit the following to the Engineer:
  - Work plan for work impacting lead paint including engineering controls, methods of containment of debris and work practices to be employed, as needed, to minimize employee exposure and prevent the spread of lead contamination outside the Regulated Area.
  - For projects when the intent is to mitigate lead hazards and provide lead-safe conditions for building occupants, a valid CTDPH Lead Abatement Contractor License.
  - 3. Copies of all employee certificates, dated within the previous twelve (12) months, relating to OSHA lead awareness and hazard communication training and training in the use of lead-safe work practices. SSPC, HUD LSWP and USEPA RRP training programs may be deemed acceptable as meeting these requirements if it can be demonstrated that such training addressed all required OSHA topics.
  - Name and qualifications of Contractor's OSHA Competent Person under 29 CFR 1926.62.

- 5. Documentation from the Contractor, typed on company letterhead and signed by the Contractor, certifying that all employees listed therein have received the following:
- a. medical monitoring within the previous twelve (12) months, as required in 29 CFR 1926.62;
- b. biological monitoring within the previous six (6) months, as required in 29 CFR 1926.62;
- c. respirator fit testing within the previous twelve (12) months, as required in 29 CFR 1910.134 (for those who don a tight-fitting face piece respirator)
- 6. Name of proposed waste recycling facility for lead-painted asphalt, brick, stone, and concrete that meets CT Remediation Standard Regulations (RSR) GA/Residential Criteria. If these materials do not meet GA/Residential Criteria, they will be disposed of as a non-hazardous construction and demolition (C&D) waste.
- 7. Names of the proposed non-hazardous construction and demolition (C&D) lead debris bulky waste disposal facility (CTDEEP-permitted Solid Waste landfill)
- 8. Names of the proposed scrap metal recycling facilities. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer all documentation necessary to demonstrate the selected facility is able to accept lead-painted scrap metal.
- 9. Negative exposure assessments conducted within the previous 12 months documenting that employee exposure to lead for each task is below the OSHA Action Level of 30  $\mu$ g/m³. If a negative exposure assessment has not been conducted, the Contractor shall submit its air monitoring program for the work tasks.
- D. No activity shall commence until all required submittals have been received and found acceptable to the Engineer/Owner. Those employees added to the Contractor's original list will be allowed to perform work only upon submittal of acceptable documentation to, and review by, the Engineer/Owner.
- E. Provide the Engineer/Owner, within thirty (30) days of completion of the project site work, a compliance package; which shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
  - 1. Competent persons (supervisor) job log;
  - 2. OSHA-compliant personnel air sampling data and exposure assessments;
  - 3. <u>Completed</u> waste shipment papers for non-hazardous lead construction and demolition (C&D) bulky waste disposal and scrap metal recycling
  - 4. Completed certified hazardous waste manifests for hazardous lead debris.

# 1.4 MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT

The Contractor's cost proposal shall be based on the following criteria:

Measurement for payment shall be based on a lump sum price for the lead hazard control construction activities. Measurement of payment shall be based on a per ton price for transport and disposal of hazardous and non-hazardous lead waste.

No extra payment shall be made for the construction and removal of containments, any required barrier installation and removal, decontamination, dust control, site preparation, site restoration or waste disposal areas. The cost for these items shall be included in the base bid.

#### PART 2: PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS

- A. All materials shall be delivered to the job site in the original packages, containers, or bundles bearing the name of the manufacturer, the brand name and product technical description, with MSDS sheets as applicable.
- B. No damaged or deteriorating materials shall be used. If material becomes contaminated with lead, the material shall be decontaminated or disposed of as lead-containing waste material. The cost to decontaminate and dispose of this material shall be at the expense of the Contractor.
- C. Fire retardant polyethylene sheet shall be in roll size to minimize the frequency of joints, with factory label indicating six (6) mil thickness.
- D. Polyethylene disposable bags shall be six (6) mils thick.
- E. Tape (or equivalent) capable of sealing joints in adjacent polyethylene sheets and for the attachment of polyethylene sheets to finished or unfinished surfaces must be capable of adhering under both dry and wet conditions.
- F. Cleaning agents and detergent shall be lead specific, such as TriSodium Phosphate (TSP).
- G. Any chemical strippers and chemical neutralizers to be utilized shall be compatible with the substrate as well as with each other. Such chemical strippers shall contain less than 50% volatile organic compounds (VOCs) in accordance with RCSA 22a-174-40 Table 40-1.
- H. Labels and warning signs shall conform to OSHA 29 CFR 1926.62, USEPA 40 CFR 745, USEPA 40 CFR 260 through 274 and USDOT 49 CFR 172 as appropriate.
- Any planking, bracing, shoring, barricades and/or temporary sheet piling, necessary to appropriately perform work activities shall conform to all applicable federal, state and local regulations.
- J. Air filtration devices and vacuum units shall be equipped with HEPA filters.

## 2.2 TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

A. The Contractor shall provide tools and equipment that are suitable for lead paint related activity:

- Air monitoring equipment of the type and quantity required to monitor operations and conduct personnel exposure surveillance in accordance with OSHA requirements.
- 2. Electrical equipment, protective devices and power cables shall conform to all applicable codes.
- 3. Where lead exposures are above the OSHA Action Level or PEL, the Contractor shall provide wash facilities/shower stalls and plumbing that include sufficient hose length and drain system or an acceptable alternate. One shower stall shall be provided for each eight workers.
- 4. Where lead exposures are above the OSHA PEL, the Contractor shall provide exhaust air filtration units that are equipped with HEPA filters to provide local exhaust ventilation at the work area to reduce airborne lead emissions.
- 5. The Contractor shall provide vacuum units of suitable size and capabilities for the project which have HEPA filters capable of trapping and retaining at least 99.97 percent of all monodispersed particles of three micrometers in diameter or larger. HEPA vacuums shall also be equipped with a beater bar.
- 6. The Contractor shall provide ladders and/or scaffolds of adequate length, strength and sufficient quantity to support the work schedule. Scaffolds shall be equipped with safety rails and kick boards in compliance with OSHA requirements.
- 7. Protective clothing, respirators, and HEPA P100 filter cartridges shall be provided in sufficient quantities for the project.
- 8. Equipment suitable for building renovation/demolition and proper waste/debris collection/packing/removal, (e.g. excavators, grapples, backhoes, roll-offs, etc.) shall be provided by the Contractor as required.

## PART 3: EXECUTION

## 3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. All employees of the Contractor who perform work impacting lead paint shall be properly trained to perform such duties. In addition, the Contractor shall instruct all workers in all aspects of personnel protection, work procedures, emergency evacuation procedures and use of equipment including procedures unique to this project.
- B. Contractor shall provide all labor, materials, tools, equipment, services, testing, insurance (with specific coverage for work on lead), and incidentals which are necessary or required to perform the work in accordance with applicable governmental regulations, industry standards and codes, and these Specifications.
- C. Prior to beginning work, the Engineer and Contractor shall perform a visual survey of each work area and review conditions at the site.

- D. As necessary, the Contractor shall:
  - 1. Shutdown and isolate heating, cooling, and ventilating air systems to prevent contamination and particulate dispersal to the other areas of the building.
  - 2. Shut down and lock out electrical power, including all receptacles and light fixtures, when feasible. The use or isolation of electrical power will be coordinated with all other ongoing uses of electrical power at the site.
  - 3. Coordinate all power and fire alarm isolation with the appropriate representatives.
  - 4. When necessary, provide temporary power and adequate lighting and ensure safe installation of electrical equipment, including ground fault protection and power cables, in compliance with applicable electrical codes and OSHA requirements. The Contractor is responsible for proper connection and installation of electrical wiring.
- E. Ladders and/or scaffolds to be utilized throughout this project shall be in compliance with OSHA requirements, and of adequate length, strength and sufficient quantity to support the scope of work. Use of ladders/scaffolds shall be in conformance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926 Subpart L and X requirements.
- F. Work performed at heights exceeding six feet (6') shall be performed in accordance with the OSHA Fall Protection Standard 29 CFR 1926 Subpart M including the use of fall arrest systems as applicable.
- G. If adequate electrical supply is not available at the site, the Contractor shall supply temporary power. Such temporary power shall be sufficient to provide adequate lighting and power the Contractor's equipment. The Contractor is responsible for proper connection and installation of electrical wiring and shall ensure safe installation of electrical equipment in compliance with applicable electrical codes and OSHA requirements.
- H. If water service is not be available at the site for Contractor's use, the Contractor shall supply sufficient water for each shift to operate the wash facility/decontamination shower units in addition to the water needed at the work area.
- I. The Engineer may provide a Project Monitor to monitor compliance of the Contractor. In such cases no activity impacting lead paint shall be performed until the Project Monitor is on-site. Environmental sampling, including ambient air sampling, TCLP waste stream sampling and/or dust wipe sampling, will be conducted by the Engineer/Project Monitor as deemed necessary throughout the project. Air monitoring to comply with the Contractor's obligations under OSHA remains solely the responsibility of the Contractor.
- J. If air samples collected outside of the Regulated Area during activities impacting lead paint indicate airborne lead concentrations greater than original background levels or 30 ug/m³, whichever is larger, or if at any time visible emissions of lead paint extend out

from the Regulated Area, an examination of the Regulated Area shall be conducted and the cause of such emissions corrected. Cleanup of surfaces outside the Regulated Area using HEPA vacuum equipment or wet cleaning techniques shall be done prior to resuming work.

K. Work outside the initial designated area(s) will not be paid for by the Engineer. The Contractor will be responsible for all costs incurred from these activities including repair of any damage.

#### 3.2 ESTABLISHMENT OF REGULATED WORK AREAS

- A. The Contractor shall establish a Regulated Area, through the use of appropriate barrier tape, or other means to control unauthorized access into the area when activities impacting lead paint are occurring.
- B. Warning signs meeting the requirements of OSHA 29 CFR 1926.62 shall be posted at all approaches to Regulated Areas. These signs shall read:

# WARNING LEAD WORK AREA POISON NO SMOKING OR EATING

- C. The Contractor shall implement appropriate engineering controls such as critical barriers, poly drop cloths, negative pressure, local exhaust ventilation, wet dust suppression methods, etc. as necessary, and as approved by the Engineer, to prevent the spread of lead contamination beyond the Regulated Area in accordance with the Contractor's approved work plan. Should the previously submitted work plan prove to be insufficient to contain the contamination, the Contractor shall modify its plan and submit it for review by the Engineer.
- D. For exterior work areas, the Contractor shall use a High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) filtered vacuum dust collection system to remove any visible existing paint chips from the ground to a distance of 20' out from the base of the exterior surface scheduled for lead paint activity prior to commencement of work and extend a 6 mil polyethylene sheet drop cloth on the ground adjacent to the exterior surface scheduled for lead paint activity to contain debris/contamination.

# 3.3 WASH FACILITIES

- A. The Contractor shall provide handwash facilities in compliance with 29 CFR 1926.51(f) and 29 CFR 1926.62 regardless of airborne lead exposure.
- B. If employee exposure to airborne lead exceeds the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) of 50 micrograms per cubic meter of air (μg/m³), shower rooms must be provided. The Shower Room shall be of sufficient capacity to accommodate the number of workers. One shower stall shall be provided for each eight (8) workers. Showers shall be equipped with hot and cold or warm running water. Shower water shall be collected and filtered

using best available technology and disposed of in accordance with all federal, state and local laws, regulations and ordinances.

## 3.4 PERSONNEL PROTECTION

- A. Exposure Assessments: The Contractor shall initially determine if any employee performing construction tasks impacting lead paint may be exposed to lead at or above the OSHA Action Level of 30 micrograms per cubic meter (30 μg/m³). Assessments shall be based on initial air monitoring results as well as other relevant information. The Contractor may rely on historical air monitoring data obtained within the past 12 months under workplace conditions closely resembling the process, type of material, control methods, work practices and environmental conditions used and prevailing in the Contractors current operations to satisfy the exposure assessment requirements. Monitoring shall continue as specified in the OSHA standard until a negative exposure assessment is developed.
- B. Until a negative exposure assessment is developed for each task impacting lead paint, the Contractor shall ensure that all workers and authorized person entering the Regulated Area wear protective clothing and respirators in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.62. Protective clothing shall include impervious coveralls with elastic wrists and ankles, head covering, gloves and foot coverings. Sufficient quantities shall be provided to last throughout the duration of the project.
- C. Protective clothing provided by the Contractor and used during chemical removal operations shall be impervious to caustic materials. Gloves provided by the Contractor and used during chemical removal shall be of neoprene composition with glove extenders.
- D. Respiratory protective equipment shall be provided and selection shall conform to 42 CFR Part 84, 29 CFR Part 1910.134, and 29 CFR Part 1926.62. A formal respiratory protection program must be implemented in accordance with 29 CFR Part 1926.62 and 29 CFR Part 1910.134.

## 3.5 AIR MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

#### A. The Contractor shall:

- Provide air monitoring equipment including sample filter cassettes of the type and quantity required to properly monitor operations and personnel exposure surveillance throughout the duration of the project.
- Conduct initial exposure monitoring to determine if any employee performing construction tasks impacting lead paint may be exposed to lead at or above the OSHA Action Level of 30 micrograms per cubic meter. Monitoring shall continue as specified in the OSHA standard until a negative exposure assessment is developed.
- Conduct personnel exposure assessment air sampling, as necessary, to assure that workers are using appropriate respiratory protection in accordance with OSHA

Standard 1926.62. Documentation of air sampling results must be recorded at the work site within twenty-four (24) hours and shall be available for review until the job is complete.

#### 3.6 LEAD PAINT ACTIVITY PROCEDURES

- A. The Contractor's Competent Person shall be at the job at all times during work impacting lead.
- B. Work impacting lead paint shall not begin abatement work until authorized by the Engineer, following a pre-abatement visual inspection by the Project Monitor.
- C. Any activity impacting lead painted surfaces shall be performed in a manner which minimizes the spread of lead dust contamination and generation of airborne lead.
- D. The Contractor shall ensure proper entry and exit procedures for workers and authorized persons who enter and leave the Regulated Area. All workers and authorized persons shall leave the Regulated Area and proceed directly to the wash or shower facilities where they will HEPA vacuum gross debris from work suit, remove and dispose of work suit, wash and dry face and hands, and vacuum clothes. Do not remove lead chips or dust by blowing or shaking of clothing. Wash water shall be collected, filtered, and disposed of in accordance with federal, state and local water discharge standards. Any permit required for such discharge shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.
- E. No one shall eat, drink, smoke, chew gum or tobacco, or apply cosmetics while in the Regulated Area.
- F. Utilize appropriate engineering controls and work practices (e.g. wet methods) as directed by 29 CFR 1926.62 (and 40 CFR 745.85 as applicable) to control lead emissions and contamination.
- G. Properly contain wastes containing lead paint for appropriate storage, transport and disposal.
- H. Stop all work in the regulated area and take steps to decontaminate non-work areas and eliminate causes of such contamination should lead contamination be discovered in areas outside of the regulated area.

## I. Special Requirements:

#### 1. Demolition/Renovation:

- a. Demolish/renovate in a manner which minimizes the spread of lead contamination and generation of lead dust.
- b. Implement dust suppression controls, such as misters, local exhausts ventilation, etc. to minimize the generation of airborne lead dust.

- Segregate work areas from non-work areas through the use or barrier tape, poly criticals, etc.
- d. Clean up immediately after renovation/demolition has been completed

#### 2. Chemical Removal:

- a. Apply chemical stripper in quantities and for durations specified by manufacturer.
- b. Where necessary scrape lead paint from surface down to required level of removal (i.e. stabilized surface, bare substrate with no trace of residual pigment, etc.). Use sanding, hand scraping, and dental picks to supplement chemical methods as necessary.
- c. Apply neutralizer compatible with substrate and chemical agent to substrate following removal in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- d. Protect adjacent surfaces from damage from chemical removal.
- e. Maintain a portable eyewash station in the work area.
- f. Wear respirators that will protect workers from chemical vapors.
- g. Do not apply caustic agents to aluminum surfaces.

#### 3. Paint Stabilization/Liquid Encapsulation:

- a. Remove surface dust, dirt, mildew, scale, rust or other debris by scrubbing with detergent (lead-specific detergent solution) and rinsing. Remove loose paint using wet scraping methods until a sound surface is achieved. Remove unsound substrate not firmly adhered and repair with an appropriate patching material.
- b. Remove and reinstall or protect electrical receptacles, hardware, and wall mounted objects from being painted-over by encapsulant. Protect adjacent finishes from paint splatter or other damage.
- c. Apply encapsulant in a continuous coat. Number of coats is as specified in the manufacturer's instructions for application. Encapsulant shall be approved by the CTDPH for use. Use encapsulants only on substrates and locations approved for use in the manufacturers instructions.
- d. Prior to application of encapsulants, perform the tape, X-cut tape and patch tests in accordance with the CTDPH guidance document information on Applying Liquid Encapsulants to Interior Surfaces for Property Owners and Lead Professionals to determine if the surface is suitable for encapsulation.

#### 4. Mechanical Paint Removal:

- a. Provide sanders, grinders, rotary wire brushes, or needle gun removers equipped with a HEPA filtered vacuum dust collection system. Cowling on the dust collection system for orbital-type tools must be capable of maintaining a continuous tight seal with the surface being abated. Cowling on the dust collection system for reciprocating-type tools shall promote an effective vacuum flow of loosened dust and debris. Inflexible cowlings may be used on flat surfaces only. Flexible contoured cowlings are required for curved or irregular surfaces.
- b. Provide HEPA vacuums that are high performance designed to provide maximum static lift and maximum vacuum system flow at the actual operating vacuum condition with the shroud in use. The HEPA vacuum shall be equipped with a pivoting vacuum head.
- c. Remove lead paint from surface down to required level of removal (i.e. stabilized surface, bare substrate with no trace of residual pigment, etc.). Use chemical methods, hand scraping, and dental picks to supplement abrasive removal methods as necessary.
- d. Protect adjacent surfaces from damage from abrasive removal techniques.
- e. "Sandblasting" type removal techniques should be performed within full containment negative pressure enclosures.

## 5. Component Removal/Replacement:

- a. Wet down components which are to be removed to reduce the amount of dust generated during the removal process.
- b. Remove components utilizing hand tools, and follow appropriate safety procedures during removal. Remove the building components by approved methods which will provide the least disturbance to the substrate material. Do not damage adjacent surfaces.
- Clean up immediately after component removals have been completed. Remove any dust located behind the component removed.

#### 3.7 PROHIBITED REMOVAL METHODS

- A. The use of heat guns in excess of 700 degrees Fahrenheit to remove lead paint is prohibited.
- B. The use of sand, steel grit, water, air, CO<sub>2</sub>, baking soda, or any other blasting media to remove lead or lead paint without the use of a HEPA ventilated contained negative pressure enclosure is prohibited.
- C. Power tool assisted grinding, sanding, cutting, needle gun, power planning or wire brushing of lead paint without the use of cowled HEPA vacuum dust collection systems is prohibited.

- D. Lead paint burning, busting of rivets painted with lead paint, welding of materials painted with lead paint, and torch cutting of materials painted with lead paint is prohibited. Where cutting, welding, busting, or torch cutting of materials is required, pre-remove the lead paint in the area affected.
- E. Use of chemical strippers containing Methylene Chloride is prohibited.
- F. Compressed air shall not be utilized to remove lead paint.
- G. Power/Pressure washing shall not be used to remove paint.

## 3.8 CLEAN-UP AND VISUAL INSPECTION/VERIFICATION

- A. The Contractor shall remove and containerize all lead waste material and visible accumulations of debris, paint chips and associated items.
- B. During clean up the Contractor shall utilize rags and sponges wetted with lead-specific detergent and water as well as HEPA filtered vacuum equipment.
- C. The Engineer will conduct a visual inspection of the work areas in order to document that all surfaces have been maintained as free as practicable of accumulations of lead in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1926.62(h). If visible accumulations of waste, debris, lead paint chips or dust are found in the work area, the Contractor shall repeat the cleaning, at the Contractor's expense, until the area is in compliance. The visual inspection will detect incomplete work, damage caused by the abatement activity, and inadequate clean up of the work site.
- D. Dust wipe clearance testing, in accordance with CTDPH/USEPA/HUD protocols, will also be performed by the Engineer if so detailed in Section 1.2 Description of Work. If lead dust wipe levels are above CTDPH/EPA/HUD clearance criteria, the Contractor shall re-clean the work area and retesting shall be conducted at the Contractors expense. The testing and cleaning sequence shall be repeated until the clearance criteria levels have been achieved.

## 3.9 POST ABATEMENT WORK AREA DEREGULATION

- A. Following the visual inspection, (and clearance/verification testing if appropriate/specified), any engineering controls and warning signs implemented may be removed.
- B. A final visual inspection of the work area shall be conducted by the Competent Person and the Project Monitor to ensure that all visible accumulations of suspect materials have been removed and that no equipment or materials associated with the abatement project remain. If this final visual is acceptable, the Contractor shall reopen the Regulated Area and remove all signage.
- C. The Contractor shall restore all work areas and auxiliary areas utilized during work to conditions equal to or better than original. Any damage caused during the performance

of the work activity shall be repaired by the Contractor at no additional expense to the Engineer/Owner.

## 3.10 NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL/RECYCLING

- A. Non-metallic building debris waste materials tested and found to be non-hazardous Construction and Demolition (C&D) bulky waste shall be disposed of properly at a CTDEEP approved Solid Waste landfill.
- B. Metallic debris shall be segregated and recycled as scrap metal at an approved metal recycling facility. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer all documentation necessary to demonstrate the selected recycling facility is able to accept lead-painted scrap metal.
- C. Concrete, brick, stone, cured asphalt, etc. coated with any amount of lead paint cannot be crushed, recycled or buried on-site to minimize waste disposal unless representatively tested and found to meet the CTDEEP RSR GA/Residential Standards. Only CTDEEP defined "clean fill" can be recycled on-site or sent to a recycling facility.

## 3.11 HAZARDOUS LEAD WASTE DISPOSAL

- A. If required to dispose of any hazardous waste, the Contractor shall utilize a certified/permitted transporter for hazardous waste in compliance with DOT 49 CFR Part 172 and USEPA 40 CFR 260-274 and a permitted hazardous waste treatment storage disposal facility (TSDF) in compliance with USEPA 40 CFR 260-274.
- B. Hazardous lead bearing material must be offered for transportation and transported in compliance with the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 49, Chapter 1, Part 173, Subparts A, B, C, and D and Paragraph 178.118. Transport vehicles (hopper or dump type) must be free from leaks and discharge openings must be securely closed during transportation. All storage containers (roll offs or drums) shall have a protective liner and removable lid. These containers shall not have any indentations or damage that would allow seepage of the contained material.
- C. The disposal of hazardous lead bearing material must be in compliance with the requirements of, and authorized by, the Office of Solid Waste Management, Department of Environmental Protection, State of Connecticut, and the USEPA.
- D. The disposal of hazardous lead bearing waste shall comply with the requirements of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA).
- E. Unless previous waste characterizations have been completed by the Engineer, all generated waste shall be containerized and stored on-site for hazardous waste determination via TCLP testing. TCLP testing and analysis shall be the responsibility of the Engineer.
- F. The dumpsters/containers containing hazardous waste are to be kept closed and covered and locked when not in active use for the loading of materials.

- H. All containers of hazardous lead bearing material shall be labeled in accordance with 29 CFR 1926.62 and EPA 40 CFR 260-270.
- I. All hazardous lead-bearing waste removed from the site by the Contractor shall be containerized in lined roll-offs or barrels. Store waste materials in U.S. Department of Transportation (49 CFR 178) approved containers. Properly label and placard each container to identify the type of waste (49 CFR 172) and the date the container was filled. The disposal containers shall be labeled with a six inch square, yellow, weatherproof, hazardous waste sticker in accordance with U.S. DOT regulations, by the Contractor.
- J. The Contractor may not store containerized hazardous lead waste on the job site for in excess of 90 calendar days from the accumulation start date.
- K. When required to dispose of hazardous waste, the Contractor shall utilize a certified/permitted transporter for hazardous waste in compliance with USDOT 49 CFR Part 172 and USEPA 40 CFR 260-274 and a permitted hazardous waste treatment storage disposal facility (TSDF) in compliance with USEPA 40 CFR 260-274.
- L. The Contractor shall complete a Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest, EPA Form 8700-22, and submit to the Engineer for review and generator sign-off prior to each load of hazardous waste scheduled to leave the site. Completed copies of the manifest shall be delivered by the Contractor to the Engineer within 30 calendar days following the date the load leaves the site.
- M. When all necessary procedures have been completed, then the hazardous waste shall be shipped to the hazardous waste disposal facility.
- N. Any spillage of debris during disposal operation, i.e., loading, transport and unloading, shall be cleaned up in accordance with the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Chapter 1, Part 265, Subparts C and D, at the Contractor's expense.
- O. The Contractor is liable for any fines, costs or remediation costs incurred as a result of the failure to be in compliance with this special provision and all federal, state and local laws.
- P. Final payment requisitions for the contract will not be processed until a signed copy of the manifest from the treatment or disposal facility certifying the amount of lead-containing materials delivered is returned and a copy is furnished to the Engineer.

END OF SECTION 02 83 13

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# TABLE 4 SUMMARY OF LEAD PAINT XRF MEASUREMENTS BRIDGEPORT MENTAL HEALTH CENTER BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT

Structure	No. of Measurements	Calibrations	Void	Lead Detected	No Lead Detected via XRF*
Parking Garage	65	7	0	34	24

<sup>\*</sup>A XRF cannot determine if paint is "lead free" since it can only detect lead down to 0.1 mg/cm². Paint can only be determined as "lead free" by a laboratory using Atomic Absorption Spectrometry (AAS). See Lead Paint XRF Measurement Table in Appendix E.

# TABLE 5 SUMMARY OF COMPOSITE BUILDING MATERIAL WASTE CHARACTERIZATION BRIDGEPORT MENTAL HEALTH CENTER BRIDGEPORT, CONNECTICUT

Waste Stream	Metal	mg/L Leachate	Hazardous/Non-Hazardous
Parking Garage Bldg. Material Composite (Excluding metal substrates)	were all below 1.0 r		eadings on non-metallic components ris is presumed as <u>non-hazardous</u> pemo of January 26, 2004.

<u>Note</u>: Any metal components should be recycled to promote waste minimization efforts, rather than disposed of, and the recycling operation is exempt from the USEPA RCRA and CTDEEP Hazardous Waste regulations.

See Appendix F for CTDEEP/USEPA clarification memo of January 26, 2004.

BDL - Below Detection Limit ND - Not Detected

	COL		Lead Based Pa	int Meas	Paint Measurement Summary	nary Table	ple					
)	2	_										
Device(s):		X Ra	y Fluorescence (XF	(F) Spectrui	Spectrum Analyzer							
Site:	Bridgeport Mental Health Center, 1635 Central Avenue, Bridgeport, Connecticut	er, 16,	35 Central Avenue,	Bridgeport,	Connecticut							
Project #:												
Date(s):	Т	-										
Inspector:	Michael Kostruba (Lead Inspector #002207)	tor #(	002207)									
Number	Room	Side	de Structure	Feature	Material	Color	Condition	Reading	Precision	Depth [	Duration	Date/Time
								(mg/cm2)	(mg/cm2)	Index	(sec)	
-	Shutter calibration							2.0	0.0		167.97	6/8/2017 8:52
2	0.0 calibration	_						0.0	0.0	-	1.35	6/8/2017 8:53
က	3.5 calibration							3.4	0.5	1.28	6.41	6/8/2017 8:54
4	0.3 calibration							0.3	0.1	1.09	4.56	6/8/2017 8:54
വ	Exterior	O	Wall		Concrete precast	Tan/Beige	Defective	0.0	0.0	1.04	3.03	6/8/2017 10:34
ဖ	Exterior	O	Wall		Concrete precast	Tan/Beige	Tan/Beige Defective	0.0	0.0	-	66.6	6/8/2017 10:34
7	Exterior	ပ	Wall		Concrete precast	Tan/Beige	Tan/Beige Defective	0.0	0.0	-	6.75	6/8/2017 10:35
ω	Exterior	ပ	Wall		Concrete precast	Tan/Beige	Defective	0.0	0.0	-	11.69	6/8/2017 10:36
თ	Exterior	ပ	Wall			Tan/Beige	Defective	0.0		1.2	11.48	6/8/2017 10:37
10	Exterior	ပ	Wall		Concrete decorative	Tan/Beige	Defective	0.0		-	4.23	6/8/2017 10:38
11	Exterior	O	Column		Metal	Tan/Beige	Tan/Beige Defective	0.0		1.66	3.7	6/8/2017 10:40
12	Exterior	ပ	beam		Metal	Tan/Beige	Defective	15.0		3.06	2.19	6/8/2017 10:41
13	Exterior	ပ	beam walkway		Metal	Tan/Beige	Defective	11.0	6.1	3.45	1.35	6/8/2017 10:42
14	Exterior	ပ	Railing		Metal	Tan/Beige	Defective	0.3	0.1	9.24	21.6	6/8/2017 10:43
15	Exterior	O	Railing		Metal	Tan/Beige	Tan/Beige Defective	0.2	0.2	10	9.63	6/8/2017 10:44
16	Exterior	O	Railing		Metal	Tan/Beige	Tan/Beige Defective	0.1		3.29	1.18	6/8/2017 10:44
17	Exterior	O	Railing		Metal	Tan/Beige	Defective	0.2	0.1	4.87	6.76	6/8/2017 10:45
18	Exterior	O	Foundation		Concrete	Tan/Beige	Defective	0.1	0.0	1.89	12.84	6/8/2017 10:47
19	Exterior	△	Door		Metal	Grey	Defective	0.0		-	1.35	6/8/2017 10:47
20	Exterior	۵	Window	Sash ext	Metal	Grey		0.0		1.24	1.34	6/8/2017 10:48
21	Exterior	۵	Wall	1	Concrete decorative	Tan/Beige	Defective	0.0		-	1.69	6/8/2017 10:51
22	Exterior	Ω	Wall	1	Concrete decorative	Tan/Beige	Tan/Beige Defective	0.0	0.0	-	3.38	6/8/2017 10:51
23	Exterior	۵	Foundation	1	Concrete decorative	Tan/Beige	Defective	0.0	0.0	1.03	8.77	6/8/2017 10:52
24	Exterior	A	Column	1	Metal	Tan/Beige	Defective	5.7		7.95	7.06	6/8/2017 10:53
25	Exterior	⋖	Column	1	Metal	Tan/Beige		3.6	1.8	5.92	1.52	6/8/2017 10:54
26	Exterior	∢	Column	1	Metal	Tan/Beige	Defective	0.5		3.29	2.87	6/8/2017 10:54
27	Exterior	∢	Pipe drain	10	Metal	Tan/Beige	Defective	0.1	0.1	2.12	1.85	6/8/2017 10:55
28	Exterior	∢	Pipe drain	1	Metal	Tan/Beige	Tan/Beige Defective	0.0	0.1	1.2	0.5	6/8/2017 10:56
59	Exterior	∢	Pipe drain	1	Metal	Tan/Beige	Defective	0.4	0.1	2.47	3.7	6/8/2017 10:56
30	Exterior	∢	Pipe	1	Metal	Tan/Beige	Defective	0.0		1.49	1.35	6/8/2017 10:57
31	Exterior	∢	Wall	!	Concrete precast	Tan/Beige	Defective	0.0	0.0	-	2.2	6/8/2017 10:59
35	Exterior	∢	Wall	1	Concrete precast	Tan/Beige	Tan/Beige Defective	0.0	0.0	-	8.78	6/8/2017 10:59
33	Exterior	<u>a</u>	Door	1	Metal	Grey	Defective	0.0		-	1.35	6/8/2017 11:00

			Lead	Based	nt Meas	Paint Measurement Summary Table	mary Tak	<u> </u>					
)	2												
Device(s):		55) X R	3ay Flu	iorescence (XRF	·) Spectrum	n Analyzer							
Site:	Bridgeport Mental Health Center, 1635 Central Avenue, Bridgeport, Connecticut	nter, 1	635 C	entral Avenue, B	ridgeport, (	Connecticut							
Project #:													
Date(s):	6/8/2017												
Inspector:	Michael Kostruba (Lead Inspector #002207)	ector	#0025	(20									
Number	Room	S	Side	Structure	Feature	Material	Color	Condition	Reading	Precision	Depth	Duration	Date/Time
		+							(mg/cm2)	(mg/cm2)	Index	(sec)	
34	2nd floor	В		ballard	1	Metal	Red	Defective	0.1	0.0	1.07	12.14	6/8/2017 11:03
35	2nd floor	O		guard rail	1	Metal	Tan/Beige	Defective	1.4	0.3	3.2	4.56	6/8/2017 11:05
36	2nd floor	A		guard rail	1	Metal	Tan/Beige	Defective	1.8	0.8	3.21	1.69	6/8/2017 11:06
37	2nd floor	A		guard rail	!	Metal	Tan/Beige	Defective	9.9	2.1	3.85	2.01	6/8/2017 11:06
38	2nd floor	A		light post	1	Metal	Grey	Defective	0.1	0.0	1.3	11.84	6/8/2017 11:08
39	2nd floor	1	l oe	Floor		Concrete	Yellow	Defective	0.0	0.0	4.94	7.91	6/8/2017 11:09
40	2nd floor	1	7/55/8	Floor	1	Concrete	Yellow	Defective	0.1	0.0	3.78	5.6	6/8/2017 11:10
41	Rear Stairwell dc	1		Railing	-	Metal	Grey	Defective	0.5	0.4	10	17.7	6/8/2017 11:13
42	Rear Stainwell dc	Δ		Railing	1	Metal	Grey	Defective	0.5	0.5	10	13.63	6/8/2017 11:14
43	Rear Stairwell dc	٥		Stair	Stringer	Metal	Grey	Defective	0.3	0.7	2.5	0.33	6/8/2017 11:14
44	Rear Stairwell dc	۵		Stair	Stringer	Metal	Grey	Defective	0.4	0.1	2.51	3.21	6/8/2017 11:15
45	Rear Stairwell dc	۵		Stair	Riser	Metal	Grey	Defective	0.0	0.7	10	0.17	6/8/2017 12:10
46	Rear Stairwell dc	Δ		Stair	Riser	Metal	Grey	Defective	0.0	0.0	1	1.18	6/8/2017 12:10
47	Rear Stairwell dc	۵		Wall		Concrete	Tan/Beige		0.1	0.0	1.9	12.13	6/8/2017 12:12
48	1st floor	۵		Column	1	Metal	Tan/Beige	Defective	4.3	2.8	10	2.7	6/8/2017 12:13
49	1st floor	۵		beam	1	Metal	Tan/Beige	Defective	6.3	3.7	2.48	0.67	6/8/2017 12:13
20	1st floor	۵		Column base	1	Concrete	White	Defective	0.3	0.1	1.47	8.76	6/8/2017 12:15
51	1st floor	В		Column base	1	Concrete	White	Defective	0.1	0.0	1.48	13.34	6/8/2017 12:17
25	1st floor	B		Ceiling	1	Metal	Tan/Beige		0.0	0.0	•	1.85	6/8/2017 12:18
53	1st floor	V		Ceiling	:	Metal	Tan/Beige	Defective	0.2	0.3	8.3	3.04	6/8/2017 12:19
54	1st floor	X		Ceiling	ľ	Metal	Tan/Beige		0.1	0.1	90.9	5.92	6/8/2017 12:20
22	1st floor	A		Ceiling	1	Metal	Tan/Beige	Defective	0.1	0.4	10	1.85	6/8/2017 12:20
56	1st floor	A	2000	Ceiling	1	Metal	Tan/Beige	Defective	0.1	0.3	3.55	0.67	6/8/2017 12:20
57	1st floor	4		Ceiling	1	Metal	Tan/Beige   Defective	Defective	9.0	0.4	10	19.79	6/8/2017 12:21
28	1st floor			Ceiling	1	Metal	Tan/Beige Defective	Defective	0.1		1.35	4.56	6/8/2017 12:22
59	Rear stairwell bc	×		Wall	1	Block	Tan/Beige	Defective	0.0	0.0	1	4.56	6/8/2017 12:30
09	Rear stairwell bc	۵		Door	Casing	Metal	Tan/Beige Defective	Defective	0.1	0.0	2.06	12.49	6/8/2017 12:32
61	Rear stairwell bc	1		Ceiling	1	Metal	Tan/Beige		0.0	0.0	-	5.42	6/8/2017 12:33
62	Rear stairwell bc	1		Ceiling	1	Sheetrock	White	Defective	0.0	0.0	1.8	9.45	6/8/2017 12:43
63	0.0 calibration								0.0		-	1.51	6/8/2017 12:48
64	3.5 calibration								3.5		1.28	3.54	6/8/2017 12:48
65	0.3 calibration								0.3	0.1	-	5.25	6/8/2017 12:48

## PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes cast-in-place concrete, including formwork, reinforcement, concrete materials, mixture design, placement procedures, and finishes, for the following:
  - 1. Footings.
  - 2. Retaining walls.
  - 3. Slabs-on-grade.
  - 4. Suspended slabs.
  - 5. Equipment pads and bases.
  - 6. Grouting of base plates.
  - 7. Anchor rod placement.
  - 8. Expansion and adhesive anchors.

## B. Related Sections:

1. Section 312000 "Earth Moving" for sub-base under slabs-on-grade, footings, and foundation backfill.

# 1.3 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. General: Submit the following according to Conditions of the Contract and Division 01 Specification Sections.
- B. Product Data: For each type of product indicated, including reinforcement and forming accessories, admixtures, patching compounds, waterstops, joint systems, curing compounds, epoxy adhesive, nonshrink grout, and others if requested by the Engineer.
- C. Design Mixtures: For each concrete mixture. Submit alternate design mixtures when characteristics of materials, Project conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant adjustments.
  - 1. Field water is not to be added.
  - 2. Admixtures are not to be added in the field.
- D. Submit a written description of cold weather and hot weather protection procedures for review and approval a minimum of 15 days prior to start of Work.

- E. Submit a written description of curing procedures for review and approval a minimum of 15 days prior to start of Work. Description to include curing methods and duration of curing.
- F. Shop drawings shall be reviewed and "checked" by the Fabricator prior to being submitted to the Engineer. Unchecked shop drawings shall be rejected and returned to the Contractor.
- G. Contractor to provide a detailed submittal schedule identifying all submittals and the date they are to be received by BVH Integrated Services, Inc. Submittal schedule is to be submitted two weeks prior to the start of the submittal process and updated every two weeks.
- H. Submit locations of all proposed construction joints in foundation retaining walls, and structural slabs for review and approval a minimum of 15 days prior to start of Work.
- I. Steel Reinforcement Shop Drawings: Placing drawings that detail fabrication, bending, and placement. Include bar sizes, lengths, material, grade, bar schedules, stirrup spacing, bent bar diagrams, bar arrangement, splices and laps, mechanical connections, tie spacing, hoop spacing, and supports for concrete reinforcement. Include special reinforcement required for openings through concrete structures.
  - 1. Submit detailed shop drawings which clearly show location, splicing, cover, sizes, and spacing of all reinforcing and wire fabric. Schedules and diagrams shall indicate bends, sizes, lengths of reinforcing members and splice lengths. All reinforcement in concrete footings and walls shall be shown in elevation, 1/8" = 1'-0" scale with top of walls, top of shelves, and bottom of footings clearly indicated and sections indicating bar placement, spacing, size and cover. All construction joints, as required on the Contract Drawings or requested by the Contractor, shall be shown with any additional reinforcement required. Show and locate all concrete openings, including those required for other Divisions. Any drawings submitted without showing construction joints and openings will be rejected and will not be reviewed.
  - 2. All reinforcement in structural slabs and slabs-on-grade shall be shown on 1/8" scale drawings with the bottom and top reinforcement shown on separate drawings. All supplement reinforcement required, including but not limited to slab edge reinforcing, corner bars, re-entry bars, slab openings, and girder bars are to be clearly indicated on the 1/8" scale shop drawings.
- J. No reinforcing shall be cut, fabricated, shipped to the job site, or placed before shop drawings have been approved by the Engineer of Record. Only shop drawings bearing the appropriate Engineer's stamp marked "Furnished As Submitted" or "Furnished As Corrected" or "Furnished As Corrected and Resubmit For Record" shall be used in the field.

K. Laboratory test reports for concrete materials and mix design tests.

# 1.4 <u>INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Welding Certificates: Submit certifications signed by an AWS Certified Welding Inspector of pre-qualified welding procedures, qualifications of welding procedures unless pre-qualified, qualification of welding operators, and qualifications of welders.
- B. Material Certificates: For each of the following, signed by manufacturers:
  - 1. Cementitious materials.
  - 2. Admixtures.
  - 3. Form materials and form-release agents.
  - 4. Steel reinforcement and accessories.
  - 5. Waterstops.
  - 6. Curing compounds.
  - 7. Floor and slab treatments.
  - 8. Bonding agents.
  - 9. Adhesives.
  - 10. Semirigid joint filler.
  - 11. Joint-filler strips.
  - 12. Repair materials.
  - 13. Anchoring adhesive.
- C. Field quality-control reports.
- D. Minutes of preinstallation conference.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Codes and Standards: Comply with provisions of the following Codes, Specifications, and Standards, except where more stringent requirements are shown or specified.
  - 1. American Concrete Institute (ACI) 301, "Specification for Structural Concrete for Buildings."
  - 2. ACI 318, "Building Code Requirements for Reinforced Concrete."
  - 3. Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute (CRSI), "Manual of Standard Practice."
  - 4. ACI 117, "Specification for Tolerances for Concrete Construction and Materials."
- B. Concrete Testing Service: Engage a testing agency acceptable to Engineer to design concrete mixes to perform material evaluation tests associated with the mix design.
- C. Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs on Project personnel qualified as ACI-certified Flatwork Technician and Finisher and a supervisor who is an ACI-certified Concrete Flatwork Technician.

- D. Manufacturer Qualifications: A firm experienced in manufacturing ready-mixed concrete products and that complies with ASTM C 94/C 94M requirements for production facilities and equipment.
- E. Testing Agency Qualifications: Owner will engage an independent agency qualified according to ASTM C 1077 and ASTM E 329 for testing indicated.
  - 1. Personnel conducting field tests shall be qualified as ACI Concrete Field Testing Technician, Grade 1, according to ACI CP-1 or an equivalent certification program.
  - 2. Personnel performing laboratory tests shall be ACI-certified Concrete Strength Testing Technician and Concrete Laboratory Testing Technician Grade I. Testing Agency laboratory supervisor shall be an ACI-certified Concrete Laboratory Testing Technician Grade II.
- F. Source Limitations: Obtain each type or class of cementitious material of the same brand from the same manufacturer's plant, obtain aggregate from single source, and obtain admixtures from single source from single manufacturer.
- G. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.4/D 1.4M, "Structural Welding Code Reinforcing Steel."
- H. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Section 013100 "Project Management and Coordination," and the following:
  - 1. At least seven days prior to concrete work, conduct a meeting to review detailed requirements for preparing concrete design mixes and to determine procedures for satisfactory concrete operations. Review requirements for submittals, status of coordinating work, and availability of materials. Establish a preliminary work progress schedule and procedures for materials inspection, testing, and certifications. Require representatives of each entity directly concerned with castin-place concrete to attend conference, including but not limited to the following:
    - a. Contractor's superintendent.
    - b. Agency responsible for field quality control.
    - c. Ready-mix concrete producer.
    - d. Concrete subcontractor.
    - e. Primary admixture manufacturers.
    - f. Engineer of Record.
    - g. Special Inspector, if applicable.
    - h. Construction Manager's superintendent, if applicable.

2. Review special inspection and testing and inspecting agency procedures for field quality control, concrete finishes and finishing, cold- and hot-weather concreting procedures, curing procedures, construction contraction and isolation joints, and joint-filler strips, semirigid joint fillers, forms and form removal limitations, shoring and reshoring procedures, vapor-retarder installation, anchor rod and anchorage device installation tolerances, steel reinforcement installation, floor and slab flatness and levelness measurement, concrete repair procedures, and concrete protection.

# 1.6 <u>DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING</u>

- A. Steel Reinforcement: Deliver, store, and handle steel reinforcement to prevent bending and damage. Avoid damaging coatings on steel reinforcement.
- B. Waterstops: Store waterstops under cover to protect from moisture, sunlight, dirt, oil, and other contaminants.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 FORM-FACING MATERIALS

- A. Forms for Exposed to View Finished Concrete: Form-facing panels that will provide continuous, true, and smooth concrete surfaces. Furnish in largest practicable sizes to minimize number of joints.
  - 1. Exterior-grade plywood panels, suitable for concrete forms, complying with DOC PS 1, and as follows:
    - a. High-density overlay, Class 1 or better.
- B. Forms for Unexposed to View Finished Concrete: Plywood, lumber, metal, or another approved material. Provide lumber dressed on at least two edges and one side for tight fit.
- C. Chamfer Strips: New 45-degree wood, metal, PVC, plastic or rubber strips, 3/4 by 3/4 inch, nailed 6 inches on center, and installed in inside corners of forms.
- D. Form-Release Agent: Commercially formulated form-release agent with a maximum of 350 g/L volatile organic compounds (VOCs) that will not bond with, stain, or adversely affect concrete surfaces and will not impair subsequent treatments of concrete surfaces.
  - 1. Formulate form-release agent with rust inhibitor for steel form-facing materials.

- E. Form Ties: Factory-fabricated, adjustable length, removable or snap-off metal form ties designed to resist lateral pressure of fresh concrete on forms and to prevent spalling of concrete on removal.
  - 1. Furnish units that will leave no corrodible metal closer than 1 inch to the plane of exposed concrete surface.
  - 2. Furnish ties that, when removed, will leave holes no larger than 1 inch in diameter in concrete surface.

# 2.2 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed.
- B. Epoxy-Coated Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615, Grade 60, deformed bars,, epoxy coated, with less than 2 percent damaged coating in each 12-inch bar length.
- C. Plain-Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A 1064, plain fabricated from asdrawn steel wire into flat sheets.

# 2.3 REINFORCEMENT ACCESSORIES

- A. Joint Dowel Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, plain-steel bars, cut true to length with ends square and free of burrs.
- B. Bar Supports: Bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars and welded wire reinforcement in place. Manufacture bar supports from steel wire or plastic according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice," of greater compressive strength than concrete and as follows:
  - 1. For concrete surfaces exposed to view where legs of wire bar supports contact forms, use CRSI Class 1 plastic-protected steel wire or CRSI Class 2 stainless-steel bar supports.
  - 2. For slabs-on-grade, use full 4" x 3" x 8" concrete blocks with a compressive strength equal to or greater than the adjacent cast-in-place concrete.

## 2.4 <u>CONCRETE MATERIALS</u>

- A. Cementitious Material: Use the following cementitious materials, of the same type, brand, and source, throughout Project:
  - 1. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I/II.
- B. Normal-Weight Aggregates: ASTM C 33, Class 3S coarse aggregate or better, graded. Provide aggregates from a single source.

- 1. Maximum Coarse-Aggregate Size: 3/4 inch nominal, unless otherwise noted.
- 2. Fine Aggregate: Free of materials with deleterious reactivity to alkali in cement.
- C. Water: ASTM C 94/C 94M and potable.

# 2.5 <u>ADMIXTURES</u>

- A. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260.
- B. Chemical Admixtures: Provide admixtures certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and that will not contribute water-soluble chloride ions exceeding 0.15 percent by mass of cement material. Do not use calcium chloride or admixtures containing calcium chloride.
  - 1. Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type A.
  - 2. Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type B.
  - 3. Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type D.
  - 4. High-Range, Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type F.
  - 5. High-Range, Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type G.
- C. Non-Set-Accelerating Corrosion-Inhibiting Admixture: Commercially formulated, non-set-accelerating, anodic inhibitor or mixed cathodic and anodic inhibitor; capable of forming a protective barrier and minimizing chloride reactions with steel reinforcement in concrete and complying with ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type C. Provide at a minimum dosage rate of 2 gallons per cubic yard.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. BASF Construction Chemicals Building Systems; Rheocrete 222+.
    - b. Euclid Chemical Company (The), an RPM company; EUCON CIA.
    - c. Grace Construction Products, W. R. Grace & Co.; DCI-S.

# 2.6 WATERSTOPS

- A. Self-Expanding Strip Waterstops: Manufactured rectangular or trapezoidal strip, swellable conformable blended rubber based material, for adhesive bonding to concrete, 1/2 by 1 inch.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following:
    - a. Grace; ADCOR ES Hydrophilic Waterstop.
    - b. Sika Corporation; Swellstop.
    - c. Vinylex; Bluestop.

# 2.7 <u>CURING MATERIALS</u>

- A. Evaporation Retarder: Waterborne, monomolecular film forming, manufactured for application to fresh concrete.
- B. Absorptive Cover: AASHTO M 182, Class 2, burlap cloth made from jute or kenaf, weighing approximately 9 oz./sq. yd. when dry.
- C. Moisture-Retaining Cover: Comply with ASTM C 171, polyethylene film or white burlap-polyethylene sheet or waterproof paper.
- D. Water: Potable.
- E. Clear, Waterborne, Membrane-Forming Curing Compound: ASTM C 309, Type 1, Class B, dissipating. Moisture loss not more than 0.55 kg/sq. m when applied at 200 sq. ft./gal. Subject to compliance with current US EPA regulations for volatile organic compounds (VOC) emissions and floor finish adhesives.

# 2.8 <u>RELATED MATERIALS</u>

- A. Expansion- and Isolation-Joint-Filler Strips: ASTM D 1751, 1/2 inch asphalt-saturated cellulosic fiber preformed into strips unless otherwise noted.
- B. Bonding Agent: ASTM C 1059/C 1059M, Type II, non-redispersible, acrylic emulsion or styrene butadiene.
- C. Anchoring Adhesive: ASTM C 881, two-compound material suitable for use on dry or damp surfaces. Epcon G5, as manufactured by ITW Ramset/Red Head; PE 1000, as manufactured by Powers Fasteners; or HIT RE-500-V3 as manufactured by HILTI. Holes shall be drilled with a rotary hammer drill and carbide-tipped drill bit.
- D. Nonmetallic, Shrinkage-Resistant Grout: Premixed, nonmetallic, noncorrosive, nonstaining grout containing selected silica sands, Portland cement, shrinkage compensating agents, plasticizing and water-reducing agents, comply with ASTM C 1107, of consistency suitable for application, 30-minute working time, and a seven-day compressive strength of 6,000 psi for a mixture with a "flowable" consistency, defined as 140 percent flow on flow table, ASTM C230, five drops in three seconds.
- E. Epoxy Crack-Injection Adhesive: ASTM C 881/C 881M, bonding system, Type I and II.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the following:
    - a. Sika: Sikadur 33 Epoxy Adhesive.

- b. Master Builders: MasterInject 1500 Adhesive.
- c. W.R. Meadows: Rezi-Weld LV State Injection Epoxy.
- 2. Capping Adhesive: Product manufactured for use with crack-injection adhesive by same manufacturer.
- 3. Color: Provide epoxy crack-injection adhesive and capping adhesive that blend with existing, adjacent concrete and do not stain concrete surface.

# 2.9 <u>CONCRETE MIXTURES, GENERAL</u>

- A. Prepare design mixtures for each type and strength of concrete, proportioned on the basis of laboratory trial mixture or field test data, or both, according to ACI 301.
  - 1. Use a qualified independent testing agency acceptable to the Engineer of Record for preparing and reporting proposed mixture designs based on laboratory trial mixtures.
- B. Submit written reports including all statistical data to the Engineer of each proposed mix for each class of concrete at least 15 days prior to start of Work. Do not begin concrete production until proposed mix designs have been approved by the Engineer.
- C. Limit water-soluble, chloride-ion content in hardened concrete to 0.15 percent by weight of cement.
- D. Admixtures: Use admixtures according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Use water-reducing or high-range water-reducing admixture in concrete, as required, for placement and workability.
  - 2. Use water-reducing and retarding admixture when required by high temperatures, low humidity, or other adverse placement conditions.
- E. Use accelerating admixture in concrete slabs, as required, for placement and workability.
- F. Add air-entraining admixture where specified at manufacturer's prescribed rate to result in concrete at point of placement and having total air content with a tolerance of plus or minus 1-1/2 percent of the value indicated.
- G. Use admixtures for water reduction and set accelerating or retarding in strict compliance with manufacturer's directions.

# 2.10 <u>CONCRETE MIXTURES</u>

- A. Design mixes to provide concrete with the following properties:
  - 1. Concrete for footings, foundations, walls, sidewalks, and exterior slabs-on-grade to be normal weight concrete with a 4,500 psi, 28-day minimum compressive strength; water-cement ratio 0.45 maximum (water content shall include surface water in aggregates); minimum cement content of 6 sacks per cubic yard, maximum 3/4 inch aggregate, four plus or minus 1 inch slump; 6 percent air content by volume.
  - 2. Concrete for structural suspended slabs to be normal weight concrete with a 5,000 psi, 28-day minimum compressive strength, minimum cement content of 6 sacks per cubic yard, water-cement ratio 0.38 maximum (water content shall include surface water in aggregates), maximum 3/4-inch aggregate, four plus or minus 1 inch slump. Provide six percent air content by volume at all exterior slabs.
  - 3. Concrete for steel pan stairs to be normal weight concrete with a 4,000 psi, 28-day minimum compressive strength, minimum cement content of 6 sacks per cubic yard, water-cement ratio 0.45 maximum (water content shall include surface water in aggregates), maximum 3/8 inch aggregate, four plus or minus 1 inch slump.
- B. If mixes are to be pumped, allowable slump can be increased to six plus or minus 1 inch. Submit separate mix designs, including all backup data, for each pump mix for approval by the Engineer.
- C. Adjustments to Concrete Mixes: Field water is not to be added. Mix design adjustments may be requested by the Contractor when characteristics of materials, job conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant, as accepted by the Engineer. Laboratory test data for revised mix design and strength results must be submitted to and accepted by the Engineer before using in Work.
- D. Do not air entrain concrete at interior slabs. Do not allow entrapped air content to exceed 3 percent.

## 2.11 FABRICATING REINFORCEMENT

A. Fabricate steel reinforcement according to CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice."

# 2.12 <u>CONCRETE MIXING</u>

A. Ready-Mixed Concrete: Measure, batch, mix, and deliver concrete according to ASTM C 94 and ASTM C 1116/C 1116M, and furnish batch ticket information.

1. When air temperature is between 85 and 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery time from 1-1/2 hours to 75 minutes; when air temperature is above 90 deg F, reduce mixing and delivery time to 60 minutes.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 GENERAL

- A. Coordinate the installation of joint materials, vapor retarder, embedded items, anchor bolts and other related materials with placement of forms and reinforcing steel.
- B. Thoroughly clean forms and adjacent surfaces to receive concrete. Remove chips, wood, sawdust, dirt, welding ferrules and/or other debris just before placing concrete.

### 3.2 **FORMWORK**

- A. Design, erect, shore, brace, and maintain formwork, according to ACI 301, to support vertical, lateral, static, and dynamic loads, and construction loads that might be applied, until structure can support such loads.
- B. Construct formwork so concrete members and structures are of size, shape, alignment, elevation, and position indicated, within tolerance limits of ACI 117.
- C. Limit concrete surface irregularities, designated by ACI 347 as abrupt or gradual, as follows:
  - 1. Class A, 1/8 inch, tolerances for concrete surfaces exposed to view.
  - 2. Class C, 1/2 inch, tolerances for other concrete surfaces.
- D. Construct forms tight enough to prevent loss of concrete mortar.
- E. Fabricate forms for easy removal without hammering or prying against concrete surfaces. Provide crush or wrecking plates where stripping may damage cast concrete surfaces. Provide top forms for inclined surfaces steeper than 1.5 horizontal to 1 vertical.
  - 1. Install keyways, reglets, recesses, and the like, for easy removal.
  - 2. Do not use rust-stained steel form-facing material.
- F. Set edge forms, bulkheads, and intermediate screed strips for slabs to achieve required elevations and slopes in finished concrete surfaces. Provide and secure units to support screed strips; use strike-off templates or compacting-type screeds.
- G. Provide temporary openings for cleanouts and inspection ports where interior area of formwork is inaccessible before and during concrete placement. Securely brace

- temporary openings and set tightly to forms to prevent losing concrete mortar. Close openings with panels tightly fitted to forms and securely braced to prevent loss of concrete mortar. Locate temporary openings in forms at inconspicuous locations.
- H. Chamfer exterior corners and edges of exposed concrete, and where indicated on Contract Documents to produce uniform smooth lines and tight edge joints.
- I. Form openings, chases, offsets, sinkages, keyways, reglets, blocking, screeds, and bulkheads required in the Work. Determine sizes and locations from trades providing such items. Accurately place and securely support items built into forms.
- J. Clean forms and adjacent surfaces to receive concrete. Remove chips, wood, sawdust, dirt, and other debris just before placing concrete.
- K. Retighten forms and bracing before placing concrete, as required, to prevent mortar leaks and maintain proper alignment.
- L. Coat contact surfaces of forms with form-release agent, according to manufacturer's written instructions, before placing reinforcement.
- M. Do not allow excess form-coating material to accumulate in forms or come into contact with in-place concrete surfaces against which fresh concrete will be placed.

### 3.3 EMBEDDED ITEMS

- A. Place and secure anchorage devices and other embedded items required for adjoining work that is attached to or supported by cast-in-place concrete. Use setting drawings, templates, diagrams, instructions, and directions furnished with items to be embedded.
  - 1. Install anchor rods, accurately located, to elevations required and complying with tolerances in Section 7.5 of AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges."

### 3.4 <u>REMOVING AND REUSING FORMS</u>

- A. General: Formwork not supporting weight of concrete, such as sides of beams, walls, columns, and similar parts of the Work may be removed after cumulatively curing at not less than 50 deg F for 24 hours after placing concrete. Concrete has to be hard enough to not be damaged by form-removal operations and curing and protection operations need to be maintained.
  - 1. Leave formwork supporting weight of concrete, such as beam soffits, joists, slabs, and other structural elements in place until concrete has achieved at least 80 percent of its 28-day design compressive strength.
  - 2. Formwork to remain in place for a minimum of 14 days.

- 3. Determine compressive strength of in-place concrete by testing field cured test specimens representative of concrete location or members according to ACI 301.
- B. Clean and repair surfaces of forms to be reused in the Work. Split, frayed, delaminated, or otherwise damaged form-facing material will not be acceptable for exposed surfaces. Apply new form-release agent.
- C. When forms are reused, clean surfaces, remove fins and laitance, and tighten to close joints. Align and secure joints to avoid offsets. Do not use patched forms for exposed concrete surfaces unless approved by Architect and Engineer.

### 3.5 STEEL REINFORCEMENT

- A. General: Comply with CRSI's "Manual of Standard Practice" for details and methods of reinforcement placement and supports and as specified.
  - 1. Do not cut or puncture vapor retarder. Repair damage and reseal vapor retarder before placing concrete.
- B. Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, ice, and other foreign materials that would reduce bond to concrete.
- C. Accurately position, support, and secure reinforcement against displacement. Locate and support reinforcement with bar supports to maintain minimum concrete cover as indicated for in ACI 318. Do not tack weld crossing reinforcing bars.
  - 1. Weld reinforcing bars according to AWS D1.4/D 1.4M, where indicated.
- D. Set wire ties with ends directed into concrete, not toward exposed concrete surfaces.
- E. Install welded wire reinforcement in longest practicable lengths on bar supports spaced to minimize sagging. Lap edges and ends of adjoining sheets at least two full panels. Offset laps of adjoining sheet widths to prevent continuous laps in either direction. Lace overlaps with wire.

### 3.6 **JOINTS**

- A. General: Construct joints true to line with faces perpendicular to surface plane of concrete.
- B. Construction Joints: Install so strength and appearance of concrete are not impaired, at locations indicated or as approved by Engineer.
  - 1. Place joints perpendicular to main reinforcement. Continue reinforcement across construction joints unless otherwise indicated.

- 2. Provided formed keyways at least 1-1/2 inches deep by one-third the wall thickness in width in construction joints in walls, and between walls and footings.
- 3. Locate horizontal joints in walls and columns as indicated on the Drawings or as approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings, walls shall have vertical construction joints located no more than 60 ft. apart. No vertical construction joint shall be within 4'-0" of any column pier, corner, or footing joint. Exposed foundation walls shall have control joints spaced at 20'-0" (maximum) on center between construction joints, unless otherwise noted.
- 5. Use a bonding agent at locations where fresh concrete is placed against hardened or partially hardened concrete surfaces.
- C. Contraction (Control) Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: Provide contraction joints in slabs-on-grade to form panels of patterns as shown. Use saw cuts 1/8-inch wide by one-quarter of slab depth.
  - 1. Contraction joints shall be formed by saw cuts as soon as possible after slab finishing as may be safely done without dislodging aggregate.
  - 2. If joint pattern is not shown, provide joints not exceeding 15 ft. in each direction and located to conform to bay spacing whenever possible (at column centerlines, half bays, third bays).
- D. Isolation Joints in Slabs-on-Grade: After removing formwork, install joint-filler strips at slab junctions with vertical surfaces, such as column pedestals, foundation walls, grade beams, and other locations, as indicated.
  - 1. Extend joint-filler strips full width and depth of joint, terminating flush with finished concrete surface unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Terminate full-width joint-filler strips not less than 1/2 inch or more than 1 inch below finished concrete surface where joint sealants, specified in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants," are indicated.
  - 3. Install joint-filler strips in lengths as long as practicable. Where more than one length is required, lace or clip sections together.
- E. Doweled Joints: Install smooth dowel bars and support assemblies at joints where indicated. Lubricate or asphalt coat one-half of dowel length to prevent concrete bonding to one side of joint.

## 3.7 <u>CONCRETE PLACEMENT</u>

A. General: Comply with ACI 304, "Guide for Measuring, Mixing, Transporting, and Placing Concrete," and as specified.

- B. Before placing concrete, verify that installation of formwork, reinforcement, and embedded items is complete and that required inspections have been performed. Notify other trades to permit installation of their work.
- C. Do not add water to concrete during delivery, at Project site, or during placement.
- D. Deposit concrete continuously in horizontal layers of such thickness that no new concrete will be placed on concrete that has hardened enough to cause seams or planes of weakness. If a section cannot be placed continuously, provide construction joints as indicated. Deposit concrete to avoid segregation.
- E. Deposit concrete in forms in horizontal layers no deeper than 48 inches and in a manner to avoid inclined construction joints. Where placement consists of several layers, place each layer while preceding layer is still plastic, to avoid cold joints.
  - 1. Deposit concrete in horizontal layers of depth to not exceed formwork design pressures and in a manner to avoid inclined construction joints and segregation.
  - 2. Consolidate placed concrete with mechanical vibrating equipment according to ACI 301.
  - 3. Do not use vibrators to transport concrete inside forms. Insert and withdraw vibrators vertically at uniformly spaced locations to rapidly penetrate placed layer and at least 6 inches into preceding layer. Do not insert vibrators into lower layers of concrete that have begun to set and lose plasticity. At each insertion, limit duration of vibration to time necessary to consolidate concrete and complete embedment of reinforcement and other embedded items without causing mixture constituents to segregate.
- F. Deposit and consolidate concrete for floors and slabs in a continuous operation, within limits of construction joints, until placement of a panel or section is complete.
  - 1. Consolidate concrete during placement operations so concrete is thoroughly worked around reinforcement and other embedded items and into corners.
  - 2. Maintain reinforcement in position on chairs during concrete placement.
  - 3. Screed slab surfaces with a straightedge and strike off to correct elevations.
  - 4. Slope surfaces uniformly to drains where required.
  - 5. Begin initial floating using bull floats or darbies to form a uniform and open-textured surface plane, before excess bleedwater appears on the surface. Do not further disturb slab surfaces before starting finishing operations.
- G. Cold Weather Placement: Cold weather is defined as a period when for more than three consecutive days the average daily temperature is less than 40 deg. F and the air temperature is not greater than 50 deg, F for more than one-half of any 24-hour period. Protect concrete work from physical damage or reduced strength that could be caused

by frost, freezing actions, or low temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 and as indicated:

- 1. When air temperature has fallen to or is expected to fall below 40 deg. F, uniformly heat water and aggregates before mixing to obtain a concrete mixture temperature of not less than 50 deg. F and not more than 80 deg. F at point of placement.
- 2. Do not use frozen materials or materials containing ice or snow. Do not place concrete on frozen subgrade or on subgrade containing frozen materials.
- 3. Do not use calcium chloride, salt, or other materials containing antifreeze agent or chemical.
- 4. Slabs-on-Grade (Slab Depth Less Than 10 Inches):
  - a. Concrete operations for slabs indicated above are to take place within a heated enclosure where the air temperature is maintained between 50 deg. F and 85 deg. F for a minimum of 24 hours prior to concrete placement and 72 hours after concrete placement. Ground surface is to be free of frost or frozen materials for slabs-on-grade.
- 5. Structural Slabs, Formed Footings, Walls and Piers: The protection means listed below are guidelines only. It is the Contractor's responsibility to provide any and all additional measures necessary to maintain the concrete between 50 deg. F and 85 deg. F for the time period indicated below and comply with ACI 306.1.
  - a. Elements with a minimum dimension up to 16 inches are to be protected by the formwork (3/4-inch plywood minimum) and mineral wool blankets (minimum R value of 8.0) for formed and unformed surfaces for 72 hours. If the air temperature is expected to go below 0 deg. F, then a heated enclosure is required.
  - b. Elements with a minimum dimension above 16 inches to 22 inches are to be protected by the formwork (3/4-inch plywood minimum) and mineral wool blankets (minimum R value of 8.0) for formed and unformed surfaces for 72 hours. If the air temperature is expected to go below -29 deg. F, then a heated enclosure is required.
  - c. Elements with a minimum dimension above 22 inches to 34 inches are to be protected by the formwork (3/4-inch plywood minimum) and mineral wool blankets (minimum R value of 8.0) for formed and unformed surfaces for 72 hours.
  - d. Elements with a minimum dimension above 34 inches are to be protected by the formwork (3/4-inch plywood minimum) and mineral wool blankets (minimum R value of 8.0) for formed and unformed surfaces for 72 hours.

- 6. The Subcontractor and the Inspection Agency are each to maintain independent records of the following information during cold weather:
  - a. For each section of concrete placed, record the date, time, outside air temperature, enclosure temperature, temperature of concrete during placement, weather conditions, and methods used to protect the concrete.
  - b. For each section of concrete placed, record the maximum and minimum temperature in each 24-hour period for 72 hours after the concrete is placed. Temperature readings are to be taken at the concrete surface or at three-inch-deep probes into the concrete. A minimum of one thermometer shall be provided at each spread footing or pier placed and a minimum of three thermometers provided for each 60-ft. section of wall or wall footing placed. For walls greater than 10 ft. in height, provide two thermometers at the top of the wall (surface-mounted or probes) and one thermometer within 2 ft. of the base of the wall (probe at formed surface) per each 60-ft. length of wall. Temperature readings are to represent the severe conditions. Corners and edges of concrete are the most vulnerable to freezing and are to be considered the severe condition.
- H. Hot Weather Placement: Place concrete according to recommendations in ACI 305R and as follows, when hot weather conditions exist. Hot weather is any combination of high ambient temperature, high concrete temperature, low relative humidity, wind speed, or solar radiation that will impair the quality of freshly mixed or hardened concrete by accelerating the rate of moisture loss and rate of cement hydration.
  - 1. Cool ingredients before mixing to maintain concrete temperature below 90 deg. F at time of placement. Chilled mixing water or chopped ice may be used to control temperature, provided water equivalent of ice is calculated to total amount of mixing water. Using liquid nitrogen to cool concrete is Contractor's option.
  - 2. Cover steel reinforcement with water-soaked burlap so steel temperature will not exceed ambient air temperature immediately before embedding in concrete.
  - 3. Fog-spray forms, steel reinforcement, and subgrade just before placing concrete. Keep subgrade moisture uniform without standing water, soft spots, or dry areas.
  - 4. Use water-reducing retarding admixture when required by high temperatures, low humidity, or other adverse placing conditions, as acceptable to the Engineer.

## 3.8 <u>FINISHING FORMED SURFACES</u>

A. Rough-Formed Finish: Provide a formed finish on formed concrete surfaces not exposed to view or concealed by other construction. Tie holes and defective areas are to be repaired and patched, and fins and other projections exceeding 1/4-inch in height rubbed down or chipped off.

- B. Smooth-Formed Finish: As-cast concrete texture imparted by form-facing material, arranged in an orderly and symmetrical manner with a minimum of seams. Repair and patch tie holes and defects. Remove and smooth fins and other projections completely.
  - 1. Apply to concrete surfaces exposed to public view or to be covered with a coating or covering material applied directly to concrete.
- C. Rubbed Finish: Apply the following to smooth-formed finished as-cast concrete where indicated:
  - 1. Smooth-Rubbed Finish: Provide smooth-rubbed finish on schedule concrete surfaces that have received smooth-formed finish treatment. Not later than one day after form removal, moisten concrete surfaces and rub with carborundum brick or another abrasive until producing a uniform color and texture. Do not apply cement grout other than that created by the rubbing process.
- D. Related Unformed Surfaces: At tops of walls, horizontal offsets, and similar unformed surfaces adjacent to formed surfaces, strike off smooth and finish with a texture matching adjacent formed surfaces. Continue final surface treatment of formed surfaces uniformly across adjacent unformed surfaces unless otherwise indicated.

## 3.9 FINISHING FLOORS AND SLABS

- A. General: Comply with ACI 302.1R recommendations for screeding, restraightening, and finishing operations for concrete surfaces. Do not wet concrete surfaces. Finish slab to elevation indicated on Contract Documents.
- B. Scratch Finish: While still plastic, texture concrete surface that has been screeded and bull-floated or darbied. Use stiff brushes, brooms, or rakes to produce a profile amplitude of 1/4 inch in one direction.
  - 1. Apply scratch finish to surfaces indicated and to surfaces to receive concrete floor toppings or to receive mortar setting beds for bonded cementitious floor finishes.
- C. Float Finish: Consolidate surface with power-driven floats or by hand floating if area is small or inaccessible to power driven floats. Restraighten, cut down high spots, and fill low spots. Repeat float passes and restraightening until surface is left with a uniform, smooth, granular texture.
  - 1. Apply float finish to surfaces to receive trowel finish and to be covered with fluid-applied or sheet waterproofing, built-up or membrane roofing, or sand-bed terrazzo.
- D. Trowel Finish: After applying float finish, apply first troweling and consolidate concrete by hand or power-driven trowel. Continue troweling passes and restraighten

until surface is free of trowel marks and uniform in texture and appearance. Grind smooth any surface defects that would telegraph through applied coatings or floor coverings.

- 1. Apply a trowel finish to surfaces exposed to view.
- 2. Finish suspended shore slab surfaces to the following minimum tolerances, according to ASTM E 1155, for a randomly trafficked floor surface:
  - a. Specified overall values of flatness, F(F) 35; and of levelness, F(L) 25; specified minimum local values of flatness, F(F) 21; and of levelness, F(L) 15.
- E. Broom Finish: Apply a broom finish to exterior concrete platforms, steps, ramps, and elsewhere as indicated, unless otherwise indicated on the Drawings.
  - 1. Immediately after float finishing, slightly roughen trafficked surface by brooming with fiber-bristle broom perpendicular to main traffic route. Coordinate required final finish with Architect before application.

### 3.10 MISCELLANEOUS CONCRETE ITEMS

- A. Filling In: Fill in holes and openings left in concrete structures for passage of work by other trades after work of other trades is in place unless otherwise indicated. Mix, place, and cure concrete, as specified, to blend with in-place construction. Provide other miscellaneous concrete filling indicated or required to complete the Work.
- B. Curbs: Provide monolithic finish to interior curbs by stripping forms while concrete is still green and by steel-troweling surfaces to a hard, dense finish with corners, intersections, and terminations slightly rounded.

## 3.11 CONCRETE PROTECTING AND CURING

- A. General: Protect freshly placed concrete from premature drying and excessive cold or hot temperatures. Comply with ACI 306.1 for cold-weather protection and ACI 301 for hot-weather protection during curing.
- B. Start initial curing as soon as free water has disappeared from concrete surface after placing and finishing. Keep continuously cured for not less than seven days.
- C. Evaporation Retarder: Apply evaporation retarder to unformed concrete surfaces if hot, dry, or windy conditions cause moisture loss approaching 0.2 lb/sq. ft. x h before and during finishing operations. Apply according to manufacturer's written instructions after placing, screeding, and bull floating or darbying concrete, but before float finishing.

- D. Formed Surfaces: Cure formed concrete surfaces, including underside of beams, supported slabs, and other similar surfaces. If forms remain during curing period, moist cure if forms are loosened. If removing forms before end of curing period, continue curing for the remainder of the curing period.
- E. Unformed Surfaces: Begin curing immediately after finishing concrete. Cure unformed surfaces, including floors and slabs, concrete floor toppings, and other surfaces.
- F. Cure concrete according to ACI 308.1 and ACI 302.2, by one or a combination of the following methods:
  - 1. Moisture Curing: Keep surfaces continuously moist for not less than seven days with the following materials:
    - a. Water.
    - b. Continuous water-fog spray.
    - c. Absorptive cover, water saturated, and kept continuously wet. Cover concrete surfaces and edges with 12-inch lap over adjacent absorptive covers.
  - 2. Moisture-Retaining-Cover Curing: Cover concrete surfaces with moisture-retaining cover for curing concrete, placed in widest practicable width, with sides and ends lapped at least 12 inches, and sealed by waterproof tape or adhesive. Cure for not less than seven days. Immediately repair any holes or tears during curing period using cover material and waterproof tape.
    - a. Moisture cure or use moisture-retaining covers to cure concrete surfaces to receive floor coverings.
    - b. Moisture cure or use moisture-retaining covers to cure concrete surfaces to receive penetrating liquid floor treatments.
    - c. Cure concrete surfaces to receive floor coverings with either a moistureretaining cover or a curing compound that the manufacturer certifies will not interfere with bonding of floor covering used on Project.

### 3. Curing Compound:

a. Apply curing compound to concrete surfaces as soon as final finishing operations are complete (within two hours and after surface water sheen has disappeared). Apply uniformly in continuous operation by power spray or roller according to manufacturer's directions. Recoat areas subject to heavy rainfall within three hours after initial application. Maintain continuity of coating and repair damage during curing period.

- b. Use membrane curing compounds that will not affect surfaces to be covered with finish materials applied directly to concrete. Verify compatibility with floor finish supplier/manufacturer.
- G. Contractor to coordinate and verify that all curing methods and materials are compatible with architectural finishes. Submit appropriate data for review.
  - a. Moisture cure or use moisture-retaining covers to cure all concrete surfaces exposed to view (including slabs) and concrete to receive a concrete topping. Do not use moisture-retaining covers to cure concrete exposed to view if concrete surface will be marred.
  - b. Moisture cure or use moisture-retaining covers to cure concrete surfaces to receive penetrating liquid floor treatments.
  - c. Cure concrete surfaces not exposed to view and concrete surfaces to receive floor coverings with either a moisture-retaining cover or a curing compound that the manufacturer certifies will not interfere with bonding of floor covering used on Project. Concrete slabs receiving moisture sensitive flooring or roofing materials shall not be moisture cured.
- H. Cure all grout in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements.

### 3.12 **JOINT FILLING**

- A. Prepare, clean, and install joint filler according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Remove dirt, debris, saw cuttings, curing compounds, and sealers from joints; leave contact faces of joint clean and dry.

### 3.13 CONCRETE SURFACE REPAIRS

- A. Patching Defective Concrete: Repair and patch defective areas immediately after removing forms when approved by Architect/Engineer. Remove and replace concrete that cannot be repaired and patched to Architect's/Engineer's approval.
- B. Patching Mortar: Mix dry-pack patching mortar, consisting of one part portland cement to two and one-half parts fine aggregate passing a No. 16 sieve, using only enough water for handling and placing.
- C. Repairing Formed Surfaces: Surface defects include color and texture irregularities, cracks, spalls, air bubbles, honeycombs, rock pockets, fins and other projections on the surface, and stains and other discolorations that cannot be removed by cleaning. Remove and replace concrete having defective surfaces if defects cannot be repaired to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

- 1. Immediately after form removal, cut out honeycombs, rock pockets, holes left by tie rods and bolts, and voids more than 1/4 inch in any dimension to solid concrete. Limit cut depth to 3/4 inch. Make edges of cuts perpendicular to concrete surface. Clean, dampen with water, and brush-coat holes and voids with bonding agent. Fill and compact with patching mortar before bonding agent has dried. Fill form-tie voids with patching mortar or cone plugs secured in place with bonding agent.
- 2. Repair defects on surfaces exposed to view by blending white portland cement and standard portland cement so that, when dry, patching mortar will match surrounding color. Patch a test area at inconspicuous locations to verify mixture and color match before proceeding with patching. Compact mortar in place and strike off slightly higher than surrounding surface.
- 3. Repair defects on concealed formed surfaces that affect concrete's durability and structural performance as determined by Architect/Engineer. If defects cannot be repaired to the satisfaction of the Engineer, remove and replace the concrete.
- D. Repairing Unformed Surfaces: Test unformed surfaces, such as floors and slabs, for finish and verify surface tolerances specified for each surface. Correct low and high areas. Test surfaces sloped to drain for trueness of slope and smoothness; use a sloped template.
  - 1. Repair finished surfaces containing defects. Surface defects include spalls, popouts, honeycombs, rock pockets, crazing and cracks in excess of 0.01 inch wide or that penetrate to reinforcement or completely through unreinforced sections regardless of width, and other objectionable conditions.
  - 2. After concrete has cured at least 14 days, correct high areas by grinding.
  - 3. Correct localized low areas during or immediately after completing surface finishing operations by cutting out low areas and replacing with patching mortar. Finish repaired areas to blend into adjacent concrete.
  - 4. Correct other low areas scheduled to receive floor coverings with a repair underlayment when acceptable to the Engineer/Architect. Prepare, mix, and apply repair underlayment and primer according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a smooth, uniform, plane, and level surface. Feather edges to match adjacent floor elevations.
  - 5. Correct other low areas scheduled to remain exposed with a repair topping when acceptable to the Engineer. Cut out low areas to ensure a minimum repair topping depth of 1/4 inch to match adjacent floor elevations. Prepare, mix, and apply repair topping and primer according to manufacturer's written instructions to produce a smooth, uniform, plane, and level surface.
  - 6. Repair defective areas, except random cracks and single holes 1 inch or less in diameter, by cutting out and replacing with fresh concrete. Remove defective areas with clean, square cuts and expose steel reinforcement with at least a 3/4-inch clearance all around. Dampen concrete surfaces in contact with patching concrete and apply bonding agent. Mix patching concrete of same materials and

- mixture as original concrete except without coarse aggregate. Place, compact, and finish to blend with adjacent finished concrete. Cure in same manner as adjacent concrete.
- 7. Repair random cracks and single holes 1 inch or less in diameter with patching mortar when acceptable to the Engineer. Groove top of cracks and cut out holes to sound concrete and clean off dust, dirt, and loose particles. Dampen cleaned concrete surfaces and apply bonding agent. Place patching mortar before bonding agent has dried. Compact patching mortar and finish to match adjacent concrete. Keep patched area continuously moist for at least 72 hours.
- E. Perform structural repairs of concrete, subject to Architect's/Engineer's approval for method and procedure, using epoxy adhesive and patching mortar.
- F. Repair materials and installation not specified above may be used, subject to Architect's/Engineer's approval.

## 3.14 EPOXY CRACK INJECTION

- A. Clean cracks with oil-free compressed air or low-pressure water to remove loose particles.
- B. Clean areas to receive capping adhesive of oil, dirt, and other substances that would interfere with bond.
- C. Place injection ports as recommended by epoxy manufacturer, spacing no farther apart than thickness of member being injected. Seal injection ports in place with capping adhesive.
- D. Seal cracks at exposed surfaces with a ribbon of capping adhesive at least 1/4 inch thick by 1 inch wider than crack.
- E. Inject cracks wider than 0.003 inch to a depth of 6 inches.
- F. Inject epoxy adhesive, beginning at widest part of crack and working toward narrower parts. Inject adhesive into ports to refusal, capping adjacent ports when they extrude epoxy. Cap injected ports and inject through adjacent ports until crack is filled.
- G. After epoxy adhesive has set, remove injection ports and grind surfaces smooth.

#### 3.15 ADHESIVE ANCHORING

A. All adhesive anchoring to be performed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

- B. Drill appropriate sized hole to the required depth with rotary hammer drill and carbide drill bit.
- C. Clean hole of all dust, debris and standing water with a nylon brush and compressed air.
- D. Prepare adhesive in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and follow required procedures for placement during cold weather applications.
- E. Check initial adhesive color with provided color chart.
- F. Inject adhesive into base of hole. Provide dosage control screens for overhead applications.
- G. Install threaded anchor or reinforcing. Adhesive is to coat the entire length of hole and insert.
- H. All adhesive to set prior to disturbing insert.

### 3.16 ANCHOR ROD PLACEMENT

- A. All anchor rods placed in new concrete are to be set using a plywood or steel template to secure the anchor rods in their proper location and elevation.
  - 1. Secure template to formwork to ensure proper alignment.
  - 2. Anchor rods to be secured in place prior to start of concreting.
  - 3. Contractor's option to provide plastic anchor rod sleeves to allow for minor adjustments of anchor rod locations. Sleeves are to be fully grouted with non-shrink grout prior to grouting of leveling or base plates.
  - 4. Non-shrink grout to be installed and attain the required 7-day design strength at all locations of base plates with leveling nuts prior to the placement of supported structural slabs.
- B. All anchor rods and epoxy grouted reinforcing placed in existing concrete are to be set in epoxy grout for the entire length of required embedment.
  - 1. Hole in existing concrete to be sized, drilled, cleaned and prepared in accordance with the epoxy grout supplier's requirements.
  - 2. Epoxy grout is to be installed per manufacturer's requirements. Maintain temperature of grout to required levels during cold weather.
- C. An anchor rod is considered out of tolerance if the non-adjusted, cast plan location is not within 1/4-inch of the required plan location, and if the anchor rod projection is not within 1/2-inch the required projection. Anchor rods that are considered out of tolerance are rejected and are to be repaired and/or replaced as required by the Engineer at no cost to the Owner.

D. All anchor rods that have been repaired or modified are to be load tested as directed by the Engineer of Record. Owner's testing lab to perform load test as directed by the Engineer of Record. Contractor to pay for all costs associated with load testing. Contractor is also responsible for all costs associated with additional repairs including design services of the Engineer of Record if load test fails.

## 3.17 PLACEMENT OF NON-SHRINK GROUT

- A. Non-shrink grout beneath base plates and bearing plates is to be formed and placed as a flowable mix.
- B. All manufacturer's requirements for mixing, placement, cold/hot weather requirements, surface preparation, curing and protection are to be followed.

## 3.18 <u>FIELD QUALITY CONTROL</u>

- A. Testing and Inspecting: Owner will engage a special inspector and qualified testing and inspecting agency to perform field tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
- B. Concrete Tests: Testing of composite samples of fresh concrete obtained according to ASTM C 172 shall be performed according to the following requirements:
  - 1. Testing Frequency: Obtain one composite sample for each day's pour of each concrete, plus one set for each additional 50 cu. yd. or fraction thereof.
    - a. When frequency of testing will provide fewer than five compressivestrength tests for each concrete mixture, testing shall be conducted from at least five randomly selected batches or from each batch if fewer than five are used.
  - 2. The Contractor shall notify the Owner's inspection agency 24 hours prior to placing concrete to inspect secured reinforcing. No concrete shall be placed until reinforcing has been inspected by the Owner's testing and inspection agency.
  - 3. When concrete is pumped, test cylinders shall be made from concrete taken at discharge end of the pumping train.
  - 4. Slump: ASTM C 143/C 143M; one test at point of placement for each composite sample, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture. Perform additional tests when concrete consistency appears to change.
  - 5. Air Content: ASTM C 231, pressure method, for normal-weight concrete; one test for each composite sample at point of placement, but not less than one test for each day's pour of each concrete mixture. First truck to be tested of each placement. If first truck does not meet project requirements, test each additional truckload until two passing results are obtained.

- 6. Concrete Temperature: ASTM C 1064/C 1064M; one test hourly when air temperature is 40 deg F and below and when 80 deg F and above, and one test for each composite sample.
- 7. Compression Test Specimens: ASTM C 31/C 31M.
  - a. Cast and laboratory cure one set of four standard cylinder specimens for each composite sample, unless otherwise directed.
  - b. Provide one set of field cured cylinders for each concrete type for any days that are less than or expected to be less than 40 deg. F within 24 hours after concrete placement. Field-cured cylinders to be cured under the same conditions and temperatures as the cast-in-place concrete.
- 8. Compressive-Strength Tests: ASTM C 39/C 39M; test one specimen at 7 days and two specimens at 28 days, and one specimen retained in reserve for later testing if required.
  - a. Test field-cured specimens as indicated for laboratory-cured specimens.
- 9. When strength of field-cured cylinders is less than 85 percent of companion laboratory-cured cylinders, Contractor shall evaluate operations and provide corrective procedures for protecting and curing in-place concrete.
- 10. Strength of each concrete mixture will be considered satisfactory if every average of any three consecutive compressive-strength tests equals or exceeds specified compressive strength and no compressive-strength test value falls below specified compressive strength by more than 500 psi.
- 11. Test results shall be reported in writing to Structural Engineer, Architect, concrete manufacturer, and Contractor within 24 hours of testing. Reports of compressive-strength tests shall contain Project identification name and number, date of concrete placement, name of concrete testing and inspecting agency, location of concrete batch in Work, design compressive strength at 28 days, concrete mixture proportions and materials, compressive breaking strength, and type of break for both 7- and 28-day tests.
- 12. Nondestructive Testing: Impact hammer, sonoscope, or other nondestructive device may be permitted by Engineer but will not be used as sole basis for approval or rejection of concrete.
- 13. Additional Tests: Testing and inspecting agency shall make additional tests of concrete when test results indicate that slump, air entrainment, compressive strengths, or other requirements have not been met, as directed by Engineer. Testing and inspecting agency may conduct tests to determine adequacy of concrete by cored cylinders complying with ASTM C 42/C 42M or by other methods as directed by Engineer.
- 14. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.

15. Correct deficiencies in the Work that test reports and inspections indicate do not comply with the Contract Documents.

### C. Inspection of Adhesive Anchoring:

1. Testing agency shall randomly review anchoring procedures to verify conformance with manufacturer's installation requirements. Witness approximately 25 percent of total. The percentage of adhesive anchoring witnessed may be modified by the Structural Engineer of Record, depending upon initial results.

### D. Sampling and Testing of Non-Shrink Grout:

- 1. Owner's testing agency is to cast one set of six (6) 2" x 2" cubes of grout for each 10 cu. ft. of grout or fraction thereof for each day's grouting. Test two cubes at seven days, two cubes at 28 days, with two cubes retained in reserve for later testing if required. If test results for any strength test are below the required strength, the grout is rejected and is to be replaced at no cost to the Owner.
- 2. Sampling, curing, and testing to be in conformance with ASTM C 1107. Molds utilized shall be made of brass or steel.
- 3. Testing agency is to note the location of all grouted plates represented by each set of grout cylinders.
- 4. The contractor shall notify the Owner's testing agency laboratory 24 hours before grout placement and shall cooperate in the making of cylinders by the testing laboratory.

**END OF SECTION 03 30 00** 

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### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Precast concrete spandrel panels.
- B. All connection assemblies within 6 inches of the traffic bearing surface to be fabricated with stainless steel, all other connections to be hot-dipped galvanized steel.
- C. Related Sections:
  - 1. Section 033000 "Cast-in-Place Concrete" for placing connection anchors in concrete.
  - 2. Section 051200 "Structural Steel Framing" for furnishing and installing connections attached to structural-steel framing.

## 1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Design: Design precast structural concrete, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, using performance requirements and design criteria indicated.
- B. Structural Performance: Provide precast structural concrete units and connections capable of withstanding all design loads in accordance with the current building code within limits and under conditions indicated:
  - 1. Dead Loads: Self weight.
  - 2. Live Loads: Vehicle barriers.
  - 3. Snow Loads: See structural documents.
  - 4. Seismic Loads: Per Code and design criteria indicated in documents.
  - 5. Wind Loads: Per Code and design criteria indicated in documents.
  - 6. Design precast structural concrete framing system and connections to maintain clearances at openings, to allow for fabrication and construction tolerances, to accommodate live-load deflection, shrinkage and creep of primary building structure, and other building movements. Maintain precast structural concrete deflections within limits of ACI 318.

- a. Thermal Movements: Allow for in-plane thermal movements resulting from annual ambient temperature changes of 120 deg F.
- 7. Vehicular Impact Loads: Design spandrel beams acting as vehicular barriers for passenger cars to resist a single 6000-lbf service load and 10,000-lbf ultimate load applied horizontally in any direction to the spandrel beam, with anchorages or attachments capable of transferring this load to the structure. Design spandrel beams assuming the load to act at a height of 18 inches above the floor or ramp surface on an area not to exceed 1 sq. ft..

### 1.4 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Design Mixtures: For each precast concrete mixture. Include compressive strength and water-absorption tests.
- C. Shop drawings shall be reviewed and "checked" by the Fabricator prior to being submitted to the Engineer. Unchecked shop drawings shall be rejected and returned to the Contractor.
- D. Contractor to provide a detailed submittal schedule identifying all submittals and the date they are to be received by BVH Integrated Services, Inc. Submittal schedule to be submitted two weeks prior to the start of the submittal process and updated every two weeks.
- E. Shop Drawings: Include member locations, plans, elevations, dimensions, shapes and sections, openings, support conditions, and types of reinforcement, including special reinforcement. Detail fabrication and installation of precast structural concrete units.
  - 1. Indicate joints, reveals, and extent and location of each surface finish.
  - 2. Indicate welded connections by AWS standard symbols. Show size, length, and type of each weld.
  - 3. Detail loose and cast-in hardware, lifting and erection inserts, connections, and joints.
  - 4. Indicate locations, tolerances, and details of anchorage devices to be embedded in or attached to structure or other construction.
  - 5. Indicate location of each precast structural concrete unit by same identification mark placed on panel.
  - 6. Indicate relationship of precast structural concrete units to adjacent materials.
  - 7. Indicate shim sizes and grouting sequence.
  - 8. Design Modifications: If design modifications are proposed to meet performance requirements and field conditions, submit design calculations and Shop Drawings.

Do not adversely affect the appearance, durability, or strength of units when modifying details or materials and maintain the general design concept.

### F. Material Samples:

- 1. For each type of finish indicated on exposed surfaces of precast structural concrete units with architectural finish, in sets of 3, illustrating full range of finish, color, and texture variations expected; approximately 24 by 24 by 2 inches.
  - a. Where other faces of precast concrete unit are exposed, include Samples illustrating workmanship, color, and texture of backup concrete as well as facing concrete.
- G. Delegated-Design Submittal: For precast structural concrete indicated to comply with performance requirements and design criteria, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

## 1.5 <u>INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer, fabricator and testing agency.
- B. Welding certificates.
- C. Material Certificates: For the following, from manufacturer:
  - 1. Cementitious materials.
  - 2. Reinforcing materials and prestressing tendons.
  - 3. Admixtures.
  - 4. Bearing pads.
  - 5. Structural-steel shapes and hollow structural sections.
- D. Material Test Reports: For aggregates.
- E. Source quality-control reports.
- F. Field quality-control and special inspection reports.

### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Fabricator Qualifications: A firm that assumes responsibility for engineering precast structural concrete units to comply with performance requirements. Responsibility includes preparation of Shop Drawings and comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer.

- 1. Participates in PCI's Plant Certification program at time of bidding and is designated a PCI-certified plant as follows:
  - a. Group CA, Category C4A Prestressed Deflected-Strand Structural Members.
- B. Installer Qualifications: A precast concrete erector qualified at time of bidding, as evidenced by PCI's Certificate of Compliance, to erect Category S1 Simple Structural Systems.
- C. Testing Agency Qualifications: Qualified according to ASTM C 1077 and ASTM E 329 for testing indicated.
- D. Design Standards: Comply with ACI 318 and design recommendations in PCI MNL 120, "PCI Design Handbook Precast and Prestressed Concrete," applicable to types of precast structural concrete units indicated.
- E. Quality-Control Standard: For manufacturing procedures and testing requirements, quality-control recommendations, and dimensional tolerances for types of units required, comply with PCI MNL 116, "Manual for Quality Control for Plants and Production of Structural Precast Concrete Products."
- F. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
  - 1. AWS D1.1/D.1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel."
  - 2. AWS D1.4, "Structural Welding Code Reinforcing Steel."
- G. Mock-up Sample Panels: After sample approval and before fabricating precast structural concrete units with architectural finish, produce a minimum of 2 sample panels approximately 16 sq. ft. in area for review by Owner. Incorporate full-scale details of architectural features, finishes, textures, and transitions in sample panels.
  - 1. Locate panels where indicated or, if not indicated, as directed by Owner.
  - 2. Damage part of an exposed-face surface for each finish, color, and texture, and demonstrate adequacy of repair techniques proposed for repair of surface blemishes.
  - 3. After approval of repair technique, maintain one sample panel at fabricator's plant and one at Project site in an undisturbed condition as a standard for judging the completed Work.
  - 4. Demolish and remove sample panels when directed.
- H. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

## 1.7 <u>DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING</u>

- A. Support units during shipment on nonstaining shock-absorbing material in same position as during storage.
- B. Store units with adequate bracing and protect units to prevent contact with soil, to prevent staining, and to prevent cracking, distortion, warping or other physical damage.
  - 1. Store units with dunnage across full width of each bearing point unless otherwise indicated
  - 2. Place adequate dunnage of even thickness between each unit.
  - 3. Place stored units so identification marks are clearly visible, and units can be inspected.
- C. Handle and transport units in a position consistent with their shape and design in order to avoid excessive stresses that would cause cracking or damage.
- D. Lift and support units only at designated points shown on Shop Drawings.

### 1.8 COORDINATION

A. Furnish loose connection hardware and anchorage items to be embedded in or attached to other construction before starting that Work. Provide locations, setting diagrams, templates, instructions, and directions, as required, for installation.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 FORM MATERIALS

- A. Forms: Rigid, dimensionally stable, non-absorptive material, warp and buckle free, that will provide continuous and true precast concrete surfaces within fabrication tolerances indicated; nonreactive with concrete and suitable for producing required finishes.
  - 1. Form-Release Agent: Commercially produced liquid-release agent that will not bond with, stain or adversely affect precast concrete surfaces and will not impair subsequent surface or joint treatments of precast concrete.

### 2.2 REINFORCING MATERIALS

- A. Reinforcing Bars: ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60, deformed.
- B. Plain-Steel Welded Wire Reinforcement: ASTM A 185, fabricated from as-drawn steel wire into flat sheets.

C. Supports: Suspend reinforcement from back of form or use bolsters, chairs, spacers, and other devices for spacing, supporting, and fastening reinforcing bars and welded wire reinforcement in place according to PCI MNL 116.

## 2.3 CONCRETE MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150, Type I or Type III, gray, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. For surfaces exposed to view in finished structure, mix gray with white cement, of same type, brand, and mill source. Match color and texture of existing panels. Provide samples for review and approval.
- B. Normal-Weight Aggregates: Except as modified by PCI MNL 116, ASTM C 33, with coarse aggregates complying with Class 5S. Stockpile fine and coarse aggregates for each type of exposed finish from a single source (pit or quarry) for Project.
- C. Water: Potable; free from deleterious material that may affect color stability, setting, or strength of concrete and complying with chemical limits of PCI MNL 116.
- D. Air-Entraining Admixture: ASTM C 260, certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other required admixtures.
- E. Chemical Admixtures: Certified by manufacturer to be compatible with other admixtures and to not contain calcium chloride, or more than 0.15 percent chloride ions or other salts by weight of admixture.
  - 1. Water-Reducing Admixtures: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type A.
  - 2. Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type B.
  - 3. Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type D.
  - 4. Water-Reducing and Accelerating Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type E.
  - 5. High-Range, Water-Reducing Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type F.
  - 6. High-Range, Water-Reducing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 494/C 494M, Type G.
  - 7. Plasticizing and Retarding Admixture: ASTM C 1017/C 1017M.
- F. Corrosion-Inhibiting Admixture: Commercially formulated, anodic inhibitor or mixed cathodic and anodic inhibitor; capable of forming a protective barrier and minimizing chloride reactions with steel reinforcement in concrete. Provide at a minimum dosage rate of 2 gallons per cubic yard.
  - 1. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the following:
    - a. BASF Construction Chemicals Building Systems; Rheocrete CNI.
    - b. Euclid Chemical Company (The),- an RPM company; EUCON CIA.
    - c. Grace Construction Products, W.R. Grace & Co.; DCI-S.

### 2.4 <u>STEEL CONNECTION MATERIALS</u>

- A. Carbon-Steel Shapes and Plates: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
- B. Carbon-Steel Structural Tubing: ASTM A 500, Grade B.
- C. Carbon-Steel Bolts and Studs: ASTM A 307, Grade A; carbon-steel, hex-head bolts and studs; carbon-steel nuts, ASTM A 563; and flat, unhardened steel washers, ASTM F 844.
- D. Zinc-Coated Finish: For items indicated for galvanizing, apply zinc coating by hot-dip process according to ASTM A 123/A 123M or ASTM A 153/A 153M.
  - 1. For steel shapes, plates, and tubing to be galvanized, limit silicon content of steel to less than 0.03 percent or to between 0.15 and 0.25 percent or limit sum of silicon and 2.5 times phosphorous content to 0.09 percent.
  - 2. Galvanizing Repair Paint: High-zinc-dust-content paint with dry film containing not less than 94 percent zinc dust by weight, and complying with DOD-P-21035B or SSPC-Paint 20.
- E. Welding Electrodes: Comply with AWS standards.
- F. Precast Accessories: Provide clips, hangers, plastic or steel shims, and other accessories required to install precast structural concrete units.

### 2.5 STAINLESS-STEEL CONNECTION MATERIALS

- A. Stainless-Steel Plate: ASTM A 666, Type 304, of grade suitable for application.
- B. Stainless-Steel Bolts and Studs: ASTM F 593, Alloy 304 or 316, hex-head bolts and studs; stainless-steel nuts; and flat, stainless-steel washers. Lubricate threaded parts of stainless-steel bolts with an antiseize thread lubricant during assembly.

### 2.6 BEARING PADS

- A. Provide one of the following bearing pads for precast structural concrete units as recommended by precast fabricator for application:
  - 1. Elastomeric Pads: AASHTO M 251, plain, vulcanized, 100 percent polychloroprene (neoprene) elastomer, molded to size or cut from a molded sheet, 50 to 70 Shore, Type A durometer hardness, ASTM D 2240; minimum tensile strength 2250 psi, ASTM D 412.
  - 2. Random-Oriented, Fiber-Reinforced Elastomeric Pads: Preformed, randomly oriented synthetic fibers set in elastomer. 70 to 90 Shore, Type A durometer hardness, ASTM D 2240; capable of supporting a compressive stress of 3000 psi

- with no cracking, splitting, or delaminating in the internal portions of pad. Test 1 specimen for every 200 pads used in Project.
- 3. Cotton-Duck-Fabric-Reinforced Elastomeric Pads: Preformed, horizontally layered cotton-duck fabric bonded to an elastomer; 80 to 100 Shore, Type A durometer hardness, ASTM D 2240; complying with AASHTO's "AASHTO Load and Resistance Factor Design (LRFD) Bridge Specifications," Division II, Section 18.10.2; or with MIL-C-882E.
- 4. Frictionless Pads: Tetrafluoroethylene, glass-fiber reinforced, bonded to stainless- or mild-steel plate, of type required for in-service stress.
- 5. High-Density Plastic: Multimonomer, nonleaching, plastic strip.

## 2.7 **GROUT MATERIALS**

- A. Nonmetallic, Nonshrink Grout: Premixed, nonmetallic, noncorrosive, nonstaining grout containing selected silica sands, portland cement, shrinkage-compensating agents, plasticizing and water-reducing agents, complying with ASTM C 1107, Grade A for drypack and Grades B and C for flowable grout and of consistency suitable for application within a 30-minute working time.
- B. Epoxy-Resin Grout: Two-component, mineral-filled epoxy resin; ASTM C 881/C 881M, of type, grade, and class to suit requirements.

### 2.8 CONCRETE MIXTURES

- A. Prepare design mixtures for each type of precast concrete required.
- B. Design mixtures may be prepared by a qualified independent testing agency or by qualified precast plant personnel at precast structural concrete fabricator's option.
- C. Limit water-soluble chloride ions to maximum percentage by weight of cement permitted by ACI 318.
- D. Normal-Weight Concrete Mixtures: Proportion by either laboratory trial batch or field test data methods according to ACI 211.1, with materials to be used on Project, to provide normal-weight concrete with the following properties:
  - 1. Compressive Strength (28 Days): 5000 psi.
  - 2. Maximum Water-Cementitious Materials Ratio: 0.38.
  - 3. Dosage of Corrosion Inhibitor: 2.0 gallons per cubic yard minimum.
  - 4. Add air-entraining admixture at manufacturer's prescribed rate to result in normal-weight concrete at point of placement having an air content as follows, with a tolerance of plus or minus 1-1/2 percent:
    - a. Air Content: 6 percent for 3/4-inch- nominal maximum aggregate size.

- E. Water Absorption: 6 percent by weight or 14 percent by volume, tested according to PCI MNL 116.
- F. Add air-entraining admixture at manufacturer's prescribed rate to result in concrete at point of placement having an air content complying with PCI MNL 116.
- G. When included in design mixtures, add other admixtures to concrete mixtures according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- H. Concrete Mix Adjustments: Concrete mix design adjustments may be proposed if characteristics of materials, Project conditions, weather, test results, or other circumstances warrant.

### 2.9 FORM FABRICATION

- A. Forms: Accurately construct molds, mortar tight, of sufficient strength to withstand pressures due to concrete-placement operations and temperature changes and for prestressing and detensioning operations. Coat contact surfaces of forms with release agent before reinforcement is placed. Avoid contamination of reinforcement and prestressing tendons by release agent.
  - 1. Place form liners accurately to provide finished surface texture indicated. Provide solid backing and supports to maintain stability of liners during concrete placement. Coat form liner with form-release agent.
- B. Maintain forms to provide completed precast structural concrete units of shapes, lines, and dimensions indicated, within fabrication tolerances specified.
  - 1. Form joints are not permitted on faces exposed to view in the finished work.
  - 2. Edge and Corner Treatment: Uniformly chamfered.

### 2.10 FABRICATION

- A. Cast-in Anchors, Inserts, Plates, Angles, and Other Anchorage Hardware: Fabricate anchorage hardware with sufficient anchorage and embedment to comply with design requirements. Accurately position for attachment of loose hardware, and secure in place during precasting operations. Locate anchorage hardware where it does not affect position of main reinforcement or concrete placement.
  - 1. Weld-headed studs and deformed bar anchors used for anchorage according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M and AWS C5.4, "Recommended Practices for Stud Welding."
- B. Furnish loose hardware items including steel plates, clip angles, seat angles, anchors, dowels, cramps, hangers, and other hardware shapes for securing precast structural concrete units to supporting and adjacent construction.

- C. Cast-in reglets, slots, holes, and other accessories in precast structural concrete units as indicated on the Contract Drawings.
- D. Cast-in openings larger than 10 inches in any dimension. Do not drill or cut openings or prestressing strand without Engineer's approval.
- E. Reinforcement: Comply with recommendations in PCI MNL 116 for fabricating, placing, and supporting reinforcement.
  - 1. Clean reinforcement of loose rust and mill scale, earth, and other materials that reduce or destroy the bond with concrete. When damage to epoxy-coated reinforcement exceeds limits specified, repair with patching material compatible with coating material and epoxy coat bar ends after cutting.
  - 2. Accurately position, support, and secure reinforcement against displacement during concrete-placement and consolidation operations. Completely conceal support devices to prevent exposure on finished surfaces.
  - 3. Place reinforcement to maintain at least 3/4-inch minimum coverage. Increase cover requirements according to ACI 318 when units are exposed to corrosive environment or severe exposure conditions. Arrange, space, and securely tie bars and bar supports to hold reinforcement in position while placing concrete. Direct wire tie ends away from finished, exposed concrete surfaces.
  - 4. Place reinforcing steel and prestressing strand to maintain at least 3/4-inch minimum concrete cover. Increase cover requirements for reinforcing steel to 1-1/2 inches when units are exposed to corrosive environment or severe exposure conditions. Arrange, space, and securely tie bars and bar supports to hold reinforcement in position while placing concrete. Direct wire tie ends away from finished, exposed concrete surfaces.
  - 5. Install welded wire fabric in lengths as long as practicable. Lap adjoining pieces at least one full mesh spacing and wire tie laps, where required by design. Offset laps of adjoining widths to prevent continuous laps in either direction.
- F. Reinforce precast structural concrete units to resist handling, transportation, and erection stresses.
- G. Comply with requirements in PCI MNL 116 and in this Section for measuring, mixing, transporting, and placing concrete. After concrete batching, no additional water may be added.
- H. Place concrete in a continuous operation to prevent seams or planes of weakness from forming in precast concrete units.
  - 1. Place backup concrete mixture to ensure bond with face-mixture concrete.

- I. Thoroughly consolidate placed concrete by internal and external vibration without dislocating or damaging reinforcement and built-in items, and minimize pour lines, honeycombing, or entrapped air on surfaces. Use equipment and procedures complying with PCI MNL 116.
  - 1. Place self-consolidating concrete without vibration according to PCI TR-6, "Interim Guidelines for the Use of Self-Consolidating Concrete in Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute Member Plants."
- J. Comply with ACI 306.1 procedures for cold-weather concrete placement.
- K. Comply with PCI MNL 116 procedures for hot-weather concrete placement.
- L. Identify pickup points of precast structural concrete units and orientation in structure with permanent markings, complying with markings indicated on Shop Drawings. Imprint or permanently mark casting date on each precast structural concrete unit on a surface that will not show in finished structure.
- M. Cure concrete, according to requirements in PCI MNL 116, by moisture retention without heat or by accelerated heat curing using low-pressure live steam or radiant heat and moisture. Cure units until compressive strength is high enough to ensure that stripping does not have an effect on performance or appearance of final product.
- N. Discard and replace precast structural concrete units that do not comply with requirements, including structural, manufacturing tolerance, and appearance, unless repairs meet requirements in PCI MNL 116 and meet Architect's approval.

### 2.11 <u>FABRICATION TOLERANCES</u>

A. Fabricate precast structural concrete units straight and true to size and shape with exposed edges and corners precise and true so each finished unit complies with PCI MNL 116 product dimension tolerances.

### 2.12 **FINISHES**

- A. Commercial Architectural Finish: Manufacturer member faces free of joint marks, grain, and other obvious defects. Corners, including false joints shall be uniform, straight, and sharp. Finish exposed-face surfaces of architectural precast concrete units to match approved samples and mock-ups.
- B. Screed or float finish unformed surfaces. Strike off and consolidate concrete with vibrating screeds to a uniform finish. Hand screed at projections. Normal color variations, minor indentations, minor chips, and spalls are permitted. Major imperfections, honeycombing, or defects are not permitted.

- C. Smooth, steel trowel finish unformed surfaces. Consolidate concrete, bring to proper level with straightedge, float, and trowel to a smooth, uniform finish.
- D. Finish all precast units in accordance with the following:
  - 1. Exposed exterior face (street face) of spandrel sections to receive Class A, blast finish in accordance with the approved final mockup. All other surfaces of panel sections, including bottom, top and exposed edges, to have a standard blast finish.

## 2.13 <u>STRUCTURAL FRAMING UNITS</u>

- A. Type: Precast, wall-spandrels.
- B. Furnish units free of voids and honeycombs.
- C. Provide commercial architectural finish to all precast concrete units.
- D. Reinforce units to resist transportation and erection stresses.
- E. Include cast-in weld plates where required.
- F. Coordinate with other trades for installation of cast-in items.
- G. All connections that are within 6 inches of traffic bearing surfaces or surfaces to be field-welded are to be fabricated with stainless steel. Remainder of connections are to be hot-dipped galvanized after fabrication.

### 2.14 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to evaluate precast structural concrete fabricator's quality-control and testing methods.
  - 1. Allow testing agency access to material storage areas, concrete production equipment, concrete placement, and curing facilities. Cooperate with testing agency and provide samples of materials and concrete mixtures as may be requested for additional testing and evaluation.
- B. Testing: Test and inspect precast structural concrete according to PCI MNL 116 requirements.
  - 1. Test and inspect self-consolidating concrete according to PCI TR-6.
- C. Strength of precast structural concrete units will be considered deficient if units fail to comply with ACI 318 requirements for concrete strength.

- D. If there is evidence that strength of precast concrete units may be deficient or may not comply with ACI 318 requirements, employ a qualified testing agency to obtain, prepare, and test cores drilled from hardened concrete to determine compressive strength according to ASTM C 42/C 42M.
  - 1. A minimum of three representative cores will be taken from units of suspect strength, from locations directed by Architect.
  - 2. Cores will be tested in an air-dry condition or, if units will be wet under service conditions, test cores after immersion in water in a wet condition.
  - 3. Strength of concrete for each series of 3 cores will be considered satisfactory if average compressive strength is equal to at least 85 percent of 28-day design compressive strength and no single core is less than 75 percent of 28-day design compressive strength.
  - 4. Test results will be made in writing on same day that tests are performed, with copies to Architect, Contractor, and precast concrete fabricator. Test reports will include the following:
    - a. Project identification name and number.
    - b. Date when tests were performed.
    - c. Name of precast concrete fabricator.
    - d. Name of concrete testing agency.
    - e. Identification letter, name, and type of precast concrete unit(s) represented by core tests; design compressive strength; type of break; compressive strength at breaks, corrected for length-diameter ratio; and direction of applied load to core in relation to horizontal plane of concrete as placed.
- E. Patching: If core test results are satisfactory and precast structural concrete units comply with requirements, clean and dampen core holes and solidly fill with same precast concrete mixture that has no coarse aggregate, and finish to match adjacent precast concrete surfaces.
- F. Dimensional Tolerances: Units with dimensions smaller or larger than required and not complying with tolerance limits may be subject to additional testing.
  - 1. Precast concrete units with dimensions larger than required will be rejected if the appearance or function of the structure is adversely affected or if larger dimensions interfere with other construction. Repair or remove and replace rejected units, as required, to comply with construction conditions.
- G. Defective Units: Discard and replace precast structural concrete units that do not comply with requirements, including strength, manufacturing tolerances, and color and texture range. Chipped, spalled, or cracked units may be repaired, subject to Architect's approval. Architect reserves the right to reject precast units that do not match approved samples, sample panels, and mockups.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 <u>EXAMINATION</u>

- A. Examine supporting structural frame or foundation and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, true and level bearing surfaces, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
- C. Do not install precast concrete units until supporting, cast-in-place, building structural framing has attained minimum allowable design compressive strength or until supporting steel or other structure is complete.

### 3.2 <u>INSTALLATION</u>

- A. Install clips, hangers, bearing pads, and other accessories required for connecting precast structural concrete units to supporting members and backup materials.
- B. Erect precast structural concrete level, plumb, and square within specified allowable tolerances. Provide temporary structural framing, supports, and bracing as required to maintain position, stability, and alignment of units until permanent connection.
  - 1. Install temporary steel or plastic spacing shims or bearing pads as precast structural concrete units are being erected. Tack weld steel shims to each other to prevent shims from separating.
  - 2. Maintain horizontal and vertical joint alignment and uniform joint width as erection progresses.
  - 3. Remove projecting lifting devices and grout fill voids within recessed lifting devices flush with surface of adjacent precast surfaces when recess is exposed.
- C. Connect precast structural concrete units in position by bolting, welding, grouting, or as otherwise indicated on Shop Drawings. Remove temporary shims, wedges, and spacers as soon as practical after connecting and grouting are completed.
- D. Field cutting of precast units is not permitted without approval of the Architect.
- E. Fasteners: Do not use drilled or powder-actuated fasteners for attaching accessory items to precast, prestressed concrete units.
- F. Welding: Comply with applicable AWS D1.1/D1.1M and AWS D1.4 for welding, welding electrodes, appearance, quality of welds, and methods used in correcting welding work.

- 1. Protect precast structural concrete units and bearing pads from damage by field welding or cutting operations, and provide noncombustible shields as required.
- 2. Clean weld-affected steel surfaces with chipping hammer followed by brushing, and apply a minimum 4.0-mil- thick coat of galvanized repair paint to galvanized surfaces according to ASTM A 780.
- 3. Clean weld-affected steel surfaces with chipping hammer followed by brushing, and reprime damaged painted surfaces.
- 4. Remove, reweld, or repair incomplete and defective welds.
- G. At bolted connections, use lock washers, tack welding, or other approved means to prevent loosening of nuts after final adjustment.
  - 1. Where slotted connections are used, verify bolt position and tightness. For sliding connections, properly secure bolt but allow bolt to move within connection slot. For friction connections, apply specified bolt torque and check 25 percent of bolts at random by calibrated torque wrench.
- H. Grouting: Grout connections and joints and open spaces at keyways, connections, and joints where required or indicated on Shop Drawings. Retain grout in place until hard enough to support itself. Pack spaces with stiff grout material, tamping until voids are completely filled.
  - 1. Place grout to finish smooth, level, and plumb with adjacent concrete surfaces.
  - 2. Fill joints completely without seepage to other surfaces.
  - 3. Trowel top of grout joints on roofs smooth and uniform. Finish transitions between different surface levels not steeper than 1 to 12.
  - 4. Place grout end cap or dam in voids at ends of hollow-core slabs.
  - 5. Promptly remove grout material from exposed surfaces before it affects finishes or hardens.
  - 6. Keep grouted joints damp for not less than 24 hours after initial set.

### 3.3 ERECTION TOLERANCES

- A. Erect precast structural concrete units level, plumb, square, true, and in alignment without exceeding the noncumulative erection tolerances of PCI MNL 135.
- B. Minimize variations between adjacent slab members by jacking, loading, or other method recommended by fabricator and approved by Architect.

### 3.4 FIELD CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE

A. All field cast concrete to be mixed, placed, cured, protected and finished in accordance with Specification Section 033000 "Cast-In-Place Concrete" and ACI 301.

## 3.5 <u>FIELD QUALITY CONTROL</u>

- A. Special Inspections: Owner will engage a qualified special inspector to perform the following special inspections:
  - 1. Erection of precast structural concrete members.
- B. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- C. Field welds will be visually inspected and nondestructive tested according to ASTM E 165 or ASTM E 709. High-strength bolted connections will be subject to inspections.
- D. Testing agency will report test results promptly and in writing to Contractor, Structural Engineer and Architect.
- E. Sampling and Testing of Non-Shrink Grout:
  - 1. Owner's testing agency is to cast one set of six (6) 2" x 2" cubes of grout for each 10 cu. ft. of grout or fraction thereof for each day's grouting. Test two cubes at seven days, two cubes at 28 days, with two cubes retained in reserve for later testing if required. If test results for any strength test are below the required strength, the grout is rejected and is to be replaced at no cost to the Owner.
  - 2. Sampling, curing, and testing to be in conformance with ASTM C 1107. Molds utilized shall be made of brass or steel.
  - 3. Testing agency is to note the location of all grouted plates represented by each set of grout cylinders.
  - 4. The contractor shall notify the Owner's testing agency laboratory 24 hours before grout placement and shall cooperate in the making of cylinders by the testing laboratory.
- F. Repair or remove and replace work where tests and inspections indicate that it does not comply with specified requirements.
- G. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of replaced or additional work with specified requirements.
- H. Prepare test and inspection reports.

## 3.6 <u>REPAIRS</u>

A. All patching and repairs are to be performed only after the patching or repair procedure is reviewed and approved by the Architect and Engineer.

- B. Repair precast structural concrete units if permitted by Architect.
  - 1. Repairs may be permitted if structural adequacy, serviceability, durability, and appearance of units has not been impaired.
- C. Mix patching materials and repair units so cured patches blend with color, texture, and uniformity of adjacent exposed surfaces and show no apparent line of demarcation between original and repaired work, when viewed in typical daylight illumination from a distance of 20 feet.
- D. Prepare and repair damaged galvanized coatings with galvanizing repair paint according to ASTM A 780.
- E. Wire brush, clean, and paint damaged prime-painted components with same type of shop primer.
- F. Remove and replace damaged precast structural concrete units that cannot be repaired or when repairs do not comply with requirements as determined by Architect.
- G. Final approval of the actual patching and repair is subject to the approval of the Owner, Architect and Engineer. If the patch or repair cannot be performed to the Owner's, Architect's and Engineer's approval, then the precast unit is to be replaced at no cost to the Owner.

## 3.7 <u>CLEANING</u>

- A. Clean mortar, plaster, fireproofing, weld slag, and other deleterious material from concrete surfaces and adjacent materials immediately.
- B. Clean exposed surfaces of precast concrete units after erection and completion of joint treatment to remove weld marks, other markings, dirt, and stains.
  - 1. Perform cleaning procedures, if necessary, according to precast concrete fabricator's written recommendations. Clean soiled precast concrete surfaces with detergent and water, using stiff fiber brushes and sponges, and rinse with clean water. Protect other work from staining or damage due to cleaning operations.
  - 2. Do not use cleaning materials or processes that could change the appearance of exposed concrete finishes or damage adjacent materials.

END OF SECTION 03 41 00

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## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Repairing masonry, including replacing units.
  - 2. Removing abandoned anchors.
  - 3. Painting steel uncovered during the work.

#### 1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- A. Rebuilding (Setting) Mortar: Mortar used to set and anchor masonry in a structure, distinct from pointing mortar installed after masonry is set in place.
- B. Saturation Coefficient: Ratio of the weight of water absorbed during immersion in cold water to weight absorbed during immersion in boiling water; used as an indication of resistance of masonry units to freezing and thawing.

#### 1.4 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
  - 1. Review methods and procedures related to masonry repair including, but not limited to, the following:
    - a. Verify masonry repair specialist's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
    - b. Materials, material application, sequencing, tolerances, and required clearances.
    - c. Quality-control program.

## 1.5 SEQUENCING AND SCHEDULING

A. Order sand and gray portland cement for mortar immediately after approval of Samples. Take delivery of and store at Project site enough quantity to complete Project.

- B. Work Sequence: Perform masonry repair work in the following sequence, which includes work specified in this and other Sections:
  - 1. Remove plant growth.
  - 2. Inspect masonry for open mortar joints and point them before cleaning to prevent the intrusion of water and other cleaning materials into the wall.
  - 3. Remove paint.
  - 4. Clean masonry.
  - 5. Rake out mortar from joints surrounding masonry to be replaced and from joints adjacent to masonry repairs along joints.
  - 6. Repair masonry, including replacing existing masonry with new masonry materials.
  - 7. Rake out mortar from joints to be repointed.
  - 8. Point mortar and sealant joints.
  - 9. After repairs and repointing have been completed and cured, perform a final cleaning to remove residues from this work.
  - 10. Where water repellents are to be used on or near masonry work, delay application of these chemicals until after pointing and cleaning.
- C. As scaffolding is removed, patch anchor holes used to attach scaffolding. Patch holes in masonry units according to "Masonry Unit Patching" Article.

#### 1.6 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
  - 2. Include recommendations for product application and use. Include test data substantiating that products comply with requirements.

#### B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and locations of replacement masonry units on the structure, showing relation of existing and new or relocated units.
- 2. Show provisions for expansion joints or other sealant joints.
- 3. Show provisions for flashing, lighting fixtures, conduits, and weep holes as required.
- 4. Show locations of scaffolding and points of scaffolding in contact with masonry. Include details of each point of contact or anchorage.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For the following:
  - 1. Mortar: Submit sets of mortar that will be left exposed in the form of sample mortar strips, 6 inches long by 1/4 inch wide, set in aluminum or plastic channels.

- a. Have each set contain a close color range of at least three Samples of different mixes of colored sands and cements that produce a mortar matching existing, cleaned mortar when cured and dry.
- b. Submit with precise measurements on ingredients, proportions, gradations, and source of colored sands from which each Sample was made.
- 2. Sand Types Used for Mortar: Minimum 8 oz. of each in plastic screw-top jars.
- 3. Patching Compound: Submit sets of patching compound Samples in the form of plugs (patches in drilled holes) in sample units of masonry representative of the range of masonry colors on the building.
  - a. Have each set contain a close color range of at least three Samples of different mixes of patching compound that matches the variations in existing masonry when cured and dry.
- 4. Include similar Samples of accessories involving color selection.
- D. Samples for Verification: For the following:
  - 1. Each type of unit to be used for replacing existing units. Include sets of Samples to show the full range of shape, color, and texture to be expected. For each type, provide straps or panels containing at least four s. Include multiple straps for with a wide range.
  - 2. Each type of patching compound in the form of briquettes, at least 3 inches long by 1-1/2 inches wide. Document each Sample with manufacturer and stock number or other information necessary to order additional material.
  - 3. Accessories: Each type of accessory and miscellaneous support.

#### 1.7 <u>INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Qualification Data: For masonry repair specialist including field supervisors and workers.
- B. Preconstruction Test Reports: For existing masonry units and mortar and replacement masonry units.
- C. Quality-control program.

#### 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Masonry Repair Specialist Qualifications: Engage an experienced masonry repair firm to perform work of this Section. Firm shall have completed work similar in material, design, and extent to that indicated for this Project with a record of successful in-service performance. Experience in only installing masonry is insufficient experience for masonry repair work.

- 1. Field Supervision: masonry repair specialist firm shall maintain experienced full-time supervisors on Project site during times that masonry repair work is in progress.
- 2. Masonry Repair Worker Qualifications: When masonry units are being patched, assign at least one worker per crew who is trained and certified by manufacturer of patching compound to apply its products.
- B. Quality-Control Program: Prepare a written quality-control program for this Project to systematically demonstrate the ability of personnel to properly follow methods and use materials and tools without damaging masonry. Include provisions for supervising performance and preventing damage.

## 1.9 PRECONSTRUCTION TESTING

- A. Preconstruction Testing Service: Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform preconstruction testing on masonry units as follows:
  - 1. Provide test specimens as indicated and representative of proposed materials and existing construction.
  - 2. Replacement: Test each proposed type of replacement masonry unit according to sampling and testing methods in ASTM C 67 for compressive strength, 24-hour cold-water absorption, five-hour boil absorption, saturation coefficient, and initial rate of absorption (suction).
  - 3. Existing: Test each type of existing masonry unit indicated for replacement according to testing methods in ASTM C 67 for compressive strength, 24-hour cold-water absorption, five-hour boil absorption, saturation coefficient, and initial rate of absorption (suction). Carefully remove two (2) existing units from locations designated by Engineer. Take testing samples from these units.
  - 4. Existing Mortar: Test according to ASTM C 295/C 295M, modified as agreed by testing service and Engineer for Project requirements, to determine proportional composition of original ingredients, sizes and colors of aggregates, and approximate strength.
  - 5. Temporary Patch: As directed by Engineer, provide temporary materials followed by permanent repairs at locations from which existing samples were taken.

#### 1.10 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver masonry units to Project site strapped together in suitable packs or pallets or in heavy-duty cartons and protected against impact and chipping.
- B. Deliver packaged materials to Project site in manufacturer's original and unopened containers, labeled with manufacturer's name and type of products.

- C. Store cementitious materials on elevated platforms, under cover, and in a dry location. Do not use cementitious materials that have become damp.
- D. Store hydrated lime in manufacturer's original and unopened containers. Discard lime if containers have been damaged or have been opened for more than two days.
- E. Store sand where grading and other required characteristics can be maintained and contamination avoided.
- F. Handle masonry units to prevent overstressing, chipping, defacement, and other damage.

#### 1.11 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit masonry repair work to be performed according to product manufacturers' written instructions and specified requirements.
- B. Temperature Limits, General: Repair masonry units only when air temperature is between 40 and 90 deg F and is predicted to remain so for at least seven days after completion of the Work unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Cold-Weather Requirements: Comply with the following procedures for masonry repair unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. When air temperature is below 40 deg F, heat mortar ingredients, masonry repair materials, and existing masonry walls to produce temperatures between 40 and 120 deg F.
  - 2. When mean daily air temperature is below 40 deg F, provide enclosure and heat to maintain temperatures above 32 deg F within the enclosure for seven days after repair.
- D. Hot-Weather Requirements: Protect masonry repairs when temperature and humidity conditions produce excessive evaporation of water from mortar and repair materials. Provide artificial shade and wind breaks, and use cooled materials as required to minimize evaporation. Do not apply mortar to substrates with temperatures of 90 deg F and above unless otherwise indicated.
- E. For manufactured repair materials, perform work within the environmental limits set by each manufacturer.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MATERIALS, GENERAL

A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of material for repairing masonry (cement, sand, etc.) from single source with resources to provide materials of consistent quality in appearance and physical properties.

## 2.2 <u>MASONRY MATERIALS</u>

- A. Face: As required to complete masonry repair work.
  - 1. Matching Existing: Units with colors, color variation within units, surface texture, size, and shape that match existing work and with physical properties within 10 percent of those determined from preconstruction testing of selected existing units.
    - a. For existing work that exhibits a range of colors or color variation within units, provide that proportionally matches that range and variation rather than that matches an individual color within that range.
  - 2. Tolerances as Fabricated: According to tolerance requirements in ASTM C 216, Type FBX.
- B. Building: ASTM C 62, of same vertical dimension as face, for masonry work concealed from view.
  - 1. Grade SW where in contact with earth.
  - 2. Grade SW or MW for concealed backup.

## 2.3 MORTAR MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C 150/C 150M, Type I or Type II, except Type III may be used for cold-weather construction; white or gray, or both where required for color matching of mortar.
  - 1. Provide cement containing not more than 0.60 percent total alkali when tested according to ASTM C 114.
- B. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C 207, Type S.
- C. Masonry Cement: ASTM C 91/C 91M.
- D. Mortar Cement: ASTM C 1329/C 1329M.
- E. Mortar Sand: ASTM C 144.

- 1. Exposed Mortar: Match size, texture, and gradation of existing mortar sand as closely as possible. Blend several sands if necessary to achieve suitable match.
- 2. Colored Mortar: Natural sand or ground marble, granite, or other sound stone of color necessary to produce required mortar color.
- F. Mortar Pigments: ASTM C 979/C 979M, compounded for use in mortar mixes, and having a record of satisfactory performance in masonry mortars.
- G. Water: Potable.

## 2.4 <u>MANUFACTURED REPAIR MATERIALS</u>

- A. Patching Compound: Factory-mixed cementitious product that is custom manufactured for patching masonry.
  - 1. Use formulation that is vapor and water permeable (equal to or more than the masonry unit), exhibits low shrinkage, has lower modulus of elasticity than masonry units being repaired, and develops high bond strength to all types of masonry.
  - 2. Use formulation having working qualities and retardation control to permit forming and sculpturing where necessary.
  - 3. Formulate patching compound in colors and textures to match each masonry unit being patched. Provide no fewer than three colors to enable matching of the color, texture, and variation of each unit.

#### 2.5 ACCESSORY MATERIALS

- A. Setting Buttons and Shims: Resilient plastic, nonstaining to masonry, sized to suit joint thicknesses and bed depths of masonry units, less the required depth of pointing materials unless removed before pointing.
- B. Masking Tape: Nonstaining, nonabsorbent material; compatible with mortar, joint primers, sealants, and surfaces adjacent to joints; and that easily comes off entirely, including adhesive.
- C. Antirust Coating: Fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free, self-curing, universal modified-alkyd primer according to SSPC-Paint 20 or SSPC-Paint 29 zinc-rich coating.
  - 1. Surface Preparation: Use coating requiring no better than SSPC-SP 3, "Power Tool Cleaning" surface preparation according to manufacturer's literature or certified statement.
  - 2. VOC Limit: Use coating with a VOC content of 400 g/L (3.3 lb/gal.) or less.

- D. Other Products: Select materials and methods of use based on the following, subject to approval of a mockup:
  - 1. Previous effectiveness in performing the work involved.
  - 2. Minimal possibility of damaging exposed surfaces.
  - 3. Consistency of each application.
  - 4. Uniformity of the resulting overall appearance.
  - 5. Do not use products or tools that could leave residue on surfaces.

## 2.6 MORTAR MIXES

- A. Measurement and Mixing: Measure cementitious materials and sand in a dry condition by volume or equivalent weight. Do not measure by shovel; use known measure. Mix materials in a clean, mechanical batch mixer.
- B. Colored Mortar: Produce mortar of color required by using specified ingredients. Do not alter specified proportions without Engineer's approval.
  - 1. Mortar Pigments: Where mortar pigments are indicated, do not add pigment exceeding 10 percent by weight of the cementitious or binder materials, except for carbon black which is limited to 2 percent, unless otherwise demonstrated by a satisfactory history of performance.
- C. Do not use admixtures in mortar unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Mixes: Mix mortar materials in the following proportions:
  - 1. Rebuilding (Setting) Mortar by Property: ASTM C 270, Property Specification, Type N unless otherwise indicated; with cementitious material limited to portland cement and lime.

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

## 3.1 PROTECTION

- A. Prevent mortar from staining face of surrounding masonry and other surfaces.
  - 1. Cover sills, ledges, and other projecting items to protect them from mortar droppings.
  - 2. Keep wall area wet below rebuilding and repair work to discourage mortar from adhering.
  - 3. Immediately remove mortar splatters in contact with exposed masonry and other surfaces.

- B. Remove gutters and downspouts and associated hardware adjacent to masonry and store during masonry repair. Reinstall when repairs are complete.
  - 1. Provide temporary rain drainage during work to direct water away from building.

## 3.2 <u>MASONRY REPAIR, GENERAL</u>

A. Appearance Standard: Repaired surfaces are to have a uniform appearance as viewed from 20 feet away by Engineer.

## 3.3 <u>ABANDONED ANCHOR REMOVAL</u>

- A. Remove abandoned anchors, brackets, wood nailers, and other extraneous items no longer in use unless indicated to remain.
  - 1. Remove items carefully to avoid spalling or cracking masonry.
  - 2. Notify Engineer before proceeding if an item cannot be removed without damaging surrounding masonry. Do the following where directed:
    - a. Cut or grind off item approximately 3/4 inch beneath surface and core drill a recess of same depth in surrounding masonry as close around item as practical.
    - b. Immediately paint exposed end of item with two coats of antirust coating, following coating manufacturer's written instructions and without exceeding manufacturer's recommended dry film thickness per coat. Keep paint off sides of recess.
  - 3. Patch hole where each item was removed unless directed to remove and replace masonry unit.

#### 3.4 PAINTING STEEL UNCOVERED DURING THE WORK

- A. Notify Engineer if steel is exposed during masonry removal. Where Engineer determines that steel is structural, or for other reasons cannot be totally removed, prepare and paint it as follows:
  - 1. Surface Preparation: Remove paint, rust, and other contaminants according to SSPC-SP 2, "Hand Tool Cleaning" as applicable to comply with paint manufacturer's recommended preparation.
  - 2. Antirust Coating: Immediately paint exposed steel with two coats of antirust coating, following coating manufacturer's written instructions and without exceeding manufacturer's recommended rate of application (dry film thickness per coat).

B. If on inspection and rust removal, the thickness of a steel member is found to be reduced from rust by more than 1/16 inch, notify Engineer before proceeding.

#### 3.5 <u>MASONRY UNIT PATCHING</u>

- A. Patch the following masonry units unless another type of repair or replacement is indicated:
  - 1. Units indicated to be patched.
  - 2. Units with holes.
  - 3. Units with chipped edges or corners. Patch chipped edges or corners measuring more than 3/4 inch in least dimension.
  - 4. Units with small areas of deep deterioration. Patch deep deteriorations measuring more than 3/4 inch in least dimension and more than 1/4 inch deep.
- B. Remove and replace existing patches unless approved by Engineer.

## C. Patching s:

- 1. Remove loose material from masonry surface. Carefully remove additional material so patch does not have feathered edges but has square or slightly undercut edges on area to be patched and is at least 1/4 inch thick, but not less than recommended in writing by patching compound manufacturer.
- 2. Mask adjacent mortar joint or rake out for repointing if patch extends to edge of masonry unit.
- 3. Mix patching compound in individual batches to match each unit being patched. Combine one or more colors of patching compound, as needed, to produce exact match.
- 4. Rinse surface to be patched and leave damp, but without standing water.
- 5. Brush-coat surfaces with slurry coat of patching compound according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- 6. Place patching compound in layers as recommended in writing by patching compound manufacturer, but not less than 1/4 inch or more than 2 inches thick. Roughen surface of each layer to provide a key for next layer.
- 7. Trowel, scrape, or carve surface of patch to match texture and surrounding surface plane or contour of masonry unit. Shape and finish surface before or after curing, as determined by testing, to best match existing masonry unit.
- 8. Keep each layer damp for 72 hours or until patching compound has set.
- 9. Remove and replace patches with hairline cracks or that show separation from edges, and those that do not match adjoining in color or texture.

## 3.6 FINAL CLEANING

- A. After mortar has fully hardened, thoroughly clean exposed masonry surfaces of excess mortar and foreign matter; use wood scrapers, stiff-nylon or -fiber brushes, and clean water applied by low-pressure spray.
  - 1. Do not use metal scrapers or brushes.
  - 2. Do not use acidic or alkaline cleaners.
- B. Clean adjacent non-masonry surfaces. Use detergent and soft brushes or cloths.
- C. Clean mortar and debris from roof; remove debris from gutters and downspouts. Rinse off roof and flush gutters and downspouts.
- D. Remove masking materials, leaving no residues that could trap dirt.

## 3.7 <u>FIELD QUALITY CONTROL</u>

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections. Allow inspectors use of lift devices and scaffolding, as needed, to perform inspections.
- B. Engineer's Project Representatives: Engineer will assign Project representatives to help carry out Engineer's responsibilities at the site, including observing progress and quality of portion of the Work completed. Allow Engineer's Project representatives use of lift devices and scaffolding, as needed, to observe progress and quality of portion of the Work completed.
- C. Notify inspectors and Engineer's Project representatives in advance of times when lift devices and scaffolding will be relocated. Do not relocate lift devices and scaffolding until inspectors and Engineer's Project representatives have had reasonable opportunity to make inspections and observations of work areas at lift device or scaffold location.

## 3.8 <u>MASONRY WASTE DISPOSAL</u>

A. Masonry Waste: Remove masonry waste and legally dispose of off Owner's property.

END OF SECTION 04 01 20

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## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 **SUMMARY**

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Structural steel.
- B. Related Sections:
  - 1. Section 014500 "Quality Control" for independent testing agency procedures and administrative requirements.
  - 2. Section 033000 "Cast-In-Place Concrete" for materials and installation of expansion and adhesive anchors.
  - 3. Section 055000 "Metal Fabrications" for miscellaneous steel fabrications and other metal items not defined as structural steel.
  - 4. Section 099600 "High-Performance Coatings" for priming and painting of structural steel.

### 1.3 <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

A. Structural Steel: Elements of structural-steel frame, as classified by AISC,s "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges," unless otherwise noted.

### 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Connections: Provide details of connections required by the Contract Documents to be selected or completed by structural-steel fabricator, including comprehensive engineering analysis by a qualified professional engineer, to withstand loads indicated and comply with other information and restrictions indicated.
  - 1. Select and complete connections using schematic details indicated and Specification for Structural Steel Buildings.
  - 2. Use ASD; data are given at service-load level.
- B. Moment Connections: Type FR, fully restrained.
- C. Construction: Existing moment frame.

## 1.5 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. General: Submit each item in this Article according to the Conditions of the Contract and Division 01 Specification Sections.
- B. Shop drawings shall be reviewed and "checked" by the Fabricator prior to being submitted to the Engineer. Unchecked shop drawings shall be rejected and returned to the Contractor.
- C. Contractor to provide a detailed submittal schedule identifying all submittals and the date they are to be received by BVH Integrated Services, P.C. Submittal schedule to be submitted two weeks prior to the start of the submittal process and updated every two weeks.
- D. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- E. Applicable shop standards for the following:
  - 1. All gravity connection details with capacities.
  - 2. Moment connection details.
- F. Sample calculations for the following:
  - 1. Simple shear connections including seated connections and skewed connections shall include checks for bolt shear, block shear, web bearing, shear on net section of connection material, bending on net section of connection material, and weld stress as applicable.
  - 2. Beam web stiffeners including checks for compression buckling, crippling, sideways web buckling, local web yielding, and local flange bending as applicable.
  - 3. Column web stiffeners including checks for compression buckling, local web yielding, and local flange bending as applicable.
  - 4. Moment connections including checks for weld strength, column web shear, local web yielding, compression web buckling, web crippling, and local flange bending as applicable.
  - 5. Other design calculations for connections, as requested by the Engineer.
  - 6. The above referenced standards and calculations must be submitted and approved at least two weeks prior to submitting detailed shop drawings. Shop drawings will not be reviewed until standards and calculations have been approved.
- G. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication of structural-steel components.
  - 1. Erection drawings showing weights and locations of all structural steel members shall be submitted for review prior to the submission of detail drawings. These erection drawings shall include large scale sections through all conditions to

- indicated suspended lintels, braces and field welding. No detail drawings shall be submitted prior to the review of shop standards and erection drawings.
- 2. Include details of cuts, connections, splices, camber, holes, and other pertinent data.
- 3. Include embedment drawings.
- 4. Indicate welds by standard AWS symbols, distinguishing between shop and field welds, and show size, length, and type of each weld. Show backing bars that are to be removed and supplemental fillet welds where backing bars are to remain.
- 5. Indicate type, size, and length of bolts, distinguishing between shop and field bolts. Identify pretensioned and slip-critical high-strength bolted connections.
- 6. For structural-steel connections indicated to comply with design loads, include structural analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.
- H. Fabricator Certificate of Compliance: At the completion of fabrication, the certified fabricator shall submit a Certificate of Compliance to the Building Official stating that the work was performed in accordance with the approved Construction Documents.

#### 1.6 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For qualified firms and persons specified in the "Quality Assurance" article who demonstrated their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of Architects and Owners, and other information specified.
- B. Welding certificates.
- C. Paint Compatibility Certificates: From manufacturers of topcoats applied over shop primers, certifying that shop primers are compatible with topcoats.
- D. Mill test reports for structural steel, including chemical and physical properties.
- E. Product Test Reports: For the following:
  - 1. Bolts, nuts, and washers including mechanical properties and chemical analysis.
  - 2. Direct-tension indicators.
  - 3. Tension-control, high-strength bolt-nut-washer assemblies.
  - 4. Shear stud connectors.
  - 5. Shop primers.

#### 1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. No fabrication is to proceed until the Testing Agency has visited the fabrication plant and coordinated all testing and inspection requirements with the fabrication schedule. A minimum of seven days prior to the start of fabrication, the Fabricator is to provide

- written notice to the Engineer of Record and the Owner's Testing Agency indicating the date fabrication procedures will start. Any fabrication that occurs prior to the coordination visit will be rejected at no cost to the Owner.
- B. Fabricator Qualifications: A qualified fabricator that participates in the AISC Quality Certification Program and is designated an AISC-Certified Plant, Category STD.
- C. Detailer Qualifications: A qualified detailer with a minimum of five years experience in structural steel detailing of similar projects.
- D. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel."
  - 1. Present evidence that each welder has satisfactorily passed AWS qualification tests for welded processes involved, and if pertinent, has undergone recertification.
  - 2. Welders and welding operators performing work on bottom-flange, demand-critical welds shall pass the supplemental welder qualification testing, as required by AWS D1.8. FCAW-S and FCAW-G shall be considered separate processes for welding personnel qualification.
- E. Comply with applicable provisions of the following specifications and documents:
  - 1. AISC 303.
  - 2. AISC 360.
  - 3. RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."
- F. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

#### 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Store materials to permit easy access for inspection and identification. Keep steel members off ground and spaced by using pallets, dunnage, or other supports and spacers. Protect steel members and packaged materials from corrosion and deterioration.
  - 1. Do not store materials on structure in a manner that might cause distortion, damage, or overload to members or supporting structures. Repair or replace damaged materials or structures as directed.
- B. Store fasteners in a protected place in sealed containers with manufacturer's labels intact.
  - 1. Fasteners may be repackaged provided Owner's testing and inspecting agency observes repackaging and seals containers.

- 2. Clean and relubricate bolts and nuts that become dry or rusty before use.
- 3. Comply with manufacturers' written recommendations for cleaning and lubricating ASTM F 1852 fasteners and for retesting fasteners after lubrication.
- C. Store weld studs and weld electrode in a cool, dry location until final installation. Comply with all project and national safety regulations regarding handling of welding equipment and power-actuate fastening systems.

### 1.9 <u>COORDINATION</u>

- A. Coordinate selection of shop primers with topcoats to be applied over them. Comply with paint and coating manufacturers' recommendations to ensure that shop primers and topcoats are compatible with one another.
- B. Coordinate installation of anchorage items to be embedded in or attached to other construction without delaying the Work. Provide setting diagrams, sheet metal templates, instructions, and directions for installation.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 <u>STRUCTURAL-STEEL MATERIALS</u>

- A. W-Shapes: ASTM A 992.
- B. Channels, Angles-Shapes: ASTM A 36.
- C. Plate and Bar: ASTM A 36.
- D. Cold-Formed Hollow Structural Sections: ASTM A 500, Grade B, structural tubing.
- E. Welding Electrodes: Comply with AWS requirements.
- F. Shear Connectors: ASTM A 108, Grades 1010 through 1020 headed stud type, cold-finished carbon steel, AWS D1.1, Type B, with arch shields.

#### 2.2 <u>BOLTS, CONNECTORS, AND ANCHORS</u>

- A. High-Strength Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A 325, Type 1, heavy-hex steel structural bolts; ASTM A 563, Grade C, heavy-hex carbon-steel nuts; and ASTM F 436, Type 1, hardened carbon-steel washers; all with plain finish.
  - 1. Galvanized Finish: Hot-dip zinc-coating, ASTM A 153. Class C, where indicated. Retap nuts in accordance with ASTM A385.

- B. High-Strength Bolts, Nuts, and Washers: ASTM A 490, Type 1, heavy-hex steel structural bolts; ASTM A 563, Grade DH, heavy-hex carbon-steel nuts; and ASTM F 436, Type 1, hardened carbon-steel washers with plain finish.
  - 1. Galvanized Finish: Hot-dip zinc-coating, ASTM A 153. Class C, where indicated. Retap nuts in accordance with ASTM A 385.
- C. Shear Connectors: ASTM A 108, Grades 1015 through 1020, headed-stud type, cold-finished carbon steel; AWS D1.1/D1.1M, Type B.
- D. Unheaded Anchor Rods: ASTM F 1554.
  - 1. Configuration: As indicated.
  - 2. Grade: As indicated.
  - 3. Nuts: ASTM A 563 hex carbon steel.
  - 4. Plate Washers: ASTM A 36 carbon steel.
  - 5. Washers: ASTM F 436, Type 1, hardened carbon steel.
  - 6. Finish: Plain.
  - 7. Galvanized Finish: Hot-dip zinc-coating, ASTM A 153. Class C, where indicated. Retap nuts in accordance with ASTM A 385.
- E. Threaded Rods: ASTM A 36.
  - 1. Nuts: ASTM A 563 hex carbon steel.
  - 2. Washers: ASTM F 436, Type 1, hardened carbon steel.
  - 3. Finish: Plain.

#### 2.3 PRIMER

- A. Primer for Steel: See Specification Section 099600 "High Performance Coatings" for material preparation and additional information.
- B. Galvanizing Repair Paint: High-zinc-dust-content paint for regalvanizing welds and repair painting galvanized steel, with dry film containing not less than 93 percent zinc dust by weight, and complying with DOD-P-21035A or SSPC-Paint 20.
- C. Primer for Steel Within the Stair Towers: Fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free, universal modified-alkyd primer with good resistance to normal atmospheric corrosion, complying with performance requirements of FS TT-P-664.

## 2.4 <u>FABRICATION</u>

A. Structural Steel: Fabricate and assemble in shop to greatest extent possible. Fabricate according to AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges" and "Specification for Steel Buildings."

- 1. Camber structural-steel members where indicated.
- 2. Fabricate beams with rolling camber up.
- 3. Identify high-strength structural steel according to ASTM A 6 and maintain markings until structural steel has been erected.
- 4. Mark and match-mark materials for field assembly.
- 5. Complete structural-steel assemblies, including welding of units, before starting shop-priming operations.
- B. Thermal Cutting: Perform thermal cutting by machine to greatest extent possible.
  - 1. Plane thermally cut edges to be welded to comply with requirements in AWS D1.1.
- C. Bolt Holes: Drill or punch standard bolt holes perpendicular to metal surfaces.
- D. Finishing: Accurately finish ends of columns and other members transmitting bearing loads.
- E. Shear Connectors: Prepare steel surfaces as recommended by manufacturer of shear connectors. Use automatic end welding of headed-stud shear connectors according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M and manufacturer's written instructions.
- F. Holes: Provide holes required for securing other work to structural steel.
  - 1. Drill or punch holes perpendicular to steel surfaces. Do not thermally cut bolt holes or enlarge holes by burning.
  - 2. Baseplate Holes: Drill, mechanically thermal cut, or punch holes perpendicular to steel surfaces.
  - 3. Weld threaded nuts to framing and other specialty items indicated to receive other work.

#### 2.5 SHOP CONNECTIONS

- A. High-Strength Bolts: Shop install high-strength bolts according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts" for type of bolt and type of joint specified.
  - 1. Joint Type: Snug tightened.
- B. Design of end connections shall be in accordance with the AISC's "Manual of Steel Construction." Field connections may be bolted using 3/4-inch diameter bolts minimum, except where noted welded. A minimum of two bolts per member connection is required.

- C. Beam end connections shall be selected and detailed for 1.25 times the reactions indicated. A minimum connection capacity of 6k shall be provided. Reactions governed by the 6k minimum are designated as such on plan, and need not be increased by the factor of 1.25. For the purpose of bidding only, connections where no end reactions are indicated may be estimated for reaction equal to one-half the allowable uniform load for the beam span. Connections for composite beams with no end reaction indicated may be estimated for 1.5 times one-half the allowable uniform load for the beam span. For design purposes, the Fabricator shall submit a RFI to the Engineer to request values for any reactions that are not indicated.
- D. Connections shall be consistent with Type 2 construction as described in the AISC Specifications, unless otherwise indicated on the Structural Drawings.
- E. All column ends scheduled to receive cap and base plates shall be milled or sawn to ensure full bearing. All surfaces to be welded shall be free from loose scale, rust, grease, paint or other foreign material, except that mill scale which resists vigorous brushing may remain. Joint surfaces shall be free from fins or tears.
- F. Weld Connections: Comply with AWS D1.1 and AWS D1.8 for tolerances, appearances, welding procedure specifications, weld quality, and methods used in correcting welding work.
  - 1. Assemble and weld built-up sections by methods that will maintain true alignment of axes without exceeding tolerances in AISC 303 for mill material.

## 2.6 **SHOP PRIMING**

- A. Shop prime steel surfaces except the following:
  - 1. Surfaces embedded in concrete or mortar. Extend priming of partially embedded members to a depth of 2 inches.
  - 2. Surfaces to be field welded.
  - 3. Beam flanges where shear connectors are installed.
  - 4. Top flanges of beams to receive shear connectors.
  - 5. Galvanized surfaces.
- B. Surface Preparation for Steel within the Stair Towers: Clean surfaces to be painted. Remove loose rust and mill scale and spatter, slag, or flux deposits. Prepare surfaces according to the following specifications and standards:
  - 1. SSPC-SP 2, "Hand Tool Cleaning." Provide where standard shop primer is specified.
- C. Priming Primer for Steel within the Stair Towers: Immediately after surface preparation, apply primer according to manufacturer's written instructions and at rate

recommended by SSPC to provide a minimum dry film thickness of 1.5 mils. Use priming methods that result in full coverage of joints, corners, edges, and exposed surfaces.

- 1. Stripe paint corners, crevices, bolts, welds, and sharp edges.
- 2. Apply two coats of shop paint to surfaces that are inaccessible after assembly or erection. Change color of second coat to distinguish it from first.
- D. Priming for Steel Outside of the Stair Towers: See Specification Section 099600 "High Performance Coatings" for material preparation and additional information.

#### 2.7 GALVANIZING

- A. Hot-Dip Galvanized Finish: Apply zinc coating by the hot-dip process to structural steel according to ASTM A 123. All zinc material shall meet the chemical requirements for High Grade Zinc according to ASTM B6.
  - 1. Fill vent and drain holes that will be exposed in the finished Work unless they will function as weep holes, by plugging with zinc solder and filing off smooth.
  - 2. Galvanize lintels and shelf angles attached to structural-steel frame and located in exterior walls.

#### 2.8 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage an independent testing and inspecting agency to perform shop tests and inspections and prepare test reports.
  - 1. Testing agency will conduct and interpret tests and state in each report whether test specimens comply with or deviate from requirements.
  - 2. Provide testing agency with access to places where structural-steel work is being fabricated or produced to perform tests and inspections.
- B. Correct deficiencies in Work that test reports and inspections indicate does not comply with the Contract Documents.
- C. Additional testing, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of corrected work with specified requirements.
- D. Shop Bolted Connections: Shop-bolted connections will be tested and inspected according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."
- E. Shop Welded Connections: In addition to visual inspection, shop-welded connections will be tested and inspected according to AWS D1.1.

- F. Shop-welded connections will be tested and inspected according to AWS D1.1 and the inspection procedures listed below:
  - 1. Inspect and test shop fillet welds as follows:
    - a. Visually inspect 100 percent of all fillet welds prior to the application of a shop primer.
    - b. Witness the actual welding procedures and perform magnetic particle tests on a minimum of 5 percent of fillet welds.
    - c. Witness the actual welding procedures of all multi-pass fillet welds and single pass fillet welds greater than 5/16 inch.
    - d. Welds that do not pass visual inspection are to be tested again using either magnetic particle or dye penetration test methods.
  - 2. Witness the welding procedure and perform ultrasonic testing (ASTM E 164) on 100 percent of all full and partial penetration welds.
- G. In addition to visual inspection, shop-welded shear connectors will be tested and inspected according to requirements in AWS D1.1 for stud welding and as follows:
  - 1. Bend tests will be performed if visual inspections reveal either a less-thancontinuous 360-degree flash or welding repairs to any shear connector.
  - 2. Tests will be conducted on additional shear connectors if weld fracture occurs on shear connectors already tested, according to requirements in AWS D1.1.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 **EXAMINATION**

- A. Before details proceed, verify the existing elevations, locations and dimensions required.
- B. Before erection proceeds, verify, with steel Erector present, elevations of concretebearing surfaces and locations of anchor rods, bearing plates, and other embedments for compliance with requirements.
  - 1. Prepare a certified survey of bearing surfaces, anchor rods, bearing plates, and other embedments showing dimensions, locations, angles, and elevations.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 **PREPARATION**

A. Provide temporary shores, guys, braces, and other supports during erection to keep structural steel secure, plumb, and in alignment against temporary construction loads

and loads equal in intensity to design loads. Remove temporary supports when permanent structural steel, connections, and bracing are in place unless otherwise indicated.

## 3.3 ERECTION

- A. Set structural steel accurately in locations and to elevations indicated and according to AISC,s "Code of Standard Practice" and AISC's "Specification for Structural Steel Buildings."
- B. Base Bearing and Leveling Plates: Clean concrete surfaces of bond-reducing materials, and roughen surfaces prior to setting plates. Clean bottom surface of plates.
  - 1. Set plates for structural members on wedges, shims, or setting nuts as required.
  - 2. Weld plate washers to top of baseplate.
  - 3. Snug-tighten anchor rods after supported members have been positioned and plumbed. Do not remove wedges or shims but, if protruding, cut off flush with edge of plate before packing with grout.
- C. Maintain erection tolerances of structural steel within AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges."
- D. Align and adjust various members that form part of complete frame or structure before permanently fastening. Before assembly, clean bearing surfaces and other surfaces that will be in permanent contact with members. Perform necessary adjustments to compensate for discrepancies in elevations and alignment.
  - 1. Level and plumb individual members of structure.
  - 2. Make allowances for difference between temperature at time of erection and mean temperature when structure is completed and in service.
- E. Splice members where indicated and as required to comply with OSHA requirements.
- F. Do not use thermal cutting during erection.
- G. Do not enlarge unfair holes in members by burning or using drift pins. Ream holes that must be enlarged to admit bolts.
- H. Shear Connectors: Prepare steel surfaces as recommended by manufacturer of shear connectors. Use automatic end welding of headed-stud shear connectors according to AWS D1.1 and manufacturer's written instructions.
- I. The Contractor shall accept full responsibility for design strength, safety and adequacy of all temporary bracing and sequencing of structural steel erection to brace the

- structure. Provide all temporary braces, guys, connections and work platforms required to safely resist all loads, including storms, to which the structure may be subjected.
- J. The Contractor shall guy, plumb and align framing in accordance with limits defined in the AISC's "Code of Standard Practice."
- K. Any corrections required in the field to make members fit shall be brought to the attention of the Engineer for approval.

## 3.4 <u>FIELD CONNECTIONS</u>

- A. High-Strength Bolts: Install high-strength bolts according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts" for type of bolt and type of joint specified.
  - 1. Joint Type: Snug tightened.
- B. Design and end connections shall be in accordance with the AISC's "Manual of Steel Construction." A minimum of two bolts per member connection is required. Field connections may be bolted using 3/4 inch diameter bolts minimum, except where noted welded.
- C. Beam end connections shall be selected and detailed for 1.25 times the reactions indicated. A minimum connection capacity of 6k shall be provided. Reactions governed by the 6k minimum are designated as such on plans, and need not be increased by the factor of 1.25. For the purpose of bidding only, connections where no end reactions are indicated may be estimated for a reaction equal to one-half the allowable uniform load for the beam span. Connections for composite beams with no end reaction indicated may be estimated for 1.5 times one-half the allowable uniform load for the beam span. For design purposes, the Fabricator shall submit a RFI to the Engineer to request values for any reactions that are not indicated.
- D. Connections shall be consistent with Type 2 construction as described in the AISC Specifications, unless otherwise indicated on the Structural Drawings.
- E. Weld Connections: Comply with AWS D1.1 and AWS D1.8 for tolerances, appearances, welding procedure specifications, weld quality, and methods used in correcting welding work.
  - 1. Comply with AISC 303 and AISC 360 for bearing, alignment, adequacy of temporary connections, and removal of paint on surfaces adjacent to field welds.
  - 2. Remove backing bars or runoff tabs where indicated, back gouge, and grind steel smooth.

- 3. Assemble and weld built-up sections by methods that will maintain true alignment of axes without exceeding tolerances in AISC's "Code of Standard Practice for Steel Buildings and Bridges" for mill material.
- F. Shear Connectors: Weld shear connectors to supporting frame according to AWS D1.1 and manufacturer's written instructions. Remove and discard arc shields after welding shear connectors.

## 3.5 <u>FIELD QUALITY CONTROL</u>

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency to perform field inspections and tests and to prepare test reports.
- B. Correct deficiencies in or remove and replace structural steel that inspections and test reports indicate do not comply with specified requirements.
- C. Additional testing, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine compliance of correct work with specified requirements.
- D. Bolted Connections: Bolted connections will be inspected according to RCSC's "Specification for Structural Joints Using ASTM A 325 or A 490 Bolts."
- E. Welded Connections: Field welds will be visually inspected according to AWS D1.1 and the inspection procedures listed below:
  - 1. Inspect and test field fillet welds as follows:
    - a. Visually inspect 100 percent of all fillet welds.
    - b. Witness the actual welding procedures and perform magnetic particle test on a minimum of 15 percent of all fillet welds.
    - c. Witness the actual welding procedures of all multi-pass fillet welds and single pass fillet welds greater than 5/16 inch.
    - d. Welds that do not pass visual inspection are to be tested again using either magnetic particle or dye penetration test methods.
  - 2. Witness the welding procedures and perform ultrasonic testing (ASTM E 164) on 100 percent of all full and partial penetration welds.
- F. Shear connector stud welds will be inspected and tested according to AWS D1.1 for stud welding and as follows:
  - 1. Shear connector stud welds will be visually inspected.
  - 2. Bend tests will be performed if visual inspections reveal less than a full 360-degree flash or welding repair to any shear connector stud.

- 3. Tests will be conducted on additional shear connector stude if weld fracture occurs on shear connector stude already tested according to AWS D1.1.
- G. The Fabricator and Erector are to provide the testing and inspection agency and the Special Inspector safe access to the site throughout the duration of the steel erection. The Fabricator is to notify the testing agency and the Special Inspector a minimum of 48 hours prior to the start of erection.
- H. In addition to visual inspection, test and inspect field-welded shear connectors according to requirements in AWS D1.1 for stud welding and as follows:
  - 1. Perform bend tests if visual inspections reveal either a less-than-continuous 360-degree flash or welding repairs to any shear connector.
  - 2. Conduct tests on additional shear connectors if weld fracture occurs on shear connectors already tested, according to requirements in AWS D1.1.
- I. Correct deficiencies in Work that test reports and inspections indicate does not comply with the Contract Documents.

### 3.6 REPAIRS AND PROTECTION

- A. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean areas where galvanizing is damaged or missing and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780. Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and apply galvanizing repair paint according to ASTM A 780.
- B. Touchup Painting for Steel within the Stair Tower: Immediately after erection, clean exposed areas where primer is damaged or missing and paint with the same material as used for shop painting to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-painted surfaces.
  - 1. Clean and prepare surfaces by SSPC-SP 2 hand-tool cleaning or SSPC-SP 3 power-tool cleaning.
- C. Primer Touchup Painting for Steel Outside of the Stair Tower: Immediately after erection, clean exposed areas where primer is damaged or missing and paint with the same material as used for the damaged coat.
  - 1. Clean and prepare surfaces as per the manufacturers recommendations. See Specification Section 099600 "High Performance Coatings" for material preparation and additional information.

END OF SECTION 05 12 00

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Metal infill panel systems for garage openings and for stair railings.

## 1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate selection of shop primers with topcoats to be applied over them. Comply with paint and coating manufacturers' written recommendations to ensure that shop primers and topcoats are compatible with one another.
- B. Coordinate installation of metal fabrications that are anchored to or that receive other work. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For the following:
  - 1. Paint products.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details. Include plans, elevations, sections, and details of metal fabrications and their connections. Show anchorage and accessory items. Provide Shop Drawings for the following:
  - 1. Metal infill panels systems for garage openings and for stair railings.

#### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Welding certificates.
- B. Paint Compatibility Certificates: From manufacturers of topcoats applied over shop primers, certifying that shop primers are compatible with topcoats.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Welding Qualifications: Quality procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel."

#### 1.7 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of walls and other construction contiguous with metal fabrications by field measurements before fabrication.

#### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes acting on exterior metal fabrications by preventing buckling, opening of joints, overstressing of components, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects.
  - 1. Temperature Change: 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.

### 2.2 <u>METALS</u>

- A. Metal Surfaces, General: Provide materials with smooth, flat surfaces unless otherwise indicated. For metal fabrications exposed to view in the completed Work, provide materials without seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, or blemishes.
- B. Steel Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.
- C. Steel Tubing: ASTM A 500/A 500M, cold-formed steel tubing.
- D. Steel Pipe: ASTM A 53/A 53M, Standard Weight (Schedule 40) unless otherwise indicated.
- E. Slotted Channel Framing: Cold-formed metal box channels (struts) complying with MFMA-4.
  - 1. Size of Channels: As indicated.
  - 2. Material: Galvanized steel, ASTM A 653/A 653M, commercial steel, Type B, with G90 coating; 0.108-inch nominal thickness.
  - 3. Material: Cold-rolled steel, ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, commercial steel, Type B; 0.0966-inch minimum thickness; coated with rust-inhibitive, baked-on, acrylic enamel.

## 2.3 FASTENERS

- A. General: Unless otherwise indicated, provide Type 304 stainless-steel fasteners for exterior use and zinc-plated fasteners with coating complying with ASTM B 633 or ASTM F 1941, Class Fe/Zn 5, at exterior walls. Select fasteners for type, grade, and class required.
  - 1. Provide stainless-steel fasteners for fastening aluminum.
  - 2. Provide stainless-steel fasteners for fastening stainless steel.
  - 3. Provide stainless-steel fasteners for fastening nickel silver.
  - 4. Provide bronze fasteners for fastening bronze.
- B. Steel Bolts and Nuts: Regular hexagon-head bolts, ASTM A 307, Grade A; with hex nuts, ASTM A 563; and, where indicated, flat washers.
- C. Steel Bolts and Nuts: Regular hexagon-head bolts, ASTM A 325, Type 3; with hex nuts, ASTM A 563, Grade C3; and, where indicated, flat washers.
- D. Stainless-Steel Bolts and Nuts: Regular hexagon-head annealed stainless-steel bolts, ASTM F 593; with hex nuts, ASTM F 594; and, where indicated, flat washers; Alloy Group 1.
- E. Anchor Bolts: ASTM F 1554, Grade 36, of dimensions indicated; with nuts, ASTM A 563; and, where indicated, flat washers.
  - 1. Hot-dip galvanize or provide mechanically deposited, zinc coating where item being fastened is indicated to be galvanized.
- F. Anchors, General: Anchors capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to six times the load imposed when installed in unit masonry and four times the load imposed when installed in concrete, as determined by testing according to ASTM E 488/E 488M, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.

#### 2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Shop Primers: Provide primers that comply with Section 099113 "Exterior Painting."
- B. Universal Shop Primer: Fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free, universal modified-alkyd primer complying with MPI#79 and compatible with topcoat.
  - 1. Use primer containing pigments that make it easily distinguishable from zinc-rich primer.

- C. Water-Based Primer: Emulsion type, anticorrosive primer for mildly corrosive environments that is resistant to flash rusting when applied to cleaned steel, complying with MPI#107 and compatible with topcoat.
- D. Epoxy Zinc-Rich Primer: Complying with MPI#20 and compatible with topcoat.
- E. Shop Primer for Galvanized Steel: Primer formulated for exterior use over zinc-coated metal and compatible with finish paint systems indicated.
- F. Galvanizing Repair Paint: High-zinc-dust-content paint complying with SSPC-Paint 20 and compatible with paints specified to be used over it.

#### 2.5 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. Shop Assembly: Preassemble items in the shop to greatest extent possible. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation.
- B. Cut, drill, and punch metals cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs and ease edges to a radius of approximately 1/32 inch unless otherwise indicated. Remove sharp or rough areas on exposed surfaces.
- C. Form bent-metal corners to smallest radius possible without causing grain separation or otherwise impairing work.
- D. Form exposed work with accurate angles and surfaces and straight edges.
- E. Weld corners and seams continuously to comply with the following:
  - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
  - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
  - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
  - 4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.
- F. Form exposed connections with hairline joints, flush and smooth, using concealed fasteners or welds where possible. Where exposed fasteners are required, use Phillips flat-head (countersunk) fasteners unless otherwise indicated. Locate joints where least conspicuous.
- G. Fabricate seams and other connections that are exposed to weather in a manner to exclude water. Provide weep holes where water may accumulate.

- H. Cut, reinforce, drill, and tap metal fabrications as indicated to receive finish hardware, screws, and similar items.
- I. Provide for anchorage of type indicated; coordinate with supporting structure. Space anchoring devices to secure metal fabrications rigidly in place and to support indicated loads.

## 2.6 <u>MISCELLANEOUS STEEL TRIM</u>

- A. Unless otherwise indicated, fabricate units from steel shapes, plates, and bars of profiles shown with continuously welded joints and smooth exposed edges. Miter corners and use concealed field splices where possible.
- B. Provide cutouts, fittings, and anchorages as needed to coordinate assembly and installation with other work.
  - 1. Provide with integrally welded steel strap anchors for embedding in concrete or masonry construction.
- C. Galvanize and prime exterior miscellaneous steel trim.
- D. Prime exterior miscellaneous steel trim with zinc-rich primer.

## 2.7 STEEL WELD PLATES AND ANGLES

A. Provide steel weld plates and angles not specified in other Sections, for items supported from concrete construction as needed to complete the Work. Provide each unit with no fewer than two integrally welded steel strap anchors for embedding in concrete.

#### 2.8 <u>FINISHES, GENERAL</u>

- A. Finish metal fabrications after assembly.
- B. Finish exposed surfaces to remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, and to blend into surrounding surface.

## 2.9 <u>STEEL AND IRON FINISHES</u>

- A. Galvanizing: Hot-dip galvanize items as indicated to comply with ASTM A 153/A 153M for steel and iron hardware and with ASTM A 123/A 123M for other steel and iron products.
  - 1. Do not quench or apply post galvanizing treatments that might interfere with paint adhesion.

B. Preparation for Shop Priming Galvanized Items: After galvanizing, thoroughly clean railings of grease, dirt, oil, flux, and other foreign matter, and treat with metallic phosphate process.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 <u>INSTALLATION, GENERAL</u>

- A. Cutting, Fitting, and Placement: Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing metal fabrications. Set metal fabrications accurately in location, alignment, and elevation; with edges and surfaces level, plumb, true, and free of rack; and measured from established lines and levels.
- B. Fit exposed connections accurately together to form hairline joints. Weld connections that are not to be left as exposed joints but cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations. Do not weld, cut, or abrade surfaces of exterior units that have been hot-dip galvanized after fabrication and are for bolted or screwed field connections.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with the following requirements:
  - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
  - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
  - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
  - 4. At exposed connections, finish exposed welds and surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and contour of welded surface matches that of adjacent surface.
- D. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Provide anchorage devices and fasteners where metal fabrications are required to be fastened to in-place construction. Provide threaded fasteners for use with concrete and masonry inserts, toggle bolts, through bolts, lag screws, wood screws, and other connectors.
- E. Provide temporary bracing or anchors in formwork for items that are to be built into concrete, masonry, or similar construction.
- F. Corrosion Protection: Coat concealed surfaces of aluminum that come into contact with grout, concrete, masonry, wood, or dissimilar metals with the following:
  - 1. Cast Aluminum: Heavy coat of bituminous paint.
  - 2. Extruded Aluminum: Two coats of clear lacquer.

## 3.2 <u>INSTALLING MISCELLANEOUS FRAMING AND SUPPORTS</u>

- A. General: Install framing and supports to comply with requirements of items being supported, including manufacturers' written instructions and requirements indicated on Shop Drawings.
- B. Anchor supports for overhead grilles securely to, and rigidly brace from, building structure.
- C. Support steel girders on solid grouted masonry, concrete, or steel pipe columns. Secure girders with anchor bolts embedded in grouted masonry or concrete or with bolts through top plates of pipe columns.
  - 1. Where grout space under bearing plates is indicated for girders supported on concrete or masonry, install as specified in "Installing Bearing and Leveling Plates" Article.
- D. Install pipe columns on concrete footings with grouted baseplates. Position and grout column baseplates as specified in "Installing Bearing and Leveling Plates" Article.
  - 1. Grout baseplates of columns supporting steel girders after girders are installed and leveled.

#### 3.3 INSTALLING METAL BOLLARDS

- A. Fill metal-capped bollards solidly with concrete and allow concrete to cure seven days before installing.
- B. Anchor bollards to existing construction with expansion anchors. Provide four 3/4-inch bolts at each bollard unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Embed anchor bolts at least 4 inches in concrete.
- C. Anchor bollards in place with concrete footings. Center and align bollards in holes 3 inches above bottom of excavation. Place concrete and vibrate or tamp for consolidation. Support and brace bollards in position until concrete has cured.
- D. Anchor internal sleeves for removable bollards in concrete by inserting in pipe sleeves preset into concrete. Fill annular space around internal sleeves solidly with nonshrink grout; mixed and placed to comply with grout manufacturer's written instructions. Slope grout up approximately 1/8 inch toward internal sleeve.
- E. Anchor internal sleeves for removable bollards in place with concrete footings. Center and align sleeves in holes 3 inches above bottom of excavation. Place concrete and

- vibrate or tamp for consolidation. Support and brace sleeves in position until concrete has cured.
- F. Place removable bollards over internal sleeves and secure with 3/4-inch machine bolts and nuts. After tightening nuts, drill holes in bolts for inserting padlocks. Owner furnishes padlocks.
- G. Fill bollards solidly with concrete, mounding top surface to shed water.
  - 1. Do not fill removable bollards with concrete.

## 3.4 <u>INSTALLING BEARING AND LEVELING PLATES</u>

- A. Clean concrete and masonry bearing surfaces of bond-reducing materials, and roughen to improve bond to surfaces. Clean bottom surface of plates.
- B. Set bearing and leveling plates on wedges, shims, or leveling nuts. After bearing members have been positioned and plumbed, tighten anchor bolts. Do not remove wedges or shims but, if protruding, cut off flush with edge of bearing plate before packing with nonshrink grout. Pack grout solidly between bearing surfaces and plates to ensure that no voids remain.

#### 3.5 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Touchup Painting: Immediately after erection, clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas. Paint uncoated and abraded areas with the same material as used for shop painting to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-painted surfaces.
  - 1. Apply by brush or spray to provide a minimum 2.0-mil dry film thickness.
- B. Touchup Painting: Cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint are specified in Section 099113 "Exterior Painting."
- C. Galvanized Surfaces: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas and repair galvanizing to comply with ASTM A 780/A 780M.

END OF SECTION 05 50 00

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Steel tube railings.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 099113 "Exterior Painting."

#### 1.3 <u>COORDINATION</u>

- A. Coordinate selection of shop primers with topcoats to be applied over them. Comply with paint and coating manufacturers' written recommendations to ensure that shop primers and topcoats are compatible with one another.
- B. Coordinate installation of anchorages for railings. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.
- C. Schedule installation so wall attachments are made only to completed walls. Do not support railings temporarily by any means that do not satisfy structural performance requirements.

#### 1.4 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Product Data: For the following:
  - 1. Manufacturer's product lines of mechanically connected railings.
  - 2. Railing brackets.
  - 3. Grout, anchoring cement, and paint products.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
- C. Delegated-Design Submittal: For railings, including analysis data signed and sealed by the qualified professional engineer responsible for their preparation.

## 1.5 <u>INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Qualification Data: For testing agency.
- B. Welding certificates.
- C. Paint Compatibility Certificates: From manufacturers of topcoats applied over shop primers certifying that shop primers are compatible with topcoats.
- D. Product Test Reports: For pipe and tube railings, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency, according to ASTM E 894 and ASTM E 935.
- E. Evaluation Reports: For post-installed anchors, from ICC-ES.

#### 1.6 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
  - 1. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel."
  - 2. AWS D1.2/D1.2M, "Structural Welding Code Aluminum."
  - 3. AWS D1.6/D1.6M, "Structural Welding Code Stainless Steel."

## 1.7 <u>DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING</u>

A. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.

## 1.8 FIELD CONDITIONS

A. Field Measurements: Verify actual locations of walls and other construction contiguous with metal fabrications by field measurements before fabrication.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of railing from single source from single manufacturer.

#### 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Delegated Design: Engage a qualified professional engineer, as defined in Section 014000 "Quality Requirements," to design railings, including attachment to building construction.

- B. Structural Performance: Railings, including attachment to building construction, shall withstand the effects of gravity loads and the following loads and stresses within limits and under conditions indicated:
  - 1. Handrails and Top Rails of Guards:
    - a. Uniform load of 50 lbf/ ft. applied in any direction.
    - b. Concentrated load of 200 lbf applied in any direction.
    - c. Uniform and concentrated loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.
  - 2. Infill of Guards:
    - a. Concentrated load of 50 lbf applied horizontally on an area of 1 sq. ft.
    - b. Infill load and other loads need not be assumed to act concurrently.
- C. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes.
  - 1. Temperature Change: 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.

## 2.3 METALS, GENERAL

- A. Metal Surfaces, General: Provide materials with smooth surfaces, without seam marks, roller marks, rolled trade names, stains, discolorations, or blemishes.
- B. Brackets, Flanges, and Anchors: Cast or formed metal of same type of material and finish as supported rails unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Provide type of bracket with predrilled hole for exposed bolt anchorage and that provides 1-1/2-inch clearance from inside face of handrail to finished wall surface.

## 2.4 STEEL AND IRON

- A. Tubing: ASTM A 500 (cold formed) or ASTM A 513.
- B. Plates, Shapes, and Bars: ASTM A 36/A 36M.

## 2.5 FASTENERS

- A. General: Provide the following:
  - 1. Ungalvanized-Steel Railings: Plated steel fasteners complying with ASTM B 633 or ASTM F 1941, Class Fe/Zn 5 for zinc coating.
  - 2. Provide exposed fasteners with finish matching appearance, including color and texture, of railings.

- B. Fasteners for Anchoring Railings to Other Construction: Select fasteners of type, grade, and class required to produce connections suitable for anchoring railings to other types of construction indicated and capable of withstanding design loads.
- C. Fasteners for Interconnecting Railing Components:
  - 1. Provide concealed fasteners for interconnecting railing components and for attaching them to other work, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Provide Phillips flat-head machine screws for exposed fasteners unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Post-Installed Anchors: Torque-controlled expansion anchors or chemical anchors capable of sustaining, without failure, a load equal to 6 times the load imposed when installed in unit masonry and 4 times the load imposed when installed in concrete, as determined by testing according to ASTM E 488/E 488M, conducted by a qualified independent testing agency.
  - 1. Material for Interior Locations: Carbon-steel components zinc-plated to comply with ASTM B 633 or ASTM F 1941, Class Fe/Zn 5, unless otherwise indicated.

### 2.6 <u>MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS</u>

- A. Welding Rods and Bare Electrodes: Select according to AWS specifications for metal alloy welded.
- B. Shop Primers: Provide primers that comply with Section 099113 "Exterior Painting."
- C. Intermediate Coats and Topcoats: Provide products that comply with Section 099113 "Exterior Painting."
- D. Nonshrink, Nonmetallic Grout: Factory-packaged, nonstaining, noncorrosive, nongaseous grout complying with ASTM C 1107/C 1107M. Provide grout specifically recommended by manufacturer for interior and exterior applications.
- E. Anchoring Cement: Factory-packaged, nonshrink, nonstaining, hydraulic-controlled expansion cement formulation for mixing with water at Project site to create pourable anchoring, patching, and grouting compound.
  - 1. Water-Resistant Product: Provide formulation that is resistant to erosion from water exposure without needing protection by a sealer or waterproof coating and that is recommended by manufacturer for exterior use.

## 2.7 <u>FABRICATION</u>

- A. General: Fabricate railings to comply with requirements indicated for design, dimensions, member sizes and spacing, details, finish, and anchorage, but not less than that required to support structural loads.
- B. Shop assemble railings to greatest extent possible to minimize field splicing and assembly. Disassemble units only as necessary for shipping and handling limitations. Clearly mark units for reassembly and coordinated installation. Use connections that maintain structural value of joined pieces.
- C. Cut, drill, and punch metals cleanly and accurately. Remove burrs and ease edges to a radius of approximately 1/32 inch unless otherwise indicated. Remove sharp or rough areas on exposed surfaces.
- D. Form work true to line and level with accurate angles and surfaces.
- E. Fabricate connections that are exposed to weather in a manner that excludes water. Provide weep holes where water may accumulate.
- F. Cut, reinforce, drill, and tap as indicated to receive finish hardware, screws, and similar items.
- G. Connections: Fabricate railings with welded connections unless otherwise indicated.
- H. Welded Connections: Cope components at connections to provide close fit, or use fittings designed for this purpose. Weld all around at connections, including at fittings.
  - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
  - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
  - 3. Remove flux immediately.
  - 4. At exposed connections, finish exposed surfaces smooth and blended so no roughness shows after finishing and welded surface matches contours of adjoining surfaces.
- I. Form Changes in Direction as Follows:
  - 1. As detailed.
- J. For changes in direction made by bending, use jigs to produce uniform curvature for each repetitive configuration required. Maintain cross section of member throughout entire bend without buckling, twisting, cracking, or otherwise deforming exposed surfaces of components.

- K. Close exposed ends of railing members with prefabricated end fittings.
- L. Provide wall returns at ends of wall-mounted handrails unless otherwise indicated. Close ends of returns unless clearance between end of rail and wall is 1/4 inch or less.
- M. Brackets, Flanges, Fittings, and Anchors: Provide wall brackets, flanges, miscellaneous fittings, and anchors to interconnect railing members to other work unless otherwise indicated.
- N. Provide inserts and other anchorage devices for connecting railings to concrete or masonry work. Fabricate anchorage devices capable of withstanding loads imposed by railings. Coordinate anchorage devices with supporting structure.
- O. For railing posts set in concrete, provide steel sleeves not less than 6 inches long with inside dimensions not less than 1/2 inch greater than outside dimensions of post, with metal plate forming bottom closure.
- P. Toe Boards: Where indicated, provide toe boards at railings around openings and at edge of open-sided floors and platforms. Fabricate to dimensions and details indicated.

### 2.8 <u>STEEL AND IRON FINISHES</u>

- A. For nongalvanized-steel railings, provide nongalvanized ferrous-metal fittings, brackets, fasteners, and sleeves; however, galvanize anchors to be embedded in exterior concrete or masonry.
- B. Preparation for Shop Priming: Prepare uncoated ferrous-metal surfaces to comply with SSPC-SP 6/NACE No. 3, "Commercial Blast Cleaning."
- C. Primer Application: Apply shop primer to prepared surfaces of railings unless otherwise indicated. Comply with requirements in SSPC-PA 1, "Shop, Field, and Maintenance Painting of Steel," for shop painting. Primer need not be applied to surfaces to be embedded in concrete or masonry.
  - 1. Shop prime uncoated railings with universal shop primer or primers specified in Section 099113 "Exterior Painting" indicated.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 <u>INSTALLATION, GENERAL</u>

A. Fit exposed connections together to form tight, hairline joints.

- B. Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required for installing railings. Set railings accurately in location, alignment, and elevation; measured from established lines and levels and free of rack.
  - 1. Do not weld, cut, or abrade surfaces of railing components that are coated or finished after fabrication and that are intended for field connection by mechanical or other means without further cutting or fitting.
  - 2. Set posts plumb within a tolerance of 1/16 inch in 3 feet.
  - 3. Align rails so variations from level for horizontal members and variations from parallel with rake of steps and ramps for sloping members do not exceed 1/4 inch in 12 feet.
- C. Control of Corrosion: Prevent galvanic action and other forms of corrosion by insulating metals and other materials from direct contact with incompatible materials.
  - 1. Coat, with a heavy coat of bituminous paint, concealed surfaces of aluminum that are in contact with grout, concrete, masonry, wood, or dissimilar metals.
- D. Adjust railings before anchoring to ensure matching alignment at abutting joints.
- E. Fastening to In-Place Construction: Use anchorage devices and fasteners where necessary for securing railings and for properly transferring loads to in-place construction.

#### 3.2 RAILING CONNECTIONS

A. Welded Connections: Use fully welded joints for permanently connecting railing components. Comply with requirements for welded connections in "Fabrication" Article whether welding is performed in the shop or in the field.

## 3.3 <u>ANCHORING POSTS</u>

- A. Cover anchorage joint with flange of same metal as post, welded to post after placing anchoring material.
- B. Anchor posts to metal surfaces with oval flanges, angle type, or floor type as required by conditions, connected to posts and to metal supporting members as follows:
  - 1. For steel pipe railings, weld flanges to post and bolt to metal supporting surfaces.

#### 3.4 ATTACHING RAILINGS

A. Anchor railing ends at walls with round flanges anchored to wall construction and welded to railing ends.

- B. Anchor railing ends to metal surfaces with flanges bolted to metal surfaces and welded to railing ends.
- C. Attach railings to wall with wall brackets. Locate brackets as indicated or, if not indicated, at spacing required to support structural loads.
- D. Secure wall brackets and railing end flanges to building construction as follows:
  - 1. For concrete and solid masonry anchorage, use drilled-in expansion shields and hanger or lag bolts.

### 3.5 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

A. Touchup Painting: Cleaning and touchup painting of field welds, bolted connections, and abraded areas of shop paint are specified in Section 099113 "Exterior Painting."

## 3.6 **PROTECTION**

A. Protect finishes of railings from damage during construction period with temporary protective coverings approved by railing manufacturer. Remove protective coverings at time of Substantial Completion.

END OF SECTION 05 52 13

01/25/2018

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 **SUMMARY**

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Framing with dimension lumber.
  - 2. Framing with engineered wood products.
  - 3. Rooftop equipment bases and support curbs.
  - 4. Wood blocking, cants, and nailers.
  - 5. Plywood backing panels.

#### 1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- A. Boards or Strips: Lumber of less than 2 inches nominal size in least dimension.
- B. Dimension Lumber: Lumber of 2 inches nominal size or greater but less than 5 inches nominal size in least dimension.
- C. Exposed Framing: Framing not concealed by other construction.
- D. OSB: Oriented strand board.

## 1.4 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product. Indicate component materials and dimensions and include construction and application details.
  - 1. Include data for wood-preservative treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements. Indicate type of preservative used and net amount of preservative retained.
  - 2. Include data for fire-retardant treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements. Include physical properties of treated materials based on testing by a qualified independent testing agency.
  - 3. For fire-retardant treatments, include physical properties of treated lumber both before and after exposure to elevated temperatures, based on testing by a qualified independent testing agency according to ASTM D 5664.

4. For products receiving a waterborne treatment, include statement that moisture content of treated materials was reduced to levels specified before shipment to Project site.

## 1.5 <u>INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Material Certificates: For dimension lumber specified to comply with minimum allowable unit stresses. Indicate species and grade selected for each use and design values approved by the ALSC Board of Review.
- B. Evaluation Reports: For the following, from ICC-ES:
  - 1. Wood-preservative-treated wood.
  - 2. Fire-retardant-treated wood.
  - 3. Engineered wood products.
  - 4. Power-driven fasteners.
  - 5. Post-installed anchors.
  - 6. Metal framing anchors.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Testing Agency Qualifications: For testing agency providing classification marking for fire-retardant treated material, an inspection agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction that periodically performs inspections to verify that the material bearing the classification marking is representative of the material tested.

#### 1.7 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

A. Stack wood products flat with spacers beneath and between each bundle to provide air circulation. Protect wood products from weather by covering with waterproof sheeting, securely anchored. Provide for air circulation around stacks and under coverings.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 WOOD PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of grading agencies indicated. If no grading agency is indicated, comply with the applicable rules of any rules-writing agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review. Grade lumber by an agency certified by the ALSC Board of Review to inspect and grade lumber under the rules indicated.
  - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
  - 2. Dress lumber, S4S, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Lumber: 15 percent unless otherwise indicated.

- C. Engineered Wood Products: Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and for which current model code research or evaluation reports exist that show compliance with building code in effect for Project.
  - 1. Allowable design stresses, as published by manufacturer, shall meet or exceed those indicated. Manufacturer's published values shall be determined from empirical data or by rational engineering analysis and demonstrated by comprehensive testing performed by a qualified independent testing agency.

## 2.2 WOOD-PRESERVATIVE-TREATED LUMBER

- A. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: AWPA U1; Use Category UC2 for interior construction not in contact with ground, Use Category UC3b for exterior construction not in contact with ground, and Use Category UC4a for items in contact with ground.
  - 1. Preservative Chemicals: Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and containing no arsenic or chromium. Do not use inorganic boron (SBX) for sill plates.
  - 2. For exposed items indicated to receive a stained or natural finish, chemical formulations shall not require incising, contain colorants, bleed through, or otherwise adversely affect finishes.
- B. Kiln-dry lumber after treatment to a maximum moisture content of 19 percent. Do not use material that is warped or that does not comply with requirements for untreated material.
- C. Mark lumber with treatment quality mark of an inspection agency approved by the ALSC Board of Review.
- D. Application: Treat all rough carpentry unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Wood cants, nailers, curbs, equipment support bases, blocking, stripping, and similar members in connection with roofing, flashing, vapor barriers, and waterproofing.
  - 2. Wood sills, sleepers, blocking, furring, stripping, and similar concealed members in contact with masonry or concrete.
  - 3. Wood framing and furring attached directly to the interior of below-grade exterior masonry or concrete walls.
  - 4. Wood framing members that are less than 18 inches above the ground in crawlspaces or unexcavated areas.
  - 5. Wood floor plates that are installed over concrete slabs-on-grade.

## 2.3 FIRE-RETARDANT-TREATED MATERIALS

- A. General: Where fire-retardant-treated materials are indicated, materials shall comply with requirements in this article, that are acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and with fire-test-response characteristics specified as determined by testing identical products per test method indicated by a qualified testing agency.
- B. Fire-Retardant-Treated Lumber and Plywood by Pressure Process: Products with a flame-spread index of 25 or less when tested according to ASTM E 84, and with no evidence of significant progressive combustion when the test is extended an additional 20 minutes, and with the flame front not extending more than 10.5 feet beyond the centerline of the burners at any time during the test.
  - 1. Treatment shall not promote corrosion of metal fasteners.
  - 2. Exterior Type: Treated materials shall comply with requirements specified above for fire-retardant-treated lumber and plywood by pressure process after being subjected to accelerated weathering according to ASTM D 2898. Use for exterior locations and where indicated.
  - 3. Design Value Adjustment Factors: Treated lumber shall be tested according to ASTM D 5664 and design value adjustment factors shall be calculated according to ASTM D 6841.
- C. Kiln-dry lumber after treatment to maximum moisture content of 15 percent.
- D. Identify fire-retardant-treated wood with appropriate classification marking of qualified testing agency.
- E. For exposed items indicated to receive a stained or natural finish, chemical formulations shall not bleed through, contain colorants, or otherwise adversely affect finishes.
- F. Application: Treat all rough carpentry unless otherwise indicated

## 2.4 <u>MISCELLANEOUS LUMBER</u>

- A. General: Provide miscellaneous lumber indicated and lumber for support or attachment of other construction, including the following:
  - 1. Blocking.
  - 2. Nailers.
  - 3. Rooftop equipment bases and support curbs.
  - 4. Cants.
  - 5. Furring.
  - 6. Grounds.
- B. Dimension Lumber Items: Construction or No. 2.

- 1. Hem-fir (north); NLGA.
- 2. Mixed southern pine or southern pine; SPIB.
- 3. Spruce-pine-fir; NLGA.
- C. Concealed Boards: 15 percent maximum moisture content and any of the following species and grades:
  - 1. Mixed southern pine or southern pine; No. 2 grade; SPIB.
  - 2. Hem-fir or hem-fir (north); No. 2 Common grade; NLGA, WCLIB, or WWPA.
  - 3. Spruce-pine-fir (south) or spruce-pine-fir; No. 2 Common grade; NeLMA, NLGA, WCLIB, or WWPA.
- D. For blocking and nailers used for attachment of other construction, select and cut lumber to eliminate knots and other defects that will interfere with attachment of other work.
- E. For furring strips for installing plywood or hardboard paneling, select boards with no knots capable of producing bent-over nails and damage to paneling.

## 2.5 PLYWOOD BACKING PANELS

A. Equipment Backing Panels: Plywood, DOC PS 1, Exterior, A-C, fire-retardant treated, in thickness indicated or, if not indicated, not less than 3/4-inch nominal thickness.

#### 2.6 <u>FASTENERS</u>

- A. General: Fasteners shall be of size and type indicated and shall comply with requirements specified in this article for material and manufacture.
  - 1. Where rough carpentry is exposed to weather, in ground contact, pressure-preservative treated, or in area of high relative humidity, provide fasteners with hot-dip zinc coating complying with ASTM A 153/A 153M.
- B. Nails, Brads, and Staples: ASTM F 1667.
- C. Power-Driven Fasteners: Fastener systems with an evaluation report acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, based on ICC-ES AC70.
- D. Post-Installed Anchors: Fastener systems with an evaluation report acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, based on ICC-ES AC01, ICC-ES AC58, ICC-ES AC193, or ICC-ES AC308 as appropriate for the substrate.
  - 1. Material: Stainless steel with bolts and nuts complying with ASTM F 593 and ASTM F 594, Alloy Group 1 or 2.

## 2.7 <u>METAL FRAMING ANCHORS</u>

- A. Allowable design loads, as published by manufacturer, shall meet or exceed those of basis-of-design products. Manufacturer's published values shall be determined from empirical data or by rational engineering analysis and demonstrated by comprehensive testing performed by a qualified independent testing agency. Framing anchors shall be punched for fasteners adequate to withstand same loads as framing anchors.
- B. Galvanized-Steel Sheet: Hot-dip, zinc-coated steel sheet complying with ASTM A 653/A 653M, G60 coating designation.
  - 1. Use for interior locations unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Hot-Dip, Heavy-Galvanized Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M; structural steel (SS), high-strength low-alloy steel Type A (HSLAS Type A), or high-strength low-alloy steel Type B (HSLAS Type B); G185 coating designation; and not less than 0.036 inch thick.
  - 1. Use for wood-preservative-treated lumber and where indicated.
- D. Stainless-Steel Sheet: ASTM A 666, Type 316.
  - 1. Use for exterior locations and where indicated.

#### 2.8 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. Sill-Sealer Gaskets: Glass-fiber-resilient insulation, fabricated in strip form, for use as a sill sealer; 1-inch nominal thickness, compressible to 1/32 inch; selected from manufacturer's standard widths to suit width of sill members indicated.
- B. Sill-Sealer Gaskets: Closed-cell neoprene foam, 1/4 inch thick, selected from manufacturer's standard widths to suit width of sill members indicated.
- C. Flexible Flashing: Composite, self-adhesive, flashing product consisting of a pliable, butyl rubber or rubberized-asphalt compound, bonded to a high-density polyethylene film, aluminum foil, or spunbonded polyolefin to produce an overall thickness of not less than 0.025 inch.
- D. Adhesives for Gluing Furring and Sleepers to Concrete or Masonry: Formulation complying with ASTM D 3498 that is approved for use indicated by adhesive manufacturer.
- E. Water-Repellent Preservative: NWWDA-tested and -accepted formulation containing 3-iodo-2-propynyl butyl carbamate, combined with an insecticide containing chloropyrifos as its active ingredient.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 <u>INSTALLATION, GENERAL</u>

- A. Framing Standard: Comply with AF&PA's WCD 1, "Details for Conventional Wood Frame Construction," unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Framing with Engineered Wood Products: Install engineered wood products to comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Set rough carpentry to required levels and lines, with members plumb, true to line, cut, and fitted. Fit rough carpentry accurately to other construction. Locate furring, nailers, blocking, grounds, and similar supports to comply with requirements for attaching other construction.
- D. Install plywood backing panels by fastening to studs; coordinate locations with utilities requiring backing panels. Install fire-retardant-treated plywood backing panels with classification marking of testing agency exposed to view.
- E. Install shear wall panels to comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
- F. Install metal framing anchors to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Install fasteners through each fastener hole.
- G. Install sill sealer gasket to form continuous seal between sill plates and foundation walls.
- H. Do not splice structural members between supports unless otherwise indicated.
- I. Provide blocking and framing as indicated and as required to support facing materials, fixtures, specialty items, and trim.
- J. Sort and select lumber so that natural characteristics do not interfere with installation or with fastening other materials to lumber. Do not use materials with defects that interfere with function of member or pieces that are too small to use with minimum number of joints or optimum joint arrangement.
- K. Comply with AWPA M4 for applying field treatment to cut surfaces of preservative-treated lumber.
  - 1. Use inorganic boron for items that are continuously protected from liquid water.
  - 2. Use copper naphthenate for items not continuously protected from liquid water.
- L. Where wood-preservative-treated lumber is installed adjacent to metal decking, install continuous flexible flashing separator between wood and metal decking.

- M. Securely attach rough carpentry work to substrate by anchoring and fastening as indicated, complying with the following:
  - 1. Table R602.3(1), "Fastener Schedule for Structural Members," and Table R602.3(2), "Alternate Attachments," in ICC's International Residential Code for One- and Two-Family Dwellings.
- N. For exposed work, arrange fasteners in straight rows parallel with edges of members, with fasteners evenly spaced, and with adjacent rows staggered.

## 3.2 <u>WOOD BLOCKING, AND NAILER INSTALLATION</u>

- A. Install where indicated and where required for screeding or attaching other work. Form to shapes indicated and cut as required for true line and level of attached work. Coordinate locations with other work involved.
- B. Attach items to substrates to support applied loading. Recess bolts and nuts flush with surfaces unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Provide permanent grounds of dressed, pressure-preservative-treated, key-beveled lumber not less than 1-1/2 inches wide and of thickness required to bring face of ground to exact thickness of finish material. Remove temporary grounds when no longer required.

## 3.3 WOOD FURRING INSTALLATION

- A. Install level and plumb with closure strips at edges and openings. Shim with wood as required for tolerance of finish work.
- B. Furring to Receive Plywood or Hardboard Paneling: Install 2-by-4-inch nominal size furring vertically at 18 inches o.c.

## 3.4 **PROTECTION**

- A. Protect wood that has been treated with inorganic boron (SBX) from weather. If, despite protection, inorganic boron-treated wood becomes wet, that material must be removed and replaced.
- B. Protect rough carpentry from weather. If, despite protection, rough carpentry becomes wet, that material must be removed and replaced.

END OF SECTION 06 10 00

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#### PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Bituthene sheet membrane waterproofing.
  - 2. Pre-fabricated geocomposite drainage protection layer.
- B. Related Sections: Other specification sections which directly relate to the work of his section include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Section 033000 Cast-In-Place Concrete.

## 1.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
  - 1. Review waterproofing requirements including surface preparation, substrate condition and pretreatment, minimum curing period, forecasted weather conditions, special details and sheet flashings, installation procedures, testing and inspection procedures, and protection and repairs.

## 1.4 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, and tested physical and performance properties of waterproofing.
  - 2. Include manufacturer's written instructions for evaluating, preparing, and treating substrate.
- B. Shop Drawings: Provide complete waterproofing shop drawings depicting and detailing the locations and extents of all waterproofing. Drawings shall include details of all conditions required for a complete installation of the waterproofing systems. Shop shall include but not limited to details of substrate joints, flashings, penetration tie in, inside and outside corners, tie-ins with adjoining waterproofing, and other termination conditions. Reproduction of details from the construction documents is not acceptable and will be returned rejected without review.

## 1.5 <u>INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Manufacturer: Sheet membrane waterproofing system shall be manufactured and marketed by a firm with a minimum of 20 years' experience in the production and sales of sheet membrane waterproofing. Manufacturers proposed for use but not named in these specifications shall submit evidence of ability to meet all requirements specified, and include a list of projects of similar design and complexity completed within the past 5 years.
- B. Installer: A firm which has at least 3 years' experience in work of the type required by this section.
- C. Materials: For each type of material required for the work of this section, provide primary materials which are the products of one manufacturer.
- D. Pre-Installation Conference: A pre-installation conference shall be held prior to commencement of field operations to establish procedures to maintain optimum working conditions and to coordinate this work with related and adjacent work. Agenda for meeting shall include review of special details and flashing.
- E. Schedule Coordination: Schedule work such that membrane will not be left exposed to weather for longer than that recommended by the manufacturer.

## 1.7 <u>DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING</u>

- A. Deliver materials and products in labeled packages. Store and handle in strict compliance with manufacturer's instructions, recommendations and material safety data sheets. Protect from damage from sunlight, weather, excessive temperatures and construction operations. Remove damaged material from the site and dispose of in accordance with applicable regulations.
  - 1. Do not double-stack pallets of membrane on the job site. Provide cover on top and all sides, allowing for adequate ventilation.
  - 2. Protect mastic and adhesive from moisture and potential sources of ignition.
  - 3. Store drainage composite or protection board flat and off the ground. Provide cover on top and all sides.
- B. Sequence deliveries to avoid delays, but minimize on-site storage.

#### 1.8 <u>FIELD CONDITIONS</u>

- A. Environmental Limitations: Apply waterproofing within the range of ambient and substrate temperatures recommended by waterproofing manufacturer. Do not apply waterproofing to a damp or wet substrate.
  - 1. Do not apply waterproofing in snow, rain, fog, or mist.
  - 2. Clean all existing walls of dirt and debris and prepare existing surface per manufacturer's recommendations and installation instructions.
- B. Perform work only when existing and forecasted weather conditions are within the limits established by the manufacturer of the materials and products used.
- C. Proceed with installation only when substrate construction and preparation work is complete and in condition to receive sheet membrane waterproofing.
- D. Maintain adequate ventilation during preparation and application of waterproofing materials.

## 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer's standard materials-only warranty in which manufacturer agrees to furnish replacement waterproofing material for waterproofing that does not comply with requirements or that fails to remain watertight within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Ten years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 <u>MANUFACTURERS</u>

- A. Subject to compliance with requirements, available manufacturers offering products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Grace Construction Products.
  - 2. Carlisle Coatings & Waterproofing Inc.
  - 3. Polyguard Products, Inc.
  - 4. Cetco.
  - 5. Sika Corporation.

## 2.2 MATERIALS, GENERAL

A. Source Limitations for Waterproofing System: Obtain waterproofing materials, protection course, and molded-sheet drainage panels from single source from single manufacturer.

## 2.3 <u>BITUTHENE SHEET MEMBRANE WATERPROOFING</u>

A. Bituthene Sheet Membrane Waterproofing: A self-adhesive, cold-applied composite sheet consisting of a thickness of 1.4 mm (0.056 in.) of rubberized asphalt and 0.1 mm (0.004 in.) of cross-laminated, high density polyethylene film. Provide rubberized asphalt membrane covered with a release sheet, which is removed during installation. No special adhesive or heat shall be required to form laps.

## B. Physical Properties:

Property	Test Method	Typical Value
Color		Dark gray-black
Thickness	ASTM D 3767 Method A	1.5 mm (0.060 in.) nomi-
		nal
Flexibility, 180° bend over	ASTM D 1970	Unaffected
25 mm (1 in.) mandrel at		
-43°C (-45°F)		
Tensile Strength, Mem-	ASTM D 412 Modified <sup>1</sup>	2240 kPa (325 lbs/in. <sup>2</sup> )
brane		minimum
Die C		
Tensile Strength, Film	ASTM D 882 Modified <sup>1</sup>	34.5 MPa (5,000 lbs/in. <sup>2</sup> )
		minimum
Elongation, Ultimate Fail-	ASTM D 412 Modified <sup>1</sup>	300% minimum
ure of Rubberized Asphalt		
Crack Cycling at -32°C (-	ASTM C 836	Unaffected
25°F), 100 Cycles		
Lap Adhesion at Minimum	ASTM D 1876 Modified <sup>2</sup>	700 N/m (4 lbs/in.)
Application Temperature		Bituthene 3000
		880 N/M (5 lbs/in.)
		Low Temp.
Peel Strength	ASTM D 903 Modified <sup>3</sup>	1576 N/m (9 lbs/in.)
Puncture Resistance,	ASTM E 154	222 N (50 lbs) minimum
Membrane		
Resistance to Hydrostatic	ASTM D 5385	60 m (200 ft) of water
Head		

Property	Test Method	Typical Value
Permeance	ASTM E 96,	2.9 ng/m <sup>2</sup> sPa
	Section 12 – Water Meth-	(0.05 perms) maximum
	od	
Water Absorption	ASTM D 570	0.1% maximum

#### **Footnotes:**

- 1. The test is run at a rate of 50 mm (2 in.) per minute.
- 2. The test is conducted 15 minutes after the lap is formed and run at a rate of 50 mm (2 in.) per minute at -4°C (25°F).
- 3. The 180° peel strength is run at a rate of 300 mm (12 in.) per minute.
- C. Sheet Strips: Self-adhering, rubberized-asphalt strips of same material and thickness as sheet waterproofing.

### 2.4 AUXILIARY MATERIALS

- A. General: Furnish auxiliary materials recommended by waterproofing manufacturer for intended use and compatible with sheet waterproofing.
  - 1. Furnish liquid-type auxiliary materials that comply with VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Primer: Liquid primer recommended for substrate by sheet-waterproofing material manufacturer.
- C. Surface Conditioner: Liquid, waterborne surface conditioner recommended for substrate by sheet-waterproofing material manufacturer.
- D. Liquid Membrane: Elastomeric, two-component liquid, cold fluid applied, of trowel grade or low viscosity.
- E. Substrate Patching Membrane: Low-viscosity, two-component, modified asphalt coating.
- F. Metal Termination Bars: Aluminum bars, approximately 1 by 1/8 inch thick, predrilled at 9-inch centers.

#### 2.5 PRE-FABRICATED GEOCOMPOSITE DRAINAGE PROTECTION LAYER

A. Nonwoven-Geotextile-Faced, Molded-Sheet Drainage Panel: Composite subsurface drainage panel consisting of a studded, nonbiodegradable, molded-plastic-sheet drainage core; with a nonwoven, needle-punched geotextile facing with an apparent opening size not exceeding No. 70 sieve laminated to one side of the core and a

polymeric film bonded to the other side; and with a vertical flow rate of 9 to 15 gpm per ft.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 <u>EXAMINATION</u>

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the waterproofing.
  - 1. Verify that concrete has cured and aged for minimum time period recommended in writing by waterproofing manufacturer.
  - 2. Verify that substrate is visibly dry and within the moisture limits recommended in writing by manufacturer. Test for capillary moisture by plastic sheet method according to ASTM D 4263.
  - 3. Verify that compacted subgrade is dry, smooth, sound, and ready to receive waterproofing sheet.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

### 3.2 **SURFACE PREPARATION**

- A. Clean, prepare, and treat substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions. Provide clean, dust-free, and dry substrates for waterproofing application.
- B. Mask off adjoining surfaces not receiving waterproofing to prevent spillage and overspray affecting other construction.
- C. Remove grease, oil, bitumen, form-release agents, paints, curing compounds, and other penetrating contaminants or film-forming coatings from concrete.
- D. Remove fins, ridges, mortar, and other projections and fill honeycomb, aggregate pockets, holes, and other voids.
- E. Prepare, fill, prime, and treat joints and cracks in substrates. Remove dust and dirt from joints and cracks according to ASTM D 4258.
  - 1. Install sheet strips of width according to manufacturer's written instructions and center over treated construction and contraction joints and cracks exceeding a width of 1/16 inch or 1/8 inch for modified bituminous deck-paving waterproofing.
- F. Bridge and cover discontinuous joints with overlapping sheet strips of widths according to manufacturer's written instructions.

- 1. Invert and loosely lay first sheet strip over center of joint. Firmly adhere second sheet strip to first and overlap to substrate.
- G. Corners: Prepare, prime, and treat inside and outside corners according to ASTM D 6135.
  - 1. Install membrane strips centered over vertical inside corners. Install 3/4-inch fillets of liquid membrane on horizontal inside corners and as follows:
    - a. At footing-to-wall intersections, extend liquid membrane in each direction from corner or install membrane strip centered over corner.
- H. Prepare, treat, and seal vertical and horizontal surfaces at terminations and penetrations through waterproofing and protrusions according to ASTM D 6135.

#### 3.3 MODIFIED BITUMINOUS SHEET-WATERPROOFING APPLICATION

- A. Install modified bituminous sheets according to waterproofing manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in ASTM D 6135.
- B. Apply primer to substrates at required rate and allow it to dry. Limit priming to areas that will be covered by sheet waterproofing in same day. Reprime areas exposed for more than 24 hours.
- C. Apply and firmly adhere sheets over area to receive waterproofing. Accurately align sheets and maintain uniform 2-1/2-inch- minimum lap widths and end laps. Overlap and seal seams, and stagger end laps to ensure watertight installation.
  - 1. When ambient and substrate temperatures range between 25 and 40 deg F, install self-adhering, modified bituminous sheets produced for low-temperature application. Do not use low-temperature sheets if ambient or substrate temperature is higher than 60 deg F.
- D. Horizontal Application: Apply sheets from low to high points of decks to ensure that laps shed water.
- E. Apply continuous sheets over already-installed sheet strips, bridging substrate cracks, construction, and contraction joints.
- F. Seal edges of sheet-waterproofing terminations with mastic.
- G. Install sheet-waterproofing and auxiliary materials to tie into adjacent waterproofing.

- H. Repair tears, voids, and lapped seams in waterproofing not complying with requirements. Slit and flatten fishmouths and blisters. Patch with sheet waterproofing extending 6 inches beyond repaired areas in all directions.
- I. Immediately install drainage protection course with butted joints over waterproofing membrane.

### 3.4 PRE-FABRICATED GEOCOMPOSITE DRAINAGE PANEL INSTALLATION

A. Place and secure pre-fabricated drainage panels, with geotextile facing away from wall or deck substrate, according to manufacturer's written instructions. Use adhesives or other methods that do not penetrate waterproofing. Lap edges and ends of geotextile to maintain continuity. Protect installed drainage panels during subsequent construction.

## 3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Engage a site representative qualified by waterproofing membrane manufacturer to inspect substrate conditions, surface preparation, membrane application, flashings, protection, and drainage components, and to furnish daily reports to Engineer.
- B. Prepare test and inspection reports.

#### 3.6 PROTECTION, REPAIR, AND CLEANING

- A. Protect waterproofing from damage and wear during remainder of construction period.
- B. Protect installed board insulation and insulation drainage panels from damage due to UV light, harmful weather exposures, physical abuse, and other causes. Provide temporary coverings where insulation is subject to abuse and cannot be concealed and protected by permanent construction immediately after installation.
- C. Correct deficiencies in or remove waterproofing that does not comply with requirements; repair substrates, reapply waterproofing, and repair sheet flashings.
- D. Clean spillage and soiling from adjacent construction using cleaning agents and procedures recommended by manufacturer of affected construction.

END OF SECTION 07 13 26

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## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes traffic coatings and pavement markings for the following applications:
  - 1. Vehicular traffic.

#### 1.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.

#### 1.4 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include installation instructions and details, material descriptions, dry or wet film thickness requirements, and finish.
- B. Shop Drawings: For traffic coatings.
  - 1. Include details for treating substrate joints and cracks, flashings, deck penetrations, and other termination conditions that are not included in manufacturer's product data.
  - 2. Include plans showing layout of pavement markings, lane separations, and defined parking spaces. Indicate, with international symbol of accessibility, spaces allocated for people with disabilities.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of exposed finish.
- D. Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish, prepared on rigid backing.
  - 1. Provide stepped Samples on backing to illustrate buildup of traffic coatings.

#### 1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Product Certificates: For each type of traffic coating.

- C. Field quality-control reports.
- D. Sample Warranty: For manufacturer's warranty.

#### 1.6 <u>CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS</u>

A. Maintenance Data: For traffic coatings to include in maintenance manuals.

## 1.7 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

A. Installer Qualifications: An entity that employs installers and supervisors who are trained and approved by manufacturer.

### 1.8 <u>FIELD CONDITIONS</u>

- A. Environmental Limitations: Apply traffic coatings within the range of ambient and substrate temperatures recommended in writing by manufacturer. Do not apply traffic coatings to damp or wet substrates, when temperatures are below 40 deg F, when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent, or when temperatures are less than 5 deg F above dew point.
  - 1. Do not apply traffic coatings in snow, rain, fog, or mist, or when such weather conditions are imminent during the application and curing period. Apply only when frost-free conditions occur throughout the depth of substrate.
- B. Do not install traffic coating until items that penetrate membrane have been installed.
- C. Pavement-Marking Paint: Proceed with pavement marking only on clean, dry surfaces and at a minimum ambient or surface temperature of 40 deg F for oil-based materials, 50 deg F for water-based materials, and not exceeding 95 deg F.

## 1.9 WARRANTY

- A. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace traffic coating that fails in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Adhesive or cohesive failures.
    - b. Abrasion or tearing failures.
    - c. Surface crazing or spalling.
    - d. Intrusion of water, oils, gasoline, grease, salt, deicer chemicals, or acids into deck substrate.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Source Limitations:
  - 1. Obtain traffic coatings from single source from single manufacturer.
  - 2. Obtain pavement-marking paint from single source from single manufacturer.

### 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Material Compatibility: Provide primers; base coat, intermediate coat, and topcoat; and accessory materials that are compatible with one another and with substrate under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by manufacturer based on testing and field experience.

# 2.3 TRAFFIC COATING

- A. Traffic Coating: Manufacturer's standard, traffic-bearing, seamless, high-solids-content, cold liquid-applied, elastomeric, water-resistant membrane system with integral wearing surface for vehicular traffic; according to ASTM C 957/C 957M.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Sika Corporation Sikalastic 720/745 A6 Traffic System.
    - b. Flowcrete Group Deckshield Rapide ED.
    - c. Tremco Incorporated Vulkem 350NF/950NF/951NF.
- B. Primer: Liquid primer as recommended in writing for substrate and conditions by traffic-coating manufacturer.
- C. Preparatory and Base Coats: Polyurethane.
  - 1. Thicknesses: Minimum dry- or wet- film thickness as recommended in writing by manufacturer for substrate and service conditions indicated.
- D. Intermediate Coat: Polyurethane.
  - 1. Thicknesses: Minimum dry- or wet- film thickness as recommended in writing by manufacturer for substrate and service conditions indicated, measured excluding aggregate.
  - 2. Aggregate Content: As recommended in writing by traffic-coating manufacturer for substrate and service conditions indicated.

- E. Topcoat: Polyurethane.
  - 1. Thicknesses: Minimum dry- or wet- film thickness as recommended in writing by manufacturer for substrate and service conditions indicated, measured excluding aggregate.
  - 2. Aggregate Content: As recommended in writing by traffic-coating manufacturer for substrate and service conditions indicated and as required to achieve slip-resistant finish.
  - 3. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- F. Aggregate: Manufacturer's standard aggregate for each use indicated of particle sizes, shape, and minimum hardness recommended in writing by traffic-coating manufacturer.
- G. Fire-Test-Response Characteristics: Provide traffic-coating materials with the fire-test-response characteristics as determined by testing identical products according to test method below for deck type and slopes indicated by an independent testing and inspecting agency that is acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Class A roof covering according to ASTM E 108.

### 2.4 <u>ACCESSORY MATERIALS</u>

- A. Adhesive: Contact adhesive recommended in writing by traffic-coating manufacturer.
- B. Reinforcing Strip: Fiberglass mesh recommended in writing by traffic-coating manufacturer.

## 2.5 PAVEMENT MARKINGS

A. Pavement-Marking Paint: Comply with Section 321723 "Pavement Markings."

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 **EXAMINATION**

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content, surface smoothness, and other conditions affecting performance of traffic-coating work.
- B. Verify that substrates are visibly dry and free of moisture.
  - 1. Test for moisture according to ASTM D 4263.
  - 2. Test for moisture content by method recommended in writing by traffic-coating manufacturer.

- C. Prepare written report, endorsed by Installer, listing conditions detrimental to performance of traffic-coating work.
- D. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
  - 1. Begin coating application only after substrate construction and penetrating work have been completed.
  - 2. Begin coating application only after minimum concrete-curing and -drying period recommended in writing by traffic-coating manufacturer has passed and after substrates are dry.
  - 3. Application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean and prepare substrates according to ASTM C 1127 and manufacturer's written instructions to produce clean, dust-free, dry substrate for traffic-coating application. Remove projections, fill voids, and seal joints if any, as recommended in writing by traffic-coating manufacturer.
- B. Priming: Unless manufacturer recommends in writing against priming, prime substrates according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Limit priming to areas that will be covered by traffic-coating material on same day. Reprime areas exposed for more time than recommended by manufacturer.
- C. Schedule preparation work so dust and other contaminants from process do not fall on wet, newly coated surfaces.
- D. Mask adjoining surfaces not receiving traffic coatings to prevent overspray, spillage, leaking, and migration of coatings. Prevent traffic-coating materials from entering deck substrate penetrations and clogging weep holes and drains.
- E. Concrete Substrates: Mechanically abrade surface to a uniform profile acceptable to manufacturer, according to ASTM D 4259. Do not acid etch.
  - 1. Remove grease, oil, paints, and other penetrating contaminants from concrete.
  - 2. Remove concrete fins, ridges, and other projections.
  - 3. Remove laitance, glaze, efflorescence, curing compounds, concrete hardeners, form-release agents, and other incompatible materials that might affect coating adhesion.
  - 4. Remove remaining loose material to provide a sound surface, and clean surfaces according to ASTM D 4258.

### 3.3 TERMINATIONS AND PENETRATIONS

- A. Prepare vertical and horizontal surfaces at terminations and penetrations through traffic coatings and at expansion joints, drains, and sleeves according to ASTM C 1127 and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Provide sealant cants at penetrations and at reinforced and nonreinforced, deck-to-wall butt joints.
- C. Terminate edges of deck-to-deck expansion joints with preparatory base-coat strip.
- D. Install sheet flashings at deck-to-wall expansion and dynamic joints, and bond to deck and wall substrates according to manufacturer's written recommendations.

#### 3.4 **JOINT AND CRACK TREATMENT**

- A. Prepare, treat, rout, and fill joints and cracks in substrates according to ASTM C 1127 and manufacturer's written recommendations. Before coating surfaces, remove dust and dirt from joints and cracks according to ASTM D 4258.
  - 1. Comply with recommendations in ASTM C 1193 for joint-sealant installation.
- B. Apply reinforcing strip in traffic-coating system where recommended in writing by traffic-coating manufacturer.

## 3.5 TRAFFIC-COATING APPLICATION

- A. Apply traffic coating according to ASTM C 1127 and manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Apply coats of specified compositions for each type of traffic coating at locations as indicated on Drawings.
- C. Start traffic-coating application in presence of manufacturer's technical representative.
- D. Verify that wet-film thickness of each coat complies with requirements every 100 sq. ft.
- E. Uniformly broadcast and embed aggregate in each coat indicated to receive aggregate according to manufacturer's written instructions. After coat dries, sweep away excess aggregate.
- F. Apply traffic coatings to prepared wall terminations and vertical surfaces to height indicated; omit aggregate on vertical surfaces.
- G. Cure traffic coatings. Prevent contamination and damage during coating application and curing.

## 3.6 PAVEMENT MARKINGS

- A. Do not apply pavement-marking paint for striping and other markings until layout, colors, and placement have been verified with Architect and traffic coating has cured.
- B. Sweep and clean surface to eliminate loose material and dust.
- C. Apply pavement-marking paint with mechanical equipment to produce markings of dimensions indicated with uniform straight edges. Apply at manufacturer's recommended rates for a minimum wet-film thickness of 15-mils.
  - 1. Apply graphic symbols and lettering with paint-resistant, die-cut stencils, firmly secured to surface. Mask an extended area beyond edges of each stencil to prevent paint application beyond stencil. Apply paint so that it cannot run beneath stencil.
  - 2. Broadcast glass beads uniformly into wet pavement-marking paint at a rate of 6 lb/gal.

## 3.7 <u>FIELD QUALITY CONTROL</u>

- A. Final Traffic-Coating Inspection: Arrange for traffic-coating manufacturer's technical personnel to inspect membrane installation on completion.
  - 1. Notify Architect or Owner 48 hours in advance of date and time of inspection.
- B. Waterproofing will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- C. Prepare test and inspection reports.

#### 3.8 PROTECTING AND CLEANING

- A. Protect traffic coatings from damage and wear during remainder of construction period.
- B. Clean spillage and soiling from adjacent construction using cleaning agents and procedures recommended by manufacturer of affected construction.

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#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Mechanically fastened ethylene-propylene-diene-monomer (EPDM) roofing system.
  - 2. Vapor retarder.
  - 3. Roof insulation.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 079200 "Joint Sealants" for joint sealants, joint fillers, and joint preparation.

### 1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

A. Roofing Terminology: Definitions in ASTM D 1079 and glossary of NRCA's "The NRCA Roofing and Waterproofing Manual" apply to work of this Section.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For roofing system. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work, including:
  - 1. Base flashings and membrane terminations.
  - 2. Tapered insulation, including slopes.
  - 3. Roof plan showing orientation of steel roof deck and orientation of roofing and fastening spacings and patterns for mechanically fastened roofing.
  - 4. Insulation fastening patterns for corner, perimeter, and field-of-roof locations.

#### 1.5 <u>INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer and manufacturer.
- B. Manufacturer Certificates: Signed by roofing manufacturer certifying that roofing system complies with requirements specified in "Performance Requirements" Article.

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- Submit evidence of complying with performance requirements. 1.
- C. Product Test Reports: For components of roofing system, tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency.
- Research/Evaluation Reports: For components of roofing system, from ICC-ES. D.
- E. Field quality-control reports.
- F. Sample Warranties: For manufacturer's special warranties.

#### 1.6 **CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS**

Maintenance Data: For roofing system to include in maintenance manuals. A.

#### 1.7 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- Manufacturer Qualifications: A qualified manufacturer that is UL listed and FM Global A. approved for roofing system identical to that used for this Project.
- Installer Qualifications: A qualified firm that is approved, authorized, or licensed by B. roofing system manufacturer to install manufacturer's product and that is eligible to receive manufacturer's special warranty.

#### 1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- Deliver roofing materials to Project site in original containers with seals unbroken and A. labeled with manufacturer's name, product brand name and type, date of manufacture, approval or listing agency markings, and directions for storing and mixing with other components.
- Store liquid materials in their original undamaged containers in a clean, dry, protected В. location and within the temperature range required by roofing system manufacturer. Protect stored liquid material from direct sunlight.
  - 1. Discard and legally dispose of liquid material that cannot be applied within its stated shelf life.
- C. Protect roof insulation materials from physical damage and from deterioration by sunlight, moisture, soiling, and other sources. Store in a dry location. Comply with insulation manufacturer's written instructions for handling, storing, and protecting during installation.
- Handle and store roofing materials, and place equipment in a manner to avoid D. permanent deflection of deck.

## 1.9 <u>FIELD CONDITIONS</u>

A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit roofing system to be installed according to manufacturer's written instructions and warranty requirements.

## 1.10 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of roofing system that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Special warranty includes membrane roofing, base flashings, roof insulation, fasteners, roofing accessories, and other components of roofing system.
  - 2. Warranty Period: 25 years from date of Substantial Completion.
  - 3. Installer warranty for all components: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain components including roof insulation and fasteners for roofing system from same manufacturer as membrane roofing or manufacturer approved by membrane roofing manufacturer.

## 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General Performance: Installed roofing and base flashings shall withstand specified uplift pressures, thermally induced movement, and exposure to weather without failure due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction. Roofing and base flashings shall remain watertight.
  - 1. Accelerated Weathering: Roofing system shall withstand 2000 hours of exposure when tested according to ASTM G 152, ASTM G 154, or ASTM G 155.
  - 2. Impact Resistance: Roofing system shall resist impact damage when tested according to ASTM D 3746 or ASTM D 4272.
- B. Material Compatibility: Roofing materials shall be compatible with one another and adjacent materials under conditions of service and application required, as demonstrated by roofing manufacturer based on testing and field experience.

- C. Roofing System Design: Tested by a qualified testing agency to resist the following uplift pressures:
  - 1. Corner Uplift Pressure: Refer to Component and Cladding Wind Loads chart on drawing S-001.
  - 2. Perimeter Uplift Pressure: Refer to Component and Cladding Wind Loads chart on drawing S-001.
  - 3. Field-of-Roof Uplift Pressure: Refer to Component and Cladding Wind Loads chart on drawing S-001.
- D. FM Global Listing: Roofing, base flashings, and component materials shall comply with requirements in FM Global 4450 or FM Global 4470 as part of a roofing system, and shall be listed in FM Global's "RoofNav" for Class 1 or noncombustible construction, as applicable. Identify materials with FM Global markings.
  - 1. Fire/Windstorm Classification: Refer to Component and Cladding Wind Loads chart on drawing S-001.
  - 2. Hail-Resistance Rating: Refer to Component and Cladding Wind Loads chart on drawing S-001.
- E. Exterior Fire-Test Exposure: ASTM E 108 or UL 790, Class A; for application and roof slopes indicated; testing by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
- F. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Comply with fire-resistance-rated assembly designs indicated. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.

### 2.3 EPDM ROOFING

- A. EPDM: ASTM D 4637, Type I, nonreinforced, uniform, flexible EPDM sheet.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Carlisle SynTec Incorporated; Sure-Seal EPDM Roofing System, 90-mil.
    - b. Firestone Building Products; RubberGard EPDM, 90-mil.
    - c. Johns Manville; JM EPDM NR, 90-mil.
  - 2. Thickness: 90 mils, nominal.
  - 3. Exposed Face Color: Black.

#### 2.4 **AUXILIARY ROOFING MATERIALS**

A. General: Auxiliary materials recommended by roofing system manufacturer for intended use and compatible with roofing.

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- Liquid-type auxiliary materials shall comply with VOC limits of authorities 1. having jurisdiction.
- B. Sheet Flashing: 90-mil-thick EPDM, partially cured or cured, according to application.
- C. Bonding Adhesive: Manufacturer's standard.
- D. Seaming Material: Single-component, butyl splicing adhesive and splice cleaner.
- E. Lap Sealant: Manufacturer's standard, single-component sealant, colored to match membrane roofing.
- F. Water Cutoff Mastic: Manufacturer's standard butyl mastic sealant.
- G. Metal Termination Bars: Manufacturer's standard, predrilled stainless-steel or aluminum bars, approximately 1 by 1/8 inch thick; with anchors.
- H. Metal Battens: Manufacturer's standard, aluminum-zinc-alloy-coated or zinc-coated steel sheet, approximately 1 inch wide by 0.05 inch thick, prepunched.
- I. Fasteners: Factory-coated steel fasteners and metal or plastic plates complying with corrosion-resistance provisions in FM Global 4470, designed for fastening membrane to substrate, and acceptable to roofing system manufacturer.
- J. Miscellaneous Accessories: Provide pourable sealers, preformed cone and vent sheet flashings, molded pipe boot flashings, preformed inside and outside corner sheet flashings, reinforced EPDM securement strips, T-joint covers, in-seam sealants, termination reglets, cover strips, and other accessories.

#### 2.5 **VAPOR RETARDER**

- Polyethylene Film: ASTM D 4397, 6 mils thick, minimum, with maximum permeance Α. rating of 0.13 perm.
  - 1. Tape: Pressure-sensitive tape of type recommended by vapor-retarder manufacturer for sealing joints and penetrations in vapor retarder.

#### 2.6 **ROOF INSULATION**

- General: Preformed roof insulation boards manufactured or approved by EPDM roofing A. manufacturer, selected from manufacturer's standard sizes suitable for application, of thicknesses indicated and that produce FM Global-approved roof insulation.
- Extruded-Polystyrene Board Insulation: ASTM C 578, Type IV, 1.6-lb/cu. ft. minimum B. density, square edged.

- Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one 1. of the following:
  - a. DiversiFoam Products.
  - Dow Chemical Company (The). b.
  - Kingspan Insulation. c.
  - Owens Corning. d.
- Tapered Insulation: Provide factory-tapered insulation boards fabricated to slope of 1/4 C. inch per 12 inches unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Provide preformed saddles, crickets, tapered edge strips, and other insulation shapes where indicated for sloping to drain. Fabricate to slopes indicated.

#### 2.7 **INSULATION ACCESSORIES**

- General: Roof insulation accessories recommended by insulation manufacturer for A. intended use and compatibility with roofing.
- Fasteners: Factory-coated steel fasteners and metal or plastic plates complying with В. corrosion-resistance provisions in FM Global 4470, designed for fastening roof insulation and cover boards to substrate, and acceptable to roofing system manufacturer.
- C. Insulation Adhesive: Insulation manufacturer's recommended adhesive formulated to attach roof insulation to substrate or to another insulation layer.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 **EXAMINATION**

- Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with A. requirements and other conditions affecting performance of the Work:
  - Verify that surface plane flatness and fastening of steel roof deck complies with 1. requirements in Section 053100 "Steel Decking."
- В. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 **PREPARATION**

Clean substrate of dust, debris, moisture, and other substances detrimental to roofing A. installation according to roofing system manufacturer's written instructions. Remove sharp projections.

B. Prevent materials from entering and clogging roof drains and conductors and from spilling or migrating onto surfaces of other construction. Remove roof-drain plugs when no work is taking place or when rain is forecast.

# 3.3 ROOFING INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Install roofing system according to roofing system manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Complete terminations and base flashings and provide temporary seals to prevent water from entering completed sections of roofing system at the end of the workday or when rain is forecast. Remove and discard temporary seals before beginning work on adjoining roofing.

#### 3.4 SUBSTRATE BOARD INSTALLATION

- A. Install substrate board with long joints in continuous straight lines, perpendicular to roof slopes with end joints staggered between rows. Tightly butt substrate boards together.
  - 1. Fasten substrate board to top flanges of steel deck according to recommendations in FM Global's "RoofNav" and FM Global Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-29 for specified Windstorm Resistance Classification.
  - 2. Fasten substrate board to top flanges of steel deck to resist uplift pressure at corners, perimeter, and field of roof according to roofing system manufacturers' written instructions.

#### 3.5 VAPOR-RETARDER INSTALLATION

- A. Polyethylene Film: Loosely lay polyethylene-film vapor retarder in a single layer over area to receive vapor retarder, side and end lapping each sheet a minimum of 2 inches and 6 inches, respectively. Continuously seal side and end laps with tape.
- B. Completely seal vapor retarder at terminations, obstructions, and penetrations to prevent air movement into roofing system.

#### 3.6 <u>INSULATION INSTALLATION</u>

- A. Coordinate installing roofing system components so insulation is not exposed to precipitation or left exposed at the end of the workday.
- B. Comply with roofing system and insulation manufacturer's written instructions for installing roof insulation.
- C. Install tapered insulation under area of roofing to conform to slopes indicated.

- D. Install insulation under area of roofing to achieve required thickness. Where overall insulation thickness is 2.7 inches or greater, install two or more layers with joints of each succeeding layer staggered from joints of previous layer a minimum of 6 inches in each direction.
  - 1. Where installing composite and noncomposite insulation in two or more layers, install noncomposite board insulation for bottom layer and intermediate layers, if applicable, and install composite board insulation for top layer.
- E. Trim surface of insulation where necessary at roof drains so completed surface is flush and does not restrict flow of water.
- F. Install insulation with long joints of insulation in a continuous straight line with end joints staggered between rows, abutting edges and ends between boards. Fill gaps exceeding 1/4 inch with insulation.
  - 1. Cut and fit insulation within 1/4 inch of nailers, projections, and penetrations.

# 3.7 <u>MECHANICALLY FASTENED MEMBRANE ROOFING INSTALLATION</u>

- A. Mechanically fasten roofing over area to receive roofing according to roofing system manufacturer's written instructions. Unroll membrane roofing and allow to relax before installing.
  - 1. For in-splice attachment, install roofing with long dimension perpendicular to steel roof deck flutes.
- B. Accurately align roofing, and maintain uniform side and end laps of minimum dimensions required by manufacturer. Stagger end laps.
- C. Mechanically fasten or adhere e roofing securely at terminations, penetrations, and perimeter of roofing.
- D. Apply roofing with side laps shingled with slope of roof deck where possible.
- E. Adhesive Seam Installation: Clean both faces of splice areas, apply splicing cement, and firmly roll side and end laps of overlapping roofing according to manufacturer's written instructions to ensure a watertight seam installation. Apply lap sealant and seal exposed edges of roofing terminations.
  - 1. Apply a continuous bead of in-seam sealant before closing splice if required by roofing system manufacturer.
- F. Repair tears, voids, and lapped seams in roofing that do not comply with requirements.

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- G. Spread sealant or mastic bed over deck-drain flange at roof drains, and securely seal roofing in place with clamping ring.
- In-Splice Attachment: Secure one edge of roofing using fastening plates or metal H. battens centered within splice, and mechanically fasten roofing to roof deck. Field splice seam.
- I. Through-Membrane Attachment: Secure roofing using fastening plates or metal battens, and mechanically fasten roofing to roof deck. Cover battens and fasteners with a continuous cover strip.

#### 3.8 **BASE FLASHING INSTALLATION**

- Install sheet flashings and preformed flashing accessories, and adhere to substrates A. according to roofing system manufacturer's written instructions.
- Apply bonding adhesive to substrate and underside of sheet flashing at required rate, В. and allow to partially dry. Do not apply to seam area of flashing.
- C. Flash penetrations and field-formed inside and outside corners with cured or uncured sheet flashing.
- Clean splice areas, apply splicing cement, and firmly roll side and end laps of D. overlapping sheets to ensure a watertight seam installation. Apply lap sealant and seal exposed edges of sheet flashing terminations.
- E. Terminate and seal top of sheet flashings and mechanically anchor to substrate through termination bars.

#### 3.9 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- Flood Testing: Flood test each roofing area for leaks, according to recommendations in A. ASTM D 5957, after completing roofing and flashing but before overlying construction is placed. Install temporary containment assemblies, plug or dam drains, and flood with potable water.
  - Flood to an average depth of 2-1/2 inches with a minimum depth of 1 inch and not exceeding a depth of 4 inches. Maintain 2 inches of clearance from top of base flashing.
  - Flood each area for 24 hours. 2.
  - 3. After flood testing, repair leaks, repeat flood tests, and make further repairs until roofing and flashing installations are watertight.
- Final Roof Inspection: Arrange for roofing system manufacturer's technical personnel to B. inspect roofing installation on completion.

- C. Repair or remove and replace components of roofing system where inspections indicate that they do not comply with specified requirements.
- D. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine if replaced or additional work complies with specified requirements.

#### 3.10 PROTECTING AND CLEANING

- A. Protect membrane roofing system from damage and wear during remainder of construction period. When remaining construction does not affect or endanger roofing, inspect roofing for deterioration and damage, describing its nature and extent in a written report, with copies to Architect and Owner.
- B. Correct deficiencies in or remove membrane roofing system that does not comply with requirements, repair substrates, and repair or reinstall membrane roofing system to a condition free of damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion and according to warranty requirements.
- C. Clean overspray and spillage from adjacent construction using cleaning agents and procedures recommended by manufacturer of affected construction.

## 3.11 ROOFING INSTALLER'S WARRANTY

	, herein called the "Roofing Installer," has performe
roof	fing and associated work ("work") on the following project:
1.	Owner: GBCMHC.
2.	Address: 1635 Central Avenue, Bridgeport, CT.
3.	Building Name/Type: GBCMHC.
	Address: 1635 Central Avenue, Bridgeport, CT.
5.	Area of Work: Parking Garage.
5.	Acceptance Date:
7.	Warranty Period: Ten years.
3.	Expiration Date:

- B. AND WHEREAS Roofing Installer has contracted (either directly with Owner or indirectly as a subcontractor) to warrant said work against leaks and faulty or defective materials and workmanship for designated Warranty Period,
- C. NOW THEREFORE Roofing Installer hereby warrants, subject to terms and conditions herein set forth, that during Warranty Period he will, at his own cost and expense, make or cause to be made such repairs to or replacements of said work as are necessary to correct faulty and defective work and as are necessary to maintain said work in a watertight condition.

- D. This Warranty is made subject to the following terms and conditions:
  - 1. Specifically excluded from this Warranty are damages to work and other parts of the building, and to building contents, caused by:
    - a. lightning;
    - b. peak gust wind speed exceeding; Refer to Component and Cladding Wind Loads chart on drawing S-001
    - c. fire;
    - d. failure of roofing system substrate, including cracking, settlement, excessive deflection, deterioration, and decomposition;
    - e. faulty construction of parapet walls, copings, chimneys, skylights, vents, equipment supports, and other edge conditions and penetrations of the work:
    - f. vapor condensation on bottom of roofing; and
    - g. activity on roofing by others, including construction contractors, maintenance personnel, other persons, and animals, whether authorized or unauthorized by Owner.
  - 2. When work has been damaged by any of foregoing causes, Warranty shall be null and void until such damage has been repaired by Roofing Installer and until cost and expense thereof have been paid by Owner or by another responsible party so designated.
  - 3. Roofing Installer is responsible for damage to work covered by this Warranty but is not liable for consequential damages to building or building contents resulting from leaks or faults or defects of work.
  - 4. During Warranty Period, if Owner allows alteration of work by anyone other than Roofing Installer, including cutting, patching, and maintenance in connection with penetrations, attachment of other work, and positioning of anything on roof, this Warranty shall become null and void on date of said alterations, but only to the extent said alterations affect work covered by this Warranty. If Owner engages Roofing Installer to perform said alterations, Warranty shall not become null and void unless Roofing Installer, before starting said work, shall have notified Owner in writing, showing reasonable cause for claim, that said alterations would likely damage or deteriorate work, thereby reasonably justifying a limitation or termination of this Warranty.
  - 5. During Warranty Period, if original use of roof is changed and it becomes used for, but was not originally specified for, a promenade, work deck, spray-cooled surface, flooded basin, or other use or service more severe than originally specified, this Warranty shall become null and void on date of said change, but only to the extent said change affects work covered by this Warranty.
  - 6. Owner shall promptly notify Roofing Installer of observed, known, or suspected leaks, defects, or deterioration and shall afford reasonable opportunity for Roofing

- Installer to inspect work and to examine evidence of such leaks, defects, or deterioration.
- 7. This Warranty is recognized to be the only warranty of Roofing Installer on said work and shall not operate to restrict or cut off Owner from other remedies and resources lawfully available to Owner in cases of roofing failure. Specifically, this Warranty shall not operate to relieve Roofing Installer of responsibility for performance of original work according to requirements of the Contract Documents, regardless of whether Contract was a contract directly with Owner or a subcontract with Owner's General Contractor.

E.	IN V	VITNESS THEREOF, this instrument has been duly executed this
	day o	of
	1.	Authorized Signature:
	2.	Name:
	3.	Title:

END OF SECTION 07 53 23

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#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Silicone joint sealants.

#### 1.3 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

A. Product Data: For each joint-sealant product.

#### 1.4 <u>INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS</u>

A. Qualification Data: For qualified testing agency.

#### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative who is trained and approved by manufacturer.

#### 1.6 <u>FIELD CONDITIONS</u>

- A. Do not proceed with installation of joint sealants under the following conditions:
  - 1. When ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by joint-sealant manufacturer.
  - 2. When joint substrates are wet.
  - 3. Where joint widths are less than those allowed by joint-sealant manufacturer for applications indicated.
  - 4. Where contaminants capable of interfering with adhesion have not yet been removed from joint substrates.

#### 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Special Installer's Warranty: Installer agrees to repair or replace joint sealants that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.

- B. Special Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to furnish joint sealants to repair or replace those joint sealants that do not comply with performance and other requirements specified in this Section within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Special warranties specified in this article exclude deterioration or failure of joint sealants from the following:
  - 1. Movement of the structure caused by stresses on the sealant exceeding sealant manufacturer's written specifications for sealant elongation and compression.
  - 2. Disintegration of joint substrates from causes exceeding design specifications.
  - 3. Mechanical damage caused by individuals, tools, or other outside agents.
  - 4. Changes in sealant appearance caused by accumulation of dirt or other atmospheric contaminants.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 <u>JOINT SEALANTS, GENERAL</u>

- A. Compatibility: Provide joint sealants, backings, and other related materials that are compatible with one another and with joint substrates under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by joint-sealant manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
- B. Colors of Exposed Joint Sealants: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

#### 2.2 SILICONE JOINT SEALANTS

- A. Silicone, S, NS, 100/50, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 100 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 100/50, Use NT.
- B. Silicone, S, NS, 50, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 50 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 50, Use NT.
- C. Silicone, S, NS, 35, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 35 percent and minus 35 percent movement capability. nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 35, Use NT.
- D. Silicone, S, NS, 25, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.

- E. Silicone, Acid Curing, S, NS, 25, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, nontraffic-use, acid-curing silicone joint sealant: ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Use NT.
- F. Silicone, S, NS, 100/50, T, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 100 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, traffic- and nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 100/50, Uses T and NT.
- G. Silicone, S, NS, 50, T, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 50 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, traffic- and nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 50, Uses T and NT.
- H. Silicone, S, NS, 25, T, NT: Single-component, nonsag, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, traffic- and nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25, Uses T and NT.
- I. Silicone, S, P, 100/50, T, NT: Single-component, pourable, plus 100 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability traffic- and nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade P, Class 100/50, Uses T and NT.
- J. Silicone, S, P, 25, T, NT: Single-component, pourable, plus 25 percent and minus 25 percent movement capability, traffic- and nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade P, Class 25, Uses T and NT.
- K. Silicone, M, P, 100/50, T, NT: Multicomponent, pourable, plus 100 percent and minus 50 percent movement capability, traffic- and nontraffic-use, neutral-curing silicone joint sealant; ASTM C 920, Type M, Grade P, Class 100/50, Uses T and NT.

#### 2.3 **JOINT-SEALANT BACKING**

A. Sealant Backing Material, General: Nonstaining; compatible with joint substrates, sealants, primers, and other joint fillers; and approved for applications indicated by sealant manufacturer based on field experience and laboratory testing.

## 2.4 <u>MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS</u>

- A. Primer: Material recommended by joint-sealant manufacturer where required for adhesion of sealant to joint substrates indicated, as determined from preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests and field tests.
- B. Cleaners for Nonporous Surfaces: Chemical cleaners acceptable to manufacturers of sealants and sealant backing materials, free of oily residues or other substances capable of staining or harming joint substrates and adjacent nonporous surfaces in any way, and formulated to promote optimum adhesion of sealants to joint substrates.

C. Masking Tape: Nonstaining, nonabsorbent material compatible with joint sealants and surfaces adjacent to joints.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 <u>EXAMINATION</u>

- A. Examine joints indicated to receive joint sealants, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for joint configuration, installation tolerances, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 **PREPARATION**

- A. Surface Cleaning of Joints: Clean out joints immediately before installing joint sealants to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions and the following requirements:
  - 1. Remove all foreign material from joint substrates that could interfere with adhesion of joint sealant, including dust, paints (except for permanent, protective coatings tested and approved for sealant adhesion and compatibility by sealant manufacturer), old joint sealants, oil, grease, waterproofing, water repellents, water, surface dirt, and frost.
  - 2. Clean porous joint substrate surfaces by brushing, grinding, mechanical abrading, or a combination of these methods to produce a clean, sound substrate capable of developing optimum bond with joint sealants. Remove loose particles remaining after cleaning operations above by vacuuming or blowing out joints with oil-free compressed air. Porous joint substrates include the following:
    - a. Concrete.
    - b. Masonry.
  - 3. Remove laitance and form-release agents from concrete.
  - 4. Clean nonporous joint substrate surfaces with chemical cleaners or other means that do not stain, harm substrates, or leave residues capable of interfering with adhesion of joint sealants. Nonporous joint substrates include the following:
    - a. Metal.
    - b. Glass.
- B. Joint Priming: Prime joint substrates where recommended by joint-sealant manufacturer or as indicated by preconstruction joint-sealant-substrate tests or prior experience. Apply primer to comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written instructions. Confine

- primers to areas of joint-sealant bond; do not allow spillage or migration onto adjoining surfaces.
- C. Masking Tape: Use masking tape where required to prevent contact of sealant or primer with adjoining surfaces that otherwise would be permanently stained or damaged by such contact or by cleaning methods required to remove sealant smears. Remove tape immediately after tooling without disturbing joint seal.

#### 3.3 <u>INSTALLATION OF JOINT SEALANTS</u>

- A. General: Comply with joint-sealant manufacturer's written installation instructions for products and applications indicated, unless more stringent requirements apply.
- B. Sealant Installation Standard: Comply with recommendations in ASTM C 1193 for use of joint sealants as applicable to materials, applications, and conditions indicated.
- C. Install sealant backings of kind indicated to support sealants during application and at position required to produce cross-sectional shapes and depths of installed sealants relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
  - 1. Do not leave gaps between ends of sealant backings.
  - 2. Do not stretch, twist, puncture, or tear sealant backings.
  - 3. Remove absorbent sealant backings that have become wet before sealant application, and replace them with dry materials.
- D. Install bond-breaker tape behind sealants where sealant backings are not used between sealants and backs of joints.
- E. Install sealants using proven techniques that comply with the following and at the same time backings are installed:
  - 1. Place sealants so they directly contact and fully wet joint substrates.
  - 2. Completely fill recesses in each joint configuration.
  - 3. Produce uniform, cross-sectional shapes and depths relative to joint widths that allow optimum sealant movement capability.
- F. Tooling of Nonsag Sealants: Immediately after sealant application and before skinning or curing begins, tool sealants according to requirements specified in subparagraphs below to form smooth, uniform beads of configuration indicated; to eliminate air pockets; and to ensure contact and adhesion of sealant with sides of joint.
  - 1. Remove excess sealant from surfaces adjacent to joints.
  - 2. Use tooling agents that are approved in writing by sealant manufacturer and that do not discolor sealants or adjacent surfaces.

3. Provide concave joint profile per Figure 8A in ASTM C 1193 unless otherwise indicated.

#### 3.4 <u>CLEANING</u>

A. Clean off excess sealant or sealant smears adjacent to joints as the Work progresses by methods and with cleaning materials approved in writing by manufacturers of joint sealants and of products in which joints occur.

## 3.5 **PROTECTION**

A. Protect joint sealants during and after curing period from contact with contaminating substances and from damage resulting from construction operations or other causes so sealants are without deterioration or damage at time of Substantial Completion. If, despite such protection, damage or deterioration occurs, cut out, remove, and repair damaged or deteriorated joint sealants immediately so installations with repaired areas are indistinguishable from original work.

END OF SECTION 07 92 00

01/25/2018

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes parking deck expansion joint cover assemblies.

#### 1.3 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for expansion joint cover assemblies.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each expansion joint cover assembly.
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, splices, block-out requirement, attachments to other work, and line diagrams showing entire route of each expansion joint.
  - 2. Where expansion joint cover assemblies change planes, provide isometric or clearly detailed drawing depicting how components interconnect.
- C. Expansion Joint Cover Assembly Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of the supplier. Include the following information in tabular form:
  - 1. Manufacturer and model number for each expansion joint cover assembly.
  - 2. Expansion joint cover assembly location cross-referenced to Drawings.
  - 3. Nominal, minimum, and maximum joint width.
  - 4. Movement direction.
  - 5. Materials, colors, and finishes.
  - 6. Product options.
  - 7. Fire-resistance ratings.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 ASSEMBLY DESCRIPTION

A. Furnish units in longest practicable lengths to minimize field splicing.

B. Include factory-fabricated closure materials and transition pieces, T-joints, corners, curbs, cross-connections, and other accessories as required to provide continuous expansion joint cover assemblies.

#### 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Seismic Performance: Expansion joint cover assemblies shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7.
- B. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Provide expansion joint cover assemblies with fire barriers identical to those of systems tested for fire resistance according to UL 2079 or ASTM E 1966 by a qualified testing agency.
- C. Expansion Joint Design Criteria:
  - 1. Type of Movement: Thermal and wind sway.
    - a. Nominal Joint Width: As indicated on Drawings.
    - b. Minimum Joint Width: As indicated on Drawings.
    - c. Maximum Joint Width: As indicated on Drawings.
  - 2. Type of Movement: Seismic.
    - a. Joint Movement: As indicated on Drawings.

# 2.3 PARKING DECK EXPANSION JOINT COVERS

- A. A heavy duty expansion joint sealing system that prevents water intrusion through metal reinforced rubber panels that lock down the continuous wing of an elastoprene rubber seal into a setting bed of waterproofing sealant. Metal reinforced rubber lock-down panels with slip-resistant raised serrated pattern surface engineered for high impact loads. Continuous rubber seal with integral membrane wing that can be heat welded or adhesive bonded. EMS is an ADA compliant expansion joint system. Specialty bedding compound insures a watertight seal to the concrete deck. Resistant to UV, ozone, acid rain, most chemicals and extreme temperatures. Ideal for top decks with heavy snow loads and snow removal requirements (rubber tip blades). Designed for turning lanes, ramps, high volume traffic, snow plows, fork trucks and buses.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. MM Systems Corporation ElastoLok Membrane System (EMS)
    - b. BASF Wabo Watertite WT-200.
    - c. Construction Specialties, Inc. PDA-100
  - 2. Application: Slab to slab.

- 3. Load Capacity:
  - a. Uniform Load: 40 lb/sq. ft.
  - b. Concentrated Load: 3000 lb.
  - c. Maximum Deflection: 0.5 inch.
- 4. Seal: Preformed elastomeric extrusion.
  - a. Color: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

# 2.4 <u>MATERIALS</u>

- A. Aluminum: ASTM B 221, Alloy 6063-T5 for extrusions; ASTM B 209, Alloy 6061-T6 for sheet and plate.
  - 1. Apply manufacturer's standard protective coating on aluminum surfaces to be placed in contact with cementitious materials.
- B. Stainless Steel: ASTM A 240/A 240M or ASTM A 666, Type 304 for plates, sheet, and strips.
- C. Elastomeric Seals: Manufacturer's standard preformed elastomeric membranes or extrusions to be installed in metal frames.
- D. Elastomeric Concrete: Modified epoxy or polyurethane extended into a prepackaged aggregate blend, specifically designed for bonding to concrete substrates.
- E. Fire Barriers: Any material or material combination, when fire tested after cycling, designated to resist the passage of flame and hot gases through a movement joint and to comply with performance criteria for required fire-resistance rating.
- F. Moisture Barrier: Manufacturer's standard, flexible elastomeric material.
- G. Nonmetallic, Shrinkage-Resistant Grout: ASTM C 1107/C 1107M, factory-packaged, nonmetallic aggregate grout, noncorrosive, nonstaining, mixed with water to consistency suitable for application and a 30-minute working time.

#### 2.5 STAINLESS-STEEL FINISHES

- A. Surface Preparation: Remove tool and die marks and stretch lines, or blend into finish.
- B. Polished Finishes: Grind and polish surfaces to produce uniform finish, free of cross scratches.
  - 1. Run grain of directional finishes with long dimension of each piece.

- 2. When polishing is completed, passivate and rinse surfaces. Remove embedded foreign matter and leave surfaces chemically clean.
- 3. Directional Satin Finish: No. 4.
- C. Bright, Cold-Rolled, Unpolished Finish: No. 2B.

#### 2.6 <u>ACCESSORIES</u>

- A. Moisture Barriers: Manufacturer's standard continuous, waterproof membrane within joint and attached to substrate on sides of joint.
  - 1. Provide where indicated on Drawings.
- B. Manufacturer's stainless-steel attachment devices. Include anchors, clips, fasteners, set screws, spacers, and other accessories compatible with material in contact, as indicated or required for complete installations.

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

#### 3.1 **EXAMINATION**

- A. Examine surfaces where expansion joint cover assemblies will be installed for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Notify Architect where discrepancies occur that will affect proper expansion joint cover assembly installation and performance.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Prepare substrates according to expansion joint cover assembly manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Coordinate and furnish anchorages, setting drawings, and instructions for installing expansion joint cover assemblies. Provide fasteners of metal, type, and size to suit type of construction indicated and to provide for secure attachment of expansion joint cover assemblies.
- C. Cast-In Frames: Coordinate and furnish frames to be cast into concrete.

#### 3.3 <u>INSTALLATION</u>

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for storing, handling, and installing expansion joint cover assemblies and materials unless more stringent requirements are indicated.

- B. Metal Frames: Perform cutting, drilling, and fitting required to install expansion joint cover assemblies.
  - 1. Repair or grout block out as required for continuous frame support, using nonmetallic, shrinkage-resistant grout.
  - 2. Install frames in continuous contact with adjacent surfaces.
    - a. Shimming is not permitted.
  - 3. Install in true alignment and proper relationship to joints and adjoining finished surfaces measured from established lines and levels.
  - 4. Adjust for differences between actual structural gap and nominal design gap due to ambient temperature at time of installation.
  - 5. Cut and fit ends to accommodate thermal expansion and contraction of metal without buckling of frames.
  - 6. Locate anchors at interval recommended by manufacturer, but not less than 3 inches from each end and not more than 24 inches o.c.
- C. Seals: Install elastomeric seals and membranes in frames to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Install with minimum number of end joints.
  - 1. Provide in continuous lengths for straight sections.
  - 2. Seal transitions. Vulcanize or heat-weld field-spliced joints as recommended by manufacturer.
  - 3. Installation: Mechanically lock seals into frames or adhere to frames with adhesive or pressure-sensitive tape as recommended by manufacturer.
- D. Compression Seals: Apply adhesive or lubricant adhesive as recommended by manufacturer before installing compression seals.
- E. Epoxy-Bonded Seals: Pressurize seal for time period and to pressure recommended by manufacturer. Do not overpressurize.
- F. Install with hairline mitered corners where expansion joint cover assemblies change direction or abut other materials.
- G. Terminate exposed ends of expansion joint cover assemblies with field- or factory-fabricated termination devices.
- H. Elastomeric Concrete: Install according to manufacturer's written application instructions.
- I. Fire-Resistance-Rated Assemblies: Coordinate installation of expansion joint cover assembly materials and associated work, so complete assemblies comply with performance requirements.

- 1. Fire Barriers: Install fire barriers to provide continuous, uninterrupted fire resistance throughout length of joint, including transitions and field splices.
- J. Moisture Barrier Drainage: If indicated, provide drainage fittings and connect to drains.

## 3.4 **PROTECTION**

- A. Do not remove protective covering until finish work in adjacent areas is complete. When protective covering is removed, clean exposed metal surfaces to comply with manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. Protect the installation from damage by work of other Sections. Where necessary due to heavy construction traffic, remove and properly store cover plates or seals, and install temporary protection over expansion joint cover assemblies. Reinstall cover plates or seals prior to Substantial Completion.

**END OF SECTION 07 95 13.19** 

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes hollow-metal work.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 087111 "Door Hardware (Descriptive Specification)" for door hardware for hollow-metal doors.

#### 1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

A. Minimum Thickness: Minimum thickness of base metal without coatings according to NAAMM-HMMA 803 or SDI A250.8.

#### 1.4 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate anchorage installation for hollow-metal frames. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

#### 1.5 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, core descriptions, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: Include the following:
  - 1. Elevations of each door type.
  - 2. Details of doors, including vertical- and horizontal-edge details and metal thicknesses.
  - 3. Frame details for each frame type, including dimensioned profiles and metal thicknesses.
  - 4. Locations of reinforcement and preparations for hardware.
  - 5. Details of each different wall opening condition.
  - 6. Details of anchorages, joints, field splices, and connections.
  - 7. Details of accessories.

- 8. Details of moldings, removable stops, and glazing.
- 9. Details of conduit and preparations for power, signal, and control systems.
- C. Schedule: Provide a schedule of hollow-metal work prepared by or under the supervision of supplier, using same reference numbers for details and openings as those on Drawings. Coordinate with final Door Hardware Schedule.

# 1.6 <u>INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Product Test Reports: For each type of hollow-metal door and frame assembly, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency.
- B. Oversize Construction Certification: For assemblies required to be fire rated and exceeding limitations of labeled assemblies.

#### 1.7 <u>DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING</u>

- A. Deliver hollow-metal work palletized, packaged, or crated to provide protection during transit and Project-site storage. Do not use nonvented plastic.
  - 1. Provide additional protection to prevent damage to factory-finished units.
- B. Store hollow-metal work vertically under cover at Project site with head up. Place on minimum 4-inch- high wood blocking. Provide minimum 1/4-inch space between each stacked door to permit air circulation.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain hollow-metal work from single source from single manufacturer.

#### 2.2 EXTERIOR HOLLOW-METAL DOORS AND FRAMES

- A. Construct exterior doors and frames to comply with the standards indicated for materials, fabrication, hardware locations, hardware reinforcement, tolerances, and clearances, and as specified.
- B. Heavy-Duty Doors and Frames: SDI A250.8, Level 2.
  - 1. Physical Performance: Level B according to SDI A250.4.
  - 2. Doors:
    - a. Type: As indicated in the Door and Frame Schedule.
    - b. Thickness: 1-3/4 inches

- c. Face: Metallic-coated steel sheet, minimum thickness of 0.042 inch, with minimum A40 coating.
- d. Edge Construction: Model 1, Full Flush.
- e. Core: Manufacturer's standard kraft-paper honeycomb, polystyrene, polyurethane, polyisocyanurate, mineral-board, or vertical steel-stiffener core at manufacturer's discretion.

#### 3. Frames:

- a. Materials: Metallic-coated steel sheet, minimum thickness of 0.053 inch, with minimum A40 coating.
- b. Construction: Knocked down. All joints field welded.
- 4. Exposed Finish: Prime.

# 2.3 DOOR LOUVERS

- A. 18-gauge cold-rolled steel frame and blades.
- B. Mitered and welded corners. All joints field welded.
- C. Finish to match door.
- D. Free Air Flow: 50% free area.
- E. Sizes: As shown on drawings.

#### 2.4 FRAME ANCHORS

- A. Jamb Anchors:
  - 1. Postinstalled Expansion Type for In-Place Concrete or Masonry: Minimum 3/8-inch- diameter bolts with expansion shields or inserts. Provide pipe spacer from frame to wall, with throat reinforcement plate, welded to frame at each anchor location.
- B. Floor Anchors: Formed from same material as frames, minimum thickness of 0.042 inch, and as follows:
  - 1. Monolithic Concrete Slabs: Clip-type anchors, with two holes to receive fasteners.

#### 2.5 MATERIALS

A. Cold-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1008/A 1008M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; suitable for exposed applications.

- B. Hot-Rolled Steel Sheet: ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B; free of scale, pitting, or surface defects; pickled and oiled.
- C. Metallic-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, Commercial Steel (CS), Type B.
- D. Frame Anchors: ASTM A 879/A 879M, Commercial Steel (CS), 04Z coating designation; mill phosphatized.
  - 1. For anchors built into exterior walls, steel sheet complying with ASTM A 1008/A 1008M or ASTM A 1011/A 1011M, hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153/A 153M, Class B.
- E. Inserts, Bolts, and Fasteners: Hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153/A 153M.
- F. Power-Actuated Fasteners in Concrete: Fastener system of type suitable for application indicated, fabricated from corrosion-resistant materials, with clips or other accessory devices for attaching hollow-metal frames of type indicated.
- G. Glazing: Comply with requirements in Section 088000 "Glazing."

#### 2.6 FABRICATION

A. Fabricate hollow-metal work to be rigid and free of defects, warp, or buckle. Accurately form metal to required sizes and profiles, with minimum radius for metal thickness. Where practical, fit and assemble units in manufacturer's plant. To ensure proper assembly at Project site, clearly identify work that cannot be permanently factory assembled before shipment.

#### B. Hollow-Metal Doors:

- 1. Steel-Stiffened Door Cores: Provide minimum thickness 0.026 inch, steel vertical stiffeners of same material as face sheets extending full-door height, with vertical webs spaced not more than 6 inches apart. Spot weld to face sheets no more than 5 inches o.c. Fill spaces between stiffeners with glass- or mineral-fiber insulation.
- 2. Vertical Edges for Single-Acting Doors: Bevel edges 1/8 inch in 2 inches.
- 3. Top Edge Closures: Close top edges of doors with inverted closures of same material as face sheets.
- 4. Bottom Edge Closures: Close bottom edges of doors with end closures or channels of same material as face sheets.
- 5. Exterior Doors: Provide weep-hole openings in bottoms of exterior doors to permit moisture to escape. Seal joints in top edges of doors against water penetration.
- 6. Astragals: Provide overlapping astragal on one leaf of pairs of doors where required by NFPA 80 for fire-performance rating or where indicated. Extend

minimum 3/4 inch beyond edge of door on which astragal is mounted or as required to comply with published listing of qualified testing agency.

- C. Hollow-Metal Frames: Where frames are fabricated in sections due to shipping or handling limitations, provide alignment plates or angles at each joint, fabricated of same thickness metal as frames.
  - 1. Provide countersunk, flat- or oval-head exposed screws and bolts for exposed fasteners unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Grout Guards: Weld guards to frame at back of hardware mortises in frames to be grouted.
  - 3. Floor Anchors: Weld anchors to bottoms of jambs with at least four spot welds per anchor; however, for slip-on drywall frames, provide anchor clips or countersunk holes at bottoms of jambs.
  - 4. Jamb Anchors: Provide number and spacing of anchors as follows:
    - a. Masonry Type: Locate anchors not more than 16 inches from top and bottom of frame. Space anchors not more than 32 inches o.c., to match coursing, and as follows:
      - 1) Two anchors per jamb up to 60 inches high.
      - 2) Three anchors per jamb from 60 to 90 inches high.
      - 3) Four anchors per jamb from 90 to 120 inches high.
      - 4) Four anchors per jamb plus one additional anchor per jamb for each 24 inches or fraction thereof above 120 inches high.
  - 5. Door Silencers: Except on weather-stripped frames, drill stops to receive door silencers as follows. Keep holes clear during construction.
    - a. Single-Door Frames: Drill stop in strike jamb to receive three door silencers.
    - b. Double-Door Frames: Drill stop in head jamb to receive two door silencers.
- D. Fabricate concealed stiffeners and edge channels from either cold- or hot-rolled steel sheet.
- E. Hardware Preparation: Factory prepare hollow-metal work to receive templated mortised hardware; include cutouts, reinforcement, mortising, drilling, and tapping according to SDI A250.6, the Door Hardware Schedule, and templates.
  - 1. Reinforce doors and frames to receive nontemplated, mortised, and surface-mounted door hardware.
  - 2. Comply with applicable requirements in SDI A250.6 and BHMA A156.115 for preparation of hollow-metal work for hardware.

- F. Stops and Moldings: Provide stops and moldings around glazed lites and louvers where indicated. Form corners of stops and moldings with butted hairline joints.
  - 1. Single Glazed Lites: Provide fixed stops and moldings welded on secure side of hollow-metal work.
  - 2. Multiple Glazed Lites: Provide fixed and removable stops and moldings so that each glazed lite is capable of being removed independently.
  - 3. Provide fixed frame moldings on outside of exterior and on secure side of interior doors and frames.
  - 4. Provide loose stops and moldings on inside of hollow-metal work.
  - 5. Coordinate rabbet width between fixed and removable stops with glazing and installation types indicated.

# 2.7 <u>STEEL FINISHES</u>

- A. Prime Finish: Clean, pretreat, and apply manufacturer's standard primer.
  - 1. Shop Primer: Manufacturer's standard, fast-curing, lead- and chromate-free primer complying with SDI A250.10; recommended by primer manufacturer for substrate; compatible with substrate and field-applied coatings despite prolonged exposure.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for embedded and built-in anchors to verify actual locations before frame installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 **PREPARATION**

A. Drill and tap doors and frames to receive nontemplated, mortised, and surface-mounted door hardware.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

A. General: Install hollow-metal work plumb, rigid, properly aligned, and securely fastened in place. Comply with Drawings and manufacturer's written instructions.

- B. Hollow-Metal Frames: Install hollow-metal frames for doors, transoms, sidelites, borrowed lites, and other openings, of size and profile indicated. Comply with SDI A250.11 or NAAMM-HMMA 840 as required by standards specified.
  - 1. Set frames accurately in position; plumbed, aligned, and braced securely until permanent anchors are set. After wall construction is complete, remove temporary braces, leaving surfaces smooth and undamaged.
    - a. At fire-rated openings, install frames according to NFPA 80.
    - b. Where frames are fabricated in sections because of shipping or handling limitations, field splice at approved locations by welding face joint continuously; grind, fill, dress, and make splice smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
    - c. Install frames with removable stops located on secure side of opening.
    - d. Install door silencers in frames before grouting.
    - e. Remove temporary braces necessary for installation only after frames have been properly set and secured.
    - f. Check plumb, square, and twist of frames as walls are constructed. Shim as necessary to comply with installation tolerances.
    - g. Field apply bituminous coating to backs of frames that will be filled with grout containing antifreezing agents.
  - 2. Floor Anchors: Provide floor anchors for each jamb and mullion that extends to floor, and secure with postinstalled expansion anchors.
    - a. Floor anchors may be set with power-actuated fasteners instead of postinstalled expansion anchors if so indicated and approved on Shop Drawings.
  - 3. In-Place Concrete or Masonry Construction: Secure frames in place with postinstalled expansion anchors. Countersink anchors, and fill and make smooth, flush, and invisible on exposed faces.
  - 4. Installation Tolerances: Adjust hollow-metal door frames for squareness, alignment, twist, and plumb to the following tolerances:
    - a. Squareness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch, measured at door rabbet on a line 90 degrees from jamb perpendicular to frame head.
    - b. Alignment: Plus or minus 1/16 inch, measured at jambs on a horizontal line parallel to plane of wall.
    - c. Twist: Plus or minus 1/16 inch, measured at opposite face corners of jambs on parallel lines, and perpendicular to plane of wall.
    - d. Plumbness: Plus or minus 1/16 inch, measured at jambs at floor.

- C. Hollow-Metal Doors: Fit hollow-metal doors accurately in frames, within clearances specified below. Shim as necessary.
  - 1. Non-Fire-Rated Steel Doors:
    - a. Between Door and Frame Jambs and Head: 1/8 inch plus or minus 1/32 inch.
    - b. Between Edges of Pairs of Doors: 1/8 inch to 1/4 inch plus or minus 1/32 inch.
    - c. At Bottom of Door: 3/4 inch plus or minus 1/32 inch.
    - d. Between Door Face and Stop: 1/16 inch to 1/8 inch plus or minus 1/32 inch.
  - 2. Fire-Rated Doors: Install doors with clearances according to NFPA 80.
  - 3. Smoke-Control Doors: Install doors and gaskets according to NFPA 105.
- D. Glazing: Comply with installation requirements in Section 088000 "Glazing" and with hollow-metal manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Secure stops with countersunk flat- or oval-head machine screws spaced uniformly not more than 9 inches o.c. and not more than 2 inches o.c. from each corner.

#### 3.4 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Final Adjustments: Check and readjust operating hardware items immediately before final inspection. Leave work in complete and proper operating condition. Remove and replace defective work, including hollow-metal work that is warped, bowed, or otherwise unacceptable.
- B. Remove grout and other bonding material from hollow-metal work immediately after installation.
- C. Prime-Coat Touchup: Immediately after erection, sand smooth rusted or damaged areas of prime coat and apply touchup of compatible air-drying, rust-inhibitive primer.
- D. Touchup Painting: Cleaning and touchup painting of abraded areas of paint are specified in painting Sections.

END OF SECTION 08 11 13

01/25/2018

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Open-curtain overhead coiling grilles.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 055000 "Metal Fabrications" for miscellaneous steel supports, angle-framing of grille opening, corner guards, and bollards.
  - 2. Section 099113 "Exterior Painting" for finish painting of factory-primed grilles.

#### 1.3 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type and size of overhead coiling grille and accessory.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components, profiles for curtain components, and finishes.
  - 2. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished accessories.
- B. Shop Drawings: For each installation and for special components not dimensioned or detailed in manufacturer's product data.
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, and mounting details.
  - 2. Include details of equipment assemblies. Indicate dimensions, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
  - 3. Include points of attachment and their corresponding static and dynamic loads imposed on structure.
  - 4. For exterior components, include details of provisions for assembly expansion and contraction.
  - 5. Show locations of controls, locking devices, and other accessories.
  - 6. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.

#### 1.4 <u>INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Sample Warranty: For special warranty.

### 1.5 <u>CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS</u>

A. Maintenance Data: For overhead coiling grilles to include in maintenance manuals.

#### 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An entity that employs installers and supervisors who are trained and approved by manufacturer for both installation and maintenance of units required for this Project.
- B. Accessibility Standard: Comply with applicable provisions in the USDOJ's "2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design," the ABA standards of the Federal agency having jurisdiction, and ICC A117.1.

#### 1.7 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of grilles that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Provide product from one of the following manufacturers:
  - 1. Overhead Door Corp.: RapidGrille AP Security Grille System, Model 676.
  - 2. Cornell/Codson: Extreme 300 Series High Performance Grille, Model EPG324.
  - 3. R&S Manufacturing: Grille Doors, Heavy-Duty.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain overhead coiling grilles from single source from single manufacturer.
  - 1. Obtain operators and controls from overhead coiling-grille manufacturer.

### 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Seismic Performance: Overhead coiling grilles shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7.

1. Component Importance Factor: 1.5.

# 2.3 OPEN-CURTAIN GRILLE ASSEMBLY

- A. Open-Curtain Grille: Overhead coiling grille with a curtain having a network of horizontal rods that interconnect with vertical links.
- B. Operation Cycles: Grille components and operators capable of operating for not less than 200,000. One operation cycle is complete when a grille is opened from the closed position to the fully open position and returned to the closed position.
  - 1. Include tamperproof cycle counter.
- C. Grille Curtain Material: Galvanized steel.
  - 1. Rod Spacing: Approximately 1-1/2 inches o.c.
  - 2. Link Spacing: Approximately 3 inches apart in a straight in-line pattern.
  - 3. Glazing Inserts: Manufacturer's standard.
  - 4. Spacers: Metal tubes matching curtain material.
- D. Bottom Bar: Continuous tubular shape, fabricated from aluminum extrusion and finished to match grille.
- E. Curtain Jamb Guides: Aluminum with exposed finish matching curtain slats. Provide continuous integral wear strips to prevent metal-to-metal contact and to minimize operational noise.
- F. Hood: Match curtain material and finish.
  - 1. Shape: Square.
  - 2. Mounting: Face of wall.
- G. Locking Devices: Equip grille with slide bolt for padlock.
  - 1. Locking Device Assembly: Single-jamb side locking bars, operable from inside with thumbturn.
- H. Electric Grille Operator:
  - 1. Usage Classification: Heavy duty, 25 or more cycles per hour and more than 90 cycles per day.
  - 2. Operator Location: Front of hood.
  - 3. Safety: Listed according to UL 325 by a qualified testing agency for commercial or industrial use; moving parts of operator enclosed.
  - 4. Motor Exposure: Exterior, wet, and humid.

- 5. Motor Electrical Characteristics:
  - a. Horsepower: 3 hp.
  - b. Voltage: 460-V ac, three phase, 60 Hz.
- 6. Emergency Manual Operation: Push-up type.
- 7. Obstruction-Detection Device: Automatic photoelectric sensor.
  - a. Sensor Edge Bulb Color: Black.
- 8. Control Station: Interior mounted.
- 9. Other Equipment: Audible and visual signals, emergency-egress release, self-opening mechanism.
- I. Curtain Accessories: Equip grille with astragal, push/pull handles, and poll hook.
- J. Grille Finish:
  - 1. Clear anodized aluminum link, galvanized steel rod, and clear anodized aluminum spacer tube.

### 2.4 <u>MATERIALS, GENERAL</u>

A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

#### 2.5 GRILLE CURTAIN MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION

- A. Open-Curtain Grilles: Fabricate metal grille curtain as an open network of horizontal rods, spaced at regular intervals, that are interconnected with vertical links, which are formed and spaced as indicated and are free to rotate on the rods.
  - 1. Galvanized Steel Grille Curtain: as recommended by steel producer and finisher for type of use and finish indicated.
- B. Bottom Bar: Manufacturer's standard continuous shape unless otherwise indicated, finished to match grille.
  - 1. Astragal: Equip grille bottom bar with a replaceable, adjustable, continuous, compressible gasket of flexible vinyl, rubber, or neoprene as a cushion bumper.
  - 2. Provide motor-operated grilles with combination bottom astragal and sensor edge.
- C. Grille Curtain Jamb Guides: Manufacturer's standard shape having curtain groove with return lips or bars to retain curtain. Provide continuous integral wear strips to prevent

metal-to-metal contact and to minimize operational noise; with removable stops on guides to prevent overtravel of curtain.

#### 2.6 HOODS AND ACCESSORIES

- A. General: Form sheet metal hood to entirely enclose coiled curtain and operating mechanism at opening head. Contour to fit end brackets to which hood is attached. Roll and reinforce top and bottom edges for stiffness. Form closed ends for surface-mounted hoods and fascia for any portion of between-jamb mounting that projects beyond wall face. Equip hood with intermediate support brackets as required to prevent sagging.
  - 1. Aluminum: 0.040-inch- thick aluminum sheet, complying with ASTM B 209, of alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer and finisher for type of use and finish indicated.
- B. Removable Metal Soffit: Formed or extruded from same metal and with same finish as curtain if hood is mounted above ceiling unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Mounting Frame: Manufacturer's standard mounting frame designed to support grille; factory fabricated from ASTM A 36/A 36M structural-steel tubes or shapes, hot-dip galvanized per ASTM A 123/A 123M; fastened to floor and structure above grille; to be built into wall construction; and complete with anchors, connections, and fasteners.
- D. Push/Pull Handles: Equip push-up-operated or emergency-operated grille with lifting handles on each side of grille, finished to match grille.
- E. Pull-Down Strap: Provide pull-down straps for grilles more than 84 inches high.
- F. Pole Hooks: Provide pole hooks and poles for grilles more than 84 inches high.

#### 2.7 LOCKING DEVICES

- A. Slide Bolt: Fabricate with side-locking bolts to engage through slots in tracks for locking by padlock, located on both left and right jamb sides, operable from coil side.
- B. Locking Device Assembly: Fabricate with cylinder lock, spring-loaded dead bolt, operating handle, cam plate, and adjustable locking bars to engage through slots in tracks.
  - 1. Lock Cylinders: As standard with manufacturer and keyed to building keying system.
  - 2. Keys: Three for each cylinder.
- C. Chain Lock Keeper: Suitable for padlock.

D. Safety Interlock Switch: Equip power-operated grilles with safety interlock switch to disengage power supply when grille is locked.

#### 2.8 COUNTERBALANCE MECHANISM

- A. General: Counterbalance grilles by means of manufacturer's standard mechanism with an adjustable-tension, steel helical torsion spring mounted around a steel shaft and contained in a spring barrel connected to top of curtain with barrel rings. Use grease-sealed bearings or self-lubricating graphite bearings for rotating members.
- B. Counterbalance Barrel: Fabricate spring barrel of manufacturer's standard hot-formed, structural-quality, seamless or welded carbon-steel pipe, of sufficient diameter and wall thickness to support rolled-up curtain without distortion of parts and to limit barrel deflection to not more than 0.03 in./ft. of span under full load.
- C. Counterbalance Spring: One or more oil-tempered, heat-treated steel helical torsion springs. Size springs to counterbalance weight of curtain, with uniform adjustment accessible from outside barrel. Secure ends of springs to barrel and shaft with cast-steel barrel plugs.
- D. Torsion Rod for Counterbalance Shaft: Fabricate of manufacturer's standard cold-rolled steel, sized to hold fixed spring ends and carry torsional load.
- E. Brackets: Manufacturer's standard mounting brackets of either cast iron or cold-rolled steel plate.

# 2.9 MANUAL GRILLE OPERATORS

- A. General: Equip grille with manual grille operator by grille manufacturer.
- B. Push-up Grille Operation: Lift handles and pull rope for raising and lowering grille, with counterbalance mechanism designed so that required lift or pull for grille operation does not exceed 25 lbf.

#### 2.10 ELECTRIC GRILLE OPERATORS

- A. General: Electric grille operator assembly of size and capacity recommended and provided by grille manufacturer for grille and operation cycles requirement specified, with electric motor and factory-prewired motor controls, starter, gear-reduction unit, solenoid-operated brake, clutch, control stations, control devices, integral gearing for locking grille, and accessories required for proper operation.
  - 1. Comply with NFPA 70.
  - 2. Control equipment complying with NEMA ICS 1, NEMA ICS 2, and NEMA ICS 6, with NFPA 70 Class 2 control circuit, maximum 24-V ac or dc.

- B. Usage Classification: Electric operator and components capable of operating for not less than number of cycles per hour indicated for each grille.
- C. Grille Operator Location(s): Operator location indicated for each grille.
  - 1. Front-of-Hood Mounted: Operator is mounted to the right or left grille head plate, with the operator on coil side of the grille-hood assembly and connected to the grille drive shaft with drive chain and sprockets. Front clearance is required for this type of mounting.
- D. Motors: Reversible-type motor with controller (disconnect switch) for motor exposure indicated for each grille assembly.
  - 1. Electrical Characteristics: Minimum as indicated for each grille assembly. If not indicated, large enough to start, accelerate, and operate grille in either direction from any position, at a speed not less than 8 in./sec. and not more than 12 in./sec., without exceeding nameplate ratings or service factor.
  - 2. Operating Controls, Controllers (Disconnect Switches), Wiring Devices, and Wiring: Manufacturer's standard unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Coordinate wiring requirements and electrical characteristics of motors and other electrical devices with building electrical system and each location where installed.
- E. Limit Switches: Equip each motorized grille with adjustable switches interlocked with motor controls and set to automatically stop grille at fully opened and fully closed positions.
- F. Obstruction-Detection Devices: External entrapment protection consisting of indicated automatic safety sensor capable of protecting full width of grille opening. Activation of sensor immediately stops and reverses downward grille travel.
  - 1. Photoelectric Sensor: Manufacturer's standard system designed to detect an obstruction in grille opening without contact between grille and obstruction.
    - a. Self-Monitoring Type: Designed to interface with grille operator control circuit to detect damage to or disconnection of sensing device. When self-monitoring feature is activated, grille closes only with sustained or constant pressure on close button.
  - 2. Electric Sensor Edge: Automatic safety sensor edge, located within astragal or weather stripping mounted to bottom bar. Contact with sensor activates device. Connect to control circuit using manufacturer's standard take-up reel or self-coiling cable.

- a. Self-Monitoring Type: Four-wire-configured device designed to interface with grille operator control circuit to detect damage to or disconnection of sensor edge.
- 3. Pneumatic Sensor Edge: Automatic safety sensor edge, located within astragal mounted to bottom bar. Contact with sensor activates device.
- G. Control Station: Three-button control station in fixed location with momentary-contact push-button controls labeled "Open" and "Stop" and sustained- or constant-pressure push-button control labeled "Close."
  - 1. Interior-Mounted Units: Full-guarded, surface-mounted, heavy-duty type, with general-purpose NEMA ICS 6, Type 1 enclosure.
  - 2. Exterior-Mounted Units: Full-guarded, standard-duty, surface-mounted, weatherproof type; NEMA ICS 6, Type 4 enclosure, key operated.
- H. Emergency Manual Operation: Equip electrically powered grille with capability for emergency manual operation. Design manual mechanism so required force for grille operation does not exceed 25 lbf.
- I. Emergency Operation Disconnect Device: Equip operator with hand-operated disconnect mechanism for automatically engaging manual operator and releasing brake for emergency manual operation while disconnecting motor without affecting timing of limit switch. Mount mechanism so it is accessible from floor level. Include interlock device to automatically prevent motor from operating when emergency operator is engaged.
- J. Motor Removal: Design operator so motor may be removed without disturbing limitswitch adjustment and without affecting emergency manual operation.
- K. Audible and Visual Signals: Audible alarm and visual indicator lights in compliance with the accessibility standard.
- L. Emergency-Egress Release: Flush, wall-mounted handle mechanism, for accessibility-code-compliant egress feature, not dependent on electric power. The release allows an unlocked grille to partially open without affecting limit switches to permit passage, and it automatically resets motor drive on return of handle to original position.
- M. Self-Opening Mechanism: Automatic release mechanism triggered by smoke detector, emergency push-button station, fire alarm or power failure. When activated, the grille self-opens by means of a fail-safe operator to the fully open position without the need for power operation or battery backup systems. When the emergency push-button is reset, and the alarm is cleared and power is restored, the grille will operate normally.

#### 2.11 GENERAL FINISH REQUIREMENTS

- A. Comply with NAAMM/NOMMA 500 for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

## 2.12 <u>ALUMINUM FINISHES</u>

- A. Mill Finish: Manufacturer's standard.
- B. Clear Anodic Finish: AAMA 611 or thicker.

# 2.13 <u>STEEL AND GALVANIZED-STEEL FINISHES</u>

- A. Factory Prime Finish: Manufacturer's standard primer, compatible with field-applied finish. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, pretreatment, application, and minimum dry film thickness.
- B. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: Manufacturer's standard baked-on finish consisting of prime coat and thermosetting topcoat. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, pretreatment, application, and minimum dry film thickness.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 **EXAMINATION**

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for substrate construction and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine locations of electrical connections.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install overhead coiling grilles and operating equipment complete with necessary hardware, anchors, inserts, hangers, and equipment supports, according to manufacturer's written instructions and as specified.
- B. Install overhead coiling grilles, hoods, controls, and operators at the mounting locations indicated for each grille.

- C. Accessibility: Install overhead coiling grilles, switches, and controls along accessible routes in compliance with the accessibility standard.
- D. Power-Operated Grilles: Install according to UL 325.

## 3.3 <u>STARTUP SERVICE</u>

- A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to perform startup service.
  - 1. Complete installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 2. Test and adjust controls and safety devices. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
  - 3. Test grille opening when activated by detector, fire-alarm system, emergencyegress release, or self-opening mechanism as required. Reset grille-opening mechanism after successful test.

# 3.4 <u>ADJUSTING</u>

- A. Adjust hardware and moving parts to function smoothly, so that grilles operate easily, free of warp, twist, or distortion.
  - 1. Adjust exterior components to be weather resistant.
- B. Lubricate bearings and sliding parts as recommended by manufacturer.

#### 3.5 <u>MAINTENANCE SERVICE</u>

- A. Initial Maintenance Service: Beginning at Substantial Completion, maintenance service shall include 12 months' full maintenance by skilled employees of coiling-grille Installer. Include monthly preventive maintenance, repair or replacement of worn or defective components, lubrication, cleaning, and adjusting as required for proper grille operation. Parts and supplies shall be manufacturer's authorized replacement parts and supplies.
  - 1. Perform maintenance, including emergency callback service, during normal working hours.
  - 2. Include 24-hour-per-day, 7-day-per-week, emergency callback service.

# 3.6 <u>DEMONSTRATION</u>

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain overhead coiling grilles.

END OF SECTION 08 33 26

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## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Storefront framing for window walls.

# 1.3 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: For aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts. Include plans, elevations, sections, full-size details, and attachments to other work.
  - 1. Include details of provisions for assembly expansion and contraction and for draining moisture occurring within the assembly to the exterior.
  - 2. Include full-size isometric details of each vertical-to-horizontal intersection of aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts, showing the following:
    - a. Joinery, including concealed welds.
    - b. Anchorage.
    - c. Expansion provisions.
    - d. Glazing.
    - e. Flashing and drainage.
  - 3. Show connection to and continuity with adjacent thermal, weather, air, and vapor barriers.

## 1.4 <u>CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS</u>

A. Maintenance Data: For aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts to include in maintenance manuals.

## 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An entity that employs installers and supervisors who are trained and approved by manufacturer.
- B. Product Options: Information on Drawings and in Specifications establishes requirements for aesthetic effects and performance characteristics of assemblies. Aesthetic effects are indicated by dimensions, arrangements, alignment, and profiles of components and assemblies as they relate to sightlines, to one another, and to adjoining construction.
  - 1. Do not change intended aesthetic effects, as judged solely by Architect, except with Architect's approval. If changes are proposed, submit comprehensive explanatory data to Architect for review.

#### 1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts that do not comply with requirements or that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Structural failures including, but not limited to, excessive deflection.
    - b. Noise or vibration created by wind and thermal and structural movements.
    - c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering.
    - d. Water penetration through fixed glazing and framing areas.
    - e. Failure of operating components.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
- B. Special Finish Warranty: Standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair finishes or replace aluminum that shows evidence of deterioration of factory-applied finishes within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Deterioration includes, but is not limited to, the following:
    - a. Color fading more than 5 Hunter units when tested according to ASTM D 2244.
    - b. Chalking in excess of a No. 8 rating when tested according to ASTM D 4214.
    - c. Cracking, checking, peeling, or failure of paint to adhere to bare metal.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General Performance: Comply with performance requirements specified, as determined by testing of aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts representing those indicated for this Project without failure due to defective manufacture, fabrication, installation, or other defects in construction.
  - 1. Aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts shall withstand movements of supporting structure including, but not limited to, story drift, twist, column shortening, long-term creep, and deflection from uniformly distributed and concentrated live loads.
  - 2. Failure also includes the following:
    - a. Thermal stresses transferring to building structure.
    - b. Glass breakage.
    - c. Noise or vibration created by wind and thermal and structural movements.
    - d. Loosening or weakening of fasteners, attachments, and other components.
    - e. Failure of operating units.

#### B. Structural Loads:

- 1. Wind Loads: As indicated on Drawings.
- 2. Other Design Loads: As indicated on Drawings.
- C. Deflection of Framing Members: At design wind pressure, as follows:
  - 1. Deflection Normal to Wall Plane: Limited to edge of glass in a direction perpendicular to glass plane not exceeding 1/175 of the glass edge length for each individual glazing lite or an amount that restricts edge deflection of individual glazing lites to 3/4 inch, whichever is less.
  - 2. Deflection Parallel to Glazing Plane: Limited to 1/360 of clear span or 1/8 inch, whichever is smaller.
    - a. Operable Units: Provide a minimum 1/16-inch clearance between framing members and operable units.
- D. Structural: Test according to ASTM E 330 as follows:
  - 1. When tested at positive and negative wind-load design pressures, assemblies do not evidence deflection exceeding specified limits.
  - 2. When tested at 150 percent of positive and negative wind-load design pressures, assemblies, including anchorage, do not evidence material failures, structural

- distress, or permanent deformation of main framing members exceeding 0.2 percent of span.
- 3. Test Durations: As required by design wind velocity, but not less than 10 seconds.
- E. Air Infiltration: Test according to ASTM E 283 for infiltration as follows:
  - 1. Fixed Framing and Glass Area:
    - a. Maximum air leakage of 0.06 cfm/sq. ft. at a static-air-pressure differential of 1.57 lbf/sq. ft.
- F. Water Penetration under Static Pressure: Test according to ASTM E 331 as follows:
  - 1. No evidence of water penetration through fixed glazing and framing areas when tested according to a minimum static-air-pressure differential of 20 percent of positive wind-load design pressure, but not less than 6.24 lbf/sq. ft.
- G. Water Penetration under Dynamic Pressure: Test according to AAMA 501.1 as follows:
  - 1. No evidence of water penetration through fixed glazing and framing areas when tested at dynamic pressure equal to 20 percent of positive wind-load design pressure, but not less than 6.24 lbf/sq. ft.
  - 2. Maximum Water Leakage: According to AAMA 501.1, and no uncontrolled water penetrating assemblies or water appearing on assemblies' normally exposed interior surfaces from sources other than condensation. Water leakage does not include water controlled by flashing and gutters, or water that is drained to exterior.
- H. Seismic Performance: Aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts shall withstand the effects of earthquake motions determined according to ASCE/SEI 7.
  - 1. Seismic Drift Causing Glass Fallout: Complying with criteria for passing based on building occupancy type when tested according to AAMA 501.6 at design displacement and 1.5 times the design displacement.
- I. Windborne-Debris Impact Resistance: Pass missile-impact and cyclic-pressure tests when tested according to ASTM E 1886 and testing information in ASTM E 1996 for Wind Zone 2.
  - 1. Large-Missile Test: For glazed openings located within 30 feet of grade.
- J. Thermal Movements: Allow for thermal movements resulting from ambient and surface temperature changes:
  - 1. Temperature Change: 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.

# ALUMINUM-FRAMED ENTRANCES AND STOREFRONTS

- 2. Thermal Cycling: No buckling; stress on glass; sealant failure; excess stress on framing, anchors, and fasteners; or reduction of performance when tested according to AAMA 501.5.
  - a. High Exterior Ambient-Air Temperature: That which produces an exterior metal-surface temperature of 180 deg F.
  - b. Low Exterior Ambient-Air Temperature: 0 deg F.
  - c. Interior Ambient-Air Temperature: 75 deg F.

# 2.2 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. EFCO Corporation; Series 402 (NT), 2" x 4-1/2" storefront framing.
  - 2. U.S. Aluminum; a brand of C.R. Laurence; Series 402 (NT), 2" x 4-1/2" storefront framing.
  - 3. YKK AP America Inc.; YES 45 Fl commercial storefront system, 2" x 4-1/2" center set, flush-glazed framing system.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain all components of aluminum-framed entrance and storefront system, including framing and accessories, from single manufacturer.

#### 2.3 FRAMING

- A. Framing Members: Manufacturer's extruded- or formed-aluminum framing members of thickness required and reinforced as required to support imposed loads.
  - 1. Construction: Nonthermal.
  - 2. Glazing System: Retained mechanically with gaskets on four sides.
  - 3. Glazing Plane: Front.
  - 4. Finish: Baked-enamel or powder-coat finish.
  - 5. Fabrication Method: Field-fabricated stick system.
- B. Backer Plates: Manufacturer's standard, continuous backer plates for framing members, if not integral, where framing abuts adjacent construction.
- C. Brackets and Reinforcements: Manufacturer's standard high-strength aluminum with nonstaining, nonferrous shims for aligning system components.
- D. Materials:
  - 1. Aluminum: Alloy and temper recommended by manufacturer for type of use and finish indicated.

- a. Sheet and Plate: ASTM B 209.
- b. Extruded Bars, Rods, Profiles, and Tubes: ASTM B 221.
- c. Extruded Structural Pipe and Tubes: ASTM B 429/B 429M.
- d. Structural Profiles: ASTM B 308/B 308M.

## 2.4 GLAZING

- A. Glazing: Comply with Section 088000 "Glazing."
- B. Glazing Gaskets: Manufacturer's standard sealed-corner pressure-glazing system of black, resilient elastomeric glazing gaskets, setting blocks, and shims or spacers.
- C. Glazing Sealants: As recommended by manufacturer.

#### 2.5 <u>ACCESSORIES</u>

- A. Fasteners and Accessories: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding fasteners and accessories compatible with adjacent materials.
  - 1. Use self-locking devices where fasteners are subject to loosening or turning out from thermal and structural movements, wind loads, or vibration.
  - 2. Reinforce members as required to receive fastener threads.
- B. Anchors: Three-way adjustable anchors with minimum adjustment of 1 inch that accommodate fabrication and installation tolerances in material and finish compatible with adjoining materials and recommended by manufacturer.
  - Concrete and Masonry Inserts: Hot-dip galvanized cast-iron, malleable-iron, or steel inserts complying with ASTM A 123/A 123M or ASTM A 153/A 153M requirements.
- C. Concealed Flashing: Manufacturer's standard corrosion-resistant, nonstaining, nonbleeding flashing compatible with adjacent materials.
- D. Bituminous Paint: Cold-applied asphalt-mastic paint complying with SSPC-Paint 12 requirements except containing no asbestos, formulated for 30-mil thickness per coat.

# 2.6 <u>FABRICATION</u>

- A. Form or extrude aluminum shapes before finishing.
- B. Weld in concealed locations to greatest extent possible to minimize distortion or discoloration of finish. Remove weld spatter and welding oxides from exposed surfaces by descaling or grinding.

- C. Fabricate components that, when assembled, have the following characteristics:
  - 1. Profiles that are sharp, straight, and free of defects or deformations.
  - 2. Accurately fitted joints with ends coped or mitered.
  - 3. Physical and thermal isolation of glazing from framing members.
  - 4. Accommodations for thermal and mechanical movements of glazing and framing to maintain required glazing edge clearances.
  - 5. Provisions for field replacement of glazing.
  - 6. Fasteners, anchors, and connection devices that are concealed from view to greatest extent possible.
- D. Mechanically Glazed Framing Members: Fabricate for flush glazing without projecting stops.
- E. After fabrication, clearly mark components to identify their locations in Project according to Shop Drawings.

#### 2.7 **ALUMINUM FINISHES**

- A. Baked-Enamel or Powder-Coat Finish: AAMA 2603 except with a minimum dry film thickness of 1.5 mils. Comply with coating manufacturer's written instructions for cleaning, conversion coating, and applying and baking finish.
  - 1. Color and Gloss: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

#### 2.8 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Structural Sealant: Perform quality-control procedures complying with ASTM C 1401 recommendations including, but not limited to, assembly material qualification procedures, sealant testing, and assembly fabrication reviews and checks.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 <u>EXAMINATION</u>

- A. Examine areas, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. General:
  - 1. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions.

- 2. Do not install damaged components.
- 3. Fit joints to produce hairline joints free of burrs and distortion.
- 4. Rigidly secure nonmovement joints.
- 5. Install anchors with separators and isolators to prevent metal corrosion and electrolytic deterioration and to prevent impeding movement of moving joints.
- 6. Seal perimeter and other joints watertight unless otherwise indicated.

#### B. Metal Protection:

- 1. Where aluminum is in contact with dissimilar metals, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with materials recommended by manufacturer for this purpose or by installing nonconductive spacers.
- 2. Where aluminum is in contact with concrete or masonry, protect against corrosion by painting contact surfaces with bituminous paint.
- C. Set continuous sill members and flashing in full sealant bed as specified in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants" to produce weathertight installation.
- D. Install components plumb and true in alignment with established lines and grades.
- E. Install operable units level and plumb, securely anchored, and without distortion. Adjust weather-stripping contact and hardware movement to produce proper operation.
- F. Install glazing as specified in Section 088000 "Glazing."
- G. Install weatherseal sealant according to Section 079200 "Joint Sealants" and according to sealant manufacturer's written instructions to produce weatherproof joints. Install joint filler behind sealant as recommended by sealant manufacturer.

#### 3.3 ERECTION TOLERANCES

- A. Erection Tolerances: Install aluminum-framed entrances and storefronts to comply with the following maximum tolerances:
  - 1. Plumb: 1/8 inch in 10 feet; 1/4 inch in 40 feet.
  - 2. Level: 1/8 inch in 20 feet; 1/4 inch in 40 feet.
  - 3. Alignment:
    - a. Where surfaces abut in line or are separated by reveal or protruding element up to 1/2 inch wide, limit offset from true alignment to 1/16 inch.
    - b. Where surfaces are separated by reveal or protruding element from 1/2 to 1 inch wide, limit offset from true alignment to 1/8 inch.
    - c. Where surfaces are separated by reveal or protruding element of 1 inch wide or more, limit offset from true alignment to 1/4 inch.

Location: Limit variation from plane to 1/8 inch in 12 feet; 1/2 inch over total 4. length.

END OF SECTION 08 41 13

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#### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Mechanical door hardware for the following:
    - a. Swinging doors.
  - 2. Cylinders for door hardware specified in other Sections.
  - 3. Electrified door hardware.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 081113 "Hollow Metal Doors and Frames".

## 1.3 **COORDINATION**

- A. Floor-Recessed Door Hardware: Coordinate layout and installation with floor construction.
  - 1. Cast anchoring inserts into concrete.
- B. Installation Templates: Distribute for doors, frames, and other work specified to be factory prepared. Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing door hardware to comply with indicated requirements.
- C. Security: Coordinate installation of door hardware, keying, and access control with Owner's security consultant.
- D. Electrical System Roughing-In: Coordinate layout and installation of electrified door hardware with connections to power supplies and building safety and security systems.
- E. Existing Openings: Where hardware components are scheduled for application to existing construction or where modifications to existing door hardware are required, field verify existing conditions and coordinate installation of door hardware to suit opening conditions and to provide proper door operation.

#### 1.4 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: For electrified door hardware.
  - 1. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.
  - 2. Include details of interface of electrified door hardware and building safety and security systems.
- C. Door Hardware Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of Installer's Architectural Hardware Consultant. Coordinate door hardware schedule with doors, frames, and related work to ensure proper size, thickness, hand, function, and finish of door hardware.
  - 1. Submittal Sequence: Submit door hardware schedule concurrent with submissions of Product Data, Samples, and Shop Drawings. Coordinate submission of door hardware schedule with scheduling requirements of other work to facilitate the fabrication of other work that is critical in Project construction schedule.
  - 2. Format: Use same scheduling sequence and format and use same door numbers as in door hardware schedule in the Contract Documents.
  - 3. Content: Include the following information:
    - a. Identification number, location, hand, fire rating, size, and material of each door and frame.
    - b. Locations of each door hardware set, cross-referenced to Drawings on floor plans and to door and frame schedule.
    - c. Complete designations, including name and manufacturer, type, style, function, size, quantity, function, and finish of each door hardware product.
    - d. Description of electrified door hardware sequences of operation and interfaces with other building control systems.
    - e. Fastenings and other installation information.
    - f. Explanation of abbreviations, symbols, and designations contained in door hardware schedule.
    - g. Mounting locations for door hardware.
    - h. List of related door devices specified in other Sections for each door and frame.
- D. Keying Schedule: Prepared by or under the supervision of Installer's Architectural Hardware Consultant, detailing Owner's final keying instructions for locks. Include

schematic keying diagram and index each key set to unique door designations that are coordinated with the Contract Documents.

#### 1.5 <u>INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Product Certificates: For each type of electrified door hardware.
  - 1. Certify that door hardware for use on each type and size of labeled fire-rated doors complies with listed fire-rated door assemblies.
- C. Product Test Reports: For compliance with accessibility requirements, for tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, for door hardware on doors located in accessible routes.
- D. Field quality-control reports.
- E. Sample Warranty: For special warranty.

#### 1.6 <u>CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Maintenance Data: For each type of door hardware to include in maintenance manuals.
- B. Schedules: Final door hardware and keying schedule.

## 1.7 <u>MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS</u>

A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.

## 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: Supplier of products and an employer of workers trained and approved by product manufacturers and of an Architectural Hardware Consultant who is available during the course of the Work to consult Contractor, Architect, and Owner about door hardware and keying.
  - 1. Warehousing Facilities: In Project's vicinity.
  - 2. Scheduling Responsibility: Preparation of door hardware and keying schedule.
  - 3. Engineering Responsibility: Preparation of data for electrified door hardware, including Shop Drawings, based on testing and engineering analysis of manufacturer's standard units in assemblies similar to those indicated for this Project.

# 1.9 <u>DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING</u>

- A. Inventory door hardware on receipt and provide secure lock-up for door hardware delivered to Project site.
- B. Tag each item or package separately with identification coordinated with the final door hardware schedule, and include installation instructions, templates, and necessary fasteners with each item or package.
- C. Deliver keys and permanent cores to Owner by registered mail or overnight package service.

#### 1.10 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of door hardware that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Structural failures including excessive deflection, cracking, or breakage.
    - b. Faulty operation of doors and door hardware.
    - c. Deterioration of metals, metal finishes, and other materials beyond normal weathering and use.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Three years from date of Substantial Completion unless otherwise indicated below:
    - a. Electromagnetic and Delayed-Egress Locks: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.
    - b. Exit Devices: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
    - c. Manual Closers: 10 years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Source Limitations: Obtain each type of door hardware from single manufacturer.
  - 1. Provide electrified door hardware from same manufacturer as mechanical door hardware unless otherwise indicated. Manufacturers that perform electrical modifications and that are listed by a testing and inspecting agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction are acceptable.

# 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Fire-Rated Door Assemblies: Where fire-rated doors are indicated, provide door hardware complying with NFPA 80 that is listed and labeled by a qualified testing agency, for fire-protection ratings indicated, based on testing at positive pressure according to NFPA 252 or UL 10C.
- B. Smoke- and Draft-Control Door Assemblies: Where smoke- and draft-control door assemblies are required, provide door hardware that complies with requirements of assemblies tested according to UL 1784 and installed in compliance with NFPA 105.
  - 1. Air Leakage Rate: Maximum air leakage of 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. at the tested pressure differential of 0.3-inch wg of water.
- C. Electrified Door Hardware: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.
- D. Means of Egress Doors: Latches do not require more than 15 lbf to release the latch. Locks do not require use of a key, tool, or special knowledge for operation.
- E. Accessibility Requirements: For door hardware on doors in an accessible route, comply with the DOJ's "2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design," the ABA standards of the Federal agency having jurisdiction, and ICC A117.1.
  - 1. Provide operating devices that do not require tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist and that operate with a force of not more than 5 lbf.
  - 2. Comply with the following maximum opening-force requirements:
    - a. Interior, Non-Fire-Rated Hinged Doors: 5 lbf applied perpendicular to door.
    - b. Sliding or Folding Doors: 5 lbf applied parallel to door at latch.
    - c. Fire Doors: Minimum opening force allowable by authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 3. Bevel raised thresholds with a slope of not more than 1:2. Provide thresholds not more than 1/2 inch high.
  - 4. Adjust door closer sweep periods so that, from an open position of 90 degrees, the door will take at least 5 seconds to move to a position of 12 degrees from the latch.
  - 5. Adjust spring hinges so that, from an open position of 70 degrees, the door will take at least 1.5 seconds to move to the closed position.

#### 2.3 SCHEDULED DOOR HARDWARE

A. Provide products for each door that comply with requirements indicated in Part 2 and door hardware schedule.

1. Door hardware is scheduled on Drawings.

# 2.4 HINGES

- A. Hinges: BHMA A156.1. Provide template-produced hinges for hinges installed on hollow-metal doors and hollow-metal frames.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Allegion plc.
    - b. Baldwin Hardware Corporation.
    - c. Bommer Industries, Inc.
    - d. Cal-Royal Products, Inc.
    - e. Design Hardware.
    - f. Don-Jo Mfg., Inc.
    - g. Hager Companies.
    - h. INOX by Unison Hardware, Inc.
    - i. Lawrence Hardware Inc.
    - j. McKinney Products Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
    - k. PBB, Inc.
    - 1. Stanley Commercial Hardware; a division of Stanley Security Solutions.

#### 2.5 MECHANICAL LOCKS AND LATCHES

- A. Lock Functions: As indicated in door hardware schedule.
- B. Lock Throw: Comply with testing requirements for length of bolts required for labeled fire doors, and as follows:
  - 1. Bored Locks: Minimum 1/2-inch latchbolt throw.
  - 2. Mortise Locks: Minimum 3/4-inch latchbolt throw.
  - 3. Deadbolts: Minimum 1.25-inch bolt throw.
- C. Lock Backset: 2-3/4 inches unless otherwise indicated.
- D. Lock Trim:
  - 1. Levers: Cast.
    - a. Similar to Gentro, NJ by Sargent.
  - 2. Escutcheons (Roses): Cast.
  - 3. Dummy Trim: Match lever lock trim and escutcheons.

- E. Strikes: Provide manufacturer's standard strike for each lock bolt or latchbolt complying with requirements indicated for applicable lock or latch and with strike box and curved lip extended to protect frame; finished to match lock or latch.
  - 1. Flat-Lip Strikes: For locks with three-piece antifriction latchbolts, as recommended by manufacturer.
- F. Mortise Locks: BHMA A156.13; Operational Grade 1; stamped steel case with steel or brass parts; Series 1000.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Corbin Russwin, Inc.; ML 2000 Series.
    - b. SARGENT Manufacturing Company; 8200 Series.
    - c. Yale Security Inc; 8800 Series.

# 2.6 <u>ELECTROMECHANICAL LOCKS</u>

- A. Electromechanical Locks: BHMA A156.25; Grade 1; motor or solenoid driven; with strike that suits frame.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Best Access Systems; Stanley Security Solutions; Model 45HW-7-DEU.
    - b. SARGENT Manufacturing Company; 8900 electrified mortise lock exit device.
    - c. Yale Security Inc.; 8270 electromechanical mortise lock fail safe.
  - 2. Type: Mortise latchbolt.

## 2.7 MANUAL FLUSH BOLTS

- A. Manual Flush Bolts: BHMA A156.16; minimum 3/4-inch throw; designed for mortising into door edge.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Adams Rite Manufacturing Co; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
    - b. Allegion plc.
    - c. Burns Manufacturing Incorporated.
    - d. Don-Jo Mfg., Inc.
    - e. Door Controls International, Inc.

- f. Hiawatha, Inc; a division of the Activar Construction Products Group.
- g. INOX by Unison Hardware, Inc.
- h. Trimco.

# 2.8 EXIT DEVICES AND AUXILIARY ITEMS

- A. Exit Devices and Auxiliary Items: BHMA A156.3.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Corbin Russwin, Inc.; ED5600 Series mortise exit device.
    - b. SARGENT Manufacturing Company; 8900 mortise lock exit device.
    - c. Yale Security Inc.; 7000 Series mortise exit device.

# 2.9 <u>LOCK CYLINDERS</u>

- A. Lock Cylinders: Tumbler type, constructed from brass or bronze, stainless steel, or nickel silver. Provide cylinder from same manufacturer of locking devices.
- B. High-Security Lock Cylinders: BHMA A156.30; Grade 2 permanent cores that are removable; face finished to match lockset.
  - 1. Type: M, mechanical.
- C. Construction Master Keys: Provide cylinders with feature that permits voiding of construction keys without cylinder removal. Provide 10 construction master keys.
- D. Construction Cores: Provide construction cores that are replaceable by permanent cores. Provide 10 construction master keys.

## **2.10 KEYING**

- A. Keying System: Factory registered, complying with guidelines in BHMA A156.28, appendix. Provide one extra key blank for each lock.
  - 1. Existing System:
    - a. Master key or grand master key locks to Owner's existing system.
    - b. Re-key Owner's existing master key system into new keying system.
  - 2. Keyed Alike: Key all cylinders to same change key.
- B. Keys: Nickel silver.

- 1. Stamping: Permanently inscribe each key with a visual key control number and include the following notation:
  - a. Notation: "DO NOT DUPLICATE."

## 2.11 OPERATING TRIM

- A. Operating Trim: BHMA A156.6; stainless steel unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Allegion plc.
    - b. Burns Manufacturing Incorporated.
    - c. Don-Jo Mfg., Inc.
    - d. Forms+Surfaces.
    - e. Hager Companies.
    - f. Hiawatha, Inc; a division of the Activar Construction Products Group.
    - g. INOX by Unison Hardware, Inc.
    - h. Rockwood Manufacturing Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
    - i. Trimco.

### 2.12 **SURFACE CLOSERS**

- A. Surface Closers: BHMA A156.4; rack-and-pinion hydraulic type with adjustable sweep and latch speeds controlled by key-operated valves and forged-steel main arm. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for size of door closers depending on size of door, exposure to weather, and anticipated frequency of use. Provide factory-sized closers, adjustable to meet field conditions and requirements for opening force.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Allegion plc.
    - b. Arrow USA; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
    - c. Cal-Royal Products, Inc.
    - d. Corbin Russwin, Inc.; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
    - e. Design Hardware.
    - f. DORMA USA, Inc.
    - g. Hager Companies.
    - h. INOX by Unison Hardware, Inc.
    - i. Norton Door Controls; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
    - j. Rixson Specialty Door Controls; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
    - k. SARGENT Manufacturing Company; ASSA ABLOY.
    - 1. Stanley Commercial Hardware; a division of Stanley Security Solutions.

m. Yale Security Inc; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.

#### 2.13 MECHANICAL STOPS AND HOLDERS

- A. Wall- and Floor-Mounted Stops: BHMA A156.16.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Allegion plc.
    - b. Architectural Builders Hardware Mfg., Inc.
    - c. Baldwin Hardware Corporation.
    - d. Burns Manufacturing Incorporated.
    - e. Cal-Royal Products, Inc.
    - f. Don-Jo Mfg., Inc.
    - g. Door Controls International, Inc.
    - h. Hager Companies.
    - i. Hiawatha, Inc.; a division of the Activar Construction Products Group.
    - j. Rockwood Manufacturing Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
    - k. Trimco.

#### 2.14 DOOR GASKETING

- A. Door Gasketing: BHMA A156.22; with resilient or flexible seal strips that are easily replaceable and readily available from stocks maintained by manufacturer.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Hager Companies.
    - b. M-D Building Products, Inc.
    - c. National Guard Products, Inc.
    - d. Pemko Manufacturing Co.
    - e. Reese Enterprises, Inc.
    - f. Sealeze.
    - g. Zero International, Inc.
- B. Maximum Air Leakage: When tested according to ASTM E 283 with tested pressure differential of 0.3-inch wg, as follows:
  - 1. Smoke-Rated Gasketing: 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. of door opening.
  - 2. Gasketing on Single Doors: 0.3 cfm/sq. ft. of door opening.
  - 3. Gasketing on Double Doors: 0.50 cfm per foot of door opening.

## 2.15 THRESHOLDS

- A. Thresholds: BHMA A156.21; fabricated to full width of opening indicated.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Hager Companies.
    - b. M-D Building Products, Inc.
    - c. National Guard Products, Inc.
    - d. Pemko Manufacturing Co.
    - e. Reese Enterprises, Inc.
    - f. Rixson Specialty Door Controls; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
    - g. Sealeze.
    - h. Zero International, Inc.

#### 2.16 <u>METAL PROTECTIVE TRIM UNITS</u>

- A. Metal Protective Trim Units: BHMA A156.6; fabricated from 0.050-inch- thick stainless steel; with manufacturer's standard machine or self-tapping screw fasteners.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Allegion plc.
    - b. Burns Manufacturing Incorporated.
    - c. Don-Jo Mfg., Inc.
    - d. Hager Companies.
    - e. Hiawatha, Inc; a division of the Activar Construction Products Group.
    - f. INOX by Unison Hardware, Inc.
    - g. InPro Corporation (IPC).
    - h. Pawling Corporation.
    - i. Rockwood Manufacturing Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
    - j. Trimco.

#### 2.17 **AUXILIARY DOOR HARDWARE**

- A. Auxiliary Hardware: BHMA A156.16.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Allegion plc.
    - b. Baldwin Hardware Corporation.
    - c. Cal-Royal Products, Inc.

- d. Don-Jo Mfg., Inc.
- e. Hager Companies.
- f. Rockwood Manufacturing Company; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
- g. Trimco.

# 2.18 <u>AUXILIARY ELECTRIFIED DOOR HARDWARE</u>

- A. Auxiliary Electrified Door Hardware:
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Allegion plc.
    - b. Door Controls International, Inc.
    - c. DORMA USA, Inc.
    - d. DynaLock Corp.
    - e. GE Security, Inc.
    - f. Hager Companies.
    - g. PDQ Manufacturing.
    - h. Precision Hardware, Inc.; a Stanley company.
    - i. Rutherford Controls Int'l. Corp.
    - j. SARGENT Manufacturing Company; ASSA ABLOY.
    - k. Securitron Magnalock Corporation; an ASSA ABLOY Group company.
    - 1. Security Door Controls.

## 2.19 FABRICATION

- A. Manufacturer's Nameplate: Do not provide products that have manufacturer's name or trade name displayed in a visible location except in conjunction with required fire-rating labels and as otherwise approved by Architect.
  - 1. Manufacturer's identification is permitted on rim of lock cylinders only.
- B. Base Metals: Produce door hardware units of base metal indicated, fabricated by forming method indicated, using manufacturer's standard metal alloy, composition, temper, and hardness. Furnish metals of a quality equal to or greater than that of specified door hardware units and BHMA A156.18.
- C. Fasteners: Provide door hardware manufactured to comply with published templates prepared for machine, wood, and sheet metal screws. Provide screws that comply with commercially recognized industry standards for application intended, except aluminum fasteners are not permitted. Provide Phillips flat-head screws with finished heads to match surface of door hardware unless otherwise indicated.

- Concealed Fasteners: For door hardware units that are exposed when door is closed, except for units already specified with concealed fasteners. Do not use through bolts for installation where bolt head or nut on opposite face is exposed unless it is the only means of securely attaching the door hardware. Where through bolts are used on hollow door and frame construction, provide sleeves for each through bolt.
- 2. Fire-Rated Applications:
  - a. Wood or Machine Screws: For the following:
    - 1) Hinges mortised to doors or frames.
    - 2) Strike plates to frames.
    - 3) Closers to doors and frames.
  - b. Steel Through Bolts: For the following unless door blocking is provided:
    - 1) Surface hinges to doors.
    - 2) Closers to doors and frames.
    - 3) Surface-mounted exit devices.
- 3. Spacers or Sex Bolts: For through bolting of hollow-metal doors.
- 4. Gasketing Fasteners: Provide noncorrosive fasteners for exterior applications and elsewhere as indicated.

## 2.20 FINISHES

- A. Provide finishes complying with BHMA A156.18 as indicated in door hardware schedule.
- B. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- C. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

#### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

# 3.1 **EXAMINATION**

A. Examine doors and frames, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, labeled fire-rated door assembly construction, wall and floor construction, and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.

- B. Examine roughing-in for electrical power systems to verify actual locations of wiring connections before electrified door hardware installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 **PREPARATION**

A. Steel Doors and Frames: For surface-applied door hardware, drill and tap doors and frames according to ANSI/SDI A250.6.

# 3.3 <u>INSTALLATION</u>

- A. Mounting Heights: Mount door hardware units at heights to comply with the following unless otherwise indicated or required to comply with governing regulations.
  - 1. Standard Steel Doors and Frames: ANSI/SDI A250.8.
  - 2. Custom Steel Doors and Frames: HMMA 831.
- B. Install each door hardware item to comply with manufacturer's written instructions. Where cutting and fitting are required to install door hardware onto or into surfaces that are later to be painted or finished in another way, coordinate removal, storage, and reinstallation of surface protective trim units with finishing work. Do not install surface-mounted items until finishes have been completed on substrates involved.
  - 1. Set units level, plumb, and true to line and location. Adjust and reinforce attachment substrates as necessary for proper installation and operation.
  - 2. Drill and countersink units that are not factory prepared for anchorage fasteners. Space fasteners and anchors according to industry standards.
- C. Hinges: Install types and in quantities indicated in door hardware schedule, but not fewer than the number recommended by manufacturer for application indicated or one hinge for every 30 inches of door height, whichever is more stringent, unless other equivalent means of support for door, such as spring hinges or pivots, are provided.
- D. Lock Cylinders: Install construction cores to secure building and areas during construction period.
  - 1. Replace construction cores with permanent cores as directed by Owner.
  - 2. Furnish permanent cores to Owner for installation.
- E. Thresholds: Set thresholds for exterior doors and other doors indicated in full bed of sealant complying with requirements specified in Section 079200 "Joint Sealants."
- F. Stops: Provide floor stops for doors unless wall or other type stops are indicated in door hardware schedule. Do not mount floor stops where they will impede traffic.

- G. Perimeter Gasketing: Apply to head and jamb, forming seal between door and frame.
  - 1. Do not notch perimeter gasketing to install other surface-applied hardware.
- H. Meeting Stile Gasketing: Fasten to meeting stiles, forming seal when doors are closed.
- I. Door Bottoms: Apply to bottom of door, forming seal with threshold when door is closed.

#### 3.4 <u>ADJUSTING</u>

- A. Initial Adjustment: Adjust and check each operating item of door hardware and each door to ensure proper operation or function of every unit. Replace units that cannot be adjusted to operate as intended. Adjust door control devices to compensate for final operation of heating and ventilating equipment and to comply with referenced accessibility requirements.
  - 1. Door Closers: Adjust sweep period to comply with accessibility requirements and requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Occupancy Adjustment: Approximately three months after date of Substantial Completion, Installer shall examine and readjust each item of door hardware, including adjusting operating forces, as necessary to ensure function of doors, door hardware, and electrified door hardware.

## 3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean adjacent surfaces soiled by door hardware installation.
- B. Clean operating items as necessary to restore proper function and finish.
- C. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure that door hardware is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.

#### 3.6 <u>MAINTENANCE SERVICE</u>

- A. Maintenance Tools and Instructions: Furnish a complete set of specialized tools and maintenance instructions for Owner's continued adjustment, maintenance, and removal and replacement of door hardware.
- B. Maintenance Service: Beginning at Substantial Completion, maintenance service shall include 12 months' full maintenance by skilled employees of door hardware Installer. Include quarterly preventive maintenance, repair or replacement of worn or defective components, lubrication, cleaning, and adjusting as required for proper door and door

hardware operation. Parts and supplies shall be manufacturer's authorized replacement parts and supplies.

# 3.7 <u>DEMONSTRATION</u>

A. Train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain door hardware.

END OF SECTION 08 71 00

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes:
  - 1. Glass for storefront framing.
  - 2. Glazing sealants and accessories.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 084113 "Aluminum-Framed Entrances and Storefronts."
  - 2. Section 081113 "Hollow Metal Doors and Frames."

#### 1.3 <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

- A. Glass Manufacturers: Firms that produce primary glass, fabricated glass, or both, as defined in referenced glazing publications.
- B. Glass Thicknesses: Indicated by thickness designations in millimeters according to ASTM C 1036.
- C. IBC: International Building Code.
- D. Interspace: Space between lites of an insulating-glass unit.

#### 1.4 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate glazing channel dimensions to provide necessary bite on glass, minimum edge and face clearances, and adequate sealant thicknesses, with reasonable tolerances.

#### 1.5 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Glazing Schedule: List glass types and thicknesses for each size opening and location. Use same designations indicated on Drawings.

# 1.6 <u>INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Product Certificates: For glass.
- C. Product Test Reports: For glazing sealants, for tests performed by a qualified testing agency.
  - 1. For glazing sealants, provide test reports based on testing current sealant formulations within previous 36-month period.
- D. Preconstruction adhesion and compatibility test report.
- E. Sample Warranties: For special warranties.

## 1.7 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Installer Qualifications: A qualified installer who employs glass installers for this Project who are certified under the National Glass Association's Certified Glass Installer Program.
- B. Glass Testing Agency Qualifications: A qualified independent testing agency accredited according to the NFRC CAP 1 Certification Agency Program.
- C. Sealant Testing Agency Qualifications: An independent testing agency qualified according to ASTM C 1021 to conduct the testing indicated.

## 1.8 <u>DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING</u>

A. Protect glazing materials according to manufacturer's written instructions. Prevent damage to glass and glazing materials from condensation, temperature changes, direct exposure to sun, or other causes.

#### 1.9 FIELD CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Limitations: Do not proceed with glazing when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by glazing material manufacturers and when glazing channel substrates are wet from rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.
  - 1. Do not install glazing sealants when ambient and substrate temperature conditions are outside limits permitted by sealant manufacturer or are below 40 deg F.

#### 1.10 WARRANTY

A. Warranty Period: Ten years from date of Substantial Completion.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

#### 2.1 <u>MANUFACTURERS</u>

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. AGC Glass Company North America, Inc.
  - 2. Cardinal Glass Industries.
  - 3. Cristacurva.
  - 4. Dlubak Corporation.
  - 5. Gardner Glass, Inc.
  - 6. GGI; General Glass International.
  - 7. Glasswerks LA, Inc.
  - 8. GTI; Glaz-Tech Industries.
  - 9. Guardian Industries Corp.; SunGuard.
  - 10. Hartung Glass Industries.
  - 11. JE Berkowitz, LP.
  - 12. Northwestern Industries, Inc.
  - 13. Oldcastle BuildingEnvelope<sup>TM</sup>.
  - 14. Pilkington North America.
  - 15. PPG Flat Glass; PPG Industries, Inc.
  - 16. Schott North America, Inc.
  - 17. Tecnoglass.
  - 18. Trulite Glass & Aluminum Solutions, LLC.
  - 19. Vetrotech Saint-Gobain.
  - 20. Viracon, Inc.
- B. Source Limitations for Glass: Obtain from single source from single manufacturer for each glass type.
- C. Source Limitations for Glazing Accessories: Obtain from single source from single manufacturer for each product and installation method.

#### 2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. General: Installed glazing systems shall withstand normal thermal movement and wind and impact loads (where applicable) without failure, including loss or glass breakage attributable to the following: defective manufacture, fabrication, or installation; failure of sealants or gaskets to remain watertight and airtight; deterioration of glazing materials; or other defects in construction.

- B. Structural Performance: Glazing shall withstand the following design loads within limits and under conditions indicated determined according to the IBC and ASTM E 1300.
  - 1. Design Wind Pressures: Determine design wind pressures applicable to Project according to ASCE/SEI 7, based on heights above grade indicated on Drawings.
    - a. Wind Design Data: Refer to Component and Cladding Wind Loads chart on drawing S-001.
    - b. Basic Wind Speed: 125 mph.
    - c. Importance Factor: 1.0.
    - d. Exposure Category: B.
  - 2. Design Snow Loads: Refer to Component and Cladding Loads chart on drawing S-001.
  - 3. Maximum Lateral Deflection: For glass supported on all four edges, limit center-of-glass deflection at design wind pressure to not more than 1/50 times the short-side length or 1 inch, whichever is less.
  - 4. Differential Shading: Design glass to resist thermal stresses induced by differential shading within individual glass lites.
- C. Windborne-Debris-Impact Resistance: Exterior glazing shall comply with basic-protection testing requirements in ASTM E 1996 for Wind Zone 2 when tested according to ASTM E 1886. Test specimens shall be no smaller in width and length than glazing indicated for use on Project and shall be installed in same manner as glazing indicated for use on Project.
  - 1. Large-Missile Test: For glazing located within 30 feet of grade.
  - 2. Small-Missile Test: For glazing located more than 30 feet above grade.
- D. Safety Glazing: Where safety glazing is indicated, provide glazing that complies with 16 CFR 1201, Category II.
- E. Thermal and Optical Performance Properties: Provide glass with performance properties specified, as indicated in manufacturer's published test data, based on procedures indicated below:
  - 1. For monolithic-glass lites, properties are based on units with lites 6 mm thick.

## 2.3 GLASS PRODUCTS, GENERAL

A. Safety Glazing Labeling: Where safety glazing is indicated, permanently mark glazing with certification label of the SGCC or another certification agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction. Label shall indicate manufacturer's name, type of glass, thickness, and safety glazing standard with which glass complies.

- B. Thickness: Where glass thickness is indicated, it is a minimum. Provide glass that complies with performance requirements and is not less than the thickness indicated.
  - 1. Minimum Glass Thickness for Exterior Lites: 6 mm.
- C. Strength: Where annealed float glass is indicated, provide fully tempered float glass as needed to comply with "Performance Requirements" Article. Where heat-strengthened float glass is indicated, fully tempered float glass as needed to comply with "Performance Requirements" Article. Where fully tempered float glass is indicated, provide fully tempered float glass.

#### 2.4 GLASS PRODUCTS

- A. Fully Tempered Float Glass: ASTM C 1048, Kind FT (fully tempered), Condition A (uncoated) unless otherwise indicated, Type I, Class 1 (clear) or Class 2 (tinted) as indicated, Quality-Q3.
  - 1. Fabrication Process: By horizontal (roller-hearth) process with roll-wave distortion parallel to bottom edge of glass as installed unless otherwise indicated.

## 2.5 GLAZING SEALANTS

#### A. General:

- 1. Compatibility: Compatible with one another and with other materials they contact, including glass products, seals of insulating-glass units, and glazing channel substrates, under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by sealant manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
- 2. Suitability: Comply with sealant and glass manufacturers' written instructions for selecting glazing sealants suitable for applications indicated and for conditions existing at time of installation.
- 3. Colors of Exposed Glazing Sealants: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- B. Glazing Sealant: Neutral-curing silicone glazing sealant complying with ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 50, Use NT.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. BASF Corporation; Construction Systems.
    - b. Dow Corning Corporation.
    - c. GE Construction Sealants; Momentive Performance Materials Inc.
    - d. May National Associates, Inc.; a subsidiary of Sika Corporation.
    - e. Pecora Corporation.

- f. Polymeric Systems, Inc.
- g. Sika Corporation.
- h. Tremco Incorporated.

# 2.6 GLAZING TAPES

- A. Back-Bedding Mastic Glazing Tapes: Preformed, butyl-based, 100 percent solids elastomeric tape; nonstaining and nonmigrating in contact with nonporous surfaces; with or without spacer rod as recommended in writing by tape and glass manufacturers for application indicated; and complying with ASTM C 1281 and AAMA 800 for products indicated below:
  - 1. AAMA 806.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is subject to continuous pressure.
  - 2. AAMA 807.3 tape, for glazing applications in which tape is not subject to continuous pressure.
- B. Expanded Cellular Glazing Tapes: Closed-cell, PVC foam tapes; factory coated with adhesive on both surfaces; and complying with AAMA 800 for the following types:
  - 1. AAMA 810.1, Type 1, for glazing applications in which tape acts as the primary sealant.
  - 2. AAMA 810.1, Type 2, for glazing applications in which tape is used in combination with a full bead of liquid sealant.

## 2.7 MISCELLANEOUS GLAZING MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide products of material, size, and shape complying with referenced glazing standard, with requirements of manufacturers of glass and other glazing materials for application indicated, and with a proven record of compatibility with surfaces contacted in installation.
- B. Cleaners, Primers, and Sealers: Types recommended by sealant or gasket manufacturer.
- C. Setting Blocks: Elastomeric material with a Shore, Type A durometer hardness of 85, plus or minus 5.
- D. Spacers: Elastomeric blocks or continuous extrusions of hardness required by glass manufacturer to maintain glass lites in place for installation indicated.
- E. Edge Blocks: Elastomeric material of hardness needed to limit glass lateral movement (side walking).

F. Cylindrical Glazing Sealant Backing: ASTM C 1330, Type O (open-cell material), of size and density to control glazing sealant depth and otherwise produce optimum glazing sealant performance.

# 2.8 <u>FABRICATION OF GLAZING UNITS</u>

- A. Fabricate glazing units in sizes required to fit openings indicated for Project, with edge and face clearances, edge and surface conditions, and bite complying with written instructions of product manufacturer and referenced glazing publications, to comply with system performance requirements.
  - 1. Allow for thermal movements from ambient and surface temperature changes acting on glass framing members and glazing components.
    - a. Temperature Change: 120 deg F, ambient; 180 deg F, material surfaces.

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 **EXAMINATION**

- A. Examine framing, glazing channels, and stops, with Installer present, for compliance with the following:
  - 1. Manufacturing and installation tolerances, including those for size, squareness, and offsets at corners.
  - 2. Presence and functioning of weep systems.
  - 3. Minimum required face and edge clearances.
  - 4. Effective sealing between joints of glass-framing members.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean glazing channels and other framing members receiving glass immediately before glazing. Remove coatings not firmly bonded to substrates.
- B. Examine glazing units to locate exterior and interior surfaces. Label or mark units as needed so that exterior and interior surfaces are readily identifiable. Do not use materials that leave visible marks in the completed Work.

## 3.3 GLAZING, GENERAL

A. Comply with combined written instructions of manufacturers of glass, sealants, gaskets, and other glazing materials, unless more stringent requirements are indicated, including those in referenced glazing publications.

- B. Protect glass edges from damage during handling and installation. Remove damaged glass from Project site and legally dispose of off Project site. Damaged glass includes glass with edge damage or other imperfections that, when installed, could weaken glass, impair performance, or impair appearance.
- C. Apply primers to joint surfaces where required for adhesion of sealants, as determined by preconstruction testing.
- D. Install setting blocks in sill rabbets, sized and located to comply with referenced glazing publications, unless otherwise required by glass manufacturer. Set blocks in thin course of compatible sealant suitable for heel bead.
- E. Do not exceed edge pressures stipulated by glass manufacturers for installing glass lites.
- F. Provide spacers for glass lites where length plus width is larger than 50 inches.
  - 1. Locate spacers directly opposite each other on both inside and outside faces of glass. Install correct size and spacing to preserve required face clearances, unless gaskets and glazing tapes are used that have demonstrated ability to maintain required face clearances and to comply with system performance requirements.
  - 2. Provide 1/8-inch minimum bite of spacers on glass and use thickness equal to sealant width. With glazing tape, use thickness slightly less than final compressed thickness of tape.
- G. Provide edge blocking where indicated or needed to prevent glass lites from moving sideways in glazing channel, as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer and according to requirements in referenced glazing publications.
- H. Set glass lites in each series with uniform pattern, draw, bow, and similar characteristics.
- I. Set glass lites with proper orientation so that coatings face exterior or interior as specified.
- J. Where wedge-shaped gaskets are driven into one side of channel to pressurize sealant or gasket on opposite side, provide adequate anchorage so gasket cannot walk out when installation is subjected to movement.
- K. Square cut wedge-shaped gaskets at corners and install gaskets in a manner recommended by gasket manufacturer to prevent corners from pulling away; seal corner joints and butt joints with sealant recommended by gasket manufacturer.

### 3.4 TAPE GLAZING

- A. Position tapes on fixed stops so that, when compressed by glass, their exposed edges are flush with or protrude slightly above sightline of stops.
- B. Install tapes continuously, but not necessarily in one continuous length. Do not stretch tapes to make them fit opening.
- C. Cover vertical framing joints by applying tapes to heads and sills first, then to jambs. Cover horizontal framing joints by applying tapes to jambs, then to heads and sills.
- D. Place joints in tapes at corners of opening with adjoining lengths butted together, not lapped. Seal joints in tapes with compatible sealant approved by tape manufacturer.
- E. Do not remove release paper from tape until right before each glazing unit is installed.
- F. Apply heel bead of elastomeric sealant.
- G. Center glass lites in openings on setting blocks, and press firmly against tape by inserting dense compression gaskets formed and installed to lock in place against faces of removable stops. Start gasket applications at corners and work toward centers of openings.
- H. Apply cap bead of elastomeric sealant over exposed edge of tape.

### 3.5 SEALANT GLAZING (WET)

- A. Install continuous spacers, or spacers combined with cylindrical sealant backing, between glass lites and glazing stops to maintain glass face clearances and to prevent sealant from extruding into glass channel and blocking weep systems until sealants cure. Secure spacers or spacers and backings in place and in position to control depth of installed sealant relative to edge clearance for optimum sealant performance.
- B. Force sealants into glazing channels to eliminate voids and to ensure complete wetting or bond of sealant to glass and channel surfaces.
- C. Tool exposed surfaces of sealants to provide a substantial wash away from glass.

### 3.6 <u>CLEANING AND PROTECTION</u>

- A. Immediately after installation remove nonpermanent labels and clean surfaces.
- B. Protect glass from contact with contaminating substances resulting from construction operations. Examine glass surfaces adjacent to or below exterior concrete and other

masonry surfaces at frequent intervals during construction, but not less than once a month, for buildup of dirt, scum, alkaline deposits, or stains.

- 1. If, despite such protection, contaminating substances do come into contact with glass, remove substances immediately as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer. Remove and replace glass that cannot be cleaned without damage to coatings.
- C. Remove and replace glass that is damaged during construction period.
- D. Wash glass on both exposed surfaces not more than four days before date scheduled for inspections that establish date of Substantial Completion. Wash glass as recommended in writing by glass manufacturer.

## 3.7 MONOLITHIC GLASS SCHEDULE

- A. Glass Type: Clear fully tempered float glass.
  - 1. Minimum Thickness: 6 mm.
  - 2. Safety glazing required.

END OF SECTION 08 80 00

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes surface preparation and the application of paint systems on interior and exterior walls and other substrates.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 033000 "Cast-In-Place Concrete."
  - 2. Section 055213 "Pipe and Tube Railings."
  - 3. Section 081113 "Hollow Metal Doors and Frames."

### 1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- A. MPI Gloss Level 1: Not more than five units at 60 degrees and 10 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- B. MPI Gloss Level 3: 10 to 25 units at 60 degrees and 10 to 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- C. MPI Gloss Level 4: 20 to 35 units at 60 degrees and not less than 35 units at 85 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- D. MPI Gloss Level 5: 35 to 70 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- E. MPI Gloss Level 6: 70 to 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- F. MPI Gloss Level 7: More than 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include preparation requirements and application instructions.
  - 1. Include printout of current "MPI Approved Products List" for each product category specified, with the proposed product highlighted.
  - 2. Indicate VOC content.

B. Product List: Cross-reference to paint system and locations of application areas. Use same designations indicated on Drawings and in schedules. Include color designations.

#### 1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Paint: 5 percent, but not less than 1 gal. of each material and color applied.

## 1.6 <u>DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING</u>

- A. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in well-ventilated areas with ambient temperatures continuously maintained at not less than 45 deg F.
  - 1. Maintain containers in clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
  - 2. Remove rags and waste from storage areas daily.

#### 1.7 <u>FIELD CONDITIONS</u>

- A. Apply paints only when temperature of surfaces to be painted and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F.
- B. Do not apply paints in snow, rain, fog, or mist; when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces.

#### **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### 2.1 <u>MANUFACTURERS</u>

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following or approved equal:
  - 1. Benjamin Moore & Co.
  - 2. Rust-Oleum Corporation; a subsidiary of RPM International, Inc.
  - 3. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).
  - 4. Valspar Corporation Architectural (Pro).
  - 5. Zinsser; Rust-Oleum Corporation.
- B. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide product listed in the Exterior Painting Schedule for the paint category indicated.

## 2.2 PAINT, GENERAL

- A. MPI Standards: Products shall comply with MPI standards indicated and shall be listed in its "MPI Approved Products Lists."
- B. Material Compatibility:
  - 1. Materials for use within each paint system shall be compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
  - 2. For each coat in a paint system, products shall be recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturers for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
- C. Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 <u>EXAMINATION</u>

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Maximum Moisture Content of Substrates: When measured with an electronic moisture meter as follows:
  - 1. Concrete: 12 percent.
  - 2. Fiber-Cement Board: 12 percent.
  - 3. Masonry (Clay and CMUs): 12 percent.
- C. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility, with existing finishes and primers.
- D. Proceed with coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
  - 1. Application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

### 3.2 **PREPARATION**

A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates and paint systems indicated.

- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable and are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
  - 1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection.
- C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of paints, including dust, dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
  - 1. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers or apply tie coat as required to produce paint systems indicated.
- D. Concrete Substrates: Remove release agents, curing compounds, efflorescence, and chalk. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces to be painted exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
- E. Masonry Substrates: Remove efflorescence and chalk. Do not paint surfaces if moisture content or alkalinity of surfaces or mortar joints exceeds that permitted in manufacturer's written instructions.
- F. Steel Substrates: Remove rust, loose mill scale, and shop primer if any. Clean using methods recommended in writing by paint manufacturer but not less than the following:
  - 1. SSPC-SP 2.
  - 2. SSPC-SP 3.
  - 3. SSPC-SP 7/NACE No. 4.
  - 4. SSPC-SP 11.
- G. Shop-Primed Steel Substrates: Clean field welds, bolted connections, and areas where shop paint is abraded. Paint exposed areas with the same material as used for shop priming to comply with SSPC-PA 1 for touching up shop-primed surfaces.

### 3.3 <u>APPLICATION</u>

- A. Apply paints according to manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual."
  - 1. Use applicators and techniques suited for paint and substrate indicated.
  - 2. Paint surfaces behind movable items same as similar exposed surfaces. Before final installation, paint surfaces behind permanently fixed items with prime coat only.
  - 3. Paint both sides and edges of exterior doors and entire exposed surface of exterior door frames.

- 4. Do not paint over labels of independent testing agencies or equipment name, identification, performance rating, or nomenclature plates.
- 5. Primers specified in painting schedules may be omitted on items that are factory primed or factory finished if acceptable to topcoat manufacturers.
- B. Tint undercoats same color as topcoat, but tint each undercoat a lighter shade to facilitate identification of each coat if multiple coats of same material are to be applied. Provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.
- C. If undercoats or other conditions show through topcoat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform paint finish, color, and appearance.
- D. Apply paints to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, roller tracking, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Cut in sharp lines and color breaks.
- E. Painting Fire Suppression, Plumbing, HVAC, Electrical, Communication, and Electronic Safety and Security Work:
  - 1. Paint the following work where exposed to view:
    - a. Equipment, including panelboards and switch gear.
    - b. Uninsulated metal piping.
    - c. Uninsulated plastic piping.
    - d. Pipe hangers and supports.
    - e. Metal conduit.
    - f. Plastic conduit.
    - g. Tanks that do not have factory-applied final finishes.

#### 3.4 <u>FIELD QUALITY CONTROL</u>

- A. Dry Film Thickness Testing: Owner may engage the services of a qualified testing and inspecting agency to inspect and test paint for dry film thickness.
  - 1. Contractor shall touch up and restore painted surfaces damaged by testing.
  - 2. If test results show that dry film thickness of applied paint does not comply with paint manufacturer's written recommendations, Contractor shall pay for testing and apply additional coats as needed to provide dry film thickness that complies with paint manufacturer's written recommendations.

### 3.5 <u>CLEANING AND PROTECTION</u>

A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.

- B. After completing paint application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered paints by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from paint application. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and refinishing, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- D. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced painted surfaces.

#### **3.6 INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR PAINTING SCHEDULE** - (See also drawing C-901)

- A. CS1 Concrete Sealer:
  - 1. Clear Acrylic Sealer System MPI EXT 3.2H:
    - a. Prepare Surface: Concrete pretreatment and acid etch.
    - b. Prime Coat: Sealer, water based, matching topcoat.
    - c. Intermediate Coat: Sealer, water based, matching topcoat.
    - d. Topcoat: Sealer, water based, for concrete floors, MPI #99.
      - 1) Benjamin Moore: Corotech, High performance, Clear Acrylic Sealer (V027)
      - 2) Rust-Oleum Corporation: Seal-Krete Clear-Seal Concrete Protective Sealer
      - 3) The Sherwin-Williams Co.: Pro Industrial Clear Acrylic Coating
- B. P1 Concrete Wall Substrates:
  - 1. Epoxy System, Eggshell:
    - a. Prime Coat: Prime Coat: Latex enamel, exterior, matching topcoat.
    - b. Intermediate Coat: Latex enamel, exterior, matching topcoat.
    - c. Topcoat: Latex enamel, exterior.
      - 1) Benjamin Moore: Corotech, Fast Dry Polyamide Epoxy V410
      - 2) Rust-Oleum Corporation: High Performance 5300 System Water-Based Epoxy.
      - 3) The Sherwin-Williams Co.: Pro Industrial Pre-catalyzed Water Based Epoxy.

#### C. P2 – Hollow Metal Substrates:

- 1. Alkyd System MPI EXT 5.1D or MPI EXT 5.1Q:
  - a. Prime Coat: Shop primer specified in Section where substrate is specified.
  - b. Intermediate Coat: Exterior, alkyd, matching topcoat.
  - c. Topcoat: Alkyd, exterior, semi-gloss, MPI Gloss Level 5, MPI #94.
    - 1) Benjamin Moore.: Corotech, High Performance, Quick Dry Alkyd Enamel Semi-Gloss (V231)
    - 2) Rust-Oleum Corporation: High Performance 7400 System DTM Alkyd Enamel (450 VOC)
    - 3) The Sherwin-Williams Co.: High Performance, Pro Industrial Water Based Alkyd Urethane

#### D. P3 – Metal Deck Substrates:

- 1. Alkyd System MPI EXT 5.1D or MPI EXT 5.1Q:
  - a. Prime Coat: Shop primer specified in Section where substrate is specified.
  - b. Intermediate Coat: Exterior, alkyd, matching topcoat.
  - c. Topcoat: Alkyd, exterior, semi-gloss, MPI Gloss Level 5, MPI #94.
    - 1) Benjamin Moore.: Corotech, High Performance, Quick Dry Alkyd Enamel Semi-Gloss (V231)
    - 2) Rust-Oleum Corporation: High Performance 7400 System DTM Alkyd Enamel (450 VOC)
    - 3) The Sherwin-Williams Co.: High Performance, Pro Industrial Water Based Alkyd Urethane

### E. P4 – Metal Component (Stairs and Railings) Substrates:

- 1. Alkyd System MPI EXT 5.1D or MPI EXT 5.1Q:
  - a. Prime Coat: Shop primer specified in Section where substrate is specified.
  - b. Intermediate Coat: Exterior, alkyd, matching topcoat.
  - c. Topcoat: Alkyd, exterior, semi-gloss, MPI Gloss Level 5, MPI #94.
    - 1) Benjamin Moore.: Corotech, High Performance, Quick Dry Alkyd Enamel Semi-Gloss (V231)
    - 2) Rust-Oleum Corporation: High Performance 7400 System DTM Alkyd Enamel (450 VOC)

The Sherwin-Williams Co.: High Performance, Pro Industrial Water 3) Based Alkyd Urethane

END OF SECTION 09 91 13

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section includes surface preparation and the application of high-performance coating systems on the following substrates:
  - 1. Exterior Substrates:
    - a. Steel.
- B. Related Requirements:
  - 1. Section 051200 "Structural Steel Framing" for shop priming of structural steel with primers specified in this Section.
  - 2. Section 099113 "Exterior Painting" for general field painting.

#### 1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- A. MPI Gloss Level 5: 35 to 70 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- B. MPI Gloss Level 6: 70 to 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.
- C. MPI Gloss Level 7: More than 85 units at 60 degrees, according to ASTM D 523.

#### 1.4 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Product Data: For each coating system indicated. Include primers, intermediate and topcoats.
  - 1. Material List: An inclusive list of required coating materials. Indicate each material and cross-reference the specific coating, finish system, and application. Identify each material by manufacturer's catalog number and general classification.
  - 2. Manufacturer's Information: Manufacturer's technical information, including label analysis and instructions for handling, storing, and applying each material specified.
- B. Certification by manufacturer that products supplied comply with requirements indicated that limit the amount of VOCs in coating products.

- C. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer's color charts showing the full range of colors available for each type of finish-coat material indicated.
  - 1. After color selection, Engineer will furnish color chips for surfaces to be coated.
- D. Samples for Verification: For each color and material to be applied, with texture to simulate actual conditions, on representative samples of the actual substrate.
  - 1. Provide stepped Samples defining each separate coat, including primers. Use representative colors when preparing Samples for review. Resubmit until required sheen, color, and texture are achieved.
  - 2. List of material and application for each coat of each sample. Label each sample for location and application.
  - 3. Submit samples on the following substrates for Owner's review of color and texture:
    - a. Ferrous and Nonferrous Metal: Provide two 4-inch- square samples of flat metal and two 8-inch- long samples of solid metal for each color and finish.
- E. Qualification Data: For firms and persons specified in "Quality Assurance" Article to demonstrate their capabilities and experience. Include lists of completed projects with project names and addresses, names and addresses of architects and owners, and other information specified.
- F. Requests for all coating system substitutions will be submitted and approved in writing to Engineer 10 days before bid date.
- G. Product Substitution: The specified materials are the minimum standards of quality for this project. Performance equivalent materials of other manufacturers may be substituted only by written approval of the Engineer. Requests for material substitutions shall be in accordance with requirements of the project specification.
  - 1. Bidders desiring to use materials other than those specified shall submit proposed system with their proposal at the time of bid based, together with the information required herein, and indicate the sum which will be deducted from the base bid should alternate materials be accepted.

### 1.5 MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Furnish extra materials, from the same product run, that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Coatings: 5 percent, but not less than 1 gal. of each material and color applied.

## 1.6 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Applicator Qualifications: Engage an experienced applicator who has completed highperformance coating system applications similar in material and extent to those indicated for Project and whose work has a record of successful in-service performance.
- B. Source Limitations: Obtain primers and undercoat materials for each coating system from the same manufacturer as the finish coats.

## 1.7 <u>DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING</u>

- A. Deliver materials to Project site in manufacturer's original, unopened packages and containers bearing manufacturer's name and label with the following information:
  - 1. Name or title of material.
  - 2. Product description (generic classification or binder type).
  - 3. Manufacturer's stock number and date of manufacture.
  - 4. Contents by volume, for pigment and vehicle constituents.
  - 5. Thinning instructions.
  - 6. Application instructions.
  - 7. Color name and number.
  - 8. Handling instructions and precautions.
- B. Store materials not in use in tightly covered containers in a well-ventilated area at a minimum ambient temperature of 60° F. Maintain containers used in storage in a clean condition, free of foreign materials and residue.
  - 1. Protect materials from freezing. Keep storage area neat and orderly. Remove oily rags and waste daily. Take necessary measures to ensure that workers and work areas are protected from fire and health hazards resulting from handling, mixing, and applying coatings.

## 1.8 <u>FIELD CONDITIONS</u>

- A. Apply coatings only when temperature of surfaces to be coated and ambient air temperatures are between 50 and 95 deg F.
- B. Do not apply coatings when relative humidity exceeds 85 percent; at temperatures less than 5 deg F above the dew point; or to damp or wet surfaces. Allow wet surfaces to dry thoroughly and attain temperature and conditions specified before proceeding with or continuing coating operation.
- C. Do not apply exterior coatings in snow, rain, fog, or mist.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
  - 1. Sherwin-Williams Company (The).
  - 2. Tnemec Inc.
  - 3. Axalta Coating Systems
- B. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products listed in the Exterior High-Performance Coating Schedule.

### 2.2 HIGH-PERFORMANCE COATINGS, GENERAL

- A. MPI Standards: Products shall comply with MPI standards indicated and shall be listed in its "MPI Approved Products Lists."
- B. Material Compatibility:
  - 1. Materials for use within each paint system shall be compatible with one another and substrates indicated, under conditions of service and application as demonstrated by manufacturer, based on testing and field experience.
  - 2. For each coat in a paint system, products shall be recommended in writing by topcoat manufacturers for use in paint system and on substrate indicated.
  - 3. Products shall be of same manufacturer for each coat in a coating system.
- C. Colors: As selected by Owner and directed by Architect from manufacturer's full range.

#### 2.3 EXTERIOR HIGH-PERFORMANCE COATING SCHEDULE

- A. Steel Substrates: See specification section 05120 Structural Steel Framing for steel to receive the below noted coatings.
  - 1. Pigmented Polyurethane over Inorganic Zinc-Rich Primer and High-Build Epoxy System:
    - a. Prime Coat: Primer, zinc rich, inorganic.
      - 1) Tnemec Company Incorporated; Perimeprime 394-0250.
      - 2) Axalta Coating Systems; Ganicin 2.8 MC-U moisture cured zinc rich primer.
      - 3) Sherwin-Williams; zinc-clad 3 inorganic.

- b. Intermediate Coat: Epoxy, high build, low gloss.
  - 1) Tnemec Company Incorporated; F.C. Typoxy Series 27.
  - 2) Axalta Coating Systems; Corlar 2.1 ST TDS.
  - 3) Sherwin-Williams; Macropoly 646 fast cure.
- c. Topcoat: Polyurethane, two component, pigmented, gloss (MPI Gloss Level 6).
  - 1) Tnemec Company Incorporated; Endura-Shield.
  - 2) Axalta Coating Systems; Imron 3.5 HG + TDS.
  - 3) Sherwin-Williams; Acrolon 218.

#### 2.4 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Testing of Coating Materials: Owner reserves the right to invoke the following procedure:
  - 1. Owner will engage the services of a qualified testing agency to sample coating materials. Contractor will be notified in advance and may be present when samples are taken. If coating materials have already been delivered to Project site, samples may be taken at Project site. Samples will be identified, sealed, and certified by testing agency.
  - 2. Testing agency will perform tests for compliance with product requirements.
  - 3. Owner may direct Contractor to stop applying coatings if test results show materials being used do not comply with product requirements. Contractor shall remove noncomplying coating materials from Project site, pay for testing, and recoat surfaces coated with rejected materials. Contractor will be required to remove rejected materials from previously coated surfaces if, on recoating with complying materials, the two coatings are incompatible.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 **EXAMINATION**

- A. Examine substrates and conditions, with Applicator present, for compliance with requirements for maximum moisture content and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Verify suitability of substrates, including surface conditions and compatibility, with existing finishes and primers.
- C. Proceed with coating application only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

1. Application of coating indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

## 3.2 **PREPARATION**

- A. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual" applicable to substrates and coating systems indicated.
- B. Remove hardware, covers, plates, and similar items already in place that are removable and are not to be painted. If removal is impractical or impossible because of size or weight of item, provide surface-applied protection before surface preparation and painting.
  - 1. After completing painting operations, use workers skilled in the trades involved to reinstall items that were removed. Remove surface-applied protection if any.
- C. Clean substrates of substances that could impair bond of coatings, including dust, dirt, oil, grease, and incompatible paints and encapsulants.
  - 1. Remove incompatible primers and reprime substrate with compatible primers or apply tie coat as required to produce coating systems indicated.
- D. Surface Preparation: Shall be in accordance with SSPC-WJ4 Pressure Washing using a minimum of 4,000psi followed by SSPC-SP6 Commercial Blast. Cleaned surfaces shall be primed within 8 hours of cleaning and prior to any surface rusting.
- E. Galvanized-Metal Substrates: Remove grease and oil residue from galvanized sheet metal by mechanical methods to produce clean, lightly etched surfaces that promote adhesion of subsequently applied coatings.

#### F. Inspection of Surfaces:

- 1. Examine surfaces to be coated and report any conditions that would adversely effect the appearance or performance of the coating system and which cannot be put into an acceptable condition by the preparatory work specified herein.
- 2. Do not proceed with surface preparation and application until surfaces are acceptable. Commencement of application of coating to any surface shall be construed as acceptance or surfaces as being proper to receive the finish, and any defects in work resulting from such accepted surfaces shall be corrected by the applicator without additional cost to the Owner.

#### 3.3 <u>APPLICATION</u>

A. Apply high-performance coatings according to manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations in "MPI Architectural Painting Specification Manual."

- 1. Use applicators and techniques suited for coating and substrate indicated.
- B. Tint undercoats to match color of finish coat, but provide sufficient difference in shade of undercoats to distinguish each separate coat.
- C. If undercoats or other conditions show through final coat, apply additional coats until cured film has a uniform coating finish, color, and appearance.
- D. Apply coatings to produce surface films without cloudiness, spotting, holidays, laps, brush marks, runs, sags, ropiness, or other surface imperfections. Produce sharp glass lines and color breaks.

#### 3.4 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Dry Film Thickness Testing: Owner may engage the services of a qualified testing and inspecting agency to inspect and test coatings for dry film thickness to meet coating manufacturers requirements.
  - 1. Contractor shall touch up and restore coated surfaces damaged by testing.
  - 2. If test results show that dry film thickness of applied coating does not comply with coating manufacturer's written recommendations, Contractor shall pay for testing and apply additional coats as needed to provide dry film thickness that complies with coating manufacturer's written recommendations.

### 3.5 <u>CLEANING AND PROTECTION</u>

- A. At end of each workday, remove rubbish, empty cans, rags, and other discarded materials from Project site.
- B. After completing coating application, clean spattered surfaces. Remove spattered coatings by washing, scraping, or other methods. Do not scratch or damage adjacent finished surfaces.
- C. Protect work of other trades against damage from coating operation. Correct damage to work of other trades by cleaning, repairing, replacing, and recoating, as approved by Architect, and leave in an undamaged condition.
- D. At completion of construction activities of other trades, touch up and restore damaged or defaced coated surfaces.

END OF SECTION 09 96 00

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#### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes room-identification signs that are directly attached to the building.

#### 1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

A. Accessible: In accordance with the accessibility standard.

#### 1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
- B. Shop Drawings: For room-identification signs.
  - 1. Include fabrication and installation details and attachments to other work.
  - 2. Show sign mounting heights, locations of supplementary supports to be provided by other installers, and accessories.
  - 3. Show message list, typestyles, graphic elements, including raised characters and Braille, and layout for each sign at least half size.
- C. Product Schedule: For room-identification signs. Use same designations indicated on Drawings or specified.

### 1.5 <u>CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS</u>

A. Maintenance Data: For signs to include in maintenance manuals.

#### 1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of signs that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Deterioration of finishes beyond normal weathering.
    - b. Deterioration of embedded graphic image.
    - c. Separation or delamination of sheet materials and components.

2. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

A. Accessibility Standard: Comply with applicable provisions in the USDOJ's "2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design," the ABA standards of the Federal agency having jurisdiction, and ICC A117.1.

### 2.2 ROOM-IDENTIFICATION SIGNS

- A. Room-Identification Sign: Sign with smooth, uniform surfaces; with message and characters having uniform faces, sharp corners, and precisely formed lines and profiles; and as follows:
  - 1. Product from one of the following manufacturers:
    - a. Best Sign Systems: Graphic Blast FG Fiberglass.
    - b. Mohawk Sign Systems: Series 200A Fiberglass.
    - c. Approved equal.
  - 2. Laminated-Sheet Sign: Water-resistant fiberglass face sheet with engraved raised graphics.
    - a. Thickness: 0.125 inch.
    - b. Surface-Applied Graphics: Applied acrylic polyurethane paint.
    - c. Color(s): As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
  - 3. Sign-Panel Perimeter: Finish edges smooth.
    - a. Edge Condition: Square cut.
    - b. Corner Condition in Elevation: Rounded.
  - 4. Mounting: Surface mounted to wall with adhesive.
  - 5. Text and Typeface: Accessible raised characters and Braille. Finish raised characters to contrast with background color, and finish Braille to match background color.

#### 2.3 SIGN MATERIALS

A. Sign: Fiberglass, 1/4" thickness.

B. Acrylic Polyurethane Paint for Sheet Materials: Acrylic polyurethane paints that are recommended by manufacturer for optimum adherence to surface and are UV and water resistant for colors and exposure indicated.

### 2.4 <u>ACCESSORIES</u>

A. Adhesive: Epoxy adhesive, as recommended by sign manufacturer.

### 2.5 FABRICATION

A. General: Provide manufacturer's standard sign assemblies according to requirements indicated.

# 2.6 GENERAL FINISH REQUIREMENTS

- A. Protect mechanical finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- B. Appearance of Finished Work: Noticeable variations in same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of adjoining components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 <u>INSTALLATION</u>

- A. General: Install signs using mounting methods indicated and according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 1. Install signs level, plumb, true to line, and at locations and heights indicated, with sign surfaces free of distortion and other defects in appearance.
  - 2. Install signs so they do not protrude or obstruct according to the accessibility standard.
  - 3. Before installation, verify that sign surfaces are clean and free of materials or debris that would impair installation.
- B. Accessibility: Install signs in locations on walls as indicated on Drawings and according to the accessibility standard.

### C. Mounting Methods:

1. Adhesive: Clean bond-breaking materials from substrate surface and remove loose debris. Apply linear beads or spots of adhesive symmetrically to back of sign and of suitable quantity to support weight of sign after cure without slippage. Keep adhesive away from edges to prevent adhesive extrusion as sign is applied

and to prevent visibility of cured adhesive at sign edges. Place sign in position, and push to engage adhesive. Temporarily support sign in position until adhesive fully sets.

## 3.2 ADJUSTING AND CLEANING

- A. Remove and replace damaged or deformed signs and signs that do not comply with specified requirements. Replace signs with damaged or deteriorated finishes or components that cannot be successfully repaired by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.
- B. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films as signs are installed.
- C. On completion of installation, clean exposed surfaces of signs according to manufacturer's written instructions, and touch up minor nicks and abrasions in finish. Maintain signs in a clean condition during construction and protect from damage until acceptance by Owner.

**END OF SECTION 10 14 23.16** 

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 **SUMMARY**

A. Section includes portable, hand-carried fire extinguishers and mounting brackets for fire extinguishers.

## 1.3 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

A. Product Data: For each type of product. Include rating and classification, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for fire extinguisher and mounting brackets.

#### 1.4 <u>INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS</u>

A. Warranty: Sample of special warranty.

### 1.5 <u>CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS</u>

A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For fire extinguishers to include in maintenance manuals.

#### 1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace fire extinguishers that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period.
  - 1. Failures include, but are not limited to, the following:
    - a. Failure of hydrostatic test according to NFPA 10.
    - b. Faulty operation of valves or release levers.
  - 2. Warranty Period: Six years from date of Substantial Completion.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 <u>PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS</u>

- A. NFPA Compliance: Fabricate and label fire extinguishers to comply with NFPA 10, "Portable Fire Extinguishers."
- B. Fire Extinguishers: Listed and labeled for type, rating, and classification by an independent testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Provide fire extinguishers approved, listed, and labeled by FM Global.

### 2.2 PORTABLE, HAND-CARRIED FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

- A. Fire Extinguishers: Type, size, and capacity for each mounting bracket indicated.
  - 1. Valves: Manufacturer's standard.
  - 2. Handles and Levers: Manufacturer's standard.
  - 3. Instruction Labels: Include pictorial marking system complying with NFPA 10, Appendix B, and bar coding for documenting fire-extinguisher location, inspections, maintenance, and recharging.
- B. Multipurpose Dry-Chemical Type in Aluminum Container: UL-rated 4-A:60-B:C, 10-lb nominal capacity, with monoammonium phosphate-based dry chemical in enameled-aluminum container.

### 2.3 MOUNTING BRACKETS

- A. Mounting Brackets: Manufacturer's standard galvanized steel, designed to secure fire extinguisher to wall or structure, of sizes required for types and capacities of fire extinguishers indicated, with plated or red baked-enamel finish.
- B. Identification: Lettering complying with authorities having jurisdiction for letter style, size, spacing, and location. Locate as indicated by Architect.
  - 1. Identify bracket-mounted fire extinguishers with the words "FIRE EXTINGUISHER" in red letter decals applied to mounting surface.
    - a. Orientation: Horizontal.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 **EXAMINATION**

A. Examine fire extinguishers for proper charging and tagging.

- 1. Remove and replace damaged, defective, or undercharged fire extinguishers.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

## 3.2 <u>INSTALLATION</u>

- A. General: Install fire extinguishers and mounting brackets in locations indicated and in compliance with requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Mounting Brackets: 54 inches above finished floor to top of fire extinguisher.
- B. Mounting Brackets: Fasten mounting brackets to surfaces, square and plumb, at locations indicated.

END OF SECTION 10 44 16

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### PART 1 - GENERAL

#### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 **SUMMARY**

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Automatic barrier gates.
  - 2. Vehicle detectors.
  - 3. Traffic controllers.
  - 4. Exit terminals.
  - 5. Miscellaneous parking control equipment.
  - 6. Parking facility management software.
  - 7. Access control units.

#### B. Related Requirements:

1. Section 055000 "Metal Fabrications".

#### 1.3 PREINSTALLATION MEETINGS

- A. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
  - 1. Inspect and discuss electrical roughing-in, equipment bases, and other preparatory work specified elsewhere.
  - 2. Verify that equipment operation is consistent with system description.
  - 3. Review sequence of operation for each type of parking control equipment.
  - 4. Review coordination of interlocked equipment specified in this Section and elsewhere.
  - 5. Review required testing, inspecting, and certifying procedures.
  - 6. Review remote access control from within the building.

## 1.4 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Product Data: For each type of product.
  - 1. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes for parking control equipment.
  - 2. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, electrical characteristics, and furnished specialties.

- B. Shop Drawings: For parking control equipment.
  - 1. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work.
  - 2. Include details of equipment assemblies. Indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
  - 3. Include diagrams for power, signal, and control wiring.
  - 4. Vehicle Detectors: Layout and method of placement of vehicle loop detector system.

## 1.5 <u>INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- B. Field quality-control reports.

#### 1.6 <u>CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Operation and Maintenance Data: For parking control equipment to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.
- B. Software and Firmware Operational Documentation:
  - 1. Software operating and upgrade manuals.
  - 2. Program Software Backup: On magnetic media or compact disk, complete with data files.
  - 3. Device address list.
  - 4. Printout of software application and graphic screens.

## 1.7 <u>MAINTENANCE MATERIAL SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Furnish extra materials that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Gate Arms: In addition to those installed, provide four (4) breakaway gate arms for each gate installed, complete with accessory components.

# 1.8 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An authorized representative who is trained and approved by manufacturer.
- B. Warranty Requirements: 5 years.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

A. Source Limitations: Obtain parking control equipment from single source from single manufacturer.

### 2.2 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

- A. Parking Control System: For the following types of parking management:
  - 1. Employee Parking: Employees shall have card access to each parking level (The lower level has rolling grills; the upper level has gate arms).
  - 2. Cards will be required for entry but no card will be required for exit.
  - 3. Ticket dispensing or fee collection is not required
  - 4. Cameras and intercoms will be required for remote monitoring and control. Cameras and intercoms will be provided by the Owner.
- B. Electrical Components and Devices: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, by a qualified testing agency, and marked for intended location and application.

#### 2.3 <u>AUTOMATIC BARRIER GATES</u>

- A. General: Provide parking control device consisting of operator and controller housed in a weathertight, tamper-resistant cabinet enclosure with gate arm. Device shall be activated by a signal from access or revenue control device. Fabricate unit with gate-arm height in down position of not more than 35 inchesabove pavement.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Amano McGann, Inc.
    - b. CAME Americas Automation LLC.
    - c. Parking Systems, Inc.
- B. Standards: ASTM F 2200 for barrier gates and gate operators that are listed and labeled according to UL 325 by a qualified testing agency.
- C. Controller: Factory-sealed, solid-state, plug-in type, with galvanized-steel box for wiring connections.
  - 1. Type: Noncommunicating.
    - a. Capable of logic for one- and two-way lanes.

- b. Separate momentary contacts for transient patrons, monthly patrons, vehicle entries, and vehicle exits.
- 2. Physical Characteristics:
  - a. On-off power supply switch.
  - b. Automatic-manual switch.
  - c. Communication port.
  - d. Thermal-overload protection with manual reset.
  - e. Plug-in connectors for vehicle loop detectors.
  - f. Thermostatically controlled heater with on/off/auto switch.
  - g. Switch to test motor and limit switches.
  - h. Emergency manual disconnect.
  - i. Battery backup.
  - j. Single, 115-V ac grounded power receptacle.
- 3. Operational Characteristics:
  - a. Able to store successive inputs and sequentially processing each one.
  - b. Automatic instant-reversing obstacle detector mechanism that stops downward motion of gate arm if arm contacts or nears an object and that immediately returns arm to upward position. Include a zero- to 60-second, variable-time reset device.
  - c. Directional arming logic.
  - d. Broken gate-arm monitoring.
  - e. Programmable timer.
  - f. Diagnostic mode for on-site testing, with LEDs for inputs and outputs.
  - g. Automatic and continuous testing of inputs and outputs.
  - h. Reversible arm capability for right- or left-handed operation.
- D. Cabinets: Fabricated from galvanized sheet metal with seams welded and ground smooth; approximately 15 inches square by 40 inches tall. Provide single, gasketed access door for each cabinet with flush-mounted locks. Furnish two keys for each lock, all locks keyed alike. Fabricate cabinet with internal reinforcing and four mounting holes accessible only from inside cabinet.
  - 1. Galvanized steel sheet: Not less than 0.125-inch thick.
    - a. Finish cabinet, interior and exterior, with manufacturer's standard bakedenamel or powder-coat finish. Color to be selected from manufacturers full range of colors.

- E. Straight Gate Arm: 1-by-4-inch nominal-Fiberglass, PVC, or polycarbonate, with painted finish and black diagonal stripes on traffic-side face. Provide mounting flange with breakaway feature to ensure a clean break if arm is struck by vehicle.
  - 1. Length: 12 feet
- F. Operator: UL labeled and listed, Class I. 1/3 hp;, 60-Hz, single-phase, instant-reversing, continuous-duty motor for operating gate arm. Transmit power to gate-arm drive shaft through the speed reducer to harmonic-acting crank and connecting rod. Fabricate crank, rod, and drive shaft of galvanized solid bar steel. Provide an operable cam for adjusting arm travel.
  - 1. Opening Time: Six seconds.
  - 2. Inherently adjustable, torque limiting clutch for safety.

#### G. Characteristics:

- 1. Audible alarm that activates as part of a safety device system.
- 2. Additional obstruction detector; noncontact infrared.
- 3. Barrier-arm warning safety signs on both sides of unit to limit traffic to vehicular traffic.
- 4. Low-voltage yellow warning lights that illuminate when gate is in down position.
- 5. Low-voltage light on cabinet top that flashes or changes from red to green when barrier gate is operating.
- 6. Manually operated crank for emergency operation.
- 7. Gate-arm tip support with electromagnetic lock.

#### 2.4 VEHICLE DETECTORS

- A. General: Provide detection devices that sense presence or transit of vehicles and emit signals activating gate-arm operators.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Amano McGann, Inc.
    - b. CAME Americas Automation LLC.
    - c. Parking Systems, Inc
- B. Vehicle Loop Detector System: Self-tuning electronic presence detector with adjustable detection patterns, adjustable sensitivity and frequency settings, and panel indicator light. Include automatic closing timer with adjustable time delay before closing, timer cut-off switch, designed to hold gate arm open until traffic clears. Provide number of loops consisting of multiple strands of wire, number of turns, loop size, and method of

placement at location indicated on Drawings, as recommended in writing by detection system manufacturer for saw-cut installation.

- 1. Field-Assembled Loop: Wire, in size indicated for field assembly.
- 2. Operation:
  - a. Recognize vehicles within 6 inches of each other on standard-sized loop.
  - b. Recognize vehicle direction by detecting vehicle moving from one loop to another.
  - c. Continuous diagnostic monitoring for intermittently operating and failed loops.
  - d. Crosstalk test between adjacent loops.
- C. Active Infrared Vehicle Detector: Retroreflective type presence detector with adjustable detection zone pattern and sensitivity, designed to detect the presence or transit of vehicle in gate-arm pathway by interrupting infrared beam in zone pattern and to emit signal activating gate-arm operator. Include automatic closing timer with adjustable time delay before closing, and vehicle presence detector designed to hold gate arm open until traffic clears.

### 2.5 PARKING FACILITY MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE

- A. General: Manufacturer's standard software that is compatible with security-access control system and that provides automatic facility monitoring, supervision, and remote control of parking control equipment from one or more location.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Amano McGann, Inc.
    - b. CAME Americas Automation LLC.
    - c. Parking Systems, Inc.
    - d. Canadian Parking Equipment Ltd./American Parking Equipment Inc.
    - e. WPS North America Inc.

### 2.6 <u>ACCESS CONTROL UNITS</u>

- A. General: Provide access control unit that activates barrier gates.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Amano McGann, Inc.
    - b. CAME Americas Automation LLC.
    - c. Parking Systems, Inc.

- B. Unit Housing: Fabricate from welded cold-rolled steel with weatherproof front access panel equipped with flush-mounted lock and two keys. Provide face-lighted unit fully visible at night.
  - 1. Steel Finish: Manufacturer's standard baked-enamel or powder-coat finish system.
- C. Card Reader Controlled Unit: Functions only when authorized card is presented.
  - 1. The card readers must be compatible with the facilities existing card access and cards already issued and used by current employees.
- D. Digital Keypad Controlled Unit: Functions only when authorized code is entered on keyed keypad.
  - 1. System: Multiple-code capability of no fewer than 100 possible individual codes.
  - 2. System: Programmable, multiple-code capability permitting validation or voiding of no fewer than 2500 possible individual codes, consisting of one to six digits[, and permitting four different access time periods.
  - 3. Operation: Online communication to remote security-access control system computer.
  - 4. Characteristics: Capable of monitoring and auditing barrier gate activity.
  - 5. Mounting: With pedestal.

#### 2.7 ANCHORAGES

A. Anchor bolts; hot-dip galvanized according to ASTM A 153/A 153M and ASTM F 2329.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 <u>EXAMINATION</u>

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances, including equipment bases; accurate placement, pattern, and orientation of anchor bolts; critical dimensions; and other conditions affecting performance of the Work.
- B. Examine roughing-in for electrical and communication systems to verify actual locations of connections before parking control equipment installation.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Excavation for Traffic Controllers: Saw cut existing pavement for recessed traffic controllers and hand-excavate recesses to dimensions and depths and at locations as required by traffic controller manufacturer's written instructions and as indicated on Drawings.

#### 3.3 INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install parking control equipment as required for complete and integrated installation.
  - 1. Rough-in electrical connections.
- B. Automatic Barrier Gates: Anchor cabinets to concrete bases with anchor bolts or expansion anchors, and mount barrier gate arms.
  - 1. Install barrier gates according to UL 325.
- C. Vehicle Loop Detectors: Cut grooves in pavement and bury and seal wire loop at locations indicated on Drawings according to manufacturer's written instructions. Connect to parking control equipment operated by detector.
- D. Connect wiring according to Section 260519 "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."
- E. Ground equipment according to Section 260526 "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."

#### 3.4 <u>FIELD QUALITY CONTROL</u>

- A. Testing Agency: Owner will engage a qualified testing agency to perform tests and inspections.
- B. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to test and inspect components, assemblies, and equipment installations, including connections.
- C. Perform the following tests and inspections:
  - 1. Perform each visual and mechanical inspection and electrical test stated in NETA Acceptance Testing Specification. Certify compliance with test parameters.
  - 2. Operational Test: After electrical circuitry has been energized, start units to confirm proper motor rotation and unit operation.

- 3. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- D. Parking control equipment will be considered defective if it does not pass tests and inspections.
- E. Prepare test and inspection reports.

## 3.5 <u>ADJUSTING</u>

- A. Adjust parking control equipment to function smoothly, and lubricate as recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Confirm that locks engage accurately and securely without forcing or binding.
- C. After completing installation of exposed, factory-finished parking control equipment, inspect exposed finishes and repair damaged finishes.

#### 3.6 PROTECTION

A. Remove barrier gate arms during the construction period to prevent damage, and install them immediately before Substantial Completion.

### 3.7 SOFTWARE SERVICE AGREEMENT

- A. Technical Support: Beginning at Substantial Completion, service agreement shall include software support for two years.
- B. Upgrade Service: At Substantial Completion, update software to latest version. Install and program software upgrades that become available within [two] years from date of Substantial Completion. Upgrading software shall include operating system and new or revised licenses for using software.
  - 1. Upgrade Notice: At least 30 days to allow Owner to schedule and access the system and to upgrade computer equipment if necessary.

#### 3.8 **DEMONSTRATION**

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain parking control equipment.

**END OF SECTION 11 12 00** 

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## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. This section is intended to supplement the requirements of Division 01 requirements. For any conflicting requirements for minimum quantities or quality levels between this Section and Division 01, comply with the most stringent requirement.

## 1.2 WORK UNDER OTHER CONTRACTS

A. General: Cooperate fully with separate contractors so work on those contracts may be carried out smoothly, without interfering with or delaying work under this Contract. Coordinate the Work of this Contract with work performed under separate contracts.

## 1.3 WORK RESTRICTIONS

- A. Existing Utility Interruptions: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services:
  - 1. Notify Construction Manager or Owner not less than 10 days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
  - 2. Do not proceed with utility interruptions without Construction Manager's or Owner's written permission.

## 1.4 <u>SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES</u>

- A. Delegated-Design Services:
  - 1. Performance and Design Criteria: Where professional design services or certifications by a design professional are specifically required of the Contractor by the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall provide products and systems complying with specific performance and design indicated.
    - a. If criteria indicated are not sufficient to perform services or certification required, submit a written request for additional information to the Architect.
  - 2. Delegated-Design Services Certification: In addition to Shop Drawings, Product Data, and other required submittals, submit digitally signed PDF electronic file copies of certificate, signed and sealed by the responsible design professional, for

each product and system specifically assigned to the Contractor to be designed or certified by a design professional.

a. Indicate that products and systems comply with performance and design criteria in the Contract Documents. Include list of codes, loads, and other factors used in performing these services.

# 1.5 RECORD DRAWINGS AND RECORD DIGITAL FILES

- A. Record Drawings and Record Digital Files: Comply with the following:
  - 1. Submit Record Drawings and Record Digital Files as follows:
    - a. Initial Submittal: Submit one set of plots from corrected Record CAD Drawings and one set of marked-up Record Prints. Engineer will initial and date each plot and mark whether general scope of changes, additional information recorded, and quality of drafting are acceptable. Engineer will return plot for organizing into sets, printing, binding, and final submittal.
    - b. Final Submittal: Submit three sets of Record CAD Drawing files, three sets of Construction Coordination Building Information Model, and one set of Record CAD Drawing plots. Plot and print each drawing, whether or not changes and additional information were recorded.
      - 1) Electronic Media: CD-R.
- B. Qualification Data: For training instructor.

## 1.6 MINIMUM CONTRACTOR'S COMMISSIONING RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Each Contractor shall assign representatives with expertise and authority to act on its behalf and shall schedule them to participate in and perform commissioning process activities including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Evaluate performance deficiencies identified in test reports and, in collaboration with entity responsible for system and equipment installation, recommend corrective action.
  - 2. Cooperate with the CxA for resolution of issues recorded in the Issues Log.
  - 3. Attend commissioning team meetings held on a weekly basis.
  - 4. Integrate and coordinate commissioning process activities with construction schedule.
  - 5. Review and accept construction checklists provided by the CxA.
  - 6. Complete paper or electronic construction checklists as Work is completed and provide to the Commissioning Authority on a weekly basis.
  - 7. Review and accept commissioning process test procedures provided by the Commissioning Authority.

- 8. Complete commissioning process test procedures.
- B. Refer to related information in Div. 1 for additional requirements.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 <u>RECORD DRAWINGS</u>

- A. Record CAD Drawings: Immediately before observation for Certificate of Substantial Completion, review marked-up Record Prints with Engineer and Construction Manager. When authorized, prepare a full set of corrected CAD Drawings of the Contract Drawings, as follows:
  - 1. Format: Autodesk .dwg format of the same version, and operating system as the original Contract Drawings.
  - 2. Incorporate changes and additional information previously marked on Record Prints. Delete, redraw, and add details and notations where applicable.
  - 3. Refer instances of uncertainty to Engineer for resolution.
  - 4. Contractor may request one set of CAD Drawings of the Contract Drawings for use in recording information.
    - a. Engineer makes no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of CAD Drawings as they relate to the Contract Drawings.
- B. Format: Identify and date each Record Drawing; include the designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWING" in a prominent location.
  - 1. Record Prints: Organize Record Prints and newly prepared Record Drawings into manageable sets. Bind each set with durable paper cover sheets. Include identification on cover sheets.
  - 2. Record CAD/Revit Drawings: Organize information into separate electronic files that correspond to each sheet of the Contract Drawings. Name each file with the sheet identification. Include identification in each file.
  - 3. Identification: As follows:
    - a. Project name.
    - b. Date.
    - c. Designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWINGS."
    - d. Name of Engineer, Architect and Construction Manager.
    - e. Name of Contractor.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 <u>EXAMINATION</u>

- A. Existing Conditions: The existence and location of underground and other utilities and construction indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning work, investigate and verify the existence and location of underground utilities, mechanical and electrical systems, and other construction affecting the Work.
  - 1. Before construction, verify the location and invert elevation at points of connection of sanitary sewer, storm sewer, and water-service piping; underground electrical services, and other utility and system connections.
  - 2. Furnish location data for work related to Project that must be performed by public utilities serving Project site.
  - 3. Existing Utility Information: Furnish information to local utility and Owner that is necessary to adjust, move, or relocate existing utility structures, utility poles, lines, services, or other utility appurtenances located in or affected by construction. Coordinate with authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Acceptance of Conditions: Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance. Record observations.
  - 1. Written Report: Where a written report listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Project scope of work is required by other Sections, include the following:
    - a. Description of the Work.
    - b. List of detrimental conditions, including substrates.
    - c. List of unacceptable installation tolerances.
    - d. Recommended corrections.
  - 2. Verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates, including compatibility with existing finishes or primers.
  - 3. Examine roughing-in for mechanical and electrical systems to verify actual locations of connections before equipment and fixture installation.
  - 4. Examine walls, floors, and roofs for suitable conditions where products and systems are to be installed.
  - 5. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected. Proceeding with the Work indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

## 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Existing Utility Information: Furnish information to local utility and Owner that is necessary to adjust, move, or relocate existing utility structures, utility poles, lines,

- services, or other utility appurtenances located in or affected by construction. Coordinate with authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Field Measurements: Take field measurements as required to fit the Work properly. Recheck measurements before installing each product. Where portions of the Work are indicated to fit to other construction, verify dimensions of other construction by field measurements before fabrication. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.
- C. Space Requirements: Verify space requirements and dimensions of items shown diagrammatically on Drawings.
- D. Review of Contract Documents and Field Conditions: Immediately on discovery of the need for clarification of the Contract Documents, submit a request for information to Engineer. Include a detailed description of problem encountered, together with recommendations for changing the Contract Documents.

## 3.3 **DEMOLITION**

- A. Work indicated to be removed includes removal of all auxiliary materials, accessories, anchorage, fasteners, and etc., down to bare substrate. No residual materials shall remain from work to be removed. Contractor will use whatever means necessary; including removal of all materials attached or related to those items designated to be removed, as acceptable to Owner and Engineer, to provided complete and thorough removal of existing work.
- B. Protect existing equipment and installations indicated to remain. If damaged or disturbed in the course of the Work, remove damaged portions and install new products of equal capacity, quality, and functionality.
- C. Accessible Work: Remove exposed equipment and installations, indicated to be demolished, in their entirety.
- D. Abandoned Work: Cut and remove buried MEP system materials, equipment, raceways, piping and distribution, indicated to be abandoned in place, 2 inches below the surface of adjacent construction. Cap and patch surface to match existing finish.
- E. Remove demolished materials from Project site.
- F. Remove, store, clean, reinstall, reconnect, and make operational components indicated for relocation.
- G. Field verify all existing MEP system materials, equipment, raceways, piping and distribution to be removed for exact quantities.

- H. Remove all existing MEP system materials, equipment, raceways, piping and distribution located above ceilings and in walls that are not being reused.
- I. Remove all MEP systems and appurtenances, which are to be removed, in their entireties back to the source or source panels.
- J. Remove all existing MEP system materials, equipment, raceways, piping and distribution located in walls or ceilings being demolished. Abandon no devices that have been disconnected unless specifically noted.
- K. Maintain continuity of all existing MEP devices, and utilization equipment not removed.
- L. Remove, store, protect, and reinstall existing work as required to accommodate alteration indicated.
- M. The existing work to be removed, in general, is as indicated on the Drawings and in this Section, but also includes any materials or work necessary to permit installation of new materials, as approved by Owner and Engineer.
- N. Disconnect, demolish, and remove systems, equipment, and components indicated to be removed, abandoned or as made obsolete by this project.
  - 1. To Be Removed: Remove portion of systems, equipment, and components indicated to be removed and cap or plug remaining with same or compatible material.
  - 2. To Be Abandoned in Place: Drain piping and cap or plug systems, equipment, and components with same or compatible material.
  - 3. Equipment to Be Removed: Disconnect, make safe and cap services and remove equipment.
  - 4. Equipment to Be Removed and Reinstalled: Disconnect, make safe and cap services and remove, clean, and store equipment; when appropriate, reinstall, reconnect, and make equipment operational.
  - 5. Equipment to Be Removed and Salvaged: Disconnect, make safe and cap services and remove equipment and deliver at direction of Owner.
- O. If systems, equipment, and components to remain is damaged in appearance or is unserviceable, remove damaged or unserviceable portions and replace with new products of equal capacity and quality.
- P. In finished areas, all systems, equipment, and components shall be cut back to a concealed location, i.e., within walls, above ceilings, etc., before capping.

## 3.4 <u>INSTALLATION</u>

- A. General: Locate the Work and components of the Work accurately, in correct alignment and elevation, as indicated.
  - 1. Make vertical work plumb and make horizontal work level.
  - 2. Where space is limited, install components to maximize space available for maintenance and ease of removal for replacement.
  - 3. Conceal pipes, ducts, and wiring in finished areas, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 4. Maintain minimum headroom clearance as indicated by Architect and/or Construction Manager in spaces without a suspended ceiling.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations for installing products in applications indicated.
- C. Install products at the time and under conditions that will ensure the best possible results. Maintain conditions required for product performance until Substantial Completion.
- D. Conduct construction operations so no part of the Work is subjected to damaging operations or loading in excess of that expected during normal conditions of occupancy.
- E. Tools and Equipment: Do not use tools or equipment that produces harmful noise levels.
- F. Templates: Obtain and distribute to the parties involved templates for work specified to be factory prepared and field installed. Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing products to comply with indicated requirements.
- G. Anchors and Fasteners: Provide anchors and fasteners as required to anchor each component securely in place, accurately located and aligned with other portions of the Work.
  - 1. All equipment and piping not supported from the building structural steel shall not exceed a combined load of 7 psf when supported from the metal deck/slab. Any condition that may exceed this limit shall be reviewed and approved by the Design-Builder and Structure Engineer before installation.
  - 2. Mounting Heights: Where mounting heights are not indicated, mount components at heights directed by Engineer and/or to allow for proper access.
  - 3. Allow for building movement, including thermal expansion and contraction.
  - 4. Coordinate installation of anchorages. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

H. Hazardous Materials: Use products, cleaners, and installation materials that are not considered hazardous.

## 3.5 SCAFFOLDING, RIGGING, HOISTING

- A. Excavation and backfilling shall be done per Division 2 of the Specifications.
- B. The Contractor shall furnish all scaffolding, rigging, hoisting and services necessary for erection and delivery into the premises any equipment and apparatus furnished under this Division. Remove same from premises when no longer required.

## 3.6 EXCAVATION AND BACKFILLING

A. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to coordinate sizes, depths, fill and bedding requirements and any other excavation work required under this Division.

# 3.7 <u>ACCESSIBILITY AND ACCESS PANELS</u>

- A. The Contractor shall be responsible for the sufficiency of the size of shafts and chases, the adequate thickness of partitions, and the adequate clearance in double partitions and hung ceilings for the proper installation of the Work.
- B. Locate all equipment which must be serviced, operated or maintained in fully accessible positions. Access doors shall be furnished for accessibility. Minor deviations from the Drawings may be made to allow better accessibility, but changes of magnitude or which involve extra cost shall not be made without the acceptance of the Engineer.
- C. Locate all equipment which must be serviced, operated or maintained in fully accessible positions. Equipment shall include, but not be limited to: motors, controllers, coil, valves, switchgear, drain points, etc. Access doors shall be furnished if required for better accessibility. Minor deviations from the Drawings may be made to allow better accessibility, but changes of magnitude or which involve extra cost shall not be made without the acceptance of the Engineer.
- D. Access doors in walls, ceilings, floors, etc., shall be field coordinated. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to coordinate and provide information regarding the sizes and quantities of access doors required for his work. The Contractor shall arrange his work in such a manner as to minimize the quantity of access doors required, such as grouping shutoff valves in the same area. Where possible, locate valves in already accessible areas, such as lay-in ceilings, etc.
- E. On a clean set of prints, the Contractor shall mark in red pencil the location of each required access door, including its size and fire rating (if any), and shall submit the print to the Architect for review before access doors are purchased or installed.

F. Upon completion of the Project, the Contractor shall physically demonstrate that all equipment and devices installed have been located and/or provided with adequate access panels for repair, maintenance and/or operation. Any equipment not so furnished shall be relocated or provided with additional access panels by the installing Contractor at no additional cost to the Owner.

## 3.8 STARTING AND ADJUSTING

- A. Start equipment and operating components to confirm proper operation. Remove malfunctioning units, replace with new units, and retest.
- B. Adjust operating components for proper operation without binding. Adjust equipment for proper operation.
- C. Test each piece of equipment to verify proper operation. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- D. Manufacturer's Field Service: Provide a factory-authorized service representative to inspect field-assembled components and equipment installation, comply with qualification requirements in "Quality Requirements."

## 3.9 PROTECTION OF INSTALLED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure installed Work is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for temperature and relative humidity.
- C. Remove debris from concealed spaces before enclosing the space.
- D. Remove liquid spills promptly.
- E. Where dust would impair proper execution of the Project scope of work, broom-clean or vacuum the entire work area, as appropriate.
- F. Installed Work: Keep installed work clean.
- G. Exposed Surfaces in Finished Areas: Clean exposed surfaces and protect as necessary to ensure freedom from damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- H. During handling and installation, clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials already in place. Apply protective covering where required to ensure protection from damage or deterioration at Substantial Completion.

- I. Clean and provide maintenance on completed construction as frequently as necessary through the remainder of the construction period. Adjust and lubricate operable components to ensure operability without damaging effects.
- J. Limiting Exposures: Supervise construction operations to assure that no part of the construction completed or in progress, is subject to harmful, dangerous, damaging, or otherwise deleterious exposure during the construction period.

## 3.10 CORRECTION OF THE WORK

- A. The cost of corrective work shall be included under the contract.
- B. Repair or remove and replace defective construction.
  - 1. Repairing includes replacing defective parts, refinishing damaged surfaces, touching up with matching materials, and properly adjusting operating equipment.
- C. Restore permanent facilities used during construction to their specified or original condition.
- D. Remove and replace damaged surfaces that are exposed to view if surfaces cannot be repaired without visible evidence of repair.
- E. Repair components that do not operate properly. Remove and replace operating components to new condition.
- F. Remove and replace chipped, scratched, and broken glass or reflective surfaces.

END OF SECTION 22 00 10

## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following hangers and supports for plumbing system piping and equipment:
  - 1. Steel pipe hangers and supports.
  - 2. Trapeze pipe hangers.
  - 3. Metal framing systems.
  - 4. Fastener systems.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 05 Section "Metal Fabrications" for structural-steel shapes and plates for trapeze hangers for pipe and equipment supports.

## 1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- A. MSS: Manufacturers Standardization Society for The Valve and Fittings Industry Inc.
- B. Terminology: As defined in MSS SP-90, "Guidelines on Terminology for Pipe Hangers and Supports."

#### 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Design supports for multiple pipes, including pipe stands, capable of supporting combined weight of supported systems, system contents, and test water.
- B. Design equipment supports capable of supporting combined operating weight of supported equipment and connected systems and components.
- C. Design seismic-restraint hangers and supports for piping and equipment.

## 1.5 **SUBMITTALS**

- A. Product Data: For the following:
  - 1. Steel pipe hangers and supports.
  - 2. Thermal-hanger shield inserts.

- 3. Powder-actuated fastener systems.
- 4. Pipe positioning systems.
- B. Shop Drawings: Signed and sealed by a qualified professional engineer. Show fabrication and installation details and include calculations for the following:
  - 1. Trapeze pipe hangers. Include Product Data for components.
  - 2. Metal framing systems. Include Product Data for components.
- C. Welding certificates.

## 1.6 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Welding: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
  - 1. AWS D1.1, "Structural Welding Code--Steel."
  - 2. AWS D1.2, "Structural Welding Code--Aluminum."
  - 3. AWS D1.4, "Structural Welding Code--Reinforcing Steel."
  - 4. ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code: Section IX.

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

## 2.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Comply with requirements in Part 3 articles for where materials shall be applied.

## 2.2 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

## 2.3 STEEL PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Description: MSS SP-58, Types 1 through 58, factory-fabricated components. Refer to Part 3 "Hanger and Support Applications" Article for where to use specific hanger and support types.
- B. Manufacturers:
  - 1. AAA Technology & Specialties Co., Inc.
  - 2. Bergen-Power Pipe Supports.
  - 3. B-Line Systems, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
  - 4. Carpenter & Paterson, Inc.

- 5. Empire Industries, Inc.
- 6. ERICO/Michigan Hanger Co.
- 7. Globe Pipe Hanger Products, Inc.
- 8. Grinnell Corp.
- 9. GS Metals Corp.
- 10. National Pipe Hanger Corporation.
- 11. PHD Manufacturing, Inc.
- 12. PHS Industries, Inc.
- 13. Piping Technology & Products, Inc.
- 14. Tolco Inc.
- C. Galvanized, Metallic Coatings: Hot dipped after fabrication (ASTM A 123 and ASTM A 153)..
- D. Nonmetallic Coatings: Plastic coating, jacket, or liner.
- E. Padded Hangers: Hanger with fiberglass or other pipe insulation pad or cushion for support of bearing surface of piping.

## 2.4 TRAPEZE PIPE HANGERS

A. Description: MSS SP-69, Type 59, shop- or field-fabricated pipe-support assembly made from structural-steel shapes with MSS SP-58 hanger rods, nuts, saddles, and U-bolts.

## 2.5 METAL FRAMING SYSTEMS

- A. Description: MFMA-3, shop- or field-fabricated pipe-support assembly made of steel channels and other components.
- B. Manufacturers:
  - 1. B-Line Systems, Inc.; a division of Cooper Industries.
  - 2. ERICO/Michigan Hanger Co.; ERISTRUT Div.
  - 3. GS Metals Corp.
  - 4. Power-Strut Div.; Tyco International, Ltd.
  - 5. Thomas & Betts Corporation.
  - 6. Tolco Inc.
  - 7. Unistrut Corp.; Tyco International, Ltd.
- C. Coatings: Hot dipped galvanized after fabrication (ASTM A 123 and ASTM A 153).
- D. Nonmetallic Coatings: Plastic coating, jacket, or liner.

## 2.6 FASTENER SYSTEMS

- A. Powder-Actuated Fasteners: Threaded-steel stud, for use in hardened portland cement concrete with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used. Verify suitability use in lightweight concrete slabs and all slabs less than 4 inches thick.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Hilti, Inc.
    - b. ITW Ramset/Red Head.
    - c. Powers Fasteners.
- B. Mechanical-Expansion Anchors: Insert-wedge-type zinc-coated steel, for use in hardened portland cement concrete with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used. Verify suitability use in lightweight concrete slabs and all slabs less than 4 inches thick.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Hilti, Inc.
    - b. ITW Ramset/Red Head.
    - c. Powers Fasteners.

## 2.7 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

A. Description: Welded, shop- or field-fabricated equipment support made from structural-steel shapes.

## 2.8 <u>MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS</u>

- A. Structural Steel: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
- B. Grout: ASTM C 1107, factory-mixed and -packaged, dry, hydraulic-cement, nonshrink and nonmetallic grout; suitable for interior and exterior applications.
  - 1. Properties: Nonstaining, noncorrosive, and nongaseous.
  - 2. Design Mix: 5000-psi, 28-day compressive strength.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 HANGER AND SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

- A. Specific hanger and support requirements are specified in Sections specifying piping systems and equipment.
- B. Comply with MSS SP-69 for pipe hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- C. Use hangers and supports with hot-dipped galvanized, metallic coatings for piping and equipment that will not have field-applied finish.
- D. Use nonmetallic coatings on attachments for electrolytic protection where attachments are in direct contact with copper tubing.
- E. Use padded hangers for piping that is subject to scratching.
- F. Horizontal-Piping Hangers and Supports: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
  - 1. Adjustable, Steel Clevis Hangers (MSS Type 1): For suspension of noninsulated or insulated stationary pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 30.
  - 2. Yoke-Type Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 2): For suspension of 120 to 450 deg F pipes, NPS 4 to NPS 16, requiring up to 4 inches of insulation.
  - 3. Carbon- or Alloy-Steel, Double-Bolt Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 3): For suspension of pipes, NPS 3/4 to NPS 24, requiring clamp flexibility and up to 4 inches of insulation.
  - 4. Steel Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 4): For suspension of cold and hot pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 24, if little or no insulation is required.
  - 5. Pipe Hangers (MSS Type 5): For suspension of pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 4, to allow off-center closure for hanger installation before pipe erection.
  - 6. Adjustable, Swivel Split- or Solid-Ring Hangers (MSS Type 6): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 3/4 to NPS 8.
  - 7. Adjustable, Steel Band Hangers (MSS Type 7): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 8.
  - 8. Adjustable Band Hangers (MSS Type 9): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 8.
  - 9. Adjustable, Swivel-Ring Band Hangers (MSS Type 10): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 2.
  - 10. Split Pipe-Ring with or without Turnbuckle-Adjustment Hangers (MSS Type 11): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 3/8 to NPS 8.
  - 11. Extension Hinged or 2-Bolt Split Pipe Clamps (MSS Type 12): For suspension of noninsulated stationary pipes, NPS 3/8 to NPS 3.

- 12. U-Bolts (MSS Type 24): For support of heavy pipes, NPS 1/2 to NPS 30.
- 13. Clips (MSS Type 26): For support of insulated pipes not subject to expansion or contraction.
- 14. Pipe Saddle Supports (MSS Type 36): For support of pipes, NPS 4 to NPS 36, with steel pipe base stanchion support and cast-iron floor flange.
- 15. Pipe Stanchion Saddles (MSS Type 37): For support of pipes, NPS 4 to NPS 36, with steel pipe base stanchion support and cast-iron floor flange and with U-bolt to retain pipe.
- 16. Adjustable, Pipe Saddle Supports (MSS Type 38): For stanchion-type support for pipes, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 36, if vertical adjustment is required, with steel pipe base stanchion support and cast-iron floor flange.
- 17. Single Pipe Rolls (MSS Type 41): For suspension of pipes, NPS 1 to NPS 30, from 2 rods if longitudinal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur.
- 18. Adjustable Roller Hangers (MSS Type 43): For suspension of pipes, NPS 2-1/2 to NPS 20, from single rod if horizontal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur.
- 19. Complete Pipe Rolls (MSS Type 44): For support of pipes, NPS 2 to NPS 42, if longitudinal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur but vertical adjustment is not necessary.
- 20. Pipe Roll and Plate Units (MSS Type 45): For support of pipes, NPS 2 to NPS 24, if small horizontal movement caused by expansion and contraction might occur and vertical adjustment is not necessary.
- 21. Adjustable Pipe Roll and Base Units (MSS Type 46): For support of pipes, NPS 2 to NPS 30, if vertical and lateral adjustment during installation might be required in addition to expansion and contraction.
- G. Vertical-Piping Clamps: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
  - 1. Extension Pipe or Riser Clamps (MSS Type 8): For support of pipe risers, NPS 3/4 to NPS 20.
  - 2. Carbon- or Alloy-Steel Riser Clamps (MSS Type 42): For support of pipe risers, NPS 3/4 to NPS 20, if longer ends are required for riser clamps.
- H. Building Attachments: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
  - 1. Steel or Malleable Concrete Inserts (MSS Type 18): For upper attachment to suspend pipe hangers from concrete ceiling.
  - 2. Top-Beam C-Clamps (MSS Type 19): For use under roof installations with barjoist construction to attach to top flange of structural shape.
  - 3. Side-Beam or Channel Clamps (MSS Type 20): For attaching to bottom flange of beams, channels, or angles.

- 4. Center-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 21): For attaching to center of bottom flange of beams.
- 5. Welded Beam Attachments (MSS Type 22): For attaching to bottom of beams if loads are considerable and rod sizes are large.
- 6. C-Clamps (MSS Type 23): For structural shapes.
- 7. Top-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 25): For top of beams if hanger rod is required tangent to flange edge.
- 8. Side-Beam Clamps (MSS Type 27): For bottom of steel I-beams.
- 9. Steel-Beam Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 28): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads.
- 10. Linked-Steel Clamps with Eye Nuts (MSS Type 29): For attaching to bottom of steel I-beams for heavy loads, with link extensions.
- 11. Malleable Beam Clamps with Extension Pieces (MSS Type 30): For attaching to structural steel.
- 12. Welded-Steel Brackets: For support of pipes from below, or for suspending from above by using clip and rod. Use one of the following for indicated loads:
  - a. Light (MSS Type 31): 750 lb.
  - b. Medium (MSS Type 32): 1500 lb.
  - c. Heavy (MSS Type 33): 3000 lb.
- 13. Side-Beam Brackets (MSS Type 34): For sides of steel or wooden beams.
- 14. Plate Lugs (MSS Type 57): For attaching to steel beams if flexibility at beam is required.
- 15. Horizontal Travelers (MSS Type 58): For supporting piping systems subject to linear horizontal movement where headroom is limited.
- I. Saddles and Shields: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections, install the following types:
  - 1. Steel Pipe-Covering Protection Saddles (MSS Type 39): For supporting insulated pipe without vapor barrier, fill interior voids with insulation that matches adjoining insulation.
  - 2. Protection Shields (MSS Type 40): Of length recommended in writing by manufacturer to prevent crushing insulation.
  - 3. Thermal-Hanger Shield Inserts: For supporting insulated pipe with vapor barrier.
- J. Spring Hangers and Supports: Unless otherwise indicated and except as specified in piping system Sections. Provide per Divisions 21, 22 and 23 mechanical vibration and seismic controls sections.
- K. Comply with MSS SP-69 for trapeze pipe hanger selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.

- L. Comply with MFMA-102 for metal framing system selections and applications that are not specified in piping system Sections.
- M. Use powder-actuated fasteners or mechanical-expansion anchors instead of building attachments where required in concrete construction. Verify suitability use in lightweight concrete slabs and all slabs less than 4 inches thick.
- N. Use pipe positioning systems in pipe spaces behind plumbing fixtures to support supply and waste piping for plumbing fixtures.

# 3.2 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Steel Pipe Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Install hangers, supports, clamps, and attachments as required to properly support piping from building structure.
- B. Trapeze Pipe Hanger Installation: Comply with MSS SP-69 and MSS SP-89. Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of horizontal piping and support together on field-fabricated trapeze pipe hangers.
  - 1. Pipes of Various Sizes: Support together and space trapezes for smallest pipe size or install intermediate supports for smaller diameter pipes as specified above for individual pipe hangers.
  - 2. Field fabricate from ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel shapes selected for loads being supported. Weld steel according to AWS D1.1.
- C. Metal Framing System Installation: Arrange for grouping of parallel runs of piping and support together on field-assembled metal framing systems.
- D. Thermal-Hanger Shield Installation: Install in pipe hanger or shield for insulated piping as indicated herein.
- E. Fastener System Installation:
  - 1. Install powder-actuated fasteners for use in lightweight concrete or concrete slabs less than 4 inches thick in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Use operators that are licensed by powder-actuated tool manufacturer. Install fasteners according to powder-actuated tool manufacturer's operating manual.
  - 2. Install mechanical-expansion anchors in concrete after concrete is placed and completely cured. Install fasteners according to manufacturer's written instructions.
  - 3. Verify suitability of fasteners in lightweight concrete slabs less than 4 inches thick.

- F. Install hangers and supports complete with necessary inserts, bolts, rods, nuts, washers, and other accessories.
- G. Equipment Support Installation: Fabricate from welded-structural-steel shapes.
- H. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal and seismic movement of piping systems, to permit freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.
- I. Install lateral bracing with pipe hangers and supports to prevent swaying.
- J. Install building attachments within concrete slabs or attach to structural steel. Install additional attachments at concentrated loads, including valves, flanges, and strainers, NPS 2-1/2 and larger and at changes in direction of piping. Install concrete inserts before concrete is placed; fasten inserts to forms and install reinforcing bars through openings at top of inserts.
- K. Load Distribution: Install hangers and supports so piping live and dead loads and stresses from movement will not be transmitted to connected equipment.
- L. Pipe Slopes: Install hangers and supports to provide indicated pipe slopes and so maximum pipe deflections allowed by ASME B31.9 (for building services piping) are not exceeded.
- M. Insulated Piping: Comply with the following:
  - 1. Attach clamps and spacers to piping.
    - a. Piping Operating above Ambient Air Temperature: Clamp may project through insulation.
    - b. Piping Operating below Ambient Air Temperature: Use thermal-hanger shield insert with clamp sized to match OD of insert.
    - c. Do not exceed pipe stress limits according to ASME B31.9 for building services piping.
  - 2. Install MSS SP-58, Type 39, galvanized protection saddles if insulation without vapor barrier is indicated. Fill interior voids with insulation that matches adjoining insulation.
    - a. Option: Thermal-hanger shield inserts may be used. Include steel weight-distribution plate for pipe NPS 4 and larger if pipe is installed on rollers.

- 3. Shield Dimensions for Pipe: Not less than the following or per thermal hanger insert manufacturer recommendations:
  - a. NPS 1/4 to NPS 3-1/2: 12 inches long and 0.048 inch thick.
  - b. NPS 4: 12 inches long and 0.06 inch thick.
  - c. NPS 5 and NPS 6: 18 inches long and 0.06 inch thick.
- 4. Insert Material: Length at least as long as protective shield.

## 3.3 EQUIPMENT SUPPORTS

- A. Fabricate structural-steel stands to suspend equipment from structure overhead or to support equipment above floor.
- B. Grouting: Place grout under supports for equipment and make smooth bearing surface.
- C. Provide lateral bracing, to prevent swaying, for equipment supports.

## 3.4 <u>METAL FABRICATIONS</u>

- A. Cut, drill, and fit miscellaneous metal fabrications for trapeze pipe hangers and equipment supports.
- B. Fit exposed connections together to form hairline joints. Field weld connections that cannot be shop welded because of shipping size limitations.
- C. Field Welding: Comply with AWS D1.1 procedures for shielded metal arc welding, appearance and quality of welds, and methods used in correcting welding work, and with the following:
  - 1. Use materials and methods that minimize distortion and develop strength and corrosion resistance of base metals.
  - 2. Obtain fusion without undercut or overlap.
  - 3. Remove welding flux immediately.
  - 4. Finish welds at exposed connections so no roughness shows after finishing and contours of welded surfaces match adjacent contours.

# 3.5 ADJUSTING

- A. Hanger Adjustments: Adjust hangers to distribute loads equally on attachments and to achieve indicated slope of pipe.
- B. Trim excess length of continuous-thread hanger and support rods to 1-1/2 inches.

END OF SECTION 22 05 29 01/25/2018

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## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Warning signs and labels.
  - 2. Pipe labels.
  - 3. Valve tags.
  - 4. Warning tags.

## 1.3 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Equipment Label Schedule: Include a listing of all equipment to be labeled with the proposed content for each label. Furnish extra copies, in addition to mounted copies, for inclusion in maintenance manuals. Provide one copy on electronic media, type specified by Owner.
- C. Valve numbering scheme.
- D. Valve Schedules: Provide separate schedule for each piping system to include in maintenance manuals. Provide one copy on electronic media, type specified by Owner.

### 1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with completion of covering and painting of surfaces where devices are to be applied.
- B. Coordinate installation of identifying devices with locations of access panels and doors.
- C. Install identifying devices before installing acoustical ceilings and similar concealment.
- D. Coordinate names, abbreviations, and other designations used in mechanical identification with Owner's desired identification scheme, regardless of numbering indicated on the drawings and specifications. Coordinate Owner's desired identification scheme with ASME and OSHA standards.
- E. Coordinate with Architect, locations of all identifying devices in public view areas.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 EQUIPMENT LABELS

- A. Metal Labels for Equipment:
  - 1. Material and Thickness: Stainless steel, 0.025-inch minimum thickness, and having predrilled or stamped holes for attachment hardware.
  - 2. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
  - 3. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to three-fourths the size of principal lettering.
  - 4. Fasteners: Stainless-steel self-tapping screws.
  - 5. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.
- B. Label Content: Include equipment's Drawing designation and Owner specified unique equipment number, Drawing numbers where equipment is indicated (plans, details, and schedules), plus the Specification Section number and title where equipment is specified.
- C. Equipment Label Schedule: For each item of equipment to be labeled, on 8-1/2-by-11-inch bond paper. Tabulate equipment identification number and identify Drawing numbers where equipment is indicated (plans, details, and schedules), plus the Specification Section number and title where equipment is specified. Equipment schedule shall be included in operation and maintenance data.

# 2.2 WARNING SIGNS AND LABELS

- A. Material and Thickness: Multilayer, multicolor, plastic labels for mechanical engraving, 1/16 inch thick, and having predrilled holes for attachment hardware.
- B. Letter Color: Black.
- C. Background Color: White.
- D. Maximum Temperature: Able to withstand temperatures up to 160 deg F.
- E. Minimum Label Size: Length and width vary for required label content, but not less than 2-1/2 by 3/4 inch.
- F. Minimum Letter Size: 1/4 inch for name of units if viewing distance is less than 24 inches, 1/2 inch for viewing distances up to 72 inches, and proportionately larger

lettering for greater viewing distances. Include secondary lettering two-thirds to threefourths the size of principal lettering.

- G. Fasteners: Stainless-steel self-tapping screws.
- H. Adhesive: Contact-type permanent adhesive, compatible with label and with substrate.
- I. Label Content: Include caution and warning information, plus emergency notification instructions.

#### 2.3 **PIPE LABELS**

- A. General Requirements for Manufactured Pipe Labels: Preprinted, color-coded, with lettering indicating service, and showing flow direction.
- B. Pretensioned Pipe Labels: Precoiled, semirigid plastic formed to cover full circumference of pipe and to attach to pipe without fasteners or adhesive.
- C. Self-Adhesive Pipe Labels: Printed plastic with contact-type, permanent-adhesive backing.
- Pipe Label Contents: Include identification of piping service using same designations D. or abbreviations as used on Drawings, pipe size, and an arrow indicating flow direction.
  - 1. Flow-Direction Arrows: Integral with piping system service lettering to accommodate both directions, or as separate unit on each pipe label to indicate flow direction.
  - 2. Lettering Size: At least 1-1/2 inches high.

#### 2.4 **VALVE TAGS**

- Valve Tags: Stamped or engraved with 1/4-inch letters for piping system abbreviation A. and 1/2-inch numbers, with numbering scheme approved by Owner.
  - 1. Tag Material: Brass, 0.032-inch minimum thickness, and having predrilled or stamped holes for attachment hardware.
  - Fasteners: Brass beaded chain. 2.
- B. Valve Schedules: For each piping system, on 8-1/2-by-11-inch bond paper. Tabulate valve number, piping system, system abbreviation (as shown on valve tag), location of valve (room or space), normal-operating position (open, closed, or modulating), and variations for identification. Mark valves for emergency shutoff and similar special uses.
  - 1. Valve-tag schedule shall be included in operation and maintenance data.

#### C. Schedule on Electronic Media:

1. In addition to the framed paper schedule, provide valve schedule on electronic media, type specified by Owner, and identified points on as-built drawings.

## 2.5 WARNING TAGS

- A. Warning Tags: Preprinted or partially preprinted, accident-prevention tags, of plasticized card stock with matte finish suitable for writing.
  - 1. Size: Approximately 4 by 7 inches.
  - 2. Fasteners: Brass grommet and wire.
  - 3. Nomenclature: Large-size primary caption such as "DANGER," "CAUTION," or "DO NOT OPERATE."
  - 4. Color: Yellow background with black lettering.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 **PREPARATION**

A. Clean piping and equipment surfaces of substances that could impair bond of identification devices, including dirt, oil, grease, release agents, and incompatible primers, paints, and encapsulants.

## 3.2 <u>PIPE LABEL INSTALLATION</u>

- A. Manufactured Pipe Labels: Provided on all piping except piping in return air plenums.
- B. Locate pipe labels where piping is exposed or above accessible ceilings in finished spaces; machine rooms; accessible maintenance spaces such as shafts, tunnels, and plenums; and exterior exposed locations as follows:
  - 1. Near each valve and control device.
  - 2. Near each branch connection, excluding short takeoffs for fixtures and terminal units. Where flow pattern is not obvious, mark each pipe at branch.
  - 3. Near penetrations through walls, floors, ceilings, and inaccessible enclosures.
  - 4. At access doors, manholes, and similar access points that permit view of concealed piping.
  - 5. Near major equipment items and other points of origination and termination.
  - 6. Spaced at maximum intervals of 50 feet along each run. Reduce intervals to 25 feet in areas of congested piping and equipment.
  - 7. On piping above removable acoustical ceilings. Omit intermediately spaced labels.

## C. Pipe Label Color Schedule:

- 1. Pipe Label Color Schedule: According to ASME 13.1, unless otherwise specified.
- 2. Domestic Cold Water Piping:
  - a. Background Color: Green.
  - b. Letter Color: White.
- 3. Sanitary Waste, Vent and Storm Drainage Piping:
  - a. Background Color: Green.
  - b. Letter Color: White.

## 3.3 <u>VALVE-TAG INSTALLATION</u>

- A. Install tags on valves and control devices in piping systems, except check valves; valves within factory-fabricated equipment units; faucets; convenience and lawn-watering hose connections; and similar roughing-in connections of end-use fixtures and units. List tagged valves in a valve schedule.
- B. Valve-Tag Application Schedule: Tag valves according to size, shape, and color scheme and with captions similar to those indicated in the following subparagraphs:
  - 1. Valve-Tag Size and Shape:
    - a. Cold Water: 1-1/2 inches, round.
    - b. Hot Water: 1-1/2 inches, round.

## 3.4 WARNING-TAG INSTALLATION

A. Write required message on, and attach warning tags to, equipment and other items where required.

**END OF SECTION 22 05 53** 

01/25/2018

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## PART 1 - GENERAL

## 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

## 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following for soil, waste, and vent piping inside the building:
  - 1. Pipe, tube, and fittings.
  - 2. Special pipe fittings.

## 1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- A. ABS: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene plastic.
- B. EPDM: Ethylene-propylene-diene terpolymer rubber.
- C. LLDPE: Linear, low-density polyethylene plastic.
- D. NBR: Acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber.
- E. PE: Polyethylene plastic.
- F. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.
- G. TPE: Thermoplastic elastomer.

## 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Components and installation shall be capable of withstanding the following minimum working pressure, unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Soil, Waste, and Vent Piping: 10-foot head of water.

## 1.5 **SUBMITTALS**

- A. Product Data: For pipe, tube, fittings, and couplings.
- B. Field quality-control inspection and test reports.

## 1.6 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

A. Piping materials shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 <u>MANUFACTURERS</u>

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

## 2.2 PIPING MATERIALS

A. Refer to Part 3 "Piping Applications" Article for applications of pipe, tube, fitting, and joining materials.

# 2.3 <u>HUB-AND-SPIGOT, CAST-IRON SOIL PIPE AND FITTINGS</u>

- A. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 74, Service class(es).
  - 1. All cast-iron soil pipe and fittings shall be marked with the collective trademark of the Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute (CISPI) and be listed by NSF International.
- B. Gaskets: ASTM C 564, rubber.
- C. Calking Materials: ASTM B 29, pure lead and oakum or hemp fiber.

## 2.4 HUBLESS CAST-IRON SOIL PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 888 or CISPI 301.
  - 1. All cast-iron soil pipe and fittings shall be marked with the collective trademark of the Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute (CISPI) and be listed by NSF International.
- B. Shielded Couplings: ASTM C 1277 assembly of metal shield or housing, corrosion-resistant fasteners, and rubber sleeve with integral, center pipe stop.
  - 1. Heavy-Duty, Shielded, Stainless-Steel Couplings: With stainless-steel shield, stainless-steel bands and tightening devices, and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve. Couplings shall be four (4) band minimum. Coupling shields shall be heavy duty Type 301 AISI stainless steel.

- a. Manufacturers:
  - 1) ANACO.
  - 2) Clamp-All Corp.
  - 3) Ideal Div.; Stant Corp.
  - 4) Mission Rubber Co.
  - 5) Tyler Pipe; Soil Pipe Div.
- 2. Heavy-Duty, Shielded, Cast-Iron Couplings: ASTM A 48/A 48M, two-piece, cast-iron housing; stainless-steel bolts and nuts; and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve.
  - a. Manufacturers:
    - 1) MG Piping Products Co.
- C. Rigid, Unshielded Couplings: ASTM C 1461, sleeve-type, reducing- or transition-type mechanical coupling molded from ASTM C 1440, TPE material with corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. ANACO.

## 2.5 <u>COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS</u>

- A. Hard Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Types L, water tube, drawn temper.
  - 1. Copper Pressure Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast-copper-alloy or ASME B16.22, wrought-copper, solder-joint fittings. Furnish wrought-copper fittings if indicated.
  - 2. Copper Flanges: ASME B16.24, Class 150, cast copper with solder-joint end.
  - 3. Copper Unions: MSS SP-123, copper-alloy, hexagonal-stock body with ball-and-socket, metal-to-metal seating surfaces, and solder-joint or threaded ends.
- B. Soft Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Type L, water tube, annealed temper.
  - 1. Copper Pressure Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast-copper-alloy or ASME B16.22, wrought-copper, solder-joint fittings. Furnish wrought-copper fittings if indicated.

## 2.6 <u>SPECIAL PIPE FITTINGS</u>

A. Flexible, Nonpressure Pipe Couplings: Comply with ASTM C 1173, elastomeric, sleeve-type, reducing or transition pattern. Include shear ring, ends of same sizes as

piping to be joined, and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.

#### 1. Manufacturers:

- a. Fernco, Inc.
- b. Mission Rubber Co.
- c. NDS, Inc.
- d. Plastic Oddities, Inc.

#### 2. Sleeve Materials:

- a. For Cast-Iron Soil Pipes: ASTM C 564, rubber.
- b. For Plastic Pipes: ASTM F 477, elastomeric seal or ASTM D 5926, PVC.
- c. For Dissimilar Pipes: ASTM D 5926, PVC or other material compatible with pipe materials being joined.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

## 3.1 EXCAVATION

A. Refer to Division 31 Section "Earth Moving" for excavating, trenching, and backfilling.

## 3.2 PIPING APPLICATIONS

- A. Aboveground, soil and waste piping NPS 4 and smaller shall be any of the following:
  - 1. Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; heavy-duty shielded, stainless-steel couplings; and hubless-coupling joints.
  - 2. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure pipe couplings for joining dissimilar pipe materials with small difference in OD.
- B. Aboveground, soil and waste piping NPS 5 and larger shall be any of the following:
  - 1. Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; heavy-duty shielded, stainless-steel couplings; and hubless-coupling joints.
  - 2. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure pipe couplings for joining dissimilar pipe materials with small difference in OD.
- C. Aboveground, vent piping NPS 4 and smaller shall be[ any of] the following:
  - 1. Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; heavy-duty shielded, stainless-steel couplings; and hubless-coupling joints.
  - 2. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure pipe couplings for joining dissimilar pipe materials with small difference in OD.

- D. Aboveground, vent piping NPS 5 and larger shall be any of the following:
  - 1. Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; heavy-duty shielded, stainless-steel couplings; and hubless-coupling joints.
  - 2. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure pipe couplings for joining dissimilar pipe materials with small difference in OD.
- E. Underground, soil, waste, and vent piping NPS 4 and smaller shall be[any of] the following:
  - 1. Service class, cast-iron soil piping; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
  - 2. Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; heavy-duty shielded, stainless-steel couplings; and hubless-coupling joints.
  - 3. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure pipe couplings for joining dissimilar pipe materials with small difference in OD.
- F. Underground, soil and waste piping NPS 5 and larger shall be any of the following:
  - 1. Service class, cast-iron soil piping; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
  - 2. Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; heavy-duty shielded, stainless-steel couplings; and hubless-coupling joints.
  - 3. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure pipe couplings for joining dissimilar pipe materials with small difference in OD.

## 3.3 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Basic piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 22 Sections.
- B. Install cleanouts at grade and extend to where building sanitary drains connect to building sanitary sewers.
- C. Install cast-iron sleeve with water stop and mechanical sleeve seal at each service pipe penetration through foundation wall. Select number of interlocking rubber links required to make installation watertight. Sleeves and mechanical sleeve seals are specified in other Division 22 Sections.
- D. Install wall-penetration fitting at each service pipe penetration through foundation wall. Make installation watertight.
- E. Install cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook," Chapter IV, "Installation of Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings."
- F. Make changes in direction for soil and waste drainage and vent piping using appropriate branches, bends, and long-sweep bends. Sanitary tees and short-sweep 1/4 bends may be used on vertical stacks if change in direction of flow is from horizontal to vertical.

Use long-turn, double Y-branch and 1/8-bend fittings if 2 fixtures are installed back to back or side by side with common drain pipe. Straight tees, elbows, and crosses may be used on vent lines. Do not change direction of flow more than 90 degrees. Use proper size of standard increasers and reducers if pipes of different sizes are connected. Reducing size of drainage piping in direction of flow is prohibited.

- G. Lay buried building drainage piping beginning at low point of each system. Install true to grades and alignment indicated, with unbroken continuity of invert. Place hub ends of piping upstream. Install required gaskets according to manufacturer's written instructions for use of lubricants, cements, and other installation requirements. Maintain swab in piping and pull past each joint as completed.
- H. Install soil and waste drainage and vent piping at the following minimum slopes, unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Building Sanitary Drain: 2 percent downward in direction of flow for piping NPS 3 and smaller; 1 percent downward in direction of flow for piping NPS 4 and larger.
  - 2. Horizontal Sanitary Drainage Piping: 2 percent downward in direction of flow.
  - 3. Vent Piping: 1 percent down toward vertical fixture vent or toward vent stack.
- I. Sleeves are not required for cast-iron soil piping passing through concrete slabs-on-grade if slab is without membrane waterproofing.
- J. Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it is inspected and approved by authorities having jurisdiction.
- K. ABS or PVC piping shall not be installed in plenum ceiling areas.

## 3.4 <u>JOINT CONSTRUCTION</u>

- A. Basic piping joint construction requirements are specified in other Division 22 Sections.
- B. Join hub-and-spigot, cast-iron soil piping with gasket joints according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for compression joints.
- C. Join hub-and-spigot, cast-iron soil piping with calked joints according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for lead and oakum calked joints.
- D. Join hubless cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI 310 and CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for hubless-coupling joints.
- E. Soldered Joints: Use ASTM B 813, water-flushable, lead-free flux; ASTM B 32, lead-free-alloy solder; and ASTM B 828 procedure, unless otherwise indicated.

# 3.5 <u>VALVE INSTALLATION</u>

- A. Backwater Valves: Install backwater valves in piping subject to sewage backflow.
  - 1. Horizontal Piping: Horizontal backwater valves. Use normally closed type, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 2. Floor Drains: Drain outlet backwater valves, unless drain has integral backwater valve.
  - 3. Install backwater valves in accessible locations.
  - 4. Backwater valve are specified in Division 22 Section "Sanitary Waste Piping Specialties."

## 3.6 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Pipe hangers and supports are specified in Division 22 Section "Hangers and Supports for Plumbing Piping and Equipment." Install the following:
  - 1. Vertical Piping: MSS Type 8 or Type 42, clamps.
  - 2. Install individual, straight, horizontal piping runs according to the following:
    - a. 100 Feet and Less: MSS Type 1, adjustable, steel clevis hangers.
    - b. Longer Than 100 Feet: MSS Type 43, adjustable roller hangers.
    - c. Longer Than 100 Feet, if Indicated: MSS Type 49, spring cushion rolls.
  - 3. Multiple, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs 100 Feet or Longer: MSS Type 44, pipe rolls. Support pipe rolls on trapeze.
  - 4. Base of Vertical Piping: MSS Type 52, spring hangers.
- B. Install supports according to Division 22 Section "Hangers and Supports for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
- C. Support vertical piping and tubing at base and at each floor.
- D. Rod diameter may be reduced 1 size for double-rod hangers, with 3/8-inch minimum rods.
- E. Install hangers for cast-iron soil piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
  - 1. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 60 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
  - 2. NPS 3: 60 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
  - 3. NPS 4 and NPS 5: 60 inches with 5/8-inch rod.
  - 4. NPS 6: 60 inches with 3/4-inch rod.
- F. Install supports for vertical cast-iron soil piping every 15 feet.

- G. Install hangers for copper tubing with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
  - 1. NPS 1-1/4: 72 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
  - 2. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 96 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
  - 3. NPS 2-1/2: 108 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
  - 4. NPS 3 to NPS 5: 10 feet with 1/2-inch rod.
  - 5. NPS 6: 10 feet with 5/8-inch rod.
  - 6. NPS 8: 10 feet with 3/4-inch rod.
- H. Install supports for vertical copper tubing every 10 feet.

## 3.7 <u>CONNECTIONS</u>

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Connect soil and waste piping to exterior sanitary sewerage piping. Use transition fitting to join dissimilar piping materials.
- C. Connect drainage and vent piping to the following:
  - 1. Plumbing Fixtures: Connect drainage piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by plumbing code.
  - 2. Plumbing Fixtures and Equipment: Connect atmospheric vent piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 3. Plumbing Specialties: Connect drainage and vent piping in sizes indicated, but not smaller than required by plumbing code.
  - 4. Equipment: Connect drainage piping as indicated. Provide shutoff valve, if indicated, and union for each connection. Use flanges instead of unions for connections NPS 2-1/2 and larger.

## 3.8 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. During installation, notify authorities having jurisdiction at least 24 hours before inspection must be made. Perform tests specified below in presence of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Roughing-in Inspection: Arrange for inspection of piping before concealing or closing-in after roughing-in and before setting fixtures.
  - 2. Final Inspection: Arrange for final inspection by authorities having jurisdiction to observe tests specified below and to ensure compliance with requirements.
- B. Reinspection: If authorities having jurisdiction find that piping will not pass test or inspection, make required corrections and arrange for reinspection.

- C. Reports: Prepare inspection reports and have them signed by authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Test sanitary drainage and vent piping according to procedures of authorities having jurisdiction or, in absence of published procedures, as follows:
  - 1. Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired. If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.
  - 2. Leave uncovered and unconcealed new, altered, extended, or replaced drainage and vent piping until it has been tested and approved. Expose work that was covered or concealed before it was tested.
  - 3. Roughing-in Plumbing Test Procedure: Test drainage and vent piping, except outside leaders, on completion of roughing-in. Close openings in piping system and fill with water to point of overflow, but not less than 10-foot head of water. From 15 minutes before inspection starts to completion of inspection, water level must not drop. Inspect joints for leaks.
  - 4. Finished Plumbing Test Procedure: After plumbing fixtures have been set and traps filled with water, test connections and prove they are gastight and watertight. Plug vent-stack openings on roof and building drains where they leave building. Introduce air into piping system equal to pressure of 1-inch wg. Use U-tube or manometer inserted in trap of water closet to measure this pressure. Air pressure must remain constant without introducing additional air throughout period of inspection. Inspect plumbing fixture connections for gas and water leaks.
  - 5. Repair leaks and defects with new materials and retest piping, or portion thereof, until satisfactory results are obtained.
  - 6. Prepare reports for tests and required corrective action.

### 3.9 CLEANING

- A. Clean interior of piping. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.
- B. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt and debris and to prevent damage from traffic and construction work.
- C. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of day and when work stops.

**END OF SECTION 22 13 16** 

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### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following sanitary drainage piping specialties:
  - 1. Backwater valves.
  - 2. Cleanouts.
  - 3. Floor drains.
  - 4. Roof flashing assemblies.
  - 5. Through-penetration firestop assemblies.
  - 6. Miscellaneous sanitary drainage piping specialties.
  - 7. Flashing materials.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
  - 1. Division 22 Section "Storm Drainage Piping Specialties" for trench drains for storm water, channel drainage systems for storm water, roof drains, and catch basins.

### 1.3 <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

- A. ABS: Acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene plastic.
- B. FOG: Fats, oils, and greases.
- C. FRP: Fiberglass-reinforced plastic.
- D. HDPE: High-density polyethylene plastic.
- E. PE: Polyethylene plastic.
- F. PP: Polypropylene plastic.
- G. PVC: Polyvinyl chloride plastic.

### 1.4 **SUBMITTALS**

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include rated capacities, operating characteristics, and accessories.

- B. Shop Drawings: Show fabrication and installation details for frost-resistant vent terminals.
- C. Field quality-control test reports.
- D. Operation and Maintenance Data: For drainage piping specialties to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

## 1.5 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Drainage piping specialties shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.
- B. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- C. Comply with NSF 14, "Plastics Piping Components and Related Materials," for plastic sanitary piping specialty components.

### 1.6 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 03.
- B. Coordinate size and location of roof penetrations.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 BACKWATER VALVES

- A. Horizontal, Cast-Iron Backwater Valves:
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the product indicated on Drawings or a comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
    - b. MIFAB, Inc.
    - c. Smith, Jay R. Mfr. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
    - d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
    - e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
    - f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
  - 2. Standard: ASME A112.14.1.
  - 3. Size: Same as connected piping.

# 2.2 <u>CLEANOUTS</u>

#### A. Exposed Metal Cleanouts:

- 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the product indicated on Drawings or a comparable product by one of the following:
  - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
  - b. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
  - c. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
  - d. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
- 2. Standard: ASME A112.36.2M for cast iron for cleanout test tee.
- 3. Size: Same as connected drainage piping
- 4. Closure Plug Size: Same as or not more than one size smaller than cleanout size.

#### B. Metal Floor Cleanouts:

- 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the product indicated on Drawings or a comparable product by one of the following:
  - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
  - b. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
  - c. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
  - d. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
- 2. Standard: ASME A112.36.2M.
- 3. Size: Same as connected branch.

#### C. Cast-Iron Wall Cleanouts:

- 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the product indicated on Drawings or a comparable product by one of the following:
  - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
  - b. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
  - c. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
  - d. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
- 2. Standard: ASME A112.36.2M. Include wall access.
- 3. Size: Same as connected drainage piping.

# 2.3 FLOOR DRAINS

- A. Cast-Iron Floor Drains:
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the product indicated on Drawings or a comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
    - b. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
    - c. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div
    - d. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.

### 2.4 ROOF FLASHING ASSEMBLIES

- A. Roof Flashing Assemblies:
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Acorn Engineering Company; Elmdor/Stoneman Div.
    - b. Thaler Metal Industries Ltd.
- B. Description: Manufactured assembly made of 4.0-lb/sq. ft., 0.0625-inch- thick, lead flashing collar and skirt extending at least 8 inches from pipe, with galvanized-steel boot reinforcement and counterflashing fitting.
  - 1. Open-Top Vent Cap: Without cap.

### 2.5 THROUGH-PENETRATION FIRESTOP ASSEMBLIES

- A. Through-Penetration Firestop Assemblies:
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. ProSet Systems Inc.
  - 2. Standard: UL 1479 assembly of sleeve and stack fitting with firestopping plug.
  - 3. Size: Same as connected soil, waste, or vent stack.
  - 4. Sleeve: Molded PVC plastic, of length to match slab thickness and with integral nailing flange on one end for installation in cast-in-place concrete slabs.

## 2.6 <u>MISCELLANEOUS SANITARY DRAINAGE PIPING SPECIALTIES</u>

### A. Deep-Seal Traps:

- 1. Description: Cast-iron or bronze casting, with inlet and outlet matching connected piping and cleanout trap-seal primer valve connection.
- 2. Size: Same as connected waste piping.
  - a. NPS 2: 4-inch- minimum water seal.
  - b. NPS 2-1/2 and Larger: 5-inch- minimum water seal.

#### B. Floor Drain, Elastomeric PVC Insert

- 1. Description: Flexible, elastomeric PVC material, open on top with curl closure at bottom inserted into floor drain prevents the emission of sewer gas while allowing wastewater to discharge to floor drain. Complies with ASME A122.6.3, NSF/ANSI 14 and CSA B 79.
- 2. Size: Same as floor drain outlet.

### C. Air-Gap Fittings:

- 1. Standard: ASME A112.1.2, for fitting designed to ensure fixed, positive air gap between installed inlet and outlet piping.
- 2. Body: Bronze or cast iron.
- 3. Inlet: Opening in top of body.
- 4. Outlet: Larger than inlet.
- 5. Size: Same as connected waste piping and with inlet large enough for associated indirect waste piping.

### D. Stack Flashing Fittings:

- 1. Description: Counterflashing-type, cast-iron fitting, with bottom recess for terminating roof membrane, and with threaded or hub top for extending vent pipe.
- 2. Size: Same as connected stack vent or vent stack.

#### E. Frost-Resistant Vent Terminals:

- 1. Description: Manufactured or shop-fabricated assembly constructed of copper, lead-coated copper, or galvanized steel.
- 2. Design: To provide 1-inch enclosed air space between outside of pipe and inside of flashing collar extension, with counterflashing.

### F. Expansion Joints:

1. Standard: ASME A112.21.2M.

- 2. Body: Cast iron with bronze sleeve, packing, and gland.
- 3. End Connections: Matching connected piping.
- 4. Size: Same as connected soil, waste, or vent piping.

# 2.7 FLASHING MATERIALS

- A. Lead Sheet: ASTM B 749, Type L51121, copper bearing, with the following minimum weights and thicknesses, unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. General Use: 4.0-lb/sq. ft., 0.0625-inch thickness.
  - 2. Vent Pipe Flashing: 3.0-lb/sq. ft., 0.0469-inch thickness.
  - 3. Burning: 6-lb/sq. ft., 0.0938-inch thickness.
- B. Copper Sheet: ASTM B 152/B 152M, of the following minimum weights and thicknesses, unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. General Applications: 12 oz./sq. ft..
  - 2. Vent Pipe Flashing: 8 oz./sq. ft..
- C. Zinc-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, with 0.20 percent copper content and 0.04-inch minimum thickness, unless otherwise indicated. Include G90 hot-dip galvanized, mill-phosphatized finish for painting if indicated.
- D. Elastic Membrane Sheet: ASTM D 4068, flexible, chlorinated polyethylene, 40-mil minimum thickness.
- E. Fasteners: Metal compatible with material and substrate being fastened.
- F. Metal Accessories: Sheet metal strips, clamps, anchoring devices, and similar accessory units required for installation; matching or compatible with material being installed.
- G. Solder: ASTM B 32, lead-free alloy.
- H. Bituminous Coating: SSPC-Paint 12, solvent-type, bituminous mastic.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### 3.1 <u>INSTALLATION</u>

A. Refer to other Division 22 Sections for piping joining materials, joint construction, and basic installation requirements.

- B. Install backwater valves in building drain piping. For interior installation, provide cleanout deck plate flush with floor and centered over backwater valve cover, and of adequate size to remove valve cover for servicing.
- C. Install cleanouts in aboveground piping and building drain piping according to the following, unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Size same as drainage piping up to NPS 4. Use NPS 4 for larger drainage piping unless larger cleanout is indicated.
  - 2. Locate at each change in direction of piping greater than 45 degrees.
  - 3. Locate at minimum intervals of 50 feet for piping NPS 4 and smaller and 100 feet for larger piping.
  - 4. Locate at base of each vertical soil and waste stack.
- D. For floor cleanouts for piping below floors, install cleanout deck plates with top flush with finished floor.
- E. For cleanouts located in concealed piping, install cleanout wall access covers, of types indicated, with frame and cover flush with finished wall.
- F. Install floor drains at low points of surface areas to be drained. Set grates of drains flush with finished floor, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Position floor drains for easy access and maintenance.
  - 2. Install floor-drain flashing collar or flange so no leakage occurs between drain and adjoining flooring. Maintain integrity of waterproof membranes where penetrated.
  - 3. Install individual traps for floor drains connected to sanitary building drain, unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Install roof flashing assemblies on sanitary stack vents and vent stacks that extend through roof.
- H. Install deep seal traps and flexible elastomeric PVC inserts on floor drains.
- I. Install air-gap fittings on draining-type backflow preventers and on indirect-waste piping discharge into sanitary drainage system.
- J. Install sleeve flashing device with each riser and stack passing through floors with waterproof membrane.
- K. Install frost-resistant vent terminals on each vent pipe passing through roof. Maintain 1-inch clearance between vent pipe and roof substrate.

- L. Install expansion joints on vertical stacks and conductors. Position expansion joints for easy access and maintenance.
- M. Install wood-blocking reinforcement for wall-mounting-type specialties.
- N. Install traps on plumbing specialty drain outlets. Omit traps on indirect wastes unless trap is indicated.
- O. Install escutcheons at wall, floor, and ceiling penetrations in exposed finished locations and within cabinets and millwork. Use deep-pattern escutcheons if required to conceal protruding pipe fittings.

### 3.2 CONNECTIONS

- A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 22 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Install piping adjacent to equipment to allow service and maintenance.
- C. Ground equipment according to Division 26 Section "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
- D. Connect wiring according to Division 26 Section "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."

### 3.3 FLASHING INSTALLATION

- A. Fabricate flashing from single piece unless large pans, sumps, or other drainage shapes are required. Join flashing according to the following if required:
  - 1. Lead Sheets: Burn joints of lead sheets 6.0-lb/sq. ft., 0.0938-inch thickness or thicker. Solder joints of lead sheets 4.0-lb/sq. ft., 0.0625-inch thickness or thinner.
  - 2. Copper Sheets: Solder joints of copper sheets.
- B. Install sheet flashing on pipes, sleeves, and specialties passing through or embedded in floors and roofs with waterproof membrane.
  - 1. Pipe Flashing: Sleeve type, matching pipe size, with minimum length of 10 inches, and skirt or flange extending at least 8 inches around pipe.
  - 2. Sleeve Flashing: Flat sheet, with skirt or flange extending at least 8 inches around sleeve
  - 3. Embedded Specialty Flashing: Flat sheet, with skirt or flange extending at least 8 inches around specialty.

- C. Set flashing on floors and roofs in solid coating of bituminous cement.
- D. Secure flashing into sleeve and specialty clamping ring or device.
- E. Install flashing for piping passing through roofs with counterflashing or commercially made flashing fittings.
- F. Extend flashing up vent pipe passing through roofs and turn down into pipe, or secure flashing into cast-iron sleeve having calking recess.
- G. Fabricate and install flashing and pans, sumps, and other drainage shapes.

### 3.4 **PROTECTION**

- A. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt or debris and to prevent damage from traffic or construction work.
- B. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of each day or when work stops.

**END OF SECTION 22 13 19** 

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### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following storm drainage piping inside the building:
  - 1. Pipe, tube, and fittings.
  - 2. Special pipe fittings.
  - 3. Encasement for underground metal piping.

## 1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Components and installation shall be capable of withstanding the following minimum working-pressure, unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Storm Drainage Piping: 10-foot head of water.
- B. Seismic Performance: Soil, waste, and vent piping and support and installation shall be capable of withstanding the effects of seismic events determined according to Specification Section "Vibration and Seismic Controls for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."

### 1.4 **SUBMITTALS**

- A. Product Data: For pipe, tube, fittings, and couplings.
- B. Field quality-control inspection and test reports.

### 1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Piping materials shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

## 2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the manufacturers specified.

# 2.2 PIPING MATERIALS

A. Refer to Part 3 "Piping Applications" Article for applications of pipe, tube, fitting, and joining materials.

## 2.3 <u>HUB-AND-SPIGOT, CAST-IRON SOIL PIPE AND FITTINGS</u>

- A. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 74, Service class.
  - 1. All cast-iron soil pipe and fittings shall be marked with the collective trademark of the Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute (CISPI) and be listed by NSF International.
- B. Gaskets: ASTM C 564, rubber.
- C. Calking Materials: ASTM B 29, pure lead and oakum or hemp fiber.

### 2.4 HUBLESS CAST-IRON SOIL PIPE AND FITTINGS

- A. Pipe and Fittings: ASTM A 888 or CISPI 301.
  - 1. All cast-iron soil pipe and fittings shall be marked with the collective trademark of the Cast Iron Soil Pipe Institute (CISPI) and be listed by NSF International.
- B. Shielded Couplings: ASTM C 1277 assembly of metal shield or housing, corrosion-resistant fasteners, and rubber sleeve with integral, center pipe stop.
  - 1. Heavy-Duty, Shielded, Stainless-Steel Couplings: With stainless-steel shield, stainless-steel bands and tightening devices, and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve. Couplings shall be four (4) band minimum. Coupling shields shall be heavy duty Type 301 AISI stainless steel.
    - a. Manufacturers:
      - 1) ANACO.
      - 2) Clamp-All Corp.
      - 3) Ideal Div.; Stant Corp.

- 4) Mission Rubber Co.
- 5) Tyler Pipe; Soil Pipe Div.
- 2. Heavy-Duty, Shielded, Cast-Iron Couplings: ASTM A 48/A 48M, two-piece, cast-iron housing; stainless-steel bolts and nuts; and ASTM C 564, rubber sleeve.
  - a. Manufacturers:
    - 1) MG Piping Products Co.
- C. Rigid, Unshielded Couplings: ASTM C 1461, sleeve-type, reducing- or transition-type mechanical coupling molded from ASTM C 1440, TPE material with corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. ANACO.

### 2.5 COPPER TUBE AND FITTINGS

- A. Hard Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Types L, water tube, drawn temper.
  - 1. Copper Pressure Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast-copper-alloy or ASME B16.22, wrought-copper, solder-joint fittings. Furnish wrought-copper fittings if indicated.
  - 2. Copper Flanges: ASME B16.24, Class 150, cast copper with solder-joint end.
  - 3. Copper Unions: MSS SP-123, copper-alloy, hexagonal-stock body with ball-and-socket, metal-to-metal seating surfaces, and solder-joint or threaded ends.
- B. Soft Copper Tube: ASTM B 88, Type L, water tube, annealed temper.
  - 1. Copper Pressure Fittings: ASME B16.18, cast-copper-alloy or ASME B16.22, wrought-copper, solder-joint fittings. Furnish wrought-copper fittings if indicated.

# 2.6 SPECIAL PIPE FITTINGS

- A. Flexible, Nonpressure Pipe Couplings: Comply with ASTM C 1173, elastomeric, sleeve-type, reducing or transition pattern. Include shear ring, ends of same sizes as piping to be joined, and corrosion-resistant-metal tension band and tightening mechanism on each end.
  - 1. Manufacturers:
    - a. Dallas Specialty & Mfg. Co.

- b. Fernco, Inc.
- c. Logan Clay Products Company (The).
- d. Mission Rubber Co.
- e. NDS. Inc.
- f. Plastic Oddities, Inc.

#### 2. Sleeve Materials:

- a. For Cast-Iron Soil Pipes: ASTM C 564, rubber.
- b. For Plastic Pipes: ASTM F 477, elastomeric seal or ASTM D 5926, PVC.
- c. For Dissimilar Pipes: ASTM D 5926, PVC or other material compatible with pipe materials being joined.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 EXCAVATION

A. Refer to Division 31 Section "Earth Moving" for excavating, trenching, and backfilling.

### 3.2 PIPING APPLICATIONS

- A. Aboveground storm drainage piping NPS 6 and smaller shall be any of the following:
  - 1. Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; standard, and heavy-duty shielded, stainless-steel couplings; and coupled joints.
  - 2. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure pipe couplings for joining dissimilar pipe materials with small difference in OD.
- B. Underground storm drainage piping NPS 6 and smaller shall be any of the following:
  - 1. Service class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
  - 2. Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; heavy-duty shielded, stainless-steel couplings; and coupled joints.
  - 3. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure pipe couplings for joining dissimilar pipe materials with small difference in OD.
- C. Underground, storm drainage piping NPS 8 and larger shall be any of the following:
  - 1. Service class, cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; gaskets; and gasketed joints.
  - 2. Hubless cast-iron soil pipe and fittings; heavy-duty shielded, stainless-steel couplings; and coupled joints.
  - 3. Dissimilar Pipe-Material Couplings: Shielded, nonpressure pipe couplings for joining dissimilar pipe materials with small difference in OD.

## 3.3 PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Storm sewer and drainage piping outside the building are specified in Division 33 Section "Storm Utility Drainage Piping."
- B. Basic piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 22 Sections."
- C. Install seismic restraints on piping.
- D. Install cleanouts at grade and extend to where building storm drains connect to building storm sewers. Cleanouts are specified in Division 22 Section "Storm Drainage Piping Specialties."
- E. Install cleanout fitting with closure plug inside the building in storm drainage forcemain piping.
- F. Install cast-iron sleeve with water stop and mechanical sleeve seal at each service pipe penetration through foundation wall. Select number of interlocking rubber links required to make installation watertight. Sleeves and mechanical sleeve seals are specified in other Division 22 Sections.
- G. Install wall-penetration fitting system at each service pipe penetration through foundation wall. Make installation watertight.
- H. Install cast-iron soil piping according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook," Chapter IV, "Installation of Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings."
  - 1. Install encasement on underground piping according to ASTM A 674 or AWWA C105.
- I. Make changes in direction for storm drainage piping using appropriate branches, bends, and long-sweep bends. Do not change direction of flow more than 90 degrees. Use proper size of standard increasers and reducers if pipes of different sizes are connected. Reducing size of drainage piping in direction of flow is prohibited.
- J. Lay buried building storm drainage piping beginning at low point of each system. Install true to grades and alignment indicated, with unbroken continuity of invert. Place hub ends of piping upstream. Install required gaskets according to manufacturer's written instructions for use of lubricants, cements, and other installation requirements. Maintain swab in piping and pull past each joint as completed.

- K. Install storm drainage piping at the following minimum slopes, unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Building Storm Drain: 1 percent downward in direction of flow for piping NPS 3 and smaller; 1 percent downward in direction of flow for piping NPS 4 and larger.
  - 2. Horizontal Storm-Drainage Piping: 2 percent downward in direction of flow.
- L. Sleeves are not required for cast-iron soil piping passing through concrete slabs-on-grade if slab is without membrane waterproofing.
- M. Do not enclose, cover, or put piping into operation until it is inspected and approved by authorities having jurisdiction.

### 3.4 **JOINT CONSTRUCTION**

- A. Basic piping joint construction requirements are specified in other Division 22 Sections.
- B. Hub-and-Spigot, Cast-Iron Soil Piping Gasketed Joints: Join according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for compression joints.
- C. Hub-and-Spigot, Cast-Iron Soil Piping Calked Joints: Join according to CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for lead and oakum calked joints.
- D. Hubless Cast-Iron Soil Piping Coupled Joints: Join according to CISPI 310 and CISPI's "Cast Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings Handbook" for hubless-coupling joints.
- E. Soldered Joints: Use ASTM B 813, water-flushable, lead-free flux; ASTM B 32, lead-free-alloy solder; and ASTM B 828 procedure, unless otherwise indicated.

### 3.5 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Pipe hangers and supports are specified in Division 22 Section "Hangers and Supports for Plumbing Piping and Equipment." Install the following:
  - 1. Vertical Piping: MSS Type 8 or Type 42, clamps.
  - 2. Individual, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs: According to the following:
    - a. 100 Feet and Less: MSS Type 1, adjustable, steel clevis hangers.
    - b. Longer Than 100 Feet: MSS Type 43, adjustable roller hangers.
    - c. Longer Than 100 Feet, if Indicated: MSS Type 49, spring cushion rolls.
  - 3. Multiple, Straight, Horizontal Piping Runs 100 Feet or Longer: MSS Type 44, pipe rolls. Support pipe rolls on trapeze.
  - 4. Base of Vertical Piping: MSS Type 52, spring hangers.

- B. Install supports according to Division 22 Section "Hangers and Supports for Plumbing Piping and Equipment."
- C. Support vertical piping and tubing at base and at each floor.
- D. Rod diameter may be reduced 1 size for double-rod hangers, with 3/8-inch minimum rods.
- E. Install hangers for cast-iron soil piping with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
  - 1. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 60 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
  - 2. NPS 3: 60 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
  - 3. NPS 4 and NPS 5: 60 inches with 5/8-inch rod.
  - 4. NPS 6: 60 inches with 3/4-inch rod.
  - 5. NPS 8 to NPS 12: 60 inches with 7/8-inch rod.
  - 6. Spacing for 10-foot lengths may be increased to 10 feet. Spacing for fittings is limited to 60 inches.
- F. Install supports for vertical cast-iron soil piping every 15 feet.
- G. Install hangers for copper tubing with the following maximum horizontal spacing and minimum rod diameters:
  - 1. NPS 1-1/4: 72 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
  - 2. NPS 1-1/2 and NPS 2: 96 inches with 3/8-inch rod.
  - 3. NPS 2-1/2: 108 inches with 1/2-inch rod.
  - 4. NPS 3 to NPS 5: 10 feet with 1/2-inch rod.
  - 5. NPS 6: 10 feet with 5/8-inch rod.
  - 6. NPS 8: 10 feet with 3/4-inch rod.
- H. Install supports for vertical copper tubing every 10 feet.

### 3.6 <u>CONNECTIONS</u>

- A. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.
- B. Connect interior storm drainage piping to exterior storm drainage piping. Use transition fitting to join dissimilar piping materials.
- C. Connect storm drainage piping to roof drains and storm drainage specialties.

## 3.7 <u>FIELD QUALITY CONTROL</u>

- A. During installation, notify authorities having jurisdiction at least 24 hours before inspection must be made. Perform tests specified below in presence of authorities having jurisdiction.
  - 1. Roughing-in Inspection: Arrange for inspection of piping before concealing or closing-in after roughing-in.
  - 2. Final Inspection: Arrange for final inspection by authorities having jurisdiction to observe tests specified below and to ensure compliance with requirements.
- B. Reinspection: If authorities having jurisdiction find that piping will not pass test or inspection, make required corrections and arrange for reinspection.
- C. Reports: Prepare inspection reports and have them signed by authorities having jurisdiction.
- D. Test storm drainage piping according to procedures of authorities having jurisdiction or, in absence of published procedures, as follows:
  - 1. Test for leaks and defects in new piping and parts of existing piping that have been altered, extended, or repaired. If testing is performed in segments, submit separate report for each test, complete with diagram of portion of piping tested.
  - 2. Leave uncovered and unconcealed new, altered, extended, or replaced storm drainage piping until it has been tested and approved. Expose work that was covered or concealed before it was tested.
  - 3. Test Procedure: Test storm drainage piping on completion of roughing-in. Close openings in piping system and fill with water to point of overflow, but not less than 10-foot head of water. From 15 minutes before inspection starts to completion of inspection, water level must not drop. Inspect joints for leaks.
  - 4. Repair leaks and defects with new materials and retest piping, or portion thereof, until satisfactory results are obtained.
  - 5. Prepare reports for tests and required corrective action.

### 3.8 <u>CLEANING</u>

- A. Clean interior of piping. Remove dirt and debris as work progresses.
- B. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt and debris and to prevent damage from traffic and construction work.

C. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of day and when work stops.

END OF SECTION 22 14 13

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### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following storm drainage piping specialties:
  - 1. Cleanouts.
  - 2. Through-penetration firestop assemblies.
  - 3. Roof drains.
  - 4. Miscellaneous storm drainage piping specialties.
  - 5. Flashing materials.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.

### 1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Drainage piping specialties shall bear label, stamp, or other markings of specified testing agency.

### 1.5 COORDINATION

A. Coordinate size and location of roof penetrations.

### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 <u>CLEANOUTS</u>

- A. Exposed Metal Cleanouts:
  - 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the product indicated on Drawings or a comparable product by one of the following:
    - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
    - b. MIFAB, Inc.
    - c. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
    - d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
    - e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
    - f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.

- g. Josam Company; Blucher-Josam Div.
- 2. Standard: ASME A112.36.2M for cast iron.

#### B. Metal Floor Cleanouts:

- 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the product indicated on Drawings or a comparable product by one of the following:
  - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
  - b. Sioux Chief Manufacturing Company, Inc.
  - c. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
  - d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
  - e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
  - f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
- 2. Standard: ASME A112.36.2M for heavy-duty, adjustable housing cleanout.

#### C. Cast-Iron Wall Cleanouts:

- 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the product indicated on Drawings or a comparable product by one of the following:
  - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
  - b. MIFAB, Inc.
  - c. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
  - d. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
  - e. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
  - f. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
- 2. Standard: ASME A112.36.2M. Include wall access.

# 2.2 <u>THROUGH-PENETRATION FIRESTOP ASSEMBLIES</u>

- A. Through-Penetration Firestop Assemblies:
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. ProSet Systems Inc.
  - 2. Standard: UL 1479 assembly of sleeve and stack fitting with firestopping plug.
  - 3. Size: Same as connected pipe.
  - 4. Sleeve: Molded PVC plastic, of length to match slab thickness and with integral nailing flange on one end for installation in cast-in-place concrete slabs.

5. Special Coating: Corrosion resistant on interior of fittings.

## 2.3 ROOF DRAINS

#### A. Metal Roof Drains:

- 1. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the product indicated on Drawings or a comparable product by one of the following:
  - a. Josam Company; Josam Div.
  - b. Smith, Jay R. Mfg. Co.; Division of Smith Industries, Inc.
  - c. Tyler Pipe; Wade Div.
  - d. Watts Drainage Products Inc.
  - e. Zurn Plumbing Products Group; Specification Drainage Operation.
- 2. Standard: ASME A112.21.2M.

### 2.4 MISCELLANEOUS STORM DRAINAGE PIPING SPECIALTIES

#### A. Expansion Joints:

- 1. Standard: ASME A112.21.2M.
- 2. Body: Cast iron with bronze sleeve, packing, and gland.
- 3. End Connections: Matching connected piping.
- 4. Size: Same as connected piping.

#### B. Conductor Nozzles:

- 1. Description: Bronze body with threaded inlet and bronze wall flange with mounting holes.
- 2. Size: Same as connected conductor.

### 2.5 FLASHING MATERIALS

- A. Copper Sheet: ASTM B 152/B 152M, 12 oz./sq. ft. thickness.
- B. Zinc-Coated Steel Sheet: ASTM A 653/A 653M, with 0.20 percent copper content and 0.04-inch minimum thickness, unless otherwise indicated. Include G90 hot-dip galvanized, mill-phosphatized finish for painting if indicated.
- C. Elastic Membrane Sheet: ASTM D 4068, flexible, chlorinated polyethylene, 40-mil minimum thickness.
- D. Fasteners: Metal compatible with material and substrate being fastened.

- E. Metal Accessories: Sheet metal strips, clamps, anchoring devices, and similar accessory units required for installation; matching or compatible with material being installed.
- F. Solder: ASTM B 32, lead-free alloy.
- G. Bituminous Coating: SSPC-Paint 12, solvent-type, bituminous mastic.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 <u>INSTALLATION</u>

- A. Refer to other Division 22 Sections for piping joining materials, joint construction, and basic installation requirements.
- B. Install cleanouts in aboveground piping and building drain piping according to the following, unless otherwise indicated:
  - 1. Size same as drainage piping up to NPS 4. Use NPS 4 for larger drainage piping unless larger cleanout is indicated.
  - 2. Locate at each change in direction of piping greater than 45 degrees.
  - 3. Locate at minimum intervals of 50 feet for piping NPS 4 and smaller and 100 feet for larger piping.
  - 4. Locate at base of each vertical soil and waste stack.
- C. For floor cleanouts for piping below floors, install cleanout deck plates with top flush with finished floor.
- D. For cleanouts located in concealed piping, install cleanout wall access covers, of types indicated, with frame and cover flush with finished wall.
- E. Install through-penetration firestop assemblies in plastic conductors and stacks at floor penetrations.
- F. Install roof drains at low points of roof areas according to roof membrane manufacturer's written installation instructions. Roofing materials are specified in Division 07.
  - 1. Install roof-drain flashing collar or flange so that there will be no leakage between drain and adjoining roofing. Maintain integrity of waterproof membranes where penetrated.
  - 2. Position roof drains for easy access and maintenance.
- G. Install sleeve flashing device with each riser and stack passing through floors with waterproof membrane.

- H. Install expansion joints on vertical stacks and conductors. Position expansion joints for easy access and maintenance.
- I. Install conductor nozzles at exposed bottom of conductors where they spill onto grade.
- J. Install escutcheons at wall, floor, and ceiling penetrations in exposed finished locations and within cabinets and millwork. Use deep-pattern escutcheons if required to conceal protruding pipe fittings.

## 3.2 <u>CONNECTIONS</u>

A. Piping installation requirements are specified in other Division 22 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of piping, fittings, and specialties.

### 3.3 FLASHING INSTALLATION

- A. Fabricate flashing from single piece unless large pans, sumps, or other drainage shapes are required. Join flashing according to the following if required:
  - 1. Lead Sheets: Burn joints of lead sheets 6.0-lb/sq. ft., 0.0938-inch thickness or thicker. Solder joints of lead sheets 4.0-lb/sq. ft., 0.0625-inch thickness or thinner.
  - 2. Copper Sheets: Solder joints of copper sheets.
- B. Install sheet flashing on pipes, sleeves, and specialties passing through or embedded in floors and roofs with waterproof membrane.
  - 1. Pipe Flashing: Sleeve type, matching pipe size, with minimum length of 10 inches, and skirt or flange extending at least 8 inches around pipe.
  - 2. Sleeve Flashing: Flat sheet, with skirt or flange extending at least 8 inches around sleeve
  - 3. Embedded Specialty Flashing: Flat sheet, with skirt or flange extending at least 8 inches around specialty.
- C. Set flashing on floors and roofs in solid coating of bituminous cement.
- D. Secure flashing into sleeve and specialty clamping ring or device.
- E. Fabricate and install flashing and pans, sumps, and other drainage shapes.

### 3.4 **PROTECTION**

A. Protect drains during remainder of construction period to avoid clogging with dirt or debris and to prevent damage from traffic or construction work.

B. Place plugs in ends of uncompleted piping at end of each day or when work stops.

END OF SECTION 22 14 23 01/25/2018

### PART 1 - GENERAL

### 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. This section is intended to supplement the requirements of Division 01 requirements. For any conflicting requirements for minimum quantities or quality levels between this Section and Division 01, comply with the most stringent requirement.

### 1.2 WORK UNDER OTHER CONTRACTS

A. General: Cooperate fully with separate contractors so work on those contracts may be carried out smoothly, without interfering with or delaying work under this Contract. Coordinate the Work of this Contract with work performed under separate contracts.

### 1.3 WORK RESTRICTIONS

- A. Existing Utility Interruptions: Do not interrupt utilities serving facilities occupied by Owner or others unless permitted under the following conditions and then only after arranging to provide temporary utility services:
  - 1. Notify Construction Manager or Owner not less than 10 days in advance of proposed utility interruptions.
  - 2. Do not proceed with utility interruptions without Construction Manager's or Owner's written permission.

### 1.4 <u>SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES</u>

- A. Delegated-Design Services:
  - 1. Performance and Design Criteria: Where professional design services or certifications by a design professional are specifically required of the Contractor by the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall provide products and systems complying with specific performance and design indicated.
    - a. If criteria indicated are not sufficient to perform services or certification required, submit a written request for additional information to the Architect.
  - 2. Delegated-Design Services Certification: In addition to Shop Drawings, Product Data, and other required submittals, submit digitally signed PDF electronic file copies of certificate, signed and sealed by the responsible design professional, for

each product and system specifically assigned to the Contractor to be designed or certified by a design professional.

a. Indicate that products and systems comply with performance and design criteria in the Contract Documents. Include list of codes, loads, and other factors used in performing these services.

## 1.5 RECORD DRAWINGS AND RECORD DIGITAL FILES

- A. Record Drawings and Record Digital Files: Comply with the following:
  - 1. Submit Record Drawings and Record Digital Files as follows:
    - a. Initial Submittal: Submit one set of plots from corrected Record CAD Drawings and one set of marked-up Record Prints. Engineer will initial and date each plot and mark whether general scope of changes, additional information recorded, and quality of drafting are acceptable. Engineer will return plot for organizing into sets, printing, binding, and final submittal.
    - b. Final Submittal: Submit three sets of Record CAD Drawing files, three sets of Construction Coordination Building Information Model, and one set of Record CAD Drawing plots. Plot and print each drawing, whether or not changes and additional information were recorded.
      - 1) Electronic Media: CD-R.
- B. Qualification Data: For training instructor.

### 1.6 MINIMUM CONTRACTOR'S COMMISSIONING RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. Each Contractor shall assign representatives with expertise and authority to act on its behalf and shall schedule them to participate in and perform commissioning process activities including, but not limited to, the following:
  - 1. Evaluate performance deficiencies identified in test reports and, in collaboration with entity responsible for system and equipment installation, recommend corrective action.
  - 2. Cooperate with the CxA for resolution of issues recorded in the Issues Log.
  - 3. Attend commissioning team meetings held on a weekly basis.
  - 4. Integrate and coordinate commissioning process activities with construction schedule.
  - 5. Review and accept construction checklists provided by the CxA.
  - 6. Complete paper or electronic construction checklists as Work is completed and provide to the Commissioning Authority on a weekly basis.
  - 7. Review and accept commissioning process test procedures provided by the Commissioning Authority.

- 8. Complete commissioning process test procedures.
- B. Refer to related information in Div. 1 for additional requirements.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 <u>RECORD DRAWINGS</u>

- A. Record CAD Drawings: Immediately before observation for Certificate of Substantial Completion, review marked-up Record Prints with Engineer and Construction Manager. When authorized, prepare a full set of corrected CAD Drawings of the Contract Drawings, as follows:
  - 1. Format: Autodesk .dwg format of the same version, and operating system as the original Contract Drawings.
  - 2. Incorporate changes and additional information previously marked on Record Prints. Delete, redraw, and add details and notations where applicable.
  - 3. Refer instances of uncertainty to Engineer for resolution.
  - 4. Contractor may request one set of CAD Drawings of the Contract Drawings for use in recording information.
    - a. Engineer makes no representations as to the accuracy or completeness of CAD Drawings as they relate to the Contract Drawings.
- B. Format: Identify and date each Record Drawing; include the designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWING" in a prominent location.
  - 1. Record Prints: Organize Record Prints and newly prepared Record Drawings into manageable sets. Bind each set with durable paper cover sheets. Include identification on cover sheets.
  - 2. Record CAD/Revit Drawings: Organize information into separate electronic files that correspond to each sheet of the Contract Drawings. Name each file with the sheet identification. Include identification in each file.
  - 3. Identification: As follows:
    - a. Project name.
    - b. Date.
    - c. Designation "PROJECT RECORD DRAWINGS."
    - d. Name of Engineer, Architect and Construction Manager.
    - e. Name of Contractor.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 <u>EXAMINATION</u>

- A. Existing Conditions: The existence and location of underground and other utilities and construction indicated as existing are not guaranteed. Before beginning work, investigate and verify the existence and location of underground utilities, mechanical and electrical systems, and other construction affecting the Work.
  - 1. Before construction, verify the location and invert elevation at points of connection of sanitary sewer, storm sewer, and water-service piping; underground electrical services, and other utility and system connections.
  - 2. Furnish location data for work related to Project that must be performed by public utilities serving Project site.
  - 3. Existing Utility Information: Furnish information to local utility and Owner that is necessary to adjust, move, or relocate existing utility structures, utility poles, lines, services, or other utility appurtenances located in or affected by construction. Coordinate with authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Acceptance of Conditions: Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance. Record observations.
  - 1. Written Report: Where a written report listing conditions detrimental to performance of the Project scope of work is required by other Sections, include the following:
    - a. Description of the Work.
    - b. List of detrimental conditions, including substrates.
    - c. List of unacceptable installation tolerances.
    - d. Recommended corrections.
  - 2. Verify compatibility with and suitability of substrates, including compatibility with existing finishes or primers.
  - 3. Examine roughing-in for mechanical and electrical systems to verify actual locations of connections before equipment and fixture installation.
  - 4. Examine walls, floors, and roofs for suitable conditions where products and systems are to be installed.
  - 5. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected. Proceeding with the Work indicates acceptance of surfaces and conditions.

### 3.2 PREPARATION

A. Existing Utility Information: Furnish information to local utility and Owner that is necessary to adjust, move, or relocate existing utility structures, utility poles, lines,

- services, or other utility appurtenances located in or affected by construction. Coordinate with authorities having jurisdiction.
- B. Field Measurements: Take field measurements as required to fit the Work properly. Recheck measurements before installing each product. Where portions of the Work are indicated to fit to other construction, verify dimensions of other construction by field measurements before fabrication. Coordinate fabrication schedule with construction progress to avoid delaying the Work.
- C. Space Requirements: Verify space requirements and dimensions of items shown diagrammatically on Drawings.
- D. Review of Contract Documents and Field Conditions: Immediately on discovery of the need for clarification of the Contract Documents, submit a request for information to Engineer. Include a detailed description of problem encountered, together with recommendations for changing the Contract Documents.

### 3.3 **DEMOLITION**

- A. Work indicated to be removed includes removal of all auxiliary materials, accessories, anchorage, fasteners, and etc., down to bare substrate. No residual materials shall remain from work to be removed. Contractor will use whatever means necessary; including removal of all materials attached or related to those items designated to be removed, as acceptable to Owner and Engineer, to provided complete and thorough removal of existing work.
- B. Protect existing equipment and installations indicated to remain. If damaged or disturbed in the course of the Work, remove damaged portions and install new products of equal capacity, quality, and functionality.
- C. Accessible Work: Remove exposed equipment and installations, indicated to be demolished, in their entirety.
- D. Abandoned Work: Cut and remove buried MEP system materials, equipment, raceways, piping and distribution, indicated to be abandoned in place, 2 inches below the surface of adjacent construction. Cap and patch surface to match existing finish.
- E. Remove demolished materials from Project site.
- F. Remove, store, clean, reinstall, reconnect, and make operational components indicated for relocation.
- G. Field verify all existing MEP system materials, equipment, raceways, piping and distribution to be removed for exact quantities.

- H. Remove all existing MEP system materials, equipment, raceways, piping and distribution located above ceilings and in walls that are not being reused.
- I. Remove all MEP systems and appurtenances, which are to be removed, in their entireties back to the source or source panels.
- J. Remove all existing MEP system materials, equipment, raceways, piping and distribution located in walls or ceilings being demolished. Abandon no devices that have been disconnected unless specifically noted.
- K. Maintain continuity of all existing MEP devices, and utilization equipment not removed.
- L. Remove, store, protect, and reinstall existing work as required to accommodate alteration indicated.
- M. The existing work to be removed, in general, is as indicated on the Drawings and in this Section, but also includes any materials or work necessary to permit installation of new materials, as approved by Owner and Engineer.
- N. Disconnect, demolish, and remove systems, equipment, and components indicated to be removed, abandoned or as made obsolete by this project.
  - 1. To Be Removed: Remove portion of systems, equipment, and components indicated to be removed and cap or plug remaining with same or compatible material.
  - 2. To Be Abandoned in Place: Drain piping and cap or plug systems, equipment, and components with same or compatible material.
  - 3. Equipment to Be Removed: Disconnect, make safe and cap services and remove equipment.
  - 4. Equipment to Be Removed and Reinstalled: Disconnect, make safe and cap services and remove, clean, and store equipment; when appropriate, reinstall, reconnect, and make equipment operational.
  - 5. Equipment to Be Removed and Salvaged: Disconnect, make safe and cap services and remove equipment and deliver at direction of Owner.
- O. If systems, equipment, and components to remain is damaged in appearance or is unserviceable, remove damaged or unserviceable portions and replace with new products of equal capacity and quality.
- P. In finished areas, all systems, equipment, and components shall be cut back to a concealed location, i.e., within walls, above ceilings, etc., before capping.

### 3.4 <u>INSTALLATION</u>

- A. General: Locate the Work and components of the Work accurately, in correct alignment and elevation, as indicated.
  - 1. Make vertical work plumb and make horizontal work level.
  - 2. Where space is limited, install components to maximize space available for maintenance and ease of removal for replacement.
  - 3. Conceal pipes, ducts, and wiring in finished areas, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 4. Maintain minimum headroom clearance as indicated by Architect and/or Construction Manager in spaces without a suspended ceiling.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions and recommendations for installing products in applications indicated.
- C. Install products at the time and under conditions that will ensure the best possible results. Maintain conditions required for product performance until Substantial Completion.
- D. Conduct construction operations so no part of the Work is subjected to damaging operations or loading in excess of that expected during normal conditions of occupancy.
- E. Tools and Equipment: Do not use tools or equipment that produces harmful noise levels.
- F. Templates: Obtain and distribute to the parties involved templates for work specified to be factory prepared and field installed. Check Shop Drawings of other work to confirm that adequate provisions are made for locating and installing products to comply with indicated requirements.
- G. Anchors and Fasteners: Provide anchors and fasteners as required to anchor each component securely in place, accurately located and aligned with other portions of the Work.
  - 1. All equipment and piping not supported from the building structural steel shall not exceed a combined load of 7 psf when supported from the metal deck/slab. Any condition that may exceed this limit shall be reviewed and approved by the Design-Builder and Structure Engineer before installation.
  - 2. Mounting Heights: Where mounting heights are not indicated, mount components at heights directed by Engineer and/or to allow for proper access.
  - 3. Allow for building movement, including thermal expansion and contraction.
  - 4. Coordinate installation of anchorages. Furnish setting drawings, templates, and directions for installing anchorages, including sleeves, concrete inserts, anchor bolts, and items with integral anchors, that are to be embedded in concrete or masonry. Deliver such items to Project site in time for installation.

H. Hazardous Materials: Use products, cleaners, and installation materials that are not considered hazardous.

### 3.5 SCAFFOLDING, RIGGING, HOISTING

- A. Excavation and backfilling shall be done per Division 2 of the Specifications.
- B. The Contractor shall furnish all scaffolding, rigging, hoisting and services necessary for erection and delivery into the premises any equipment and apparatus furnished under this Division. Remove same from premises when no longer required.

### 3.6 EXCAVATION AND BACKFILLING

A. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to coordinate sizes, depths, fill and bedding requirements and any other excavation work required under this Division.

### 3.7 ACCESSIBILITY AND ACCESS PANELS

- A. The Contractor shall be responsible for the sufficiency of the size of shafts and chases, the adequate thickness of partitions, and the adequate clearance in double partitions and hung ceilings for the proper installation of the Work.
- B. Locate all equipment which must be serviced, operated or maintained in fully accessible positions. Access doors shall be furnished for accessibility. Minor deviations from the Drawings may be made to allow better accessibility, but changes of magnitude or which involve extra cost shall not be made without the acceptance of the Engineer.
- C. Locate all equipment which must be serviced, operated or maintained in fully accessible positions. Equipment shall include, but not be limited to: motors, controllers, coil, valves, switchgear, drain points, etc. Access doors shall be furnished if required for better accessibility. Minor deviations from the Drawings may be made to allow better accessibility, but changes of magnitude or which involve extra cost shall not be made without the acceptance of the Engineer.
- D. Access doors in walls, ceilings, floors, etc., shall be field coordinated. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to coordinate and provide information regarding the sizes and quantities of access doors required for his work. The Contractor shall arrange his work in such a manner as to minimize the quantity of access doors required, such as grouping shutoff valves in the same area. Where possible, locate valves in already accessible areas, such as lay-in ceilings, etc.
- E. On a clean set of prints, the Contractor shall mark in red pencil the location of each required access door, including its size and fire rating (if any), and shall submit the print to the Architect for review before access doors are purchased or installed.

F. Upon completion of the Project, the Contractor shall physically demonstrate that all equipment and devices installed have been located and/or provided with adequate access panels for repair, maintenance and/or operation. Any equipment not so furnished shall be relocated or provided with additional access panels by the installing Contractor at no additional cost to the Owner.

## 3.8 STARTING AND ADJUSTING

- A. Start equipment and operating components to confirm proper operation. Remove malfunctioning units, replace with new units, and retest.
- B. Adjust operating components for proper operation without binding. Adjust equipment for proper operation.
- C. Test each piece of equipment to verify proper operation. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.
- D. Manufacturer's Field Service: Provide a factory-authorized service representative to inspect field-assembled components and equipment installation, comply with qualification requirements in "Quality Requirements."

## 3.9 PROTECTION OF INSTALLED CONSTRUCTION

- A. Provide final protection and maintain conditions that ensure installed Work is without damage or deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- B. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for temperature and relative humidity.
- C. Remove debris from concealed spaces before enclosing the space.
- D. Remove liquid spills promptly.
- E. Where dust would impair proper execution of the Project scope of work, broom-clean or vacuum the entire work area, as appropriate.
- F. Installed Work: Keep installed work clean.
- G. Exposed Surfaces in Finished Areas: Clean exposed surfaces and protect as necessary to ensure freedom from damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion.
- H. During handling and installation, clean and protect construction in progress and adjoining materials already in place. Apply protective covering where required to ensure protection from damage or deterioration at Substantial Completion.

- I. Clean and provide maintenance on completed construction as frequently as necessary through the remainder of the construction period. Adjust and lubricate operable components to ensure operability without damaging effects.
- J. Limiting Exposures: Supervise construction operations to assure that no part of the construction completed or in progress, is subject to harmful, dangerous, damaging, or otherwise deleterious exposure during the construction period.

# 3.10 CORRECTION OF THE WORK

- A. The cost of corrective work shall be included under the contract.
- B. Repair or remove and replace defective construction.
  - 1. Repairing includes replacing defective parts, refinishing damaged surfaces, touching up with matching materials, and properly adjusting operating equipment.
- C. Restore permanent facilities used during construction to their specified or original condition.
- D. Remove and replace damaged surfaces that are exposed to view if surfaces cannot be repaired without visible evidence of repair.
- E. Repair components that do not operate properly. Remove and replace operating components to new condition.
- F. Remove and replace chipped, scratched, and broken glass or reflective surfaces.

END OF SECTION 22 00 10

# PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section includes general requirements for single-phase and polyphase, general-purpose, horizontal, small and medium, squirrel-cage induction motors and single-phase, fan/pump-duty, horizontal, small and medium, electronically commuted, permanent magnet (EC) motors for use on ac power systems up to 600 V and installed at equipment manufacturer's factory or shipped separately by equipment manufacturer for field installation.

# 1.3 <u>COORDINATION</u>

- A. Coordinate features of motors, installed units, and accessory devices to be compatible with the following:
  - 1. Motor controllers.
  - 2. Torque, speed, and horsepower requirements of the load.
  - 3. Ratings and characteristics of supply circuit and required control sequence.
  - 4. Ambient and environmental conditions of installation location.

## **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

#### 2.1 GENERAL MOTOR REQUIREMENTS

A. Comply with NEMA MG 1 unless otherwise indicated.

## 2.2 <u>MOTOR CHARACTERISTICS</u>

- A. Duty: Continuous duty at ambient temperature of 40 deg C and at altitude of 3300 feet above sea level.
- B. Capacity and Torque Characteristics: Sufficient to start, accelerate, and operate connected loads at designated speeds, at installed altitude and environment, with indicated operating sequence, and without exceeding nameplate ratings or considering service factor.

# 2.3 POLYPHASE MOTORS

A. Description: NEMA MG 1, Design B, medium induction motor.

- B. Efficiency: Energy and premium efficient, as defined in NEMA MG 1.
  - 1. "Energy Efficient" for all motors less than 1 HP.
  - 2. "Premium Efficient" for all motors 1 HP and larger, including those furnished as part of equipment specified in equipment sections. The contractor shall confirm utility company minimum requirements for incentive programs and provide motors with efficiencies that meet or exceed the most stringent between NEMA MG-1 and utility company incentive program requirements. The contractor, at no extra charge to the Owner, shall replace any motor that does not meet the utility company's incentive program. The efficiency and/or "NEMA Premium Efficiency" shall be displayed on the motor nameplate and clearly indicated on the equipment shop drawings submitted for approval.
- C. Service Factor: 1.15.
- D. Multispeed Motors: Variable torque.
  - 1. For motors with 2:1 speed ratio, consequent pole, single winding.
  - 2. For motors with other than 2:1 speed ratio, separate winding for each speed.
- E. Multispeed Motors: Separate winding for each speed.
- F. Rotor: Random-wound, squirrel cage.
- G. Bearings: Regreasable, shielded, antifriction ball bearings suitable for radial and thrust loading.
- H. Temperature Rise: Match insulation rating.
- I. Insulation: Class F.
- J. Code Letter Designation:
  - 1. Motors 15 HP and Larger: NEMA starting Code F or Code G.
  - 2. Motors Smaller than 15 HP: Manufacturer's standard starting characteristic.
- K. Enclosure Material: Cast iron for motor frame sizes 324T and larger; rolled steel for motor frame sizes smaller than 324T.
- L. Motor Controllers:
  - 1. Motor controllers, including variable frequency controllers, shall be furnished with the motor and per Division 26.
  - 2. Overload Protection: Overload protection shall be sized and furnished for the requirements of the specific application.

3. Accessories: Provide accessories coordinated to the specific application and per Division 26.

# 2.4 POLYPHASE MOTORS WITH ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Motors Used with Reduced-Voltage and Multispeed Controllers: Match wiring connection requirements for controller with required motor leads. Provide terminals in motor terminal box, suited to control method.
- B. Motors Used with Variable Frequency Controllers: Ratings, characteristics, and features coordinated with and approved by controller manufacturer.
  - 1. Windings: Copper magnet wire with moisture-resistant insulation varnish, designed and tested to resist transient spikes, high frequencies, and short time rise pulses produced by pulse-width modulated inverters.
  - 2. Energy- and Premium-Efficient Motors: Class B temperature rise; Class F insulation.
  - 3. Thermal Protection: Comply with NEMA MG 1 requirements for thermally protected motors.
  - 4. Shaft Voltage and Bearing Current Protection: Shaft Grounding Rings (SGR) as manufactured by AEGIS or equivalent installed per manufacturer's recommendations and in accordance with NEMA MG1 31.4.4.3 to discharge voltages and divert current to protect bearings in attached equipment.

# 2.5 SINGLE-PHASE MOTORS

- A. Motors larger than 1/20 hp shall be one of the following, to suit starting torque and requirements of specific motor application:
  - 1. Permanent-split capacitor.
  - 2. Split phase.
  - 3. Capacitor start, inductor run.
  - 4. Capacitor start, capacitor run.
- B. Multispeed Motors: Variable-torque, permanent-split-capacitor type.
- C. Bearings: Prelubricated, antifriction ball bearings or sleeve bearings suitable for radial and thrust loading.
- D. Motors 1/20 HP and Smaller: Shaded-pole type.
- E. Thermal Protection: Internal protection to automatically open power supply circuit to motor when winding temperature exceeds a safe value calibrated to temperature rating of motor insulation. Thermal-protection device shall automatically reset when motor temperature returns to normal range.

#### 2.6 **SINGLE-PHASE EC MOTORS**

- Motors equal to or smaller than 1 HP shall be Electronically Commuted (EC) type, to A. suit starting torque and requirements of specific motor applications.
- Bearings: Prelubricated, antifriction ball bearings suitable for radial and thrust loading. B.
- C. Motors: Internal motor circuitry shall convert AC power supplied to the fan to DC power to operate the motor. Motor shall be speed controllable down to 20 percent of full speed (80 percent turndown). Motor shall be a minimum of 85 percent efficient at all speeds.
  - 1. Variable speed, 0 - 2,000 RPM.
  - Adjustable delay profile. 2.
  - 0 10 volt input signal. 3.
  - Output signal.
  - Programmable ramp rate. 5.
  - 6. Soft start.
  - 7. Remote controller.
  - Moisture resistant. 8.
  - 9. Insulation: Class H.
  - Enclosure: Class 2, IP44. 10.
  - Integrated motor protection (electronically protected). 11.
  - UL 778, 1004-1, 508C. 12.
  - CAN/CSA C22.2 #108, #100, #107.1. 13.
  - EMC (89/366 EEC): EN 61000. 14.
  - 15. LVD (73/23/EC): EN 60335-1, EN 60335-2-51.
  - Machine Safety (98/37/EC): EN ISO 12100. 16.

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 MOTORS USED WITH VARIABLE FREQUENCY CONTROLLERS

- A. Install shaft grounding rings on all equipment motors using variable speed controllers.
- В. Install per manufacturer's instructions.
- C. Assure grounding of SGR to motor frame.

**END OF SECTION 23 05 13** 

01/25/2018

#### PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Single-wall rectangular ducts and fittings.
  - 2. Single-wall round ducts and fittings.
  - 3. Sheet metal materials.
  - 4. Sealants and gaskets.
  - 5. Hangers and supports.

#### B. Related Sections:

1. Division 07 Section "Joint Sealants" for fire-resistant sealants for use around duct penetrations and fire damper installations in fire-rated floors, partitions and walls.

### 1.3 **DEFINITIONS**

- A. Outside Air: Air originating from outside of the building, from the primary environment surrounding the building. Outside air includes make-up air, combustion air, fresh air and other types of air.
- B. Conditioned Space: An area, room, ceiling space/plenum or space within the building structure being heated or cooled (by direct expansion or chilled water) or both, by equipment or appliance and is not subject to outdoor ambient conditions.
- C. Unconditioned Space: An area, room or space within the building structure not being conditioned and subject to outdoor ambient conditions. Above ceiling spaces in ducted return systems are considered unconditioned.
- D. Concealed Ducts/Pipes: Ducts/pipes not visible within the room they are located, after the project is completed.
- E. Exposed Ducts/Pipes: Ducts/pipes visible within the room they are located, after the project is completed.

- F. Ceiling Space/Plenum: An enclosed portion of the building structure, other than an occupiable space being conditioned, that is designed to allow air movement, and thereby serve as part of an air distribution system.
- G. Plenum: Part of duct system connected to diffusers, registers, grilles, louvers for air movement applications.
- H. Moist Exhaust: Exhaust air that carries a higher than ambient level of moisture/humidity in the stream.

# 1.4 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Delegated Duct Design: Duct construction, including sheet metal thicknesses, seam and joint construction, reinforcements, and hangers and supports, shall comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" and performance requirements and design criteria indicated in "Duct Schedule" Article.
- B. Structural Performance: Duct hangers and supports and seismic restraints shall withstand the effects of gravity and seismic loads and stresses within limits and under conditions described in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," ASCE/SEI 7, and SMACNA's "Seismic Restraint Manual: Guidelines for Mechanical Systems."
- C. Airstream Surfaces: Surfaces in contact with the airstream shall comply with requirements in ASHRAE 62.1-2004.

# 1.5 **SUBMITTALS**

- A. Product Data: For each type of the following products:
  - 1. Liners and adhesives.
  - 2. Sealants and gaskets.
  - 3. Seismic-restraint devices.

#### B. Shop Drawings:

- 1. Fabrication, assembly, and installation, including plans, elevations, sections, components, and attachments to other work.
- 2. Factory- and shop-fabricated ducts and fittings.
- 3. Duct layout indicating sizes, configuration, liner material, and static-pressure classes.
- 4. Elevation of top of ducts.
- 5. Dimensions of main duct runs from building grid lines.
- 6. Fittings.
- 7. Reinforcement and spacing.

- 8. Seam and joint construction.
- 9. Penetrations through fire-rated and other partitions.
- 10. Equipment installation based on equipment being used on Project.
- 11. Locations for duct accessories, including dampers, turning vanes, and access doors and panels.
- 12. Hangers and supports, including methods for duct and building attachment and vibration isolation.

# C. Delegated-Design Submittal:

- 1. Sheet metal thicknesses.
- 2. Joint and seam construction and sealing.
- 3. Reinforcement details and spacing.
- 4. Materials, fabrication, assembly, and spacing of hangers and supports.
- 5. Design Calculations: Calculations for selecting hangers and supports.
- D. Coordination Drawings: Plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from installers of the items involved:
  - 1. Duct installation in congested spaces, indicating coordination with general construction, building components, and other building services. Indicate proposed changes to duct layout.
  - 2. Suspended ceiling components.
  - 3. Structural members to which duct will be attached.
  - 4. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical tile.
  - 5. Penetrations of smoke barriers and fire-rated construction.
- E. Welding certificates.
- F. Field quality-control reports.
- G. Contractor Certification for Compliance that all ductwork has been fabricated and installed in accordance with the SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards-Metal and Flexible," including duct thickness, joining methods and reinforcing for the applicable pressure classifications.

# 1.6 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

A. Welding Qualifications: Quality procedures and personnel according to AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code - Steel," for hangers and supports, AWS D1.2/D1.2M, "Structural Welding Code - Aluminum," for aluminum supports, and AWS D9.1M/D9.1, "Sheet Metal Welding Code," for duct joint and seam welding.

- B. Welding Qualifications: Qualify procedures and personnel according to the following:
  - 1. AWS D1.1/D1.1M, "Structural Welding Code Steel," for hangers and supports.
  - 2. AWS D1.2/D1.2M, "Structural Welding Code Aluminum," for aluminum supports.
  - 3. AWS D9.1M/D9.1, "Sheet Metal Welding Code," for duct joint and seam welding.
- C. ASHRAE Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE 62.1-2004, Section 5 "Systems and Equipment" and Section 7 "Construction and System Start-Up."
- D. ASHRAE/IESNA Compliance: Applicable requirements in ASHRAE/IESNA 90.1-2004, Section 6.4.4 "HVAC System Construction and Insulation."
- E. Duct Cleaning: Qualify procedures and personnel with the National Air Duct Cleaners Association (NADCA) recommendations and industry standards for HVAC system cleaning.

# PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 <u>SINGLE-WALL RECTANGULAR DUCTS AND FITTINGS</u>

- A. General Fabrication Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" based on indicated static-pressure class unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Transverse Joints: Select joint types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 1-4, "Transverse (Girth) Joints," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
- C. Longitudinal Seams: Select seam types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 1-5, "Longitudinal Seams Rectangular Ducts," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
- D. Elbows, Transitions, Offsets, Branch Connections, and Other Duct Construction: Select types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Chapter 2, "Fittings and Other Construction," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."

# 2.2 <u>SINGLE-WALL ROUND DUCTS AND FITTINGS</u>

- A. General Fabrication Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Chapter 3, "Round, Oval, and Flexible Duct," based on indicated static-pressure class unless otherwise indicated.
  - 1. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following:
    - a. Lindab Inc.
    - b. EHG Duct.
    - c. McGill AirFlow LLC.
    - d. SEMCO Incorporated.
    - e. Sheet Metal Connectors, Inc.
    - f. Spiral Manufacturing Co., Inc.
- B. Transverse Joints: Select joint types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-2, "Transverse Joints Round Duct," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," and SMACNA's "Guyed Steel Stacks Welded Longseam and Spiral Lockseam."
  - 1. Transverse Joints in Ducts Larger Than 60 Inches in Diameter: Flanged.
- C. Longitudinal Seams: Select seam types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-1, "Seams Round Duct and Fittings," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," and SMACNA's "Guyed Steel Stacks Welded Longseam and Spiral Lockseam."
- D. Tees and Laterals: Select types and fabricate according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-4, "90 Degree Tees and Laterals," and Figure 3-5, "Conical Tees," for static-pressure class, applicable sealing requirements, materials involved, duct-support intervals, and other provisions in SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."

#### 2.3 SHEET METAL MATERIALS

A. General Material Requirements: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible," and SMACNA's "Guyed Steel Stacks - Welded Longseam and Spiral Lockseam" for acceptable materials, material thicknesses, and duct construction methods unless otherwise indicated. Sheet metal materials shall be free of pitting, seam marks, roller marks, stains, discolorations, and other imperfections.

- B. Aluminum Sheets: Comply with ASTM B 209 Alloy 3003, H14 temper; with mill finish for concealed ducts, and standard, one-side bright finish for duct surfaces exposed to view.
- C. Reinforcement Shapes and Plates: ASTM A 36/A 36M, steel plates, shapes, and bars; black and galvanized.
  - 1. Where black- and galvanized-steel shapes and plates are used to reinforce aluminum ducts, isolate the different metals with butyl rubber, neoprene, or EPDM gasket materials.
- D. Tie Rods: Galvanized steel, 1/4-inch minimum diameter for lengths 36 inches or less; 3/8-inch minimum diameter for lengths longer than 36 inches.
- E. Guy Wires: Comply with SMACNA's "Guyed Steel Stacks Welded Longseam and Spiral Lockseam."
- F. Cable, Stiffener and Anchor Rings: Comply with SMACNA's "Guyed Steel Stacks Welded Longseam and Spiral Lockseam."

### 2.4 <u>SEALANT AND GASKETS</u>

- A. General Sealant and Gasket Requirements: Surface-burning characteristics for sealants and gaskets shall be a maximum flame-spread index of 25 and a maximum smokedeveloped index of 50 when tested according to UL 723; certified by an NRTL.
- B. Water-Based Joint and Seam Sealant:
  - 1. Application Method: Brush on.
  - 2. Solids Content: Minimum 65 percent.
  - 3. Shore A Hardness: Minimum 20.
  - 4. Water resistant.
  - 5. Mold and mildew resistant.
  - 6. VOC: Maximum 75 g/L (less water).
  - 7. Maximum Static-Pressure Class: 10-inch wg, positive and negative.
  - 8. Service: Indoor or outdoor.
  - 9. Substrate: Compatible with galvanized sheet steel (both PVC coated and bare), stainless steel, or aluminum sheets.
- C. Flanged Joint Sealant: Comply with ASTM C 920.
  - 1. General: Single-component, acid-curing, silicone, elastomeric.
  - Type: S.
     Grade: NS.
  - 4. Class: 25.

- 5. Use: O.
- 6. For indoor applications, use sealant that has a VOC content of 250 g/L or less when calculated according to 40 CFR 59, Subpart D (EPA Method 24).
- D. Flange Gaskets: Butyl rubber, neoprene, or EPDM polymer with polyisobutylene plasticizer.
- E. Round Duct Joint O-Ring Seals:
  - 1. Seal shall provide maximum leakage class of 3 cfm/100 sq. ft. at 1-inch wg and shall be rated for 10-inch wg static-pressure class, positive or negative.
  - 2. EPDM O-ring to seal in concave bead in coupling or fitting spigot.
  - 3. Double-lipped, EPDM O-ring seal, mechanically fastened to factory-fabricated couplings and fitting spigots.

# 2.5 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Hanger Rods for Noncorrosive Environments: Cadmium-plated steel rods and nuts.
- B. Hanger Rods for Corrosive Environments: Electrogalvanized, all-thread rods or galvanized rods with threads painted with zinc-chromate primer after installation.
- C. Strap and Rod Sizes: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Table 4-1, "Rectangular Duct Hangers Minimum Size," and Table 4-2, "Minimum Hanger Sizes for Round Duct."
- D. Steel Cables for Galvanized-Steel Ducts: Galvanized steel complying with ASTM A 603.
- E. Steel Cables for Stainless-Steel Ducts: Stainless steel complying with ASTM A 492.
- F. Steel Cable End Connections: Cadmium-plated steel assemblies with brackets, swivel, and bolts designed for duct hanger service; with an automatic-locking and clamping device.
- G. Duct Attachments: Sheet metal screws, blind rivets, or self-tapping metal screws; compatible with duct materials.
- H. Trapeze and Riser Supports:
  - 1. Supports for Aluminum Ducts: Aluminum or galvanized steel coated with zinc chromate.
- I. Metal Stack Support and Guy System: Comply with SMACNA's "Guyed Steel Stacks Welded Longseam and Spiral Lockseam."

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

# 3.1 <u>DUCT INSTALLATION</u>

- A. Drawing plans, schematics, and diagrams indicate general location and arrangement of duct system. Indicated duct locations, configurations, and arrangements were used to size ducts and calculate friction loss for air-handling equipment sizing and for other design considerations. Install duct systems as indicated unless deviations to layout are approved on Shop Drawings and Coordination Drawings.
- B. Install ducts according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible" unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Install round ducts in maximum practical lengths.
- D. Install ducts with fewest possible joints.
- E. Install factory- or shop-fabricated fittings for changes in direction, size, and shape and for branch connections.
- F. Unless otherwise indicated, install ducts vertically and horizontally, and parallel and perpendicular to building lines.
- G. Install ducts close to walls, overhead construction, columns, and other structural and permanent enclosure elements of building.
- H. Install ducts with a clearance of 1 inch, plus allowance for insulation thickness.
  - 1. Exception: Where code required clearances are greater.
- I. Route ducts to avoid passing through egress areas, egress stairwells, transformer vaults and electrical equipment rooms and enclosures.
- J. Where ducts pass through non-fire-rated interior partitions and exterior walls and are exposed to view, cover the opening between the partition and duct or duct insulation with sheet metal flanges of same metal thickness as the duct. Overlap openings on four sides by at least 1-1/2 inches.
- K. Where ducts pass through fire-rated interior partitions and exterior walls, install fire dampers. Comply with requirements in Division 23 Section "Air Duct Accessories" for fire and smoke dampers.
- L. Protect duct interiors from moisture, construction debris and dust, and other foreign materials. Comply with SMACNA's "Duct Cleanliness for New Construction Guidelines."

- M. Outside air and exhaust/relief plenums to louvers or roof vents shall be sealed watertight and sloped to a single point with a drainage fitting connection.
- N. Provide and locate sheet metal baffle plates in ductwork, units, mixing boxes, plenums, etc., as required to eliminate stratification. Affix baffles permanently in place after stratification problem has been eliminated.

# 3.2 <u>INSTALLATION OF EXPOSED DUCTWORK</u>

- A. Protect ducts exposed in finished spaces from being dented, scratched, or damaged.
- B. Trim duct sealants flush with metal. Create a smooth and uniform exposed bead. Do not use two-part tape sealing system.
- C. Grind welds to provide smooth surface free of burrs, sharp edges, and weld splatter. When welding stainless steel with a No. 3 or 4 finish, grind the welds flush, polish the exposed welds, and treat the welds to remove discoloration caused by welding.
- D. Maintain consistency, symmetry, and uniformity in the arrangement and fabrication of fittings, hangers and supports, duct accessories, and air outlets.
- E. Repair or replace damaged sections and finished work that does not comply with these requirements.

## 3.3 DUCT SEALING

- A. Seal ducts for duct static-pressure, seal classes, and leakage classes specified in "Duct Schedule" Article according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
- B. Seal ducts to the following seal classes according to SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible":
  - 1. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible."
  - 2. Unconditioned Space, Exhaust Ducts: Seal Class B.

# 3.4 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Chapter 4, "Hangers and Supports."
- B. Building Attachments: Concrete inserts, powder-actuated fasteners, or structural-steel fasteners appropriate for construction materials to which hangers are being attached.

- 1. Where practical, install concrete inserts before placing concrete.
- 2. Install powder-actuated concrete fasteners after concrete is placed and completely cured.
- 3. Use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for standard-weight aggregate concretes or for slabs more than 4 inches thick.
- 4. Do not use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for lightweight-aggregate concretes or for slabs less than 4 inches thick.
- 5. Do not use powder-actuated concrete fasteners for seismic restraints.
- C. Hanger Spacing: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Table 4-1, "Rectangular Duct Hangers Minimum Size," and Table 4-2, "Minimum Hanger Sizes for Round Duct," for maximum hanger spacing; install hangers and supports within 24 inches of each elbow and within 48 inches of each branch intersection.
- D. Hangers Exposed to View: Threaded rod and angle or channel supports.
- E. Support vertical ducts with steel angles or channel secured to the sides of the duct with welds, bolts, sheet metal screws, or blind rivets; support at each floor and at a maximum intervals of 16 feet.
- F. Install upper attachments to structures. Select and size upper attachments with pull-out, tension, and shear capacities appropriate for supported loads and building materials where used.

# 3.5 <u>CONNECTIONS</u>

A. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards - Metal and Flexible" for branch, outlet and inlet, and terminal unit connections.

#### 3.6 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Perform tests and inspections.
- B. Leakage Tests:
  - 1. Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Air Duct Leakage Test Manual." Submit a test report for each test.
  - 2. Test the following systems:
    - a. Ducts with a Pressure Class Lower Than 3-Inch wg: Test all duct sections.
  - 3. Disassemble, reassemble, and seal segments of systems to accommodate leakage testing and for compliance with test requirements.
  - 4. Test for leaks after all system access doors are installed.

- a. Include access doors/access door duct segments in leakage testing and calculations.
- 5. Test for leaks before applying external insulation.
- 6. Conduct tests at static pressures equal to maximum design pressure of system or section being tested. If static-pressure classes are not indicated, test system at maximum system design pressure. Do not pressurize systems above maximum design operating pressure.
- 7. Give seven days' advance notice for testing.

# 3.7 <u>DUCT SCHEDULE</u>

A. Duct static pressure classifications shall be a minimum of the higher of either the fan developed static pressure or the scheduled value below.

Category	Connecting	Pressure Class <sup>ab</sup>	Seal Clas- s <sup>a</sup>	Leakage Class <sup>a</sup>		<b>Material</b> <sup>f</sup>
				Rect.	Round	
Supply Air	Terminal <sup>c</sup>	2"	A	LC-16	LC-8	G
	$AHU^d$	4"	A	LC-8	LC-4	G
	Other	4"	A	LC-8	LC-4	G
Return Air	Terminal <sup>c</sup>	2"	A	LC-16	LC-8	G
	$AHU^d$	4"	A	LC-8	LC-4	G
	Other	4"	A	LC-8	LC-4	G
Exhaust Air	Class 1 & 2 <sup>e</sup>	2"	A	LC-16	LC-8	G
	$AHU^d$	3"	A	LC-8	LC-4	G
	Kitchen	4"	Welded	LC-8	LC-4	B/S1 <sup>g</sup>
	Moisture	3"	A	LC-8	LC-4	<b>S</b> 1
	Class 3 & 4 <sup>e</sup>	6"	A	LC-4	LC-2	S2
	Other	3"	A	LC-8	LC-4	G
Outside Air	Terminal <sup>c</sup>	1"	A	LC-16	LC-8	G
	$AHU^d$	3"	A	LC-8	LC-4	G
	Other	3"	A	LC-8	LC-4	G

#### 1. Table Notes:

- a. Duct classifications according to the latest versions of SMACNA.
- b. Pressure class in inches water gauge (" w.g.).
- c. Terminal designation includes ducts connected to fan coil units, furnaces, heat pumps, and terminal units.
- d. "AHU" indicates all air handling equipment including rooftop units, air handlers, dedicated outside air units, energy recovery units, etc., moving primary and secondary air through the building.
- e. Air classifications as defined by ASHRAE 62.1.

- 1) Ducts connected to fans exhausting Class 1 and 2 air.
- 2) Ducts connected to fans exhausting laboratory and process Class 3 and 4 air.
- f. Material Designations: G = galvanized sheetmetal, S1 = 304L stainless steel, S2 = 316L stainless steel, A = aluminum, B = black iron.
- g. Exposed to View/Outdoors: Type 304, stainless steel sheet, No. 4 finish. Concealed: carbon-steel sheet.

#### B. Exhaust Ducts:

- 1. Ducts Connected to Fans Exhausting (ASHRAE 62.1, Class 1 and 2) Air:
  - a. Aluminum.
  - b. Exposed to View: No. 4 finish.
  - c. Concealed: No. 2D finish.
  - d. Top sealed longitudinal seams and flanged joints with watertight EPDM gaskets.
  - e. Pressure Class: Positive or negative 3-inch wg.
  - f. Minimum SMACNA Seal Class: A.
  - g. SMACNA Leakage Class: 3.

#### C. Intermediate Reinforcement:

- 1. Galvanized-Steel Ducts: Galvanized steel.
- 2. Aluminum Ducts: Aluminum.

#### D. Elbow Configuration:

- 1. Rectangular Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-2, "Rectangular Elbows."
  - a. Velocity 1000 fpm or Lower and Secondary Ductwork:
    - 1) Radius Type RE 1 with minimum 0.5 radius-to-diameter ratio.
    - 2) Mitered Type RE 4 without vanes.
  - b. Velocity 1000 to 1500 fpm:
    - 1) Radius Type RE 1 with minimum 1.0 radius-to-diameter ratio.
    - 2) Radius Type RE 3 with minimum 0.5 radius-to-diameter ratio and two vanes.
    - 3) Mitered Type RE 2 with vanes complying with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-3,

"Vanes and Vane Runners," and Figure 2-4, "Vane Support in Elbows."

- c. Velocity 1500 fpm or Higher:
  - 1) Radius Type RE 1 with minimum 1.5 radius-to-diameter ratio.
  - 2) Radius Type RE 3 with minimum 1.0 radius-to-diameter ratio and two vanes.
  - 3) Mitered Type RE 2 with vanes complying with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-3, "Vanes and Vane Runners," and Figure 2-4, "Vane Support in Elbows."
- 2. Rectangular Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-2, "Rectangular Elbows."
  - a. Radius Type RE 1 with minimum 1.5 radius-to-diameter ratio.
  - b. Radius Type RE 3 with minimum 1.0 radius-to-diameter ratio and two vanes.
  - c. Mitered Type RE 2 with vanes complying with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 2-3, "Vanes and Vane Runners," and Figure 2-4, "Vane Support in Elbows."
  - d. Kitchen Exhaust: Radius Type RE 1 with minimum 1.5 radius-to-diameter ratio.
- 3. Round Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-3, "Round Duct Elbows."
  - a. Minimum Radius-to-Diameter Ratio and Elbow Segments: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Table 3-1, "Mitered Elbows." Elbows with less than 90-degree change of direction have proportionately fewer segments.
    - 1) Velocity 1000 fpm or Lower and Secondary Ductwork: 0.5 radius-to-diameter ratio and three segments for 90-degree elbow.
    - 2) Velocity 1000 to 1500 fpm: 1.0 radius-to-diameter ratio and four segments for 90-degree elbow.
    - 3) Velocity 1500 fpm or Higher: 1.5 radius-to-diameter ratio and five segments for 90-degree elbow.
    - 4) Radius-to Diameter Ratio: 1.5.
    - 5) Kitchen Exhaust Radius-to-Diameter Ratio: 1.5.
  - b. Round Elbows, 12 Inches and Smaller in Diameter: Stamped or pleated.
  - c. Round Elbows, 14 Inches and Larger in Diameter: Standing seam.

## E. Branch Configuration:

- 1. Rectangular Duct: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible, Chapter: "Fittings and Other Construction."
  - a. Rectangular Main to Rectangular Branch: Bell-mouth or 45-degree entry.
  - b. Rectangular Main to Round Branch: Bell-mouth.
  - c. Divided Supply Flow Branches Above 1,000 FPM and Primary Ductwork: Types 1, 2W, 4A and 4B are acceptable.
  - d. Divided Supply Flow Branches 1,000 FPM and Below and Secondary Ductwork: Types 1, 2W, 3, 4A and 4B are acceptable.
  - e. Divided Return Flow Branches Above 1,000 FPM: Types 1, 2W, 4A and 4B are acceptable.
- 2. Round and Flat Oval: Comply with SMACNA's "HVAC Duct Construction Standards Metal and Flexible," Figure 3-4, "90 Degree Tees and Laterals," and Figure 3-5, "Conical Tees." Saddle taps are permitted in existing duct.
  - a. Velocity 1000 fpm or Lower and Secondary Ductwork: Conical tap.
  - b. Velocity 1000 to 1500 fpm: Conical tap.
  - c. Velocity 1500 fpm or Higher: 45-degree lateral.

END OF SECTION 23 31 13

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#### PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
  - 1. Airfoil centrifugal fans.
  - 2. Backward-inclined centrifugal fans.
  - 3. Plenum fans.

# 1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Project Altitude: Base fan performance ratings on sea level.
- B. Operating Limits: Classify according to AMCA 99.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Include rated capacities, furnished specialties, and accessories for each type of product indicated and include the following:
  - 1. Certified fan performance curves with system operating conditions indicated. Provide family of curves at different operating speeds with "do not select left of" line indicated. Curves showing only a single speed and the system operating point will not be acceptable.
  - 2. Certified fan sound-power ratings.
  - 3. Motor ratings and electrical characteristics, plus motor and electrical accessories.
  - 4. Material thickness and finishes, including color charts.
  - 5. Dampers, including housings, linkages, and operators.
- B. Shop Drawings: Detail equipment assemblies and indicate dimensions, weights, loads, required clearances, method of field assembly, components, and location and size of each field connection.
  - 1. Wiring Diagrams: Power, signal, and control wiring.
  - 2. Design Calculations: Calculate requirements for selecting vibration isolators and seismic restraints and for designing vibration isolation bases.

- 3. Vibration Isolation Base Details: Detail fabrication, including anchorages and attachments to structure and to supported equipment. Include auxiliary motor slides and rails, and base weights.
- C. Coordination Drawings: Show fan room layout and relationships between components and adjacent structural and mechanical elements. Show support locations, type of support, and weight on each support. Indicate and certify field measurements.
- D. Field quality-control test reports.
- E. Operation and Maintenance Data: For centrifugal fans to include in emergency, operation, and maintenance manuals.

#### 1.5 **QUALITY ASSURANCE**

- A. Electrical Components, Devices, and Accessories: Listed and labeled as defined in NFPA 70, Article 100, by a testing agency acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction, and marked for intended use.
- B. AMCA Compliance: Products shall comply with performance requirements and shall be licensed to use the AMCA-Certified Ratings Seal.
- C. NEMA Compliance: Motors and electrical accessories shall comply with NEMA 1.

## 1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver fans as factory-assembled units, to the extent allowable by shipping limitations, with protective crating and covering.
- B. Disassemble and reassemble units, as required for moving to the final location, according to manufacturer's written instructions.
- C. Lift and support units with manufacturer's designated lifting or supporting points.

#### 1.7 <u>COORDINATION</u>

- A. Coordinate size and location of structural-steel support members.
- B. Coordinate size and location of concrete bases. Cast anchor-bolt inserts into bases. Concrete, reinforcement, and formwork requirements are specified in Division 03.
- C. Coordinate installation of roof curbs, equipment supports, and roof penetrations.

## 1.8 EXTRA MATERIALS

- A. Furnish extra materials described below that match products installed and that are packaged with protective covering for storage and identified with labels describing contents.
  - 1. Belts: One set for each belt-driven unit.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 AIRFOIL CENTRIFUGAL FANS

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the product indicated on Drawings or a comparable product by one of the following:
  - 1. Aerovent; a Twin City Fan Company.
  - 2. Howden Fan Co.
  - 3. Loren Cook Company.
  - 4. Greenheck.
- B. Description: Factory-fabricated, -assembled, -tested, and -finished, belt-driven centrifugal fans consisting of housing, wheel, fan shaft, bearings, motor and nonfusible disconnect switch, drive assembly, and support structure. For smoke exhaust applications, fan shall be constructed and tested to meet UL listing "Power Ventilator for Smoke Control System."
- C. Housings: Formed panels to make curved-scroll housings with shaped cutoff, with doors or panels to allow access to internal parts and components. Scroll wrapper shall be minimum 12 gauge.
  - 1. Panel Bracing: Steel angle- or channel-iron member supports for mounting and supporting fan scroll, wheel, motor, and accessories.
  - 2. Horizontally split, bolted-flange housing.
  - 3. Spun inlet cone with flange.
  - 4. Outlet flange.
- D. Airfoil Wheels: Single-width-single-inlet steel construction with curved inlet flange; heavy backplate; hollow die-formed, airfoil-shaped blades continuously welded to the backplate; cast-steel hub fastened to shaft with set screws.
- E. Shafts: Statically and dynamically balanced and selected for continuous operation at maximum rated fan speed and motor horsepower, with final alignment and belt adjustment made after installation.

- 1. Turned, ground, and polished hot-rolled steel with keyway. Ship with protective coating of lubricating oil. Shafting sized for critical speed of 125% of maximum rpm.
- 2. Designed to operate at no more than 70 percent of first critical speed at top of fan's speed range.
- F. Grease-Lubricated Shaft Bearings: Regreasable, self-aligning, pillow-block-type, ball or roller bearings in cast-iron housing. Bearings shall be concentric locking type.
  - 1. Ball-Bearing Rating Life: ABMA 9, Ll0 at 200,000 hours.
  - 2. Roller-Bearing Rating Life: ABMA 11, Ll0 at 200,000 hours.
- G. Belt Drives: Factory mounted, with final alignment and belt adjustment made after installation.
  - 1. Service Factor Based on Fan Motor Size: 1.5.
  - 2. Fan Pulleys: Cast iron or cast steel with split, tapered bushing; dynamically balanced at factory.
  - 3. Motor Pulleys: Adjustable pitch for use with motors through 5 hp; fixed pitch for use with larger motors. Select pulley so pitch adjustment is at the middle of adjustment range at fan design conditions.
  - 4. Belts: Oil resistant, nonsparking, and nonstatic; matched sets for multiple belt drives.
  - 5. Belt Guards: Fabricate to comply with OSHA and SMACNA requirements of diamond-mesh wire screen welded to steel angle frame or equivalent, prime coated. Secure to fan or fan supports without short circuiting vibration isolation. Include provisions for adjustment of belt tension, lubrication, and use of tachometer with guard in place.
  - 6. Motor Mount: Adjustable for belt tensioning.

#### H. Accessories:

- 1. Scroll Access Doors: Shaped to conform to scroll, with quick-opening latches and gaskets.
- 2. Cleanout Door: Bolted gasketed door allowing access to fan scroll, of same material as housing.
- 3. Scroll Drain Connection: NPS 1 steel pipe coupling welded to low point of fan scroll.
- 4. Companion Flanges: Rolled flanges for duct connections of same material as housing.
- 5. Inlet Screens: Grid screen of same material as housing.
- 6. Shaft Cooler: Metal disk between bearings and fan wheel, designed to dissipate heat from shaft.

- 7. Spark-Resistant Construction: AMCA 99. Type A for explosion-proof applications; Type B for all other applications where indicated on Schedule.
- 8. Shaft Seals: Airtight seals installed around shaft on drive side of single-width fans.
- 9. Weather Cover: Polyester powder coat-steel sheet with ventilation slots, bolted to housing for all units installed outdoors.
- 10. Coatings: Manufacturer's standard polyester powder coating for general applications. Special corrosive coatings for all fans installed within corrosive environments or exhausting corrosive vapors. These include fume hoods, direct vented process equipment, acid storage rooms and equipment, waste water treatment, chemical water treatment rooms. Coatings shall be suited excellent for type of environment and vapors being exhausted per manufacturer's recommendations.
- I. Motors: Comply with requirements in Division 23 Section "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
  - 1. Enclosure Type: Open-dripproof for general applications.
  - 2. Enclosure Type: Totally enclosed, fan cooled in dust environments.
  - 3. Enclosure Type: Explosion-proof motors for all fans located in or exhausting explosive atmospheres.

## 2.2 <u>BACKWARD-INCLINED CENTRIFUGAL FANS</u>

- A. Basis-of-Design Product: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the product indicated on Drawings or a comparable product by one of the following:
  - 1. Aerovent; a Twin City Fan Company.
  - 2. Howden Fan Co.
  - 3. Loren Cook Company.
  - 4. Greenheck.
- B. Description: Factory-fabricated, -assembled, -tested, and -finished, belt-driven centrifugal fans consisting of housing, wheel, fan shaft, bearings, motor and nonfusible disconnect switch, drive assembly, and support structure.
- C. Housings: Formed panels to make curved-scroll housings with shaped cutoff; with doors or panels to allow access to internal parts and components. Scroll wrapper and side panels shall be minimum 12 gauge.
  - 1. Panel Bracing: Steel angle- or channel-iron member supports for mounting and supporting fan scroll, wheel, motor, and accessories.
  - 2. Horizontally split, bolted-flange housing.
  - 3. Spun inlet cone with flange.

- 4. Outlet flange.
- D. Backward-Inclined Wheels: Single-width-single-inlet and double-width-double-inlet construction with curved inlet flange, backplate, backward-inclined blades welded to flange and backplate; cast-iron or cast-steel hub riveted to backplate and fastened to shaft with set screws.
- E. Shafts: Statically and dynamically balanced and selected for continuous operation at maximum rated fan speed and motor horsepower, with final alignment and belt adjustment made after installation.
  - 1. Turned, ground, and polished hot-rolled steel with keyway. Ship with a protective coating of lubricating oil.
  - 2. Designed to operate at no more than 70 percent of first critical speed at top of fan's speed range.
- F. Grease-Lubricated Shaft Bearings: Regreasable, self-aligning, pillow-block-type, ball or roller bearings in cast-iron housing. Bearings shall be concentric locking type.
  - 1. Ball-Bearing Rating Life: ABMA 9, Ll0 at 200,000 hours.
  - 2. Roller-Bearing Rating Life: ABMA 11, Ll0 at 200,000 hours.
- G. Belt Drives: Factory mounted, with final alignment and belt adjustment made after installation.
  - 1. Service Factor Based on Fan Motor Size: 1.5.
  - 2. Fan Pulleys: Cast iron or cast steel with split, tapered bushing; dynamically balanced at factory.
  - 3. Motor Pulleys: Adjustable pitch for use with motors through 5 hp; fixed pitch for use with larger motors. Select pulley so pitch adjustment is at the middle of adjustment range at fan design conditions.
  - 4. Belts: Oil resistant, nonsparking, and nonstatic; matched sets for multiple belt drives.
  - 5. Belt Guards: Fabricate to comply with OSHA and SMACNA requirements of diamond-mesh wire screen welded to steel angle frame or equivalent, prime coated. Secure to fan or fan supports without short circuiting vibration isolation. Include provisions for adjustment of belt tension, lubrication, and use of tachometer with guard in place.
  - 6. Motor Mount: Adjustable for belt tensioning.

#### H. Accessories:

1. Scroll Access Doors: Shaped to conform to scroll, with quick-opening latches and gaskets.

- 2. Cleanout Door: Bolted gasketed door allowing access to fan scroll, of same material as housing.
- 3. Scroll Drain Connection: NPS 1 steel pipe coupling welded to low point of fan scroll.
- 4. Companion Flanges: Rolled flanges for duct connections of same material as housing.
- 5. Inlet Screens: Grid screen of same material as housing.
- 6. Shaft Cooler: Metal disk between bearings and fan wheel, designed to dissipate heat from shaft.
- 7. Spark-Resistant Construction: AMCA 99. Type A for explosion-proof applications; Type B for all other applications where indicated on Schedule.
- 8. Shaft Seals: Airtight seals installed around shaft on drive side of single-width fans.
- 9. Weather Cover: Polyester powder coated-steel sheet with ventilation slots, bolted to housing for units installed outdoors.
- I. Motors: Comply with requirements in Division 23 Section "Common Motor Requirements for HVAC Equipment."
  - 1. Enclosure Type: Open-drip-proof type for general applications.
  - 2. Enclosure Type: Totally enclosed, fan cooled in dust environments.
  - 3. Enclosure Type: Explosion-proof motors for all fans located in or exhausting explosive atmospheres.

# 2.3 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Sound-Power Level Ratings: Comply with AMCA 301, "Methods for Calculating Fan Sound Ratings from Laboratory Test Data." Factory test fans according to AMCA 300, "Reverberant Room Method for Sound Testing of Fans." Label fans with the AMCA-Certified Ratings Seal.
- B. Fan Performance Ratings: Establish flow rate, pressure, power, air density, speed of rotation, and efficiency by factory tests and ratings according to AMCA 210, "Laboratory Methods of Testing Fans for Rating."

#### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 <u>INSTALLATION</u>

- A. Install centrifugal fans level and plumb.
- B. Support suspended units from structure.
- C. Install units with clearances for service and maintenance.

# 3.2 **CONNECTIONS**

- A. Duct installation and connection requirements are specified in other Division 23 Sections. Drawings indicate general arrangement of systems. Make final duct connections with flexible connectors. Provide and coordinate fan arrangement and connection with duct layout.
- B. Install ducts adjacent to fans to allow service and maintenance.
- C. Ground equipment according to Division 26 Section "Grounding and Bonding for Electrical Systems."
- D. Connect wiring according to Division 26 Section "Low-Voltage Electrical Power Conductors and Cables."

# 3.3 <u>FIELD QUALITY CONTROL</u>

- A. Perform the following field tests and inspections and prepare test reports:
  - 1. Verify that shipping, blocking, and bracing are removed.
  - 2. Verify that unit is secure on mountings and supporting devices and that connections to ducts and electrical components are complete. Verify that proper thermal-overload protection is installed in motors, starters, and disconnect switches.
  - 3. Verify that cleaning and adjusting are complete.
  - 4. Disconnect fan drive from motor, verify proper motor rotation direction, and verify fan wheel free rotation and smooth bearing operation. Reconnect fan drive system, align and adjust belts, and install belt guards.
  - 5. Adjust belt tension.
  - 6. Adjust damper linkages for proper damper operation.
  - 7. Verify lubrication for bearings and other moving parts.
  - 8. Verify that manual and automatic volume control and fire and smoke dampers in connected ductwork systems are in fully open position.
  - 9. Remove and replace malfunctioning units and retest as specified above.
- B. Test and adjust controls and safeties. Replace damaged and malfunctioning controls and equipment.

# 3.4 <u>DEMONSTRATION</u>

A. Engage a factory-authorized service representative to train Owner's maintenance personnel to adjust, operate, and maintain centrifugal fans. Refer to Division 01 for additional requirements.

END OF SECTION 23 34 16

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#### PART 1 - GENERAL

# 1.1 <u>RELATED DOCUMENTS</u>

A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

#### 1.2 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Ceiling- and wall-mounted diffusers, registers, and grilles.

# 1.3 <u>ACTION SUBMITTALS</u>

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated, include the following:
  - 1. Data Sheet: Indicate materials of construction, finish, and mounting details; and performance data including throw and drop, static-pressure drop, and noise ratings.
  - 2. Diffuser, Register, and Grille Schedule: Indicate drawing designation, room location, quantity, model number, size, and accessories furnished.
- B. Samples for Initial Selection: Manufacturer color charts showing full range of colors available for diffusers, registers, and grilles with factory-applied color finishes.

#### 1.4 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Coordination Drawings: Reflected ceiling plans, drawn to scale, on which the following items are shown and coordinated with each other, using input from Installers of the items involved:
  - 1. Ceiling suspension assembly members.
  - 2. Method of attaching hangers to building structure.
  - 3. Size and location of initial access modules for acoustical tile.
  - 4. Ceiling-mounted items including lighting fixtures, diffusers, grilles, speakers, sprinklers, access panels, and special moldings.
  - 5. Duct access panels.
- B. Source quality-control reports.

#### PART 2 - PRODUCTS

# 2.1 <u>MANUFACTURERS</u>

- A. Manufacturers: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide diffusers, registers, and grilles by one of the following:
  - 1. Diffusers, registers, and grilles, except as indicated otherwise:
    - a. Anemostat.
    - b. Krueger.
    - c. Nailor.
    - d. Price Industries.
    - e. Titus.
    - f. Tuttle & Bailey.
  - 2. Laminar Flow Diffusers:
    - a. Precision Air.
    - b. Price Industries.
    - c. Tuttle & Bailey.
    - d. Anemostat.

# 2.2 MANUFACTURED UNITS

A. Diffuser, register, and grille accessories and requirements are scheduled on the drawings.

# 2.3 <u>COLOR AND MATERIAL</u>

A. Color and finish of outlets and inlets shall be as selected by the Architect from the manufacturer's standard finishes, unless otherwise indicated.

#### 2.4 SOURCE QUALITY CONTROL

A. Verification of Performance: Rate diffusers, registers, and grilles according to ASHRAE 70, "Method of Testing for Rating the Performance of Air Outlets and Inlets."

# PART 3 - EXECUTION

## 3.1 <u>APPLICATION</u>

- A. Provide materials listed in Schedules, except where indicated and as follows:
  - 1. Provide units of all aluminum construction in high humidity environments, including but not limited to bathrooms, showers, locker rooms, kitchens, sterilizer rooms, etc.
  - 2. Provide units of stainless steel construction in corrosive environments.

# 3.2 **EXAMINATION**

- A. Examine areas where diffusers, registers, and grilles are to be installed for compliance with requirements for installation tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of equipment.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

#### 3.3 <u>INSTALLATION</u>

- A. Install diffusers, registers, and grilles level and plumb.
- B. Ceiling-Mounted Outlets and Inlets: Drawings indicate general arrangement of ducts, fittings, and accessories. Air outlet and inlet locations have been indicated to achieve design requirements for air volume, noise criteria, airflow pattern, throw, and pressure drop. Make final locations where indicated, as much as practical. For units installed in lay-in ceiling panels, locate units in the center of panel. Where architectural features or other items conflict with installation, notify Architect for a determination of final location. Coordinate with the architectural reflected ceiling plans for exact locations. Provide mounting flanges and frames compatible with the ceiling construction types in all areas.
- C. Install diffusers, registers, and grilles with airtight connections to ducts and to allow service and maintenance of dampers, air extractors, and fire dampers.
- D. Support ceiling-mounted outlets and inlets from ductwork and associated hangers to building structure. Ceiling-mounted outlets and inlets may be supported from the suspended ceiling system only where the ceiling system is seismically rated.
- E. Install diffusers, registers, and grilles without screws or fasteners visible from finished side. Provide mounting clips, frames, brackets, or other materials necessary to firmly mount inlets and outlets in walls or ceilings.

# 3.4 <u>ADJUSTING</u>

A. After installation, adjust diffusers, registers, and grilles to air patterns indicated, or as directed, before starting air balancing.

# 3.5 <u>CLEANING</u>

A. After installation of diffusers, registers, and grilles, inspect exposed finish. Clean exposed surfaces to remove burrs, dirt, and smudges. Replace diffusers, registers, and grilles that have damaged finishes.

**END OF SECTION 23 37 13** 

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